

ΠΑΜΒΟΤΑΝΟΛΟΓΙΑ.
SIVE, Hhh. 260
ENCHIRIDION BOTANICUM.
OR, 24.61
A COMPLETE
HERBALL,

Containing the Summe of Ancient and
Moderne Authors, both *Galenical* and *Chy-
mical*, touching Trees, Shrubs, Plants, Fruits,
Flowers, &c. In an Alphabetical order :
wherein all that are not in the Physick Gar-
den in *Oxford*, are noted with Asterisks.

Shewing their Place, Time, Names,
Kinds, Temperature, Vertues, Use,
Dose, Danger and Antidotes,

Together with

An { Introduction to Herbarisme, &c.
Appendix of Exoticks.
Universal Index of Plants : shewing
what grow wild in *England*.

The *Second Edition*, with many *Additions* men-
tioned at the end of the *Preface*.

By ROBERT LOVELL,

ΦΙΛΟΒΟΤΑΝΟΛΟΓΙΑΤΕΡΕΥΜΕΝΟΣ.

O X F O R D :

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IS AGOG E PHYTOLOGICA.

O R,

An Introduction to

HERBARISME.

Courteous Reader,

AVoiding the Prolixity and tediousness of a Proemial Discourse, (Brevity being here intended) thou mayest first consider the *Quid sit* of *Phytologie*; which is the Art of knowing and finding out the Temperature, Vertues and Use of Plants, as serving to the Curation or Sustainment of the Body; as also of their Danger; and the Remedies thereof.

The parts hereof are *tres*. 1. *Therapeutick* or curatory. 2. *Threptick* or alimentary. In both which, *Vegetables* may be considered according to their *substance* and *consistence*, or else according to their *accidents*.

I. According to their *substance* or *consistence*, they are 1. *Thin* or *Grosse*. 2. *Laxe* or *Constrict*. 3. *Clammy*, or *Brittle*. 4. *Heavy* or *Light*. *Tenuity* of parts is in those things which are *acrious* in *essence* and *substance*; which being *subtile* do easily communicate their *virtue* unto any *liquor*, and are of *easy distribution* in the body, and easily actuated, and not long abiding, and is in *matter* not much compact, and easily divided by natural heat, having little of earth, and that mixed with much *humidity*, or elaborated by fiery heat, as in things very acid sharp, and friable for the most part. *Crassitude* of parts is in those things which are *terrene*: which being more *gross*, do not quickly communicate their *virtues* unto *liquids*, and therefore the *virtues* thereof are exerted in the *stomach*, and seldom or never pass unto the *liver*; and such have much *matter*, as in mixtures very *terrene*, or exquisite mixture of the aqueous humidity and *terrene*, without much prevalency of *heat*, so far the most part are austere,

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austere, acerb, sweet, bitter, salt, and few insipid. *Rarity* is in dry bodies; *hardness* in the dry and terrene. *Clamminess* in moist bodies; *Brittleness* in dry. *Heaviness* in thick bodies; and *Lightness* in the rarified. *Tenuity* looseth and penetrateth; *Crustitude* obstructs: *Sofeness* lenifies and conglutinateth, and *Hardness* resisteth and dryeth, &c.

II. According to their accidents, they may be taken notice of, as *medicamentous* and *alimentary*. I. As *medicamentous*, and so according to their *immediate* and *more remote* accidents. I. According to their *more immediate*, sc. the *qualities*, and may of *finding out thereof*.

I. The *Poiotetologie* or *qualities*, first, second, third, and fourth.

The *first* are 1. *Calidity* or *Heat*, which causeth motion, and disposeth the parts by a right conjunction, and scituation thereof. It heateth, subtilizeth, digesteth, openeth, maturateth, and rarifies, and causeth agility: if *excessive*, it doth accende, inflame, attract and disturbe, as *thapsia*, &c.

2. *Frigidity* or *Coldness*, doth coole, conjoyn, inspissate, and hinder digestion, by the obtusion of calidity, and by shutting the passages hindereth distribution: also if *excessive*, it so fillens, that it expelleth the juice, coagulates and congeales, as *pepperson*, &c.

3. *Humidity* or *Moisture*, is of easie separation, lenifying and lubrifying: if *excessive*, it burdenth the spirits, and loadeth the same: and if *aqueous*, it causeth nauseousness, and suffocates the excitation of heat, causeth flatulencies, oppilations, slowness of action, and debility of motion, and of the parts: otherwise it lenifies, lubrifies, looseth, maketh the blood and spirits more grosse, and obtundeth the acrimony of humors, as *mallores*, &c.

4. *Siccity* or *Dryness*, doth colligate, and bind, and causeth a stronger disposition of the body: if *excessive*, it constringeth the passages, and hindereth the excretion, presseth forth the juice out of the body, and causeth tabefaction: if in the *last degree*, it consumeth moisture, causeth interception, suffocation, and death, as *crosses*, &c.

Here the *Degrees* are *four*. The 1. *Scarce sensibly altereth the body*. The 2. *Manifestly*, yet without trouble or hurt. The 3. *Fiercely*, but without corruption. The 4. *Most violently*, and with great hurt unto the body: in each of which *degrees* there are three *Mansions*, acting *remissly*, *intensely*, or in a *mean*: or in the *beginning*, *middle*, or *end* thereof.

The *Chymists*, instead of these four *qualities* or elements *substante* 1. Their *Sal*, from which is all *sapour* or *taste*, which is as it were the *ashes* of a body; or *Salt* is a dry body, defend-

ing mixt bodies from putrefaction, of excellent faculty to dissolve, coagulate, cleanse, and evacuate; from which ariseth all solidity of body, denominations, tastes, and many other vertues analogous to the earth, as being firm, fixed, and the subject of the generation of all bodies, and is therefore called by *Chymists*, *Sal, sal commune, acerbum & amarum, corpus, materia, paticus, fixum, ave, scus materialis*. 2. *Sulphur*, whence all colour or smell ariseth, and is like the flame; or *Sulphur* is that sweet balsome, oily, and viscid, which preserves the natural heat of the parts; the instrument of all vegetation, accretion, and transmutation, and the original of all smells, both pleasant and unpleasant; therefore its compared to the fire, easily receiving the flames, as all oily and resinous bodies do: also it lenifieth, and conglutinates, or conjoyneth contrary extrems, as *Sal* and *Mercury*, that being fixed, and this volatile. it participating of both extrems: so it tempereth the dryness of *Salt*, and moisture of *Mercury*, as being viscid: the density of *Salt*, and penetration of *Mercury*, by its remiss fluidity, and the bitterness of *Salt*, and acidity of *Mercury*, by its sweetness; therefore its called, *Sal Petre, dulce, anima, forma, agens, inflammabile, natura, iudicium, & spirituale*, by the *Chymists*. 3. *Mercurius*, whence is all colour, and is represented by smoke or fume; or *Mercurie* is that acid liquor, permeable, penetrable, erethicous, and most pure, from which ariseth all nourishment, sense, motion, strength, colour, and retardation of preperant old age; so its compared to the element of Air and Water, to the first as being turned into vapours, by the vicinity of heat, and to this, as being hardly contained by its own term, but easily in an others; or it is that essential body, that, by its areal, most subtile, vivifick, and spirituous substance, is the pabulum of life, and the proximate instrument of the essence, or forme; and is called by *Chymists*, *Sal ammoniacum, acidum, spiritus, idea, informans, ut movens, vaporosum, intelligentia, intellectus, gloriosum*. Also *Mercury* containeth a sulphurous and saline substance: *Sulphur* a salt and mercurial: and *Salt* an oleaginous and material; and the *Pilegne* and *Caput mortuum* are not principles, but their integuments and without all Hippocratick vertue; the first being only moist, the other dry and emplastick. Also if *Mercurial*, acid, and sharp vapours abound, there ariseth the epileptic, apoplexy, palsee, and all kinds of Catarrhs, and defluxions, and epidemick and contagious diseases if venenous. *Sulphur*, if abounding, causeth inflammations and feavers, and the narcotica soporiferous diseases. *Salt* exuperant, causeth crosions, ulcers, heat of urine if dissolved, and tumors if coagulated. Thereto belongs *Tartar*, causing the stone, gout, &c.

The second Qualities are 1. The *Malaſtick* or *mollifying*, to which the *ecpuetick* or *suppurating* hath affinity; for both have an equal and *ſymmetrick* heat, and a correspondent *ſiccity*, yet differing in *mode*. The *suppurating* doth produce heat moſt like unto that of the body, without any *conſumption* or *addition* of humidity. The *emollient* accends heat a little beyond the proportion of nature, and contracteth a little humidity, wherefore that rather operates by *quantity* than by the *quality* of heat, but the *emollient* rather by *quality*. Therefore that which is exactly *ſuppuratory* is *emplaflick*, yet ſometimes *emolliſion* is the conſequent of *humidity*, if joyned with moderate *calidity* or heat, and is uſeful in *ſcirrhus's*, and *tumors*; and though *emolliſion* may be by *humectation* and *evacuation*, yet its properly by *healing*, *loofening* and *callignation*: *Emollients* being moderately dry and hot, 20 or 30 in *ſcirrhus's*, and proportionable in other *tumors*. Hereto belongs the *chalaſtick* or *loofening*; yet this is leſs hot, and more *moſtſening* than the *emollient*, and of a thin ſubſtance.

2. *Sclyeryntick* or *hardening*, which properly is that, which doth *exiccate* without any exceſs of heat or cold; for cold alſo may make *obdurate*, as alſo too much heat, yet after another manner than only by *exiccation*, for though that which is dry is hard, yet all that is hard is not dry. But *Siccity* doth dry and *indurate* two ways; ſc. by *altering* and making more dry the eſſence of the parts, which moſt properly; or by *conſuming* the humors in the pores; yet ſometimes *obduration* may alſo be cauſed by *repletion* or *fullneſs*; and ſome ſay, it is, by cold and *dryneſs*.

3. *Araiotick* and *rareſying*, or *diaphoretick* and *reſolving*, which are moderately hot, with *tenuity* of parts, and very little *reſiccant* or *drying*, for *exceſſive* heat doth not *rareſie* but *burn*, and by *aduſtion* doth *condenſate* and dry. But moderate heat openeth the paſſages, and deeply *penetrates* by the *tenuity* of its ſubſtance, and eaſeth pain; alſo it openeth the pores and *attenuates* the ſubſtance; The proper *Diaphoreticks*, are hot, dry, and of thin parts, *attenuant*, *mollifying*, and *diſcuſſing* wind; and the *Rareſcient* moderately hot, like our own heat, *moſtſening*, and of thin parts.

4. *Pyknotick* or *condenſating*, contrary to the *rareſcient*, *contracting* the pores, and *incrassating* what is *rareſied* and humid, and making it more *ſolid*, which is in thoſe things which *refrigerate* yet are not *terrene*, or *aerious*, but *aqueous*, and are nothing at all, or but little *aſtringent*; for theſe do weakly *contract*, and *bind*, ſc. by reaſon of their *ſoftneſs*.

5. *Anaſtomotick* or *aperient*, opening the mouths of the veſſels, and is in thoſe things that are of groſſe parts, hot, beyond the firſt degree, *ſharp*, and *biting*.

6. *Steg.*

6. *Stegnotick* or *binding*, *contracting*, *occluding*, and *conſtringing*, ſhutting the mouths of the veſſels, and *reſtraining ſenſible excretion*, and is in thoſe things which are *frigid*, of groſſe parts, and without *acrimony*, as many *terrene bodies* are; for thoſe things which ought ſtrongly to *conſtipate* and *bind*, muſt alſo have a more ſtrong and *renitent* faculty; yet ſome binders are hot and dry, and of thick ſubſtance; and others, *glutinous*.

7. *Hellick*, *epiſpaſtick* or *drawing*, attracting the humors from the center, and is in thoſe things which are hot, and of thin parts: for that which is hot attracts, and that more ſtrongly which hath a conjunct *tenuity* of parts; but thoſe moderately attract, which are hot and dry in the ſecond degree, if in the third more *effectually*, & chiefly thoſe that are ſo in the fourth; for the attraction is according to the degree of heat, and is either more natural, or by *putrefaction*. yet ſome things attract *ſpecifically*, and not by a *manifeſt quality*: as things that are *cathartick* or *purging*, and *alexiter*, or *reſiſſing* poiſon.

8. *Apocrouſtick* or *repercutient*, repelling the humors flowing from the center, as in thoſe things which are *frigid* and of groſſe parts. For that which is cold repelleth, and if it hath a *crasſitude* of parts alſo, it is more *violent*, as that which is *acerbe* or *auleſſe*; yet thoſe things alſo repel which are *aſtringent*, eſpecially thoſe which are helped by the *tenuity* of their parts: for the thinneſs of the ſubſtance doth much conduce to *aſtriction*, therefore other things that are *aſtrictive*, by reaſon of the *crasſitude* of their ſubſtance, cannot eaſily penetrate the more *reſiſt* parts, precluding the paſſages. Hereto may the *Deſenſive*, and the *Intercipient* be reduced, being cold, *aſtringent*, and *repuſſive*.

9. *Ryptick*, *abſtergent* or *cleaſing*, removing *glutinous* and *clammy* humors in the *ſuperficies* or adhering to the pores of the ſkin, or *ulcers*: and is in thoſe things which have power to *exiccate* with *tenuity* of ſubſtance, neither is it of any great moment whether they are hot or cold, by reaſon that neither quality hinder action, except *exceſſive*: Yet ſome count them hot, chiefly, and dry, with a certain *thickneſs* of parts to *velicate* the humors.

10. *Eccathartick*, *ecphractick*, and *expurgatorie*, or removing obſtructions, not only opening the pores of the ſkin, but the inferior ductus of the bowels; as in thoſe things that are *nitrus* and *bitter*, although they have ſome ſmall *aſtriction*, and by reaſon of ſubſtance do not differ from thoſe that are *abſterſive*, but in degree: for thoſe things that cleaſe the pores and inward paſſages, have a great *tenuity* of parts, and are moderately hot, as thoſe things which are *nitrus* and *bitter*: but thoſe things which

which being *outwardly* applyed to the skin do cleanse the skin, or ulcers from their excrements, are destitute of the *astriuctive* faculty; but being taken *inwardly*, although having a certain *astriiction*, yet nevertheless they may *purge*, and *cleanse* the greater passages, and withal strengthen the same. Also some things lenifie or purge by *lubrifying*, as fat things; by *washing* and *abstersion*, as whay and beers; by *compression*, as quinces; by *extirpation*, as things hot, sharp, salt, and of thin parts; and others *electively* and properly. And *emeticks* cause vomit by *relaxation* and *stimulation*, the mouth of the stomach being weak; if the lower part, use *dejectories*.

11. *Leptyntick* or *attenuating* and making thin, as in all those things that are expurgatory, *hot* and of *thin parts*: *extenuating* grosse and tough humors; and are for the most part *hot* and *dry* 2d or 3d, as things sharp and arommatical; yet some are *cold*, as limmons, &c. but of *thin parts*. Hereto belong the *Tinctick*, or inciding against viscid humours, which are more strong. And *Dissolvers* of grumous matter, and *coagulated*: As also *extenuants* of fat, *hot* and *dry* 3d, and of *thin parts*: And the *Chatastick* or *laxants*, moderately *hot*, *moist*, and *thin*.

12. *Emplastick*, *viscid*, or *clammy*, contrary to the *absterfive*: For being applyed, it doth *tenaciously* inhere in the pores of the skin, fill and *obstruct* the same, as in those things that are fat, and glutinous; as also *terrene*, wanting *acrimony*, & *asperity* or roughness. Hereto may be referred the *Epicrastick* or *levigating*, helping *asperity*, by being *emplastick* or moderately *moist*. And the *Emplasticks* are *temperate*, without evident heat, cold, or *acrimony*: Some also have a thick *terrene* essence or *consistence*, drying without biting; and others aqueous, or *aereal*, so are *tenacious*.

13. *Emphrastick* or *obstructing*, *pachyntick*, or *thickening*, which are the same: for as those things which are *detergent* and *purging*, do free the pores and passages from obstruction, so these *obstruct* and fill the same, and make the humors of the body tough and thick; and are *cold*, or *temperate*, without any *acrimony*, and of a thick *terrene substance*.

14. *Andres*, *paregorick* or *easing pain*, as in those things which have *thin parts*, and are moderately *hot*, not much exceeding the *temperate*, sc. being *hot* in the first degree and *rareficient*: so *evacuating*, *digesting*, *rarefying*, *extenuating*, *coagulating*, and equalizing whatsoever humor either sharp, tough, or grosse, is inhering in the smaller pores, or *griev'd parts*: and all *vaporous crass*, *grosse* or *cold spirits*, not finding way of *evacuation*; and are *moistening*, aqueous or *aereal*, of *thin substance*, and not *astriquent*.

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15. *Narcotick* or *stupifying* the parts by its coldness, and not properly mitigating the pain, nor taking away the causes of the grief; yet *stupor* is somewhat less than *insensibility*, or the *privation of sense*: the same also is *Hypnotick*, or *sonnifick*, and causeth sleep being taken, sc. its subject, which doth vehemently *refrigerate*, sc. in the 4th degree; so that it doth not only *stupifie* the sense, but being liberally taken, causeth death, as *opium*, and that not only by its *exuperant* quality; but also by a certain propriety of *substance* and its concurring *essence*, its *narcotick* *vehemency* being but little repressed by the mixture of *bet correcters*, though it hath some *bitter parts*.

16. *Amyleck*, *metasyneritick*, or *rubefacient*, causing redness, contrary to the former, causing pain, as in those things which *heat* and *dissolve* unity; of this kind also are *Esfharoticks*, causing *crusts*, which are hotter, *Causick* or *burning*: not only *hot* and *dry* in the fourth degree, but also of a grosse *consistence*, therefore being fixed in any part, they exacerate and torment the same by their *stiffness*: like unto these, are those things that are *Septick* or *corrosive*, which are vehemently *hot* and *dry*, but of *thin parts* and *consistence*; which therefore with a little pain and biting, or else without any fear of pain, *liqueate* the part, and are called also *putr. factives*: Hereto also belong the *Pilothra*, extirpating the hair. And *Tescitons*, very hot, and of *thin parts*.

The third *Qualities* arise from the mixture of the first and second, and are 1. The *Epuetick* or *suppurating*, turning into matter confused *flesh* and humors remaining in *swellings*, as in those things which are moderately *hot*, and next unto *emollients*, yet differing in this, that they have also an *emplastick* faculty, obstructing the pores, increasing the substance of *heat*, and not intending the quality; & are also called *pepticks* or *maturatives*.

2. *Sarcotick* or *generating flesh*, as in those things which produce *flesh* in hollow *ulcers*, and fill the cavities, and are hot in the first degree, a little *deterfive* and that without *biting* and *astriiction*. Also moderately drying, viz. under the second degree. And such as *Impingrate*, or *make fat*, are heating, nourishing, impulsive, attractive, retentive, or *specifick*; as the seed of *Hemp*, *lymel* of the *Indian nut*, and powder of *Sarcocol*.

3. *Colletick* or *conglutinating*, as in those things which dry in the second degree, and are in a meane as to those which generate *flesh*, and *creatrixe*; they are not *absterfive*, but *astriquent*, and prohibit the flux of humors to the lips of wounds, *ulcers*, and *fistules*; they are also called *symplytick*, *traumaticks* and *enama*; and are *temperate*, and of a thick *substance*, stronger or weaker according to the person or part.

4. *Epulotick* or *creatrixe*, as in those things which greatly dry

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dry, and bind without biting, drinking the humidity of the flesh, and contracting the same, and covering with a thin callus like unto the skin; therefore do more dry than *incarnatives* or *glutinatives*, for they bind, contract, constrict, and indurate; and are of thick substance and cold: there is also a sharp and biting *epulotick* that consumes dead flesh called *Cathartick*, and a Third, drying without astringion.

5. *Porotick* or generating callus, by which broken bones are ferruminated and knit, and is neither bone nor flesh but *betwix both*, being a hard, dry, white body: to the generation of which are required a convenient dyet, and medicines applyed which are *emplastick*; and moderately hot, drying, thickning, hardning, and binding.

6. *Diuretick* or provoking urine, as 1. In those things that are moist and liquid, and of a thin consistence, and easie penetration, encreasing the quantity of urine; so operate by accident. 2. In those things which purge and attenuate and open the passages, some of which are cold, and of thin parts; sometimes expelling what sticks in the passages: which operate after a middle way, sometimes by accident, tempering exuperant heat which feiseth on the veins & resolveth the serous humidity, that the humors may be more easily attracted by the reins, and descend by the bladder. 3. In those things which purge the passages, and open the same, extenuate grosse humors and the blood, and separate what is extenuated from the more grosse parts: which the reins then easily attract and send away by the *urinarie* passages: which kinds of *Diureticks* are very hot and dry, to wit in the 3d degree, sharp, and of a very thin substance, coactive and separating.

7. *Lithonriptick* or breaking the stone, dissolving and expelling the gravel, as in those things which are *Diuretick*, hot, dry, and of thin parts; sharp, but more remissely, and somewhat bitter. Also some do it by incision and detersion, without much heat; some by asperity; and others by occult property.

8. *Emmenagogick* or drawing out the termes, as in those things which are hot and of thin parts, that they may concoit and digest crude humors, extenuate and incide the grosse and rough, and remove obstructions by cleansing the passages: such as are all proper *Diureticks*: which also promote the expurgation of the menses; and if they are also stinking or bitter, they are more effectual: stinking things depressing the womb, and the bitter being purging. There are also accidental hystericks; as those which are *Analeptick* or strengthening after extenuation: or which refrigerate and humect the body dried by too much heat: to these also have affinity, those things which expel the *Saundine* and *Dead-birth*; especially those which are more

strong,

strong, sc. hot and of thin parts, stinking and bitter with acrimony, especially if taken in a great quantity, and often. The proper are hot 2° or 3°, and dry 1° or 2°, of meanly grosse substance, and bitter with acrimony: the contrary are the astringents.

9. *Bechick* or helping the cough, as in those things which cause or stop the same: for those things which conduce to the expectoration of grosse humors, do also cause coughing; but on the contrary, those things which incrassate thin humors stop and ease it: but those things are hot and of thin parts, and extenuating which expectorate tough humors; yet there are also others which in some measure purge the breast, not much hot, nor very dry, but a little moistening, or at least lenifying what is exasperated; yet *Diureticks* of the middle kind also are agreeable to the breast and lungs; which if they are cold, they incrassate thin humors and stop coughing, and especially those that are narcotick, or stupefying.

10. *Galactogenetick* or generating milk, as partly in meats, partly in medicines; as for meat, it's such as is *euchymick* and *polytrophick*, or of good juice and of much nourishment, and a little hotter and dryer if the blood be cold and pituitous; but more moist and less hot, if troubled with choller. Medicaments causing milk are of thin parts and hot, and of affinity to those things which properly provoke urine, yet most gentle; but those things which are more strong and provoke the courses, hinder the generation thereof by too much cliquation of the humors. Also things too cold, thickning, digesting, or drying, hinder the same.

11. *Spermatogenetick* or generating sperme, as in those things which are hot and not very dry, but stultent, as also aliment of good juice, and whatsoever increaseth the quantity of blood. Also it's stimulated by things that are sharp, and hindered by things very cold and discutient.

12. *Hydrotick* or provoking sweat, as in things of thin parts and hot; yet some are astringent and cold, working occultly. Also the *Cosmetick*, for the skin, are extenuating, laxative, emollient, cleansing, and discutient; for the teeth, cleansing and binding; for the hair, healing, drying, and binding; for scars, cleansing and discutient. Note, as for the *Pharmick* or stimulatory quality, it is in those things that are acrimonious, causing an irritation of the expulsive faculty; as *Errhines*, that are hot, nitrous, extorsive and sharp; as white pepper and hellebore, ginger, pellitory of Spain, castor, cloves, sneefwort, and euphorbium finely powdered. Also the *Azophlegmatick*, is in things hot, and acrimonious; (yet some things do it occultly) as in mastick, rasons, hyssop, organy, marjoram, pellitory of Spain,

Spain, ginger, white and black pepper, and mustard-seed. The *Scelerobrotick*, is in things bitter and sharp, &c. as wormwood, coralline, &c.

The fourth *Qualities* are such which follow the substance, or property of the essence, and are found out only by experience; and are therefore called *occult*, latent and specific; as in poisons, theriack and alexipharmick remedies, roborating the expulsive faculty, and being contrary, emplastick, astringent, emetic, cathartick, and sudorific, with phlebotomy if need; amulets; and catharticks, things antipathetick and sympathetick, as also appropriate to any part, or adverse unto the same; the greatest sign of which (according to some) is signature.

II. The *Poetichnology* or way of finding out these *Qualities*, as I. the manifest; it is,

I. By reason. 1. By *Osmellogie*, or odour or smell, which is either sweet, familiar unto the spirits of the brain, and a sign of heat, or stinking and offensive cold and moist; the first is in hot bodies, of thin parts, among which there is difference according to the degrees thereof; but those things which are without odour, are of a grosse essence and humid, as those things which are salt and austere; also such things which are of a mordant and bitter smell are hot, but those that smell like vinegar and acerb are cold, for in some things the sense of odours is like that of saps, yet not of so safe conclusion, by reason of the inequality of substance; for most bodies are of an unlike consistence, of each of which parts odour sheweth not the temper, but where there are *tenuous effluvia*'s or vapors, whereof, the sweet strengthen the heart, the rank excite the animal spirits, the stinking help the suffocation of the matrix.

2. By *Chromatologie*, or colour, which is either 1. *Lucid*, exciting the animal spirits, and drawing them outwards, as the white. 2. Or *Tenebrosæ*, calling them inwards, and causing sleep, as the black. 3. *Yellow*, helping the Jaundise. 4. Or *Green*, useful for the Eyes: the white and pale shew moistness or temper and imbecility. The yellow proceedeth from heat. The red and croceous, &c. shew excessive siccity and calidity or heat. The green and porraceous are signs of much moisture. Also to the white may the candid be reduced; to the yellow, the luteous, wax coloured, croceous, golden, honey coloured, citrine, fox-colour, and vitelline; to the Red, the light red, flaming, and sanguine colour; to the Purple, the violet, flesh colour, and bronzous; to the Green, the prassive, herbaceous, enginous, and porraceous; to the Skie colour, the horn white, gray, gristled, black and blue, ash colour, pale and murrey; to the Black, the dark.

3. By *Gustologie*, or taste, or tastes, which (according

to some) are I. More perceptible or manifest. I. The simple, which are 1. hot, first more hot, and so first of more thin parts, as the sharp, secondly of more thick parts, as the bitter, nutrous, and salt. secondly less hot, as the sweet, and is diverse according to the diversity of tenuity and humidity. 2. cold, first of grosse terrene parts. First, more grosse as the acerb. Secondly less grosse, as the austere and astringent. Secondly of subtile aqueous parts and doubtful, as the acid. II. The next, as the rmoous, compounded of the acid and sweet. II. Less perceptible, and almost insipid. 1. Aqueous, first more subtile, as the aquosifid, secondly more grosse. First, glutinous, as the humilient. Secondly, fat, as the oleous. 2. Terreous, 1 succulent, as the adreous. 2. More dry as the ligniterreous.

The vapors or tastes are,

I. *Achre*. 1. Bitter, wormwood like, gaul, sp. salar, or *Alco-tick*, which is contrary to the nature of living Creatures, the taste whereof doth vellicate the tongue. It consisteth of terrene compounded parts, of which some are more subtile; others, more grosse and terrene, exiccated by exuberant heat, or coagulated by cold, as appears in opium and aloes. It is not nutritive, it openeth the mouths of the veins, causeth hemorrhages, and thirst, and makes the blood fluxible: it attenuateth, incideth biteth, exasperates, cleanseth, melteth, attracteth, yet more moderately dryeth and heateth, it consumeth and resisteth putrefaction, drinking up supervacaneous humors, and resisting sweetness: it is hot and dry in the second degree *terranus*.

2. Sharp, aromatic, biting, septic, or arsenical, hot, dry, and burning, pricking the tongue, and biting the mouth, it consisteth of thin, dry, and hot parts, as pepper, onions, &c. If it be not vehement, and hot under the third degree, taken inwardly, it doth penetrate, open, and attenuate thick humors: applied outwardly, it rarifieth the skin, and draweth forth humors: If it be hot above the third degree, it troubleth the head with thin vapors: If it be of a more grosse essence it is caustick and causeth blisters and scabs: and if it be of an adverse substance, it's septic and deadly: also it is of quick operation and strong, it attracteth from remote parts, it separates, corrodes, incideth, heateth burneth and inflameth; it resolves, discusseth, excoerates, exulcerates, and strongly inciteth to expurgation; if of more thin parts, it's diuretical; if of thicker, caustick: it's more in use in dryer bodies, and more amiss where there is an aqueous humidity. It's hot and dry, *ex aqua & terra attenuata*.

3. Acid or common acid. It penetrateth the tongue with its tenuity, yet without any manifest heat. It consisteth of tenuous, cold and dry parts, as vinegar, the juice of limmons, &c. It penetrateth and incideth no less than the sharp vapors, therefore

fore it incideth, attenuates, biteth, detergeth, referates obstructions, repels and dryes; and by reason of its penetrating coldness, it repels all fluxions; and by its siccity stops all eruptions of blood. Also it helps nauseousness, corroderth, and condensates without heat; it exasperates and resists putrefaction. It's of doubtful qualities, fiery and aqueous, hot and cold, and of all contraries. It's cold and dry in the second degree, *ignita cum habitu terreo.*

4. *Nitrous*, which is in a mean between *salt* and *bitter*; yet weaker than *this*, and more intense than the *other*: it's biting and corroding, as nitre. It openeth the belly, and purgeth the reins, *terra spiritibus compulsa.*

5. *Salt* or *serous*. It corroderth the tongue by exiccation, yet heateth not much; it consisteth in a mean matter with heat and dryness, and is generated of that which is *terrene* and dry, attenuate and preassate by heat with an aqueous humidity, so not altogether *terrene*, as salt: therefore it contracteth the pores, incideth, detergeth, digesteth and drinketh up humidity by its dryness, without any manifest sense of heat, and so resists putrefaction. It openeth, biteth, exasperateth, abstergeth, cleanseth, troubleth, provoketh to expulsion, purgeth, subverteth the stomach, causeth thirst, dryeth, deobstrueth, aggregates, condenseth, roborateth, and contracteth. It's hot and dry in the 2d degree, and corrosive.

6. *Sweet, fat, honey like, or saccharine*. It dilateth the tongue, and is pleasant, having no exuperant quality, and being in a mediocrty, as *sugar* and *honey*; therefore it levigates what is exasperated, lenifies, maturates, concocts, is anodyne, and only nourisheth: also it digests, rarifies, distributes, looseth, filleth the liver, stops the spleen, and is hot and moist in the first degree, and of *terraqeous parts*.

7. *Acerb, astringent, pontick, or aluminous*. It contracteth the tongue, and doth unequally exasperate the same by exiccation: it's near to the austere, but more troublesome to the tongue, astringent, cold, and dry. The matter thereof is *terrene* and dry, without any manifest moisture, in which coldness is exactly predominant with siccity, as services: therefore as cold it repelleth fluxions, as *astringent* it stoppeth the force of humors, as *dry* it doth coarctate, condense, and cicatrize wounds, as *terrene* it incrassates humors, and condensates the superficies, it shuts, corrugates, and induraterth, so the austere. It resists poison, and is cold and dry in the second degree.

8. *Austere, styptick, astringent, or vitriolate*. It moderately bindeth the tongue and mouth, coarctates the same with a certain asperity, and doth in some measure refrigerate and dry. It consists in a mean matter, participating of that which is *terrene*

and

nd *watery*, in which frigidity is predominant, as *medlars* and *old peares*, &c. It manifestly refrigerateth, extinguisheth, bindeth and contracteth, moderately stops fluxions, and repelleth. It's *subacerb, less cold and dry, and exasperating, stopping, roborating and indurating, terra spiritibus commota, as vitriol*. The *astringent* is weaker, as *quinces*. Mat. Med. sicc. crass.

II. *Meane*. 1. *Oleous*. It's fat, unctuous and temperate; generated of that which is moist, aerious and moderately hot by relaxation of the watery part, whereby it becomes more aerial, as *pyl*. It's slow and weak in operation, stopping the gusstick or passing organs. It doth humect, lenifie and soften, loosen, obstruct and cause flatulencies and nauseousness, having a certain obscure and remiss sweetness, and mean substance.

2. *Humilent*. The matter thereof is grosse, tough, aqueous in which the earth being well mixed, causeth corpulency, and it's humid little affecting the taste, more grosse and crude than the *sweet*. It's *Emplastick*, stopping the passages, conglutinates what is disjoyned, lenifies what is exasperated, and doth incrassate, as *mucilages*. Mat. Crass. frig. obscure.

3. *Aquinspid*. It's scarce perceived by the tongue, hardly participating of any *terrene siccity*, and consisting in a crude juice; it's rather a privation than a *saper*: it's matter is somewhat grosse, yet not altogether *terrene, dry, or astringent*, but moistened with a certain humidity, which also is not exquisitely mixed by the activity of heat, as *water*. It is *emplastick*, stopping and obstructing, lenifying what is exasperated, and conglutinating that which is disjoyned: and although it hath some affinity to *sweet*, yet it differeth in this, that it consisteth in a matter a little more grosse and crude: it refrigerateth and doth more moisten sc. from the second to the third degree.

III. *Passive*. 1. *Ligniterreous*, which is more grosse, altogether *terrene, and unactive*; yet it hath some heat, spirit and humidity, but exceeding little, as the *caput mortuum*, and dry bodies without juice. Mat. crass. terra absque spiritu depressa prorsus terrea.

2. *Adoreous*, most agreeing to our nature, it receds from fixeness in this, because its matter, being unactive, is hardly perceived, and it is more grosse; yet well tempered to a *terrene* equally mixed siccity, which easily becomes *passive*, and is apt for distribution and solidity, as *bread corn*. Materia aqualis receptibilis.

4. By *Aphology*, or the tactile quality or touch: so crassitude is a sign of the abundance of *terrestrial parts* or humid and congealed: tenuity of the fiery and aerious: density of exiccation or congelation: rarity of dryness: hardness of siccity and earthiness, except caused by the repletion of humors: softness of humidity,

dity, gravity is the companion of density: levity of rarity: clamminess of humidity: aridity or friability of siccity: smoothness of an aereous or aqueous humidity: asperity of siccity.

5. By *Alloisology*, or disposition or mutability: so, that which more soon receiveth heat, is counted hot; and that most cold which is soonest congealed.

6. By *Pepirolology*, or age, so for the most part, those things that are young, are more humid: the old, more dry: also while they are growing and immature, they have an asperity and acerbity: so, cold.

7. By *Phytenteriology*, or the place of growth: so plants growing by lakes, are for the most part of a cold and moist temperature: the marshy, cold and somewhat dry: the fluviatile, cold and very hot: the marine, cold and dry: those of a fat soyl are hot and moist, or temperate therein: those of an hungry ground hot and dry: those of a mean earth, tepid and suitable to mans nature: those of a sandy ground, hot and dry and of thin parts: those of a doubtful growth, are of a mixt temperature: the amphibious, if growing in springy places, cold and dry: if in littoral and marine, hot and dry: the mountain plants, are dry, hot, and of subtle parts: the field, moderately hot and dry: they that grow in hollow places, are cold and moist: the hilly, temperate: those that grow wild, are colder and dryer than the domestick, (if of the same species) the domestick, are milder and more weak.

8. By *Protergastology*, or the operations of the four first Qualities, as above said.

II. By *Experience*, which in certitude exceeds all the rest, and must be made with a simple body, without any external quality, and that in a temperate subject: in all which that must be distinguished which is done *per se*, from that which is *per accidens*.

Thus of the way of finding out the manifest Qualities, &c. of the first: after which the second are known as arising from the first: but especially by *sapour* or *taste*.

II. Now follow *occult Qualities*; and these according to some, as, *Querc. Croll. Noll. Bayt. Port. Coles, Schrod. Chel. Jonst. &c.* are guessed at.

I. By *Phytognomy*, or *Signature*.

I. *Phyoptical* or external, either in form, colour, or property, as representing the parts of man's body, the humors, or diseases: and to the appropriations are as followeth.

For the Head in general. Walnuts, piony, poppy, squills, larch tree its agarick, and turpentine, indian nut, and flowers of the lillie of the valley.

For the Brain. Wood betony, sage, rosemary, lavender, marjerome,

some, primroses, cowslips, bears ears, lilly of the valley, and mistletoe.

For restoring Hair. Quinces, moss, and maiden-hair.

For the Eyes. Fenrel, vervain, roses, celandine, rue, eye-bright, clay and hawkweed, herb paris, grains, and anemomy.

For the Ears. Aslarabacca, ground ivy, ivy, poplar tree, night-shade, sow fennel, and sow thistle.

For the Nose. Wake Robin, flower de luce, horsetaile, sheep-berds purple, willow, bistort, tormentil, cinkefoyl, and sowbread.

For the Mouth in general. Medlar, mulberries, mints, purslain, and golden rod.

For the Scurvy. Scurvy grass, small houseleek, aloes, fumitory, and cresses.

For the Teeth. Pine, pomegranat, mastick, master wort, coral, coral wort, restharrow, henbane and wild tansey.

For the dryness of the Mouth. Flea wort.

For the diseases of the Throat, roughness, quinsy, Kings evil, &c. Throat wort, date tree, winter green, horse tongue, figge wort, archangel, fox glove, orpine, pellitory of the wall, wheat, barley, garlick, liquorice, figge tree, hyssope, ragwort, plantaine, columbines, cudweed, and Jewes ears.

For shortness of breath, coughs, expectorations, hoarseness, &c. Elecampane, almond tree, vines, reeds, Cigars, cane, jujubes, scabious, coleworts, nettles, and turneps.

For contracting Womens Breasts. Ladies mantle, and sanders.

For breeding Milk. Anniseed, nigella, mallows, dill, rampions, periwinkle, and lettuce.

For swollen Breasts. Fennel gyant, gourds, b. fl., beans, lentils, and lillies.

For sore Nipples. Dock cresses.

For the Lungs, stoppings, consumptions thereof, &c. Horehound, lungwort, tobacco, sun dew, hedge mustard, coltsfoot, woodbine, mullein, cowslips of Jerusalem, faniels, polypody, whortleberries, and sweet cicely.

For the Heart, qualms, faintness, &c. Angellica, saffron, borage, violets, strawberries, wood sorrel, bawlm, marigolds, swallow wort, goats rue, vipers grass, pomecitrons, gentian, scordium, burnet, avens, cloves, clove gilliflowers, lignum alces, cinnamon, and vipers bugloss.

For the Livers, and pains in the sides. Carduus benedictus, our ladies thistle, camomile, sweet trefoile, meliote, oats, valerian, stitch wort, flax and linseed.

For purging the Stomack. Worm wood, myrobalanes, ground-sell, radish, black alder, oily nut ben, fene, daffodils, white heliobore, and purging cassia.

For breaking wind. Carrawaies, cummin, camels hay ginger, galanga,

galanga, cardamoms, pepper, nutmeg, coriander, and orange.
For cooling and strengthening the Stomack: Apples, peaches, apricocks, plums, cherries, gooseberries, barberries, currans or ribes.

For the Liver, Rubarb, turmerick, agrimony, liverwort, succory, alecoast, and maudlin, docks, sorrel, beets, smallage, cleavers, and chickweed.

For the Dropsie: Elder, soldanella, bryony, mechoacan and jalop, broom, ash, ague tree or saffras, palma Christi or great spurge, glasswort, spurge lawrel, toad flax, and bastard marjorome or organy.

For the Spleen: Dodder, black hellebore, tamarinds, spleenwort or milkwast, harts tongue, ferne, capers, tamarisk, german, der calamint, poley mountain, and lupines.

For the Reins, Bladder, Stone, and Strangury, &c. Asparagus parslly, marsh mallows, goats thorn, spiknard, sweet smelling flagg, cyperus or English galingale, hops, knotgrasse, parslly pett, saxifrage, dropwort, gromel, onions, winter cherries, dogs grass, butchers broom, chervil, brooklime, hawthorn, limmons, cy, presse tree, kidney wort, kidney beans, oak, bucks horn, plantain, sampire, fraxinella, and alheale.

For the Collick: Bay tree, holly, juniper, olive tree, colloqnintida, and bindweed.

For the Worms: Centory, lovage, tansey, lavender cotton, carrots and parsnips, spignel, bishops weed, English worm seed, leeks, and horse radish.

For Looseness, and the bloody Flux; &c. Sumach, myrtle, cistus, black thorn, bramble, teasel, rice, flixweed, pilewort, and water betony.

For provoking Lust: Artichocks, sea holly, potatoes, skirrets, pease, rocket, mustard, cotten, fistick nut, chesnut, chochalate, satyrions, and dragons.

For abating Lust: Agnus or the chaff tree, hempe, water lily, hemlock, camphire, and tutsan.

For provoking the Terms: Mugwort, penniroyal, southernwood, savory, time, alexander, and anemony.

For stopping the Terms and the Whites: Comfry, mouseear, yarrow, mede sweet, adders tongue, lunaria, trefoile, money wort, darnel, flower gentle, blites, dragon tree, beech tree, and hasel nut tree.

For the Mother: Motherwort, seaverfew, callamint, burdock, butter burre, orach, assa foetida, and cow parsnep.

For expediting Childbirth: Birthwort, mercury, madder, dittany, dittander, pepperwort, holme oak and its chermes.

For expelling the dead child, and after-birth: Ground pine, favin, and birch tree.

For

For Ruptures or Bursness: Rupturewort, thorow wax, Solomons seal, balsome apple, doves foot or cranes bill, and elme.

For the French Pox: Guajacum, china, and sarsaparilla.

For the swelling in the Grom: Starwort, and herb Paris.

For green Wounds, and old Pcers: Saint Johns wort, arsmart, bugle, self heal, Saracens confound, loosestrife, daisy, and speedwell.

For drawing out Splinters: Pimpernel.

For Fellons: Woody nightshade.

For surbated Feet: Ladies bedstraw.

For Excreescencies: Agarick, galls, and other excreescencies of trees.

For the jaundise: Celendine, saffron, end centaury.

For Pimples, Tetters, and Ringworms: The bark of the birch tree, and tree lungwort.

For Spots: Garlick, wake Robin, friars cowle, arsmart, and spotted lungwort.

For the Polypus: The root of the lesser celendine, and of polypodie.

For the Scab: Polypodie, and favin.

For yellow Choller; as Aliment, Saffron, beets, figgs: as Medicin, Aloes, sene, wormwood flowers, spurge, coloquintida, and rubarb, &c.

For praesine Choller: Those things that have a green and herb-like colour: as blitee and orach.

For pale Choller: Bryony having pale flowers.

For Melancholy: Black blite, borrag, buglosse, &c.

For Flegme: Gourds and lettuce.

For mixt Humors: Things of a mixt colour.

II. Astrological or Internal, and so the Appropriations are;

I. To the Planets. 1. To the Sun, which is a benevolent planet, moderately hot and dry, a friend to Jupiter and Venus, and an enemy to the rest, and as it were the heart of the microcosme, and therefore it produceth the vital spirits thereof, by which the whole universe is cherished: and it is the fountain of peculiar influences, by which it particularly helpeth things familiar and hindreth what is contrary to it self. It governeth the heart and arteries, the sight cold and moist, and eyes; the sinews and the brain with the Moon and also with Mercury. Of Sicknesses, swoonings, cramps, the ophthalmie, watering eyes, and the cardiack with Jupiter; pimples, heart burning, tremblings, faintings, tympanies, diseases of the mouth, convulsions, all diseases of the heart, stinking breath, cataris, and putrid feavers: It governs the vital faculty, and the taste which is hot and moist: also the attractive vertue with Mars, it being hot

hot and dry ; and the digestive hot and moist : *Under which are* Angelica, ash tree, bawm, one blade, burnet, butter burr, camemil, celandine, centaury, eyebright, Saint Johns wort, love, marigolds, mistletoe, peony, Saint Peters wort, pimpernel, rose, solis, rosemary, rue, saffron, tormentil, tornsole, vipers bugloss, and walnut tree : as also all Spices ; Sorrel wood sorrel, mallorborage, marjerom, dittany, gentian, ivy, elecampane, lavender, bay tree, olive tree mints, date tree, oranges, pomecitrons, tyme, vine tree, wood of aloes, zedoary, mastic, frankincense, and myrrhe.

2. To the *Moon*, which is a Planet in a mean, between good and bad ; moderately cold and moist, a friend to *Jupiter*, *Saturn*, *Venus* and *Mercury* and an enemy to the other two ; and correspondent to the brain, and therefore sympathetick with the nervous parts and animal spirits : or it is the generatory of humidity, by which the whole universe is moistened ; and the fountain of peculiar influences, by which primarily and peculiarly it doth affect things familiar to it self, and secondarily things agreeing to *Saturn*, *Jupiter*, *Venus* and *Mercury*, as being benevolent unto the same : or [as some] it is as it were the liver of the macrocosme. *Under it are* also the Stomack, bowels and bladder, as some say with *Saturn* : Of *Sicknesses*, the Cholick, phlegmatick imposthumes, all kinds of oppulations, and the epilepsie with *Mars* and *Mercury* ; the palsie with *Saturn* and the menstrual sickness with *Venus* ; also apoplexies, palsies, betty, and diseases of the faculties, bladder, and genitales ; dropping and over-flowing of the terms in Women, dropsies, fluxes, all cold and rheumatick diseases, the gout, sciatica, worms in the belly, hurts in the eyes, surfeits, rotten coughs, convulsions, Kings evil, small pox and measles, crude humors, lethargies, and all phlegmatick diseases : also the expulsive faculty, which is cold and moist. *Under which are*, Adders tongue, cabbages, coleworts, columbines, water cresses, ducks meat, yellow water flagge, flower de luce, fluellin, ivy, lettuce water lillies, loosestrife, with, and without spiked heads, moon wort, mouse ear, orpine, poppies, purslain, privet, rattle grass, white roses, white saxifrage, burnet saxifrage, wall flowers, or winter yellow flowers, and willow tree ; as also chaff-tree, winter cherries, garlic, reeds, brooklime, onions, cammomele, fr-gstoole, hyssop, mastic tree, mandrake, nutmegs, wall nuts, line tree, water plantain, turneps, houghleek, and common leeks.

3. To *Saturn*, which is a malignant Planet, diurnal, masculine, and very cold, a friend to *Mars*, and an enemy to the rest, and answereth to the spleen of the microcosme : yet some ascribe it to the head, as also *Jupiter* and *Mars* : Some say also that *Saturn* ruleth the right ear, also the bones, fundament, and the

retentive faculties, cold and dry in the whole body ; and theadder with the *Moon*. Of *Sicknesses* ; the leprosie, canker, hartan ague, palsie, consumption, black jaundie, illiack passion, dropsie, catarrh, gout in the feet, and scrophula's : as also apoplexies, tooth ach, all melancholick diseases cold and dry, emblings, vain fears, fancies, gout, dog like appetite, hemorroids, broken bones, dislocations, deafnesse, pain in the bones, ptures (if he be in *Leo* or *Scorpio*, or in an evil aspect to *Venus*) the chin cough, pain in the bladder, all long diseases, melancholick madnes, fear or grief : he governs the memory also, which is cold and dry ; and the hearing also. *Under it are*, Barley, red betes, beech tree, bifoyle or tway blade, birds foot, bistort or hawkweed, blue bottles, buckshorn, plantaine, wild champions, flewort, cleavers or goosegrasse, clowns woundwort, comfrey, cudweed or cottenweed, sciatica cresses, crowswort, daniel, dodder, epithymum, elmetree, osmond royal, fleawort, flaxweed, fumitory, stinking gladdon, goutwort, winter green, hawkweed, henlock, hemp, henbane, horseraile, knapweed, knotgrass, medlar tree, mosse, mullein, nightshade, polypody, poplar tree, quince tree, rupture wort, rushes, Solomons seal, Saracens compound, service tree, ceterach or spleenwort, tamarisk, melancholy thistle, black thorn, thorow wax, tuttan or park leaves, and wood : as also aconite, chaff tree, parsley, stinking tree asphodil, starwort, orach, shepherds purse, capers, cummin, cypress, fearn, black hellebor, great dock, mandrake, mulberry tree, opium, herb true love, pine tree, savine, sage, fene and sengreen.

4. To *Jupiter*, which is a benevolent Planet, moderately hot and moist, a friend to all the rest, except *Mars* ; answering to the liver, and cherishing the faculties thereof by its influences. Some affirm also that he rules the lungs, ribs, sides, veins, blood, and digestive faculty ; the natural vertue of man ; as also the quittles and sperme with *Venus*, the arteries and pulse. Of *Sicknesses* ; the peripneumony, apoplexy, pluresie, cramp, the cardiack with the *Sun* ; quinsie, nummesse of the sinews, and stinking of the mouth, all infirmities of the liver and veins, apoplexies about the breast and ribs, all diseases proceeding of putrefaction of blood and wind, feavers and other diseases ; he governeth the blood, hot and moist, so the judgment. *Under which are*, Agrimony, alexander, asparagus, avens, bay tree, white beers, water betony, wood betony, bilberries, borrag, bugloss, chervil, sweet cicely, cirk foile, alecost or costmary, dandelion, docks, bloodwort, dogs or quich grass, endive, harts tongue, hyssop, sengreen or houghleek, liverwort, lungwort, sweet Maudlin, oak tree, red roses, sage, sauce alone, or jack by the hedge, scurvy grass, succory and our ladies thistle : As also almonds, wallnuts, barberries, calamint, cherries, cornel tree, hounds tongue.

tongue, beans, beech tree, strawberries, ash tree, fumitory, quorice, barley, white lilly flax, daniel, mace, apple tree, mulberries, myrobalans, nuts, basil, olive tree, organy, rain pine tree, peach tree, roots of piony, poplar tree, purslain, plantain, selfe heale, pear tree, rubarb, currans, madder, service tree, spike, confound, wheat, violets, vine tree, mastrick, storax, sugar, and all other sweet things.

5. To *Mars*, which is a Planet exceeding hot and dry, a friend to *Venus*, and an enemy to all the rest, cherishing the bladder, gall of the microcosme. Some say he rules the left ear, apprehension, and causeth valour; as also the veins, genitals, testicles, and the reins with *Venus*. Of *Sicknesses*; the Pestilence, hot feavers, yellow jaundice, shingles, carbuncles, fistulae, cholerick fluxes, feavers tertian and quotidian, all wounds, especially in the face; and the epilepsie with the *Moon* and *Mercury*, also Megrims, burning, scalding, ringworms, blisters, phrenetic fury, hare-brains, sudden distempers of heart, the bloody flux, fistulae, diseases in the genitals, stone in the reins and bladder, scars, pockholes, hurts by iron and fire, the calenture, St Anthony's fire, and all diseases of cholera and passion; he governs smelling also, which is hot and dry; so the attractive virtue. To which belong, Asinart, asarabacca, barber's bush, sweet basil, bramble bush, briony, brooklime, butchers broom, broomrape, crowfoot, wake Robin, cranes bill, cotton thistle, road flax, suze bush, garlick, hawthorne, hops, madder, matterwort, mustard, hedge mustard, nettles, onions, pepperwort, dittander, cardus benedictus, radish, horse radish, rubarb, the pontick, bastard rubarb, thistles, Rane thistle, tobacco, woolf thistle, treacle mustard, mithridate, mustard, dyers weed, and wormwood: as also birthwort, chamelion thistle, cornel tree, dane wort, esula, euphorium, spearwort, hellebore, spurge laurel, medlars, monks hood, plantain, leeks, plum tree, oak tree, tormentil, nettle, scammony, and all poysonsome things.

6. To *Venus*, which is a benevolent Planet, nocturnal, feminine, moderately cold, a little more intently moist, a friend to the *Sun*, *Mars*, *Mercury* and the *Moon*, an enemy to *Saturne*, and having an influence upon the genitors, and urinary parts; as also upon the throat, womens breasts, and milk therein; the loins, the liver and sperme with *Jupiter*, and the reins with *Mars*. Of *Sicknesses*; all diseases of the Matrix, gonorrhea, flux of urine, priapism, weakness of the stomach and liver, french pox, flux of the bowels, and the menstrual sickness with the *Moon*; and all diseases of the genitals, reins, and navil, and all diseases by immoderate lust, weakness in the act of generation, all sorts of ruptures, all diseases of the urine, and black passion; and governs the procreative virtue, and the feeling with.

with *Mercury*, which is of all qualities. Under which are, Ale-hoop or ground ivy, black alder tree, apple tree, sinking orach, exchange or dead nettles, beans, ladies bedstraw, birch tree, bishop weed, blites, bugle, burdock, cherry tree, winter cherries, cheekweed, cich peale, clary, cockshead, coltsfoot, cowslips, daisies, devils bitte, elder, dwarf elder, eringo, featherfew, figwort, filipendula, foxgloves, golden rod, gromewel, groundsel, herb Robert, herb true love, kidneywort, ladies mantle, mallows, marsh mallows, mercury, mints, motherwort, mugwort, nep-snep, peach tree, pear tree, penniroyal, periwinkle, plantain, plum tree, primroses, ragwort, rocket, winter rocket, damask roses, wood sage, fennel, self heal, sowewort, sorrel, wood sorrel, sow thistles, spignel, strawberries, garden tansy, wild tansy or silverweed, teasels, vervain, vine tree, violets, wheat, and yarrow; as also asphodil, maiden hair, coriander, sow bread, figs, groundivy, flower de luce, all kinds of lillies, melilot, pomegranats, asphodil, stone parly, sweet pears, roses, sanders, satyrion, wild tyme, tyme, vervain, violet, ladanum, musk, amber, and all kinds of perfumes.

7. To *Mercury*, which is a mutable Planet, good with the good, and bad with the bad; hot with the hot, and cold with the cold; dry with the dry, and moist with the humid; a friend to *Saturne*, *Jupiter*, *Venus* and the *Moon*; and an enemy to *Mars* and the *Sun*, representing the lungs, which it doth sympathetically strengthen by its influences; yet some appropriate it to the middle of the belly; Some say also that he rules the brain; especially the imagination, hot and dry; the tongue, hands, feet, and irrational part; and that alone he maketh apprehensive, devious of knowledge, and very fickle; as also that he governeth the spirits, memory, and brain with the *Sun* and *Moon*. Of *Sicknesses*; Madnesse, losse of the common senses, doting, lispings, and stammering, coughs, hoarsnesse, and the epilepsie with the *Moon* and *Mars*; almost all diseases of the brain, as vertigoes, &c. all diseases of the lungs, as asthma's, pthiticks, &c. all imperfections of the tongue, and memory, gout, stoppings of the head, dumbnesse, epidemical diseases, and hurts of the intellect. Under it are, Calamints or mountain mint, carrots, carrawaies, dill, elecampane, ferne, fennel, hogs fennel, germander, hazel nut tree, horehound, hounds tongue, lavender, liquorice, wall rue, maiden hair, golden maiden hair, sweet marjorome, melilote, money wort, mulberry tree, oates, parsley, cowparsnep, pellitory of the wall, chamepitys or groundpine, rest harrow or cammock, sampire, summer and winter savory, scabious, smallage, southernwood, meadow trefoile, garden valerian and hony-suckles or woodbine; as also marsh mallows, aniseed, columbine, daisie, cammomile, cubebs, beans, fumitory, wall nut tree, juniper.

juniper tree; mercury. navew. cinquefoile. stone parsley. butterbur. burnet. peony. longwort. elder. speedwel wild tyme and coltsfoot.

All which are said to cure diseases by sympathy, so each Planet cures its own: or antipathy, so the contrary. And are under the Planets primarily and directly, or immediately; or secundarily by the respective amity of the rest. Note, That the Solar Planets, have a good shape, yellow flower, good smell and taste, are in open meridional places. The Lunar, are thick leaved, juicy, watery, sweet tasted, soon grown up, in watery places. The Saturnine, ill shaped, of ill smell, binding taste, lean; in filthy woody, solitary dark places. The Jovial, of good taste and smell, red or skie coloured, oily substance, plain leaved, in dry places. The Martial, rough and prickly, reddish, of bitter taste, in dry places. The Venereal, white flowered, of clammy juice, of sweet taste, pleasant smell, smooth leaved, not lacinate. The Mercurial, verticolar, flowered, coddled, arenary.

II. To the Signs, as followeth, amongst which there are four Degrees, after the manner of the four first Qualities; in they are appropriate,

1. To Aries, which is a masculine fiery sign, or hot and dry, sympathetical to the head: Some say its East, masculine, cholerick, governing the face, eyes, and eares, &c. and whatever is above the first vertebra of the neck. Of Sickneses, the apoplexies, mania, spots and wounds in the face, abortifements and other impetuous diseases, ringworms, and morpewes; also, the small pox and measles, polypus, and all diseases in the head. Thus in the first degree, Red mugwort, betony, succor larkspurre, dane wort, mints, peach kernels, butterbur, wild tyme, coltsfoot, and fluellin; and are to be gathered in the end of the dog dayes, after the full of the Moon. In the second degree, Sperage, Saint Johns wort, milfoile, plantain, and peony, and are to be gathered the Sun and Moon being in Cancer. In the third degree, Agarick, garden spurge, mezeron tree, wild gourds, spurge, coltsfoot, gentian, privet, nutmeg, palma Christi, elder, and sarsaparilla; and are to be gathered betwixt Saint James's and Saint Laurence's day. In the fourth degree, Southernwood, calamint, capers, cinnamon, white hellebore, myjerome, hore hound, wild cresses, rosemary, turbithe, and spike, and are to be gathered partly in April, partly in September.

2. To Taurus, which is a terrestrial feminine sign, cold and dry, sympathetical to the neck and throat. It's South feminine and melancholick, governing the voice, seven vertebra's of the neck and chanel bone. Of Sickneses, Quinces, scrophulous catarrhs, and hoarseness; and all diseases incident to the throat. Thus in the first degree, Betony, milkwaft, germander, ground

ivy, the root of white lillies, mints, daffodill, polypody, roses, rosemary, valerian and violets; and mollifie the tumors of the jaws and spleen. In the second degree, Maiden-hair, winter cherries, columbines, ivy, Solomons seal, oak-tree, and mistletoe of the oak; and help wounds. In the third degree, Bugloss, our Ladies thistle, hounds tongue, agrimony, the lesser dock, organy, stone parsley, oak-tree, cinquefoil, fanicle, figwort, tormentil, perwinkle, and silver weed, and are traumatick. In the fourth degree, Mouf-ear, great burdock, wild betony, great celandine, ash tree, mallows, lungwort, scabious, and ground ivy; and have antipathy with the sublunaries which are under Libra and Scorpio, but sympathetick with those that are under Cancer and Sagittarius.

3. To Gemini, which are a masculine sign, airy, but hot and moist, possessing the shoulders: It's West masculine, sanguine governing the arms and hands, with the parts belonging thereunto. Of Sickneses, phlegmons, felons, and others of blood there; and all such diseases as are incident to the hands, arms and shoulders, really or by accident. Thus in the first degree, Amiseed, marsh mallow, bugloss, borrag, fenel, hyssop, stone parsley, self heal, and wall rue. In the second degree, Great burdock, bugloss, fern, white line tree, turnips, &c. In the third degree, Chick weed, wake Robin, mace, and dead nettle. In the fourth degree, Sorrel, germander, cammomil, celandine, mugwort and rubarb; and they have an antipathy with the sublunaries of Capricorn, and sympathy with those of Libra and Aquarius.

4. To Cancer, which is a feminine sign, watery, cold and moist, sympathetical to the breast and lungs, as also to the ribs and spleen, and cureth the diseases thereof: It's North feminine and phlegmatick governing the liver also. Of Sickneses, the alopecia, watery eyes, rheums, scabs, and the leprosie; as also all imperfections of the breast, stomach and liver, and incident thereto. Thus in the first degree, Chickweed, cabbage, thistle, the flowers and fruit of beans, ladies bedstraw, turneps, rampions, sage and figwort. In the second degree, Strawberry tree, cones of the firre tree and pine, comfrey, nightshade, turpentine and mistletoe. In the third, Brooklime, foxgloves, cudweed, rushen, cresses, seed of stone parsley, purslain, willow, Saxifrage and stone crop. In the fourth degree, Water lilly, piony, honsleek and cerial; and are antipathetick to the sublunaries of Sagittarius, and sympathetick to those of Taurus and Libra.

5. To Leo, which is a masculine sign, fiery, or hot and dry, governing the heart and stomach: It's East masculine, cholerick, ruling the back, ribs, and sides of the body, and

the 12 vertebrae of the breast, pericard and appetite. Of *sicknesses*, the cardiack passion, trembling of the heart, and swooning; and all diseases thereof, and back, and all diseases of cholera and adustion. Thus in the *first* degree, Basil, saffron, cypress tree, carnations, hyssop, lavender, water plantain, sundew, sea bindweed, and tyme. In the *second* degree, Wild angelica, tway blade, centory, galingale, gentian, and devils bit. In the *third* degree, sinking May weed, carrot, mints, garden cresses, penny royal, crowfoot, and nettles. In the *fourth* degree, Birch tree, box, broom and bay tree; the first are to be gathered the Sun being in *Pisces*, the Moon in *Cancer*. The *second* sort in the beginning of May before Sun rising, or in the end of August, or the Sun being in *Taurus* and the Moon in *Gemini*. The *third* the Sun being in *Leo*, and the Moon in *Virgo* and the last quadrature; or for refrigeration, the Sun being in *Taurus* and the Moon in *Gemini*. The *fourth* the Sun being in *Pisces* and the Moon in *Aquarius*, or both.

6. To *Virgo*, which is a feminine sign, earthy, cold, dry, and sympathetick to the liver, intestines, and belly. It's *South* feminine, melancholick; governing the midriff with *Leo*, the navel, spleen, omentum, and all that belongeth to them. Of *Sicknesses*, the chollick and iliac passion, oppilations of the spleen, and black jaundise; also all diseases incident to the bowels, meseraick veins, omentum, diaphragm, and spleen. Thus in the *first* degree, Sorrel, wood sorrel, burdock, succory, plantain, pear tree, and wild sage. In the *second* degree, white beetes, medlar, Solomons seal, and briar bush. In the *third*, birthwort, bugle, flea bane, self heal, and oak tree. In the *fourth*, Cardus benedictus, small centory, black alder tree, adders tongue, fleec tree with all its parts, fruit and flowers, tormentil and bistort.

7. To *Libra*, which is a masculine sign, airy, hot and moist, sympathetick to the reins and bladder. It's *West* masculine sanguine; governing the navel and buttock with *Scorpio*. Of *Sicknesses*, all filthy scabs and spors in the face, loss of sight, ear, nose, hemorrhoids, the leprosie, alopecia and collick; all diseases of the reins, wind and blood corrupted. Thus in the *first* degree, All sorts of daisies, bugle, feaverfew, cowslip, goats beard, and water parsnep. In the *second* degree, Marsh mallow, camomile, milderow, marragon, mallow, line tree, vervain, and silver weed. In the *third* degree, Calves snout, mugwort, nut tree, and wall rue. In the *fourth* degree, Chickweed, great celandine, black mints, scabious, figwort, and houseleek.

8. To *Scorpio*, which is a feminine sign, watery, cold, and moist, and sympathetick to the genitals. It's *North* feminine and phlegmatick, governing the fundament and bladder with *Libra*. Of *Sicknesses*, the former and french pox, and all diseases

that infect the privities of both sexes, and bladder. Thus in the *first* degree, Crossle wort, hawthorne, and service tree; as also all simples of the *first* degree of *Cancer* gathered in *October*. In the *second* degree, Ash tree, all sorts of apples, and plum tree. In the *third*, Barberry tree, box, feaverfew, and sopewort; hereto belong all herbs of the *second* degree of *Cancer*. In the *fourth*, Great red beetes, mercury, daffodil and ribes.

9. To *Sagittarius*, which is a masculine sign, hot and dry, sympathetick to the loyns, &c. It's *East* masculine, choleric, governing the thighs and hips: Of *Sicknesses*, hot feavers, blear eyes, and falls, and all diseases of the thighs and hips. Thus in the *first* degree, Comfrey, onion, radish, figwort, flowers of the tree, sesamum and vervain. In the *second* degree, Garlicke, wild angelica, henbane, lovage, and leaves of willow tree. In the *third* degree, Red beet, asarabacca, celandine, saffron, fern, ground ivy, madder, devils bit, and turmerick. In the *fourth* degree, Gum thistle, cresses, and white vine.

10. To *Capricorn*, which is a feminine sign, terrestrial or earthy, cold and dry, sympathetick to the knees and nerves. It's *South* feminine, melancholick, governing the hams, and what belongeth to them: Of *Sicknesses*, aches in the knees, deafness, loss of sight and speech, itch and scabs, and foulness of the skin; all diseases in the knees and hams, and all diseases of melancholly, and scirrhus's. Thus in the *first* degree, Marigold, black cherries, elecampane, mulberry tree, bramble bush, and worts. In the *second* degree, Black berries, mullein, and garden endive. In the *third* degree, Acorus, wake Robbin, shepherds purse, comfrey, gourds, galingale, garden mallow, and all kinds of sowthistles. In the *fourth* degree, Hellebore, henbane, mandrake, monks hood, herb true love, fawn, night shade, and slaves acre.

11. To *Aquarius*, which is a masculine sign, ærious, hot and moist, sympathetick to the legs. It's *West* masculine, sanguine, governing what belongs to the nerves. Of *Sicknesses*, Quartan fevers, the black jaundise, swellings of the legs, and varices, also all diseases incident to the legs and ankles, and all melancholy coagulated in the blood. Thus in the *first* degree, Angelica, wild carrot, fig tree, flowers of the ash tree, ground ivy, willow tree, melilot, fennel, Solomons seal, and perwinckle. In the *second* degree, Larkspur, cummin, dodder of time, cranes bill, clot bur, rose root, wall rue, wilde sage, and white nettle. In the *third* degree, Agrimony, mouse ear, clary, mercury, taxifrage, and lagon. In the *fourth* degree, The leaves of asarabacca, motherwort, hemlock, and medlars.

12. To *Pisces*, which are a feminine sign, aqueous, cold and moist, and sympathetick to the feet. It's North feminine, phlegmatick, governing all that belongs to the feet. Of *sicknesses*, gouts, scabs, the leprosie and pallie; lameness, kibes; diseases incident to the feet; all diseases of salt phlegm, mixt with humors: the small pox, measles, and all cold and moist diseases. Thus in the first degree, Long birth wort, cabbage, gourds, elecampane, myrobalans, navew, water lilly, purslain and turneps. In the second degree, Artichocks, calves snout, b'ew bottle, and golden flower gentle. In the third degree, Nigella, garden and wild poppy, and fowthistle. In the fourth degree, Bleemlock, henbane, monks hood, horned poppy, and white nightshade.

Here note, in all these the *Sympathy* and *Antipathy* of the *Signs* and *Planets*, is to be observed; both *essential* by Hote and Exaltation, Temperature or Quality, or Conditions: or else *Accidental*, by Configurations; of which some are Obnoxious and *Hateful*, as a Quartile and Opposition; as also the conjunction of bad Planets; others are *Healthful*, as a Sextile and Trine, and the conjunction of good Planets.

Next consider, What *Diseases* every Planet causeth distinctly of himself, and what under the Signs of the Zodiack; what *Parts* the Planets generally rule, and what of the Signs they are under, and *Houses* of the *Heavens* in a Cœlestial Scheme; and what part each Planet particularly rules according to his transit through each Sign.

Then may the nature and kinde of the *Disease* be found out by the Figure of the Decumbiture. 1. By the *Houses* of *Heaven*; of which, the sixth, seventh and twelfth signifie *Diseases*. 2. By the nature of the *Signs*; as Fiery, Earthy, Aëry and Watery. 3. By the *Planets*, and their *Aspects*.

The part may be found out by considering the government of the Sign; and *Masculine Planets* signifie the right side, and the *feminine* the left, and afflict where ruling.

As for the length of the *Disease*, it may be found out by the nature of the *Planets*; as followeth: *Saturn* causing long *Sicknesses*: the *Sun* and *Jupiter*, short: *Mars* shorter, but acute: *Venus*, mean: *Mercury*, unconstant, as aspected: The *Moon*, gives such as often return; Whether it shall end by life or death, well or ill, may be conjectured from *Aspects*.

Note also, The *Sun* giveth vital heat to the Creation; the *Moon* giveth Radical moisture; *Saturn* fixeth this and putrifieth this; *Jupiter* turneth it into nourishment; *Mars* calcines it; *Venus* makes it fruitful; and *Mercury* makes it rational.

Also as for *Elements*, The *Fire* preserves the Earth that it be not drowned nor destroyed by a continual Flux of *Water* upon it;

; the *Aire* preserves the fire, that it be not extinguished; the *Water* preserves the earth, that it be not burned; and the *Earth* is the decticon of all: The air and fire, are thin and active; water and earth, thick and passive, with a proportional difference: or as others say, *air* hath motion, thinness, and darkness; *fire* hath the two first, and brightness; *water* hath motion, darkness, and thickness; the *earth* hath the two last, and quietness. Also the *Sun* is chief in chronical diseases; and the *Moon*, in the acute, with the ascendant.

II. The occult Qualities are found out by *Paralogie* or experience, which is most sure and safe.

II. Next follow those thing which are more remote that concern plants and other *medicinals*, as commonly to be compounded therewith.

As 1. The *Topologie*, or place of gathering them; Thus, 1. *Herbs*, are to be gathered in mountains, hills, and plain places; in those that are highest especially, and exposed to the sun, and winds; except some few, as germander and groundpine, which are more odoriferous and frequent in hills; but those that grow only in plain places, are to be gathered in more dry places, and more remote from lakes and rivers, except they delight in more moisture, as water caltrops, water lillies, &c. 2. *Flowers*, are to be gathered in the same places, in which there are the best plants. 3. So *Fruits*. 4. And *Seeds*. 5. So *Roots* also. 6. *Woods* are to be taken from trees where they are well grown. 7. *Barks*, where their plants are best. 8. *Juices*, are to be taken from the best herbs, chiefly the well grown and greater (as being lesse excrementitious) and that before they grow woody or rotten. 9. *Liquors* and *Gums*, &c. are to be taken from mature stalks which are the best in their kind, as the rest.

2. The *Chronologie* or time. Thus, 1. *Herbs*, are to be gathered in the time of their flourishing, and beginning to go to seed, which is for the most part in June and the beginning of July, if they are to be kept, and that at noon, in a clear day, being some considerable time, or certain dayes before, freed from showers and not too dewy, or scorched by too much heat of the *Sun*, which is chiefly in the Spring, or beginning of Summer. But those which grow green all the year in Gardens, may be gathered at any time; and those that have neither stalk, flower nor seed, as maiden hair, spleenwort, &c. are to be gathered in the vigour of the leaves, sc. when they are most green and greatest; yet some (because while they flower or bear seed they are woody and dry) are to be gathered before that time, as succory, beet, &c. 2. *Flowers*, in the vigour of their maturity, when opened [except the rose] at noon in fair weather, after the *Sun* hath taken off the dew, and before they wither or fall off, which

for the most part is in Spring. 3. *Fruits*, when they are ripe and before they wither. 4. *Seeds*, out of fruits thorough ripe, when they begin to be dry, and before they fall off; and out of plants when dry and are no longer green, as in the Summer, *sc.* June & July. 5. The *Juice of Plants*, is to be pressed out whilst they are green and their leaves yet tender, and especially out of the well grown and greater. 6. The *Barks of Fruits*, are to be taken when the fruits are full ripe, and those of roots when the herbs have lost their leaves, but those of trees when they are in their vigour. 7. *Woods*, when the trees are full grown. 8. *Liquors and Gums*, &c. are taken by opening the stalk in the vigour thereof, and *Gums* when congealed, and mature. 9. *Roots*, when the fruit is fallen off, and the leaves also begin [which for the most part is in *Autumne*] and are to be digged up in fair weather; which is necessary alwayes to be observed, as also [according to some] the decreasing of the *Moon*, the day of decreasing, and the morning, that time being balsamical: as also the fortitude of the planet, familiar to the thing to be gathered, and the sign of the zodiack.

3. The *Dropologie* or manner of gathering them, (as some affirm) some plants having diverse faculties, according to the diverse manner of gathering them, as *upwards* or *downwards*; so hellebore, the leaves drawing the humors upwards or downwards accordingly: so the root of elder also, and the buds, which being gathered upwards cause vomiting, and purge downwards: also some observe the site of the regent planets, as whether they are oriental or occidental &c.

4. The *Parascenologie* or manner of preparing them for preservation. Thus, 1. *Flowers*, are kept for the most part separated from the stalks and leaves. 2. *Herbs or leaves*, if they are greater, and having more thick stalks, they are kept apart from them; but if more slender they are kept together, and sometimes with the flowers. 3. *Fruits*, as apples, &c. are to be placed with their stalks downwards, and last longer if laid on a heap of barley. 4. *Roots*, some are kept whole, as those of birth-wort, gentian, hermodactils, satyrion, &c. others are dissected, as those of bryonie, elecampane, flower de luce, &c. also some have the woody matter taken away, as those of fennel, stone-parsley, &c.

As for the *parts of living Creatures*, 1. The *fleshy parts* are first to be washed with wine, or some other convenient decoction, and are then to be dried in an oven, and so kept in leaves convenient, or wrapped up in wormwood to prevent putrefaction; so also the lungs, the trachea or rough artery being first taken away, and thus are prepared the liver, spleen, &c. 2. Things that are *Fat and oylie*, are to be washed often in water, until they be-
come

come pure; after which they are to be melted by a gentle fire, strained, and powred out upon cold water, and are then to be kept in a cold place; thus is hoggs greafe prepared, lard, marrow, &c. and are best kept if a little salted. 3. *Slimy parts*, as the intestines are to be dissected longwaies, and to be washed in wine or some convenient decoction, after which being cut into pieces, they are to be dried in an oven, and kept in leaves as aforesaid. 4. *Bloud*, is to be separated from the serous humours, and to be dried in an oven. 5. *Galls*, are to be separated from the liver, then tied with a thred, after which they are to be hung up in a chimney to dry. 6. *Curds*, are to be dried in the smoke, or sun, and so kept. 7. *Hornes and Bones*, are to be burnt in a crucible till white, stamped, washed in rosewater, levigated, and to be made up in Troches. 8. *Precious stones*, are to be beaten in a steel mortar, levigated on a marble, to an alcohol, with rosewater, and to be made into Balls.

5. The *Phylacologie*, or way and place of keeping them; which in general ought to be pure, convenient, high, dry, open, of a North or South situation, where they may not be burnt by the Sun, or moistened by the walls, &c. more particularly:

1. *Vegetables*, as 1. *Flowers*, are to be dried in the shade, and then they [especially those of good odour] are to be kept in teile caskets. 2. *Herbs*, are to be dried in the shadow, except those that have thicker stalks, and moister leaves, and so subject to putrefaction, which must therefore be dried by the more intense heat of the Sun, or some other way; and when they are well dried, they are to be kept in linnen baggs, or [which is better] in wooden caskets, that they may be defended from dust. 3. *Seeds*, are to be kept in a dry place, and in a wooden or glazed vessels, being wrapped up in papers, that they may last the longer, and without impurity. 4. *Fruits*, in boxes, panniers, or scuttles. 5. *Gums*, and dry *Rosins*, in a dry place and in wooden vessels, but the more liquid in pitchers. 6. *Barks*, in wooden coffers, and a dry place. 7. *Roots*, in a dry air, and the lesser and more thin [whose vertues may be easily dissipated by the heat of fire or the Sun] are to be dried in the shadow and wind, as those of parsley, fennel, &c. but the more grosse by the Sun or wind, as those of Bryony, Gentian, Mandrake, and Rhubarbe.

2. *Minerals*, as 1. *Earths*, in baskets or wooden coffers. 2. *Things Salts*, in wooden or glasse vessels, and a dry place. 3. *Things watery*, in glasse or glazed pots.

3. *Living Creatures*, as 1. *Their drier parts*, in wooden boxes, so bones, &c. 2. *Fats and Marmors*, are to be kept in pots, or ea then glazed vessels, and in a cold and dry place.

Things prepared by art, as 1. *Vinegars and distilled waters* are
b 4

are to be kept in glass Vessels, or stone Bottles, and in a temperate place. 2. *Balsams*, as the sweet, in tin boxes, or (better) in glasses well stopped, but the more liquid and distilled, like distilled Oyls and Spirits. 3. *Cerots*, as emplaisters. 4. *Things condited*, and the like, in earthen Vessels. 5. *Confects* covered with Sugar, in wooden Coffers, and a place moderately hot and dry. 6. *Conserves*, *Lobochs* and *Electuaries*, in glazed earthen Vessels. 7. *Extracts*, in earthen or glass Vessels wide mouthed, that they may be taken out with the Spatula; or if they are more dry, they are kept as Pills. 8. *Flowers* and *Fecula's*, &c. in Glasses. 9. *Morsels*, are kept as Confections. 10. *Oyles*, made by infusion and expression, in Glasses, or glazed Pots; the distilled Oyls in narrow mouthed Glasses. 11. *Pills*, in wooden or tin Boxes, being wrapped in Bladders, or cerate Papers, and in a dry place. 12. *Preparations*, in glasses, and dry places. 13. *Rolls*, as Confections are kept in wooden Boxes, and a dry place. 14. *Salts*, in Glasses and dry places. 15. *Species aromatical*, in leather bags well sewed, or in glass or wooden Vessels. 16. *Spirits*, in narrow mouthed Glasses well stopped, and in a temperate or cold place. 17. *Juyces liquid*, in narrow mouthed Glasses, a little oyl of Almonds or Olives being poured thereupon: the thicker Juyces agree with extracts. 18. *Syrups*, in earthen Vessels, especially those that are acid, and are to be kept chiefly in those that are glazed, that they may not attract any mineral Tincture, as they do in Vessels of metall. 19. *Troches*, in wooden boxes. 20. *Emplaisters & Cerots*, in coffers or dry boxes, being wrapped in a bladder or in a waxed paper. 21. *Unguents and Linements*, in earthen Vessels or tin Boxes.

6. The Monology or duration of them. Where note, the time of keeping them must not exceed that of their duration, which is diverse, according to the greater or lesser solidity of the substance, by which they are more or less subject to dissipation. In particular. 1. *Vegetables*: as 1. *Flowers* may be kept so long as they retain their colour, smell and taste, which for the most part is half a year; therefore they are to be changed every year. Not at all, if they are best when freshest. 2. *Herbs* may be kept longer, yet it's better to change them yearly. 3. *Steds*, by how much they are more hot, sharp, and aromatical, by so much also are they more durable, therefore may be kept two or three years; but those that are lesser and colder must be changed every year, and must be kept carefully, lest they grow mouldy. 4. *Fruits* must be changed every year; but the exotick, that have a harder bark or shell, &c. may be kept two or three years. 5. *Gums and Rosins* are more durable. 6. *Barks* last a year or more. 7. *Roots*, if they are little, slender and thin, they are changed every year; as those of Asarabacca, Sperage, &c. but the

the greater, and having a gross substance, last two or three years; as those of Birth wort, Briony, Gentian, Rubarb and Hellebore. 8. *Minerals*, for the most part (except some that are sulphureous and aqueous) because they are of a more solid and durable nature, they are also of a longer duration. 3. *Living Creatures*, and their parts, may be kept till they are corrupted, which will appear by their rank smell, taste, place, and change of colour, as the rest; but those parts are most durable, which are most dry and solid, and the softer more corruptible, and are therefore to be changed every year.

Things prepared by Art, as 1. *Vinegers* by infusion, are to be changed every year, or to be renewed by the addition of new Vineger, and infusion of new Materials. 2. *Distilled Waters* that are phlegmatick are to be changed, or renewed every year by new plants and distillation; but those that are fuller of Spirit may be kept longer. 3. *Aromatical Balsoms* may last two or three years. 4. *Things condited*, as Fruits, may be kept two years. 5. *Confections* last longer then things without Sugar. 6. *Conserves* abide one year. 7. *Decoctions* last good but few days. 8. *Electuaries* lenitive, one year: the solutive, a year and half; and the more pleasing, the less while. 9. *Elixys*, being full of spirit, if carefully kept, last divers years. 10. *Extracts* that are more hard, are not easily hurt in many years, except by exiccation or dryness. 11. *The Fecula of Vegetables*, may be renewed every year, yet they will last two years or more. 12. *Flowers* vary according to the matter from which they are sublimated. 13. *Juleps* are to be made according to occasion. 14. *Lobochs*, which take in Almonds and cold Seeds, apt to mould, hardly last above one year, but the rest two years. 15. *Margylinas*, made by precipitation out of hard things, last three years or more. 16. *Morsels* last some considerable time; yet they are best fresh. 17. *Oyls by expression* that are temperate, as of Almonds, or Pine apples, &c. especially those that are to be taken inwardly, can hardly be kept a month without moulding: the cold may last a year, the hot three or four; and those that are pressed out of sweet smelling Fruits (as out of Nutmegs, &c.) may last half a year. Those that are distilled last longer: but if made by infusion, they are wont to be changed every year or two. 18. *Pills*, by reason of the Aloes and their hardness, may be kept two or three years, especially those that have Opium as an Ingredient. 19. *Preparations*, being of a hard and less volatile essence, may last two or three years. 20. *Powders* are best fresh. 21. *Robs*, or hard Juyces, are to be changed every year. 22. *Rolls* are made as occasion requireth. 23. *Salts* will last divers years, especially the crystallized. 24. *Species aromatical*, are to be renewed every year, or year and

half. 25. *Spirits*, if well kept that they do not exhale, may last very long. 26. *Juyces liquid*, are to be changed every year; but the more hard and *thick*, may be kept two or three Years more. 27. *Syrups simple*, are to be changed every Year; but the *Compound* [and Aromatical] may last two Years. 28. *Tinctures*, in Powder may last divers Years; but the liquid last according to the diversity of the Menstruums. 29. *Troches*, or *dry Collyries*, may last one Year, except those that contain Opium, or Seeds apt to grow mouldy; for those with Opium may last six or seven Years, and the rest hardly one. 30. *Cornuscant* endure one Year. 31. *Clysters* last not long, and are therefore to be made when useful. 32. *Emplasters* hardly endure a Year and half. 33. *Ointments*, for the most part are kept a Year, or a Year and half.

7. The *Criseology*, or discrimination and distinction thereof thus are to be shunned: 1. *Herbs*, that are greatest, smallest and withered; as also those that are of an evil taste, smell and colour. 2. *Flowers*, that are corrupted, broken, unripe, stale, or of an evil taste, smell or colour. 3. *Fruits*, that are wrinkled, not corpulent, or rotten, of an evil taste and smell. 4. *Seeds*, that are withered, unripe, or not corpulent, rotten, or soaked in water. 5. *Barks*, that are wormeaten, rotten, or soaked in water. 6. *Juices*, that are stale, without good smell, taste or colour. 7. *Liquors and Gums*, that are old, and have lost their virtues. 8. *Woods*, that are rotten, light or corrupted. 9. *Roots*, that are worm eaten or withered. 10. *Part of living Creatures*, that are taken from those that are sick, old or dying by diseases: hence appeareth the choice.

Also 1. *Emollients*, or the softening Remedies, are known by their temperateness in heat and moisture, also by the quality or tactile quality, or touch and taste; being in taste near sweetness, but of a fat and oily substance, so that they are neither sharp, austere, acid, salt, or of any other taste, that may shew either astringency, or vehement heat or cold; neither do they seem rough or glutinous being touched. 2. *Indurants*, or the hardening, are known by sapor or taste, which is such, that neither sheweth heat, nor bitteth or contracteth the tongue; but is rather insipid, cold, so neither salt, sharp, bitter, sweet, acerb, austere or acid. 3. *Tendents and Laxants*, or the stretching and loosening, are known as Emollients; yet Laxants are less hot and dry than Emollients. 4. *Raresfacients and Densants*, or rarifying and thickening, are known as Emollients, *sc.* by sapor, shewing moderate heat; so also Densants being contrary hereunto, and not vehemently cold, therefore (according to *Galen*) those things which vellicate the tongue, by a biting sapor, or astringent, are not to be accounted among Densants.

5. *Aperients*

Aperients, or the opening, are known by their sharpness and biting, pricking and fretting the tongue. 6. *Occludents*, or the closing, are distinguished by their coldness, and astringency without biting; for they coarctate and binde the tongue, but do not vellicate or eat the same. 7. *Attenuants* are sharp, sower and bitter, yet they rather dissolve the tongue than contract it, being of thin parts, and without restriction. 8. *Attrahents*, or the drawing, are known as Attenuants, both having tenuity of parts, and no small heat, so that they differ *secundum magis & minus*; yet tenuity of parts is more proper to Attenuants, and heat to Attrahents, and sheweth the same, not only by the taste, but touch also. 9. *Discutients*, or the dissolving, by taste, but touch also. 10. *Repellents*, or the resisting, by taste, acerb, acerb or austere: for these participating of astringency, do presently contract the tongue by their contact. 11. *Adurents*, or burning, by touching rather than by taste: for such rather corrode the thick skin and humors, and consume the same; but the weaker are sharp, and being tasted do prick the tongue. 12. *Extorgents*, or the cleansing, are not distinguished by any sapor, for they may be either sweet, salt, or bitter; but those that are cold, shew themselves rather by some tactile quality, then by taste, for they are neither said to be acid, austere or acerb, not having astringency, which doth more impact the sordes or excrements. 13. *Emplasticks*, by being without sapor, or having one that sheweth excess neither of heat nor cold: they are therefore either fat, insipid, or sweet in some measure, and tough and viscous being touched.

Furthermore, Medicines of the third qualities. 1. *Suppurants*, or things causing matter, are known by not having any sapor, which may shew excess of heat, and by being without astringency, and not biting or nitrous. 2. *Diureticks*, or provoking Urine by their sharpness, heat and incision: the cold by their nitrous quality, with some small sharpness or bitterness. 3. *Emmenagogicks*, or provoking the courses, by heat, incision and absterision, and biting of the tongue without contraction, being sharp or somewhat bitter. 4. *Galactogeneticks*, or causing Milk, by a sweet taste and temperate; yet some have a little Acrimony. The contrary diminish Milk, as things bitter, acerb, austere, &c. which shew excess either of heat or cold. 5. *Spermatogeneticks*, or causing Sperm by heat and moisture, almost like the former, but that they are more fat and viscous, or rough; and those that stimulate the Sperm are known by their sharpness. 6. *Anodynes*, or easing pain by their temperateness and thinness of essence. 7. *Sarcoticks*, or generating

ting flesh by their exiccation and absterſion or cleaſing of the filth and corrupt matter. 8. *Glutinants*, or cloſing by aſtriſion, and more exiccation then the former. 9. *Epuloticks*, or cicatrizing and healing, as the laſt; yet exceeding in degree. 10. *Alexipharmicks*, or things reſiſting Poyſon by their corroborating, contrary or excluſive faculty.

As for the *Appropriate*, as the *Cephalick*, they are temperate hot or cold, &c. according to the diſtempers. The *Ophthalmick*, not hard, gnawing or tough; the *Stomatick* and *Nasal*, not ungrateful or ſinking; the *Otic*, hot and dry; the *Odonatick*, cleaſing and binding; the *Pectoral*, lenifying, attenuating and thickning, cleaſing and ſoftning; the *Cordial*, cooling, alexipharmick, and ſtrengthening the Spirits; the *Stomachical*, ſlower, ſharpish, heating and binding; the *Hepatic*, ſweet, gently binding, opening, cooling; the *Splenic*, cooling and moiſtening, cutting, opening and emollient; the *Nephritical*, cooling, cutting, and lithontriſtick; the *Hysterical*, ſweet, opening and binding; the *Arthritical*, heating, drying, gently binding, of thin parts, cutting and drawing.

Note, That the virtues of *Simple diſtilled Waters*, *Spirits*, *Tinctures*, *Physical Wines and Vinegars*, *Decoctions*, *Syrups*, *Robs*, *Juices*, *Lohocks*, *Preserves*, *Conſerves*, *Sugars*, *Powders*, *Electuaries*, *Pills*, *Troches*, *Oyles*, *Ointments*, *Circlothes*, *Plaiſters*, *Extracts*, *Salts*, &c. are known by the virtues of their *Simples* (ſee the *Compounds*) but the *Chymical* are ſtronger, and to be given in a ſmaller quantity, with appropriate Remedies, ſc. two or three drops.

8. The *Taxilogie*, or way of placing them in Receipts: ſo

1. *Thoſe which want longer preparation are firſt to be put down*, as 1. *Woods* that are not ſweet, and *Barks*. 2. *Then Herbs*. 3. *Fruits*. 4. *Seeds*. Laſtly *Flowers*, and whatſoever are ſweet or purging &c. 2. *Things that are to be boiled or infuſed, before things that are only to be powdered*. 3. In things that want and are of the ſame preparation, thoſe are to be firſt placed, of which the greateſt quantity is required. 4. In thoſe things of which there is the ſame preparation, and quantity, thoſe are to be firſt placed, which either in *commodity* or *nobility* do exceed. 5. *Thoſe things at laſt to be preſcribed, which have the place of Matter*, as *aloſin pills*, *wax* in unguents, and *honey* in great confections.

9. The *Pharmacology*, or way of making them: which in general is, 1. By *Diſſolution* and *Corruption* of the Remedy, by triture, levigation, ſection, raſure and limature; liquation, diſſolution, deliquium by a moiſt air, aſtion, toſtion, cineſaction, calcination, ſtratiſication, cementation, corroſion, precipitation, fumigation, amalgamation or corroſion by *Quick ſilver*, putrefaction, or fermentation and digeſtion. 2. By *Seperation* and

and *Detraction* of ſomewhat; by eribration, lotion, infuſion, coction or elixation, colation, deſpumation, clarification, filtration, digeſtion, expreſſion; deſtillation by aſcent, per campanam, by inclination or by deſcent, by rectification or diſtillation repeated, cohobation or repeated abſtraction; ſublimation, precipitation, exſiccation, evaporation, exhalation and coagulation. 3. By *Alteration*, *Immutation*, *Perfection*, and *Conſervation*; by digeſtion, circulation or pelicanation, conditure, confection and nutrition: *Alſo* by humectation, tincture or repeated infuſion, frixion, aſſation, extinction, aromatization, coloration, mollition, induration, ſaliture and ſarture, more particularly.

Here, 1. *Vinegars*, are made of wine vinegar, and vegetables, incised or contuſed by infuſion in a warm place, or by diſtillation. 2. *Waters*, are made by diſtillation, infuſion, decoction, or the mixture of herbs, flowers, roots, woods, ſpices, and living Creatures, being firſt contuſed or bruiled. 3. *Balfams*, that are ſweet are made of ſweet oyls incorporated in white wax purified, &c. The diſtilled, are diſtilled ſpirits with a little oyl drawn forth of roſins, gums, ſpices, &c. by the ſpirit of wine. 4. *Boles*, are made by mixture or inſpiſſation, or thickening &c. of electuaries, pulps, conſerves, and powders reduced into a diglutible and leſſe fluid conſiſtence. 5. *Cataplaſms*, are made chiefly of herbs [green or dry] roots, flowers, ſeeds, oyls, fruits, greates, crums of bread &c. reduced with or without fire into the form of a pulſiſe. 6. *Clyſters*, are made of convenient liquors, among which the purging are moſt uſual, which for the moſt part are compounded and made of 4. or 5. parts of ſome emollient decoction, and 1. or 2. of oyl, and ſome purging and ſtimulating electuaries, or ſpecies &c. in a double quantity to what is taken downwards. Note, oyl is to be added when there is need of emolliſion, and not when of purgation or revulſion. Here to belong *Metrenchytes*, made of ſome diſtilled water, decoction, or juyce &c. to which may be added powders, electuaries, oyls &c. as alſo other *Injections* to be uſed with a ſyringe. 7. *Conſitures*, are made of roots, barks, ſtalks, fruits, nuts and flowers, of which the more groſſe are to be molliſied, and diſſected, and then edulcorated or ſweetened with purified and diſſolved ſugar, and ſometimes with clarified honey &c. 8. *Confections with ſugar*, are made by dropping diſſolved ſugar by degrees on the prepared ſeeds, kernels, ſpices, roots, barks, as alſo flowers ſometimes, and tops of plants, and they are *Canded* with more groſſe liquor. 9. *Conſerves*, are made by ſtamping the matter in a ſtone mortar, and mixing the ſugar therewith in a double proportion in things more humid, and treble if more dry, with a little diſtilled water, thus are prepared flowers for the moſt part,

part, seldome herbs, lesse often roots, and fruits almost never and are then to be filtrated. 10. *Decoctions*, are made of Minerals, vegetables, and animals, or living creatures; but *Apozems* chiefly of vegetables, *sc.* roots, barks, herbs, flower berries, fruits, and woods, with spring water, whay, hydromel or wine, from a fourfold proportion of the liquor to twelve water a due preparation, decoction, and clarification with the white of an egge. 11. *Lambatives and Lohochs*, are made of pectorals *sc.* powders, conserves, mucilages, syrups, decoctions, honey pulps &c. mixed to the consistence of honey: Note, the proportion of powder is half an ounce to two of Syrup. 12. *Electuaries*, *sc.* the common or opiats are made of fine powders, with warm clarified honey, being set to ferment in some warm place after the mixture of the dissolved solubles: but *Mixtures* are made of powders, electuaries, conserves, extracts, and dissolved confections, with some convenient liquor, or so much Syrup as may suffice. 13. *Elixys*, are spirituous liquors of excellent faculties, impregnated by infusion, and agree for the most part with liquid tinctures. 14. *Emplaisters and Cerots*, are made of fat things, as oyls, rosins, grease, marrow, wax, and gums, and sometimes powders, to the wax melted are last added; the proportion of oyl, fat or honey is three ounces to one of dry things, of wax one pound, of rosins eight ounces; thus are *Cerots* made, yet softer: Hereto belong *Dropaces*, made of pitch, a little oyl, and other materials, as pepper, pellitory, rosemary, euphorbium, castor, bitumen, brimstone, salts &c. 15. *Emulsions*, are made of the inward parts of fruits, and milky seeds, as almonds, the four greater cold seeds, seeds of purslain, lettuce, pine apple, kernels &c. with spring or distilled water, the decoction of barley, liquorice, raisins or jujubes being pounded, and strained, and then sweetened, avoiding things acid. 16. *Eryhines*, are made of extracts, liniments or powders. 17. *E-pithemes*, are made of distilled waters, juyces, decoctions, emulsions &c. alone or mixed with powders, species, electuaries &c. and some wine vinegar, or spirits for penetration and so applied with a sponge or linnen cloth &c. the proportion is half a pound, of liquors, of powders from one dram to half an ounce, of wine or spirits, one ounce. 18. *Extracts*, are drawn out of minerals, vegetables and animals by preparing them for infusion and then pouring the menstruum thereon to a convenient height (*sc.* the spirit of wine &c.) after which set it in a warm place, and then extract it according to art, by filtration and exhalation. 19. *Fecula's*, are made of roots and sometimes of leaves by pounding them in a mortar, and pouring on water till like a pulpe, which is then to be pressed, and set to settle.

20. *Flotters*,

20. *Flotters*, are made by chymical separation by sublimation; 21. *Gargarisms and Dentisrices*, are made for the most part of Waters, Juyces, or convenient Decoctions; to which may be added of Syrups or Honey two, three or four ounces to one pound of Water, with a little Vineger, &c. 22. *Gellies*, are made of succulent Fruits, of Horns and tender Bones, by decoction and filtration, edulcoration and coagulation; to which also may be added Powders and Extracts, &c. 23. *Infusions*, are made of Minerals and Animals, but chiefly of Vegetables, and such as are purging, with their corrigents; together with some distilled or Spring water, whay, muscadell, mede or wine, &c. to cover the matter 1, 2, or 3 fingers, which after sleeping is to be pressed. 24. *Juleps*, are made of some potent Liquor, as distilled or Spring water corrected by a taste, or some decoction; as of Harts horn, Liquorice or Barley, &c. in which Juices and Spirits may be dissolved; and of Syrups, 1 or 2 ounces may be added to a pint of Liquor. Hereunto belong *Morsets*, made of Spices and other Comfortatives, with Sugar or Syrups. 25. *Stones*, are made by digestion, extraction and coagulation. 26. *Liquors*, are made by Deliquium, &c. 27. *Magisteries*, are made of Animals, Vegetables, and Minerals prepared by solution in some convenient or acid Liquor, precipitation, ablation in common Water, and gentle exiccation. 28. *Masticatories or Apoplegmatisms*, are usually made of Mastic. Raisins. bastard Pellitory. Cubebs. Sage leaves. Agarrick &c. made into powder, balls, or troches with wax, figs, turpentine or honey &c. and so are to be chewed. 29. *Morsets and Rolls*, may be made of all kinds of Remedies: as Powders. Seeds. Conserves. Oyls. Extracts, with Sugar dissolved over the Fire, putting them in by degrees and stirring them; after which it's to be poured forth upon some plain thing and cut into tablets. In those that are purging, Manna may be put instead of Honey; things condited are to be first cut in pieces: distilled Oyls are last to be dropped in, or used outwardly, so Musk and Amber being dissolved in Rose water. *Rolls* also are thus made, but the Powders must be finer and in a less quantity; and if there are acid Juices, they must be made onely by mixture. 30. *Oyls*, as first the *destilled*, are made of Animals, Vegetables and Minerals. 2. Those by *expression*, as Seeds and certain oleous Kernels. 3. By *Decoction*, the Simples being cut and boiled in Oyl mixt with Water, Wine, or some convenient Liquor, until the aqueous humidity be exhaled; or by maceration in Oyl, as that of Olives, or the omphacine if the Simples are more dry. 31. *Pills*, may be made of any dry thing incorporated by some viscid and glutinous Liquor; as Syrups. Mucilages, inspissate and thickned Juices. Extracts &c. or they may

may be made onely of Juices and inspissate extractions. 32. *Potions*, are made of Syrups. Electuaries. Extracts. Manna. Powders &c. with Decoctions. Infusions. and chiefly distilled Water. usually onely by mixture. 33. *Pomanders*, are made of sweet Powders, to which Oyls may be added, which may be incorporated with Wax, Storax, Indian Balsam, the mucilage of tragacanth, with a little Turpentine when need, and a little Rose water, and so made up into small Balls. 34. *Preparations*, are made by powdering the more hard matter, sprinkling thereon some cordial Water. *sc.* Rose water for the most part, and afterwards drying it in the shadow. Those things that are more solid are to be calcined. 35. *Powders and Species*, are made by triture or levigation, and the less if of a volatile Substance, and apart if of a diverse hardness. 36. *Fomentatory little bags*, may be made of any incised or contused Vegetables, sowed up in small bags, and are then to be applyed warm either dry or moist. 37. *Salts*, are made by Incineration. Maceration. Transcolation. and Evaporation or Crystallization. The *Volatile or Essential*, by contusion of the Plant. Decoction. Transcolation. Inspissation and Crystallization: The *Fixed or Elementary*, by Calcination. Solution. Filtration and Coagulation. 38. *Wish-balls* are made of Sope, especially that of Venice, with which sweet things finely powdered are to be mixed with some fragrant water, as of Roses &c. 39. *Spirits*, if more volatile, are made by a more gentle Fire, as by *B.M. vel cinerum*. The more fixed, by a Retort and stronger Fire, and are made of Animals, Minerals and Vegetables; and the more volatile of Leaves. Flowers. Fruits. Seeds and Spices: but the more fixed out of Woods, Barks, &c. The first differ not from distilled Waters, but that they are less phlegmatick, and separated by rectification after contusion and fermentation. 40. *Juices*, are drawn seldom out of Animals, but chiefly out of Vegetables; yet not all, as those that are oleous and more dry: and are made by Contusion. Expression. Clarification. Filtration or Digestion, and the less succulent by Maceration, or Elixation first. 41. *Smapisms*, are made of Mustard seed, Cresses. Nettles. Sowbread Bryony. Squills. Garlick. Euphorbium. Cantharides. &c. with the pulp of Figs. Leaven. Honey. Oxymel Sope. &c. And *Vesicatories*, of Cantharides prepared, *sc.* the heads and wings being cut off, thirty being powdered; and of sharp leaven one ounce, with sharp vinegar if need; as also *Phengmes*, which are weaker, and rubifie the skin. 42. *Suppositories*, are used for divers Indications, but chiefly the de-ectory: of which. 1. The more gentle are made of Lard, an open Fig. Candle Wax, Meat boiled in water, Stalks and Roots; as of Beets. Cabbage, Blites. Mercury &c. 2. The mean with a certain Acrimony, are made

made of honey boyled thick. Sope, and boiled turpentine, to which sometimes is added mousedung, salt or sugar. 3 The more strong and purging, are made of agarick, aloes, hiera picra, hel-lebore, scammony &c. in the powder of which the suppository may be rolled. Here the proportion of honey is one ounce, of powder more gently purging one dram, if more strongly half a scruple, half a dram, or one dram. They are also at last to be annointed with oyl or butter. *Pessaries* and *Nasals* are made in the form of a finger, of hysteric remedies, which are to be put into a long linnen bag, or made up with picked wooll or cotton, or incorporated with honey, laudanum, galbanum, wax, juyces &c. they are in figure like suppositories, but thicker and longer. Roots also may be used in stead thereof, as of madder, cyperus, lillies &c. 43. *Syrups*, are made of some medicamentous liquor, decoction, infusion, juyce, distilled water or vinegar, which being clarified, sugar or honey [for preservation and saviour] are to be added, then boiled and clarified: it's to be inspissated to the consistence of more liquid honey. The proportion of liquor to sugar or honey is almost double or treble. Hereunto belong *Physical homies*, and *syrupized Robs*. 44. *Tinctures*, of which the more liquid are nothing else than extractions, without an abstracted menstruum: the more solid are powders without combustion, remaining out of the liquid tinctures, the menstruum being abstracted, and are made after the manner of extracts. 45. *Trochisks*, are made of all kinds of remedies, which being powdered are made up in some convenient viscous liquor, as in some mucilages with tragacanth, juyces, syrups, &c. Hereunto belong *female candles* made of odoriferous powders, with tragacanth, storax &c. as also *Troches* for the same, not differing in the way of making. 46. *Imunctory Balsams, Liniments and unguents*, hardly differ in their preparation, but *consistence*, which in the first is more liquid, like honey: in the second a little harder, and scarce fluid: the third more hard, and lesse fluid: and are made of oyl, butter, fats, marrow, rofins, mucilages, juyces &c. as also of powders and things that may be melted. To 1. ounce of oyl is used of fat almost 1, or 3 drams in liniments. 1. dram or a half in balsams. 1. dram and a half or half an ounce in ointments, with one dram of powder &c. Also *Balsams* are without wax, *Liniments* have a little or none as 1. dram to 1 ounce of oyl; but *Unguent*s have more, and sometimes gums, and are made by mixture or liquefaction. 47. *Cauteries* are made of the lye of black sope boiled almost into a stone called corrosive. 48. *Essences* are made of the juyce of green herbs, pressed out with the spirit of wine, digested in *B. M.* coloured, separated by inclination, and boyled with a little sugar into the form of a syrupe. 49. *Lixires* are made of

three ounces of water or wine to one ounce and an half of *alster*. 50. *Mulse* is made of one part of honey, and two or three of wine mixed and decoct, water also may be added. 51. *Mucilages* are made of Seeds, as of quinces, mallows, fleawort, flax, and marsh mallows &c. a little stamped, and steeped in a convenient liquor, thickned by gentle heat, and pressed through a linnen cloth; *sc.* to every ounce of liquor one dram of seeds. 52. *Pilothrons* or *depilatories*, are made of lime and a little arsenick; and pepper and flower of salt to rubifie. 53. *Precipitates*, are made by solution in some liquor, and by separation from the same, by subsidence in the form of a powder. 54. *Rosins* are drawn out of gummous bodies, with rosewater &c. 55. *Crocus*, are fine powders, or tinctures, reduced into the form of a powder, of a saffron colour. 56. *Vitruims* are made of the calx of things by fusion with a strong fire and borax, and then pouring it on a table.

10. The *Dosologie*, or Quantities thereof;

1. As *Ingredients*. So 1. the *Doses of Herbs*, as used in baths are proportioned by handfuls; in clysters and decoctions, one or two for one time: so if *dry*, in external and great remedies; but in others, as powders for the head and stomach &c. from one dram to half an ounce, or an ounce. 2. *Flowers*, if dry are measured by weight and measure; if fresh they are proportioned by measure only: the *dry* in antidotes and more noble compositions, from a scruple to two drams; as in cordial, capital and stomachick powders and unguents; but in syrups, apozemes, and other decoctions, from half a pugil to two, three, or more, as also in baths and clysters; not being efficacious therein, unless in a great quantity: when *fresh* they are more effectual to refrigerate, humect, or loosen; and are therefore used only in syrups, and apozemes, and other decoctions of the like nature, and that from half a pugil to more; and are not weighed except for conserves. 3. *Fruits*, if great, whole and *discrete*, are prescribed by number and not weight, except some part thereof only be to be used, and in exact compositions. And in some the diversification is to be made according to the scope and use, as prunes, tamarinds &c. for if used to *refrigerate* or alter choller a little number will suffice, as two or three couple; but ten or twenty if to *purge*: so of figgs &c. in inward remedies; for in baths if to *cleanse* and relaxate they may be put in, in a greater quantity, *sc.* fifty couple; and *loosening, detergent* and *emollient fruits* from ten to twenty. The *refrigerating* and *lenient*, in injections against the inflammation of the intestines to ten couple, as prunes, seabastens and tamarinds: so also the *freeter* fruits in clysters easing pain, lenient, loosening, detergent, and drawing down worms: so also the *astmrgent* in cly-

sters for fluxes, but in a lesse quantity in altering decoctions, lest they should cause obstructions. The *detergent* in loosening remedies from twenty couple to forty, and in the altering to five or six couple; but in pectoral decoctions, or syrups in a mean quantity, or to ten couple, as figgs, jujubes &c. also the *pulpe* thereof is prescribed by measure, as the pulp of raisins to two ounces in solutive electuaries; in Lohochs in a mean, and in hepatick, corroborating or malastick cataplasmes from a quarter of a pound to a pound; so all *astmrgent* fruits: The *lesser* fruits, as currans &c. in a greater or lesser weight, according to the scope, nature, strength and form of the remedies: and the *discrete* fruits are prescribed by weight, not number. 4. *Seeds*, are alwaies proportioned by weight. The *hot* and *pleasant* to one or two drams, as aniseed &c. in peptick powders: the *lesse* acceptable to half or one dram, and the more sharp in a lesser quantity: the temperate from one dram to an ounce in inward remedies; and in baths, fomentations, and clysters, from one ounce to more. The *Diuretick*, according to the scope and acrimony: if to provoke urine, from one dram to three or four, and with purging remedies from a scruple to a dram. And in aperient remedies in a mean quantity. In arteriacks from one scruple to a dram, as also in Bechicks. *Those that expel wind*, in clysters, remedies easing pain and the collick, from two drams to six: in antidotes from one dram to three: the *hottest* seeds, used powdered in inward remedies from one scruple to one dram, and in the external from two drams to an ounce; but in decoctions to be taken inwardly, from one dram to three; and in external remedies, from three scruples to an ounce and half. The *greater cold seeds*, in diureticks from two drams to an ounce. In pectorals from half a dram to three. In loosening remedies from a scruple to a dram. In clysters from half an ounce to an ounce. In baths from two ounces to six: but the *lesser cold seeds* in inward remedies, as powders, from a scruple to two drams. In the outward, from half a dram to half an ounce. *Narcotick* seeds, from half a dram to two or three, as in remedies for the collick; but in the external, from a dram to half an ounce. *Cereals*, that are whole, are to be measured by pugils, or small handfuls; more in baths: in clysters one or two pugils. In the decoctions of syrups, injections and gargarismes from half a pugil to a whole one: but when they are powdered by weight; as in cataplasmes from one pound to two: and to inspissate the juice of herbs, as much as may reduce it into the consistence of honey; as in bechick and arteriack remedies, from 1. dram to 3. *Pulses*, are measured as Cereals, but are weighed when powdered. 5. *Roots*, in Syrups and Apozemes, from one ounce to three, if for more doses; if for one, from three drams to an ounce.

ounce, more or less, according to their nature and strength and the scope: in Baths they are proportioned by pounds or handfals. In Clysters from two ounces to three, and more for Excretions, Irrigations, &c. 6. *Woods*, if sweet, more noble and pretious, from half a dram to a dram, for the most part, in inward or outward Remedies, as Saunders &c. but the more gross and ignoble, of which are made Decoctions, as Guajacum &c. from an ounce to a pound. 7. *Barks*, the more rare and excellent, from a scruple to half an ounce, as Cinamon, &c. The more base, from 1 ounce to more; except ungrateful to the taste, as Guajacum &c. 8. *Juices*, according to the scope and form of Remedies. 9. So *Rosins*, the liquid taken alone, from a scruple to three drams to cleanse the Reins; if to loosen the belly, from two drams to half an ounce; in Plaisters and Unguents, from half an ounce to more, according to the scope; but the more dry, as Pitch &c. in outward Remedies, as Plaisters and Unguents, from half an ounce to an ounce or more. 10. *Living Creatures*, if used whole, are proportioned by number, except small, their parts by number and weight: the more liquid, by weight: so those that are burned or prepared, and that from one dram to three, as rasped Harts horn &c. but those that are more sharp, fetid, or sweet, if used inwardly from two grains to a dram, as Musk, Amber, &c. but more, if used outwardly. The *Intestines* from one dram to two, if taken alone or with Wine; but in Opiats and Powders, for more doses to one or two ounces. The *Lungs* and *Livers* if unpleasant, stinking and dried, from half a scruple to a dram, or two if mixed with sweet things. *Excrements*, if more sharp, from half a dram to two drams, and outwardly from half an ounce to two ounces: and if more gentle, to a pound, as that of the Cow, &c. *Galls*, by weight, more or less, according to their acrimony and consistence: those of four footed Beasts to one dram, of Birds to two, of Fishes to three. *Horns*, being burned or rasped, from one dram to four; but the more precious, as the Unicorns, from six grains to a dram. *Shells*, of Fishes burnt, from one dram to three, and in outward Remedies from half an ounce to two ounces. *Pearls* in Cordials, &c. from one scruple to 2 drams. 11. *Metals*, by weight, according to their strength and acrimony, and the strongest from a dram to an ounce, the weaker in a greater quantity, but those that may be eliquated, and are emplastick, as Litharge &c. from an ounce to a pound, or more, and the sharp, as Verdigrease &c. from half a dram to 2 drams; if washed in a greater quantity: those that have but little Acrimony, as Lead, Tutty &c. and those which dry without biting, from a dram to an ounce. *Minerals*, that are very sharp, as Brimstone, Alome, &c. are to be used onely in strong Remedies.

Stones: the caustick, as Vitriol, &c. from half a scruple to a scruple, used alone, or a dram used with more gentle Remedies. *Pretious Stones*, as the Sapphire &c. from half a scruple to a dram: the stronger and acid, as the *Lapis cyaneus*, according to the scope and manner of preparation, sc. in Cordials, from seven grains to half a scruple, in purging Remedies, from a dram to two drams and a half; and in a greater quantity, if in greater compositions: and those that are burned in a less quantity, then those which are not, or not washed; but those Stones that are without Acrimony, as the *Lapis Judaeus*, &c. from half a dram to 2 drams. So *Earths* also.

More particularly. 1. In *Decoctions*, the proportion is of leaves five handfals; of flowers four pagils; of roots three or five ounces; of seeds four or six drams; of water two or three pints, boiled to one half or a third part, with transcolation; edulcoration, and clarification; to each dose of which, one ounce of Syrup may be added, and sometimes Catharticks with Correctors. So also in *Infusions*. 2. In *Clysters*, in a double proportion to what is taken by the mouth, sc. of simple Purgers, as Coloquintida &c. to two or three drams, of the compounded, as of *hierapicra*, &c. to an ounce or an ounce and half, &c. according to the strength of the Patient and vehemency of the Disease: of Oyls three ounces. of Fats, Honey, and Sugar &c. half an ounce or an ounce, of the yelks of Eggs two or three, of common Salt a dram and half, more or less according to the intended prostration of the expulsive faculty. 3. In *Gargylisms*, a triple weight of Liquor to that of Physical Juices and Syrups, sc. six ounces to two thereof; and of dry Medicines, two or three drams to half a pound of a decoction. 4. In *Erythines*, of the leaves of Cephalick purgers being incised and contused, four handfals to four ounces of white wine, &c. in soft Erythines, to two ounces of the Juice aforesaid an ounce and a half of Wine, and of Honey as much as may serve to make it into the form of an Opiat being boiled, of sharp or purging Powders one scruple; in the solid, to a sufficient quantity of Turpentine and Wax two drams of Powders. 5. In *Ephemes*, to one pound of Liquors a dram and half, or two drams of the species, or one ounce of Wine, and a few grains of Safron, as in cordial Ephemes; but in the hepatick and spleneticke, half an ounce of Vineger to one of the Waters. 6. In *Excretions*, to each one or two handfals of Herbs, one pint of liquor. 7. In *Excretions*, for the most part, one pint of liquor to two handfals of Herbs, which are then to be boiled to a mediety. 8. In *Infusions*, of Herbs, from six handfals to eight or ten; of Roots from two handfals to three, of Seeds from six drams to six ounces; and of Water from one to two.

serve thereunto, which are to be put into a bag and boiled to third part. 9. In *Baths*, of Liquids as much as may rise to the mouth of the Stomack, of Herbs from five handfulls to seven, more or less, according to the nature of the Disease and strength of the Patient; of Flowers from one pugil to twelve; of Roots from three ounces to five pound; of Seeds to a pound; of Pulses from six ounces to two pound; of Minerals from three ounces to three pound, &c. which are to be boiled to a third part. 10. In *Lotions*, of Herbs from 4 handfulls to ten, with a convenient quantity of Liquids. 11. In *Tragedies*, of Sugar one ounce to every dram of Species, especially if bitter and less pleasant. 12. In *Aromatical Elelhuaries*, of Honey or Sugar a threefold or sixfold quantity to that of the Species. 13. In *Cathartick* or *purging Elelhuaries*, of the Species one part to three of Honey or Sugar, being well mixed with their Correctives and the Dirigents. So also in *Opriats*, or narcotick and stupefactive Antidotes, which are to be compounded with great care. 14. In *Conferres*, for the most part, to one part of the Herbs shred, or Flowers, three of powdered Sugar. 15. In *Conditures*, the proportion of Sugar is according to the nature and temper of the matter. 16. In *Lebochs*, the proportion of the recipient matter is fourfold to the ingredient Powders, so that to four ounces thereof, there is one of the Powder usually. 17. In *Liments*, to one ounce of Oyl, 2 drams of Butter, Fats and Creams. 18. In *Tingents*, to one ounce of Oyls one dram of Species, and two of wax. 19. In *Plasters*, to one ounce of dry things three of Oyl, and to three ounces hereof, one pound of Wax, of Rosin eight ounces, that they may be more tenacious. 20. In *Cataplasms*, to each handfull of the leaves or other things, of Oyl or Fats an ounce, or an ounce and half. 21. In *Crotts*, to one ounce of Oyl, 1 dram, or a dram and half of the Species, of hard Wax half an ounce, with a little Rosin. 22. In *Singents*, to two parts of confused Mustard seed, one of Figs: In those that are more weak, the contrary. 23. In *Tablets*, *Troches* and *Moriscs*, 4 ounces of Sugar to two drams of the Species; in Tablets that are purging, to one pound of Sugar eight drams of Species, or twelve thereof. 24. In *Collyries*, a little of the white of an egge, to a convenient quantity of depurate or purified Juice. 25. In *Suppositories*, to one dram of the Species and Salt one ounce of Honey. 26. In *Jellies*, of dulcorants or sweetening things, from an ounce to an ounce and half; of clarified Juice or Liquors, if more or less, as the acid, to half an ounce, or an ounce; of Coctions from one scruple to two, and less, more potent, as Lazer Stone, to four or six grains; of Unicorn horn half a scruple, and of Pearls one scruple for one

dose. 27. In *Physical Wines*, to one pint of Wine cathartick three or four ounces of Sugar, and of Cinamon two drams. 28. In *Emulsions*, of dulcorants and sweetening things for one dose, an ounce, or an ounce and half, of Fruits an ounce and half, or an ounce or two; so of Seeds, and of Rose water, of *Manus Christi* one dram, of Liquors f. q. 29. In *Amygdalates* or *Almond milk*, of blanched Almonds two ounces, of warm water half a pint, of Sugar one ounce or two. 30. In *Prisans*, of cleansed Barley two ounces, of Sugar one or two ounces, of Water f. q. or twenty parts. 31. In *Hydromel* or *Metheglin*, to one part of Honey eight or twelve of Water, of Cinamon two drams or half an ounce, and it's then to be boiled to the consumption of a fourth part. 32. In *Diet drinks*, to a pint and half of Water, one ounce of Ingredients, which are then to be boiled to a third part for sweating, and for ordinary drinking to two ounces of Ingredients twelve pints of Water, of Sugar half a pound, of Cinamon three drams or half an ounce, boiled to the consumption of a 4th part. 33. In *Hydrofaccharates*, of Spring water depurate or purified by boyling, twelve parts to one of white Sugar; and of Cinamon, or sanders in Feavers, from three drams to half an ounce. 34. In *Broths aleptick* or *restorative*, to each pint of white Wine, of cordial Juices or convenient Liquors three ounces, of Sugar two, of Cinamon, and of the Confection of Alkermis one dram; in *restorative Distillations*, to three or four pints of the Liquor, of cordial Waters eight or twelve ounces; of Conferres and Conditures three or six; of the Confection of Alkermis &c. three drams or half an ounce. 35. In *Boles*, of Conferres three drams or half an ounce; of Powders one scruple; of Confections a scruple or half a dram. 36. In *Pandemics*, of Fruits 2 drams; of Seeds an ounce; of Powders three drams; of Sugar f. q. of Conferres three drams or half an ounce. 37. Of the *Basis* for *Pills*, according to the strength thereof, with convenient Symps. 38. In *Diapores*, to an ounce or an ounce and half of Pitch, half an ounce or six drams of Oyl, or so much of hot Towders. 39. In *Fescitones*, to two ounces of old laven, as much of Cantharides, which then are to be kneaded together with *Aquavite* or Vineger. 40. In *Frontals*, to three or four pugils of Flowers half an ounce of Seeds; if in a humid form, half an ounce of Oyls to a sufficient quantity of *Pregant on Populeon*. 41. In *Oxybathes*, to four or six ounces of Oyls, two or three of Vineger, and four of Water, being shaken together. 42. In *Cauterials*, of Roots one ounce; of dry Leaves three handfulls; of Flowers two or three pugils; of Spices 3 drams or half an ounce; of Gums one or two drams; of Musk half a scruple or a scruple. In *Mustier Collyries*, of Herbs appropriated

serve thereunto, which are to be put into a bag and boiled to third part. 9. In *Baths*, of Liquids as much as may rise to the mouth of the Stomack, of Herbs from five handfulls to seven, more or less, according to the nature of the Disease and strength of the Patient; of Flowers from one pugil to twelve; of Roots from three ounces to five pound; of Seeds to a pound; of Pulses from six ounces to two pound; of Minerals from three ounces to three pound, &c. which are to be boiled to a third part. 10. In *Lotions*, of Herbs from 4 handfulls to ten, with a convenient quantity of Liquids. 11. In *Trages*, of Sugar one ounce to every dram of Species, especially if bitter and less pleasant. 12. In *Aromatical Electuaries*, of Honey or Sugar a threefold or sixfold quantity to that of the Species. 13. In *Cathartick* or *purging Electuaries*, of the Species one part to three of Honey or Sugar, being well mixed with their Correctives and the Dirigents. So also in *Opelts*, or narcotick and stupefactive Antidotes, which are to be compounded with great care. 14. In *Conferres*, for the most part, to one part of the Herbs shred, or Flowers, three of powdered Sugar. 15. In *Conditures*, the proportion of Sugar is according to the nature and temper of the matter. 16. In *Lebechs*, the proportion of the recipient matter is fourfold to the ingredient Powders, so that to four ounces thereof, there is one of the Powder usually. 17. In *Liments*, to one ounce of Oyl, 2 drams of Butter, Fats and Creams. 18. In *Tingents*, to one ounce of Oyls one dram of Species, and two of wax. 19. In *Plasters*, to one ounce of dry things three of Oyl, and to three ounces hereof, one pound of Wax, of Rosin eight ounces, that they may be more tenacious. 20. In *Cataplasms*, to each handfull of the leaves or other things, of Oyl or Fats an ounce, or an ounce and half. 21. In *Cats*, to one ounce of Oyl, a dram, or a dram and half of the Species, of hard Wax half an ounce, with a little Rosin. 22. In *Sargens*, to two parts of contraind Mustard seed, one of Figs. In those that are more weak, the contraind. 23. In *Tablets*, *Tablets* and *Margarites*, ounces of Sugar to two drams of the Species; in *Tablets* that are purging, to one pound of Sugar eight drams of Species, or twelve thereof. 24. In *Collyres*, a little of the yolk of an egg, to a convenient quantity of depurate or purified Juice. 25. In *Suppurations*, to one dram of the Species and salt, one ounce of Honey. 26. In *Juices*, of dulcorants or sweetening things, from one ounce and half a scruple to half a pint, or Liquors, of one ounce and half a scruple to half a pint, or an ounce and half a scruple from one scruple to two, and less, more, or less, according to the nature of the matter. 27. In *Unguents*, from half a scruple to one, and of Pearls one scruple for one

dose. 27. In *Physical Wines*, to one pint of Wine cathartick three or four ounces of Sugar, and of Cinamon two drams. 28. In *Emulsions*, of dulcorants and sweetening things for one dose, an ounce, or an ounce and half, of Fruits an ounce and half, or an ounce or two; so of Seeds, and of Rose water, of *Manus Christi* one dram, of Liquors f. q. 29. In *Amygdalites* or *Almond milk*, of blanched Almonds two ounces, of warm water half a pint, of Sugar one ounce or two. 30. In *Prisans*, of cleansed Barley two ounces, of Sugar one or two ounces, of Water f. q. or twenty parts. 31. In *Hydromel* or *Metheglin*, to one part of Honey eight or twelve of Water, of Cinamon two drams or half an ounce, and it's then to be boiled to the consumption of a fourth part. 32. In *Diet drinks*, to a pint and half of Water, one ounce of Ingredients, which are then to be boiled to a third part for sweating, and for ordinary drinking to two ounces of Ingredients twelve pints of Water, of Sugar half a pound, of Cinamon three drams or half an ounce, boiled to the consumption of a 4th part. 33. In *Hydrosaccharates*, of Spring water depurate or purified by boyling, twelve parts to one of white Sugar; and of Cinamon, or sanders in Feavers, from three drams to half an ounce. 34. In *Broths* *aleptick* or *restorative*, to each pint of white Wine, of cordial Juices or convenient Liquors three ounces, of Sugar two, of Cinamon, and of the Confection of Alkermis one dram: in *restorative Distillations*, to three or four pints of the Liquor, of cordial Waters eight or twelve ounces; of Conferres and Conditures three or six; of the Confection of Alkermis &c. three drams or half an ounce. 35. In *Boles*, of Conferres three drams or half an ounce; of Powders one scruple; of Confections a scruple or half a dram. 36. In *Pandulens*, of Fruits 2 drams; of Seeds an ounce; of Powders three drams; of Sugar f. q. of Conferres three drams or half an ounce. 37. Of the *Basis* for *Pills*, according to the strength thereof, with convenient Symps. 38. In *Diapores*, to an ounce or an ounce and half of Pitch, half an ounce or six drams of Oyl, or so much of hot Towders. 39. In *Pesifications*, to two ounces of old leaven, as much of Cantharides, which then are to be kneaded together with *Aquavite* or Vineger. 40. In *Frontals*, to three or four pugils of Flowers half an ounce of Seeds; if in a humid form, half an ounce of Oyls to a sufficient quantity of *Pagant* in *Populeon*. 41. In *Oxyphalens*, to four or six ounces of Oyls, two or three of Vineger, and four of Water, being shaken together. 42. In *Canthars*, of Roots one ounce; of dry Leaves three handfulls; of Flowers two or three pugils; of Spices three drams or half an ounce; of Gums one or two drams; of Musk half a scruple or a scruple. In *Master Collyms*, of Herbs appropriated

propriated to the eyes, six or eight handfals, of seeds an ounce and half or two ounces, of herbs for the head two handfals, of spices half an ounce or six drams, of galls two ounces, of urine half a pint or a quart, of honey half a pound or a pint, of wine two pints. 44. In *Apophlegmatifines*, the same quantity as in gargarifines. 45. In *Suffumigations*, of gums four or five drams, of powders three drams, of amber musk and civet, as every one pleaseth, so in pomanders. 46. In *Stomack blasters*, of mastic two ounces, of powders half an ounce, of sweet gums two drams, of turpentine f. q. 47. In *Pessaries*, of juyce two ounces or three, of honey an ounce and half, of powder half an ounce. 48. In *Injections* for the *Eares*, of powders half a scruple or a scruple, of fats two drams, of honey half an ounce, &c. For the *Bladder*, of syrups one ounce, of fine powders one or two drams.

2. As *Compounds*, &c. and so, 1. *Altering remedies*, if temperate, they are given from two drams to two ounces: if in the first degree, from a scruple to an ounce: if in the second, from half a scruple to half an ounce: if in the third, from five grains to two drams: if in the fourth degree, from two grains and half, to a dram. 2. *Purging remedies*, in the first degree, if in the first mansion, from two ounces to eight, as syrups of roses and violets solutive: in the second from two ounces and an half to five, as the honey of roses and violets solutive: in the third from two ounces to four, as the juyce of roses and violets, and syrupe of peach flowers: in the second degree, if in the first mansion, from half an ounce to two ounces, as tamarinds and cassia in pulps: in the second, from half an ounce to an ounce and half, as the seed of bastard saffron, in infusion: in the third, from three drams to seven; as dodder of tyme: in the third degree, if in the first mansion, from one dram to half an ounce, as mirbalans, or five drams, as polypody: in the second, from two scruples to two drams, as rhubarb, agarick, sene, and bryonie of Mexico and Peru: in the third, from half a scruple to one dram, as aloes, hermodactiles, turbith, hedge hyssope and jallop: in the fourth degree, if in the first mansion, from ten grains to half a dram or two scruples, as mezereon, coccus, Cnidius, asarabacca, and colocintida: in the second, from five grains to fifteen, as elaterium, and the bark of black hellebore: in the third, from three grains to ten, as euphorbium, esula and scammony. Of these some purge, 1. *Cholick*. 1. *More gently*, as cassia, manna, tamarinds, and the juyce of roses, and violets, and peach flowers. 2. *More strongly*, as aloes, rhubarb, and citrine mirbalans, turpentine, and seawort seed. 3. *Violently*, as scammony and asatun. 2. *Melancholy*. 1. *More gently*, as sene, polypody of the oak, dodder of tyme, and indian myrobalans.

2. *More violently*, as black hellebore, lapis armenus washed, and lapis lazuli. 3. *Phlegme*. 1. *Gently*, as bastard saffron, chebul, hellebore, & emblica. 2. *Meanly*, as agarick and scaccol. 3. *Vehemently*, as turbith, hermodactils, mechoacan, jallop, colocintida, opopanax, sagapenum and euphorbium. *Water*. 1. *More gently*, as the seed, juyce and bark of elder and newort. 2. *Violently*, as sea bindweed, the juyce of flower-luce, elaterium, esula pp. mechoacan & jallop, hedge hyssop, mezereum, widow waile, ricinus, and gum gotte. *Note*, also some of these purge other humors secondarily; as 1. *Cholick with Phlegme* is purged by rhubarb, aloes, cassia, agarick and scammony. 2. *Phlegme and black Cholick*, by myrobalans, chebuls, lapis armenus, and lazuli. 3. *Cholick, Phlegme, and Melancholy*, by sene, dodder of tyme, polypody, and black hellebore. Also some of them leave a *binding quality* behind them, as Aloes, wormwood, damask roses, rhubarb, apontick, all sorts of myrobalans, prunes, tamarinds, &c. of which the infusion and decoction is best, if no such need. *Note* also, that the *choyce* of the purger must be according to the exccent humor, and gentle for the delicate, with attenuants and cutters in Phlegme and melancholy; the time after preparation with hot cutting syrups, in the morning, not eating till four or five hours after, and the lenitives at night, avoiding sweet things after them: the *correction* with cordiacals, stomachicals, carminatives, lubrificers, lenifiers, and thickeners, if need, as mucilages of quince and seawort seeds and tragacanth, if violent; cooling hot broths and clysters, if not working at all; and cardiacals, barley water, decoctions of mallows, mucilages, new milk, and diacydoniats, rose cakes applied, laudanum, anodyne clysters, and emeticks if need, and working violently (yet emeticks are violent and hurt women more than men) the way and manner of purging is by a hard form, if from remote parts; by infusion, it leaving a binding quality, and gently and often; if the matter be tough and of long continuance; drinking broth, or a draught of warm posset drink two hours after taken, walking often; and not sleeping, or going out till it hath done working, or till the next day, if having diagridium or colocintida in them, or working violently. 3. *Apoxems and distilled waters*, from two ounces and an half to five. 4. *Biles*, to one ounce. 5. *Clysters*, to those that are middle aged, about a pint; to children, two or three ounces or more &c. 6. *Conferes*, in the quantity of a walnut; so *Conserves*. 7. *Elixirs*, that are alterative and strengthening, from one scruple to dram and half; the lenient from one dram to four; the purging to an ounce or thereabouts. 8. *Elixys*, from half a scruple to a scruple and half. 9. *Emulsions*, are to be taken often, as need

need requireth. 10. *Extracts*, if harder and alterative, from one scruple to a dram and half; if cathartick or purging, from one scruple to a dram. 11. *Liquors*, as of salts and the like, being dissolved, from five drops to a scruple. 12. *Magisteries*, if corroborating and strengthening, from half a dram to a dram; the purging according to their efficacy. 13. *Morsells*, from one ounce to two, or more. 14. *Oyls distilled*, from two grains to fifteen. 15. *Pills*, if laxative, from half a dram to two drams; if purging, from two scruples to four. 16. *Preparations*, from a scruple to a dram. 17. *Powders* and *species aromatical* or *purging*, from a scruple and half to four scruples. 18. *Salts of vegetables*, from a scruple to a dram. 19. *Sapes* and *Syrups*, from one ounce to three. 20. *Spirits*, if mineral, from three grains to half a scruple, or to two and more if weaker; if of *vegetables*, to a spoonful, when needful. 21. *Troches*, to four scruples. Here note, that these quantities are proportioned for such as are strong and middle aged, and for others they are to be moderated according to the ingredients, and constitution of the patient: as also that the more pleasant may be taken in a greater quantity, and ofner: but the unpleasant, in a lesser, and at once.

11. The *Chyresologie* or use of them. Thus *Temperate remedies*, are used where there is no manifest distemper of the first qualities, as *heat* and *cold* &c. as also in feavers of flegme, and to preserve the body in good temper, strength and vigour, and is to be done by such things that are appropriate thereunto. The *Rest*, as 1. The *Hot*, if so in the *first degree*, are used, to reduce the body to natural heat, ease pains, take away weariness, and to help feavers, as also to cause good digestion, and breed good blood: if in the *second*, to help moist stomachs, remove obstructions, and open the pores: if in the *third*, to cut tough humors, provoke sweatings, and to resist poyson: if in the *fourth*, to cause inflammations, and raise blisters. 2. The *Cold*, if cold in the *first degree*, they are used to qualifie the heat of food, and assuage that of the intestines and bowels: if in the *second* and *third*, to assuage the heat of choller, help the inflammations of hot swellings, and to cause sleep: if in the *fourth*, to mitigate pain, by stupefying and dulling the senses. 3. The *Moist*, if so in the *first degree*, to lenitie and lubricate, to help the cough, and roughness of the throat: if in the *second*, to mitigate the sharpness of humors, and loosen the belly, and other parts. 4. The *Dry*, if so in the *first degree*, to drink up moisture, and stop fluxes; and help the slipperiness of the parts: if in the *second*, to strengthen the parts made feeble by too much moisture, and dispose them to action.

Remedies

Remedies endued with the second qualities: As 1. The *Mollifying*, are used in scirrhus's and hard tumors, and swellings, and mollient Clysters. 2. The *Hardenng*, are used to repress the heat of the humors in swellings, and to hinder the flux of the thinner blood, and defluxions thereof. 3. The *Loosening*, are used in Convulsions, caused by cold and siccidity. 4. The *Rarefying*, to open and dilate the pores, that the vapors of the blood may be expelled, to assuage swellings and to mitigate pain. 5. The *Densant*, to strengthen the skin, to resist external injuries, as also to prohibit too much sweat, or the dissolution of the Spirits. 6. The *Opening*, to help the quantity and gravity of the blood, and open the hemorrhoids. 7. The *Attenuating*, to open obstructions, purge the breast of flegm, move the courses, and cleanse the passages of the bowels, to expel the Stone in white wine, melt impacted humors by heat, and by dryness and thinness, to break and extenuate them, that they may be dissipated after by discutients and attrahents: so the *Inceding*, 8. The *Drawing*, to unload the bowels of vitious humors, help the critical evacuation in abscesses, draw out poyson, and help chilled parts, to draw thorns and humors out of the flesh, and the offending humors to the outward parts of the Body. 9. The *Discutient*, in diseases of repletion, to dispel the serous humidity, and evil vapors by sweat, or insensible transpiration, to draw out hydropick water, help the gout and sciatica, and to assuage phlegmons and other tumors. 10. The *Repelling*, in hot humors, pains of the head, &c. for hereby in fevers are the pains diverted from the head; they also hinder the increasing of phlegmons. 11. The *Burning*, to help dried, tabid parts and almost extinct, by causing attraction of aliment; they also serve to extirpate hair, hard tumors, warts, and to help hard and callous swellings, and the polypus, &c. they also help cold griefs, gout, lethargies, old pains of the head, and other cold and moist affections of the head; as also fistula's and malignant ulcers, together with dangerous fluxes of humors to the superficies, and draw out the same. 12. The *Cleansing*, to take away the filthy matter, and excrements of ulcers. 13. The *Gleazing*, or *Emplastick*, to help the rage of the blood, suppurate, and to stop fluxions.

Remedies endued with the third qualities: as first, Those *causing Matter*, are used to ripen phlegmons. 2. Those *provoking Urine*, to help dropsies, &c. 3. Those *moving the Crises*, to help diseases caused by the retention of the crasis: to ease the body, dropsie and epilepsie, &c. 4. Those *causing Menses*, to prevent diseases by retention thereof, &c. 5. Those *generating Semen*, for the preservation of the species, rather than volatilitie. 6. Those *causing Pain*, to prevent the dangerousness of symptoms. 7. Those

7. Those causing *Flesh*, to fit hollow ulcers, for glutinating and cicatrizing remedies. 8. Those *glewing Wounds*, to help disjoyned continuity. 9. Those *cicatrizing Pliers*, to perfect the cure of wounds. 10. Those *resisting Poyson*, to preserve the vital faculty. 11. The *Beautifying*, for known purposes. 12. The *Occult*, in occult diseases.

The *Appropriate*, as the cephalick, or those respecting the head and parts thereof, the pectoral, cordial, stomachick, splenetick, nephritick, cystick, hysterick, arthritick, and cathartick or purging are various, according to the intention or scope, and variety of the grief and part.

The *compounded Remedies*, as first *Syrups* and *Juleps*, are used to prepare the humors of the body for purgation, open the passages remove obstructions, cut tough humors, deterge or cleanse, digest and dissipate matter contained in the habit of the body, oppugn distempers by their qualities, and gently to purge. 2. So *Decoctions*, or *Apoxims* and *Infusions*. 3. *Clysters*, are used to purge, temper humors, ease pain, heal ulcers, and cause sleep, &c. 4. *Gargarisms*, in diseases of the head, mouth and Jaws, sc. to draw slegm from the head, hinder the swellings of the mouth, and disperse them; or to cleanse and consolidate wounds. 5. *Erythmes*, in old diseases of the head especially in the falling sickness, dimness of the eyes, stoppings of the nostrils, and ulcers thereof, want of the smile, drawing of the face awry, and Kings evil, &c. 6. *Epithems*, in fevers, headick, equal d, burning and pestilential inflammations of the bowels and heart of the whole body; also in the pantings of the heart and passions thereof, in the erysipilas or St. *Antonies* fire, and weakness of the Body, &c. 7. *Fomentations*, to rarifie the skin, and help perspiration, to attenuate blood and vitious humors in inflammations, to concoct crude hamots, mollifie and digest by vapor; as a so to assuage and ease pain. 8. *Embrocations*, in hot diseases, chiefly of the head, to cause sleep; and in fevers with raging. 9. *Incisions*, instead of baths, and to help the decay of strength. 10. *Baths*, if laconick or dry, to heat the humors in the body, melt and evacuate the same, to loosen the skin and extenuate the coriulent; if of sweet water moderately hot, it's useful for children and old people, to heat, moisten, ease wearisomness, mitigate pain, help fulness, soften hard parts, dissipate flatulencies, and cause sleep: if luke-warm, to moisten and cool, to help drying fevers and headicks as also burnings; and if too hot, it heateth and moisteneth not so much; if of milk, to help leanness, also weakness and pining; if of whey, to help the itch and heat of the skin, and breakings out in children; if of wine, to strengthen debilitated parts; if of oyl, to help cold agues and pains of the sinews thence arising; as also to help convulsions

caused

caused by punctures or wounds, and to strengthen natural heat, resolve hurtful matter, and help pains of the joynts. &c. if natural, to dry, heat and binde, &c. 11. *Lotions*, to cleanse the sweatings and filth of the head, and open the pores of the skin. If for the feet, to draw the humors downwards from the upper parts, help wearisomness and cause sleep. 12. *Oyls*, to help pains, roughness and many other maladies; as also to make unguents, cerots and plaisters. 13. *Powders*, and *Aromatical Species*, to strengthen the heart and restore nature, &c. 14. *Trageas*, to strengthen the stomach, dissipate flatulencies, hinder vapors, and to help the maladies of other intrals and parts. 15. *Electuaries*, if aromatical, to comfort the principal parts chiefly, and the other to purge. 16. *Opriats*, in great pains, collick griefs, and other distempers requiring ease. 17. *Conerves*, are used for pleasure, and to strengthen. 18. *Constitures*, for pleasure, and help the stomach infecbled by distempers. 19. *Lo-hochs*, to help the roughness of the throat, inflammation of the lungs, ulcers, difficulty of breathing, coughs caused by the flowing of humors and distillation thereof, and help those that expectorate tough matter ready to suffocate. 20. *Extracts*, are used when there is nauseousness, by reason of the taking of Medicines in a great quantity, these operating in a small dose. 21. *Liniments*, to lenitie rough parts, ease pain, heat, rarifie, refrigerate, dry, moisten, discuss, cleanse, mollifie or ripen. 22. *Unguents*, to alter, mollifie, digest, cleanse, &c. 23. *Plaisters*, to repel the flux of humors caused by inflammations, ease pain, strengthen the members, soften, discuss, concoct, ripen, draw forth things infixed, suppurate, purge, open, glew and cicatrize. 24. *Cataplasms*, to ease pain, concoct humors, and digest chiefly. 25. *Cerots*, to heat, moisten, loosen, concoct, binde, &c. 26. *Dro-paces*, in extenuations of the body, to moisten, warm, attract the blood, repair the loss of flesh, to help vomiting, crudities, collicks, and instead of cataplasms in old griefs. 27. *Smapisms*, to draw from the center to the superficies in old affections, as in the inveterate head-ache, megrim, falling sickness, vertigo and madness; also in distillations, and long griefs of the stomach, and sciatica, gout, resolutions, refrigerations; as also in acute diseases, sc. the lethargy and catalepsie, &c. 28. *Tablets* and *Morsels*, to purge, alter and strengthen. 29. *Troches*, to preserve remedies; and if used downward, to help diseases below the navel: The other, to alter, purge, open and strengthen. 30. *Collyries*, in diverse diseases and affections of the eyes; as ulcers, wounds, fistula's and suffusions, &c. 31. *Apophlegmatisms*, in all old affections of the head, dimness of the eyes, deafness, resolutions of the tongue, and wheals in the head or face. 32. *Confections*, to please the pallat, and to strengthen the

strength of the Patient; or flower of one part to three
of Roots from three ounces to five pound; of Seeds to a
ounce; of Pulses from six ounces to two pound; of Minerals
from three ounces to three pound, &c. which are to be boiled
to a third part. 10. In *Lotions*, of Herbs from 4 handfulls
ten, with a convenient quantity of Liquids. 11. In *Tragedies*
of Sugar one ounce to every dram of Species, especially if bit-
ter and less pleasant. 12. In *Aromatical Elecluaries*, of Ho-
ney or Sugar a threefold or sixfold quantity to that of the Spe-
cies. 13. In *Cathartick or purging Elecluaries*, of the Species
one part to three of Honey or Sugar, being well mixed with
their Correctives and the Dirigents. So also in *Opiats*, or na-
cotick and stupefactive Antidotes, which are to be compound-
ed with great care. 14. In *Conserves*, for the most part, to one
part of the Herb, Root, or flower, three or powdered sugar
15. In *Conditures*, the proportion of Sugar is according to the
nature and temper of the matter. 16. In *Lobachs*, the propor-
tion of the recipient matter is fourfold to the Ingredient Pow-
ders, so that to four ounces thereof, there is one of the Pow-
der usually. 17. In *Liments*, to one ounce of Oyl, 2 drams
of Butter, Fats and Creams. 18. In *Unguents*, to one ounce
of Oyls one dram of Species, and two of wax. 19. In *Plas-
ters*, to one ounce of dry things three of Oyl, and to three
ounces hereof, one pound of Wax, of Rosin eight ounces, that
they may be more tenacious. 20. In *Craplains*, to each hand-
ful of the leaves or other things, of Oyl or Fats an ounce, or
an ounce and half. 21. In *Crocks*, to one ounce of Oyl, 1
dram, or a dram and half of the Species, of hard Wax half an
ounce, with a little Rosin. 22. In *Suppositories*, to two parts of
contused Mustard seed, one of Figs: In those that are more
weak, the contrary. 23. In *Tablets*, *Troches* and *Morfels*, 4
ounces of Sugar to two drams of the Species; in *Tablets* that
are purging, to one pound of Sugar eight drams of Species, or
twelve thereof. 24. In *Collyries*, a little of the white of an
egge, to a convenient quantity of depurate or purfied Juice.
25. In *Suppositories*, to one dram of the Species and Salt, one
ounce of Honey. 26. In *Juleps*, of dulcorants or sweetening
things, from an ounce to an ounce and half; of clarified Juice
or Liquors, if more strong, as the acid, to half an ounce, else
an ounce; of Confections from one scruple to two, and less if
more precious, as Bezar Stone, to four or six grains, of Uni-
corns horn half a scruple, and of Pearls one scruple for one

annus Christi one dram, of Liquors f. q. 29. In *Amygdalates*
Almond milk, of blanched Almonds two ounces, of warm
water half a pint, of Sugar one ounce or two. 30. In *Prisans*,
cleanfed Barley two ounces, of Sugar one or two ounces, of
water f. q. or twenty parts. 31. In *Hydromel* or *Metheglin*, to
one part of Honey eight or twelve of Water, of Cinamon two
drams or half an ounce, and it's then to be boiled to the con-
sumption of a fourth part. 32. In *Dyet drinks*, to a pint and
half of Water, one ounce of Ingredients, which are then to
be boiled to a third part for sweating, and for ordinary drinking
to two ounces of Ingredients twelve pints of Water, of Sugar
half a pound, of Cinamon three drams or half an ounce, boil-
ed to the consumption of a 4th part. 33. In *Hydrofaccharates*,
of Spring water depurate or purfied, of white sugar, twelve parts
of one of white Sugar; and of Cinamon, or talcum in Feavers,
from three drams to half an ounce. 34. In *Broths aleptick* or
restaurative, to each pint of white Wine, of cordial Juices or
convenient Liquors three ounces, of Sugar two, of Cinamon,
and of the Confection of Alkermes one dram; in *restaurative*
distillations, to three or four pints of the Liquor, of cordial
Waters eight or twelve ounces; of Conserves and Conditures
three or six; of the Confection of Alkermes &c. three drams
or half an ounce. 35. In *Boles*, of Conserves three drams or
half an ounce; of Powders one scruple; of Confections a
scruple or half a dram. 36. In *Pandemics*, of Frosts 2 drams;
of Seeds an ounce; of Powders three drams; of Sugar f. q.
of Conserves three drams or half an ounce. 37. Of the *Basis*
or *Pills*, according to the strength thereof, with convenient
symps. 38. In *Dropaces*, to an ounce or an ounce and half
of Pitch, half an ounce or six drams of Oyl, or so much of hot
powders. 39. In *Pescicatus*, to two ounces of old leaven, as
much of Cantharides, which then are to be kneaded toge-
ther with *Aqua vite* or Vineger. 40. In *Frontals*, to three or four
pugils of Flowers half an ounce of Seeds; if in a humid form,
half an ounce of Oyls to a sufficient quantity of *Unguentum*
Populeon. 41. In *Oxyribodines*, to four or six ounces of Oyls,
two or three of Vineger, and four of Water, being shaken to-
gether. 42. In *Cucupha's*, of Roots one ounce; of dry Leaves
three handfulls; of Flowers two or three pugils; of Spices 3
drams or half an ounce; of Gums one or two drams; of Musk
half a scruple or a scruple. In *Mosier Collyries*, of Herbs ap-
propriated

need requireth. 10. *Extracts*, if harder and alterative, from one scruple to a dram and half; if cathartick or purging, from one scruple to a dram. 11. *Liquors*, as of salts and the like, being dissolved, from five drops to a scruple. 12. *Magisteries*, if corroborating and strengthening, from half a dram to a dram; the purging according to their efficacy. 13. *Morsells*, from one ounce to two, or more. 14. *Oyls distilled*, from two grains to fifteen. 15. *Pills*, if laxative, from half a dram to two drams; if purging, from two scruples to four. 16. *Preparations*, from a scruple to a dram. 17. *Powders and species aromatical or purging*, from a scruple and half to four scruples. 18. *Salts of vegetables*, from a scruple to a dram. 19. *Sapes and Syrups*, from one ounce to three. 20. *Spirits*, if mineral, from three grains to half a scruple, or to two and more if weaker; if of vegetables, to a spoonful, when needful. 21. *Troches*, to four scruples. Here note, that these quantities are proportioned for such as are strong and middle aged, and for others they are to be moderated according to the ingredients, and constitution of the patient: as also that the more pleasant may be taken in a greater quantity, and oftner: but the unpleasant, in a lesser, and at once.

11. The *Chresologic* or use of them. Thus *Temperate remedies*, are used where there is no manifest distemper of the first qualities, as *heat* and *cold* &c. as also in feavers of *stagnation*, and to preserve the body in good temper, strength and vigour, and is to be done by such things that are appropriate thereunto. The *Rest*, as 1. The *Hot*, if so in the *first degree*, are used, to reduce the body to natural heat, ease pains, take away weariness, and to help feavers, as also to cause good digestion, and breed good blood: if in the *second*, to help moist stomachs, remove obstructions, and open the pores: if in the *third*, to cut tough humors, provoke sweatings, and to resist poyson: if in the *fourth*, to cause inflammations, and raise blisters. 2. The *Cold*, if cold in the *first degree*, they are used to qualifie the heat of food, and assuage that of the intestines and bowels: if in the *second* and *third*, to assuage the heat of choller, help the inflammations of hot swellings, and to cause sleep: if in the *fourth*, to mitigate pain, by stupefying and dulling the senses. 3. The *Moist*, if so in the *first degree*, to lenifie and lubricate, to help the cough, and roughness of the throat: if in the *second*, to mitigate the sharpness of humors, and loosen the belly, and other parts. 4. The *Dry*, if so in the *first degree*, to drink up moisture, and stop fluxes; and help the slipperiness of the parts: if in the *second*, it strengtheneth the parts made feeble by too much moisture, and disposeth them to action.

Remedies

Remedies endued with the second qualities: As 1. The *Mollifying*, are used in scirrhus's and hard tumors, and swellings, and mollient Clysters. 2. The *Hardening*, are used to repress the heat of the humors in swellings, and to hinder the flux of the thinner blood, and defluxions thereof. 3. The *Loosening*, are used in Convulsions, caused by cold and siccidity. 4. The *Rarefying*, to open and dilate the pores, that the vapors of the blood may be expelled, to assuage swellings and to mitigate pain. 5. The *Densant*, to strengthen the skin, to resist external injuries, as also to prohibit too much sweat, or the dissolution of the Spirits. 6. The *Opening*, to help the quantity and gravity of the blood, and open the hemorrhoids. 7. The *Attenuating*, to open obstructions, purge the breast of stegm, move the courses, and cleanse the passages of the bowels, to expel the stone in white wine, melt impacted humors by heat, and by dryness and thinness, to break and exrenuate them, that they may be dissipated after by discutients and attrahents: so the *Inciding*, 8. The *Drawing*, to unload the bowels of vitious humors, help the critical evacuation in abscesses, draw out poyson, and help shilled parts, to draw thorns and humors out of the flesh, and the offending humors to the outward parts of the Body. 9. The *Discutient*, in diseases of repletion, to dispel the serous humidity, and evil vapors by sweat, or insensible transpiration, to draw out hydropick water, help the gout and sciatica, and to assuage phlegmons and other tumors. 10. The *Repelling*, in hot humors, pains of the head, &c. for hereby in fevers are the pains diverted from the head; they also hinder the increasing of phlegmons. 11. The *Burning*, to help dried, tabid parts and almost extinct, by causing attraction of aliment; they also serve to extirpate hair, hard tumors, warts, and to help hard and callous swellings, and the polypus, &c. they also help cold griefs, gout, lethargies, old pains of the head, and other cold and moist affections of the head; as also fistula's and malignant ulcers, together with dangerous fluxes of humors to the superficies, and draw out the same. 12. The *Cleansing*, to take away the filth, matter, and excrements of ulcers. 13. The *Gleeting*, or *Emplastick*, to help the rage of the blood, suppurate, and to stop fluxions.

Remedies endued with the third qualities: as first, Those causing Matter, are used to ripen phlegmons. 2. Those provoking Urine, to help dropsies, &c. 3. Those moving the Courses, to help diseases caused by the retention of the menses: to ease the body, dropsie and epilepsie, &c. 4. Those causing Milk, to prevent diseases by retention thereof, &c. 5. Those generating Sperm, for the preservation of the species, rather than voluptuousness, 6. Those easing Pain, to prevent the dangerousness of symptoms.

7. Those *causing Flesh*, to fit hollow ulcers, for glutinating and cicatrizing remedies. 8. Those *glewing Wounds*, to help disjoyned continuity. 9. Those *cicatrizing Vicers*, to perfect the cure of wounds. 10. Those *resisting Poyson*, to preserve the vital faculty. 11. The *Beautifying*, for known purposes. 12. The *Occult*, in occult diseases.

The *Appropriate*, as the cephalick, or those respecting the head and parts thereof, the pectoral, cordial, stomachick, splenetick, nephritick, cylick, hysterick, arthritick, and cathartick or purging are various, according to the intention or scope, and variety of the grief and part.

The *compounded Remedies*, as first *Syrups* and *Juleps*, are used to prepare the humors of the body for purgation, open the passages remove obstructions, cut tough humors, deterge or cleanse, digest and dissipate matter contained in the habit of the body, oppugn distempers by their qualities, and gently to purge. 2. So *Decoctions*, or *Apoxems* and *Infusions*. 3. *Clysters*, are used to purge, temper humors, ease pain, heal ulcers, and cause sleep, &c. 4. *Gargarisms*, in diseases of the head, mouth and Jaws, sc. to draw slegm from the head, hinder the swellings of the mouth, and discuss them; or to cleanse and consolidate wounds. 5. *Erythmes*, in old diseases of the head especially in the falling sickness, dimness of the eyes, stoppings of the nostrils, and ulcers thereof, want of the smile, drawing of the face awry, and Kings evil, &c. 6. *Epithems*, in fevers, hestick, equal d, burning and pestilential, inflammations of the bowels and heat of the whole body; also in the pantings of the heart and passions thereof, in the erysipilas or St. *Anthony's* fire, and weakness of the Body, &c. 7. *Fomentations*, to rarifie the skin, and help perspiration, to attenuate blood and vitious humors in inflammations, to concoct crude humors, mollifie and digest by vapor; as a soto assuage and ease pain. 8. *Embrocations*, in hot diseases, chiefly of the head, to cause sleep; and in feavers with raging. 9. *Infusions*, instead of baths, and to help the decay of strength. 10. *Baths*, if laconick or dry, to heat the humors in the body, melt and evacuate the same, to loosen the skin and extenuate the corpulent; if of sweet water moderately hot, it's useful for children and old people, to heat, moisten, ease wearisomness, mitigate pain, help fulness, soften hard parts, discuss flatulencies, and cause sleep: if luke-warm, to moisten and cool, to help drying fevers and hesticks as also burnings; and if too hot, it heateth and moisteneth not so much: if of milk, to help leanness, also weakness and pining: if of whay, to help the itch and heat of the skin, and breakings out in children: if of wine, to strengthen debilitated parts: if of oyl, to help cold agues and pains of the sinews thence arising; as also to help convulsions caused

caused by punctures or wounds, and to strengthen natural heat, resolve hurtful matter, and help pains of the joynts, &c. if natural, to dry, heat and binde, &c. 11. *Lotions*, to cleanse the sweatings and filth of the head, and open the pores of the skin. 12. If for the feet, to draw the humors downwards from the upper parts, help wearisomness and cause sleep. 13. *Oyls*, to help pains, roughness and many other maladies; as also to make unguents, cerots and plaisters. 14. *Powders*, and *Aromatical Species*, to strengthen the heart and restore nature, &c. 15. *Tragacans*, to strengthen the stomach, dissipate flatulencies, hinder vapors, and to help the maladies of other intrals and parts. 16. *Elecluaries*, if aromatical, to comfort the principal parts chiefly, and the other to purge. 17. *Opiats*, in great pains, collick griefs, and other distempers requiring ease. 18. *Conditures*, are used for pleasure, and to strengthen. 19. *Conditures*, for pleasure, and help the stomach in feebleness by distempers. 20. *Lozochs*, to help the roughness of the throat, inflammation of the lungs, ulcers, difficulty of breathing, coughs caused by the flowing of humors and distillation thereof, and help those that expectorate tough matter ready to suffocate. 21. *Extracts*, are used when there is nauseousness, by reason of the taking of Medicines in a great quantity, these operating in a small dose. 22. *Limiments*, to lenifie rough parts, ease pain, heat, rarifie, refrigerate, dry, moisten, discuss, cleanse, mollifie or ripen. 23. *Vnguents*, to alter, mollifie, digest, cleanse, &c. 24. *Plaisters*, to repel the flux of humors caused by inflammations, ease pain, strengthen the members, soften, discuss, concoct, ripen, draw forth things infixed, suppurate, purge, open, glew and cicatrize. 25. *Cataplasms*, to ease pain, concoct humors, and digest chiefly. 26. *Cerots*, to heat, moisten, loosen, concoct, binde, &c. 27. *Drops*, in extenuations of the body, to moisten, warm, attract the blood, repair the loss of flesh, to help vomiting, crudities, collicks, and instead of cataplasms in old griefs. 28. *Sinapisms*, to draw from the center to the superficies in old affections, as in the inveterate head-ache, megrim, falling sickness, vertigo and madness; also in distillations, and long griefs of the stomach, and sciatica, gout, resolutions, refrigerations; as also in acute diseases, sc. the lethargy and catalepsy, &c. 29. *Tablets* and *Morsels*, to purge, alter and strengthen. 30. *Troches*, to preserve remedies: and if used downward, to help diseases below the navel: The other, to alter, purge, open and strengthen. 31. *Collyries*, in diverse diseases and affections of the eyes; as ulcers, wounds, fistula's and suffusions, &c. 32. *Apophlegmatisms*, in all old affections of the head, dimness of the eyes, deafness, resolutions of the tongue, and wheals in the head or face. 33. *Confections*, to please the paltar, and to strengthen the body.

body. 33. *Suppositories*, to open the belly, and prepare the body before blood-letting instead of glisters; as also in burning fevers, when vapors arise unto the head, in sleepy diseases of the head, when clysters work not at a convenient time; as also for revulsion, to kill worms, open the hemorrhoids, and heal ulcers of the straight gut. 34. *Little bags*, to heat, cool, strengthen, &c. 35. *Pessaries*, if emollient or softening in the inflammations of the womb, exulcerations or aversions, and windyness: if opening, to draw out the terms, and open the compressed womb: if astringent, for the contrary purposes. 36. *Perfumes*, to comfort the spirits, strengthen and preserve, and *Suffumigations*, to cause a good smell, to help distillations from the head upon the interior parts, to help heaviness, obstructions, cold diseases of the brain, and drive away the infection of the plague, and are used to the nostrils, also in asthma's and stoppages of the breast by cold and thick humors, in suppurations, coughs and stitches of the sides, in the syncope, in the recoveries from sickness, as also in cold distempers of the liver and womb. 37. *Physical wines*, in cold distempers of the body, chronic diseases, as the asthma, obstructions, palsies and crudities of the stomach: if altering, to discuss and consume the reliques of diseases, strengthen, provoke urine, and help long diseases. 38. *Emulsions*, to lenise, cool and moisten, to help the intrals, fevers, and cause sleep. 39. So *Amygdalates*. 40. *Pisians*, in fevers, to cool, cleanse, nourish moisten, and to help the diseases of the breast and hecicks. 41. *Hydromels*, in cold phlegmatick diseases; as the palse, to strengthen natural heat, resist putrefaction, provoke urine and cleanse: if viscidous, it concocteth crude humors, expectorates, strengtheneth the stomach, concocteth crudities, and helps the asthma: if physical, it helps inveterate cold griefs. 42. *Diet drinks*, in long diseases, to attenuate, resolve, consume, rarefie, and prepare the humors for purgation: if evacuating, in diseases deeply rooted, to dissipate and discuss, as in the dropsie and French pox, &c. 43. *Hydrofaccharates*, to moisten, cool and cleanse in fevers, hot diseases of the liver, stomach and reins. 44. *Broths*, restorative, to nourish and repair the solid substance. 45. *Bolus*, if purging, they are used in distempers in the lower region and near parts; if roborating, to strengthen the stomach and parts affected. 46. *Pandaleons*, as lohochs. 47. *Pills*, if purging, in diseases in the head and habit of the body, cold and third region, especially in the pituitous and obstructions; if usual in bodies cacochymick, to strengthen the stomach; the altering, to help hoarsness &c. 48. *Frontals*, chiefly to cool, in fevers and watchings, to repel vapors, as also to ease pains of the head and phrenies, &c. 49. So *Oxyrrhodines*, and to repel thin fumes

in burning fevers. 50. *Cucupha's*, in cold and moist diseases of the brain, catarrhs, fluxions, and to recreate the animal spirits. 51. *Calyries liquid*, to help the heat of the eyes, repel and discuss, dry and cleanse. 52. *Stomack plaisters*, to strengthen the stomach, cause concoction, stop vomiting, and help the cold distempers thereof. 53. *Injections*, to help inflammations, pains, ulcers, to cleanse and cicatrize, &c.

12. The *Cairology*, or season and manner of using them. So those that are *temperate*, or of the *first qualities*, are to be used when the body is in good temper, or exceeding and defective therein.

Remedies of the *second qualities*: As 1. the *Attenuating*, are not to be used before the stomach and intrals are cleansed of their evil humors; lest they cause obstructions or fevers, &c. 2. The *Discussing*, in the declination of diseases, and with the repelling in the increase or state of phlegmons. 3. The *Repelling*, in the beginning and increase of hot humors, when the humors are flowing, and in the state with discutients: also they are dangerous in great pains, and where there is much matter, except first evacuated; as also if in the emunctory, poysonous, thick and fastened, if flowing critically and in a weak part. 4. The *Burning*, after the body hath been well purged, the parts being first fortified, and they mixed with correcters. 5. The *Extensive*, the body being neither plethorick, nor cacochymick, nor symptomes troublesome. 6. The *Binding*, an hour before meat, if to stop fluxes.

Remedies of the *third qualities*: as 1. The *Suppurating*, in the state of phlegmons. 2. Those *provoking Urine*, the urinary passages being first opened; in the declination of diseases, the matter being first extenuated and lessened. 3. Those *moving the Courses*, after purgation, if the body be full of bad humors, in white Wine. 4. So those *causing Milk* and *Sperm*. 5. *Anodynes*, when symptomes are most violent, with things respecting the cause; and let them be the more solid, the deeper the pain lyeth. 6. Those *causing Flesh*, after the distemper pain and symptomes are removed, and vary according to the scope. 7. The *Glewing*, after absterision and incarnatives. 8. The *Cicatrizing*, when the ulcer is almost full of flesh, observing the nature of the part affected. 9. Those *resisting Poyson*, according to the nature thereof, using vomits, purges, and sweating remedies. 10. *Cosmeticks*, after preparation of the body. 11. *Sudorificks*, in bed, covered warm, drinking posset as hot as may be; with sorrel and red sage if for a fever, sweating an hour or more, if able, then wrapping a warm papkin about the head, and shifting the rest in a warm chamber: and this not in the beginning of a disease, except malignant, nor before universal purgation,

tion, or meat concocted, but in the declination of the fits also so *Catharticks*, after preparation; and *particular Evacuants* after universal.

Remedies Appropriate to certain parts of the Body, as to the Head &c. after general and particular Evacuation or Purging, &c. the corroborating, observing the times and symptoms of the disease, and nature of the parts: the *purging* three or four hours before meat; the *lenient*, an hour, or half an hour before; but *cephalick pills* may be taken after.

Compound Remedies, as 1. *Syrups and Juleps* are to be used in the morning, being warmed, and in the evening, if to cause sleep. 2. So *Decoctions* or *Apoxems*, and *Infusions*, the stomach being empty. 3. *Clysters*, two or three hours before meat, and are to be retained about half an hour. 4. *Gargarisms*, in the morning, and evening before meat. 5. *Errhines*, after purgation or blood-letting, the stomach being empty, and the mouth first filled with water. 6. So *Epithemes*, in the morning or evening, in the state often. 7. *Fomentations*, before Cataplasms or Unguents, after evacuations of the body, and in Feavers before their accessions, the body not being full of humors and excrements. 8. *Embrocations*, are to be used often, and renewed. 9. *Injections*, two or three hours before meat, the body being first purged, and excrements evacuated, being warm, in which the abode is to be about an hour. 10. *Baths*, if lacerated or dry, in the winter, and beginning of spring, or when the air is temperate; if of sweet water, in the spring, summer, and end thereof, the body being first evacuated and cleansed, and excrements purged forth, in the morning or evening, after digestion, in which the abode may be for two or three hours, if fat, cold, and moist body. 11. *Lotions*, if for the head, in the morning before meat, warm, the excrements being evacuated, after which the head is presently to be dried with towels; if for the feet, in the morning or evening before meat, or sleep, after which the feet are to be wrapped up in a moist towel. 12. *Powders*, and *aromatical species*, in the morning, being fasting, and that in some convenient wine, broth, syrupe, or other liquor. 13. *Tragac's*, in the morning, the stomach being empty, and in the evening, two or three hours before supper, and after meat, if to repress vapours, with a toast soaked in wine. 14. *Aromaticall Elelvaries*, when needful, in the morning and evening, three or four hours after supper. 15. *Purging Elelvaries*, in the morning, the stomach being empty. 16. *Opiates*, in the evening going to bed, in wine or some other convenient liquor. 17. *Conserves*, often, but chiefly in the morning or evening, in the quantity of a wallnut alone, or with other corroborating spices with syrups. 18. *Conditures*, before or after meat. 19. *Lohochs*,

20. *Lohochs*, at any time before and after meat, but chiefly at morning and evening, and are to be taken with a liquorice stick, and held in the mouth until they dissolve, and so are to be swallowed. 20. *Extracts*, in the morning, the stomach being empty, and that alone, in pills, or some liquid thing, or else mixed with other remedies. 21. *Liniments*, two or three hours before meat, being warm. 22. *Unguents*, before meat. 23. *Plaisters*, before meat. 24. *Cataplasms*, if heating and discutient, and to be applied to the hypochondriums, the body being first evacuated. 25. *Cerots*, before meat, the stomach being empty, and then also, if pectoral, and stomachical. 26. *Drops*, the body being freed from excrements. 27. *Simapismes*, are then also to be used. 28. *Tablets*, *Rolls* and *Morsels*, before meat, two or three hours, or four if purging. 29. *Troches*, are often to be used and held in the mouth. 30. *Pills*, if capital, three or four hours after a light supper, or at midnight, or after the first sleep: if lesser, one or two hours before meat; and the mean in the morning. 31. *Dry Collyries*, at morning and evening. 32. *Apophlegmatismes*, in the morning, the body being freed from excrements. 33. *Dry Errhines*, the whole body being evacuated by blood-letting or purges. 34. *Confects*, at any time before or after meat. 35. *Suppositories*, one or two hours before meat, being first anointed with butter. 36. *Little baggs*, according to the nature of the disease. 37. *Pessaries*, in the evening and at bed time, and are not to be drawn out till six or seven hours after. 38. *Physical iones*, in the morning, or two hours before dinner; in the winter, for ten or twenty dayes space. 39. *Emulsions*, in the morning and evening, and at bed-time if to provoke sleep. 40. *Almond milks*, at any time, but chiefly before sleep. 41. So *Ptisans*. 42. *Metheglin*, for ordinary drinking. 43. *Diet drinks*, in the morning. 44. *Hydro-saccharates*, as *Ptisans*. 45. *Restoratory Broths*, at any time, or three or four times in a day. 46. *Boles*, in the mornings, as other purgers. 47. *Pandaleons*, as *Lohochs*. 48. *Frontals*, at bed time. 49. *Oxyrodines*, when there are violent symptoms, and are often to be renewed. 50. *Cucuph's* or *Quilts*, are to be worn some convenient time together, but chiefly at nights. 51. *Moist Collyries*, are to be used warm, for a quarter or half an hours space together. 52. *Suffumigations*, at any time. 53. So *Perfumes* and *Pomanders*.

Note, hence appeareth the way and form of *Prescripts*, the form of Remedies, and time of use &c. being considered.

II. *As Alimentous*. Thus of the *faculties* of *Medicinals*, now follow those of *Aliments*; which are such *vegetables* &c. that nourish and increase the *bodily substance*, by restoring that which is *deperdite*, the body being in a perpetual decay, and there-

therefore wanting *refection* by meat and drink : and this, if it not greatly affect the body by any other quality, is properly and simply called *Aliment*, and is in some measure like unto the substance of the body, into which it is to be converted ; but if it change the body by any exuperant quality, it is not simply *Aliment*, but *medicamentous* : such are those things which nature's sweetness have adjoined an acid, acerb, bitter, or sharp quality, and from hence ariseth the difference of *aliments* (which, 1. in respect of substance, are hard or soft ; heavy, viscid or light ; firm or infirm ; easily or hardly concocted or corrupted. 2. In respect of quality, they are, hot, cold, moist, or dry ; sweet or bitter ; sower, salt, sharp, acid, acerb, or austere ; of good or bad juyce ; simple or medicamentous ; wholesome or unwholesome ; best or worst. 3. In respect of preparation, they are, crude, roasted, toasted, fried, boyled, suffocated, stewed ; and seasoned, or not seasoned, &c. are taken from *Animals* and *Plants*.) of which some are,

1. *Euchymick*, or of good juyce, sweet in taste, pleasant to the palate, and not of any unpleasant smell : as all *fat things*, and some which are *insipid*, as bread of the best wheat &c.

2. *Cacochymick*, or of evil juyce, which besides sweetness, have some other quality mixed therewith, as sharpness, bitterness, saltness, acerbity, and too much acidity : also all *fetid things*, of an unpleasant smell, and corrupted ; as the *oleraceous*, (especially the wild) except lettuce and succory, also cucumbers, corrupt corn, things growing in cense and dry places, as also thick, austere, and acid, beer made of bad grain, &c. and some of these ingender, 1. A cold, pituitous and crude juyce, as the hasty fruits and cold herbs. 2. But others, a hot and bilious, as all things that have *acrimony*, so garlick, onions, leeks, wake Robin, cresses, mustard &c. 3. And some a melancholick, as pulses, especially lentils, and cabbage.

3. Of *grossenourishment*, as those things which have a strong and hard substance, as bread baked under ashes, and whatsoever is made of meale without leaven, chestnuts, acorns, frogstools, thick, sweet, and black Wine, and Ale, also whatsoever is viscid and glutinous, and are to be shunned by all that live at ease, and use no exercise before meat ; but those are the best for dyet, that are in a meane between incrassating and attenuating.

4. Of *thin Juice*, as things which are not tough or viscid, and have not a strong substance, but thin and friable, especially if joyned with *acrimony* ; as Garlick. Onions. Leeks. Hyssop. Organy. Savory. bread of Wheat well fermented, and twice baked, bitter Almonds, Peaches, and thin White wines ; These also

also open the passages, cleanse away what is viscous, incide and extenuate what is gross ; but are to be shunned by those who are of a *choleric* temperature ; the long use of them causing bilious and serous excrements, yet are agreeable to those whose body and veins are full of a crude, pituitous and melancholick juice. Here note, an attenuating diet differeth from a slender one, the last prefixing a mode in the quantity, and the other being so called by reason of the tenuity of the alimentary juice.

5. *Eupeptick*, or of *easy concoction*, as things which have not a solid or firm substance, but either rare or easily resolvable, concocted or corrupted ; as most fruits and things oleraceous ; but these as they are quickly and easily concocted, so also are they easily altered and corrupted : for if taken into a stomach whose heat is sharp, biting and febriculous or into which some bilious humor doth flow, they are not turned into *aliment*, but some evil humor ; but those things that are not easily concocted, are also neither altered nor corrupted.

6. *Dyspeptick*, or of *hard concoction*, as all things of a solid substance and thick juyce ; as unleavened Bread, Cabbage, Dates, Chestnuts, unripe Services, acorns and acid Wines : These, if taken into a hot stomach, they are sooner concocted then if into a mean : and in a weak and cold one, they are either concocted not at all, or very slowly.

An Experiment of all which may be made by decoction in water. For the humor, if sweet, sheweth the thing to be of good juyce ; if thick, of gross juyce ; if thin, of little ; if well boyled, of much nourishment : if slowly boiled, not easily altered in the stomach, and so the contrary.

Also some are 1. *Flatulent*, of cold unconcocted humidity ; as all Fruits early ripe, especially if eaten raw, ciches and lupines ; also whatsoever is sweet with austerity, which by reason they cannot be easily distributed, and remain long in the stomach, they cause flatulency, as muste, new beer, &c. 2. *Without wind*, of easy elixation, as things well boiled, leavened bread made of good Wheat and well baked, and old Wine. 3. *Easily descending*, acid, salt, insipid, or excrementitious ; as things full of humidity, participating of a certain acrimony or saltness without acerbity ; or are insipid, as Mallows, Orach, Mercury, Marigolds, &c. and things full of excrements, as brown bread, and whatsoever is full of bran, and broths. 4. *Slowly*, as things dry and binding, having little humidity ; as dry meats, fine bread, things having a little astringency ; as Pears, Services, black Wines or red, but sooner the austere.

Thus of the Definition of *Phytology* and its parts. 1. *Therapeutick*, or curatory. 2. *Threptick*, or alimentary ; in both which Vegetables are considered : 1. according to their substance,

as of thick or thin substance or consistence, loose or close, glutinous or crumbling, heavy or light. 2. According to their Accidents; and I. as Medicamentary, I. According to the more immediate accidents. 1. The Qualities; as the first, heat, coldness, moisture and dryness; with their Degrees, sensible, manifest, vehement or most violent. The second, mollifying, hardening, rarefying, condensing, opening, binding, drawing, repelling, cleansing, purging, attenuating, clammings, obstructing, easing pain, stupifying, redning, putrefying and burning. The third, suppurating, incarning, conglutinating, cicatrizing, generating callus, provoking urine, breaking the stone, provoking the terms, expectorating and generating milk and sperm, causing sweat, sneezing, beauty, killing Worms and phlegmatizing. The fourth, occult, resisting poyson, specifick and purging. 2. The way of finding out these Qualities: 1. The Manifest, 1. By Reason, as by the smell, colour; as white, black, green and yellow, &c. Tastes; as bitter, sharp, acid, nitrous, salt, sweet, acerb, austere, oleous, aquinispid or waterish, earthy, woodsh and corn-like; Touch, as thick, thin, close, hollow, hard, soft, heavy, light, clammy, dry, rough, smooth; Mutability. Age, Places, and Operation of the four first Qualities. 2. By Experience, considering quid, in quo, quomodo. 2. The Occult. 1. By Signature. 1. External, in colour, form, property. 2. Internal, as appropriated, 1. To the Planets, as to the Sun, Moon, Saturn, Jupiter, Mars, Venus, Mercury. 2. To the Signs, as to Aries, Taurus, Gemini, Cancer, Leo, Virgo, Libra, Scorpio, Sagittarius, Capricorn, Aquarius and Pisces. 2. By Experience, according to the more remote accidents, as the place of gathering them, the time and manner, the way of preparing them for keeping, and place thereof; their duration, discrimination, place in Receipts, with their Compositions and way of making them; their Doses, as Ingredients and Compounded; their use, and season and manner of using them, &c. II. As Alimentary, and so as of good or bad Juyce, of thick or thin Juyce, of easie or hard Concoction, windy or without winde, easly or slowly descending, &c.

Now follow the Differences of Vegetables, and, in general.

I. External.

1. Of Trees, which are, 1. Rhodoflory, or Rose flowered; as the Rose, holy Rose, and Cistus Ledon, &c. 2. Pomiferous, or Apple bearing; as the Appletree. Quincetree. Citrontree. Orangetree. Pongranatetree. Peartree. Figtree. Sycomoretrees. Mulberrytree. Strawberrytree. Medlartree. Servicetree. Peachtree. Apricotree. Plumtree. Myrobalantree. Sebestentree. Jujubetree. Cornettree. Netletree. Cherrytree. Pockwoodtree. and Ebentree. 3. Nuciferous, or Nut bearing, as the Almond-

tree.

tree. Wallnuttree. Fildberdree. Nuttree. Chestnuttree. Philicktree. Oylieaccorntree. Storaxtree. and exotick Nuttrees. 4. Dactyliferous, as the Palmtree, bearing Dates. 5. Glandiferous, or Mast-bearing; as the Beachtree. Oaktree. Cork-oaktree. Arabian Bindweed and Oaktree. Mistletoe. Galltree. and uva quercina. 6. Bacciferous, or Berry bearing; as the Saundertree. Masticktree. Frankincensetree. Turpentinetree. Balsamtree. Sumachtree. Scarlet oaktree. Ashtree. Hollytree. Linetree. Wayfarintree. Ostrys Cottontree. Mapletree. Plain-tree. Aguetree. great Spurgetree. Barberrytree. Goosberrytree. Eldertree. Laurel. Baytree. Mezercontree. Mountain widdow-wail. Rockrose. Myrtle tree. Butchersbroom. Cloudberrytree. Boxtree. Olivetree. Chastree. Privet. Mockprivet. Buckthorn. Boxthorn. Bramble. Capertree. Savin. Cedartree. Cypressetree. Junipertree. Yewtree. Dragonetree. Sperage. 7. Aromatiferous, or Spicebearing as the Nutmeg and Macetree. Pudding pipe-tree. Cinnamonetree. Indian leaf. Clovetree. Pepperetree. Cube-tree. Cloveberrytree. Cardamometree and Alloetree. 8. Coniferous, or Conebearing, like Pineapples; as the Caniferous Cedar. Pinetree. Larchtree. Pitchtree and Firtree. 9. Jiliferous, or Woolbearing; as the Willowtree. Aldertree. Elmtree and Poplartree. 10. Siliquate, or coddid; as the Shrubtreefoil. Beantreefoil. Egyptian thorn. Rosewoodtree. Broom. Furz. Bastard sene. Sene. Spindletree and Rosebay. 11. Scopary, as the Tamarisetree and Heath, &c. 12. Succiferous, or Juice yielding; as the Ammoniacktree. Metopion. Acacia. Manna-tree. or Ash. Gamandratree or Indian great Spurgetree. 13. Gumiferous, or Gumbearing; as the Gumarabicktree or Egyptian thorn. Sorocoltree. Ivytree. Caucamumtree. Laccatree. Dragontree. Camphiretree. Junipertree. Cherrytree. Plumtree. Goats thorn, yielding Tragacantha. Elmtree. &c. 14. Resiniferous, or Rosin yielding; as the Turpentinetree. Larchtree. Masticktree. Frankincensetree. Myrrhetree. Storaxtree. Liquidamberetree or Ocosoti. Bdeliumtree. Benjamineetree. Tacamahacatree. Gumelemitree. Colophonytree. or Firtree. and Pitchtree.

2. Of Herbs, which differ in respect of I. The Roots, and so they are 1. Bulbous, or round-rooted; as the bulbous Flower-de-luce. Wallflowers. Saffron. Meadow Saffron. Onions. Leeks. Squills. Garlick. Moly. Dog Stones and Satyrion, &c. 2. Not Bulbous, as most other Plants. II. The Leaves, and so they are 1. Longicaulifolious, or longstalk leaved; as Grass. Rushes. Nard. Galingal. Horsetail. Reed. Paper reed. Stinking glad-don. Flower-de-luce. Aromatical reed. Ginger. Zedoary and Costus, &c. 2. Crassifolious, or thick leaved; as Houseleek. Venus navelwort, Aloes. Roseroot. Orpin. Purslain, Sampire, and

and Glaswort. 3. *Hirtifolium*, or rough leaved: as Borage Gromel. Hounds-tongue and Mullein. 4. *Nervifolium*, or nerve leaved; as Gentian. Plantain. Fleawort. Bistort. Pondweed. Water Lillies. wake Robin and Hellebore, &c. 5. *Rotundifolium*, or round leaved; as Birthwort. Coltsfoot. Butterbur. Bur and Asarum. 6. *Mollifolium*, or soft leaved; as Marshmallows. Mercury and Rubarb, &c. 7. *Tusfolium*, and Pentaphyls, &c. 8. *Capillary*, or hair-like; as Harts tongue. Moonfern. Spleenwort. Moonwort. Maiden-hair. Sundew. Fern and Polypodie, &c. 9. *Spinose*, or prickly; as Thistles. Teasels. Sea-holly. Gum thistle and Goats thorn, &c. III. The *Flowers*, and so they are, 1. *Verticillate* and *Galeate*, or turned and Helmet-like; as Mints. Calamint. Organy. Penny royal. Hyssope. Time. Arabian Sticadove. Lavender. Spike. Groundpine. Oak of Jerus. Sage. Nettles. Bettony. Eyebright. Figwort. Self-heal. hedge Hyssop and Dittany, &c. 2. *Stellate*, or Star-like; as Madder. Ladies bedstraw. Croswort and Rue. 3. *Calcariflorous*, or Spur flowered; as Columbine. Larks spur. Toadflax, &c. 4. *Umbelliferous*, or bossed; as Cummin. Fennel. Dill. Pellitory of Spain. Fennel-giant. scorching Fennel. Turbith. Sowfennel. Beesnest. Chervil. Parsly. Angelica. Masterwort. Laserwort. Allheal. Caroways. Coriander. Aniseed. Burnet. Cicely. Hemlock and Dropwort. 5. *Corimboide*, ring or hook like; as Elecampane. Pellitory of Spain. Mugwort. Sneefwort and Wormwood, &c. 6. *Capitatum*, or headed; as Scabious. Knapweed. Blew-bottle. Vipers grass. Marigold. Divels-bit and Thistles, &c. IV. The *Fruits*, and so they are: 1. *Pomiferous*, or Apple bearing; as Mandrakes. Cucumbers. Melons. Pompions. Citruls. Gourds and wild Cresses. Sheppards-pouch. Scurvygrass and Horseradish, &c. 2. *Capsuliferous*, or coffer-bearing; as Garden cresses. 3. *Vasculiferous*, or vessel-bearing; as Centaury the less. Mouse-ear. Flax. St. Johns wort. Pimpernel. Moneywort. Rupturewort and Poppy, &c. 4. *Siliquate*, or coddled: as the Leguminose & Oleraceous. Honeysuckle. Birds foot. Milkwort. Cocks-head. Goatsrue. Licorise. Fumitory. Celandine. Columbine and Nigella. V. The *Place*, and so they are, Garden. Wilde. Fielden. Mountain. Meadow or Aquatick: as Moss. Ducks-meet. Tree lungwort. Sea nettle. Wrack. Arsmarr. Pimpernel, &c. VI. The *manner of growing*, and so they are, *Convulvulose* or climbing; as the Pomiferous and Leguminous. Scammony. Sea bindweed. Sarsaparilla. China. Briony. Mechoacan. Hops. Vine. Lilly of the valley. Ivy. Indian cresses. Birthwort. Sowbread. Parnassus grass, and Saxifrage, &c. VII. *Succiferous* or Juice yielding: as the Lactiferous. viz. Spurge and Chamefyce, &c. Galbaniferous and Sagapeniferous. Fennel giant. Apopanax plant, or Hercules's alheal. Black Poppy yielding Opium.

pium. Aloes. Scammony. wild Cucumber yeilding Elaterium. Euphorbium or gum Thistle. Liquorice. Sugar reed. VIII. As *gummiferous*, or Gum-bearing; as Laserwort bearing Asafœda.

II. *Internal*, in respect of their *Use* and *Vertues*, or as *Alimentary*, and *Medicinal*.

1. Of their *Use*, or as *Dietetical*; and so they are, 1. *Fruimentary*, serving as Bread corn; as Wheat. Rye. Spelt corn. Barly. Oats. Rice. Turkey corn. Millet. Panick. Burnt corn. and Phalaris. 2. *Leguminary*, serving as Pulse; as Beans. Pease. Lentils. Ciches. Cichling. Vetches. bitter Vetches. Lupines. Kidney Bean. winged wild Pease. and Fenigreek. 3. *Oleraceous*, serving as Pot herbs, and Salads &c. and are 1. *Roots*, as Onions. Garlick. Leeks. Radish. wild Radish. Turneps. Navew. Parsnips. Carrots. red Beets. 2. *Leaves*, as of Lettuce. Succory. Cabbages. Spinage. Orach. Beets. Asparagus. Cresses. Mustardseed. Blites. Hops. and Stone Parsley. 3. *Fruits*, as Artichocks. Gourds. Cucumbers. Melons. Strawberries. Capers; And those of Trees; as Apples. Quinces. Oranges. Limmons. Pears. Medlars. Figs. Peaches. Apricocks. Plums. Cherries. Mulberries. Grapes. Olives. Almonds. Chestnuts. Walnuts. Filbeards. and Fungs. 4. *Condimentary*, serving as Sawce; as Pepper. Ginger. Cloves. Cinnamon. Cardamoms. Nutmegs. Mace. Saffron. Elder. Capers. Cresses. Onions. Garlick &c. Sugar. Oyl. and Vinegar &c. The *Qualities* of which, see in my *Isagoge Zoologicomineralogica*, they being there mentioned for Sawces.

2. Of their *Vertues*, or as *Pharmaceutical*, in respect of their several *Parts*, and *Qualities*, first, second, third, and fourth; and thus, according to *Wecker*, &c.

1. *Roots*, are, 1. *Temperate*, as Bears breech. Eringo. garden Parsneps. Jallop. Mallows. Mechoacan. Sparagus. Sinkfoyle. Ladies Thistle. and Tormentil.

2. *Hot*, and so, in the *First degree*; as Basil. Burdocks. Borage. Bugloss. Avens. Aromaticall reed. China. Dogsgrasse. Liquorice. Knee holly. Mallows. marsh Mallows. Pilewort. Peonys. Poppy. Sparling. Parsly. Parsneps wild. Self heale. Satyrion. Skirrets. Scorzonera. Valerian great and small. and white Lillies. In the *Second*, as Asphodel male. Carline Thistle. Cyperus long and round. Butter burre. Devils bit. hogs Fennel. Lovage. Fennel. Mercury. Reeds. Swallow wort. Spignel. Sarsaparilla. Squills. Waterflag. and Zedoary. In the *Third*, as Angelica. Avon. Asartabacca. Alicampane. Birthwort long and round. Briony white and black. Celendine. Dorianicum. Filipendula. Ginger. Gladdon stinking. Galingal greater and lesser. Hellebore white and black. Masterwort. Or-

ris English and Florentine. Restharrow. Sowbread. Snakeroot virginian. Turbith. Turmeric, and white Dittany. In the *Fourth*, as Garlick, Leeks. Onions. and Pellitory of Spain.

3. *Cold*, and so, in the *First degree*, as Beets white and red. Comfry great. Maddir. Plantain. Roseroot, and Sorrel. In the *Second*, as Alcanet. Daizies. Endive. Jacynth. Houndstongue, and Succory. In the *Third*, as Bistort, and Mandrakes. In the *Fourth*, as Henbane.

4. *Dry*, and so, in the *First degree*, as Aromatical reed. Bearsbrech. Burdock. Beets red. Endive. Eringo. Jacynth. Knee holly. Maddir. Pilewort. and Self heal. In the *Second*, as Alkanet. Asphodil male. Avens. Basil. Butterbur. Cyperus long and round. Divels bit. Fennel. Hounds tongue. Ladies Thistle. Lovage. Marshmallows. Mercury. Reeds. Parsly. Plantain. Smallage. Sorrel. Swallowwort. spatling Poppy. Succory. Spiguel. Thistles. Valerian. Waterflag. and Zedoary. In the *Third*, as Angelica. Aron. Asarabacca. Alicampane. Birthwort long and round. Bistort. Bryony white and black. Carline Thistle. China. Cinkfoyle. Dittany white. Doronicum. Filipendula. Galingal greater and lesser. Gladdon stinking. Ginger. Hellebore white and black. Hogsfennel. Masterwort. Orris English and Florentine. Peony male and female. Restharrow. Sowbread. Sellendine. Sarsaparilla. and virginian Soakeroot. In the *Fourth*, as Costus. Garlick. Onions. Leeks. and Pellitory of Spain.

5. *Moist*, and so, Basil. Beets white. Borage. Buglosse. Dog-grasse. Daisies. Liquorice. Mallows. Parsnips. spatling Poppy. Satyrion. Scorzonera. Skirrets. Valerian.

2. As for the *Second Qualities*, they are, 1. *Mollifying*, as Mallows. white Lillies. and marsh Mallows. 2. *Opening*, as Asarabacca. Bruscus. Carline Thistle. Endive. Filipendula. Fennel. Garlick. Gentian. Leeks. Onions. Parsly. Rhapontick. Succory. Sparagus. Smallage. Turmeric. 3. *Binding*, as Alkanet. Bistort. Bearsbrech. Cyperus. Cinkfoyle. Tormentil. Toothwort. and Waterflag. 4. *Cleansing*, as Aron. Asphodil. Birthwort. Grasse. Sparagus. and Sullendine. 5. *Extenuating*, as Capers, and Orris English and Florentine. 6. *Anodyne*, as Eringo. Orris. Restharrow. and Waterflag. 7. *Helping burnings*, as Asphodil. Jacynths. white Lillies. 8. *Burning*, as Garlick. Onions. and Pellitory of Spain. 9. *Discharging*, as Asphodil. Birthwort. Bryony. and Capers. 10. *Expelling winds*, as Costus. Galingal. Garlick. Fennel. hogs Fennel. Parsly. Smallage. Spicknard Indian and Celtick. Waterflag. and Zedoary.

3. As for the *Third Qualities*, they are, 1. *Suppurating*, as Bryony. marsh Mallows. and white Lillies. 2. *Glutinating*, as Birth-

Birthwort. Comfry. Daisies. Gentian. and Solomons Seal. 3. *Spermatogenetick*, as Eringo. Galingal. Satyrion. and Waterflag. 4. *Emmenagogueick*, as Asarabacca. Aron. Asphodil. Birthwort. Centory the lesse. Cyperus long and round. Costus. Capers. Calamus Aromaticus. Carrots. Dittany white, and of Sweet. Eringo. Fennel. Garlick. Grasse. Knee holly. Peony. Valerian. Waterflag. Parsly. Smallage. 5. *Stopping the Terms*, as Bistort. Comfry. Tormentil. 6. *Hydrotick*, as Carline Thistle. China. and Sarsaparilla.

4. As for the *Fourth Qualities*, they are, 1. *Alexipharmick*, as Angelica. Birthwort. long. Bistort. Bugloss. Costus. Cyperus. Carline Thistle. Doronicum. Elicampane. Garlick. Gentian. Swallowwort. Smallage. Tormentil. Vipers Buglosse. and Zedoary. 2. *Catharticks*, as 1. *Purgers of Choller*, as Asarabacca. Ferne. Rhubarb. Rhapontick. 2. *Of Melancholy*, as Hellebore white and black. and Polypody. 3. *Of Phlegme and Water*, as Asphodil male. Bryony white and black. Cucumbers wild. Elder. Hermodactiles. Jallop. Mechoacan. Squills. Sowbread. Spurge great and small. and Turbith. 3. *Appropriate*, and so, 1. *They Heat*, 1. *The Head*, as Doronicum. Fennel. Jallop. Mechoacan. Peony male and female. and Spicknard Celtick and Indian. 2. *The Neck, and Throat*, as Devils bit. and Pilewort. 3. *Breast and Lungs*, as Birthwort long and round. Calamus Aromaticus. Cinkfoyle. Elicampane. Liquorice. Orris English and Florentine. and Squills. 4. *The Heart*, as Angelica. Borage. Bugloss. Butterbur. Basil. Carline Thistle. Doronicum. Scorzonera. Tormentil. Valerian white and red. and Zedoary. 5. *The Stomack*, as Avens. Fennel. Galangal greater and lesser. Ginger. Radish. and Spicknard Celtick and Indian. and Elicampane. 6. *The Bowels*, as Ginger. Valerian great and small. and Zedoary. 7. *The Liver*, as Carline Thistle. China. Dogsgross. Fennel. Gentian. Knee holly. Parsly. Rhubarb. Rhapontick. Sullendine. Smallage. Sinkfoyle. Sparagus. and Turmeric. 8. *The Spleen*, as Ash. Birthwort round. Carline Thistle. Capers. Ferne male and female. Fennel. Gentian. Parsly. Sparagus. and Waterflag. 9. *The Reins, and Bladder*, as Basil. Burdock. Carline Thistle. China. Cyperus long and round. Dropwort. Knee holly. marsh Mallows. Parsly. Smallage. Sperage. spatling Poppy. Spicknard Celtick and Indian. Saxifrage white. and Valerian. 10. *The Womb*, as Birthwort long and round. Galangal greater and lesser. Hogs Fennel. and Peony male and female. 11. *The Fundament*, as Pilewort. 12. *The Joynts*, as Bearsbrech. Costus. Ginger. Hermodactils. Jallop. and Mechoacan. 2. *They Cool*, 1. *The Head* as Roseroot. 2. *The Stomack*, as Bistort. Endive. Succory. and Sowthistles. 3. *The Liver*, as Endive. Maddir. and Succory.

11. *Barks*,

II. *Barks*, are 1. *Hot*, and so in the *First degree*; as Citron Limons. Oranges. Pockwood and Tamarisk. In the *second*, as Capers. Cinamon common and Winters. Cassia Lignea, and Frankinsense. In the *third*, as Mace. 2. *Cold*, and so in the *First degree*; as Oak and Pomegranats. In the *third*, as Mar drakes. 2. As for the *Fourth Qualities*, they are, 1. *Cathartic*, as 1. *Purgers of Choller*, as Barberries. 2. *Of Phlegm and Water*, as Elder. Dwarf Elder. Lawrel and Spurge. 2. *Appropriate*; and so, 1. *They heat*, 1. *The Head*, as Winters his Cinamon. 2. *The Heart*, as Cinamon. Cassia Lignea. Citrons. Limons. Mace and Walnuts. 3. *The Stomach*, as Cassia Lignea. Cinamon. Citrons. Limmons. Mace. Oranges, and Sassafras. 4. *The Lungs*, as Cassia Lignea. Cinamon and Walnuts. 5. *The Liver*, as Barberries. Bays. and Winter's Cinamon. 6. *The Spleen*, as Ash. Bays and Capers. 7. *The Reins and Bladder*, as Bays and Sassafras. 8. *The Womb*, as Cassia Lignea and Cinamon. 2. *They cool the Stomach*, as Pomegranate Pills.

III. *Woods*, are 1. *Hot*, as Aloes. Box. Ebony. Guajacum. Nephriticum. Rhodium. Rosemary. Sassafras. Tamarisk. 2. *Cold*, as Cypress. Sanders white red and yellow, and Willow. As for the *fourth Qualities*, they are *Appropriate*, 1. *To the Head*, as Rosemary. 2. *To the Heart and Stomach*, as Aloes. 3. *The Bowels and Bladder*, as Rhodium. 4. *The Liver, Spleen, Reins and Bladder*, as Nephriticum. 5. *The Breast Stomach and Bladder*, as Sassafras. 6. *To the Spleen*, as Tamarisk. 7. *The Heart and Spirits*, as Sanders.

IV. *Leaves*, are 1. *Temperate*, as Bugle. Cinquefoil. Betony. Flixweed. Goatsrue Hartstongue. Lluellin. Maidenhair. Cammoca, black and golden. Pauls Betony. Trefoil. Wallie and Woodrose.

• 2. *Hot*, and so in the *First degree*: as Agrimony. Aven Borage. Bugloss. Basil. Cleavers. Ceterach. Chervil. Camomel. Cowslips. Distaff-thistle. Eyebright. Marshmallows. Melilot. Ladies-thistle and Self-heal. In the *Second*; as Alehoof. Alexanders. Archangel. Betony. Bay. Broom. Bawm. Costmary. Cuckoo-flowers. Carduus benedictus. Centaury lesser. Chymaptyys. Dell. Doubletongue. Divelsbit. Horehound. Indian leaf. Ladies mantle. Maudlin. Mugwort. Marigold. Marjoram. Mercury. Oak of Jerusalem. Pimpernel male and female. Parsly. Poleymountain. Perewinkle. Rosemary. Smallage. Scurvygrass. Sage. Sanicle. Scabious. Senna. Soldanella. Tanfie. Tobacco. Vervain, and Wormwood common and Roman. In the *Third*; as Angelica. Arsmart biting. Brooklime. Bryony white and black. Bank cresses. Calamint. Clary. Dwarf elder. Doder of time. Featherfew. Fleabane. Germander. Glaswort. Herb Mastick. Lavender. Lovage. Mints. Mother of time. Nettles. Organy.

Organy. Pilewort. Pennyroyal. Rue. Sowthern wood male and female. Sullendine. Sneezwort. Savin. Savory summer and winter. Spike. Time. and Watercresses. In the *Fourth*, as Crowfoot. Dittander. Gardencreesses. Leeks. Rosa solis. Sciatica cresses. Stonecrop. Spurge.

3. *Cold*, and so in the *First degree*: as Arach. Arsmart milde. Burdock. Burnet. Coltsfoot. Hawkweed. Mallows. Pellitory of the Wall. Sorrel. Woodsorrel. Shepherds-purse. Violets. Yarrow. In the *Second*; as Buckhorn. Chickweed. Daisies. Dandelion. Ducksmeat. Endive. Knotgrass. Lettuce. Plantain. Purslain. Rumitory. Succory. Strawberry. Tanfie wilde. Willow. In the *Third*; as Nightshade and Seagreen. In the *Fourth*; as Hemlock. Henbane. Mandrakes. Poppies.

4. *Dry*, and so in the *First degree*; as Agrimony. Arsmart milde. Burdocks. Cleavers. Chervil. Camomile. Cowslips. Coltsfoot. Doubletongue. Eyebright. Flixweed. Hawkweed. Marshmallows. Melilote. Perewinkle. Shepherds purse. Self-heal and Senna. In the *second*, as Betony. Alehoof. Alexanders. Archangel. Betony. Bugle. Buckhorn. Broom. Birch. Bay. Burnet. Costmary. Cuckoo-flowers. Carduus benedictus. Centaury lesser. Cichory. Dill. Distaff-thistle. Dandelion. Divelsbit. Endive. Featherfew. Fumitory. Indian leaf. Ladies mantle. Maudlin. Mugwort. Marjoram. Mercury. Pimpernel. Plantains. Parsly. Rosemary. Sorrel. Smallage. Silverweed. Strawberry. Sage. Sanicle. Scabious. Soldanella. Scurvygrass. Tobacco. Vervain. Wormwood common and Roman. Woodsorrel and Willow. In the *third*, as Angelica. Arsmart hor. Brooklime. Bryony white and black. Bank-cresses. Calamint. Chamepitys. Clakfoil. Clary. Dwarf Elder. Epithymum. Fleabane. German-der. Glaswort. Horehound. Herb mastick. Herb of grace. Lavender. Lovage. Mints. Mother of time. Organy. Pilewort. Penny royal. Poleymountain. Sowthernwood male and female. Sullendine. Sneezwort. Savin. Savory sommer and winter. Silk. Tanfie. Time and Trefoil. In the *fourth*, as Crowfoot. Garden cresses. Garlick. Leeks. Onions. Rosa solis. Spurge and wilde Rue.

5. *Moist*, and so in the *First degree*; as Borage. Bugloss. Basil. Mallows. Marigolds, and Pellitory of the Wall. In the *fourth*, as Arach. Chickweed. Daisies. Ducks-meat. Lettuce. Purslain. Sowthistles. Violets and Water lillies.

2. As for the *Second Qualities*, they are 1. *Mollifying*; as Arach. Bay. Beets. Cypress. Fleawort. Mallows. Marshmallows. Pellitory of the wall, and Violets. 2. *Hardening*, as Ducks meat. Houseleek. Heibs cold Nightshade. Purslain. 3. *Opening*, as Endive. Garlick. Mallows. Marshmallows. Onions. Pellitory of the wall. Succory and Wormwood. 4. *Binding*, as

as Amomum. Agnus Castus. Cypress. Cynkfoyle. Comfrey. Bawm. Fleawort. Horsetail. Ivy. Knotgrafs. Bay. melilote. Myrtles. Oak. Plantain. Purslain. Shepheards-purse. Sorrel. Sea-green and Willow. 5. *Drawing*, as Birthwort. Dittany. Garlic. Leeks. Onions. Pimpernel, and all hot leaves. 6. *Cleansing*, as Arach. Beets. Ceterach. Chamapitys. Dodder. Horehound. Liverwort. Pimpernel. Pellitory of the wall. Sowthorn-wood. Sparagus. Willow and Wormwood. 7. *Extenuating*, as Chamomile. Hyssop. Juniper. Mugwort. Mother of Time. Pennyroyal. Stechas and Time. 8. *Anodyne*, as Arach. Calamint. Marjoram. Mother of Time. Parsly. Rosemary. Rue and Wormwood. 9. *Discofing*, as Arach. Beets. Chamomil. Chickweed. Dill. Maiden hairs. Marshmallows. Mints. Melilote. Marjoram. Pellitory of the wall. Rue. Sowthernwood male and female, and Stechas; also Bawm. Docks. Cleavers. Cinkfoil. Mallows. Scordium. Water cresses. 10. *Expelling wind*, as Chamomile. Dill. Epithymum. Fennel. Garlic. Juniper. Marjoram. Organy. Savory winter and summer. Smallage and Wormwood.

3. As for the *Third Qualities*, they are 1. *Suppurating*, as Mallows. Marshmallows, and white Lillies. 2. *Glutinating*, as Agrimony. Bugle. Centaury. Chamapitys. Ginkfoyl. Comfrey. Germander. Horsetail. Knot-grafs. Mallows. Marshmallows. Maudlin. Pimpernel. Rupturewort. Strawberries. Self-heal. Tobacco. Tormentil. Woodchervil and Woundwort. 3. *Spermatogenetick*, Clary. Rocket, and Herbs hot, moist and windy. 4. *Emmenagogick*, as Bishopsweed. Bettony. Broom. Basil. Cabbages. Centaury. Cammomil. Calamints. Dodder. Dittany. Fennel. Garlic. Germander. Horehound. Hartwort. St. Johnswort. Maiden hair. Marjoram. Mugwort. Nettles. Organy. Pimpernel. Poleymountain. Parsly. Rue. Rosemary. Southernwood. Sage. Smallage. Savin. Scordium. Time. mother of Time. Wormwood and Water-cresses. 5. *Stopping the Terms*, as Comfrey. Houseleek. Knotgrafs. Myrtles. Plantain. Shepheards-purse. Strawberries and Water lillies.

4. As for the *Fourth Qualities*, they are, 1. *Alexipharmick*, as Alifanders. Bettony. Carduus Benedictus. Calamint. Carline-thistle. Agrimony. Fennel. Garlic. Germander. Horehound. Juniper. Maiden hair. Organy. Pennyroyal. Poleymountain. Plantain. Rue. Southernwood. Smallage. Scordium and Wormwood. 2. *Cathartick*, as, 1. *Purgers of Cholter*, as Centaury. Groundsel. Hops. Mallows. Peaches. Senna and Wormwood. 2. *Of Melancholly*, as Dodder. Epithymum. Fumitory. Oxeye. and Senna. 3. *Of Phlegm and Water*, as Danewort. Bryony white and black. Elder. Hedge-hyssop. Lawrel. Mercury. Meze-reon.

con. Spurge. Senna and Sneezwort. 3. *Appropriate*, and so, They Heat. 1. The Head, as Bettony. Costmary. Carduus Benedictus. Cowslips. Eyebright. Featherfew. Goats-rue. Herb nastick. Lavender. Laurel. Loveage. Maudlin. Melilote. mother of Time. Pennyroyal. Rosemary. Salendine. Scurvy grafs. Sneezwort. Senna. Spike. Time. Vervain. 2. The Throat, as Archangel white and red, and Divels bit. 3. The Breast, as Bettony. Bay. Bawm. Calamint. Cammomel. Distaff-thistle. Fennel. Germander. Hyssop. Horehound. Indian leaf. Mayden hairs. Melilote. Nettle. Oak of Jerusalem. Organy. Periwinkles. Rue. Scabious and Time. 4. The Heart, as Angelica. Alicampane. Borage. Bugloss. Bay. Bawm. Basil. Carduus Benedictus. Goats rue. Rue. Rosemary. Southernwood male and female. Senna and Woodroof. 5. The Stomack, as Avens. Bay. Bawm. Broom. Fennel. Indian leaf. Mints. mother of Time. Parsly. Sage. Schenanth. Smallage. Time, and Wormwood common and Roman. 6. The Liver, as Agrimony. Alecost. Ash. Bay. atarabacca. Centaury lesser. Chamapitys. Fennel. Germander. Foxgloves. Hops. Horehound. Hyssop. Ladies thistles. Maudlin. mother of Time. Pimpernel male and female. Parsley. Poleymountain. Smallage. Sullendine. Sampier. Sage. Scordium. Senna. Soldanelia. Spikenard. Toadflax and Water-cresses. 7. The Bowels; as Alehoof, Alexanders, and Cammomel. 8. The Spleen; as Agrimony, Ash-tree, Bay, Centaury lesser, Ceterach, Chamapitys, Epithymum, Fox gloves, Germander, Hops. Horehound. Harts tongue, Mayden hairs. mother of Time. Parsley. Poleymountain. Smallage. Sampier. Sage. Scordium. Senna. Toadflax. Tamarisk, Water-cresses and Wormwood. 9. The Reins and Bladder; as Agrimony. Bettony. Brooklime. Bay. Broom. Chervil. Costmary. Cammomil. Clary. Germander. Hops. Maudlin. Marshmallows. Melilote. mother of Time. Nettles. Organy. Pimpernel, male and female. Pennyroyal. Rupturewort. Rocket. Sampier. Schenanth. Sax-frage. Scordium. Spikenard. Toadflax, Vervain and Water-cresses. 10. The Womb; as Angelica, Archangel, Basil, Calamint, Costmary, Dittany of Crete, Divels bit. Featherfew. Fleabane. Maudlin. Mugwort. Mayweed. Melilote. Mints. Nettles. Organy. Pennyroyal. Periwinkles. Schenanth. Sage. Savin. Scordium. Tanfie. Time and Vervain. 11. The Joynts, as Agrimony. Arsmart hot. Cammomil. Costmary. Cowslips. Garden cresses. St. Johnswort. Melilote. Rosemary. Rue. Sciatica cresses. Sage. Stechas, and Water-cresses. 2. They cool, 1. The Head, as Fumitory. Houseleek. Lettuce. Plantain. Strawberry. Teasles. Violets. Water lilly. Willow and Wood sorrel. 2. The Throat; as Bramble. Orpine. Privet, and Strawberries. 3. The Breast; as Bramble. Colts foot. Moneywort. Orpine. Plantain. Poppy. Mulberry. Sorrel. Strawberys Violet,

Violet, and Wood sorrel. 4. *The Heart*, as Burnet, Viper Buglosse, Lettuce, Sorrel, Strawberry, Violet, Water Lilly, and V Wood sorrel. 5. *The Stomack*, as Dandelion, Endive, Hawkweed, Lettuce, Orpine, Purslain, Sorrel, Succory, Strawberry, Sowthistles, and Violet. 6. *The Liver*, as Dandelion, Endive, Fumitory, Lettuce, Liverwort, Nightshade, Purslain, Sorrel, Strawberry, Succory, V Water lilly, and V Wood sorrel. 7. *The Bowels*, as Buckhorn, Burnet, Fumitory, Mallows, Orpine, and Plantain. 8. *The Spleen*, as Endive, Fumitory, Lettuce, and Succory. 9. *The Reins and Bladder*, as Houseleek, Knotgrafs, Lettuce, Mallows, Moneywort, Plantain, Purslain, V Water lilly, and Yarrow. 10. *The Womb*, as Orach, Burdocks, Endive, Lillies, Myrtles, Moneywort, Purslain, Sengreen, Succory, Sowthistles, V Water Lillie, and V Wild Tansey. 11. *The Joynts*, as Henbane, Houseleek, Lettuce, Nightshade, Vine, and V Willow-leaves.

V. *Flowers*, are 1. *Hot*, and so, in the *First degree*, as Bitany, Borage, Buglosse, Camomile, Melilote, Oxeye, and Stechas. In the *Second*, as Amomus, Bawm, Clovegilliflowers, Hops, Jasmine, Lavender, Rocket, Saffron, Spicknard, Schenanth, and Rosemary. In the *Third*, as Agnus Castus, Epithymum, Honey suckles, Wallflowers, or Wintergilliflowers. 2. *Cold*, and so, in the *First degree*, as Mallows, Roses red, white, and damask, and Violets. In the *Second*, as Anemone, Endive, Succory, and Waterlillies white and yellow. In the *Third*, as Balaustines. In the *Fourth*, as Henbane and Poppies. 3. *Moist*, and so, in the *First degree*, as Borage, Buglosse, Endive, Mallows, and Succory. In the *Second*, as Violets, and Waterlillies. 4. *Dry*, and so, in the *First degree*, as Camomile, Melilote, Oxeye, Saffron, and Roses. In the *Second*, as Anemone, Clovegilliflowers, Hops, Lavender, Peony, Rocket, Rosemary, and Spicknard. In the *Third*, as Balaustines, Chamepitys, Epithymum, Germander, and Woodbind.

2. As for the *Second Qualities*, they are, 1. *Mollifying*, as Mallows, Saffron, and White lillies. 2. *Bnling*, as Agnus Castus, Balaustines, Bawm, Clovegilliflowers, Melilote, Endive, Saffron, Succory, and Red Roses. 3. *Cleansing*, as Beans, Damask Roses, and Elders. 4. *Extenuating*, as Camomil, Flower de luce, Melilote, and Stechas. 5. *Anodyne*, as Camomil, Centaury, Dill, Melilote, and Rosemary. 6. *Helping Burnings*, as Mallows, marsh Mallows, and White Lillies. 7. *Discofing*, as Camomil, Dill, Mallows, marsh Mallows, Melilote, and Stechas, &c. 8. *Expelling Wind*, as Camomil, Dill, Schenanth, and Spicknard.

As for the *Third Qualities*, they are 1. *Suppurating*, as Saffron, and White Lillies. 2. *Glutinating*, as Centaury, and Balaustines.

Balaustines. 3. *Emmenonagogick*, as Bittony, Camomil, Centaury, Bawm, Rosemary, Peony, Sage, Schenanth, and Wallflowers. 4. *Stopping the Termes*, as Balaustines, and Waterlillies.

4. As for the *Fourth Qualities*, they are, 1. *Alexipharmick*, as Bettany, and Centaury. 2. *Cathartick*, as 1. *Purgers of Cholera*, as of Damask Roses, Peaches, and Violets. 2. *Of Phlegme*, as Broom, and Elder. 3. *Appropriate*, and so, 1. *They Heat*, 1. *The Head*, as Bettony, Camomil, Cowslips, Lavender, Melilote, Peony, Rosemary, Sage, Self-heal, and Stechas. 2. *The Breast*, as Bettony, Bawm, Scabious, and Schenanth. 3. *The Heart*, as Bawm, Borage, Buglosse, Rosemary, Saffron, and Spicknard. 4. *The Stomack*, as Rosemary, Schenanth, and Spicknard. 5. *The Liver*, as Camomil, Centaury, Bettony, Elder, Schenanth, and Spicknard. 6. *The Spleen*, as Bettony, and Wallflowers. 7. *The Reins, and Bladder*, as Bettony, marsh Mallows, Melilote, Schenanth, and Spicknard. 8. *The Womb*, as Bettony, Flower de luce, Sage, and Schenanth. 9. *The Joynts*, as Camomil, Cowslips, Melilote, and Rosemary. 2. *They Cool*, 1. *The Head*, as Poppies, Roses, Violets, and Water Lillies. 2. *The Breast and Heart*, as Roses, Violets, and Water Lillies. 3. *The Stomack*, as Roses, and Violets. 4. *The Liver and Spleen*, as Endive, and Succory. 3. *They Moist*, the *Heart*, as Borage, Bugloss, and Violets. 3. *They Dry it*, as Bawm, Bettony, and Rosemary flowers.

VI. *Fruits*, are, 1. *Temperate*, as Currance, Dates, Figgs, Pinenuts, Raisins, and Sebestens. 2. *Hot*, and so, in the *First degree*, as Almonds sweet, Cyprus nuts, Hasel nuts, Jujubes, and green Walnuts. In the *Second*, as Bennuts, Capers, Fisticke nuts, Hasel nuts dry, Nutmegs, and dry Walnuts. In the *Third*, as Anacardium, Almonds bitter, Carpobalsamum, Cloves, Cubebs, and Juniper berries. In the *Fourth*, as Pepper, Ginny pepper, and the rest. 3. *Cold*, and so, in the *First degree*, as Citrons, Pears, Prunes, and Quinces. In the *Second*, as Apples, Cucumers, Galls, Gourds, Limmons, Melons, musk Mellons, Oranges, Pompions, Pomegranats, Peaches, and Prunes. In the *Third*, as Mandrakes. In the *Fourth*, as Stramonium. 4. *Moist*, and so, in the *First degree*, as Citrons, Limmons, Oranges inner rind. In the *Second*, as Gourds, Melons, Peaches, and Prunes. 5. *Dry*, and so, in the *First degree*, as Juniper berries. In the *Second*, as Bay berries, Bennuts, Capers, Fisticke nuts, Nutmegs, Pears, Pinenuts, and Quinces. In the *Third*, as Cloves, and Galls. In the *Fourth*, as all Peppers.

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2. As for the *Second Qualities*, they are, 1. *Binding*, as Barberries, Chestnuts, Cherries, Cornels, Cervices, Acorns and their Cups, Galls, Medlars, Myrtle berries, Nutmegs, Olives, Pears, Peaches, and Pomegranats. 2. *Extenuating*, as Almonds sweet and bitter, Bay berries, and Juniper berries. 3. *Anodyne*, as Bay berries, Figs, Ivy berries, Juniper berries, Currence, all Peppers, Raisins, and Walnuts. 4. *Discussives*, as Capers, and all Peppers. 5. *Expelling Wind*, as Bay berries, Juniper berries, Nutmegs, and all Peppers.

3. As for the *Third Qualities*, they are 1. *Glutinating*, as acorns, acorn cups, currence, dates, and raisins. 2. *Spermatogenetick*, as almonds sweet, figs, pine nuts, and raisins of the Sun. 3. *Emmenagogueick*, as capers, and ivy berries. 4. *Stopping the Terms*, as barberries. 5. *Diuretick*, as Winter cherries.

4. As for the *Fourth Qualities*, they are 1. *Alexipharmick*, as bayberries, citrons, juniper berries, pepper, pomecitrons, and walnuts. 2. *Cathartick*, as, 1. *Purgers of Choller*, as cassia fistula, citrinemyrobolans, prunes, raisins, and tamarinds. 2. *Of Melancholy*, as indian myrobolans. 3. *Of Phlegm*, as colocynthis, cucumers wild, and myrobolans. 3. *Appropriate*, and so, 1. *They Heat*, 1. *The Head*, as Anacaidia, cubeb, and nutmegs. 2. *The Breast*, as Almonds bitter, cubeb, dates, figs, hazel nuts, jujubs, raisins of the sun, and pine nuts. 3. *The Heart*, as Juniper berries, nutmegs, and walnuts. 4. *The Stomach*, as Almonds sweet, ben, cloves, juniper berries, nutmegs, olives, and pine nuts. 5. *The Spleen*, as Capers. 6. *The Reins and Bladder*, as Almonds bitter, cubeb, juniper berries, raisins of the sun, and pine nuts. 7. *The Womb*, as Juniper berries, bay berries, nutmegs, and walnuts. 2. *They Cool*, 1. *the Breast*, as Oranges, limmons, prunes and sebestens. 2. *The Heart*, as Citrons, limmons, oranges, pears, pomegranats and quinces. 3. *The Stomach*, as Apples, citruls, cucumers, cherries, cornels, currans, cervices, gooseberries, gourds, limmons, medlars, musk melons, oranges, pears, pompions and quinces. 4. *The Liver*, as Barberries and Coolers of the Stomach. 5. *The Reins and Womb*, as Strawberries, and the same.

VII. *Seeds*, are, 1. *Hot*, and so, in the *first degree*, as Coriander, fenugreek, gromel, linseed, lupines and rice. In the *second*, as Basil, dill, nettles, orobus, rocket and smallage. In the *third*, as Amomus, anniseed, bishopsweed, caraway, cardamoms, carrots, cumin, fennel, hartwort, navew, nigella and flaves acre. In the *fourth*, as Mustard seed, and Water cresses. 2. *Cold*, and so, in the *first degree*, as Barley. In the *second*, as Citruls, cucumers, endive, gourds, lettuce, melons, nightshade, pom-

pompions, purslain, sorrel and succory. In the *Third*, as hemlock, henbane, and poppies white and black. 3. *Moist*, and so, in the *First degree*; as mallows. 4. *Dry*, and so in the *First degree*; as barley, beans, fennel, fenugreek and wheat. In the *Second*, as lentils, nightshade, orobus, poppies and rice. In the *Third*, as annis, caraway, cariander, cumin, bishopsweed, dill, gromel, nigella, parsley and smallage.

2. As for the *Second Qualities*, they are, 1. *Mollifying*; as fenugreek, linseed, mallows and nigella. 2. *Hardening*, as purslain-seed. 3. *Binding*, as barberries, purslain, rose-seeds and shepherds-purse. 4. *Cleansing*; as barley, beans, lupines, nettles and orobus. 5. *Anodyne*, as amomus, carrots, cardamoms, cummin, dill, fenugreek, gromel, linseed, orobus, panick and parsley. 6. *Discussing*; as carrots, dill, fenugreek, nigella and linseed; also barley, coriander, daniel, lupines, mallows and marshmallows, helping swellings. 7. *Expelling wind*; as annis, caraway, carrots, cummin, dill, fennel, hartwort, nigella, parsley, smallage and wormwood.

3. As for the *Third Qualities*, they are, 1. *Suppurating*; as daniel, fenugreek, french barley and linseed. 2. *Glutinating*; as daniel, lupines and orobus. 3. *Spermatogenetick*; as ash-tree keys, beans, cicers and rocket. 4. *Emmenagogueick*; as amomus, annis, bishopsweed, carrots, cicers, fennel, hartwort, parilly, lovage, sperage and smallage. 5. *Stopping the Terms*; as burdock, cumin and rose-seeds. 6. *Lithonriptick*; as gromel, mallows and marshmallows.

4. As for the *Fourth Qualities*, they are, 1. *Alexipharmick*; as annis, bishopsweed, cardamoms, citrons, fennel, limmons, oranges, and smallage. 2. *Appropriate*; and so 1. *They heat*, 1. *The Head*; as fennel, marjoram and piony. 2. *The Breast*; as nettles. 3. *The Heart*; as basil, rue and mustard seed. 4. *The Stomach*; as amomus, annis, bishopsweed, cardamoms, cubeb, cummin, grains of Paradise and smallage. 5. *The Liver*; as amomus, annis, bishopsweed, caraway, carrots, cummin, fennel, smallage and sperage. 6. *The Spleen*; as annis, caraway and water cresses. 7. *The Reins and Bladder*; as cicers, gromel, nettles, rocket and saxifrage. 8. *The Womb*; as piony and rue. 9. *The Joynts*; as mustardseed, rue and water cresses. 2. *They cool*, 1. *The Head*; as lettuce, poppies white, and purslain. 2. *The Breast*; as poppies white, and violets. 3. *The Heart*; as citrons, limmons, oranges, and sorrel-seed; also the four greater and lesser cold seeds; viz. of citruls, cucumers, gourds and melons; endive, lettuce, purslain and succory, cool the Liver, Spleen, Reins, Bladder, Womb and Joynts; and the white and black poppy-seed.

VIII. *Gums*, are 1. *Temperate*; as Elemi, Lacca, and Tragacanth. 2. *Hot*, and so in the *First degree*; as Bdellium and Ivy-gum. In the *Second*, as Frankinsense, Galbanum, Mastick, Myrrh, Olybanum, Pitch, Rosin, and Styrax. In the *Third*, as Ammoniacum. In the *Fourth*, as Euphorbium. 3. *Cold*, as Gum Arabick. 2. As for the *second Qualities*, they are, 1. *Melifying*, as Ammoniacum, Bdellium, Colophonia, Galbanum, Opopanax, Turpentine, Rosin, Pitch and Styrax. 2. *Binding*, as Gum Arabick, Sandarack or Juniper gum, and Tragacanth. 3. As for the *third Qualities*, they are 1. *Emmenagogue*, as Styrax. 2. *Lithontriptick*, as Cherry gum. 4. As for the *fourth Qualities*, they are *Cathartick*, as Opopanax, purging Flegm.

IX. *Juyces*, are, 1. *Temperate*, as Liquorice and white Starch. 2. *Hot*, and so in the *First Degree*; as Sugar. In the *Second*, as Labdanum. In the *Third*, as Assafetida and Benjamin. 3. *Cold*, and so in the *Second Degree*, as Acacia, and Sanguis Draconis. In the *Third*, as Hypocystis. In the *Fourth*, as Opium. As for the *Fourth Qualities*, they are *Cathartick*, as Aloes, Manna and Scammony, purging Choller.

X. *Waters*, are 1. *Hot*; and so, 1. *Concocting flegm*. 1. In the *Head*, as Bettony, Calamint, Cammomil, Eyebright, Fennel, Marjoram, Primroses, Rosemary and Sage. 2. In the *Breast and Lungs*, as Bawm, Bettony, Carduus Benedictus, Flower-de-luce, Horehound, Hyssop, Maydenhair, Scabious and Self heal. 3. In the *Heart*, as Bawm and Rosemary. 4. In the *Stomach*, as Chervil, Fennel, Marigolds, Mints, Mother of tyme, Tyme and Wormwood. 5. In the *Liver*, as Agrimony, Centaury, Costmary, Marjoram, Maudlin, Organy, Fennel and Wormwood. In the *Spleen*, as Calamint, Water cresses and Wormwood. In the *Reins and Bladder*, as Burnet, Elicampagne, Nettles, Pellitory of the wall, Rocket and Saxifrage. In the *Womb*, as Calamint, Lovage, Mother of tyme, Mugwort, Pennyroyal and Savin. 2. *Concocting Melancholy*. 1. In the *Head*, as Fumitory and Hops. 2. In the *Breast*, as Bawm and Carduus Benedictus. 3. In the *Heart*, as Bawm, Borage, Bugloss and Rosemary. 4. In the *Liver*, as Cichory, Endive and Hops. 5. In the *Spleen*, as Dodder, Harts-tongue, Tamaris and Time.

2. *Cold*, and so 1. *Cooling the Blood*; as Endive, Fumitory, Lettuce, Purslain, Sorrel, Succory, Violets and Water lillies. 2. *Cooling choller*; 1. In the *Head*; as black cherries, lettuce, nightshade, plantain, poppies and water lillies. 2. In the *Breast and Lungs*; as coltsfoot, poppies and violets. 3. In the *Heart*; as roses, sorrel, quinces, violets, wallnuts green, and water lillies. 4. In the *Stomach*; as housleek, lettuce, nightshade, purslain, quinces, roses, fengreen and violets. 5. In the *Liver*;

sendive, nightshade, purslain, succory and water lillies. 6. In the *Reins and Bladder*, as black cherries, endive, housleek, plantain, strawberries, succory, water lillies, and winter cherries. 7. In the *Womb*, as endive, lettuce, purslain, roses, succory, and water lillies.

Thus of the *Vegetable Simples*; Now follow their *Compositions*, which are,

I. *Wines*, which are, 1. *Hot*, heating 1. The *Head*, as Bettony, fennel, eyebright, rosemary, sage, and flechas. 2. The *Heart*, as Borage, and bugloss. 3. The *Breast*, as Eleccampagne, hyssop and raisins. 4. The *Stomach*, as black cherries, sorrel, and wormwood. 5. The *Liver*, as Germander. 6. The *Spleen*, as Tamarisk. 7. The *Reins and Bladder*, as Sage and winter cherries. 2. *Binding*, as Myrtles, roses and quinces. 3. *Provoking Sweat*, as Pockwood. 4. *Purging*, 1. *Phlegme*, as Squills. 2. *Choller yellow*, as Scammony. 3. *Melancholy*, as black Hellebore. 4. *Water*, as Danewort, thymelæa, and chmelæa.

II. *Decoctions*, which are, 1. *Rescient*, as Barly, cicers, and prisan. 2. *Temperate*, as the common, &c of flowers and fruits. 3. *Heating the Breast*, as the Pectoral. 4. *Aromatick*, as the two for wounded men. 5. *Sudorifick*, as Guajacum. 6. *Purgers*, of 1. The *Bloud*, as maiden hair, and fumitory. 2. *Choller yellow*, as of Fruits. 2. Of *Phlegme*, as flechas, and tyme. 3. *Melancholy*, as of Epithymum and senna of Gereon. 5. *Mixt humours*, as fumitory and myrobalsans.

III. *Syrups*, which are, 1. *Altering*, and so concocting, 1. *Choller*, 1. In the *Head*, as poppies, and water lillies. 2. In the *Breast*, as Jujubs, pomegranats, and violets. 3. In the *Stomach*, as Agrestæ, acetose, myrtles, oxysaccharate, quinces, and roses. 4. In the *Heart*, as the Acetose, citrons, limmons, and oranges. 5. In the *Liver*, as endive and succory. 2. *Phlegme*, 1. In the *Head*, as bettony, flechas, and anacardine honey. 2. In the *Breast*, as Hyssop, horehound, calamint, liquorice, maiden hair, and scabious. 3. In the *Heart*, as the Byzantine. 4. In the *Stomach*, as Mints, oxymel of squills, and common, honey of roses, and wormwood. 5. In the *Liver*, as Eupatorium, and two and five roots. 6. In the *Matrix*, as Mugwort. 3. *Melancholy*, 1. In the *Heart*, as borage, bugloss, and apples. 2. In the *Liver and Spleen*, as Hops, epithymum, spleenwort, and fumitory. 2. *Purging*, 1. *Choller*, as of Cichory with rhubarb, peach flowers, rhubarb, roses, violets, and mercurial honey. 2. *Phlegme*, as of bryony roots, hermodactyls, and oxymel helleborated, and julianizans. 3. *Mixt humors*, as Diascoreos.

IV. Lohochs, which are, 1. *Astringent*, as of diacodium, of fleawort and poppies. 2. *Absterfive*, as of Coltsfoot, colts-worts, pine kernels, horehound, bastard saffron, sorrel, squills, raisins, sanum & expertum.

V. Preserves, which are, 1. *Hot*, heating and corroborating, 1. The *Heart*, as Apples, citronpills, myrobalans, chebs, nutmegs, indian nuts, and orange pills. 2. The *Stomack*, as Acorus, aromatical reed, galingal, ginger, citron pills, indian nuts, pears, quinces, and wallnuts. 3. The *Reins*, as Bringoroots. 2. *Cold*, cooling and strengthening, 1. The *Stomack*, as myrobalans, emblicks, cherries, medlars, peaches, prunes, and services. 2. The *Liver*, as Cichory roots.

VI. Conserves, which are, 1. *Hot*, heating, 1. The *Head*, as of Acorus, bettony, eyebright, lavender flowers, marjorame, peony, roses, rosemary, sage, and stechas flowers. 2. The *Breast*, as Bawm, hyssop, and maiden hair. 3. The *Heart*, as Bawm, borage, buglosse, clove gilliflowers, orange, and rosemary flowers. 4. The *Stomack*, as Elecampane, mints, and wormwood. 5. The *Liver*, as Elder flowers, fumitory, and wormwood. 6. The *Spleen*, as Fumitory, and spleenwort. 7. The *Womb*, as Bawm, marjorame, and rosemary flowers. 2. *Cold*, cooling, 1. The *Head*, as Roses, violets, and water-lillie flowers. 2. The *Breast*, as Violets. 3. The *Heart*, as Roses, sorrel, and violets. 4. The *Stomack*, as Roses and violets. 5. The *Liver*, as Cichory, roses, and violet flowers. 6. The *Spleen*, as Roses and violets. 7. The *Reins*, as Roses. 8. The *Womb*, as Roses and violets. 9. The *Joints*, as Roses and violets.

VII. Powders, which are, 1. *Hot*, heating, 1. The *Head*, as Diacorum, diapeonias, and pleres arconticon. 2. The *Breast*, as Diapenidion, diatragacanth hot, diacalaminth, dihyssopum, diaprassum, and diathamaron. 3. The *Heart*, as Aromaticum rosatum and caryophyllatum, dianthos, and diaxyloaloes. 4. The *Stomack*, as the rosat aromatick, diagalanga, dianisum, diaxyloaloes, diacyminum, diacinnamomum, diazinziber, diaspolicum, diatrion piperion. 5. The *Liver*, as Dialacca, diacurcuma, diacinnamomum, diacalaminth. 6. The *Spleen*, as Diacapparis. 7. The *Womb*, as Diacalaminth. 2. *Cold*, cooling, 1. The *Head*, as Diapapa-ver, and diatragacanth. 2. The *Heart*, as Diarrhodon abbatis, diatrionfantalon. 3. The *Stomack*, as Diarrhodon abbatis, and diatrionfantalon. 4. The *Liver*, as Diarrhodon abbatis, diatrionfantalon. 5. The *Spleen*, as Diatrionfantalon, diarrhodon abbatis. 6. The *Womb*, as Diatrionfantalon, diarrhodon abbatis. 7. The *Joints*, as Diarrhodon abbatis, diatrionfantalon.

VIII. Eleſtuaries

VIII. Eleſtuaries, which are, 1. *Hot*, heating, 1. The *Head*, as Confectio anacardina, and theriaca diateſſaron. 2. The *Breast*; as Diaireos. 3. The *Heart*; as Confectio alkermes. 4. The *Stomack*; as Ex citro, of bay berries, and rosata novel-la. 5. The *Liver*; as Diacinnamomum. 6. The *Spleen*; as Diacapparis. 2. *Cold*; cooling, 1. The *Head*; as the Reſumptivum. 2. As for the *Second Qualities*, they are *Astringent*, as Diacydonium, miclera, and triphera minor. 3. As for the *Third Qualities*, they are, 1. *Lithonriptick*; as Lithontribon. 2. *Venereal*; as Diasatyron, diacaryon, and triphera sar. 4. As for the *Fourth Qualities*, they are, *Cathartick*; *Purging*, 1. *Choller*; as Diaprunum sol. de psyllio, and of Roses. 2. *Phlegme*; as Benedicta laxativa, diaphenicon, diaturbith, hiera picra, with Agarick, pachy, hermetis and diacolocynth. 3. *Melancholy*; as Diasena, confectio hamech, diapolypodium and hieralogadium. 4. *Mixt Humors*; as Diacarthamum, diaturbith with rhubarb, and hiera Ruffi.

IX. Pills, which are, 1. *Anodyne*, as Laudanum, ex cynoglossa, and of Syrax. 2. *Cathartick*; *Purging*, 1. *Choller*; 1. In the *Head*; as the Golden Pills, and Arabick. 2. In the *Liver*; as of Eupatorium and Rhubarb. 2. *Phlegme*; 1. In the *Head*; as the Cochie, of hiera with agarick, colequintida, alhandal, and of six and eight things. 2. In the *Breast*; as of Agarick, and hiera with agarick. 3. In the *Stomack*; as the Aloephangine, mastick, stomach, of turbith, common, and pestilential. 4. In the *Joints*; as the Arthritick, fetid, of hermodactyls, opopanax, sagapen and sarcocol. 3. *Melancholy*; In the *Liver and Spleen*, as of Fumitory, and indie. 4. *Water*; as of Euphorbium and mezereon. 5. *Mixt humors*, 1. In the *Head*; as the Cochie lucis greater and lesser, and sine quibus. 2. In the *Stomack*; as the Golden, assaireth, aloes, hiera simple, imperial, turbith, mastick, and pestilential. 3. In the *Liver*; as of three things, and halicacabum. 4. In the *whole Body*; as the Aggregative.

X. Troches, which are, 1. *Hot*, as of Xylaloes, saffron, and crocomagmadamoe. 2. *Cold*; as of Camphire and sanders. 2. As for the *Second Qualities*, they are 1. *Astringent*; as of Barberries and diaspermation. 2. *Emollient*; as of Capers. 3. *Opening*; as of bitter Almonds, benjamin, aniseed, lacca-eupatorium, myrrh, roses, rubarb, winter cherries, and wormwood. 4. *Absterfive*; as Cypheos. 5. *Anodyne*, as of Camphire, diarrhodon, diaspermation. 3. As for the *Fourth Qualities*, they are *Cathartick*; *purging*, 1. *Choller*, as of Rhubarb. 2. *Phlegme*, as of Agarick, alhandal, and hamech. 3. *Mixt Humors*, as of Violets.

XI. Oyles, which are, 1. *Hot*, heating, 1. *The Stomack*; as of Mastick, mints, nard and wormwood. 2. *The Liver*; as of bitter Almonds, mastick, nard, peaches and wormwood. 3. *The Spleen*; as of Capers, behen, lillies and spike. 4. *The Womb*; as the Cherine, dill, flower de luce, saffron and nard. 5. *The Joynts*; as of Nard, nutmegs and indian nuts. 6. *The Nerves*; as of Costus, euphorbium, mastick, pepper, sweet marjoram and elecampane. 2. *Cold*, cooling, 1. *The Head*; as of Mandrakes and poppies. 2. *The Stomack*; as the Lentisk, myrtine, myrtle, omphacine, quinces and roses. 3. *The Breast*; as of Violets and water lillies. 4. *The Liver*; as the Stomachical. 5. *The Reins*; as Water lillies. 6. *The Nerves*; as the Lentisk. 7. *The Womb*; as of Gourds, lentisk, myrris, quinces and water lillies. 3. *Dry*; as of Nard, nuts and ricinus. 4. *Moist*; as of sweet Almonds, fresh Olives, cucumers, gourds, melons, oyl pulse and violets. 2. As for the *Second Qualities*, they are, 1. *Mollifying*; as Daffodil, linseed, styrax, camomil and lillies. 2. *Resolving*; as Dill, camomil and euphorbium. 3. *Loosening*; as of sweet Almonds, gessamine and olives. 4. *Binding*; as of Mastick, mints, myrtles, myrtine, lentisk and oenanthe. 5. *Drawing*; as of Bayes, dill, Saint Johns wort and rue. 6. *Cleansing*; as of Myrrh, elder, radish and ricinus. 7. *Digesting*; as of bitter Almonds, nuts, olives and rue. 8. *Anodyne*; as of Camomil, dill, bayes, elder, Saint Johns wort, poplars, lillies, wall-flowers, almonds sweet, linseed, olives, omphacine, steawort, poppies and roses. 3. As for the *Third Qualities*, they are, 1. *Suppurating*; as of Lillies. 2. *Glutinating*; as of liquid Amber, balsam, myrrh and tabacco. 3. *Incarnating*; as sallat Oyl. 4. *Cicatrizing*; as Oyls of such Simples. 5. *Venerical*, as of Pistick nuts. 6. *Lithontriptick*; as of Cherries and citron kernels. 7. *Hypnotick*; as of Henbane, nightshade, lillies of the water, mandrakes and poppies. 4. As for the *Fourth Qualities*, they are *Cathartick*, as the Enicine and of thymelæa.

XII. Oyntments, which are, 1. *Hot*, as of Bdellium, dialthea, aregon, martiatum, Agrippæ, &c for the Stomack. 2. *Cold*, as the white and red Camphorate, Galens refrigerant, popplars, rosate and violets. 2. As for the *Second Qualities*, they are, 1. *Mollifying*, as of Biyony, dialthea, resumptivum, tetrapharmacon and artanite. 2. *Binding*; as Comitissæ, defensivum, Galeus refrigerant, citrinum, populeon, and the Pectoral. 3. *Drawing*, as the Fuscum, aregon, agrippæ, martiatum. 4. *Cleansing*, as the Citrine and egyptiack. 5. *Anodyne*, as the Anodyne, pectoral, dialthea, aregon, martiatum, resumptivum, populeon and Galens refrigerant. 6. *Hypnotick*, as Populeon. 7. *Resolving*, as of Bayes, agrippæ, aregon and martiatum.

tum. 3. As for the *Third Qualities*, they are, 1. *Suppurating*, as Basilicon. 2. *Incarnating*, as Aureum and Comitissæ. 3. *Glutinating*, as Aureum and the Citrine, and potable. 4. *Cicatrizing*, as Album and Rubrum. 4. As for the *Fourth Qualities*, they are *Cathartick*, as Agrippæ, and of Sowbread.

XIII. Cerots, which are, 1. *Hot*, as of Euphorbium, and that for the stomach. 2. *Cold*, as the santaline.

XIV. Plasters, which are, 1. *Hot*, as that for the stomach. 2. *Cold*, as that of Hemlock. 2. As for the *Second Qualities*, they are, 1. *Mollifying*, as Diachylon, Gratia Dei, that of Melilote and oxycroceuth. 2. *Binding*, as of the crust of bread, and diaphenicon. 3. *Drawing*, as of Bettony, diachylon magnum, with gums, of melilote, and oxycroceum. 4. *Cleansing*, as Isis Gal. de janua. divinum. 5. *Anodyne*, as of Bayberries, melilote, oxycroceum. 6. *Resolving*, as great Diachylon, with gums, of cumin, bayberries, melilote, and oxycroceum. 3. As for the *Third Qualities*, they are, 1. *Suppurating*, as Diachylon simple, the great, with gums, and of mucilages. 2. *Incarnating*, as of Bettony, diapalma, de janua, and nigrum. 3. *Glutinating*, as Diapalma, and nigrum. 4. *Cicatrizing*, as Diapalma.

XV. Extracts, which are, 1. *Glutinating*, as of Comfry. 2. *Spermatogenetick*, as of Satyrion. 3. *Cathartick*; Purging, 1. *Choller*, as of Rhubarb. 2. *Phlegme*, as of Agarick and Aloes. 3. *Melancholy*, as of black Hellebore.

XVI. Salts, which are, 1. *Cathartick*; Purging, 1. *By Coughing*, as of Saint Johns wort, and polypody. 2. *By Urine*, as of Camomil, bean stalks, broom, gentian, juniper, hedge hyssop, rest harrow, and wormwood. 3. *By the Womb*, as of Bawm, celondine, and mugwort. 4. *By Sweat*, as of Pokkwood.

Of all which, see more particularly in the *Book* it self, in their proper places, and in my *Panxology*, and *Pammneralogy*, &c.

Thus of *Vegetables* considered as *Medicinal* and *Alimentary*, with their principal *Differences*, in respect of the whole or parts; as *Trees* or *Herbs*, by their *Roots*, *Barks*, *Woods*, *Leaves*, *Flowers*, *Fruits*, *Buds*, *Seeds* or *Grains*, *Tears*, *Liquors*, *Gums*, *Resins*, *Juyces*, things bred thereof, and *Waters* &c. with their *Temperature* and *Qualities*, first, second, and third; and as *Appropriate* and *Medicinal* in general; As also of their *Compounds*, viz. *Spirits*, *Waters*, *Tinctures*, *Wines*, *Vinegers*, *Decoctions*, *Syrups*, *Robs*, *Lohochs*, *Preserves*, *Conserves*, *Sugars*, *Powders*, *Electuaries*, *Pills*, *Troches*, *Oyls*, *Oyntments*, *Cerecloths*, *Plaisters*, and *Chymicals*; And of *Roots*, *Barks*, *Leaves*.

Leaves. Flowers. Fruits. Buds. Grains or Pulses. Juices and Oyls. as *Alimentary*, in general, &c.

There now remaineth the more particular Enquiry therein, in the present Discourse;

To which is Added in this Edition,

The Differences of Vegetables, as to their Parts and Qualities, the *Synonymous Names of Plants*, both *Latin* and *English*; and of all *Diseases* Alphabetically: As also the Use of all *Vegetable Compositions*, of *Galen*, *Avicenna*, *Mesue*, *Nicholaus*, *Fernelius*, and *Renodius*, &c. now in use, and to be had at the *Apothecaries Shops*, according to their *Bases*, according to *Authors* (both *Ancient* and *Moderne*, *Galenical* and *Chymical*; especially *Gerard* and *Parkinson*, as to all Herbs that have Cuts therein, which are All herein mentioned (except where there's an &c.) together with their Use and Verrues: so that both those *Herbals* are here cast into one Mould, serving *Inftar omnium*, (containing more Plants, and more of each Plant than they both; yea, than the great *Bauhinus*.) with many Others; whose Vertues when mentioned, relate to the most Common Plant, first mentioned in each Chapter, except there be some particular things first Specified.

Thus Reader desiring thy health, I rest,

Thine,

R. L.



Faults escaped in the Authors Absence, in this
INTRODUCTION.

PAG. 5. line 6. read amarum. 6. l. 14. colligation. 8. l. 8. extimulation. 1. 17. tmetick. 12. l. 42. eruginous. 21. l. 35. apostumes. 22. l. 17. of heat. 23. l. 28. motional part. 1. 45. 2. ounces to 4. 51. l. 20. splinters out. 59. l. 20. acerb & acid. 63. l. 43. acon. 66. l. 29. common. 30. woodroof. 67. l. 19. bawm. bay. 68. l. 28. bawm, basil. 1. 32. pennyroyal, pol.

A Catalogue

A Catalogue of the names of Authors, as they are cited in the following Discourse, with the explication thereof, and number of their Cuts.

A Cac. Acacia.
A Cost. A Costa.
Actuar. Actuarius.
Æg. Ægineta.
Ælian. Ælianus.
Æmil. Mac. Æmilius Macer.
Æt. Ætius.
Agric. Agricola.
Agrip. Agrippa.
Ald. Aldinus.
Aldrovand. Aldrovandus.
Almeyd. Almeyda.
Alpin. Prosper Alpinus. 46.
Amat. Lus. Amatus Lusitanus.
Anguil. Anguillara.
Ant. Musa. Antonius Musa.
Apollin. Apollinaris. 141.
Apollod. Apollodorus.
Apul. Apuleius.
Aquat. Aquapendens.
Arab. Arabum.
Arist. Aristoteles.
Augen. Augenius.
Aug. Augustani.
Avic. Avicenna.
Auth. Pandect. Author Pandectarum.

B Apt. Port. Baptista Porta.
Bapt. Sard. Baptista Sardus.
Bar. Barrough.
Barth. Ang Bartholomæus Anglus.
Bauh. Bauhinus. 3547.
Bayf. Bayfield.
Begu. Beguinus.
Bellon. Bellonius.
Benz. Benzo.
Bern. Paludan. Bernardus Paludanus.
les. Hortus Blesensis.

Blochwit. Blochwitzius.
Bokel. Bokelius.
Bont. Bontius.
Bor. Borellus.
Bras. Brasavola.
Boorde. D. Boorde.
Brug. Brugis.
Brunf. Brunfelsius. 288.

C Cæsalp. Cæsalpinus.
Cam. Camerarius. 1003.
Campeg. Campegius.
Cass. Bass. Cassianus Bassus.
Castel. Castellus.
Cato.
Cels. Celsus.
Chalm. Chalmereus.
Cieca.
Clowes.
Clusi. Clusius. 1135. (exort 194.)
Col. Coles.
Columel. Columella.
Column. Columna. 205.
Cord. Cordus. 272.
Cornar. Cornarius.
Cortuf. Cortusus.
Cost. Costæus.
Crat. Crato.
Cratev. Cratevas.
Cresc. Crescentius.
Croll. Crollius.
Culp. Culpepper.
Cuzen. Cuzenus.

D Al. Dalechampius.
Dam. à Goes. Damianus à Goes.
De Laët.
Diosc. Dioscorides.
Dod. Dodonæus. 1305.

Dond:

Dond: De Dondis.
Dorst: Dorstenius.
Droet: Droetus.
Dur: Durandus.
Durant: Durantes. 879.

E Rast: Erasmus.
Ern: Ernestus.
Eyset: Hortus Eysettensis.
1083.

F Ab: Faber.
Fall: Fallopius.
Fern: Fernelius.
Ficin: Ficinus.
Florent: Florentinus.
For: Forestus.
Fracast: Fracastorius.
Freitag: Freitagius.
Fuch: Fuchsius. 516.
Fum: Fumanellus.

G Al: Galenus.
Gall: Gallorum.
Garc: Garcias.
Gaza.
Gebelk: Gebelkoverus.
Ger: Gerard.
Ger: Berg: Gerardus Bergen-
sis.
Germ: Germanorum.
Gesn: Gesnerus.
Goclen: Goclenius.
Gron: Hortus Groningensis.
Grul: Grulingius.
Guainer: Guainerius.

H Af: Hortus Hafnienfis.
Hart: Hartmannus.
Heurn: Heurnius.
Heron: Hieronymus herba-
rius.
Hipp: Hippocrates.
Hisp: Hispanorum.
Hoier: Hoierus.
Holler: Hollerius.

Horn: Hornius.
Horst: Horstius.
Hort: san: Hortus sanitatis.
Hubn: Hubnerus.
Hugo Soler: Hugo Solerius.

J Arric: Jarricus.
Ind: Indorum.
Jo: Joel.
Jo: Sparingus.
John: Johnson. 27301.
Johnst: Johnstonus.
Jordan: Jordanus.
Joub: Joubertus.
Isaac.
Isid: Isidorus.
Ital: Italorum.
Jul: Alex: Julius Alexandri-
nus.
Junck: Junckers.

K Egl: Keglerus.
Kentman: Kentmannus.
Kunr: Kunradus.

L Acun: Lacuna.
Lang: Langham.
Lemn: Lemnius.
Linschot: Linschottus.
Lipf: Lipsius.
Lob: Lobelius. 2116.
Lonic: Lonicerus. 833.
Lugd: Lugdunensis. 1587.
Lugd: Hort: Lugdunensis Hor-
tus. Bar.

M Ac: Macassius.
Maff: Maffus.
Manard: Manardus.
Matth: Matthiolus. 957.
Mef: Mesue.
Mind: Mindererus.
Miz: Mizaldus.
Monard: Monardes.
Monardus.
Montag: Montagnana;

Mont:

Mont: Montanus.
Morecot: Morecottus.
Myl: Mylius.
Myresp: Myrespus.

N Eand: Neander.
Nicand: Nicander.
Nic: Nicol Nicolaus. Niculus.
Noll: Nollus.

O ffic: Officinarum.
Orib: Oribasius.
Oved: Ovedus.

P allad: Palladius.
Palmar: Palmarius.
Parac: Paracelsus.
Parey.
Pat: Hortus Parisiensis.
Park: Perkinson. 2786.
Pat: Hortus Patavinus.
Paul: Paulus.
Pem: Peinel.
Pen. Pena.
Penot: Penotus.
Perf: Perlarum.
Pharm: Lond: Pharmacopœia
Londinensis.
Phyt: Brit: Phytologia Brittan-
nica.
Pisan: Pisanellus.
Platear: Plateatus.
Plat: Platerus.
Plaut: Plautus.
Plin: Plinius.
Plut: Plutarchus.

Q uerc: Quercetanus.

R Ab: D. Chimchi.
Rau: Rauwolfius. 42.
Read: D. Read.
Recch: Recchus.
Ren: Renalmus. 42.
Renod: Renodrus.
Rhas: Rhasis.
Ric: Ricus.

Riol: Riolanus.
Riv: Riverius.
Rondel: Rondeletius.
Rud: Rudius.
Ruell: Ruellius. 3501.
Ruland: Rulandus.
Rumf: Rumsey.

S Ala: Angelus Sala.
Savon: Savonarola.
Scalig: Scaliger.
Schenk: Schenkus.
Scholtz: Scholtzius.
Schrod: Schroderus.
Schwenckf: Schwenckfelt.
Senn: Sennertus.
Serap: Serapio.
Seren: Sam: Q. Serenus Samo-
nicus.
S: Seth: Simeon Sethi.
Smith.
Solenand: Solenander.
Stock: Stockerus.
Sylv: Sylvius.
Sylvat: Sylvaticus.

T Ab: Tabernæmontanus?
2087.
Tentzel: Tentzelius.
Terent: Terentius.
Thal: Thalius.
Theoph: Theophrastus.
Thever: Thevetus.
Tradesc: Tradescant.
Trag: Tragus. 567.
Tral: Trallianus.
Tulp: Tulpus.
Turc: Turcarum.
Turn: Turner.

V Al: de Tar: Valescus de
Taranta.
Vall: Valleriola.
Varig: Varignana.
Var: Varro.
Vesling: Veslingius.

V: Vid:

V: Vid: Vidus Vidius.
Vigon: Vigonius.
Vill: Villanovanus.
Virgil: Virgilius.
Virgin: Virginia.
Vitruv: Vitruvius.
Ulftad: Ulftadius.
Untz: Untzerus.

Wart: Hortus Warfavi-
ensis.
Weck: Weckerus.
Weinrich: Weinrichius.
Wirtzung: Wirtzungus.
Worm: Wormius.

*A TABLE of such Abbreviations as are
used in this Work.*

P. Place.	ser: a scruple.
T. Time.	drach: a dram.
N. Name.	unc: an ounce.
K. Kindes, or Species.	acetab: two ounces and an half.
T. Temperature.	lib: a pound.
V. Vertue.	sem: half.
H. Hurts. D. Dose.	an: a like quantity.
ap: applied.	m: an handful.
c: cause, causeth or caused.	a pugill: a little handful.
d: drunk.	no: in number.
f: flowers, or floured.	ferè: almost.
h: help, helpeth or helped.	10. in the first degree.
m: mix or mixed.	20. in the second degree.
pp: prepared.	30. in the third degree.
p: 2q: equal parts.	40. in the fourth degree.
q: s: or l: q: a sufficient quan- tity.	initio: in the beginning.
gr: a grain.	medio: in the middle.
ob: half a scruple.	fine: in the end.

THE



A

Abeet, see white Poplar-tree.
Ache, see Smallage.
Aconite, see Wolfes bane.
Adders grasse, see Doggs ballocks or stones.

Adders Tongue, *Ophioglossum.*

Place. It groweth in moist Meadows:
Time. It is found in Aprill and May.
Name. It's call'd *Οφιδγλωσσον*, *Lingua Serpentis*,
Lancea Christi, *Eneaphyll. lingua valneraria.*

ADDERS Tongue. Ger. *J.* Kinds. As the common,
and mishapen. Temperature. It's drie 30. Ver-
tues. The leaves stamped and boyled in oyle
Olive, untill the herbs be parched, then strained,
yeeld an excellent balsame for green wounds; Like
that of S. Johns wort. Park. It's temperate, between
hot and cold, drie 20. The juyce drunk with Horse-
taile water distilled, helpeth all Wounds, Vomiting,
flux of blood, and Whites. The powder helpeth
Ruptures; decoct in red Wine, it helpeth watering
eyes. Col: It cureth Fevers and all heat in the body.
The juyce taken in the distilled water of Oken buds,
stopps the Courses. With Hogs grease, it helpeth
S. Anthonies fire; also the leaves mixed with Swines
grease, and gently boyld, strained, and applied;
helpes burnings, hot tumors, apostumes, and spread-
ing sores: and also represse inflammations in wound;
being infused in Oyle Olive, with clear turpentine.

A

and

and insolated. It cureth the bitings of Serpents, by signature, (as some affirme.) See the *Isagoge*.

Adder-wort, see Snake-weed.

Adonis floure, *Flos Adonis*.

P. It groweth in the west part of England amongst the Corne.

T. Fl. in May, June, July, and later.

N. Ἐρανθεμόν, *Eranthemum*. *Flos Adonidis*.

Adonis floure. *Ger.* T. That with red floures according to the tast, seemeth to be something hot, but not much. V. The seed is thought to be good against the stone, the seed stamped and the powder given in Wine, Ale, or Beer, to drink, doth with great effect help the Collick: which also is affirmed by Parkinson, who saith it hath been certainly tried by experience and the first is consented to by Basb. Tabern. it's hot and dry 2^o, and is used in sudatory baths, against cold humors.

Agarick, see Larch tree.

Agnus castus. see Chast. tree.

Agrimony. *Agrimonia*.

P. It groweth in barren places, by high ways, &c.

T. It flourisheth in June and later: and seedeth in Summer.

N. Ἐυπаторίον, *Eupatoria*, *Lappa inversa* *Philanthropos*.

Agrimony. *Ger.* T. is hot and moderately binderth, it's temperate in drinesse. *Gal.* Of subtil parts, cutting and scouring: it openeth the Liver, and strengthneth it. V. The leaves decoct h. naughty livers, and pissing of blood. the seed d. in wine, h. the bloody flux, and biting of Serpents, the leaves stamped with old swines

swines grease, ap. close ulcers that be hardly healed, boyled in wine and d. it h. hepatick fluxes in old people. The water *Ag.* or water hemp, *Eupatorium annabinum* *Ger.* J. K. as the common and common Dutch *Ag.* T. the leaves and root are hot and dry 2^o. course, open, and attenuate. and d. h. scabbs, jaundice, wounds, and tertians. *Park.* K. as the bastard hemp like, and broad leaved hempe-like *Ag.* of America. V. the sweet is the best, which being decoct and d. h. the Collick and cough. ap. with swines grease, it is magneticall, and draweth out things fixed in flesh, and h. luxations; the juyce dropped into the eares h. impostumes: so the distilled water, and hemplike *Agrimony*, d. it h. dropies and all impostumes c. by cold. boyled with Fumitory in whey and d. it h. the itch. *scr.* 1. taken kills worms. *Matth.* the herb or seed d. in wine h. the dysenterie: and *unc.* 6. d. in white wine with sugar h. the strangury.

Ague tree, *Sassafras*. *

P. In the west Indies neer the sea in temperate places.

T. It is green and flourisheth all the yeare.

N. It is called by the Indians Pavame, & Winanke.

Ague tree. *Ger.* T. the wood and branches are hot and dry 2^o. of somewhat subtil parts: the rind is hotter, *sc.* 30. V. the best of the tree is the root, and that the best, which hath the rind fast cleaving to it of a rawny colour, and sweet smel. The distilled water thereof smelleth and tasteth as the Cinamon and produceth the same effects; the decoction of the wood in water, boyled to the colour of Claret wine d. for certaine dayes h. the dropie, openeth the Liver, and cureth quotidian and tertian agues, and long fevers: the root comforteth the liver and feeble stomach, c. appetite, consumeth winde, stops vomiting,

and perfumeth the breath, it provoketh urine, and c. fruitfulness. *Park*. The decoction of the branches is inwardly given in all cold diseases, and obstructions of the liver and spleen, as also in cold rheumes & defluations of the head on the teeth, eyes, or lungs, warming and drying up the moisture; and strengthening the parts. It helpeth coughs and other cold diseases in the upper parts, it also dryeth up the moisture of the wombe, which in most is the cause of barrenness, it is generally used in all diseases c. of cold, raw, thin, and corrupt humors: it h. the French disease; the leaves ap. h. wounds. *Eleſtuarium è ſaſaphras Pharm: Lond:* or, the *Eleſtuary of the Ague-tree*, opens the obstructions of the liver and spleen; h. cold rheumes, or defluations, to the lungs, teeth, or eyes; it's good in coughs and cold distempers of the lungs and breast; h. digestion, wind, and gravel of the kidneys, provokes the termes; warms and dries the moisture of the womb which often causeth barrenness, and h. all diseases of cold raw and thin humors: the D. drach sem. in the morning.

Aish weed, see Herb Gerrard.

Alder tree. *Alnus*.

P. Groweth in low and moist places.

T. The black fl. in spring. berries in Aut. the fruit of the 2d is ripe in Sept.

N. Κλήθγγ. the common, & Amedamus. The other is called *Frangula*, & *Avornus*.

Alder tree black. Ger: T. its inner barke is purging and drying. V. the infusion thereof purgeth phlegm and choller in stooles and vomit; decoct in vinegar it h. the tooth ache and scabs &c. the drier is lesse violent, the leaves c. milk in beasts. The common rough

rough leaved Al. T. the leaves and barke, are cold, drie, and astringent. V. the leaves h. hot ulcers, and all inward inflammations, as of the almonds &c. the barke serveth for the Diers. *Park*. the leaves put under the feet refresh travellers; the other's bark boyled with agrimony, wormwood, dodder, hopps, fennell, smallage, and endive roots d. h. Cachexy, P. L. also the dropsie, jaundise, rickets, appetite, scab, and itch: it strengthens the liver, spleen, and stomach, drunk every morning. the outmost bark h. lasks.

Alcock, see Costmary.

Alchoof, see, Ground joy.

Alexanders foot, see, Pellitory of Spaine.

Alexander. *Hippofelinum*.

P. Groweth almost everywhere: the 2d in Candy.

T. The seed is ripe An. 2. in Aug. the 2d fl. in June.

N. Ἰπποφύλλον. *Equapium*, *apium Sylv.* *Smyrniun petrosel. Mac.*

Alexander. Ger. T. the seeds and root are hot and drie 30 as of the garden parslly, cleansing and attenuating. V. and eaten h. the stomach; the seeds bring down the flowers, expell the secundine, break winde, provoke urine, and h. the strangury: so the root decoct with wine. That of Candy. *Smyrniun Creticum*. T. is hot and drie 30. V. the leaves dissolve wens, drie ulcers, and green wounds, the seed is opening and diuretick, and h. the lungs; the root h. the asthma and coughs. *Park*. the seed taken in wine h. the bitings of Serpents.

Alkanet. *Anchusa*.

P. Montpellier. Narberne. Kent. Cornwall.

T. Fl. in the summer months, the roots are bloody in harvest.

N. *Ἀνκυρα*. *Fucus herba*. *Onocleia*. *Buglossa* Hist. *Orchanet*.

Alkanet. Ger. *J.* as the red, yellow, and small *All.* T. the roots are cold and drie. Gal. binding, bitter and cleansing choler, the leaves are weaker. V. Diosc. a cerot of the root with oile h. old ulcers, with parched barley meal it h. the leproy, tetter & ringwormes: as a pessarie it extracts the dead birth: the decoction with hydromel, d. h. the yellow jaundice, diseases of the kidnies, the spleen, and agues. the leaves d. in wine h. laskes. the root boiled with wine and sweet butter taken, h. bruises by falling. d. with hot beere it expells the measles and pox. unc. 2. of the root with oile olive a pint, earthworms pp. n^o. 20 boiled and ap. h. deep punctures. Park. K. the tall and low. V. kill wormes, d. with hyssop and cresses. the leaves and root d. in wine h. the mother. Barb. the root boyled with oyle and whey, h. burnings: ap. with barley meale it h. the erysipelas. The other, called *Alcibiadion*, being taken, h. the bitings of venomous beasts. Plin: the leaves ap. with hony and meale h. luxations.

Alleluya, see, Wood-sorrel.

All-good, see, False or English mercury.

All-heale. *Panax*.

P. The 1. groweth in Syria, Bæotia, &c. the Clowns: *Allheale*, in moist places.

T. The 1. fl. in May to the end of Septemb. the 2. in Aug. and seedeth in Septemb.

N. *Πάναξ*. The Clowns *Allh.* is called *Stachys palust.* and aquat: & *tertiola*. the gum, *Opopanax*.

All-heale. Ger. K. as that of Hercules, and the great

great *Allh.* T. the barke of the root is hot and drye Gal: yet lesse then the juyce, sc. 30. V. the seed powdered and d. in wormewood wine h. poyson, and the bitings of venomous beasts. the leaf or root stamped with hony, till like an unguent, ap: cureth ulcers and wounds and covereth naked bones. The Clowns *Allheale*. *Panax Coloni*. T. is hot 20 dry 10. V. the leaves stamped with axungia, h. green wounds, ap. as a pulvis: so also with oile and turpentine: taking inwardly Saracens confound with hony and sugar, boiled in Claret wine. Park. K. as the American with shining leaves, the crusted berried, and costus like all heale. V. the gum of that of Herc. purgeth flegme from remote parts. ap. and d. it h. cold diseases, so the last. *Pilule de opoponace Pharm.* Lond. or the *Pills of opoponax*, h. tremblings, palsies. all gouts, cleanse the joynts, and h. coldness, of the nerves: they work strongly the D. is drach. sem: keeping warme. Also they are of affinity to *Fætidæ*, and imitate their virtues: and the D. may be drach. sem. to scr. 2. or drach. 1. in very strong bodies, taken in a morning early, in bed, and slept upon, and posset drunk or whey being used upon the workings, they extenuate, dissolve, and evacuate grosse and clammy flegme, and all cold humours; from the brain, nerves, eyes, and joynts; they break wind, ease the breast, spleen, guts, womb and bladder, loaded with the aforesaid humours, they are good against the epilepsie, cramp, palsie and such like, diseases. Schrod. the D. of the extract is drac. sem. to drach. 1.

All seed, *Attriplex sylvestris*.

P. Neere pathways, ditches and dung-hills.

T. Fl. and seedeth in June, to the end of Aug.

N. *Ἀτρίπλεξ ὄξυλα*. *Polyspermon Cassani Baffi*.

All seed, or Arrach wild. T. Gal. is moist & cold

'cold 10 see *Orach. Col. K.* as the great common wild, narrow leaved, and wild *Arrach* with so much seed that it is called *All seed. V.* The common wild *Arraches*, are nere as cold as the garden sorts, but more drying, serving cheifly for inflammations, being applyed outwardly thereunto; applyed they cool apostumes, & h. S. Anthonies fire, and such like maladies: so *Park.* applyed they dissolve tumours, with vinegar and nitre ease paine of the Goute, and cure scabbed nailes.

Almond tree. *Amygdalus.*

P. Hot regions, any where if planted.

T. Fl. with the Peach: the fruit is ripe in Aug.

N. Ἀμυγδαλή. *Nuces graeca* Caton: the fruit *amygdalum.*

Almonds. *Ger. T.* the sweet, dried, are moderately hot; the bitter are hot and drie 20 and fat. *V.* the sweet are nourishing, grosse when fresh, and bind the belly. The *milke* h. the lask, the bloody fluxe, and plurisie, opening, concocting, and cleansing, they h. the chest and lungs, and raise up rotten humours, taken before meat they stop the belly, with barley water, h. feavers, the oyle of the sweet *Almonds* h. all aches, and plurisies; d. after phlebotomy: and stone of the kidnies, it lubricates the ureters, opens the belly, h. collick, and womens throwes, smooths the face, and cleanseth the skin. *Oleum amygdalarum dulcium, Pharm. Lond.* or the oyle of sweet almonds, h. roughnesse and forenesse of the throat, and stomach, and pluresies. It increaseth, feed, easeth coughs, and hecrick feavers; injected, it h. the scalding of urine, and ulcers in the bladder, reines, and matrice the *D.* is *unc. sem.* alone, or with the syrup of violets taking a spoonfull at a time, still shaking them together.

ther: It's to be used new, if taken inwardly. Also it h. hoaisnesse mixed with *loboch sanum*, or sugar candy. a spoonfull h. young children choaked with phlegme. It's good drunk in the dysentery, and after strong purgers *unc. 1. or 2.* in the evening, to take away the acrimony and malignity. *Senn.* also the oile of sweet almonds, h. the doglike appetite, and used to the duggs, it h. their gracility and hidennes. *Bitter Almonds* attenuate and open the liver, and spleen, h. paine of the side, open the body, provoke urine, bring down the menses, h. strangury, with a looch cleanse the lungs: and with starch stay hæmoptysis. 5 or 6 taken fasting keep from drunkenesse, they mundify the skin and ulcers; with hony h. the bitings of mad doggs: and ap. with vinegar h. head ach, cough and shortnesse of wind. the oyle d. is diuretick: so ap. *Oleum amygd. amar. P. L.* or the oile of bitter almonds, opens obstructions, h. deafness if dropped in. It h. hard nervs, & spots in the face, & is seldome taken inwardly. Also it discusses winds and vapours. It helps paines and noise of ears. annointed it h. the great bellies of children and the dropfie, and provokes urine with the oile of scorpions, so used. *Diosc.* the gum healeth and bindeth, h. hæmoptysis, paines of the stone, sharpnesse of urine, decoct with liquorish, and terrors dissolved in vinegar. *Park.* *V.* the oile with powder of sugar candy, h. dry coughs, and women after travel: the powder of the cakes smooths the skin: the bitter, with amyllum and mints h. the hæmoptysis.

Aloes. *Aloe.*

P. India, Arabia, Ægypt, Asia, Spaine and nigh the Sea.

T. It is alwaies green. Fl. in the summer months.

N. Ἀλόη. *Amphibion. Sempervivum. Sedum.*

Aloes. *Ger. J. K.* as the common, and prickly. *T.* the juice

Juyce is hot 2^o drie 3^o. very bitter : emplaſtick, and ſomething binding, ap. V. it purgeth the belly, comforteth the ſtomack, it purgeth more *if not waſhed* : if ſo, (by warme water evaporated) it more ſtrengtheneth the ſtomack & purgeth choller out of the next paſſages : it preſerveth from putrefaction, killeth worms, h. ſtinking breath, & openeth the piles; taken in a ſmal q. it c. monthly courſes, & openeth obſtructions, *drach. 1.* taken. It helps wounds, cleanſeth ulcers, as in the fundament, &c. its put into medicines which ſtanch bleeding; and h. the eyes, troubled with roughneſſe and itching. with vinegar and oyle of roſes ap. it h. headach, & with wine, the falling of the haire. with wine & hony h. ſwellings & ulcers of the mouth: with hony, the ſpots coming of ſtripes; the juyce, *aloe ſuccotrina*, purgeth phlegmatick, cold & cholerick humours, in plethorick bodies, *drach. 2.* taken in a ſtewed prune, expell ſuperfluous humours, h. the jaundice and all fluxes of blood; ſo ap. *Lignum aloes*. T. is moderately hot and drie, of ſomewhat ſubtil parts : taken it h. moiſt ſtomacks and weakeliſſes; the dyſente y and pluriſies, and is cordiall; chewed it *perfumes* the breath; if burnt, the ſmell. *Schrod.* the D. of the *extraſt* is gr. 4. to 10. *Park.* V. the *leaves* of the herb h. ſcalding, the *juyce* ap. with oyle of wormewood to the navill kills wormes. The *American*. T. is bitter and ſharp, the *juyce* h. wounds and old ſores, with wormewood the wounds of Serpents: the *fume* taken h. the French diſeaſe. *Lang.* Aloes anointed with roſe water, kills crablice; ſo with ceruſe and oyle of roſes, or ſwines greaſe: one part & a half of aloes, with two of Frankinſenſe, and the white of an egge and hares ſurr h. the aneurisme. *Hiera picra ſimplex Gal. Pharm. Lond.* is excellent for vicious juyces ſurring the tunicle of the ſtomack and idle fancies cauſed thereby, eſpecially between ſleeping and waking: it gently purgeth the belly, and h. women not well purged after travell. It may be made up into pills with honey, and

ſcr. 1.

ſcr. 1. taken at night, drinking a draught of broth in the morning. Alſo *drach. 2.* or 3. given in wormewood Rheniſh wine with *unc. ſem.* of ſyrup of mugwort compound, will provoke the termes, and help the green ſickneſſe. *Pilula A'ephanginae, Pharm. Lond.* or *A'ephangine pills*, ſtrengthen, and cleanſe the ſtomack and brain of groſſe and putrified humours, and ſtee from the troubles of the ſame. They cleanſe the brain offended by ill humours, and winde &c. h. vertigoes, and the head ache, and ſtrengthen the brain, h. concoction, and ſtrengthen the ſtomack: the D. is *drach. 1.* taken at bed time. *Pil. de aloe lotâ.* Or the *pills of waſhed aloes*, purge the brain, ſtomack, bowels, and eyes of putrified humours, and ſtrengthen them; they may be uſed as the ſubſequent. Alſo they purge more effectually then Alephangine pills, which are rather ſtrengthening then purgative. It's a well compoſed pill, and cheers and recreates the mind and ſpirits. 1. or 2. may be uſed familiarly before ſupper, by ſuch as are coſtive, troubled with crudities, dim ſighted, dulwitted, heavy hearted, or otherwiſe indiſpoſed, twice or thrice in a week, and a man may follow his occaſions: the D. is *drach. 1.* or *drach 1. ſem.* in the morning the patient keeping houſe. *Pil. de aloe roſata.* or the *Roſate aloe pills*, are a fine gentle purger of choller, ridde the ſtomack from ſuperfluous humours, open ſtoppings, and other infirmities of the body cauſed by choller and phlegm, as the yellow jaundice, &c. and much ſtrengthen the body; the D. *ſcr. 1.* or *drach. ſem.* at night. *Pil. aurea*, or the *Golden pills*, purge the head, quickeneth the ſenſes, cheiſly the ſight, and expell wind from the bowels but work ſtrongly. The D. is *drach. ſem.* in the morning. Alſo they are ſo called from their effects in purging the head, quickning the eye: ſight, voyding winde from the ſtomack and guts, and that without trouble. the D. may be *drach. 1.* in 5. pills, 2 may be taken at night, and the other 3 in the morning.

Trochiſes

Juyce is hot 2^o drie 3^o. very bitter : emplaſtick, and ſomething binding, ap. V. it purgeth the belly, comforteth the ſtomack, it purgeth more *if not waſhed* : if ſo, (by warme water evaporated) it more ſtrengtheneth the ſtomack & purgeth choller out of the next paſſages : it preſerveth from putrefaction, killeth worms, h. ſtinking breath, & openeth the piles; taken in a ſmal q. it c. monthly courſes, & openeth obſtructions, *drach. 1.* taken. It helps wounds, cleanſeth ulcers, as in the fundament, &c. its put into medicines which ſtanch bleeding; and h. the eyes, troubled with roughneſſe and itching. with vinegar and oyle of roſes ap. it h. headach, & with wine, the falling of the haire. with wine & hony h. ſwellings & ulcers of the mouth: with hony, the ſpots coming of ſtripes; the juyce, *aloe ſuccotrina*, purgeth phlegmatick, cold & cholerick humours, in plethorick bodies, *drach. 2.* taken in a ſewed prune, expell ſuperfluous humours, h. the jaundice and all fluxes of blood; ſo ap. *Lignum aloes*. T. is moderately hot and drie, of ſomewhat ſubtil parts : taken it h. moiſt ſtomacks and weakeliſſes; the dyſente y and pluriſies, and is cordiall; chewed it *perfumes* the breath; if burnt, the ſmell. *Schrod.* the D. of the *extraſt* is gr. 4. to 10. *Park. V.* the leaves of the herb h. ſcalding, the juyce ap. with oyle of wormewood to the navill kills wormes. The *American*. T. is bitter and ſharp, the juyce h. wounds and old ſores, with wormewood the wounds of Serpents: the *fume* taken h. the French diſeaſe. *Lang.* Aloes anointed with roſe-water, kills crablice; ſo with ceruſe and oyle of roſes, or ſwines greaſe: one part & a half of aloes, with two of Frankinſenſe, and the white of an egge and hares furr h. the aneurifme. *Hiera picra ſimplex Gal. Pharm. Lond.* is excellent for vicious juyces furring the tunicle of the ſtomack and idle fancies cauſed thereby, eſpecially between ſleeping and waking: it gently purgeth the belly, and h. women not well purged after travell. It may be made up into pills with honey, and

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Trochiſes

Trochises de ligno aloes: or the *Troches* of the wood of Aloes, strengthen the heart, stomach, and liver, h. heart qualmes, faintings, and stinking breath, and the drop sic. The D. is scr. sem. in the morning. Also they expell wind, strengthen appetite, provoke urin, generation, and cause fruitfulness. *Schrod.* the D. of the extract of aloes, is scr. i. to drach. sem. *Ern.* the oyle purgeth ap. to the navil.

Anemonie. *Anemone.*

P. They grow not wild in England, or rarely.

T. Fl. in Jan. to the end of April.

N. Ἀνεμώνη. *Herba venti. Ranunculus sy'varum. Leimonia Th.*

Anemonie. Ger. J. K. as the purple, double scarlet, great double of Bythynia, & single, chesnut, broad leaved, double yellow, storks bill, *Mathiolus's* white, three leaved, and poppy wind flower. T. are all sharpe and binding. V. the juyce snuffed up into the nose, mightily purgeth the head. the root chewed, is an apophlegmatisme. In collyries, it easeth inflamed eys. the juyce cleanseth corrosive ulcers the leaves & stalks boyled & eaten, cause milke: provoke termes, & ease the leprosie, in bathes. The other Anemonies of *Johns.* K. as the broad leaved skarlet, the skarlet with the large flower, broad leaved of *Const.* small leaved with the sanguine flowre, small leaved skarlet, light purple small leaved, striped flesh coloured, small leaved double crimson, and double darke purple Anemonie. T. are hot and biting, the juyce h. scarres of the eyes. *Trallian.* the flowers beaten in oyle ap. cause haire to grow: and agree with the 1. The wilde. *Anemone nemorum.* Ger. J. K. as the yellow, white, double white wood, and double purplish wood Anemonie. T. V. agree with the garden Anemonies. Col. the root chewed, purgeth water and phlegme very forcibly, therefore h. the Lethargie

Lethargy, by spitting. *Park.* the leaves are used in the ointment martiatum and h. cold distempers.

Amee, see Bishops-weed.

Anet. *Anethum.*

P. Gardens and other places.

T. Fl. and seedeth in Aug.

N. Ἀνηθον. *Anetum, Dill. and So called by all.*

Anet, Ger. Gal. is hot fine 2di drie initio. V. the decoction of the dried tops, and seed d. causeth milke, h. windiness, provoketh urine, increaseth sperme, and stayeth the hicket: so smelled to or ap. with wormewood wine. Gal. the seed burnt and ap. to moist ulcers, healeth them, as in the secret parts: the oyle in which it is boyled, is digesting, and anodyne: causeth sleepe, concocteth humors, and provoketh lust. the fume of dill boyled in wine, h. the suffocation of the mother. *Park.* T. it's hot 3o drie 2o. green: drie, 3o and digesting. V. boyled and d. it h. pains and swellings, stops the flux, and vomiting. h. windiness of the mother and much d. h. venery. *Oleum Anetinum Pharm. Lond.* Or the oyle of dill, doth moderately digest, aswage pain of the head and nerves, and procures sleepe. Also it opens the pores of the veines, and so helps the ventilation of the blood, h. convulsions anointed on the part, and the cramp, and aswages pains of the joynts: It heats, dissolves, and discusseth wind: It comforts the nerves, and h. weariness after journeying or or hard labour.

Angelica. *Angelica.*

P. In gardens sc. the 1. the rest in fields &c.

T. Fl. in July and Aug. the roots perish after the seed.

N. Ἀγγελική. *radix spiritus S: the last archangelica.*

Angelica Ger. J. K. as the garden wild, and great wilde

wild Ang. T. especially that of the garden, is hot and drie 30, opening, attenuating, digesting, and hy-drotick. V. the root of the garden Angelica h. poyson, plague and all infections by corrupt aire, chewed in the mouth, and that by urine and sweat. it h. pestilent fevers, *drach. 1.* of the powder d. with thin wine, the distilled water of card. b. or of tormentil, vineger, or treacle: it openeth the liver and spleen, draweth down termes, and expelleth the secundine the root d. in wine h. the cold shivering of agues, the root green h. the asthma, by expectoration. it h. surfering, loathing of meate, c. concoction, comforteth the heart, and cureth the bitings of venomous beasts: so the *wild*, but lesse effectually. *Park. K.* as the mountain, and great water *Ang. V.* the distilled water h. all pains of cold and winde 3 spoonesfulls taken at once, and with the powder of the root h. the pleurisie and diseases of the breast, collick, strangury, tumors, and stoppages, the juyce ap. h. the scotoma, deafnesse, tooth-ach, ulcers, and sciatica. *Pemb.* the distilled water d. h. the mother, and ap. h. the gout. *Spiritus & Aqua angelica magis composita pharm:* Lond: or Spirit, and water of Angelica of the greater composition, strengthens the heart, and resists infections; It's good in time of pestilence and stinking aire. That in the former dispensatory, comforts the heart, cherisheth the vitall spirits resists the pestilence, and corrupt aires, which cause epidemical diseases: the D. is to the sick *Cochl. 1.* in a convenient cordial; others that are cold may take it fasting or before meate. *Bayf.* Angelica water, used outwardly, h. the palpitation of the heart, rarifies the habit of the body, and somewhat dissolveth flatulencies, with fomentations or aromatics. It h. poysonous, crudities of the stomach, and diseases of the matrix: the D. is *drach. 2.* to 6. Also the greater composition of the spirit and water, exhilarates, and revives the melancholick person with common borrage and buglosse waters; and h. bad memories from

from cold and moisture of the brain, with sage and lavender waters, and syrup of Rzechados. *Schrod.* the D. of the extract is scrup. sem. to drac sem.

Aniseed. *Anisum.*

P. Candy, Syria: the East Countries and Gardens.
T. Its to be sown in May: the seed is ripe in August.
N. Ависов. Matahalna, yerva dulce Hisp.

Aniseed. *Ger. J. K.* as the common and starry headed *An. T. Gal.* the seed is hot and drie 30, as others 2, or drie 1 hot 2. V. the seed h. wind and belchings, and gripings of the belly: gently provokerh urine, causeth milke, and lust, h. lakkes and the whites, chewed it sweetens the breath, h. short wind, and dropsie; quencheth thirst, and h. the hicket; dried and taken with hony, it clenseth the breast from flegme; with bitter Almonds it h. old coughs, it prevents falling sicknesse, and with hony, vineger and hysope gently boyled, h. Squinancy being gargled. *Lang.* the seeds bound in a linnen cloth and smelled to, prevent evill dreams, and starting in sleep. *Park. V.* the seeds h. consumptions, decoct with figgs and liconish. 3 or 4 dropps of the oyle d. in wine, h. giddinesse; ap. it draws things out of the eyes, and h. bitings, so: the seed with oile of roses ap. it h. the cares; the quintessence h. convulsions. *Dianisum pharm: Lond.* or powder of Aniseeds compounded, chiefly helps the stomach, and its cold distempers, raw flegme, wind, continuall coughs, and other cold diseases: the D. is *drac. 1.* *Trochisci de aniso Mes. p. 2.* or the Troches of Aniseeds, gently open obstructions of the liver, and diseases thereby, as also quartain agues. *Oleum de aniso,* or the chymical oyle of Aniseed, h. vertigoes, narrownes of the breast, rawnesse and wind in the stomach, all infirmities there, of cold and wind, and strengthens the nerves. the D. is 6, drops, to be taken in broth

broth, or any other convenient liquor. Its chief appropriation is to the lungs and breast.

Appletree. *Malus*

P. Orchards, and fertile ground: the rest in horsedung.
T. It blooms in Aprill, and May: the fr: is ripe in July and September.

N. *Μαλίνα*, *Malum* the fruit, and *Pomus* the tree.

Apples. Ger. K. as the pome-water, Bakers ditch apple, the *Queening*. the summer and Winter *Pearl-maine*. T. are all cold and moist superfluously; the sweet are not so cold and moist, but more nutritive and descend more slowly: the *soure* are colder and moister, lesse nourishment, and eaten before meat, mollify the body; the *austere* unripe are cold, c. grosse blood, winde, and the colick, the *middle tasted* retain the faculties of the other. V. the roasted are better then the *raw*: apples h. a hot stomach; the *austere* strengthen it enfeebled by heat: and ap. h. all inflammations. the *juyce* of the sweet and *middle tasted* temper melancholy; the ointment of the *pulpe*, with swines grease and rose water, beautifieth the face, and h. rough skinned: the *pulpe* of the roasted, no: 4 or 5. especially of the *pomewater* apples m: in a quart of faire water, till like *lamb's wool*, and d. last at night, h. the strangury, and gonorrhoea's, &c. the *leaves* coole and binde, and h. inflammations in the beginning: apples cut in pieces and distilled with camphire and butter milke, h. the markes of the small pocks, ap: in their state: taking also milke with saffron, or mithridated. *Mad apples.* Ger. *mala insana*. T. are cold *ferè* 4^o and hurtfull; yet those of *Toledo* eat them with scraped cheese pickled, to procure lust. The *apples of love*, or *Golden apples*, *poma amoris*. Ger. are very cold, and moist. V. they are olygotrophicke and cacoehymicke, yet in hot countries are eaten, boiled with pepper

pepper, salt, and oyle. The *Æthiopian apples*, *mala Æthiopica*. T. are as those of Love. V. they are eaten as sauce, as the former. The *thorny apples* and those of *Pern*. T. are cold 4^o and narcoticke as *Man-drake*. V. the *juyce* boyled with axungia to a salve, h. all inflammations and burnings: and the *leaves* with oile olive boyled till crisped and strained, then with wax, rosin, and a little turpentine boyled to a salve, h. old ulcers and sores of the secrets, and new wounds. *Park*. V. the *soure apples* h. thirst, the sharp cut flegme, and h. the appetite, the rotten h. inflammations. *Adams apple*. T. as lemons, yet milder: dissect and ap. with powder of brimstone, heated under cinders, it h. the itch and scabbs. The *Indian*. T. is binding, and h. laskes. The *rart Indian* h. the appetite, and chollerick agues: and ap. the web in the eye. *Thornie apples*, *framonium*. V. the seed h. the stone and urine. *Adams apple*, *Serap. fructus musæ*. T. heateth and moistneth *sine primi*. V. the fr. is of little nourishment, h. a hot breast, the lungs and bladder, provoketh urine, and c. venery, too much eaten it hurts the stomach & stops the liver. *Syrupus de pomis alterans Pharm. Lond.* or *Syrup of Apples*, is a fine cooling syrup, for hot hearts and stomachs; it may be used in feavers, being loosening. It causeth good blood, h. hectic feavers, and palpitation of the heart, quencherh thirst in feavers, and h. hickoughs; the D. is *unc. i.* in the morning. Also it's designed to temper and digest melancholy and black choller; it cheers the hearts and spirits of hypocondriacall and melancholick persons. *unc. i.* or 2. may be taken in a morning in borage water, so in the afternoone; such as are melancholick and cannot forbear wine may sweeten their cupps therewith. A pint of Cider sweetened with a spoonefull or 2 of this syrup is a good cordial julep for melancholick persons. *Syrupus de pomis purgans Reg. Sap.* or the *Purging Syrup*, is a cooling purge, rectifies the blood, purgeth choller and melancholy, h. the black and yellow

yellow jaundise, madnesse, scurfe, leprosie, and scabs, and is gentle. *unc. 1.* taken in the morning h. scabs in children. *Syr. de pom. Magistrat.* or the *Magisterial syrup*, purgeth adust choller, and melancholy, and resists madnesse, *sc. unc. 1.* with of the decoction of *Epithymum. unguentum pomatum*, or the ointment of apples, softens and supples the roughnesse of the skin, and h. the chaps of the lips, hands, face, and other parts. also it whitens and smoothes the skin, when sunburnt, and rough with the north wind. It takes spots from the face, hinders scurf, and asswages the fierce rednesse and roughnesse thereof. Its very good against burnings with oyle of water-lillies and cerusse. Annointed upon the forehead, temples, pulses, and soles of the feet, it causeth sweet sleepe to bodie disorderd with heat, labour, and travail; the *extraell* of the root bearing acid fruit, h. all fluxes, as the dysentery, hientery, diarrhea, and hepatic flux:

Apricock-tree. *Malus Armen.*

P. Gardens, against walls.

T. Fl. in April, the fruit is ripe in July.

N. Περσικόκκρια. *Præcocia*, the lesser, *Chrysomelon*:

Apricocks. *Ger. K.* as the greater and lesser. **T.** are cold and moist 2^o yet not so moist as Peaches. **V.** they are more wholsome to the stomach then Peaches, oligotrophick, and full of excrements: they putrifie taken after meate: and before it, cause other meats to descend as Peaches; the Kernel is sweet; the leaves not yet used. **Park. V.** Apricocks have no use in Physick. **Matth.** the oyle of the kernells h. inflamed piles, tumors, hoarseness, and pains of the eares. *unc. 5. d. with unc. 1.* of muscadell, h. the stone and collick. *Oleum chrysomelinum*, *Pharm. Lond.* or the oyle of Apricocks. h. hardnesse and pain of the nerves, and a tisick from a cold cause, annointed on the chest or taken inwardly. It helps cold distem-

pers

pers of the womb in an injection or taken. It kills wormes, and cures many deformities of the skin. It h. the stone, and difficulty of urine, shortnesse of breath, and the spleen. It heats, cuts, makes thin, digests, and powerfully cleanseth. It h. noises of the eares, freckles in the face, softens hardnesse in any part. asswageth the pain of the sinews, discusseth wind, and opens obstructions. It hath the faculties of that of bitter almonds; and they may be used the one for the other; they h. the hemorrhoides swollen or pained.

Arch-angel. *Lamium.*

P. By hedges, walls, waies, borders of the fields:

T. Fl. all summer, chiefly the beginning of May.

N. Γαλιόψις. *Urtica iners*, & *mortua*, *Archangelica*.

Arch-angel, *Ger. J. K.* as the white, yellow, red, Hungary, hedge, and Hungary with the variegated floure. **T.** they are hotter and drier then nettles, nigh to hore-hound. **V.** stamped with vineger and ap. as a pultis, they h. wens, hard swellings, the Kings evill, inflamed kernels under the eares and jawes, neck, arme holes, and flanks: so bathed being decoct, the white flowres conserved and taken, stay the whites; the distilled water c. a good colour, mirth, and refresheth the vitall spirits. **Park.** also the Spanish: **V.** as the rest h. obstructions and hard spleenes d. and ap. it h. the gout, and draweth out splinters, and stopps bleeding ap: to the neck.

Arach. see, Orach.

Argemony, see, Bastard poppy.

Argentil, see, Percepier.

Aron, see, Wake Robin.

Aromat,

Aromaticall reed, *Acorus*.

P. The 1. in gardens, planted: the 2d in Arabia.

T. They put forth their leaves in spring.

N. *Ἀνάγον. Calamus Aromaticus*, to which *Acorus* is a substitute.

Aromaticall reed. Ger. K. as the true *acorus*, and true aromaticall reed of the antients. T. Diosc. the roots are hot Gal. Plin. hot and of subtil parts. V. the decoction of the root of *calamus* d. Provoketh urine, h. pain in the side, liver, spleen, and brest; convulsions, gripings, and burstings, and h. strangury, provokes the courses d. or the fume taken; the juice with hony h. dimme eyes, the hardnesse of the spleen and all infirmities of the blood: the root boiled in wine, stamped and ap. to the secret parts h. all swellings, and hardnesse thereof. scr. 2. sem. of the root d. in unc. 4. of muskadel, h. bruises by falls, the root is alexipharmick, and in *lobocks* h. the chest oppress'd with cold humours. *Johns.* the root preserv'd h. the stomach, and prevents contagion by the aire. Diosc. the best *acorus* is wel compact, white within & full. The true *calamus* Diosc. d. is diureticall, and boyled with the roots of grasse or smallage seeds h. those that are hydropick, nephretick, troubled with the strangury, or bruised, it moves the courses d. or ap. the fume taken by the mouth with dried turpentine h. the cough; its used also in perfumes, baths for women, decoctions for clysters, and in plaisters for its smell. Park. *Acorus* taken with wormwood wine h. cold stomachs: and ap. h. tumours. *Diacorum* Ph. Lond. or the *Electuary* of *Acorus*, provokes lust, heats the braine, strengthens the nerves, quickens the senses; c. an acute wat. easeth pains in the head; h. the epilepsie, spaine, cough, catarrhe, and all diseases from coldness of the braine: the D. is drach. sem. at a time, it being hot. Schrod. the extract. of the root of *acorus* h. the collick, the D. is scr. 1. Ern. the oyle of *calamus aromaticus*, h. the memory, headach, cold catarrhs,

catarrhs, a weak sight and stomach, fainting, vomiting, suppression of the terms, suffocation of the womb, heats the stomach, cleanseth, openeth the reins, breaks the stone, stops the flux of the seed and urine, restores the haire, and h. melancholy and madness.

Arrow head. *Sagittaria*.

P. In the ditches, as neer Oxford. &c.

T. Fl. in May and June.

N. *ἰσίδρα. Magopistana, Lingua serpentis.*

Arrow head. Ger. K. as the great, small, and narrow leaved. T. are cold and drie. V. like plantain in faculty and temper. Lugd. cold and moist, but they are rather cold and dry, and astringent like plantain: so the seed given in wine h. fluxes, spitting of blood, the fretting in the guts, distillations, bloody urine, & consumptions, the seed d. h. the dropsie, and falling sickness; the powder of the leaves kills wormes, and ap. h. sores inflamed.

Arsmart. *Persicaria*.

P. Moist places, almost every where.

T. Fl. from June to August.

N. *ὑδρονέμεα. Hydropiper*, the 2d plumbago, the 4th noli ne tangere.

Arsmart. Ger. 7. K. as the common, dead or spotted, small creeping, and coddled Ar. T. Gal. it is hot & drie, yet not so hot as pepper; the dead is cold and something drie. V. the leaves & seed wast all cold swellings. it dissolves the congealed blood of bruises, bruised & ap. to a fellon for an houre it h. the pain; and laid under the saddle refresheth the tyred horse. The dead

Head Ar. ap. h. inflammations & green wounds, boyled with oyle olive, wax, & turpentine. The 4th Lob is venemous. Trag. a vomitorie; yet doubtfull. Park. V. the middle h. putrid ulcers & ap. killeth worms. The root ap. h. the tooth ach, the juyce dropped into the eares killeth wormes therein, and fleas. Col. the water ap. with aqua vitæ h. goutes and aches.

Artichoke. *Cinera.*

*P. A fat ground set with ashes.
T. 'Tis planted in Novemb. the slips in Aprill.
N. Κυνάρα. Scolymus Diosc. Καλός Theoph.*

*Artichocke. Ger. K. as the great red, great white, and wild Art. T. is cacochymick, and cholerick juyce. V. the nailes and middle pulpe with pepper and salt, boyled with fat flesh, c. lust: so the ribbs, and are windy. It stayeth the gonorrhœa: the buds steeped in wine, & eaten, provoke urine and lust. the root h. the smell of the armerholes, decoct in wine, and d. the pith being taken out: for it expells stinking urine. The Jerusalem Art: *Flos solis Pyramidalis.* T. are windy. V. and become meate (yet of evill juyce) boyled and stewed with sack and butter, with a little ginger, or baked in pies, with marrow, dates, ginger, raisins of the sun, sack, &c. they cure torments of the belly. And as Artichocks are thought to be hot and dry 20 the infusion of the buds provokes urine.*

Asarabacca. *Asarum.*

*P. In shadowie places, and Gardens.
T. It's alwaies green, Fl: in spring.
N. Ἀσμεγν. Nardus rustica, Perperisa.*

*Asarabacca. Ger. K: as the common, and Italian.
T. the leaves are hot and drie, purging, with astri-*
tion:

tion: the roots are more hot and drie, of subtil parts: they procure urine, and the menses, and are stronger then the roots of Acorus. V. the leaves by vomit, bring out phlegme and choler, and move the belly more forcibly then the roots; the roots h. stoppeing of the liver, gall, and spleen, wens hard swellings and longagues, and in a greater q. operate as the leaves. drach. 1. of the root powdred d. in ale or wine if grosse, c. vomit: if fine it's diuretick. or drach. 3. or 4, if infused in whey or honied water: or 9 leaves stamped: it also h. the sciatica, dropisie, and quartran agues: given as a vomit. Pem. d. it h. the green-sicknesse, and asthma: ap. it h. wounds, cold headaches, and drieth up milke; it's not to be given to weake bodie, or women with child. Park. K. as the Virginian, and bastard. V. this attenuats and cleanseth. Scrod. the D. of the extract of alcali-fate asarum, is scr. 1. to scr. 2.

Ash tree, *Fraxinus.*

*P. Moist, as about meadowes, the 2d on mountains.
T. Leaves and keyes in April and May. the 2d. Fl: in May. berries in Sept.
N Μαλία, Ornus, orneoglossum. sc: the wild: the seed lingua avis.*

*Ash-tree. Ger. T. the leaves and barke are drie and moderately hot, the seed hot and drie 20. V. the leaves d. and ap. h. bitings of vipers: and stop the belly; so the barke, boiled in water and vineger, they stay vomiting ap. to the stomach; boiled in wine and d. they open the liver and spleen, and corroborate them; 3 leaves d. in wine every morning make leane, the keyes provoke urine, increase sperm, and cause lust, powdred with nutmeggs and d. the shavings of the wood d. are deadly: lee made of the ashes of the barke h. the scurfe and rough skin. The wild ash, or Quicken-tree, bubula, V. the leaves boiled
in*

in wine, h. pain in the side, stoppings of the liver, dropfic, and tympany. *Park.* the oile of the wood m. with water of violet fl. h. pimples.

Aspen tree, or Poplar, *Populus.*

P. Meadows, ditches, and by water sides.

T. The buds in March and beginning of April, then is be gathered.

N. The 1. *Λεύκη*, *farfarius*, the 2d *αἰγυρῶς*, the 3d *καρκίς*, *Lybica Plinii.*

Aspen-tree or poplar, *Ger. J. K.* as the white, black, aspen, Indian, and lesser leav'd white Poplar. *T. Gal.* the white cleanseth, and is of a watric warm thin earthy substance. *V. Diosc. drach. 1.* of the bark d. h. the sciatica and strangury: the leaves d. c. women to be barren; the juyce dropped into the eares h. their paine. the rosin of the black poplar buds is hot and drie, of thin parts, attenuating, mollifying, and anodyne: so the leaves, yet more weake, and with the young buds h. paines of the gout ap. with May butter as an ointment. the ointment of the buds h. all inflammations, bruises, and falls. *Park. V.* the water dropping from the black poplar h. warts and pustles, the seed d. h. the falling sicknesse. *Oleum-populeum Nich. Pharm. Lond.* or the oile of poplar buds is fine and coole; but the ointment is better. Also it h. the head ache, pains of the joynts, kidnies, gout paine, and paines in any part of the body; and causeth rest smeared on the forehead and temples, sniffed into the nostrills, and smeared upon the pulses and soles of the feet. *Unguentum populeum*, or the Ointment of poplar buds, is very good in burnings, scaldings and inflammations. It h. the heat of the head and kidnies. used to the temples it provokes sleep. *Bar.* It h. phlegmons, burning of agues, and greiv heat of the head & kidnies. *Brug.* It h. paine of the scurvy, and in any part of the body, or

after

after a caustick ap. upon a plegent. In feavers if they be used to the temples, palmes of the hands, and soles of the feet; and is cold and moist. Also with oyle of roses or violets, or both, it h. in fevers, to assuage the burning heat, being annointed upon the back bones, pulses, temples and soles of the feet. It stopps the gonorrhæa annointed upon the back, shære, and testicles.

Asphodill, *Asphodelus.*

P. In France, Italy, and Spaine naturally, and in gardens here.

T. Fl. in May and June, beginning below.

N. *Ἀσφοδελῶς*. *Albucum.* that of the water, is called *Pseudoasphod.*

Asphodill. *Ger. J. K.* as the white, branched, red, yellow, and dwarf *Asph.* *T.* are hot and dry fere 3^o. *V. Diosc. Æt.* the roots eaten provoke urine, and the termes, especially being stamped, and strained with wine and d. *drach. 1.* d. in wine h. pains in the sides, ruptures, convulsions, and old coughs: the roots boyled in dreggs of wine h. phagedens, all inflammations of the duggs or secret parts, and ease the fellon ap. as a *pultis. Ph.* they cleanse ulcers, and h. the morpnew. the juyce of the root boyled in old sweet wine, with a little myrh and saffron makes an excellent collyrie for the eyes. *Gal.* the ashes of the roots m. with ducks grease, the alopecia, and c. haire. *drach. 1.* taken in wine, h. the contraction of the sinews, cramp, and burstings; in broth, the biting of venemous beasts, and c. vomiting. the juyce of the root h. the white morpnew ap. after rubification. *Onion asphodill. Asphodelus bulbosus. T. Gal.* operates as Aron, and hath an absterfive quality, the root doth attenuate and open. *V.* the young springs h. the yellow jaundise. *Gal.* the ashes of the bulbe h. with oyle or hens grease, the falling off of the haire in the scald head. *Bauh.* the root and fl. of the first, ap. with wine h. the bitings of serpents. the juyce of the root

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pus

put into the opposite eare h. the tooth-ache. Oile being heated at the fire in the excavated root thereof, h. burnings and kibes, and paine of the ears.

Avens, *Caryophyllata*.

P. High mountains, thick wods, shadowy places.

T. Fl. in May, till Aug. the seed is ripe in July.

N. *Λαγώπυς Sylvat. Sanamunda, Herba benedicta, nardus rustica.*

Avens. Ger, J. K. as the common, mountaine, five leaved, red fl: mountaine, and dwarfe. T. the root and leaves are manifestly dry, something hot and scouring. V. decoct in wine & d. they h. crude stomachs, the collick, bitings of venemous beasts, stiches and pains of the sides, stoppings of the liver, and scoure the intralls, and with wine h. the wind. the leaves and roots d. h. clotted blood, the roots in Autumne dried kill moths, are odoriferous, and operate as Cinquefoile. Park: the root thereof d. h. inward wounds, fluxes, and ruptures. The infusion of the root d. in the morning prevents the plague, or any poyson. Matth. the mountaine Avens operate as the first, and more speedily. Schrod. it's hot and drie 20, a little astringent, discutient, cephalick, and cardiack.

Axfich, Axseed, Axwort, see Hatchet-fetch.

Aygreen, see Aloes, or Sengreen.

Aysh-weed, see Herb Gerard, or Goutwort.

B.

Ballock grass, see Doggs cullions or stones.

Baldmoney, see Spignel, or Gentian, or Fellwort.

Balme, see Bawme.

Baldwein, see Gentian

Balme

Balme: Aple. *Balsamina*.

P. Hot Regions, Gardens, Italy.

T. It's to be sown in April in horse-dung.

N. *Βαλσαμίνη. Pomum Hirofol: Viticella, Caranza*.

Balsame-apple. Ger. K. as the male and female. T. the apples and leaves are much drying, moderately cooling, or hot 10, and drie 20. V. the leaves h. green wounds, bruised and ap. d. with wine they h. the collick, burstings, and convulsions. The leaves of the male, poudred and d. in wine h. those that are deeply wounded, and the collick: the oyle of the fruit h. green wounds, cramps, and shrunk sinues ap. and pains of child birth, the hemorrhoides, and all other pains of the fundament. the leaves d. in wine h. ruptures. The female is near the first in temperature, the oyle of the fruit h. inflamed wounds, and consolidateth, it h. ulcers of the duggs, and privities with a pessarie. The apple ap. h. wounded and pricked sinews, scaling, and scarrs ap. and d. and barrenness bat he d. and ap. Park. The oyle h. scarrs proceeding of the stinging of bees, and consumes moisture.

Balsam-tree. *Balsamum*. *

P. In Egypt, and the Indies.

T. It's green all the yeare.

N. *Βάλσαμον. The liquor opobalsamum, the fr. carpobalsamum. the wood xylobalsamum.*

Balsam tree. Ger. T. balsam is hot and drie 20 with astringtion. V. naturall balsam taken fasting in the morning with rose water or wine, the q. of 5 or 6 drops h. those that are astmatick, it h. paines of the bladder and, stomach, and comforteth the same, it h. stinking breath and the shaking firs of the quotidian ague, also it cureth consumptions, and cleanseth the wombe being used as a pessarie; the stomach being anointed therewith, it h. digestion, preventeth obstruction and windiness; it h.

B 2

hardnesse

hardness of the spleen, and pains of the reins and belly c. of cold, and all aches ap. with a linnen cloth, also it dissolveth oedematous tumors, and strengthneth the members, it comforteth the brain, h. palsies, convulsions, and all griefes of the sinews ap. and speedily cureth green wounds. *Balsam-tree of Hispaniola*, yeildeth a *juyce* which being boyled in water to the thickness of hony, h. wounds and ulcers, stops bleeding, and is more effectuell then the true balsam; the *water which assueth out of the branches* being cut off, is vulnerary, and h. all cold diseases being drunk some few dayes together. The *balsame tree of Clusius*, called *Molle* by the Indians. T. is astringent, hot and compounded of diverse faculties. V. the *berries* sod in water make a most wholesome drink, vinegar and hony. The *leaves* boyled and the *decoction* d. h. all cold diseases; the *white gum* being dissolved in milke and ap. h. the web of the eyes, and cleareth the sight, the *decoction of the bark* used as a *bath*, h. the pain, and swellings of the leggs. This tree is of such estimation among the Indians, that they worship it as a God, according to their savage rites, and ceremonies. *Park.* V. the *liquor of the fruit* h. all poysons, and infections, all agues arising from obstructions, and all diseases of cold and wind, and the cough. The *Indian* is as the first.

Bane-wort, see, Spere wort.
Barbara's Herb, see Winter cresses.

Barbery bush. *Berberis*.

P. Deserts, Woods, borders of fields.

T. It hath leaves in Aprill. Fl. and Fr. in Sept.

N. Ὠξυάκανθα. *Crespinus. oxyacantha. uva cespina.*

Barbery bush. *Ger.* T. the leaves and berberies are cold and drie 2°. *Gal:* of thin parts and cutting. V. the leaves season meat as sorrell. The *decoction* h. cholerick agues, heat of the blood and liver: so the berries and h. hot lasks, bloody flux, and bleeding. The green leaves made

made into a sauce as sorrell, h. hot stomacks, burning agues, and appetite lost: the *conserv* of the fruit more effectually. The *roots* steeped certain daies in strong lie of the ashes of ash-tree colour the haire yellow. *Johns.* the *bark of the roots* h. the jaundise. *Park.* the *juyce* stopps womens courses. taken with Southernwood water and sugar it killeth wormes, it h. hæmoptysis, fastneth the teeth, stopps rheumes, and gleweth wounds: the *inner bark* d. h. the jaundise. *Rob de berberis Pharm. Lond.* or *Rob of Barberies*, quencherth thirst, closeth the stomach, and strengthens it weakened by heat. It stops vomiting and belching, and c. appetite: the D. is a little on the point of a knife when needfull. Also taken at night in bed, the q. of drach. 2. or 3. or *unc. sem.* from a knife, h. those to sleep, that are kept waking by hot distempers of the head arising from vexatious steams, vapours, and fumes arising from the lower parts. It's good in vomitings & looseness, and the hepatick flux, and the rheumatismus, dysentery and cholerick looseness, being seasonably & skilfully used. *Trochisci de berberis*, or, the *Troches of Barberies*, mightily cool the heat of the liver, reines, bladder, breast, and stomach: stop looseness, cool the heat of feavers; and are portable, and so more usefull to the hot; taken fasting or at any time.

Barley. *Hordeum.*

P. Loose and drie ground almost everywhere.

T. It is to be sown in March, it's ripe in Aug.

N. Κριθά. these barleyes are called distichon and poly-stichon.

Barley. *Ger.* K. as the common, and beare barley. T. is cold and drie 1°, absterfive and drying more then bean-meale. V. *Diosc.* it cleanseth, provoketh urine. c. windiness and hurteth the stomach: the *meale* boyled in hydromel with figgs h. inflammations: with pitch, resin, and pigeons dung, it softneth and ripeneth hard swellings:

swellings: with melilot and poppy seeds it h. pain in the sides: ap. with line-seed, fenugreek, and rue, it h. winde in the guts: with tar, wax, oyle, and the urine of a boy, it doth digest, soften, and ripen hard swellings in the throat, as the Kings evil: boyled with wine, myrtles, the barke of the pome granate, wild pears, and the leaves of brambles, it h. the laske: the ale or beere made of it, boyled to a *salve*, and ap. h. pains of the sinews and joynts: or for old and new sores, take strong ale *lib. 2.* one oxe gall, boyle them gently with stirring them to *lib. 1.* adde vinegar *lib. 1.* olibanum *unc. 1.* fl. of cammomill and melilot *an. unc. 1.* rue finely pouderd *unc. sem.* a litle hony, and a small q. of the powder of comfised, boyle them to an *unguent* and ap. it h. old and new sores: also the meale boyled in water with garden night shade, the leaves of garden poppy, the powder of fenugreek, linefeed, and a litle hogs grease. h. all hot swellings and the drop sic. The *naked Barley*, *Zeopyrum*. Ger. V. boyled in water h. burning choler, also in vehement fevers, adde the seeds of white poppy and lettuce to cause sleep, and for shortness of breath, adde figgs, raisins of the sun, licorise, & aniseed, boyled with whey, and leaves of sorrell, marigolds, and scabious, it h. the thirst, and inflamed livers d. first and last in the day. *Wall barley*, *Hordeum spurium*, and burnt, stamped, and ap. c. haire to grow. *French barley*. Pem. h. fevers of choller, diseases of the brest, sharpness of the throat, and c. milkes outwardly it mollifieth. *Anon.* barley water with aniseed and licorice, being used only with phlebotomy, and purgation, (if costive) before and after, h. the *calenture*. which is caused by the inflammation of the blood, and afflicts with head-ach and heat continuall and not augmenting, and is often an introduction to the *Taberdilla* or pestilence, but when the body will seem yellow, with restlessness, with red and blew spots on the breast and wrists, with a phrensy also. A pain which is to be helped as the former, by that water without licorice, phlebotomy, cordials when spotted, ventoses on the back, analeptick, purgers;

purgers, and clysters if costive. Note these are diseases to our nation in intemperate climates, as Spain and the Indies. *Park.* *Way barley* makes haire grow: the *caustick* is hot 4°. *Barth.* Aug: the *ptisan* of barley quench thirst, and h. the feverish heat of the body, also it nourisheth and comforteth the same. *Fuch.* *Diosc.* the best is white, and the *ptisan* thereof h. the roughness of the throat. *Cam. Matth.* it h. the plurisie. tabes, and marasmus and those that are hecrick, especially with the seeds of gourds, cucumbers, &c.

Barren wort. *Epimedium.*

P. In moist meadows: and shadowy places:
T. Fl. in Aprill and May, and unto the middle of Aug?
N. *Ἐπιμήδιον*. *Epimetrum*. *Epipetron*.

Barren wort. Ger: Gal: T. is moderately cold, with a watery moisture, as yet not used in physick. *Park:* it keepeth womens breasts from growing over great, being made into a *cataplasme* with oyle and applied. *Plin: Diosc: Gal:* the root maketh women barren: taken inwardly, as also the leaves poudered, and taken in wine for some time, so *Bauhinus*.

Basill. *Ocymum*.

P. Gardens. The wild in gravelly watery ground.
T. Fl: in June and July, by little and little.
N. *Ἰκκίμων*. *Basilicum*. The wilde *Acinos*.

Basill. Ger: *Johns:* K. as the great, citron, bush, and Indian. T. Gal: is hot 20 with superfluous moisture. ap. it doth digest, distribute and concoct. V. *Diosc:* if much eaten it dullerh the sight, mollifieth the belly, breederh winde, provokerh urine, drieth up milke, and is dyspeptick. The juyce with fine meale of parched barly, oile of roses, and vinegar, h. inflammations, and the stings of venomous beasts. The juyce d. in

Jack h. the head-ach: & **ap.** clenseth the eyes, and drieth them. The seed d. h. melancholy, short windednesse, and strangury, and is a sternutatory. The smell h. the heart, and head. The wild. *Ocymum sylvestre*. K. as the stone, fish, Austrian field, and wild *Basill* of the *Alpes*. T. the seed of these wild *Basils* is hot and drie. V. **ap.** with wine the *herbe* h. paine of the eyes, the juice mundifieth them, and h. catarrhes instilled. The stone *Bas.* *Acinos*. stoppeth the laske and courses: **ap.** it h. inflammations, these have moderate heat and astringion, and cure the contrary diseases. The cow-basil *Vaccaria*, is not used in physick. *Ephemerum* or quick fading Fl. boyled in wine h. the toothach, gargled. *Pem.* *Basill*, d. provoketh the termes, expells the birth, & poyson, h. swoonings and c. venery. **ap.** it h. the lethargy, jaundise and dropsie: put into the eares with goose grease it h. the paine in young children. with hony **ap.** it h. spots in the face, the dose is from 1 scr. to 43 gr. *Park.* the seed kills wormes, lessens the spleen, and with ox gall h. scarres. The broad leaved wild as the rest h. cramps, hot swellings and lasks. *Bauh.* *Trag.* the first h. the flegme of the lungs being hot, resolving and incisive.

Batchelours buttons. *Lychnis hortensis*.

P. Gardens for ornament.

T. Fl: in June and July.

N. *Batrachion: rapum D.* *Anthonii* the double.

Batchelours buttons. *Ger.* *J.* K. as the red, white, and degenerate with green flowers. T. V. are not yet discovered. **Double batchelours buttons.** K. as the double crowfoot, double white, double wild. T. doe bite as the other crow feet doe. V. the root applied doth exulcerate and attract the humours: yet *Dod.* they are not so hot and dry as crow-foot.

Eaw me

Bawme. *Melissa*.

P. Gardens, Mountains, woods.

T. Fl: June, July, and Aug: So the Assyrian.

N. *Μελισσάλλον.* *Melites.* *Apiastrum.* *Citrago.* *Melissophyllum.*

Bawme, *Ger.* *J.* K. as the common, Turkey, bastard, with white, and with purple Fl: the smiths bawme, smooth *Molucca*, and thorny. T. is hot and dry 2^o Gal: like horehound. V. d. in wine it h. the bitings of venomous beasts, melancholy, and comforteth the heart the common d. h. the mother: the juice glutineth wounds: so the *herbe* with *aqua vita*, the hives of Bees rubbed with it draw others: it h. the infirmities of the heart, cold and moist stomachs, c. concoction, and openeth the braine. d. in wine and **ap.** it h. the bitings of mad doggs, and d. it h. the tooth ach, the orthopnea, and eyes: the leaves with salt h. the Kings-evil, hard swellings, and the gour. *Smiths bawme* h. Greene wounds, and ruptures, and stayeth the whites. *Pem.* d. it expells poyson and the plague: it hurts hot and dry bodies, the dose powdered is scrup: 1 or 2 *Park.* K. as the unpleasant, and Assyrian, great, and prickly. V. killeth wormes, and h. the jaundise. *Sim.* *Seth:* taken before sleep it c. pleasant dreames. *Plin:* d. in wine it h. the tormina. *Schrod:* its hot 2^o drie 10 *Aqua melissæ composita.* *Pharm. Lond.* or the greater composition of bawm water, strengtheneth cold & weak stomachs, and h. digestion; also it restoreth lost memory, quickens the senses, prevents gray haire and baldness, strengtheneth the brain. exhilarates, h. lispings, caseth the teeth, and sweetens the breath. *Bayf.* the D. is to *unc.* the liver and bowells, and to cleare the eye-sight. *Syrupus melissophylli*, or, the Syrup, is very cordial, and strengtheneth the heart, breast, and stomach It resisteth melancholy, revives the spirits. h. feavers, strengtheneth the memory, and h. languishing nature. the D. is cockl. 1.

B 5

Bay tree

Bay tree. *Laurus.*

P. Gardens, Hot regions. In France, Spaine, &c.

T. It's green Winter and Summer. Fl. in spring.

N. *Δάφνη. Laurea. Laudea veterum: the wild, Tinus.*

Bay tree. Ger. Gal. **T.** the berries and leaves are hot & very drie, yet the berries moist: the bark is more bitter and astringent. **V.** the berries with hony h. ptyicks and consumptions of the lungs, asthma's, all rhumes about the chest: and d. in wine h. the bitings & stings of venomous beasts, cure poyson & clen's the morphew: the juyce h. pains of the eares, and deafness, dropped in with old wine and oile of roses: with ointments, it h. weariness, heateth and discusseth, and inwardly, quickneth: the berries also h. cramps, and convulsions, the diseases of the stomach, liver, spleen and bladder, warme a cold stomach, concoct raw humours, h. appetite, open the liver and spleen and bring down urine, the menses, and secundine: the oyle h. scabbs, bruises, spots, and congealed blood, and discusseth. The leaves bathed h. the mother, and bladder; and ap. h. the stinging of Bees; with barley meale parched and broad they h. all inflammations, and d. h. pain of the stomach, and c. vomit. The berries stamped with scammonie, saffron, vinegar, and oyle of roses m. to a liniment, and ap. h. the megrim. 2 leaves eate first h. drunkenness: the bark of the root d. in wine h. urine, breaks the stone and driveth it forth, openeth stoppings of the inward parts; and killeth the Fetus. it h. the drop sic jaundise, and floures stopped. The Wild, *Laurus tinus*. **K.** as the common, and Portingale. **T. V.** are not discovered. Cherry bay. *Laurocerassus*. **T. V.** the fruit is good to be eaten &c. not discovered. Orange bay *Guayava*. **T. V.** the fruit is usually eaten, the rinde being taken off, & is of easie concoction. Green, it h. fluxes, ripe it loosneth the belly. The decoction of the leaves h. swollen leggs, and the obstructed spleen; the fruit is cold and h. fevers; 'tis called *Guayava*, & groweth in the West Ind. Park: a decoction of the berries with cumminseed, hyssop, origanum, euphorbium, and hony h. rheumes. The

The oyle h. all griefs of cold, and wind ap. bruises, scabbs, and pains of the eares. That of Alexandria h. urine and the termes. Strawberry bay. *Johns. T.* the fruit is like that of the Strawberry tree. *Elethuarium de baccis lauri*, Pharm: Lond. or, the Elethuary of Bayberries, is very good in the chollick or illiack passion, or other cold and windie diseases of the bowels and easeth the pains thereof: the D. is drach. i. in the morning fasting or *unc. sem.* in a clyster. *Oleum laurinum*, or the oyle of Bayes, h. the collick, diseases of the wind and cold, the D. inwardly is a few drops in an appropriated water, or compound against the collick. Note also other oiles retain the virtues of their simples, and are chiefly used outwardly. Also it's excellent against cold diseases of the brain, nerves, joynts, and loines: It h. weariness, opens the pores of the veins, h. the palsey, and shaking fits in agues, being annointed upon the back bone. It heates, softens, opens, and discusseth. It cures all cold distempers, simple or joyned with flegme or wind. It mightily helps the collick paine from these causes being made into a clyster with some convenient decoction. It h. pains of the stomach, head, liver, spleen, matrix, kidnies, and all cold diseases. *Unguentum laurinum commune*, or, the Common ointment of bays heats, and expells wind; h. old aches and spraines, and some use it against the itch. Also its soveraigne against cold diseases of the brain, nerves, joynts and loines. It h. weariness, opens the pores of the veines, and ventilats the blood. used to the back bone it h. the palsey, and shaking fit of an ague. It's of a heating, emolient, opening, and discussing faculty. It h. all cold distempers, simple or with matter, as flegme and wind, and collick thence being annointed upon the belly, and chased in with a hot hand. *Emplastrum e baccis lauri*, or, the Plaister of bayberries, h. any paines c. of cold or wind, in the stomach, liver, belly, reines, or bladder, &c. and h. the collick and wind in the bowells. Also it's good against the dry or flatulent drop sic applied to the belly. Used to the stomach, it h. digestion.

digestion, and prevents the dropſie ap. to the liver and ſpleen, and cures pains of the loyns ap. there. *Oleum à baccis lauri chym:* or, the Chymicall oile of Bay berries, h. the collick and illiack paſſion: *Schrod.* alſo it diſcuſſeth flatulencies, and h. the ſpaſme of breeding women, the ſiderate, ſpots and ichores. the D. is gut. 2. 4.

Beade tree. *Zizipha*. *

P. In Italy, Spaine, and Germany.

T. Fl. in Italy and Spaine, in June, the fruit is ripe in September.

N. *Zizyphus*. *Ziziphus*. *Sycomorus Ital.* *Bellon.*

Beade tree. Ger. K. as the common, and that of *Cappadocia*. T. Avic. the flowers of the firſt are hot 30 and drie fine primi: the ſecond is cold and drie. V. the ſtures of the firſt open the obſtructions of the braine. The diſtilled water kills nits and lice: m. with whitewine ap. it preſerveth the haire from falling: the fruit is troubleſome to the ſtomack, dangerous and deadly. The decoction of the bark with ſumitory and mirobolans h. agues c. by ſlegme. The juyce of the uppermoſt leaves with hony h. poiſon. *Rhaſ.* the tree is hot and dry, and operates as aforeſaid. *Matth.* H. the leaves and wood are deadly unto beaſts: the poiſon thereof is h. by the ſame remedies that *Oleander* is. That of *Cappadocia*, worketh as the firſt, but the decoction thereof h. the heate of urine, and diabetes the running of the reins, and exulcerations of the privy parts: a looch made of it, or the ſyrup h. hæmoptiſis, or ſpitting of blood, c. by diſtillations of ſharpe and ſalt humours. *Monard.* Beades of the roots of *S. Elen.* T. V. the powder h. griefes of the ſtomack, ſtone, and iſchury: the ſmell doth corroborate, and ſtrengthen. *Park.* V. the water of the Beade tree given to doggs in their meat, preſently killeth them. The beades of *S. Hellen.*, *radix Sanctæ Helena.* T. are dry initio 2di, and hot fine. V. the powder ſprinkled on the body, bindeth the ſkin, and ſtrengtheneth the members. *Bauh.* they are hot fine 2di, and drie 10 or a little more.

Beane.

Beane. *Faba*.

P. Gardens and fields commonly.

T. Fl. in April and May: is ripe in July and Aug.

N. *Küſam*. The blackits called *Faba veterum* & *græ.*

Beane. Ger. K. as the great garden, and wilde. T. before ripe its cold and moiſt, when dry, binding, and windy of light ſubſtance, cleaning & ſlowly deſcending. V. if parched they looſe their windineſs, and are of hard digestion, and groſſe juyce. when green they are excrementitious: boyled with vinegar and ſalt taken, they h. boody flux with ſaſkes, and vomiting: they raiſe ſlegme out of the cheſt and lungs, and ap. h. the gout boyled with water and m. with ſwines greaſe. The meale with oxymel h. the fiery heat of bruises, and wounds: and pulviſed h. the privities and pæpps inflamed, and drieth up milke: tempered with the meale of ſenugreek and hony it h. black ſpots c. by beating, and waſteth kernells under the eares: with roſe leaves, frankincenſe, and the white of an egge, it h. watering eyes, the pin and web, and hard ſwellings: tempered with wine, the ſuffuſions, and ſtripes of the eyes: the beane chewed without the ſkin, and ap. to the forehead h. rheumes: boyled in wine it h. the inflammation of the teſticles: the ſkins ap. hinder haire: with barley meale parched and old oyle ap. they h. the Kings evil: and decoct, die wool. beans ap. without the ſkins ſtop the blood: The black beane is not uſed. *Kidney beane*, *Phaseolus*, *French*, *Sperags* or *Romane* beanes. Ger. J. K. as the white, black, red, pale, yellow, Italian with a ſmall white fruit, and ſmall red fr. narrow leaved, of *Brasile*, party coloured, and purging of *America*. T. *Dioſc.* doe more looſe the belly then peaſon, are leſs windy and of good nourishment: hot and moiſt: V. eaten before ripe they are not windy, looſe the belly, and provoke urine, when ripe they are unwholſome. *Park.* the diſtilled water of beane huſks h. the ſtone and urine. fried beans eaten with garlick h. coughs. the aſhes of the huſks with hoggs greaſe h. old pains and

gout.

gout. the lesser bean operates as the r. The Molucca bean
h. the braine. Senn. a cataplasme of beane meale, bitter
verch, powder of cammomile flowers, and cumminseed
h. the œdema of the duggs. Schrod. the salt of beane
straw is diuretick, good in the dropsie, stone, and re-
tention of the urine.

Bean tree. *see, S. Johns wort.*

Bears-brecch. *Branca ursina.*

P. Moist and stony places : and gardens.

T. Fl. in summer : the seed is ripe in Autumne.

N. Επιδρυθια. The smooth, melamphylls.

Bears breech, *Ger. J. K. as the garden and prickly.*
T. the garden Bears breech is between hot and cold,
somewhat moist mollifying and digesting; and h. in cly-
sters, the root Gal. is more drying. V. Diosc. the roots
h. burnings ap. and luxations. and d. provoke urine,
stop the belly. h. burstings, cramps and consumption of
the lungs, the pty sick, spitting of blood, bruises and
strains, as the greater cumfrey. a plaister of the root h.
aches and the numness of hands and feet. P. L. it h.
wounds and broken bones, and is binding, drach. 1.
being taken fasting. Park. the root outwardly ap. h.
the gout. Ger. it helpeth in clysters against sundry ma-
ladies. Crescent. T. it's hot and moist 1. the leaves ap.
with axungia help cold apostumes, and with oyle the
diseases of the Spleen. Senn. the lotion thereof and po-
tion, h. the plica or platting of the haire, with a little
leaven.

Bears eares, *Auricula urfi.*

P. In Gardens when planted there.

T. Fl. in Aprill and May.

N. Lunaria arthritica, paralytica Alpina. Sanicula.

Bears-eares, *Ger. K. as the yellow, purple red, scarlet,*
blush

blush coloured, bright red, and stamell. T. are drie and
very astringent. V. it healeth all inward and outward
wounds of the breast and enterocoele d. often. it's of the
vertue of sanicle. The root of Damasonium taken poude-
red drach. 1. or 2 h. those that have devoured the sea
hare, taken too much opium, or have been bitten by a
road. d. with Daucus seeds, it h. the tormina and
bloody flux, the convulsion and affects of the womb.
the herb staies the flux, moves the courses; and ap. as a
pultis asswageth œdematous tumors. Johnf. Park.
Bears eares, h. the palse and trembling of the joynts,
prevent paines in the head, and giddiness. The leaves
of Cortusa are a little hot Cam. the oyle thereof is excel-
lent for wounds. Matth. Bears eares refrigerate, dry,
glutinate, and restrain. Bauh. Gesn. being chewed they
h. the tooth ach.

Bearsfoot, *see, Black hellebore, or Setter-wort.*
 Berewort, *see Spignell.*

Beech-tree. *Fagus.*

P. Plaine, open and forrests.

T. Fl. in April and May : the fruit is ripe in Sept.

N. Οξύαιγος, It is called Oxya and Scissina.

Beech-tree. *Ger. T. the leaves doe cool, the kernell*
of the nut is somewhat moist. V. the leaves ap. h. hot
swellings, blisters, and excoriations, and chewed h.
chapped lips, and paine of the gumms. The kernells h.
paine of the kidnies coming of the stone, eaten, and
bring forth the gravell. Crescent. The water in hollow-
ness of Beeches h. scurse, tetters in man and beast; and
scabbs ap. and the ashes are used to make glasses of.
Park. the juyce of the young leaves, is cooling and
binding, the water that cometh out of the tree bored h.
tetters and sore mouths. Matth. the ashes ap. h. the
stone, and the reines, the leaves corroborate,

Bee

Bees-nest, *see*, Wild Carrot.
 Behen, *see* Spatling poppie.
 Besome weed, *see* Tode-flax.
 Marsh Beetle, *see* Cats taile.

Beete. *Beta*.

P. Moist and fertile, Gardens: the white nigh the sea.
T. It's to be sown in the spring and is ever green.
N. Ταῦτλον ἢ σῦτλον. The white is called *Sicula* and *Sicla*.

Beete. Ger. J. K. as the white, red, and red Roman.
T. the white is temperate in heat and moisture: the other are drie, and all abstersive: the white cold, moist, and nitrous, so clensing, and an errhine. **V.** boiled and eaten it looseth the belly, and is of little nourishment: the juyce put in the nostrills purgeth phlegme out of the head. The great Beet with vinegar, oyle and salt, is a good sallad. The Ro. beet boyled and eaten with oyle, vinegar, and pepper, is a good sallad also. **Pem.** the juyce provoketh urine, openeth the liver and spleen, h. venime, vertigo's, and headach: the red stopps fluxes, and applyed h. bleans in the skin, kibes, cankers and scurfe. **Park. K.** the prickly stalked, and candy, as the rest h. inflammations.

Bell flower. *Campanula*.

P. 2. first in Gardens: the rest in sandy places.
T. Fl. From May to Aug.
N. *Rapunculus* and *Rapuntium*.

Bell-floure. Ger. K. as the Peach-leaved steeple milky round leaved, yellow, little white, and little purple. **T.** these especially the 4. last are cold and dry. **V.** and of the nature of Rampions whereof they are kinds. **Park.** the roots of the wild bell-floures. **K.** as of the wild field, & time leaved. **V.** with vinegar oyle and pepper h. the stomack eaten, and cause appetite, and milk in Nurses &c. the greater roots, and beaten with the meale of
 Lupines

Lupines h. spots, to the water. They may also be used in gargles for the mouth.

Autumn Bel flower, *see*, Calathian violet.
 Bel weed, *see*, Black Marfellon.
 Bent, *see* Reed grass.
 Bertram, *see*, Pellitory of Spaine.
 Betle or Betre, *see* bastard pepper.
 Blew Coventry bells, *see* violets of Mercury.

Betony. *Betonica*.

P. Shadowy woods, borders of pastures &c.
T. Fl. in June and July: the second in Aug.
N. Κίσρον ἢ λυχότροπον. *Vetonica. cestro*: that of the water, *Glymenon*.

Betony. Ger. T. is hot and drie 2^o. *Gal.* cutting. **V.** h. diseases of the head of a cold cause, and the falling sickness, it clenseth the lungs and chest, h. obstructions of the Liver, Milt, of Gall, and the yellow Jaundise. **Sc.** a good appetite, h. sower belchings, and strangury, pain in the kidneys and the bladder, it breaketh and expellerth the stone, it h. ruptures, cramps, and convulsions, the bitings of mad dogs and serpents and poyson, d. and ap. it h. the sciatica. A conserve of the flowers h. the head-ach, *drach.* 1. of the root d. in honyed water causeth to vomit gross humours. The powder of the leaves d. in wine h. the spitting, and pissing of blood, and all inward wounds. the powder with meat loosneth the belly gently, and h. the epilepsie with madness and head-ach, and all pains of the head, it killeth worms. h. agues, clenseth the mother. and cureth bruifings. *Water betony. Betonica aquatica.* **T.** is hot and drie. **V.** the leaves scoure, and clense, and mundify ulcers that are foul, especially the juyce boyled with hony: the juyce ap. h. red faces and deformity. **Pem.** the 1. h. the drop sic m. with hony the cough and thin rheum: and wind collick d. Ap. it draweth out splinters

ter, and h. biles. The juyce instilled h. the pain of the
cares, *Park*, with axungia it h. plague sores, d. with
pennyroyall and mede it h. agues. *Syrupus de betonica*
compositus, *Pharm. Lond.* or, the Compound syrup of beto-
ny, h. cold diseases in the head and stomach, also the
wind, vertigoes and madness: It concocts melancholy,
and provokes the terms; so the simple. *Emplastrum de*
betonica, or, the plaister of betony, h. the cracked skull,
draws out broken bones, and covers bones with flesh:
It draws matter from the bottom of deep ulcers, re-
stores flesh lost, clenseth, digesteth, and dryeth, *Empl.*
de Janua, vel de *Betonica Nich.* or, that of *Nicholaus*,
mightily h. pains in the head, adle brains, green wounds,
and inflammations, and strengthens the liver.

Bezar-tree. *Moringa*. *

P. It groweth in Malabar.

T. The time is not observed.

N. The Arabians and Turkes call it *Morian*, the Persians
Tame.

Bezar-tree. *Park*. T. the seeds are sharp, the roots
alexipharmick, and as effectuell as unicorns horn, be-
zarstone, or any treacle, V. the natives use it against
all kinds of poysons and bitings of venomous creatures,
even of that most venomous serpent called by the Por-
tugalls *Culebras de Capillo*, d. and ap. it also h. the
wind collick, and leprosie, it being used many have
been cured thereof: it is mixed also with those medi-
cines that purge melancholy. All which is also affirmed
by *Bauhinus*.

Big, see, Beere barley.

Bilberries or bulberries, see Wartle berries.

Binde

Binde-weed. *Volubilis*.

P. Almost every where: the blew in Syria.

T. Fl. from May to August.

N. *Σουλμή*. Of the Prickly Sarsa parilla: that of the
Sea, Soldana.

Binde weed. *Ger. J. K.* as the great smooth, small, la-
vender leaved, silver-leaved, and black, T. are hot and
drie. V. the juyce of the black, much openeth the belly:
the stamped leaves ap. dissolve and wast hard swellings:
the rest are not used in physick. Blew bind-weed. *Con-*
volvulus Caeruleus. K. as the common, round leaved, and
small. T. is hot and drie 10. *Serap.* 30. V. it purgeth
thick phlegmatick, and melancholick humours, expel-
leth worms, and troubleth the belly. Rough bind weed.
Smilax aspera. K. as of Peru, Sarsa parilla. the common,
that of Portugall, and Germany. T. the roots are hot and
drie of subtil parts, and decoct c. sweat. V. the roots
h. old pains of the head and joynts, and cold diseases,
and such as are cured by sweating if there be no ague
joyned. the leaves d. h. poyson. Sea bind weed. *Solda-*
nella. K. as the common mountaine, and small mountaine.
T. is hot and drie 2. the 2d bitter and astringent:
V. it mightily purgeth waterish humours, openeth the
liver and h. the dropsie d. in fat broth: the powder in
weak bodies must be mixed with aniseed, cinnamon,
ginger, and sugar. The leaves of the mountaine bind-
weed ap. to the navill draw out hydropick water, so
in other parts: and h. wounds: the whole herb troubles
the stomach. *Purging bind weed*, *Scammonium*. K. as the
Syrian, that of Valentia, and the French. T. it's the
strongest purger that is, moderately hot and drie. V. it
purgeth choler, water, and flegme, and hurteth the
stomack, and fretteth the intraines, it openeth the veins,
hurteth the heart, if much taken c. sownings, vomiting,
bloody flux, and tenesmus: except boiled in a quince,
with the mucilage of psyllium, pulpe of prunes and ma-
stick: or m. drach. 2. of aloes with scr. 1. thereof: or
give the quince in which it was roasted: the dose is
from

from gr. 5. to 12. Schrod. the D. of the extract. of Scammonie, is scrup. sem. to gr. xv. so of the refine. the spirit purgeth without violence. Winged bind weed, Quamoclit. T. V. is useless. Park. Great bind weed K. as the blew with a triparted leafe, and red. V. the first purgeth phlegm, and melancholy, and killeth flat worms. The small purge and dissolve. K. as the mallow leafed, purple and Arabian.

Birch tree. *Betula*.

P. Woods, fenny grounds, in most places.
T. The catkins 1. then the leaves in Aprill and later.
N. *Σημύδα*: *Betulla*. *Semos*. *Semuda* Theoph.

Birch. tree. Ger. T. V. is not yet used. Park. the juce of the leavs while they are young or the distilled water of them, or that which cometh out of the tree being boared with an auger, d. for some time together breaketh the stone in the kidnies or bladder, and is also good to wash sore mouthes, a lie made of the ashes of birch tree bark, is effectuall for the same. Col: the leaves are cooling, the barke and catkins hot: the inner bark li. the womb.

Birds-eyne. *Paralysis*.

P. Moist and squalid ground.
T. Fl. from Aprill to Aug.
N. *Sanicula angustifolia*: & *paralytica alpina*.

Birds-eyne. Ger. K. as the red, and white. T. V. as of other primroses. So T. they are drie and astringent, and a little hot, cephalick, and neuroick, and h. the palsie, the roots decoct h. the stone. an ointment of the leaves and hogs grease h. wounds, wrinkles, spots, and sunburning. the juce of the root purgeth the brain and helpeth the megrim, the leaves d. h. the brest.

Birds

Birds-foot. *Ornithopodium*.

P. In divers parts of England, as Hamstead and black heath &c.
T. Fl. from June to the middle of September.
N. *Πολύχαιον*. Diosc. quorundam, *Ὀρνιθοπόδιον*. *peravis*, the knotted, *herniaria*.

Birds foot. Ger. J. K. as the great and small. T. V. are not used in meate or medicine: yet c. milke in beasts. Park. T. they are a little drying and binding. V. they are good to be used in traumarick potions, and h. wounds ap. Lugd. the lesser breaketh the stone in the kidnies, & driveth it forth, the decoction being taken, and h. ruptures d. and applyed to the part all which is affirmed by Bauhinus, of the tuberous birds foot of *Delechampius*, called *herniaria*.

Birds-nest, *Nidus avis*.

P. The north parts of England.
T. Fl. in June & August & then seedeth.
N. *Νέστια*. *Coagulum terræ* Plin. *orobanche Gesn*.

Birds-nest. Ger. T. V. is not used in Physick, Bauh. the taste of the root and whole plant is bitter; and very ungratefull to the palance, and as yet its not discoursed of, as to any known vertues.

Birds-tongue see Stich wort,

Birch wort, *Aristolochia Saracenicæ*.

P. Fat and campton soiles.
T. Fl. in May. June and July.
N. *Ἀεισολοχία*. *terræ malum*. *pistolochia*.

Birch wort, Ger. J. K. as the long, round, clyming, Saracens, small, and Virginian snakeweed T. are hot and drie 3. and cleansing. V. drach: 1. of the long birch w. d. with wine and ap. h. against serpents. d. with myrrh

myrrh and pepper it expells what is in the matrice, the flowers and dead child, so also as a *peffarie*: so the round as the r. it also h. stuffings of the lungs, the hicker, shiverings of agues, hardnesse of the milt, burstings, cramps, convulsions, &c pain of the sides, d. in water it plucketh out thornes, and splinters: and in *plaisters* and *pultises*, scales or bones, it h. corruption, murthereth ulcers, and filleth them with flesh ap. with freos and hony: The *branched birthw.* *Gal.* is more sweet and weaker, d. in water it h. bruises. The round doth beautify, cleanse, and fasten the teeth rubbed with the powder. The root of the *Virginean Pistolochia* is aromattick, and h. the bitings of Adders or Vipers, chewed ap. and swallowed. *Johns.* it also h. the plague, small pox, measles, and such like maligne and contagious diseases. *Pem.* the round root purgeth flegme & choler, attenuateth, h. the intestines, the falling sicknesse: killeth wormes, and drieth scabbs. ap. with hony it h. ulcers of the mouth, and adding aloes, lime, and chalke, it h. the polypus. note its not to be given to women with child. *Park.* K. as the running, bushy, and ever green bushy rooted. V. the r. h. the falling down of the mother as a *peffary*. *Col.* it h. windinesse. it h. the nerves with syrupe of vineger. the water h. ulcers.

Bishops leaves, see Water betony.

Bishops-weed. *Ammi.*

P. The first groweth by hedge sides.

T. Fl. in June and July, the seed is ripe in the end of Aug.

N. *Ἀμμιον*. *Ameos. cuminum Ethiopicum, & regium.*

Bishops weed. *Ger. J.* K. as the common, Candy, and small Bish. T. the seed is hot and drie fine tertii. V. it h. gripings of the belly in making of urine, and the bitings of Serpents taken in wine, and bringeth downe the floures. ap. with hony it h. spots c. by stripes. so also the seed of *Sison*, being hot and dry 30, of thin parts and

and diuretick. The seed of *Ameos* d. in wine h. against all poyson, pestilent fevers, or the plague, and is used in the correcting of *Cantharides*. pounded, hony being added to the herbe, it scattereth congealed bloud, and h. marks caused by stripes, being applied as a *plaister*. *Park.* d. and ap. it abateth an high colour, and maketh it pale, and the fume thereof taken with rosin and raisins; clenseth the mother. The *Ægyptian* or *Arabian* seede is said to provoke venery. *Gal. Diosc. Ammi T.* is hot and dry 30, of thin parts a little bitter and sharp, therefore digesting, and opening, &c.

Bishops worts, see, Betony.

Bishops wort, see, St. Katharines flower.

Bislort, see, Snake-weed.

Bitter-sweet. *Amara dulcis.*

P. Moist, nigh ditched, rivers, hedges &c.

T. Fl. in July, the berries are ripe in Aug.

N. *Γλοκὺπικρον*. *Strychnodendron. Solanum lignosum.*

Bitter-sweet. *Ger. T.* the leaves and fruit are hot and dry, clensing and wasting. V. the decoction of the leaves opens the liver and gall d. and h. the yellow jaundise. The juyce h. fallings from high places, and bruises, dissolverth clotted blood and healeth. *Trag.* the wood sliced and boiled with wine gently purgeth by urine and siege, those that have the dropie or jaundise. *Diosc.* so also that with white flowers *drach. 1.* of the fruit d. with *unc. 3.* of white wine for 40 dayes h. the spleen, and dyspnoea. and clenseth women brought to bed. *Park.* V. a drink made of the wood h. putrid feavers and agues. the berries ap. h. fellons. *Col.* it helpeth ruptures and wounds. the leaves ap. with bacon h. fellons.

Bladder

Bitter wort, *see*, Felwort.
Black berries, *see* Bramble-bush.
Black-wort, *see* Cumfrey.

Bladder nut. *Nux-vesicaria*.

P. Kent and many other places.
T. Fl. in May: the nuts are ripe in Aug. and September.
N. *Pistacium Germanicum*. *Staphylodendron* Plin.

Bladder-nut. *Ger.* T. is superfluously moist. V. It troubles the stomach, and is somewhat binding. So not to be eaten: its not used in physick, yet some use it to provoke venery. *Park.* and others, to cure the stone. *Col.* but it hath divers evill qualities, whereby it is lothsome and overturneth the stomachs of those that eat it. *Bauh.* some affirm that being planted in gardens, it driveth away venomous beasts.

Blew-bottle. *Cyanas*.

P. The first groweth in gardens, the rest in cornfields.
T. Fl. From May to Harvest.
N. *Kύανθ* the common, *Flos frumenti*, and *Baptisecula*. Blew ball. Blew blow.

Blew bottle. *Ger.* *J.* K. as the great, common, double, double purple, broad leaved creeping, small creeping, purple, violet, and variable. T. the common is something cold. V. it h. inflammations of the eyes: the rest are not sufficiently known as to their faculties. *Park.* V. the powder of the dried leaves of the great blew-bottle d. h. inward bruises, and broken veines taken in plantaine, great confrey, or horse-taile water, and resists poyson, and infection, and fevers taken in wine: the juyce h. wounds ap. So the lesser.

Blite.

Blite. *Blitum*.

P. Gardens and fields, and wast places.
T. Fl. all summer long; seed in Aug. and Sept.
N. *Βλίτον* & *βλήτων*. Of the black, *Sanguinaria*, and *Blitum nigrum*.

Blite. *Ger.* *J.* K. as the great white, great red, small white, and small red. T. is cold and moist 20, of little nourishment. V. it looseth the belly, yet not vehemently, not being nitrous or sharpe. *Park.* it is more hurtfull to the stomach, head and eyes, then other herbs, being insipid and provoking castings. *Col.* it causeth fluxes and gripings of the belly being much eaten. yet the red is used to stop fluxes of blood in man or woman. The white blite with much seed, which by some is called allseed, is a very acceptable baite unto fishes. Note all blites hurt the eyes. *Lonis.* the red ap. h. inflammations, and cornes. *Bauh.* *Plin.* d. in wine, it h. against Scorpions. *Matth.* the black refrigerates, humects, and is emollient.

Blood-strange, *see*, Mouse-taile.
May blossomes, *see*, Conval lilly.

Bloud-wort. *Lapathum Sativum sanguineum*.

P. In gardens, and diverse other places.
T. Fl. in June and July, the seed is ripe in Aug.
N. *Ἐρυθρολαῖνον*. *Lapathum nigrum, rubrum, Sanguis draconis herba*.

Bloud-wort. *Ger.* T. is cold and drie. *Park.* it is an excellent herbe to be eaten, the seed is much commended for any flux in man or woman, being inwardly taken; so likewise is the root, being of a stupefick quality. *Col.* it comforteth the liver. The seed decoct in wine or water h. wambling pains of the stomach, the root boyled in vinegar h. scurfe.

C

Bolbonac

Bolbonac, *see*, Money flower.
 Bolts, *see*, Globe Crowfoot.
 Bombaste, *see*, Cotten plant.
 Bootes, *see*, Marsh Marigold.

Borage. *Borrage*.

P. Gardens, and there it encreaseth very much.
 T. Fl. in summer, till Autumne be far spent.
 N. *Ευφροσύνη*. Corrago. Porrago.

Borrage. Ger. K. as the garden, white flowered, and never-dying. T. it is evidently moist not so hot, but in a meane betwixt hot and cold. V. the flowers in salads exhilarate and comfort the heart. The leaves boyled in pottage loosen the belly; and in honied water h. hoarsenesse and rough throats. The leaves and fl. in wine h. melancholy. A syrup of the fl. exhilarateth, purgeth melancholy, and h. the phrensie; so a conserve of the fl. a syrupe of the juyce with the powder of the hone of the stags heart, h. swooning, the cardiazk passion, melancholy, and epilepsie. The root is not used in medicine, P. L. Diosc. but it's hot and moist i. cheereth the heart, and h. the drooping spirits; the leaves eaten raw c. good bloud in them that have been lately sick. Pem. it h. fevers, cooling and opening. Park. the seed c. milke. *Æmil.* Macer, it h. the memory. and clenseth the lungs.

Baw-wood, *See*. Knap-weed.

Box-thorne. *Lycium*.

P. In Cappadocia, and Lycia. &c.
 T. Fl. in Feb. and March. The fr: is ripe in September.
 N. *Λύκιον*. *Pyxacantha*, *Buxa spina*.

Box-thorne. Ger. J. K. as the common, and Spanish Box. T. Gal. the juyce is drying, and compounded of diverse kinds of substances, one of thin parts digesting and

and hot, another earthy and cold, so binding. it's moderately hot, and therefore used for severall purposes. V. Diosc. the juyce cleareth the sight, it h. the festered lores of the eyes; the itch, and inveterate distillations of humours; it h. runnings of the eares, ulcers in the gums, and almonds of the throat, as also against the gallings of the lipps and fundament. Park. K. as the Italian, the yellow grain of Avignon, the 1 and 2d of Candy, the supposed Indian, and *Lycium* like Egyptian tree. V. the juyce stopps all fluxes.

Box-tree. *Buxus*.

P. Barren ground, and gardens, &c.
 T. Fl. in Feb. and March; the seed is ripe in September.
 N. *Πύξος*. The lesser is called *Chamæbuxus*.

Box-tree. Ger. T. the leaves are hot, dry, astringent, and of a loathsome smell. V. it's not used in medicines, yet some Empericks use the wood against apoplexies &c. the bastard dwarfe box, *chamæbuxus fl. colutea*. T. the leaves are bitter and hot. V. it's not used in physick, nor the faculties yet known. Park. V. some use the wood of the first in stead of guajacum, against fluxes and the French pox. Fernel. the leaves purge, unc. i. decoct in whey, or drach. i. of the powder d. in broth. Gived to horses they h. the botts. with pennyroyall they h. the bitings of dogs. Schrod. the extract of the wood of Box, is sudoriferous, and specifical against the epilepsie, wormes, and putrefaction, the D. is a little pill. Anon. the oyle h. the tooth-ache, epilepsie, vertigo and palsey.

Asses Boxtree, *see*, Box-thorne,
 Brake, *see*, Ferne.

Bramble or blackberrie bush. *Rubus sylvestris*?

P. In hedges. the 2d in gardens planted.

T. Fl. in May and June. the fruit is ripe in August and September.

N. Βάτος. Sentis, Vepres, Βάτος, Cynosbatus; the fr. Mora bati.

Bramble-bush. Ger. J. K. as the common, the raspis, stone black-berry, and knot berry bush. T. the young buds of the bramble bush, the fl. and leaves, and unripe fruit, are very dry and astringent. V. chewed they h. inflammations of the mouth, and almonds of the throat, and stay all fluxes, so decoct with hony. they h. the eyes hanging out, knots in the fundament, & ap. stay the hæmorrhoides. The indurate juyce of the stalkes, leaves, & unripe fruit is more effectuell. The ripe fruit is sweet, temperate, & wholsome: it hath astriction, so h. the stomach dried unripe. too many eaten c. head-ach. the root is binding, and of thin substance, and wasterh the stone in the kidnies. The berries and flowers provoke urine, and decoct in wine h. the stone, the leaves boyled in water, with hony, allum, and white wine ap. h. sores in the mouth and privities, and fasten loose teeth. The Raspis, *Rubus Ideus* is thought to be like the bramble in temperature and vertues, but not so much binding or drying. Diosc. it operates as the bramble. The fruit h. weak stomachs. Park. the berries of the first h. against poyson: the juyce with mulberies h. the stomach and heart burning with hypocistis and hony. The leaves poudered h. ulcers. Schrod. the spirit of the bramble sponge, h. the stone, the D. is 5. drops to 20.

Branke ursine, see, Bears-breech.

Bread of India. *Jucca*.

P. All the tract of India.

T. It's green all the yeare.

N. *Huicca*, *Huurca*, *Manihot*: the bread thereof *Cazavi*.

Indian bread. Ger: T. it is hot and dry 10, the poysonous

poysonous juyce being pressed forth, its dry in the middle of the 2d. Park. bread made of the root, the juyce being pressed out, and the root poudered, then with water made into cakes, is of good nourishment, yet exasperating the throat, except eaten with liquors to mollify it: the juyce raw is poysonsome, but half boyled away, wholsome. Terent. it's aromaticall and h. ulcers.

Bridewort, see Meadow-sweet.

Brier bush. see Heptree or brier-rose.

Sweet brier bush, see Eglantine or wild rose.

Brimstonewort. see fow-fennel.

Brook leak, see Water dragon.

Brook-lime. *Anagallis aquatica*.

P. River sides, and watery ditches.

T. Fl. and seed in June, July and Aug.

N. *Αναγallis ενυδρ*. beccabunga, berula, Cersa.

Brook-lime. Ger. J. K. as the common, great long leaved, round leaved, the forth of Lobel, and that of the garden. T. it's hot and drie, yet not so much as water-cresses. V. eaten in sallads it h. the scurvy, used as water-cresses, and scurvy grasse: yet weaker. boyled and ap. it h. swollen leggs and the drop sic. The leaves boyled, strained, and stamped with the powder of fenugreek, line seed, the root of marsh-mallows and hogs grease, unto the forme of a cataplasme, ap. h. any swelling in the legs or armes, and preserve wounds from apostumation. The leaves stamped, strained and d. in wine h. the strangury and griefs of the bladder: and eaten with the tendrels of asparagus, oyle, vinegar, and pepper, h. the strangury and stone. Park. K. the long chickweed leaved. V. as the rest. They break the stone, provoke womens courses, and expell the dead birth: and fried with butter and vinegar and ap. warm h. S. Anthonies fire, also it h. scabs in horses.

Broome. *Genista*.

P. Dry, sc. the 1. and 2d: the rest in hot regions.

T. Fl. in Aprill and May: Seedeth in Aug. the Rape, in June.

N. Σπάρτον. *Spartum*, broom rape is called *Rapum genista*.

Broom. Ger. *J*. K. as the common rape, long flowered, great flowered, & branched, Spanish, English dwarf, & dwarf of Hungary. T. the twigs, flowers & seeds are hot & dry 20, of thin parts, cleansing & opening, especially the seed, which is drier and not so moist. V. the twigs and topps decoct, cleanse and open the liver, milt, and kidnies, purge watery humors with water; and with wine h. the drop-sie: so the seed. A lie made of the ashes of the stalkes and branches dried and burnt, with white or Rhenish wine, h. the green sickness and drop-sie, and expelleth watery humours with the urine. All its parts trouble, cut, attenuate, and violently purge by vomit and stool flegme and raw humours out of the joynts: sc. of *Spartum*: it breaketh and expelleth the stone: the young budds pickled, and eaten cō apperite, open the liver and spleen: stamped with axungia and ap. h. the gout: and with hony of roses or an egge h. the Kings evill. Broom rape boyled in wine h. pains of the kidnies and bladder, the stone and provoketh urine: the juyce h. green wounds, and clenseth old ulcers. The distilled water of the fl. d. h. surfeits. and the black jaundise, the leaves dried and poudered with the seed, d. first & last. Sliced and infused in oyle olive it h. spots, freckles, and pushes. The fl. or seeds of Spanish broom d. with meade q. drach. 1. c. strongly to vomit: and taken alone, loosen the belly, and purge watery humours. Base broome, *Genistella*. K. as the green weed, woody, winged, globe, hares-foot, and small with hares foot fl. T. V. as the first are hot and drie 20, and bitter yet not so well known. Spanish base broom, *Pseudospartum*. K. as that without leaves, and the white leaved lesser. T. V. the seeds and juyce draw mightily. drach. 1. of the seeds and

and fl. d. with meade c. vomiting: the seed purgeth bruised and steeped in water and d. it h. the sciatica, and squinancy d. in the morning: in a clyster with sea water it purgeth. Park. K. as the white, Spanish green, and white. V. are referred to the rest. The thorny broom is hot and dry, opens the liver and spleen, and h. the jaundise, and urine stopped.

Broom-wort, see Treacle mustard.

Browne wort, see great Fig-wort.
or Water betony.

Bruse wort, see Sope wort.

Brown begle, see, Bugle.

Brother wort, see Pulial mountain.

Bryony. *Bryonia*.

P. Almost every where: on banks, and under hedges.

T. Fl. in May, June, July and August.

N. Βρυονία, or Βιταλινα. *Vitis alba*, & *Vitalba*. *Viticella*. The black, *Sigillum Mariae*.

Bryony, Ger. K. as the white. T. is in all parts hot and drie 30, much cleansing, purging choler, flegm, and water. V. the first springs boyled and eaten, purge by siege and urine. the root d. in meade in the spring, or decoct and d. purgeth as before, and troubleth the stomach, h. drop-sies, falling sicknes and vertigo. The root as a pessarie extracts the dead child, so as a bath boyled & ap. it taketh away wrinkels and freckles, sun-burnings, spots, and scarrs, with meale of vetches, or boiled in oyle, it h. whitlows: stamped with wine and ap. it breaketh biles, and draweth out bones. The fruit ap. h. scabbs and leproy. An electuary of the roots with hony or sugar h. short windes, old coughs, pains in the sides, burstings, and dissolveth clotted blood. The root stamped with salt and ap. h. filthy ulcers, and scabbed leggs: so the fruit. It's root, and that of wake-Robin stamped with brimstone and ap. h. the morpew and freckles

freckles made in a *nodulus* ap. with vinegar. *Black bryonie*, *Bryonia nigra*. T. the root is hot and drie 30°, the fruit is weaker: both scoure and wast. V. the roots d. purge water, and d. in wine h. the dropfie. The fruit h. sun-burning ap. and spots of bruises: so the root ap. as a *plaister* it h. deformities of the skin, breaks impostumes, draweth out splinters, and easeth ache ap. and dissolveth clotted blood. *Bryony of Mexico* and *Peru*, *mechoacan*. T. the root is of a mean, between hot and cold, yet dry. V. it purgeth flegme and water, *drach. 1.* or 2. d. with an appropriate water, h. all diseases of flegme and cold humors, old head-aches, coughs, the dyspnoea, collick, paine of the kidneys and joynts, reins, and belly. *Schrod.* the D. of the *extract.* is to *drach. 1.* *Park.* the *fœcula* of *bryonie* taken to the q. of 2 or 3 grains in wine or broth purgeth flegme out of the chest. *Mecoacan* h. the dropfie and jaundise, expelleth wind, and h. old agues. The *jalap.* is more strong. *Col.* the water drawn out of the root of *bryony* d. h. the fits of the mother, clenseth the womb, and h. the courses. *Schrod.* the D. of the *magisterie* of *Jalap.* is to gr. 18. of the *extract* *scrup. sem.* to *scr. 1.* so of the *resine.* *Aqua bryonia composita Pharm. Lond:* or the *Water of bryony compound*, a spoonfull of it taken h. fits of the mother & it expells the after-birth, &c. It clenseth the womb, but it hurts women with child & is called *Aqua hysterica*, the D. may be a taster full in the morning fasting. *Pilula mechoacana*, or, the *Pils of mechoacan*, purge flegme greatly, the D. is *drach. sem.* or *scr. 1.* if weak. Also they purge thin rheum, and wheyish humors chiefly; h. the dropfie, especially in constitutions otherwise strong: its basis, *mechoacan* not only purging, but exceedingly drying the belly, and all parts over soaked with moisture, the D. is *scr. 1.* to *drach. sem.* or *scr. 2.* in strong bodies, and *drach. 1.* if very strong. *Unguentum Agrippæ*, or, *K. Agrippæ's ointment* of *bryony* roots, purgeth exceedingly, and is good to annoint the bellies of such as have dropfies; & bringeth out any humour of flegme, out of any part, if

not

not too tender being annointed therewith, yet its not very safe. Also it's good for watry humours and loose heavings of the skin and externous parts, cramps of the nerves, and pinings in the kidneys. being annointed upon the belly it causeth a stool, allaies the strangury, h. the spleen and pains of the belly, being annointed upon the region of the respective parts.

Buck horne. *Coronopus.*

P. *Barren plaines, and sandy ground.*

T. *Fl. when the plantaines doe. May, Jun. and July.*

N. *Κορωνόπος. Herba stella, Sanguinalis, & Harenaria?*

Buck-horne. *Ger. J. K.* as the *harts-horne*, and *swines cresses* T. is like the common plantaine, binding, cooling, and drying. V. the leaves boyled and d. first and last h. sore eyes, watery and blasted, &c. the leaves and roots stamped with bay salt, tied to the wrest h. fits of the ague. *Sea buck horne.* K. as the common, *small sea, small buck-horne plantaine*, and *mouse taile*. T. *Coronopus* is cold and drie much like plantaine. *Mouse-taile* is cold. & something drying with a striction. V. their faculties in working are referred unto the plantaines and harts-horne. *Park.* K. the upright T. as the first. V. *buck-horne* d. in wine h. bitings of the viper, the stone and laske and all fluxes & rhumes. The root h. the collick: *Col.* and warts.

Buckram, see Aron, or Wake-Robin.

Buck thorne. *Rhamnus.*

P. *The borders of fields, and untild places.*

T. *Fl. in May: the berries are ripe in Autumne.*

N. *Ράμνος. Spina infectoria. burgispina. Spina cervi Cordi.*

Buck thorne. *Ger. J. K.* as the common, *middle*, and *dwarfe.*

C 3

dwarf. T. the berries are bitter and binding, hot and dry 20. V. they purge thick flegme and choller, drach. 1. or drach. 1. & sem. being taken: or the berries, from 15. to 20, decoct in fat broth with salt. The jayce of the ripe berries boyled with a little allum, coloureth a deep green: and steeped when unripe colour yellow. *Ram-thorne, rhamnus.* K. as the white fl. and purple, and fallow, T. is drie 20. cold 10, and digesting. V. the leaves ap. h. S. *Antonies fire.* The fruit of the 3d decoct and ap. h. the palsey and gout. the leaves and buds of the first are used in salads; with salt, vinegar and oyle, having a certain gratefull acrimony and acidity. *Park.* K. as the sea R. with willow leaves, red fl. *bavarian,* mirtle leafed, and black berried. V. h. inflammations. *Syrupus de spina cervina, Pharm. Lond.* or, the syrup of purging thorne, h. the dropsie. Also it was call'd *Syrupus Domesticus*, or House-wives syrup by Sr. Th. M. intimating its usefullness and harmelesness. It purgeth water and frothy choller from the head and hypochondries. It h. the dropsie, scurvy, & hypocondriacall melancholy. It's not any way hurtfull, onely it's apt to make the patient stomach sick upon the working; which is a property of Agarick; yet it's a benigne remedy, and put into methridate or treacle as a soveraigne antidote. *Schrod.* the extrall of *Rhamnus S. Closs.* is given in broth 20 gr. 8.

Buck-wheat. *Tragopyrum.*

P. Any ground, and it enricheth the soile.
T. It's sown in Aprill and May, and is ripe in August.
N. *Fegopyrum, Erysimum Theophr.* *Irio Plin.*

Buck wheat, *Ger.* T. it nourisheth less then wheat, rie, barley, or oates; yet more than mill or panick. V. bread made of its meale is eupeptick, of quick descent, and oligotrophick. *Park.* yet not caco-chymick, and is with all a little flatulent: it mightily impinguat the

the belly. Taken in wine it h. melancholy, and instilled, clears the eyes.

Bucks-beane. *Trifolium paludosum.*

P. Fenny and boggy places.
T. Fl. and flourishes from June to September.
N. *Ἰσβρυγών. Menianthes Theophrasti. Water-trefoile.*

Bucks-beane. *Ger.* T. *Diosc.* the seed d. with meade, h. the cough, and pain in the chest, weake livers and hamoptysis. *Gal.* it clenseth & cutteth tough humours; yet with astringion. *Park.* it purgeth and clenseth the liver. *Col.* it serveth for many griefs of the breast. *Lugd.* the seed is bitter and subacerb, and also is astringent, and contracting, so h. excretion: so *Dod:* &c.

Buckler-thorne, see Jews or Christs thorne.
Buckmost, see Beech.

Bugle. *Bugula.*

P. Woods and Copses, shadowie, and moist places.
T. Fl. in Aprill and May.
N. *Βυσβύριον Renealmi, Consolida media, Solidago minor, Laurentina.*

Bugle. *Ger.* K. as the middle consound, and white. T. is of a meane between heat and driness. V. d. it h. inward burstings, rents and bruises, dissolveth congealed blood, h. wounds inward and outward d. and ap. it h. the weak liver opening and strengthening it. The decoction of bugle d. worketh the foresaid effects, openeth the liver and gall, h. the jaundise and long fevers, rotten ulcers, and sores of the mouth and gums; and is excellent in curing wounds and scratches, and sores of the secrets, or the herb bruised ap. *Park.* K. as the bluish coloured, and sweet Portingall, as the rest. V. h. those that are liver-grown, fractures and dislocations d. and ap.

ap. and made into an ointment with scabious, fanicle, and axungia h. all hurts.

Bugloss. Buglossum.

P. The 1. in gardens, the 2d by watery ditches, the 3d in dry places.

T. Fl. from May to Autumne.

N. Βέγλασσογ. Lang de beef is called *Lingua bubula*: the wild *Echioides*.

Bugloss. Ger. F. K. as the garden lang de beef, and small wild. T. the leaves operate as borage, and make soluble. V. the root ap. with oyle h. green wounds, and with barley meale h. S. *Anthoies* fire. The juyce with aqua vita rubbed on the body c. sweat in agues. The leaves, fl. and roots are used instead of borage, which exhilarate, comfort, and strengthen the heart. The other buglosses. K. as the wall, vipers, rough, and red fl. vipers bugl. *Echium*. T. are cold and dry. V. the root, leaves, and seed, d. in wine, h. the bitings of serpents, and c. plenty of milke in womens breasts. The herbe chewed, and the juyce swallowed down h. poyson, and venemous bitings: so also applyed. Park. K. as the small garden, great wilde, Lancashire, and small creeping. V. the roots are clammy and binding, and in a loboc h. coughs, and condemate rheume. The wild sorts are somewhat hotter and drier: near to the vipers bugl: the roots of wall bugloss, h. wounds, inflammations, rheums and fluxes. Stone bugloss is sharp, hot and bitter: it c. birth. The vipers, K. as the hoarie, white, and black, exhilarate, and h. the back. The Sea Marsh bugl. h. fluxes and heat. Vigon. the first maturateth felons. Serap. it purgeth choler.

Snakes

Snakes Bugloss, see Vipers Bugloss.

Bull-foot, see Coltsfoot.

Bullimong, see Buck wheat.

Bullucks eye, see, Ox-eye.

Bulweed, see, Knap weed.

Bullies tree. *Prunus sylvestris*.

P. In loose ground: the wild in most hedges.

T. Fl. about March, the berries are ripe in Sept.

N. Ἀγριοκικυμυλία. *Prunellus*, *Spinus Virgil*.

Bulleise. Ger. or wild plums. T. stay and bind the belly, so all unripe plums, being then sharp and soure. V. the juyce of stoes stoppeth the belly, laskes, and bloody flux, menses, and all issues of blood, and may be used instead of acatia, being as effectually. Park. the fruit is cold, dry, and binding, h. pains of the intestines by scouring; so the distilled water of the fl. the leaves h. sore throats, and stop rheume of the eyes: so also the water of the green berries, & ap. h. head aches, of heat. Col: the bark d. h. pissing of bed. *Succus prunorum sylvestrium*. Pharm. Lond. or Juyce of stoes called *Acacia*, stops fluxes & c. appetite. Also it corrects sharp and thin choller, strengthens the stomach and liver weakened with heat and cholerick juyces and procures rest in hot distempers. It hath many of the faculties of Quideny of Barberies and Damfins, but is more cold, earthy, styptick and stopping: the D. is scr. i. or drach. sem. or drach. i. on a knives point; but the patient must not be costive. It may do good in plagues and pestilent fevers, mixed with London treacle, diascordium, methridate or Venice treacle, as needs.

Bullwort, see Bishops weed.

Bumbles. see Great Bulrushes.

Burr-dock,

Burr-dock. *Bardana*.

P. The first groweth every where: by ditches and high waies.

T. The season is in July and August.

N. Ἀρκύριον. *Profopis*, *Personata*.

Burr-dock. Ger. K. as the great and lesser. T. the leaves of the clot-burre are moderately dry and wasting, the root is something hot. The seed of the lesser burr, Gal. is hot, dry and digesting. V. the roots taken with the kernells of Pine apples, h. the spitting of blood, and corrupt matter: and stamped with salt and ap. h. the biting of a mad dog. The juyce of the leaves d. with hony provokes urine, h. pains of the bladder, and d. with old wine, the bitings of serpents; the herb with salt ap. after scarification, draweth out the poyson of vipers; so the root, and h. the Kings evil. The stalk of the clot-burr when young, boyled, the rinde being pilled off, with fat meat, c. venery, h. ulcers of the lungs, and hæmoprysis with the kernell of the pine apple. The juyce of the root d. with ale, h. a windie and cold stomach. The leafe ap. to the gout with treacle of Androm: and the whites of eggs p. æq. helpeth it, and easeth the paine. Diosc. the decoction of the root of the great burr, with the seed ap. h. the toothach, burnings, and kibed heels. d. in wine it h. the strangury, and paine in the hip. The fruit ap. h. hard swellings; the root stamped and strained with malmesey h. the running of the reins, whites, and strengthneth the back with the yolks of eggs, powder of acornes and nutmeggs m. and d. first and last. Park. the leaves ap. h. the shrinking of sinews or arteries. the seed d. in wine 40 daies, h. the sciatica. The roots prepared h. consumptions. the roots with wine ap. h. hard spleens. The burres decoct make haire yellow, Col. the leaves ap. h. the mother,

Burnet

Burnet. *Pimpinella*.

P. Gardens, barren places: dry sandy ground.

T. Fl. from June to September, and then the seed is ripe.

N. πνιπινα. *Sanguisorba*, *Sanguinaria*, *Bipinella*, *Sorbastrella*.

Burnet. Ger. K. as the garden. and wilde. T. is drying, binding, and doth meanly coole, the lesser hath a temperate scent V. this h. wounds, stoppeth bleeding, d. and ap. it stayeth the lakke, and bloudy fluxe, and menses. The lesser is eaten in sallads, and doth exhilerate. The decoction d. h. all fluxes, so the powder of the herbe or seed d. with wine or chalybeat water. the leaves are vulnerary, and d. in wine macerated h. the trembling of the heart. Park. it h. pestilentiall agues, K. as the great and American. The thorny is drie and binding, d. it stays lalks, aud fluxes. Pem. it's hot and drie 20. the distilled water h. the skin.

Burre-reed. *Sparganium*.

P. Moist. meadowes, fennes, and ditches.

T. They knot in August.

N. Σπαραγγιον. *Platanaria*. *Carex* Dod. *Butomus* Theoph:

Burre reed. Ger. K. as the branched, and great water b. T. are cold and dry. V. the knops boyled in wine, h. the bitings of venomous beasts, d. and fomented. so Park. K. as the unbranched, and great branched of Virginia. Schwenck. the branched or ramous, hath a drying faculty. Trag. the seed h. the bitings of venomous beasts. as the root. So Lugd: Ruell: Plin: Diosc: Dod. it's cold, but not much.

Burst-wort, see Rupture-wort.

Butchers

Butchers broome. *Ruscus*.

P. Rough and barren grounds, and heaths.

T. It's sprouts are gathered in spring. the berries in Aug.

N. Ὀξύρρολον. *Centromyrrhine*. *Scopa regia*.

Butchers-broome. Ger. T. the root is hot, meanly drie, and of a thin essence. V. the roots d. decoct in wine, break the stone, and expell it, and h. the strangury. Diosc. so the leaves and berrier, and provoke termes, h. the headach and yellow jaundise. The roots gently raise up tough and grosse flegme, sticking in the lungs and chest, and concoct the same. Park. the roots and leaves are hot 20, drie 10, the young shoots are more bitter then asparagus, yet eaten like it, open obstructions, and provoke urine. The roots d. and ap. h. broken bones, and luxations ap. as a *pultis*. Col. the juyce of the leaves taken with sugar, h. the spitting of blood, and clenseth the wombe: and. h. the stinke of the mouth. The powder of the roots with anniseed and fennel seed d. h. winde.

Butchers prick-tree, see Prick wood, or black Aller-tree.

Butter-burre. *Petasitis*.

P. In moist grounds almost every where.

T. Fl. in April: the leaves continue till winter.

N. *Hieracium*. *Iphium Theoph*: *Persolata* Plin: as 'tis thought.

Butter-burre. Ger. T. is hot and drie 20, of thin parts. V. the roots stamped with ale and d. h. pestilent and burning fevers, coole and abate their heate, powdered and d. in wine h. the plague, c. sweat, and drive from the heart all venome and ill heate. it killeth wormes, and h. the suffocation of the mother. ap. it h. all filthy ulcers. d. it provoketh urine, and the termes. Park. the root taken with zedoary and angelica h. the suffocation

suffocation of the mother. decoct in wine h. shortwindednesse. The powder h. blemishes in the skinne. Col. the oile of the root ap. h. shaking fevers, and coldnesse of the joynts. it h. farcian in horses d. and ap. *Aqua petasidis composita* Pharm. Lond. or, the Compound water of butter burre, is good with fit cordials against pestilentiall seavers; cochl. r. taken in the morning may be a prophylacktick. It h. fits of the mother, short windedness, and dryeth up moisture in wounds taken inwardly. Also it h. tremblings of the heart, and pronenesse to venery, being alayd with vulgar rue and fennel waters.

Butter-flowers, see Crow-foot.
Butter-root, see Butter wort.

Butter-wort. *Ringicula*.

P. It groweth in Yorkshire, &c.

T. Fl. from May to August.

N. *Sanicula Eboracensis*, *Diapensia*, *Consolida quinquefolia*.

Butter-wort. Ger. is hot and dry 30, V. the inhabitants of York shire annoint the duggs of their kine with the juyce thereof, being bitten of venemous creatures, or chapped. and say it rotts sheep feeding on it. Park. it h. ruptures in children, and healeth green wounds. used as an ointment it helpeth the hands chapt by the wind. The people in Wales make a syrup thereof, as of roses, with which they use to purge themselves, and their children, and put into broth it purgeth flegme effectually. The herb made into an ointment with butter h. obstructions of the liver.

Cabbage

C.

Cabbage. *Brassica capitata*.

P. Gardens: a fat and well manured soile.

T. It is sown in spring, or Sept. removed in Ap.

N. Κεράσι κεφαλή. *Caulis capitatus, Sambusium*
Cresc.

Cabbage. **Ger:** K. as the white, red, and open Cabbage. **T.** as Colewerts, are drying and binding sc. the substance: the juyce is nitrous and clensing, and the i. looseth the belly, and is of little nourishment. **Park:** V. they are to be eaten with fat meat. Eaten they dry up milk in nurses breasts, as some think: **Matth.** but they rather increase milke. the seed grossely bruised, and boyled in flesh broth h. the collick d. and easeth all pains and gripings, & stone in the kidnies. A **Johoc** of the pulpe of the boyled stalkes, with hony and almond milke, h. the consumption and lungs.

Cacao-tree. *Cacao.*

P. In the West Indies, in hot and shadowie places.

T. As soon as it is touched by the sun it withereth.

N. *Cacavate*, the confection thereof, *Chocolate*.

Cacao-tree **Col.** K. as the common, and broader, **T.** the kernells of the fruit, are of different parts. first they are very cold and dry, so should be restraining and obstructive; yet they so farre participate of heate and moisture, that if they be well ground and mixed, their restringency and obstructivenesse will be corrected. **V.** the confection of *chocaletto*, being taken alone, or relented in milke, c. venery, procreation, and conception, and facilitates delivery, preserves health, and impinguates, it h. digestion, consumption, and cough of the lungs, the plague of the guts, and other fluxes, the greene sicknesse, jaundise, and all manner of inflammations,

mations, and oppilations, it h. the morpnew, clenseth the teeth, and sweetneth the breath, provokes urine, cures the stone and strangury, expells poysons, and preserves from all infectious diseases. **Bauh.** **Benz.** the Indians use it with pepper for drinke, but it's better for hogs then men.

Calamint. *Calamintha.*

P. Mountains in the shadowy and gravelly parts.

T. It bringeth forth fl: and seed from June to Autumne.

N. Καλαμίνθη. *Calaminthum montanum. Calaminthum.*

Calamint. **Ger.** J. K. as the common, the more excellent, and field. **T.** the Mountain calamint is hot, biting, and of a thin substance, drie 3°. **Gal.** it digesteth or wasteth thin humors, and curteth the thick. **V.** d. with meade it manifestly heateh, provoketh sweat, consumeth superfluous humors, and h. the shiverings of agues, so the salter oyle in which it is boyled, chased on the body. **decoct** and d. i. provoketh urine, menses, and expelleth the dead child, so ap. it h. those that are bruised, also cramps, convulsions, orthopnea's, and the cholericke passion. It h. the yellow jaundise, openeth the liver and gall, and cleaseth h. d. and ap it h. the bitings of serpents, and spots, and clenseth the skin. it killeth wormes d. with salt and hony, and those of the eares dropped into them. the juyce as an *errhine* stopps bleeding, the root used in cure with mirtle seed gargarized h. the squinancie. **Ap.** it h. the sciatica. eaten it h. the leprosie, drinking whey after it. of it is made *diacalaminthe*, which doth wast crudities and c. menses. **Park.** K. the greatest, and small. **V.** ap. as a *pessarie* it provoketh the courses, and the birth. **ap.** it h. the spleen, the *decoction* with sugar h. old coughs. **Col.** it preserves meate. *Diacalaminthe simplex*, **Pharm.** **Lond.** or, *Diacalaminth simple*, heats and comforts cold bodies, cuts thick and grosse flegme, provokes urine and the terms, and expels wind very much, the **D.** is *drach.*
sem.

sem. at once. *Diacalaminte comp.* or, the *Compound* is more appropriate unto women, then the former, to bring down the termes, birth, and after birth, and to purge them after labour; but its bad for those with child.

Calamus Aromaticus, *see*, Aromaticall Reed.

Calathian violet. *Pnemonanthe.*

P. *Medowes*, untilld places.

T. *Fl.* in Aug. and Septemb.

N. *Viola autumnalis. Campanula Autumnalis.*

Calathian violet. *Ger.* *T.* is hot in faculty, some what like gentian, but far weaker, *V.* it h. pestilent diseases, and the bitings and stingings of venomous beasts. *Park.* it serveth in stead of the greater gentians. It resisteth putrefaction, and h. against faintings and swooning. The roots taken with mirrhe, rue, and pepper, h. the bitings of mad dogs, &c. in wine they h. those that are liver-grown, and dejected appetites, and steeped in wine h. those that are wearied by travell, and lame in their joynts, and have stiches in their sides. taken in the distilled water of the herb it h. all agues. as a pessary, it draweth forth the dead child. the *juyce* h. wounds & tumors.

Calves foot, *see* wake Robin.

Caltrop. *Tribulus.*

P. In myrie lakes and ditches.

T. *Fl.* in June, July, and August.

N. *Τείβολον*. *Tribulus marinus. Saligot.*

Caltrops. *Ger.* *J. K.* as the water, small water, and small frogs lettuce. *T.* is cold and moist, the land Caltrops, are more earthy *V.* the herbe used as a pultis h. all inflammations, boyled with hony and water, it h. cankers

cankers of the mouth, sore gumms, and the almonds of the throat. The bread of the kernells, bindes the belly. The fruit d. green in wine h. the stone, and resisteth poyson, so ap. the leaves d. h. all inflammations of the mouth, and ulcers, corruption of the jawes, and Kings evill. the powder of the nutts d. h. the pissing of bloud, gravell, and binderth the belly. The lesser agree with the first. Land Caltrops. *T.* are cold, earthy, and binding. *V.* the fruit d. wasteth the stone being of thin parts. d. and ap. it h. the bitings of vipers. d. in wine it h. poyson. The decoction kils fleas sprinkled. *Park.* it h. inflammations, impostumes, and flux of humours, tumours, and paines. Gargled it h. sore mouthes, the *juyce* h. rheumes of the eyes instilled.

Calves-snout. *Antirrhinum.*

P. The *γ* groweth in gardens, the rest among corne.

T. *Fl.* in May, untill July. the seed is soon ripe after.

N. *Αντίρρινον. Orontium. Canis cerebrum, Os Leonis, Leo herba.*

Calves-snout *Ger.* *J. K.* as the purple, white, yellow, small, and small creeping. *T.* they are hot and dry, and of subtile parts. *V.* the herbe is of the faculty of Starwort, but lesse effectually. *Apul.* the distilled water, or decoction of the herbe and root in water, ap. h. watering eyes of a hot cause. *Park.* *V.* the wilde snapdragons are little used. *Matth.* the leaves, flowers, and seed, h. the rising of the mother, m. with rose water and hony. The herbe applied to the fore-head, h. the pain and web in the eye. *Croll.* it helpeth against phantasmes. *Lonic.* ap. with oyle of lillies it is cosmeticall.


Cameline, *see*, Towers mustard.

Camels

Camels hay. *Schoenanthum*

P. Easterne countries. Arabia, Syria, &c.

T. Their time answereth other reeds and flaggs.

N. Σχοῖν  ἀρωματικὸς, ἢ Μυροδύκνους. *Juncus odoratus rotundus, Unguentarius.*

Camells hay. Ger K. as the common and bastard. T. is indifferently hot, and a little astringent. V. it provoketh urine, termes, and h. winde in the stomach. It c. head-ache being hot and of thin parts. Eiosc. it dissolves, digests, and opens the veins. The flowers or chaffy tufts. d. h. the pissing of blood, paines of the guts, stomach, lungs, liver, and reines, fullnesse of the stomach, dropies, convulsions, or shrinking of sinews drach: 1. d. with pepper for certain daies. Boiled in wine, it h. inflammations of the matrice, the fume being taken, and bathed. Park. the decoction of the fl. h. hæmoptysis, poyson, and inflammations of the body, d. and ap. the powder h. creeping sores. Tarn. it looseth the vessels & ripeneth.

Cammocke. *Aresta bovis.*

P. Fertile pastures, and borders of field.

T. Fl. in July and Aug. & are full grown in Autumne.

N. Ὀνυξ. *Anonis, Acutella, Remora aratri, Furze.*

Cammocke. Ger. K. as the common purple without prickles, and yellow. T. the root is hot 3°, attenuating and cutting. V. the barke of the root d. with wine provoketh urine, breaketh the stone, and expelleth it. Boiled in water and vinegar gargarised hot, it h. the tooth-ache. boyled with oxymel it h. the falling sickness. Matth. the powder often taken h. ruptures, the tender spriggs pickled, are a pleasant sallade. Park. K. as the greater yellow gentle and variable. V. the powder of the barke of the root d. in wine, or the decoction h. the hæmorrhoids, and openeth the liver and spleen, so the conserve. The powder ap. h. hard tumors.

Cammomill

Cammomill. *Chamamelum*

P. Gardens, and many other places.

T. Fl. most part of all the summer.

N. Ἀνθῆμον. *Anthemis, Leucanthemum, Chamomilla*

Cammomill. Ger. K. as the common, sweet, naked; double fl. and Romane. T. Gal. is hot and dry 10, of thin parts, digesting and rarifying. it h. wearinesse and paine, and mollifieth. V. it h. the collick and stone in clysters, and provoketh urine. The oile h. all aches, bruising, shrinking of sinews, hardness, and cold swellings: decoct in wine and d. h. cold stomachs, sour belchings, wind and provoketh the terms. It h. cold agues. Decoct in whitewine and d. it expelleth the dead child and secundine, and cleanseth those parts. The herb boyled in posset ale d. h. the wind of the chest, expelleth slegm, and h. agues in children: in baths it causeth sweat, and opens the pores: it helps gnawings of the belly, pains of the sides, and mollifieth hard swellings: so the oile of the flowers: it's anodyne and h. wearisomeness. P. L. the flowers heat, discuss, loosen and rarifie; in clysters they h. the wind chollick: boyled in wine and d. they purge the reins, break the stone, open the pores, expell chollerick humours, succour the heart, and h. paine and stiffness by traveling. The wild, *Cotula Foetida*. T. is hot and drie as the first, and h. the mother. Park. the fl. decoct and d. c. sweat, and h. cold aches: the syrup h. the jaundise, and drop sic. Turn. the strongest is the purple fl. the yellow and white fl. h. the stone. Trag. the distilled water of the fl. h. obstructions, and ap. h. the head. Pem. ap. it h. the collick, and wastes humours: the oyle h. cramps. Oleum chamamelinum, Pharm. Lond: or, the Oile of chamomile, strengthens the sinews, greatly easeth paine, and breaks the stone. Also its good against the head ach, wind and stone chollick, being annointed upon the head or belly or stomach; or unc. 2. or 3. used in clysters.

Red

Red Cammomil, see Adonis floures.

Champion. *Lychnis*.

P. In borders of plowed fields and ditches.

T. Fl. in May untill Autumne.

N. *Λυχνίς*. The feathered are called, *Flos cuculi*. Are *moraria pratensis*.

Campion. Ger. *J*. K. as the red wild, English sea, wild hairy, hoary wilde, small hairy, overworne, spatling, and white wild. T. they are referred unto the garden Campions. V. drach. 2. of the seed poudred and d. purge choller, and h. those that are stung by venomous beasts. The other wild champions. K. as the red, white, and degenerate bachelors buttons with green fl. broad leaved wild, and creeping mountain camp. T. V. are not yet discovered. Park. K. as the ordinary rose and non-such. T. the seed is hot and dry 20. the seed of the first d. h. poyson: the leaves ap. h. ulcers. The wild. K. as the white with streaked husks. corne, cockle, and narrow leaved, V. stop fluxes operate as the first and help the stone.

Cane, see, Reed.

Canker rose, see Red poppy.

Canker worts, see Fluellin.

Canel, see Cinnamon tree.

Canterbury bells, see Cuckow-flowers or Throat-wort.

Capers. *Cappares*.

P. In Ita'y. Spaine, and hot regions.

T. Fl. untill Autumne, the knops are our sauce.

N. *Κάπρις*. *Caparis*, *Inturis*. *Gaza*.

Capers. Ger. K. as the sharp, and round leaved. T. Capers, or the flowers not fully grown, are hot and o thin parts, eaten green they are oligotrophick, and a medicine.

medicine, rather then a meate. V. they cause appetite, and h. a moist stomach, clenſing away the ſlegme that cleaveth to it: they open the liver and milt, and h. thoſe that have a quartane ague and ill ſpleens. The barke of the root, heateth, clenſeth, purgeth, cutteth and digeſteth. It h. hard ſpleens taken or ap. boyled with oximel. it expelleth groſſ humours by urine, and ſiege, ſo h. the ſpleen and ſciatica: it provoketh the terms, and draweth ſlegm out of the head. *Dioſc.* the barke clenſeth old ſores, and ſcoureth the cruſts about the edges: being chewed it h. the tooth ache. Stamped with vinegar, it ſcoureth tetterſ and ring wormes, hard ſwellings & Kings evil. The bark of the root d. h. hardneſs of the ſpleen, the paſſie and ruptures, and is diuretick. *Beane capers*, *Capari Fabago*. T. V. are not of any known uſe. *Park.* the bark of the root with oxymel, h. the paſſie and weakneſs of the nerves, and draws out humors that are the cauſe of ruptures, convulſions and cramps. The roots boyled in oyle h. pains of the eares: th: oyle h. the ſpleen. The Arabian ſort is almoſt ulcerating. *Rauwolf*, *Bean capers* kill wormes. *Diacapparitis*, *Pharm.* Lond. or, the *Composition of Capers*, h. the infirmities of the ſpleen, and cold bodies. viz. the *Electuary*. *Trochiſci de capparibus*, or, the *Troches of Capers*, open obſtructions of the liver and ſpleen and h. diſeaſes thereof; as the rickets, hypocondriack melancholy, &c. the *D* is ſcrup. 1. in the morning for children, and drach. 1. for men. *Oleum de Capparibus*, or, the compound oile of *Capers*, opens, heats, h. the ſpleen, and its hardneſs and pains, as alſo diſeaſes from ſtoppages, as the hypocondriack melancholy, and the rickets &c. it being barbed by the fire hot, with the ointment of the opening juyces; afterwards applying a *Virginea tabaco* leaf. Alſo it diſcuſſeth ſuperfluous humours in the externall parts of the body, & it expels wind, ſo h. the wind collick annointed on the belly. *Unguent. ſplanchnicū vel ſplenicū*, or, the Ointment for the liver and ſpleen, and *Splanchnicum magiſtrale*, are both appropriated to the ſpleen, and eaſe the paines thereof

thereof, the sides being annointed therewith, and some count the last the best. They may be turned into plasters, by adding a little wax, ship pitch, and Cyprus turpentine. Also they open obstructions of the liver and spleen, dry up superfluous humours, and are good to annoint the sides of children which thrive not, or have the rickets.

Capons taile, see Great wild Valerian.

Caprifoly, see Wood-bind.

Cardiack, see Jack by the hedge.

Carrawaies. *Carum*

P. Germany fruitfull fields and meadows.

T. It fl. and seedeth from May to September.

N. K. & C. Carnabadiou. Sethi. *Careum*.

Carrawaies. Ger. T. Gal. the seed is hot and dry 30, and is moderately binding V. it consumeth wind, h. the stomach, c. concoction, and provoketh urine: the root may be eaten as the carror. The seeds confelled h. digestion, provoke urine, dissolve wind and operate as annise seed. Park. the seed h. all cold griefs of the stomach, and head, the bowels and mother, and h. the wind in them and sharpneth the sight. The powder ap. with a pultis h. spots in the skin: fried with the herb ap. in a bag, it h. the wind collick. Hart. the oyle d. in wine, from 3 drops to 7 with a like q. of that of amber hastens the birch.

Carnations. *Caryophyllus*.

P. Gardens, set in pots, in warme places.

T. Fl. most part of the summer.

N. Φλδγιον Theoph. Scalig. *Herba tunica*, *Ocellus Dama-scenus*, & Barbar.

Carnations. Ger. J. K. as the great double, double white,

white, blew, and single. T. the flowers with the leaves and roots, for the most part are temperate in heat and driness. V. the conserve of the fl. of the clove-gilliflower is very cordiall and exhilarating, it h. hot pestilentiall feavers, and expelleth the poyson; and fury of the disease. The wild *Caryophyllus sylvestris*. K. as the single purple pinks, single red, white jagged, large white jagged, purple jagged, white wild jagged, wild purple jagged, Clusius's mountaine, and dwarfe, leafelss, white mountaine, Deptford, Maiden, small mountain broad leaved, white mountaine, wild sea, broad leaved wild, and white campion pinks. T. are of the temper of Carnations. V. they are not used in physick. Fuch. the root preventeth the plague, its juyce h. the stone, and falling-sickness. Pak. K. as the great old, Cambersine, Primelo, Bradshaw's dainty Lady, Oxford, granpere, tawny, and Tuggies gilliflowers. double and matted pink. T. V. as the rest. Syrupus infusionis florum *Cariophyllorum*, Pharm. Lond. or, Syrup of clove gilliflowers, is very Temperate, strengthens the heart, liver, and stomach, and refresheth the vitall spirits. It is a good cordiall in fevers, and usually mixed with others, and is a harmeles syrup, Schrod. the D. of the extract, is scr. sem. to drach. sem.

Carob-tree, see S. Johns bre ador wort.
Carpenters herb, see Selfe. heale.

Carrot. *Pastinaca*.

P. In a loose and well manured soile.

T. They are to be sown in Ap. and fl. the next yeare.

N. Σταφυλιν C. *Daucus*, the wild.

Carrots. Ger. J. K. as the yellow, and red. T. the root of the yellow is temperately hot and something moist, of little nourishment, and that not very good, it's not so windie as the turnep, nor passeth so soon through the belly. The red is of like faculty, the seed of both

both is hot and dry. V. the seed breaketh and consumeth windiness and provoketh urine, as that of the wild carrot. The root is usually boyled with fat flesh and eaten. The *wild carrot*, or *bees nestle pastinaca sylvestris tenuifolia*. T. the seed and root is hot and dry 20, and opening. V. the root-boiled and eaten, or boyled in wine, and the decoction d. provoketh urine, expells the birth, and c. venery. The seed d. provoketh the terms, and urine: h. the wind, dropsie, collick, and stone, d. in wine. It h. the mother and conception, and bitings of venomous beasts. *Candy carrots*, *Daucus creticus*. T. the seed is hot and dry 30. V. the seed d. h. the strangury, dysury, gravell, and stone, and provoketh urine: it h. gripings of the belly, winde, collick, and old coughs. d. in wine it expelleth poyson: the root d. in wine stops laskes and h. poyson. *Stinking carrots* or *deadly*, *Thapsia*. K. as the *stinking, small leaved stinking*, and *deadly*: *Thapsia*. T. V. the root c. gripings, cramps and convulsions. The *wild Park*. K. as the *mountaine of Hungary*, *mountain fine leaved*, the true of *Candy*. low mountain parfly, and coriander leaved &c. V. the root h. coughs.

Carces, see Cresses.

Cassidonic, see French lavender or Stickadove.

Cassia fistula, see Puddingpipe.

Castlegilliflowers, see Stock-gilliflowers.

Cast me down, see French lavender.

Cafe-weed, see shepheards purse.

Caterpillers, see Scorpiongras..

Catch fly. *Muscipula*.

P. In the west parts of England among the cornes.

T. Fl. most part of the Summer.

N. *Ἰξονύλλον Thal. Viscaria* Dod: *Sileni Theophrasti*.

Catch fly. Ger. *J*. K. as the lime wort, common, and narrow leaved. T. V. They are referred to the wild pinkes,

pinkes and gilliflowers in nature and virtue. *Park* K. as the French, *Clusius's of Candy*, great *Candy of Alpinus lesser Spanish*, and the red German *Catchfly*. T. V. are not discovered, but may be referred to those of the other wild campions, to which most like.

Catmint. *Mentha cattaria*.

P. Borders of fields, moist and watery places.

T. Fl. in July and Aug. the seed is ripe in Sept.

N. *Mentha felina*, *Herba catti*, *Nepeta Exster*.

Cat mint. Ger. *J*. K. as the common or nep, great, and small. T. it's hot and dry, and hath the faculty of the cala. mints. V. it h. cold pains of the head, stomach, and matrice, diseases of flegme, raw humours, & wind, burstings, and bruises, the juyce d. with wine or meade. Its bath brings down the terms, and maketh fruitfull: and operats as the ordinarie mints. *Park* strange nep is to be referred to the rest. V. cat-mint h. cramps and cold aches, dissolyeth cold and wind: it h. coughs, and shortness of breath: ap. it h. the piles, decoct it h. scabs, Col. d. it h. verrigos:

Cats-foot, see Ground ivy.

Cats-taile. *Typha*.

P. Pools, ditches, and marshie grounds.

T. Fl. in July and August.

N. *Τύφν. Cestrum Morionis*, *Juncus asper* Dod.

Cats-taile. Ger. T. is cold and dry. V. the down stamped with swines grease h. burnes and scalds: so Turn: the down beaten with the leaves of betony, the roots of gladiole, and leaves of hyppoglosson into powder, and m. with the yelks of eggs hard sodden, and so eaten, h. the enterocoele in children, &c. taken fasting for 30 dayes, with ligature. The down an. h. kiber

kibed heels *Park*. K. as the greater and lesser. T. cleanse and dry : and ap. stop blood.

Cedar-tree. *Cedrus*. *

P. In Syria, as upon mount Libanus.

T. It's alwaies green.

N. *Kēd̄r* Ⓞ. *Cedria* the rosin, it's also called *Cedrina*.

Cedar-tree. Ger. as the great of Libanus. T. is hot and dry, with an excellent tenuity of parts. The *Rosin* is of a clammy substance. V. the gum of cedar is good to be put into collyries for the eyes: ap. it h. the haw and stripes. *Cedar infused* in vinegar, and put into the eares killeth the worms therein, and with the decoction of hysope h. the noyse thereof: infused in vinegar ap. it h. the tooth ache, put into the hollow of the teeth it breaketh them, and easeth their paine used as a *gargarisme*, it h. angina's, and the inflammation of the tonsils: it killeth nits &c. ap. with salt; it h. the biting of cerastes. d. with sweet wine, it h. the poyson of the sea hare, and h. lepers: as a *suppositorie* it killeth wormes, and used as a *peſſarie*, it draweth forth the birth. The prickly cedar, *Oxycedrus*. K. as the crimson, rough *Lycian*, 1, and 2. V. Gal: is hot and dry fere 3°, the substance is sweet, and used in perfumes, with the leaves. V. the berries of the low cedar may be eaten, but if taken too plentifully, they c. head ach. and gnawing in the stomach, the berries of the crimson one are not so hot and dry as the rest, the other are biting, hotter and dryer than those of juniper, and eaten cause head-ach: yet they h. the strangury and provoke urine. *Park*, the rosin is hot 4°, and preserveth dead bodies from putrefaction, and d. h. the ulcers of the lungs. The prickly Cedar. K. as the cyprus like. V. the berries with honey h. the cough, and mother, d. in wine, stops fluxes, h. cramps, and is little inferior to the first.

Celandine.

Celandine. *Chelidonium*.

P. In untilled places, among brambles in the shade.

T. Fl. from Aprill, to a good part of Summer.

N. *Χηλιδόνιον*. *Hirundinaria*, *Scrophularia*, *Ficaria*.

Celandine. Ger. *J*. K. as the great, and great with more cut leaves. T. the great is manifestly hot, and dry 3°, and cleansing. V. the juyce of the herb doth sharpen the sight, especially if boyled with hony. The root h. the yellow jaundise without agues, opening the liver and gall. The root chewed h. the tooth ach, boyled with anise seed in white wine, it openeth the stoppings of the liver, and h. the jaundise. Cut in pieces and given to hawkes it cureth their wormes. *Clus.* the juyce of the great Celandine dropped into small green wounds, presently cureth them. *Small celandine*, or *Bilewort*, *chelidonium minus*. T. is hot and dry more biting than the greater, nigh to the crow foot. V. it blistereth the skin and draws of corrupt nailes: the juyce of the roots m. with hony ap. As an *errhine*, it purgeth the head of filthy humours. The root and graines h. the piles, the juyce with wine bathed. *Park*, the greater h. the dropsie, itch, and sores in the leggs, d. and the plague. ap. it h. creeping sores: with oile of Cammomill pains of the belly. ap. it h. spots: the lesser h. the Kings evill and wens.

Centorie. *Gentaurium*.

P. A fat soile, and sunny bankes, pastures and fields.

T. Fl. in summer, the roots are to be gathered in Autumne.

N. *Κενταύριον*. The lesser is called *Fel terre Multi-radix*.

Centorie. Ger. *J*. K. as the common great and whole leaved. T. it is hot and dry 3°, of a mixt tast. V. drach. 2. of the root taken h. burstings, spitting of blood, cramps, shrinking of sinews, dyspnœa's and gripings of the belly. The herb mightily gleweth wounds.

D. 4

Disc.

Diosc. The root in the forementioned cases, if no fever; is to be given with wine; else with water. **Gal.** the juyce of the leaves operates as the root, and is used in stead of Lycium. **Small centorie.** K. as the common, and yellow. T. is hot and dry 20, and bitter: the yellow is hot and dry 30. V. decoct in water and d. it openeth the liver, gall, and spleen. it h. the yellow jaundise, and longagues: it killeth worms, clenseth, scourseth and attenuateth; it pugeth choller and thick humors, and h. the Sciatica. Stamped green and ap. it h. wounds and old ulcers. The juyce in collyries h. the eyes, and m. with hony clenseth them. d. it h. the infirmities of the sinews drach. 1. of the powder of the leaves of the yellow centorie d. once in 3 dayes with aniseed or carraway seeds in wine, h. the dropsie, and green sickness. The juyce of the red floured is bitter, purgeth choller and h. the liver. **Park.** K. as the Pyrenean great, great of Portugal, and great yellow. V. d. it h. the dropsie, sc. the root, and pleurifies, coughs and strangury; and eyes ap. the lesser d. h. the green sickness, and collick; provokes the courses and birth. **Schrod.** the D. of the extract thereof is to drach. 1.

Geterach, see Spleenwort.
Chast. weed, see Cotton-weed.

Charlock. *Rapistrum.*

P. Follow fields, ditch banks, and among cornes.
T. Fl. from March, till summer.
N. Λαμ. λάρν. *Lampfana Matth.* chadlock.

Charlock. Ger. *J.* K. as the wild, chadlock, and water chadl. T. the seed of these wild turneps, and water charlock, are hot and dry as mustard-seed. **Gal.** these being eaten c. evill blood. **Diosc.** they warm the stomach, and nourish somewhat. **Park.** K. as the white wild, one grained, and Spanish one grained. V. not used. **Gal.** the seed is abstersive, and somewhat digesting.

Chast-tree

Chast tree. *Agnus castus.*

P. It groweth naturally in Italy, and hot regions.
T. It putteth forth leaves in May, and fl. in Aug.
N. Ἀγν. ♂, Ἀγν. ♂. *Salix marina. Vitex.*

Chast-tree. Ger. *J.* K. as the common, and that with cut leaves. T. the leaves and fruit are hot and dry 30, of thin parts, and wasting wind. V. it c. chastity, by exiccation of the sperm, used any way. The seed d. h. windiness of the stomach, openeth the liver and spleen. drach. 1. d. in wine h. dropsies: the leaves stamped with butter ap. dissolve the swellings of the genitors. The decoction of the herb and seed h. the pain and inflammation of the matrice used as a bath. The seed d. with penniroyall bringeth down the menses, so also in a pessarie, or fume. In a pultis it h. the head-ache, phrensie, and lethargie with oile and vineger, being bathed. The fume thereof chaseth away serpents, and ap. h. their bitings. The seed ap. with water h. the clists of the fundaments; with the leaves, it h. luxations, & wounds. **Park.** the seed d. h. the bitings of venomous beasts, c. milk in womens breasts & provokerh urine. Made into a pultis with vine leaves & oile, ap. it h. agues & weariness. the seed with barley meale mollifieth: & with hony h. sore mouths. **Syrupus de agno casto**, or the syrup of chast tree allaieth fleshly lust; cooling, quenching, consuming sperm, and is good for a single liver. It's good for Widdows or Maides vexed with the uterine fury, or madness from heat of the womb, genitors and acrimony of seed. It h. spitting of blood, bleeding at the nose, and defluxions of thin salt, and hot rheums and the whites, the dose is unc. 1. in lettuce and purslane water morning and evening. **Trochisci de Agno casto**, or, the Troches of the chast tree, stop the gonorrhoea simple or virulent, being seasonably used, they stop the courses, whites, and bleeding at the nose, spitting of blood and coughs. they are good for such as resolve on a single life, they quenching and drying up the sperme, and staving the acrimony thereof, stopping its sterility and

and motion and favouring chastity: the D. is scr. 1. drach. sem. or scr. 2. or drach. 1. if need be in lettuce water morning and evening, or in conserve of red roses.

Chast-weed, see Cudweed.

Chequer'd daffodil, see Turkie-hen-flower.

Cherry tree. *Cerasus*.

P. Gardens; old broken walls, shadowie plaes and fields.
T. Blooms in Aprill; the winter cherry fl. in August and hath fruit.

N. *Χιερσο*. That of the winter is called *Solanum halicacabum*.

Cherry-tree Ger. K. as the common English, Spanish, late ripe, cluster, double fl. bearing fruit, double fl. barren, birds, red grape, common black, and dwarf ch. T. those that are somewhat sowre are the best, the wild little sweet ones the worst: they soon putrify and are of ill juyce, and c. wormes, agues, and feavers: they are all cold and moist. V. the Spanish cherries are like to these in faculty yet putrifie not so soon. The Flanders or Kentish, when ripe are better, yet watery, cold and moist, and quench thirst, h. hot stomachs, & agues, loosen the body and nourish nothing at all. The late ripe, or morell ch. are drie, being dried, and binding; they h. the stomach, and stop the belly. All are cold and moist, and eaten before meat, loosen the belly, hurt rheumatick bodies, & cold stomachs. The black strengthen the stomach, are better than the red; and dried, stop the laske. The distilled water of the cherries h. hot stomachs, and the falling sicknes d. with wine. The gumme of the cherry tree d. in wine and water: h. the stone, lubrifying the passages, and h. the sharpness of humors: also it h. old coughs, the sight, and appetite and c. a good colour. Winter cherries. K. as the red and black. T. the 1. is cold, drie, and of subtile parts, the leaves

leaves are of the temperature of the garden nightshade. V. the fruit bruised and infused in white wine 2. or three houres, then boyled and strained and d. with sugar and cinnamon, h. the stopping of the urine, stone and gravell, dysury, and sharpness of water &c. and h. the yellow jaundise. If old, d. a greater q. Cherry bay, *laurocerasus*. T. V. the fruit is good to be eaten, the rest not used. Recch. the bark of the sweet cherry tree of India, d. h. the dysentery, the powder h. the inflammations of the eyes, the fr. is hot, dry and a little binding. Park. K. as the creeping dwarf, new found land, strange long cluster, that of Austria, mountaine dwarf, and Indian. the sweet are more lubrick: the tart h. heat: the water of the black ch. h. the stone: the oyle of the kernels d. in meade, h. faintings, collick, and wormes: the leaves of the winter cherry h. stings. *Vinum cerasorum nigrorum*, Pharm. Lond. or Wine of black cherries. is of the nature of the basis with wine. It's good against epilepsies and convulsions in children or others, a spoonfull thereof being taken in the morning fasting, and at 4 a clock in the afternoon by way of prevention, and a spoonfull 2 or 3. upon the approach of the fit with peony water, and a small q. of the spirit of Castor. *Rob de Cerasis*, or the Rob of Cherries, is of their vertues. Also it cooleth, quencheith thirst, allaies the boiling of cholerick humours, cools the mouth and tongue in feavers; and is of the vertues of barberries, but not so astringent. *Trochisci alkakengi*, or the Troches of winter cherries, mightily provoketh urine, and break the stone the D. is drach. 1. with other medicinals. Also they are good in the dropsie being seasonably used, and they prevent and cure drunkenness.

Chervill. *Cerfolium*.

P. The 1 in Gardens moist & duned: the last in Spain.
T. Fl. in May, the seed is ripe in July.

N. *Χερύβυλλον*. *Cherephyllum*, *Eribusium* Theoph. as 'tis thought.

Chervill, Ger. J. K. as the common, hedge, great, and small

small sweet. T. is moderately hot and dry, but not so much as parselley, and is pleasant to the stomach. V. decoct in wine and d. it provoketh urine, so also ap. hot to the share: 'tis windie & c. lust. the leaves of the sweet ch. are pleasant in sallads. Gal. the root is hot 20, of thin parts. Diosc. d. in wine it h. the bitings of the phalangia, and provoketh the menses, and secundine: boyled and d. it h. the prysick, and consumption of lungs. The seed eaten in sallads with ole, vineger and pepper h. cold and feeble stomachs: so the roots, and exhilarate, and c. lust. Tooth pick, chervill. *Gingidium*. K. as the broad and Spanish. T. Gal. it's wholesome for the stomach, bitter and binding, moderately hot, and dry *fine 2di*. V. it provoketh urine decoct with wine and d. it scoureth the bladder, and expelleth the stone. The quills serve for tooth picks: as for the wild chervill, see Shepherds needle. Park. V. garden chervill dissolveth congealed blood, and h. bruises d. and ap. it expells the stone, and h. the pleurisie and pricking of the sides. The wild dissolves tumors in any part. ap. it h. scarres. Strange chervil. K. as the common, and broad leaved of Syria *Gingidium*. T. are in a mean between heat and cold, bitter, cleansing and drying a moist stomach and d. in wine provoke urine.

Cheese renning, see Ladies bed straw.

Chestnut tree. *Castanea*.

P. The first groweth in shadowie places, the second in the East countries.
T. They bloom in Aprill: the nuts are ripe in Autumne.
N. Καστανα. *Lopima*, the fruit *Heracleotica nux*, glandes *Sardiana*.

Chestnut tree. Ger. *J*. K. as the common and horse ch. T. common chest-nuts are very dry, and binding, in a mean between heat and cold, and windy. V. they are of good nourishment, yet dyspeptick, stop the belly and

and cause thick blood eaten raw: roasted they more easily descend, and are lets windie, yet astringent. Made into bread they h. lask, and the bloody flux. Their meal made into an electuary with hony h. the cough, and spitting of blood. The bark of the tree boiled in wine and d. stops laskes, bloody flux, and also all other issues of blood. Water chestnut, see in Caltraps: *Earth-chestnuts*, in *Earth nut*. Park. K. as the Chestnut of Peru, and the dwarf. V. the white skin of the common, d. h. any flux: the last purgeth choller: that of Peru, tasteth like the almond: the Indian is a little astringent.

Chichling, see Pease.

Chicken weed, see Chickweed.

Chick-weed. *Alfina*.

P. Shadowie, among bushes, old walls, and corne fields.

T. They are green in winter: fl. and seed in spring.

N. Ἀλσίον. *Hippia*, *Hippago* Plin. the wild, *Morsus Gallinae*, Hen bit.

Chick weed. Ger. *J*. K. as the great, middle, fine, sea, right, stone, speedwell, fountaine, river, marsh, water, berry-bearing, and creeping water ch. T. it is cold moist and waterish, cooling without astringion. V. the leaves boyled soft in water, adding hogs greas, the powder of fenugreek, and line seed and marsh mallows stamped to the forme of a pulvis, h. swellings, suppurating hot apostumes, and dissolving them: it h. shrunk members, wounds in the sinews, and defends virulent ulcers from inflammation: or it comforteth, digesteth, defendeth, and strongly suppureth. The leaves boiled in vineger and salt, bathed, h. manginess of the hands and legs. The lesser ch. refresheth birds in cages. The bastard chick weed. K. as the Germander, horned, ivy, and great. T. are thought to be cold and moist, and like the first in vertue and operation. Park. K. as the greatest, great spreading and smaller. V. the leaves ap. with vineger

neger h. stings with serpents, and with meade h. pains of the back. ap. h. headach and wenns: and all keate d. and ap. The mountain. K. as the ivy and rocky. V. as the first, so the sea chick: which doth attenuate and purge.

China. *China radix offic.* *

P. In China, Marabar, Cranganor, &c.

T. It's thought to be green all the year: the root will keep many years.

N. The Chinois call it Lampatan. The Arabians and Persians Chophchina.

China. *Johns.* K. as the true, and bastard. T. is thought to be moderately hot and dry. *Garcias*, it cureth the French disease, yet most judge it lesse effectually than Guajacum, or Sarsaparilla: it's diaphoretick, attenuates, dries and resists putrefaction, it strengthneth the liver, h. dropfies, maligne ulcers, scabs, leproy, and consumptions. The decoction of the root, also h. the palse, gout, sciatica, schirrous, and oedematous tumors, and the Kings evill, the inveterate head-ach, weakness of the stomack, and stone, and exulceration of the bladder. *Park.* it h. agues quotidian, intermitrent, pestilentiall and hectick: it drieth up rheumes, h. the jaundise and ruptures, all diseases of the joynts, nodes, and ulcers of the privities, and c. lust, it is to be sliced and boyled: the D. of the decoction is *unc. sem.* or *unc. 1.* The decoction of the root of china and sarsaparilla, h. caruncles, callus, and warts in the urinary passages. *Begu.* the essence provokes sweat in the French pox, gout, catarrhs, asthma, and palse, &c. the D. is *drach. 3.* to 6.

Christmas herb, see Black hellebore.
Christs thorne, see Jews thorne.
Christs wort, see Christmas herb.

Church-

Church-wort. see Peny roynll.
Charles treacle, see Garlick.

Cicely. *Myrrhis.*

P. In gardens and the fields of Germany.

E. Fl. in May: the seed is ripe in July.

N. *Μύρρις.* *Smyrrhiza*, *Smirnum*, *Conilium*.

Cicely. *Ger.* T. is temperate in heate, and moderate in drinelle. V. the leaves are pleasant in sallads. *Park.* K. as the greater and lesser sweet Cicely. T. is hot 20, with tenuity of parts. V. the leaves, seed, and roots, give a good rellish to other herbs: the root eaten with oile, butter and vineger, warmerth a cold and windie stomack, and h. consumptions: d. it h. poysons, and the courses: the juyce h. ulcers. *Vntz.* it h. the plague, so *Joub.* *Fum.* *Durand.* *Poter.* *Moresc.*

Ciches. *Cicer.* *

P. They are sowne in the fields.

T. They are sown in Aprill, being steeped in water.

N. *Ἐρεβινθος.* *Erebinthus*. The black are called *Arietina*.

Cich. *Ger.* as that of the garden. T. *Gal.* is windie like the beane, yet of stronger nourishment, provoking lust, and generating sperme. V. it scoureth, the decoction wasteth the stone. *Diosc.* the *Ram ciches* provoke urine, the decoction thereof being made with rosemary, and given to those that are hydropicall, or have the yellow jaundise. H. they hurt the bladder, and exulcerated kidneys. *Wilde ciches Cicer sylvestre.* K. as the common, and broad leaved. T. *Gal.* is hotter and drier than the first, more biting, and bitter. V. *Theoph.* they operate as the first. *Park.* the decoction thereof, looseth the belly, provoketh the termes, and c. milke. Against the dropfie and jaundise, take of *cicers unc. 1.* of French barley *unc. 2.* and a small handfull of marsh mallow.

mallow rootes, wash, cut, and boyle them in the broth of a chicken: of which take fasting in the morning *unc.* 4. and fast two houres after: so the *white* and h. barrenesse in those that are too hot. The *wilde K.* as the *three leaved V.* are stronger then the first, and cut, open, and digest.

Cichory. see, Endive.

Cidarage, see, Arsmarr.

Cinque foile. *Pentaphylon.*

P. Low and moist meadows, upon bankes, &c.

T. Fl. from the beginning of May, to Aug.

N. Πενταφυλλον. *Quinque folium.* Five finger grasse, Cincke field.

Cinke foile. Ger. *J.* K. as the common, great upright, purple, marsh, stone, silverweed, wall, hoarie, small hony creeping, wood with white fl. small white floured wood, small golden floured, and straw berry Cinke foile. T. the roots especially of the first, are drie 30. without apparent heate or sharpnesse. V. the decoction of the roots d. h. all fluxes. The juyce of the young roots d. h. diseases of the liver, lungs, all poyson; and d. with meade or wine and pepper: it h. tertian and quartan agues and fevers, and the falling sicknesse d. 30 daies together. The leaves with appropriate herbes h. ruptures and burstings, their juyce d. h. the jaundise, and comforteth the stomack and liver: the decoction of the root held in the mouth h. the tooth-ache, stayeth putrefaction, and ulcers of the mouth; h. inflammation of the almonds of the throat, and stayeth laskes. The root boyled in vinegar h. shingles, fretting sores, and cankerous ulcers. The leaves boyled in water with *lignum vite*, h. the falling sicknesse, with sweating. The extraction of the roots h. bloody fluxe. Park: K. as the great yellow, and white, coddled, and low with wild tansie leaves. V. the wilde creeping upright and whise are the best, and operate

erate as Tormentill: it cooleth d. and ap. it h. the quinsy, coughs, all nodes, and paines.

Cinnamon-tree. *Canella.* *

P. In Zealand, and Malabar. &c.

T. It is green all the yeare.

N. Κινναμωμον. *Cinnamomum, Cassia*

Cinnamon tree Ger. T. Diosc. it is warming, and of thin parts, dry and astringent, it's diuretick, oxydore kicke, and perfumeth the breath. V. the decoction bringeth downe the menses, h. birings of venomous beasts, the inflammations of the intestines and reins. The distilled water comforteth the weak and cold stomack, h. paine of the intestines c. by cold; it h. the colour of the face; used in meats, they become more wholesome for all bodies; the chemicall oyle h. pains of the breast, comforteth the stomack, breaketh winde, h. digestion, and m. with hony h. sports in the face. Garcias, the distilled water of the fl. operates as the barke. The oile of the berries, h. coldnesse of the sinews, paines of the joynts, stomack, and breast. the *Cassia lignea* in a greater q. serveth in stead of Cinnamon, Johnf. Park. T. Cinnamon is hot and dry 20, aromatical, and very cordiall. V. the distilled water h. the wind-collick, the stopping of the urine and the courses, it sweeteneth the breath, and resisteth poyson, and stopps laskes. Col. the distilled water hastneth the birth, stoppeth vomiting, h. the fainting of the spirits, and trembling of the heart. it strengthneth the retentive faculty of the parts. and h. cold and moist bodies. *Cassia lignea*, opens, dissolves, and dries. *Aqua cinnamoni*, Pharm. Lond: or Cinnamon water, hath the same virtue as cinnamon, (so other simple waters as their basis.) That of Matthiolus. strengthens the brain, heart, liver and stomack, lungs, spleen, and nerves. It quickens the sight, resisteth poyson, h. venomous birings, cause a sweet breath, provokes the terms, attenuates, opens, digests,

digests, and strengthens, and h. cold diseases. *That made by infusion*, is not so hot, and h. heart-qualmes and faintings. So the *Tincture*, or *Aqua clareta*. Also this having the virtue of cinnamon water, strengthens the brain, stomach, liver, womb, and is good also against the cachexy, dropsie, and scurvy allayd with fennell and scurvy-grass water. *Syrupus de cinnamomo*, or, the *syrup of cinnamon*, refresheth the vitall spirits, and cheareth the heart and cold stomach. It much h. digestion, and strengthens the whole body: the D. is *cochl.* 1. in a cordiall. *Diacinnamomum*, P. L. or, the *electuary of cinnamon*, heats the stomach, c. digestion, provoke the terms, strengthens the stomach and parts of distribution. *drach.* 1. taken in the morning fasting, h. old people and cold bodies, also dropsies and diseases of phlegme or wind, and comforts nature much. to h. digestion, take it an houre before meat, so other things of like quality. *Oleum cinnamoni chym.* or the *chymical oile of cinnamon*, 1 or 2 drops at a time, is excellent in a consumption. *Ern.* it corroboraterh, expels, is absterfive, and heateth.

Citrulls. *Citrullus*.

P. In hot regions, as in Syria, &c.

T. The seeds are to be sown as those of cucumbers.

N. Ἀγγούριον. Anguria. *Citrulus*.

Citrulls. Ger. K. as the common, and small T. the pulpe is of little and cold nourishment, the seeds are of like faculty with those of Cucumbers. V. it engendreth a waterish bloud, h. the heat of the inward parts, and tempereth the sharpnesse of choler. being raw and held in the mouth, it h. roughnesse of the tongue in agues, and quencherh thirst. *Wilde citrull*, K. as the common, and peare fashioned. *Calocynthis*. T. *Coloquintida* is bitter in all its parts, hot and dry fine 2di. so it purgeth, cleserh, openeth, and operates as most bitter things doe, but chiefly by the stoule, V. it violently purgeth flegme

flegme and choller; therefore it is carefully to be used, being mixed with mastick or gum tragacanth, that it fret not the intestines, or with gum arabick and bdellium, its good to be used in the scotoma, vertigo, megrim, continuall head-ache, apoplexie, epilepsie, stuffing of the lungs, gripings of the intralls. and other dangerous diseases. Common oile wherein it is boyled h. singing in the eares, and deafenesse ap: also it killeth wormes; and looseth the belly, the navill being annointed therewith. *Mes. decoct* in vineger, and the teeth being washed therewith it h. the tooth-ache: the seed with myrrhe and aloes preserveth dead bodies. *scr.* 1. of the pulpe taken, mightily openeth the belly, and purgeth gross flegme and choller: so also the *infusion*, and h. the diseases aforesaid, and collick, loosness of the sinews, luxations, and all diseases of cold. So also used in *clysters*: boyled in oile and ap. with wool, it h. pain of the hemorrhoids. The decoction made in wine used as a fomentation, provoketh the termes. *Park. K.* as the *Turkie*. V. the seed h. the heat and sharpness of urine, and macilent bodies grown feeble by chronicall diseases all its parts are used for the same diseases that gourds are. *Coloquintida* h. the jaundise and putrid fevers ap. it killeth foetus and cleserh the skin: the oile of sweet almonds stops its working. *Hiera pachii* sive *Diacolocynthidos* *Nich. Alex. Pharm. Lond.* or *hiera of coloquintida*, h. the epilepsie, madness, head ach, pains in the breast and stomach caused by sickness or bruises, pains in the loins or back bone, hardness of womens breasts, putrefaction of meat in the stomach, and soure belchings; but it's seldome used, and hard to be gotten. *Hiera Logadii*, evacuates daily wells of melancholly, the epilepsie, vertigo, convulsions, megrim, leprosie, and many other infirmities; that are desperate, also it is with us little used, being hot and strongly purgative. It h. the epilepsie, melancholly, old head-ach, totall or partial, dizziness thereof, convulsions, palsies and tremblings. Also diseases of the liver, spleen, and joynts, sciatica or hip-gout, & other old & rebellious infirmities.

It mightily moves the courses, cures poysonous and venemous bitings, and the leprosie at the beginning thereof. The D. is *drach.* 2. or 3. thrice in a month, in a draught of mead or muld sack, with a spoonfull of salt. It's onely for strong bodies and otherwise incurable diseases. *drach. sem.* may usefully and safely be put into a suppository in sleepey diseases of the head; and such like: Also *unc. sem.* may be given in a clyster in like cases, and against the palsie, and stoppage of the courses, melancholy and madness thence, fits of the stone or collick, and stoppage of urine. *Trochisci Albandal*, or the *Troches of Albandal*, or *coloquintida*, are very violent. Also they are nothing but *coloquintida* prepared for use to be mingled in pills, and other purgative medicaments being seldome used alone: see the virtues of *coloquintida*: the D. alone is *gr.* 6. to 12. *Schrod.* the D. of the *extra* of *coloquintida*, is *gr.* 4. to x. with corrigents.

Clarie. *Horminum.*

P. In moist gardens; the wild in barren places.

T. They fl. in June, July, and August.

N. *Опунев. Gallitricum. Sclarea. Geminalis. centrum galli.*

Clarie. Ger. J. K. as the common, small, *Fuchsius* his wild and *Jupiters Distaff*; T. is hot and dry 3°. V. the seed powdered, and m. with hony, taken, cleareth the sight. Its *mucilage* ap. draweth out what is fixed in the body, and scattereth swellings, especially in the joynts. The seed powdered and d. with wine c. lust. The leaves taken h. the weaknesse of the back caused by too much flowing of the whites: but more effectually, fryed with eges like a tansie. Wild Clarie, K. as the common, with purple leaves, broad leaved wild white flowered wild, and red fl. wild. T. in temperature and faculties are refered to the garden Claries. *Aeginet.* it is hot, moderately drie, and clensing. The seed d. with wine.

wine c. lust, with hony clenseth the eyes, so also put whole into the eyes, and h. waterish humors, rednesse, inflammations, &c And easeth paine The leaves in pottage scatter congealed blood, warme the stomach, and helpe dimnesse of the eyes. Park. K. as the garden, low Germane, Italian wild, spike flowered, sage leaved and plaine *Aethiopian.* V. This d. h. coughs, the plurisie, and sciatica. The yellow h. ulcers, the powder of the first, h. barrenesse, and c. sneezing.

Claver. *Medica.*

P. The first in Italy, the rest in France, Spaine, and fields.

T. Its sown in Aprill. Fl. in June and July, the fruit is ripe in Aug.

N. *Медуха, Trifolium cochleatum.*

Claver. Ger. J. K. as the medick fodder, prickly snail, and medicke f. of the sea. T. it is cold. V. applyed green, it h. inflammations and infirmities which need cooling. Park. K. as of Burgundy, woody. Lugd. his creeping round prickly hart of Arabia, and moone cl. V. The oile of the seed h. tremblings of the heart, and stone, &c. of that Burgundy: the rest are not used. The horned, as the meadow trefoile.

Plaister Claver, see Melilote, or Harts claver.

Cleere eye, see Clarie.

Clithe, see Bur-dock.

Clitheren, see Goose grass, or Clivers.

Clite, see Lappa.

Close sciences, see Dames violets.

Cliver. *Aparine.*

P. Neer the borders of fields, by hedges &c.

T. Fl. in June and July: the seed is ripe in August.

N. *Атрактын. Phylanthropos. Asperugo. Philaterion.*

Clivers. Ger. K. as the common, and great goose grass.
T. Gal,

T. Gal. it is moderately hot and dry, and somewhat of thin parts. **V.** the juyce pressed out of the seeds, stalks and leaves, h. the bitings of the Phalangia and Vipers d. with wine. The herb stamped with swines grease wasteth the kernels of the throat. The leaves ap. stay blood issuing out of wounds, and sod it potage with oatemeale c. lankness. **Park.** **V.** the juyce dropped into the eares h. the paine of them. **Matth.** The juyce and powder h. old ulcers. **Trag.** The distilled water d. twice a day h. the jaundise; so the decoction, and h. lasks.

Clot-burre, see Burre-dock.

Cloud-herrie. *Vaccinia nubis.*

P. In the tops of Mountaines and heathy places.

T. Fl. in May, the fruit is ripe in July.

N. Chamemorus Cambro Britanica: the second Norway.

Cloud berry. Ger. T. the fruit is cold, dry and very astringent. **V.** the fruit quenchieth thirst, cooleth the stomach, and h. inflammations, being eaten as worts are, or the decoction drunk. **Park.** The Norway Knot-berry, h. the scurvy, and other crude, putrid and melancholly diseases wherewith those northerly People are afflicted **Bauh. Hoier.** the people of Norway make an elestuary, thus, they boile the berries to an indifferent consistence, without adding any liquor thereto, the berries being full of juyce, which they keep in convenient vessels for the uses aforesaid.

Clove-gilloflower, see Carnation.

Clove-tongue, see Black hellebore.

Clove:

Clove-tree. *Caryophyllus.* *

P. In the Malucca Islands, Zeilan &c.

T. The cloves are gathered from the 15. of Sept. to Feb.

N. Καρυόφυλλον. Clavus. Caryophyllum.

Clove-tree. Ger. T. Cloves are hot and dry 30. **V.** they strengthen stomach, liver and heart, help digestion, and provoke urine. **Garc.** The liquor distilled from them when green, is a most excellent cordiall. **C. Acoffa,** Cloves stop the belly: the oile or water dropped into the eyes sharpeneth the sight, and clenseth away the web. **drach. 4.** of the powder of cloves taken in milk h. to generation. The Indians use the oile or butter thereof as a ballame for wounds, and hurts. The powder serveth also for perfumes. **Clove-berry tree, Amomum quorundam.** **T.** hath a fruit not much differing from the amomum of **Diosc.** having a heating, astringent, and drying faculty. **V.** and is thought to be effectually for the same purposes. **Park.** the oile of cloves chymically drawn is much used for the toothach, and to stop hollow aking teeth, and serveth to put into perfumes. The powder ap. to the fore head h. the head ach coming of cold. Being eaten they sweeten the breath. **Garc.** Cloves taken with Nutmegs, Mace, long pepper and black, procure sweating to those that have the French disease. **Bauh. Aegin. T.** Cloves are aromaticall, sharp, a little bitter hot and dry about the 3d degree. **Aet 20. Avic. 30. V.** they stop vomiting & h. all cold diseases of the head. **Aromaticum caryophyllum, Pharm. Lond.** or, the clove-aromatick, strengthens the heart and stomach h. digestion, expells wind, stops vomiting, and clenseth the stomach of putrified humours. **Begu.** the oile of cloves, strengthens the spirits, &c. concocts, stops, and is balsamicall; outwardly it h. cold greifs, and the syncope, &c. the D. is 2 drops to 6.

Clowns Lungwort, see great toothwort.
Clowns Wound wort, see Alheale.

Cockle.

Cockle. *Pseudomelanthium*.

P. In corne fields. very frequently.

T. Fl. in the summer months.

N. *Nigellastrum*, *Lolium Fuch.* *Githago Trag.*

Cockle. Ger. T. the seed is hot and drie fine 2di. V. the seed made into a *Pessarie*, and put up with hony, cause the terms to flow. The seeds parched and powdered d. help the yellow jaundise. *Park.* d. and ap. it stoppeth bleedings, the herb decoct and d. expelleth the stone. *drach.* 2. of the seed d. in wine purge chol-ler. It h. stingings of venomous beasts and the plague. It cleanseth and healeth old sores, ulcers and itch, and dryeth the moisture.

Cocks-foot, see Columbine.

Cocks head. *Onobrychis*.

P. The two first only grow in England.

T. Fl. in July, the seed is ripe soon after.

N. *Ὠνοβρυχίς.* *Glaux Gesneri.* Red Fitchling, and medick fitch.

Cocks-head. Ger. K. as the common, purple, blew, pale coloured, and mountaine. They rarify, attenuate and wast V. the green leaves ap. h. hard swellings, or waxen kernels, ap. in manner of a *salve*, and wast them. Dryed and d. in wine it h. the strangury. ap. with oile it c. sweat: Which also *Diosc.* affirmeth. *Park.* K. as the spiked with purple fl. and the least. V. given to cattell, they c. much milk, and are a singular food for them. *Bauh.* it stops the belly, draweth forth urine and the Menfes. The drie leaves d. in wine, strangle: and ap. discufs swellings being green.

Sweet cods, see Sweet Gullions.

Coffee.

Coffee. *Cophy*.

P. It groweth upon little trees, only in the deserts of Arabia.

T. The time is not observed.

N. As for the variety of names, Authors have as yet writt little.

Coffee. T. is of an exsiccant quality. V. It dryeth up the crudities of the stomack, comforteth the braine: it h. consumptions, lethargies, rickets, swoonings of women, it fortifyeth the sight with its *steem*, and prevents dropfies, gout, and the scurvie, together with the spleen and hypocondriacall winds: all which it doth without any distemper. Hereof may be made an *ele-uary*, thus. Take of butter and sallet oile p. *eq.* m. and melt them with thrice so much hony and powder of Turkish Coffee q. *f.* *Rumsf.* the q. of a nutmeg taken, opens the body, and h. the stone and gout. *Anon.* The graines and berries called coffee, are brought from Arabia, and drunk generally throughout all the grand-Seignours dominions, and about halfe a pint is to be drunk fasting, an houre before, and not eating an houre after, as hot as may be endured, it not fetching the skin off the mouth, or raising blisters by its heat. The Turks drink it to h. their crudities, drinking water and eating much fruit, which cause it. This drink is cold and dry, and when hot neither heats or inflames more then hot posset. It closeth the mouth of the stomack and h. digestion, and so may be taken at 3 of the clock in the afternoon, or 4, as well as in the morning. It much quickens the spirits, and makes the heart lightesome: the steame h. sore eyes; its good against a cough and cold; suppresseth fumes and so h. the head-ach, stops defluxions and prevents the cough of the lungs. It's better than any other drying drinks for old people, and children having running humours as the Kings evill &c. It prevents abortion, and droufiness, hindring sleep for 3 or 4 houres, taken after supper. It helps the stone, whitens the skin, and is not laxat v. or binding.

E

Colewort

Colewort. *Brassica.*

P. Gardens, a fat soile; the wild, in new ditches;
 T. They are sown in spring: the Collyflower in horsedung.
 N. КожуГн. *Caulis Crambe. Raphanus Theoph.*

Coleworts. Ger. F. K. as the garden, curled garden, red, white, and red cabbage, open cabbage, Cole flourie, swollen, Savoy, curled Savoy, parslly, English sea, and wild coleworts. T. are all drying and binding with a nitrous quality, therefore the juyce and broth doth mightily cense, the whole substance is drying. The juyce and first broth loosneth d. The rest is of melancholy juyce. The white Cabbage is best next unto the Coleflourey. V. Colewort eaten h. dime yes, and the palse; and with vineger it h. the spleen. Eaten raw it preserveth from drunkenness. The leaves stamped with barley meale and salt, ap. h. all inflammations, and break carbuncles. The juyce taken with floure delays and nitre loosens the body: d. with wine it h. the bitings of venomous beasts. Ap. with the powder of fenugreek it h. gouts and old ulcers. As an errhine it purgeth the head, as a pessarie with barley meale it bringeth down the flowers. The juyce with wine dropped into the eares h. deafness. The seed killeth wormes and h. freckles and sunburning. The broth bathed h. the sinews, joynts and cankers in the eyes. the decoction of colewort leaves, and cammomile, made in wine and fermented, h. the swellings of the belly, so Senn. Rape-cole. *Caulorapum*. K. as the round. T. V. is meat not medicine. Park. K. as the fine cut, and thorney. V. made into an elestuary h. purfiness and almost all diseases. Turn. The summer Cole is the sharper: taken after meat it h. the evill of surfeiting. The juyce h. the voyce. It's hot and dry 1°. *Eclegma è Cautibus Gordon: Pharm: Lond.* or Lohoch of coleworts; h. hoarseness & loss of the voice, surfeits and head ach c. by drunkenness and opens obstructions of the liver and spleen, so h. the rickets. Also its very good against shortness of breath being duly used.

Dogs

Dogs Cole, see Dogs Mercury.
 Colloquintida, see Wild citruls.

Coltfoot. *Bechium.*

P. It groweth neer springs, and in moist places.
 T. Fl. in March and Aprill: and the flowers quickly fade.
 N. Βήχισον. *Farfara. Ungula cabalina. Populago, Far-rugium. Tussilago.*

Coltsfoot. Ger. F. K. as the common and mountaine. T. the leaves green are something cold, and drying, and h. ulcers and inflammations; dried, are hot and dry, and somewhat biting. V. the decoction of the green leaves and roots, or a syrup of them h. the coughs of a thim rheume. The green leaves stamped with hony h. all inflammations. The fume of the dried leaves taken through a funnel h. shortness of breath; and the impostumes of the brest; so also taken as tobacco. Park. The distilled water with Elder fl. and Nightshade d. the q. of unc. 2. h. agues, and applyed all heart burnings and pushes. The wool of the root boyled with niter makes tinder. The root of the hoary and American d. h. coughs and lenifies ap. The mountain colts foot is useles. *Syrupus de tussilagine, Pharm: Lond. comp.* Renot. or, the syrup, h. the lungs and its infirmities and failings, as the want of voice, dyspnœa, coughs, hoarseness, and catarrhs, &c. It may be taken with a licorice stick, or unc. 1. with the pectorall decoction. Lohoc de farfara, or, the Lohoch of colts foot, h. the cough. Also it scoureth and cleanseth the lungs, prevents consumptions, strengthens the chest and lungs, h. a melancholick heart and cleers the voice. drach. 1. or 2. being taken. and drinking sack or ale after it. the sick may take it with a lycorice stick.

E 2

Columbine.

Columbine. *Aquilegia.*

P. Gardens, being planted there.

T. They fl. in May, June, and July.

N. *Aquileia. Aquilia. Leo herba Dod. Pothos Theoph.*

Columbine. Ger. J. K. as the blew, red, double, variegated, with the inverted red fl. inverted with the white fl. rose, and degenerate Col. T. they are thought to be temperate between heat and moisture. V. *Trag. drach. 1.* of the seed with scr. sem. of Saffron d. in wine opens the liver and h. the yellow jaundise with sweating. The leaves boiled in milk h. sore throats and the uvula fallen. The flowers open the liver. *Clus. the powder of the seed d. in wine doth facilitate womens labour. Park. K.* as the single and white Spanish. V. the root eaten h. the stone: d. it h. swounings. The tufted h. ulcers and plague: and swounings with amber greise.

Confound. *Solidago Saracenic.*

P. In Gardens, and by wood sides.

T. It flowreth in July, the seed is ripe in Aug.

N. *Consolida aurea Tab. consolida Saracen. Herba fortis.*

Confound. Ger. K. as the Saracens. T. is drie 30. with manifest heat. V. d. and ap. it's not inferiour to any traumattick herb. It h. the wounds of the lungs. The leaves boiled in water and d. stay the wasting of the liver, and h. the oppilation of the same, also it cureth the yellow jaundise, and chronicall agues, and feavers. The decoction of the leaves made in water, h. the soreness of the throat, being used as a gargarisme: it increaseth also the virtue of lotions appropriate for privy maimes, sore mouths: and m. therewith. *Park. K.* as the Germane small coddred. V. as the rest, help the drop-sie and all inward ulcers, wounds and bruises. The distilled water h. all paine in the body and all wounds. *Trag.* the water h. the fretting of the genitors, and ulcers of the mouth.

Corall.

Corall. worts, *Dentaria.*

P. One shadowie and darke hills.

T. Fl. in Aprill and May, the seed is ripe in Aug.

N. *Dentillaria. Viola dentaria. Coralloides.*

Corrall worts. Ger. J. K. as the toothed violet, corall toothed, seven leaved, and first and second five leaved. T. is vulnerarie. V. *Matth.* the decoction of the root h. the enterocoele, and inward wounds, especially those that have entred into the cavity of the brest. *Park. K.* as the bulbed, cinquefoile and tresfoile, setfoile, and bulbed narrow leaved, with the least. V. the root is drying, binding and strengthning; it expels urine and gravell, h. paines of the sides and bowels and inward wounds, *drach. 1.* of the powder of the root d. in red wine for a certaine time: and d. with horsetaile water h. ruptures and cold fluxes: and ap. the decoction h. green wounds.

Corall, and Coraline, see Moss.

Coriander. *Coriandrum.*

P. In fertile fields and Gardens.

T. They fl. in June and July, and seed in Aug.

N. *Kbetov. Corianon. Corianum. Coliandrum.*

Coriander. Ger. K. as the common and bastard. T. the green and stinking leaves are cold, dry, and very hurtfull to the body. The seed dry, is warme and usefull. V. consists of the seed prepared taken after meat close the mouth of the stomach, stay vomiting, and h. digestion. The seed dried in an oven and d. with wine, killeth worms and stopperth all fluxes. The seeds are prepared by drying, then steep them 24 houres in wine and Vineger, and dry them againe for use. The green leaves boiled with the crums of bread or barley meale h. all hot swellings and inflammations: and with bean meale dissolve the Kings evill, weus and hard lumps. The

juyce of the leaves m. with ceruse, litharge of silver, vineger and oile of roses h. S. Anthonies fire and all inflammations. *drach.* 4. of the juce of the green leaves taken *poison* the body. The seed prepared with sugar taken first and last h. the gout, c. digestion, shuts the stomack, represseth fumes, h. noise in the eares, dryeth up rhumes, and h. the quinsy. *Park.* the dried seeds d. in wine help urine, and cause coiture, and increase blood and sperme. The *Indian Coriander like seed*, decoct h. agues, husked and boiled like Rice, taking it and abstaining from other food: it's called *Mungo. Bauh.* *Gal.* Coriander hath contrary faculties, having much of a bitter essence which consisteth of thin and terrene parts, with an aqueous tepid humidity and a little astringion. *Mac.* The antidote is swallow wort.

Corke-tree, see Cork-oake.

Corne-flower, see Blew-bottle, or corne marigold.

Corne-rose, see Poppy.

Corne-salad, see Lambs Lettuce.

Corne Gladin, see Corne-flag.

Corne gilliflower, or corne pinks, and Ladies glass, see Venus looking glass, yellow corne-flower, and golden.

Cornelian, or long cherry-tree, see cornell-tree.

Costmaric, see Maudline.

Corne. *Far.*

P. It groweth in fat and fertile moist grounds.

T. It's sown in Sept. or October: and is ripe in July.

N. *Zea* the first. *Zea. Spelta. Zea Dicecces Matth.*

Corne. *Ger.* K. as the spelt corne, *zea* or spelta. T. *Diosc.* It nourisheth more then barley. *Gal.* It's in a mean between wheat and barley, and may be referred to them. V. The meale boiled in water and with powder of Saunders, and a little oile of Roses and Lillies, unto

unto the forme of a pultis, and applyed hot h. swelling of the legs, gotten by cold and long standing. *Starch-corne, Triticum amyleum.* T. is somewhat like to wheat or barley. V. it serveth to feed Cattle and to make starch of. S. *Peters Corne, Briza monococcos*: with the *Haver grass, Festuca Italica.* T. are somewhat sharp and digesting. V. the juyce of the last m. with barley meale dried, and when used moistned with rose water and ap. plaisterwise, h. the *Ægilops*, or the fistula in the corner of the eye: it mollifieth and disperseth nodes, and aswageth the swellings of the joynts. *Barn* *Corne ustilago.* K. as of Barly, Oats, and Rie. T. V. are not used in physick. They cause bread to look black, and be of an evill tast. *Turkie corne,* K. as the common and *Asian.* T. V. is not observed. *Lonic.* the bran of spelt is used in clysters, it is a little drying decoct in wine and vineger it h. the eyes. So *Trag. Bauh.* the bread thereof is black and unpleasant.

Cornell-tree. *Cornus.*

P. In Gardens: the second in hedges, almost every where.

T. Fl. in Aprill: the berries are ripe in August.

N. *Kegvía.* the female is called *virga sanguinea.*

Cornell tree. *Ger.* T. the fruit of the male Cornell-tree is very harsh in tast, it cooleth, dryeth and bindeth, and may be eaten. V. it h. lasks and bloody flux, and hurteth cold stomacks. The leaves and crops are choaking & drying, and heale green wounds in hard bodies: to *Trag.* the female cornell tree. T. the berries are of unlike parts, some hot bitter and clensing; many cold, dry, harsh, and binding, yet not used in physick. V. *Matth.* the berries boiled and pressed yeild an oile for lamps. *Park.* the conserve of the fruit of the male h. all fluxes, the liquor coming out of the stalks heated h. terrors. *Cam. Diosc.* the berries h. the whites. *Rob de cornis,* or the Rob of cornels, of the fruit of the male, binds exceedingly

exceedingly and is therefore good in fluxes, bloody fluxes and the immoderate flowing of the terms in women.

Costive tree. *Curo.* *

P. In China. Japan, Malaca. &c.

T. The time is not observed.

N. The first is called *Corn arbor*, the second *Pavate*.

Costive tree. *Park.* K. as the first and second. T. the bark of the root onely is in use, which containeth a clammy milk, somewhat bitter, drying, and cooling. V. the natives use the milke hereof against all fluxes of what cause soever arising. The second is not so strong, but of excellent use in inflammations, and eruptions of chollerick matter in the skin, and S. Anthonies fire: the root is of chiefest use, yet sometimes the wood is used being steeped in the decoction of rice, which presently groweth soure, with which they wash the inflamed parts: d. it h. hot livers and scavers, with the leaves of Tamarinds it stops defluxions.

Costus. *Costus.* *

P. In the Indies, and other places.

T. The time is not observed.

N. K&S⊙, *costus Indicus*: and *Offic.* the latter.

Costus. *J.* K. as the Indian or sweet smelling, and the bitter. T. is hot and attenuating. V. it is used in oile to anoint the body against the cold fits of agues, and the sciatica, and to draw any thing into the periferie of the body. Also it provokes urine and the termes: h. strains, cramps and pains in the sides, and by its bitterness killeth the worms, it h. the bitings of Vipers, pains of the chest, windiness of the stomach taken in wormwood wine, and is used to be put into antidotes, *Park.* Taken with sweet wine it c. venery. ap. with hony and water

ter, it h. the blemishes of the skin, and face. *Pem.* its hot and dry 3°. The best is whitish & bitter: the D. is scr. 1. or scr. 1. sem. *Caryocostinum Phar. Lond.* or the *Eleuary of costus*, &c: purge. h. hot rhumes, and h. hot inflammations in wounds; but it works strongly; yet drac. 2. or 3. may be given in clysters. Also it h. the gout & joynt-paines, very effectually: the D. is drac. 2. or 3. in white wine. *Oleum costinum*, or, the Oile of the roots of bitter costus, heats, opens obstructions, strengthens the nerves, and all nervous parts; as the muscles, tendons, ligaments, and the ventricle, and the liver. It prevents grainess of the haire, and c. good colour in the body, being used outwardly. Also annointed upon the stomach, it h. vomiting wormes, and dizziness in the head, collicke upon the belly & cold fits of agues used upon the whole back bone, halfe an houre before the fit. It strengthens the wombe annointed upon the region thereof, and h. paines thereof, and softens and discusses hard swellings. It's an excellent oile, and emulates the virtues of the oile of nard and costus.

Cotton plant. *Xylum.* *

P. In India. Arabia. *Aegypt* &c.

T. The seed is sown in spring: it's ripe in harvest.

N. *Ἐριφύρον. Ξύλον καὶ γοσσίπιον. Gossipium. Lanugo. Bombax and Gorum.*

Cotton-plant. *Ger. T. Serap.* The seed is hot and moist, the wool is hot and dry. V. the seed h. coughs and shortwindedness, c. lust and sperme: the oile h. freckles, spots and blemishes of the skin. The ashes of the wool burned stop the bleeding of wounds: and are used in restrictive remedies, and exceed Bole armoniack. The wool serverth for many known uses. *Park.* K. as the fine, bush, thorny Indian, and long leaved Cotton tree of Java. V. the kernells of the seed are used against gnawings of the stomach: and h. agues. *Recch.*

That of Mexico d. resisteth poyson, the stalk is cold, dry and binding.

Cotton weed, see Cudweed.

Coventry-bells, see Pasque flowers.

Cowfat, see Cow-basil.

Cowslip. *Primula veris*.

P. Moist meadows and borders of fields.

T. Fl. from Aprill to June.

N. *Arthritica. Herba paralysii. Dodecatheon*.

Cowslips. Ger. *J*. K. as the field, with the field Ox-tips, double paigles, two in a hose, field Primrose, double white, green, and Mr Hesketh's Primrose. T. Cowslips and Primroses are dry and a little hot. V. Cowslips h. paines of the joints, gout, and palsies; the decoction of the roots d. h. the stone. The juyce of the leaves, h. luxations & burblings. *drac.* i. sem. of the powder of the dried roots of the field primrose d. in Ale c. vomit forcibly of waterish humors, choler & flegm. A Conserve of the fl. of Cowslips h. the palsies, convulsions, cramps, and all diseases of the sinews. cowslips greatly stop the belly, and h. larks and the bloody flux *decoct* and d. warme. An unguent made with the juyce of cowslips and oil of linseed h. all scaldings, or burnings, with fire or otherwise. Park, V. The juyce or water of the flowers of cowslips clenseth the skin from spots, and h. wrinkles. The decoction of the roots h. paines in the back, and wounds. *Doct.* d. it h. the appetite, and heat.

Cow wheat. *Crateogonum*.

P. The first groweth among corne, the rest not here.

T. They fl. in June and July: the wild to Sept.

N. *Κερατρυγον. Triticum Vaccinum*; the wild *Milium Sylvaticum* Tabern.

Cow wheat. Ger. *J*. K. as the white, purple, blew, and yellow. T. the seed is hot and dry, and full of fumes. V. taken in meats and drinks it troubleth the braine, and c. drunkenness and head-ach. Wild cow wheat K. as the common and eyebright. T. the seeds cause giddiness. V. The powder of the seed d. c. venery. Park, K. as the party coloured and black. V. it troubleth the head as Darnell, the seed is sharp and is used as Millet is. *Lugd.* it being d. thrice a day, 4 days before c. conception.

Cox-combe. *Crista galli*.

P. Dry meadows, and Pastures.

T. Fl. most part of the summer.

N. *Αλεθρολοφος. Pedicularia. Fistularia*.

Cox-comb or yellow rattle Ger. T. V. its not yet used in physick. Park, V. the herb boiled with some honey and beane d. h. coughs, and dropped into the eyes h. dimness thereof. The whole seed being put into the eyes doth draw forth any filme or dimness. T. some think it to be cold and drying.

juice of the leaves m. with ceruse, litharge of silver, vinegar and oile of roses h. S. Anthonies fire and all inflammations. *drach. 4.* of the juice of the green leaves taken *poison* the body. The seed prepared with sugar taken first and last h. the gout, c. digestion, shuts the stomack, represseth fumes, h. noise in the eares, dryeth up rhumes, and h. the quinsy. *Park.* the dried seeds d. in wine help urine, and cause coiture, and increase blood and sperme. The *Indian Coriander like seed*, decoct h. agues, husked and boiled like Rice, taking it and abstaining from other food: it's called *Mungo. Bauh. Gal.* Coriander hath contrary faculties, having much of a bitter essence which consisteth of thin and terrene parts, with an aqueous tepid humidity and a little astringion. *Mac.* The antidote is swallow wort.

Corke-tree, see Cork-oake.
 Corne-flower, see Blew-bottle, or cornemari-gold.
 Corne-rose, see Poppy.
 Corne-salad, see Lambs Lettuce.
 Corne Gladin, see Corne-flag.
 Corne gilloflower, or corne pinks, and Ladies glass, see Venus looking glass, yellow corne-flower, and golden.
 Cornelian, or long cherry-tree, see cornell tree.
 Costmaric, see Maudline.

Corne. Far.

P. It groweth in fat and fertile moist grounds.
T. It's sown in Sept. or October: and is ripe in July.
N. Zea the first. Zea. Spelta. Zea Dicecces Matth.

Corne. Ger. K. as the spelt corne, zeo or spelta. T. Diosc. It nourisheth more then barley. Gal. It's in a mean between wheat and barley, and may be referred to them. V. The meale boiled in water and with powder of Saunders, and a little oile of Roses and Lillies,

unto

unto the forme of a pulvis, and applyed hot h. swelling of the legs, gotten by cold and long standing. Starch-corne, *Triticum amyleum*. T. is somewhat like to wheat or barley. V. it serveth to feed Cattle and to make starch of. S. Peters Corne, *Briza monococcus*: with the Haver grass, *Festuca Italica*. T. are somewhat sharp and digesting. V. the juice of the last m. with barley meale dried, and when used moistned with rose water and ap. plaisterwise, h. the *Ægilops*, or the fittola in the corner of the eye: it mollifieth and disperseth nodes, and aswageth the swellings of the joynts. Barnt Corne *ustilago*. K. as of Barly, Oats, and Rie. T. V. are not used in physick. They cause bread to look black, and be of an evill tast. Turkie corne, K. as the common and Asian. T. V. is not observed. *Lonic.* the bran of spelt is used in clysters, it is a little drying decoct in wine and vinegar it h. the eyes. So Trag. *Bauh.* the bread thereof is black and unpleasant.

Cornell-tree. Cornus.

P. In Gardens: the second in hedges, almost every where.
T. Fl. in April: the berries are ripe in August.
N. *Kegvía.* the female is called *virga sanguinea*.

Cornell tree. Ger. T. the fruit of the male Cornell-tree is very harsh in tast, it cooleth, dryeth and bindeth, and may be eaten. V. it h. lasks and bloody flux, and hurteth cold stomacks. The leaves and crops are choaking & drying, and heale green wounds in hard bodies: to Trag. the female cornell tree. T. the berries are of unlike parts, some hot bitter and clenstring: many cold, dry, harsh, and binding, yet not used in physick. V. Matth. the berries boiled and pressed yeld an oile for lasks. *Park.* the conserve of the fruit of the male h. all fluxes, the liquor coming out of the stalks heated h. terrors. Cam. Diosc. the berries h. the whites. Rob de cornis, or the Rob of cornels, of the fruit of the male, bindeth exceedingly

exceedingly and is therefore good in fluxes, bloody fluxes and the immoderate flowing of the terms in women.

Costive tree. Curo. *

P. In China. Japan, Malaca. &c.

T. The time is not observed.

N. The first is called *Corn arbor*, the second *Pavate*.

Costive tree. Park. K. as the first and second. T. the bark of the root onely is in use, which containeth a clammy milk, somewhat bitter, drying, and cooling V. the natives use the milke hereof against all fluxes of what cause soever arising The second is not so strong, but of excellent use in inflammations, and eruptions of chollerick matter in the skin, and S. Anthonies fire: the root is of chiefest use, yet sometimes the wood is used being steeped in the decoction of rice, which presently groweth soure, with which they wash the inflamed parts: d. it h. hot livers and feavers, with the leaves of Tamarinds it stops defluxions.

Costus. Costu. *

P. In the Indies, and other places.

T. The time is not observed.

N. K^{bs} ♂, *costus Indicus*: and Offic. the latter.

Costus. J. K. as the Indian or sweet smelling, and the bitter. T. is hot and attenuating. V. it is used in oile to anoint the body against the cold fits of agues, and the sciatica, and to draw any thing into the periferie of the body. Also it provokes urine and the termes: h. strains, cramps and pains in the sides, and by its bitterness killeth the worms, it h. the bitings of Vipers, pains of the chest, windiness of the stomach taken in wormwood wine, and is used to be put into antidotes, Park. Taken with sweet wine it c. ventry. ap. with hony and water

ter, it h. the blemishes of the skin, and face. Pem. its hot and dry 3°. The best is whitish & bitter: the D. is scr. 1. or scr. 1. sem. *Caryocostinum Phar. Lond.* or the *Electuary of costus*, &c: purge h. hot rhumes, and h. hot inflammations in wounds; but it works strongly; yet drac. 2. or 3. may be given in clysters. Alio it h. the gout & joynt-paines, very effectually: the D. is drac. 2. or 3. in white wine. *Oleum costinum*, or, the Oile of the roots of bitter costus, heats, opens obstructions, strengthens the nerves, and all nervous parts; as the muscles, tendons, ligaments, and the ventricle, and the liver. It prevents grainess of the haire, and c. good colour in the body, being used outwardly. Also annointed upon the stomach, it h. vomiting wormes, and dizziness in the head, collicke upon the belly & cold fits of agues used upon the whole back bone, halfe an houre before the fit. It strengthens the wombe annointed upon the region thereof, and h. paines thereof, and softens and discusses hard swellings. It's an excellent oile, and emulates the virtues of the oile of nard and costus.

Cotton plant. Xylam. *

P. In India. Arabia. Ægypt &c.

T. The seed is sown in spring: it's ripe in harvest.

N. Ἐριφύρον. ξύλον καὶ γασσίπιον. *Gossipium. Lanugo. Bombax and Cotum.*

Cotton plant. Ger. T. Serap. The seed is hot and moist, the wool is hot and dry. V. the seed h. coughs and shortwindedness, c. lust and sperme: the oile h. freckles, spots and blemishes of the skin. The ashes of the wool burned stop the bleeding of wounds: and are used in restrictive remedies, and exceed Bole armoniac. The wool serveth for many known uses. Park. K. as the fine, bush, thorny Indian, and long leaved Cotton tree of Java. V. the kernells of the seed are used against gnawings of the stomach: and h. agues. Recch. That

That of Mexico d. resisteth poyson, the stalk is cold, dry and binding.

Cotton weed, see Cudweed.
Coventry-bells, see Pasque flowers.
Cowfat, see Cow-basil.

Cowslip. *Primula veris*.

P. Moist meadows and borders of fields.

T. Fl. from Aprill to June.

N. *Arthritica. Herba paralysidis. Dodecatheon.*

Cowslips. Ger. J. K. as the field, with the field Ox-tips, double paigles, two in a hose, field Primrose, double white, green, and Mr Hesketh's Primrose. **T.** Cowslips and Primroses are dry and a little hot. **V.** Cowslips h. paines of the joints, gout, and palsie; the decoction of the roots d. h. the stone. The juyce of the leaves, h. luxations & hurtlings. *drac. 1. sem.* of the powder of the dried roots of the field primrose d. in Ale c. vomit forcibly of waterish humors, choler & flegm. A Conserve of the fl. of Cowslips h. the palsies, convulsions, cramps, and all diseases of the sinews. cowslips greatly stop the belly, and h. lasks and the bloody flux decoct and d. warme. An unguent made with the juyce of cowslips and oile of linseed h. all scaldings, or burnings, with fire or otherwise. **Park. V.** The juyce or water of the flowers of cowslips clenseth the skin from spots, and h. wrinkles. The decoction of the roots h. paines in the back, and wounds. **Doast. d.** it h. the appetite, and heat.

Cowslip of Jerusalem, see Lungwort.
Mountain Cowslips, see Bears eares.

Cow

Cow wheat. *Grateogonum*.

P. The first groweth among corne, the rest not here.

T. They fl. in June and July: the wild to Sept.

N. *Κερατίζον. Triticum Vaccinum: the wild Milium Sylvaticum Tabern.*

Cow wheat. Ger. J. K. as the white, purple, blew, and yellow. **T.** the seed is hot and dry, and full of fumes. **V.** taken in meats and drinks it troubleth the braine, and c. drunkenness and head-ach. **Wild cow wheat K.** as the common and eyebright. **T.** the seeds cause giddiness. **V.** The powder of the seed d. c. venery. **Park. K.** as the party coloured and black. **V.** it troubleth the head as Darnell, the seed is sharp and is used as Millet is. **Legd.** it being d. thrice a day, 4 dayes before c. conception.

Cox. combe. *Crista galli*.

P. Dry meadows, and Pastures.

T. Fl. most part of the summer.

N. *Alectorolophos. Pedicularia. Fistularia.*

Cox. comb or yellow rattle Ger. T. V. its not yet used in physick. **Park. V.** the herb boiled with some hony and beanes d. h. coughs, and dropped into the eyes h. dimness thereof. The whole seed being put into the eyes doth draw forth any filme or dimness. **T.** some think it to be cold and drying.

Crab grafs see Glaswort.

Crabs claw, see Water sengreen.

Crab tree. *Malus sylvestris*.

P. In hedges, almost every where.

T. The time answereth the tree. in the Garden.

N. *Άγριονύλα. Chamæmalus. Wilding tree.*

Crab tree, Ger. T. crabs are cold and moist. **V.** the juyce

juice of Crabs h. burnings, scaldings and all inflammations if presently ap. it hindreth blistering. The juice is astringent and absterfive, mixed with the yeast of beer ap. it h. S. Anthonies fire, and all inflammations, scabbed legs, burnings and scaldings. *Park. Crabbs* stop the belly and provoke urine. The juice h. against the heat and fainting of the stomach d. and h. casting taken alone or in a posset. *Col.* the inner bark, boiled with almond dyeth yellow.

Cranes bill. *Geranium.*

P. Deserts, untild grounds, and mud walls.

T. Fl. in May, and the greatest part of summer.

N. Γεράσιον. *Gruinalis.* Rostrum *Grwinum*, *Crut*, and *Ciconia*.

Cranes bill. Ger. J. K. as the *Doves foot. Geranium columbinum.* V. is cold and somewhat dry, with some astringent and glutinating. V. it h. green wounds & inflammations. Half a spoonfull of the herb or root powdered taken first and last in red wine for the space of 21. days h. ruptures, especially with the powder of red snails without shels, and h. wounds decoct in wine and d. *Herb Robert. Geranium Robertianum.* T. is somewhat cold, scouring and somewhat binding. V. it h. ulcers of the dugs and privities, and stoppeth blood. *Knotted Cransbil, Geranium tuberosum.* T. the root is somewhat hot. V. drach. 1. d. in wine three times a day h. ptyticks, and the windiness of the matrix, and corroborates. *Musked crans-bill. geranium moscatum.* T. is cold, dry and astringent V. it operates as *Doves-foot*: it h. green wounds and hot swellings. *Cranes-bill. geranium batrachoides.* K. as the common, small, duskie and long rooted. T. are referred to the former. V. they are not in use; *Fuch.* yet the blew flower healerth wounds. *Candy cranesbill, geranium creticum.* K. as the common and bastard. T. are referred to the *Doves-foot*, V. it's excellent for wounds. *Wild crans-*
bills

bills. K. as the spotted, bloody, unsavourie, field, and violet. T. V. are not used, but may be referred to the other of their kind. The other crans-bills. K. as *Pennies bulbous, knotty and silver leaved mountaine.* T. V. are not discovered. *Park* K. as the red and purple. T. are drying binding and a little hot. V. they h. inward and outward wounds: and d. h. bleeding, vomiting, fluxes and the stone. The *mallow leaved and rocky.* V. as the rest. The *unsavourie* h. the mother. The *doves cr.* h. the chollick.

Gray-fish piss abed, see Leopards bane.

Cress. *Nasturtium.*

P. Gardens: the winter Cr, by pathway sides.

T. The 1. fl. in June and July, so the water Cr. the rest in May.

N. Κερασινον. Winter Cress, *Barbarea.*

Cresses. Ger. K. as the garden, Spanish, and stone. T. the herb of the garden cresses, is sharp and biting, very hot and dry: the seed fere 40. V. it h. the scurvy, the seed stamped with hony h. hardness of the milt, with vinegar and barley meale parched it h. the sciatica, hard swellings and inflammations. With brine it h. terrors, ripens fellons and raiseth up rough humours of the chest with it things appropriate. *Diosc.* It hurteth the stomach and troubleth the belly. It expels wormes and floures, killeth the foetus in the womb, and c. lust. d. it h. bruises, and discusseth clotted blood & preventeth the congelation of the same, and c. sweat. *Indian cresses, nasturtium Indicum.* T. V. are not discovered but may be referred to the rest. *Sciatica cresses, Iberis cardamantice* T. are hot 4. and like the garden cr. V. the roots gathered in Autumne. ap. with swines grease h. the sciatica laid to 4. houres bathing the place after with warm water, & anointing it with oile, laying wool thereon. *Bank cresses, Erysimum.* K. as the

the common and Italian. T. the seed is like that of the garden, fiery and attenuating the seed h. rheums, taken, as a *loboch* it h. coughs, the yellow jaundise, and sciatica with hony d. it h. poyson: ap. with water and hony it h. cankerous apostumes behind the eares, and inflammations of the paps and testicles. *drach.* 1. of the seed of the Italian bank cresses. d. in a decoction of grass roots clenseth the reines. and expells the stone. *Dock-cresses Lampsana.* T. are hot and somewhat abstersive. V. it h. ulcerated breasts, yet is cacochymick. *Water cresses, Nasturtium aquaticum K.* as the common and Italian. T. are hot and dry. V. d. in wine or milk, it h. the Scurvy: eaten three times a day for the space of 30. dayes chopt and boiled in flesh broth, it povoketh urine, h. the stone and green sickness, and expels the termes. *Winter cresses, Barbarea.* T. are hot and dry 20. V. the seed h. the strangury. the juice with wax oile and turpentine as an unguent mundifieth ulcers: Boiled with Scurvy grass it h. the Scurvy. in winter they serve as sallads instead of garden cresses. *Turkey cresses, K.* as the common, first and second creeping cress. *Diosc.* the seed of the first is used instead of pepper in Cappadocia: and used in ptisan, it bringeth tough and raw flegme out of the chest. the rest are hot and neer in virtues to the former. *Park.* the garden cr: h. lethargies sc. the seed. the wild as the rest. *Turkey Cresses, Draba Diosc.* T. are hot. V. and evacuate flegme. *Rech.* K. as the cresse of Peru. T. is hot and dry fere 40. and sharp. V. it h. cold stomacks and the cough. ap. it h. hot tumors with cold remedies.

Crestmarine, see Sampier.

Crestalдре, see lesser Centory.

Croneberries, see Marsh wortleberries.

Cropweed, see Black marcellon.

Cross flower see milk-wort.

Cross

Cross-wort. *Cruciata.*

P. In moist and fertile meadows.

T. Fl. all the summer long.

N. *Φύτνμα.* *Diosc. Trag. Crucialis. Cruciata herniaria Thall.*

Cross-wort. Ger. T. is dry and binding. V. it healeth and closeth wounds inward and outward: the decoction being drank, it h. those that are bursten, d. and ap. as a *pultis.* *Park.* it stops the bleeding of wounds. *Cam.* it h. to expectorate flegme out of the chest, and h. the obstructions thereof, and of the miseraicke veines; and decoct in wine h. the appetite: ap. it h. moist sores, cleansing and healing them. So *Croll. Lob.* it's bitter and abstersive. *Trag.* the distilled water h. poyson and the plague: so the powder. *Cam.* it's effectull for all purposes for which the greater Gentian is.

Crow-foot. *Ranunculus.*

P. Pastures, meadows almost every where.

T. Fl. in May: so the Candy; and single, and double of Asia.

N. *Βατραχίου.* it's called *Pes galli* and *coronopus* by some.

Crow-foot. Ger J. K. as the common, right, of the followed field, white mountaine, that of Illyria, round rooted, golden haired, frog, grassie, winter, Portugall, globe, rough white floured mountaine, and rough purple fl. double, double wild, and double white. T. are biting as the other Crowsect. V. the chieftest vertue is in the root, which stamped with salt h. plague sores ap. to the thigh, attracting the malignity of the disease. Stamped with Vinegar ap. it takes black scars out of the skin. *Asian Crow-foot. Ranunculus Asiaticus.* K. as the double red, double Asian scarlet, double buttoned scarlet Asian, of Tripolie, branched red, and white fl. and with yellow striped flowers. T. V. they are referred to the other Crow

Crowfeet, whereof they are thought to be kinds. *Marsh Crowfoot*. K. as the great and lesser, common and jagged. T. as the rest, it is biting exulcerating hot & dry 4. V. The leaves or roots of all the Crowfeet stamped & ap. c. blisters and remove excrescencies. ap. to the Plague sore it extracts it's venome, and draweth it to any part. Stamped with salt and ap. to the finger it h. the tooth-ach. It's used by beggers to deforme their legs. That of *Illyria* taken contracteth the sinewes. The other Crowfeet. K. as the broad leaved, 'candy, plantain leaved, mountaine with the lesser flower and bigger, rue leaved, columbine and small rough leaved. T. V. are to be referred to the former. *Water Crowfoot*. T. V. is hot, and like to the common Crowfoot. *Park*. K. The *marsh*, as the *French round leaved*, true *Sardinian*, *water*, *Ivyleaved*, and with *Alecost leaves*. V. as the rest. The *wood*. K. as the single white and yellow, &c. ap. h. hard tumors. The *field* V. as the rest. So also the *Mountaine*, the roots ap. to the wrist h. fevers.

Crow-bells, see Daffodil.

Crow-flowers, see Wild Williams.

Crow leek, see English Harebells.

Crow sope, see Wild rose campion.

Crow toes, see Jacinths.

Crown-imperiall. *Corona imperialis.*

P. Gardens when Planted; naturally in Persia.

T. Fl. in Aprill and March: the seed is ripe in June.

N. *Lilium Byzantinum*, & *Persicum*.

Crown-imperiall. Ger. K. as the common, and double. T. V. a c not yet discovered. *Park*. the whole plant and every part thereof, as well roots as leaves and flowers do smell some what strong as it were the favour of a Fox: which yet is not unwholsome, but rather may perswade that it may be usefull,

Cuckow

Cuckow-flower. *Cardamine.*

P. Almost every where, except the Alpish.

T. Fl. in Aprill and May.

N. *Flos cuculi*. The double is called *Sisymbrium alterum* Diosc. Ladies smocks. Canterbury bells.

Cuckow flowers Ger. J. K. as the common, Ladies smocks, double flowered, three leaved, mountain, impatient, and dwarf daisie leaved Lady smocks of the Alpes. T. are hot and dry 20. V. they are referred unto the water cresses. *Park*. V. the small operates as the rest: and is thought by some to be a good substitute when water-cresses are wanting, and h. the scurvy. Those of the mountaine. K. as the three leaved and small. T. are sharpe, and reduced to the first. *Bauh*. That which is called *Odontis*, is commended against poyson.

Cuckow-gilloflowers, see Wild-Williams.

Cuckow meat, or sorrell, see Wood sorrell.

Cockow pint, see Wake Robin.

Cucumber. *Cucumis.*

P. In gardens, in horshedung:

T. They are to be set in Aprill.

N. *Silvus*. The wild is called *Asininus cucumis*, and *Anguinus*.

Cucumbers. Ger. K. as the common, adders, and Spanish. T. are all cold and moist 20. of little and bad nourishment, & quickly putrifie. The seed is not so cold, clensing and opening. V. the seed openeth the liver and bladder, and helps the chest and lungs inflamed. ap. it smootheneth the skin, and maketh it faire. The Cucumber eaten h. hot stomacks. The seed strained with milke or sweet wine and d. looseth the belly and h. exulcerations of the bladder. The fruit sliced and boiled with mutton and oatemeale and eaten thrice a day for three weeks h. sauce flegme, copper faces, and fiery noses,

noses, with pimples and rubies: washing the face with the following liquor. Take a pint of strong white wine vinegar, of Orrice roots powdered *drach.* 3. Brimstone finely powdered *unc. sem.* Camphire *drach.* 2. stamped with 2 blanch'd Almonds, 4. Oke apples cut, and the juice of 4 Limmons, shake them together and set them in the sunne 10. dayes, use it daily without wiping the face. It also cureth all deformities of the skin. *Wild cucumbers, Cucumis Asininus.* T. the leaves, roots and rinds, are bitter, hot and clensing. The juice is hot 20 of thin parts. V. the juice, *elaterium* purgeth choller, flegme and water by stoole and vomit, the dose is from 5 gr. to 10. of the dried juice, *scr. sem.* it h. the dropie & shortnesse of winde. so the juice as an *errhine* it h. red eyes, with milke. *Park.* It h. cold diseases d. and ap. *Emplastrum sicyonium, Pharm. Lond.* or, the Plaster of the wild cucumber roots, is purging and drying. being laid upon the dropie swollen belly, it will drive out the water by stool, and dry up the remainder, being seasonably and methodically applyed. *Schrod.* the D. of the *extraet of elaterium.* is gr. 1. to 2. the way of making *elaterium*, see in the London Dispensatory. sc. by pressing forth the juyce and drying the setlings.

Cudweed. *Gnaphalium.*

P. Mountaines, hills, and barren places.

T. Fl. from June to September.

N. *Γναφάλιον. Centunculus. Tomentisia. Cottonaria. Herba impia. Camaxylon.*

Cud-weed. *Ger. F.* K. as the English, common, sea, white and purple mountaine, bright red mountaine, rocks, live for ever, small, wicked, lions, small lions, long leaved, and small broad leaved. T. are astringent and drying. V. boiled in strong lee, it clenseth the haire from nits and lice, in ward-robes it keepeth from moths. Boiled in wine and d. it killeth the wormes, and h. the bitings of Venemous beasts. Dried and the fume taken by a funnel

funnell as tobacco it h. coughs of the lungs, paine on the head, and clenseth the inward parts. *Golden Cudweed, Elyochryson.* T. *Gal.* Cutteth and attenuateth. V. *Diosc.* The tops d. in wine h. the dysury, stings of serpents, sciatica, and d. in sweet wine dissolve congealed bloud. Laid among cloths it prevents moths. *Park.* K. as the greater *Germane*, and *small leaning.* V. as the rest h. all fluxes drank in red wine, and bruises: the leaves ap. h. the tenesmus and ulcers. The herb impious d. in wine and milke h. the mumps. So that of the mountaine.

Cullions. *Testiculus Odoratus.*

P. In dry pastures or heaths.

T. Fl. from August to September.

N. *Orchis. Triorchis. Tetrorchis.*

Cullions, *Ger.* The sweet. K. as the common, triple, Frizland, and liege ladie traces. T. are of the nature of dogstones. V. the sappy roots of Lady-traces eaten or boiled with milk and d. cause venery, strengthen the body, h. consumptions and heetick fevers. *Park.* K. as the greater and lesser, yellow with smooth leaves, and small creeping. V. the roots of these Orchides are effectuall above all other to c. venery. *Recch.* Lady-traces of Mexico. T. the root is sweet and a little bitter. V. it c. venery, and discusseth hot tumours d. and ap. And h. the heat of the blood. *Barb.* the root of the first boyled with wine and hony h. putrid ulcers of the mouth. So Dod.

Cull me to you, see Harts-case.

Cullions, see Stones.

Culrage, see Arsmarr.

Culverwort, see Columbine.

Cumfy

Cumfrey. *Consolida major*.

³P. Watery ditches, and fruit full meadows.

T. They fl. in June and July.

N. Συμυτον. Solidago. Symphytum. Peñon. Alum. Osteocollon.

Cumfrey. Ger. J. K. as the purple flowered, with the knobbed root, and borragé flowered. T. the root is cold and clammy, and insipid. V. the roots stamped and the juice d. with wine, h. spitting of blood, and inward wounds and burstings; so applied. The roots boiled and d. cleanse the breast from flegme, and h. the lungs with sugar. The slime of the root d. with a posset h. wrenchings of the back, and gonorrhœa's. Four of the roots stamped with knot-grasse and the leaves of Clary, of each an handfull strained, adding a quart of muscadell, the yelks of three eggs, and powder of three nutmegs d. first and last h. the gonorrhœa and all pains and consumptions of the back. The syrrup stops blood, h. the heat of agues, sharpnesse of humours, ulcers of the lungs, and cough, also ulcers of the kidnies, flux of the matrix, inward hurts, and ruptures and is thus made; take unc. 2. of the roots of great comf. unc. 1. of Lycorise, 2 handfull of Folefoot roots and all, unc. 1. sem. of Pine apple kernels, 20 jujubes, drach. 2. of Mallow seed, unc. 1. of the heads of poppy: boile all in a f. q. of water to a pint, to the liquor strained adde unc. 5. of white sugar, as much of hony: boyle it to a syrup. The root stamped and ap. h. inflammations of the fundament, and flowing of hemorrhoides: Park unc. 2. of the juice d. h. the lethargy, ap. it represseth the growing of the dugs, h. gangreens, and pains of the joynts. Pem. The distilled water. h. outward lores. It hurts those that are bound in the body. Syrrupus de symphyto, Pharm. Lond. or, Syrrup of Cumfry h. all inward wounds, and bruises, excoriations, vomitings, & spitting or pissing of blood. It unites broken bones, h. ruptures, and stopps the terms; and a man cannot erre in taking it, Schrod. the extract h. ruptures and all ulcers, the D. is for. 1. divers daies together.

together. The distilled oile of the root h. ruptures used inwardly and outwardly.

Spotted Comfrey, see Coussips of Jerusalem.

Cumin. *Cuminum*.

P. It groweth in patrifised and hot soiles.

T. It's to be sown in the midst of spring.

N. Κύμινον. Cuminum. Carnabadium Cassi Bassi, Baubini.

Cumin. Ger. T. Gal. The seed of the garden Cumin is hot and dry 30, and binding. Diosc. V. the seed h. windinesse of the stomach, belly, guts, and matrix, it helpeth frettings of the belly d. used in clysters or applied with wine and barley meale as a pultis, so also boiled with wine, it h. blattings, swellings of the genitors, and consumeth windie swellings in the joynts. Taken in broth it h. cold lungs and such as are oppressed with raw humours, it stoppeth bleeding at the nose with vineger being melted unto. Made into a sacculus with bay salt, heated and ap. warme being sprinkled with wine vineger, it h. stiches, and the plurisie. Wild Cumin. *cuminum sylvestre* K. as the common, coddled, and burned. T. V. are to be referred to the first, yet not used in physick. Park. It h. the collick boiled in wine & d. and h. those that are bitten with serpents: the seed taken in broth h. short windednesse, and old coughs, the seed bruised, fried with a hard egg, and ap. to the nap of the neck h. the old headach, and stops rheume. The powder ap. warme to the eyes with wax h. the rheume and rednesse of the eyes. ap. it c. palenesse. The wild drank in wine sc. the seed h. windes and ap. clenseth. *Diaspoliticum* Gal. Pharm. Lond. is excellent. against putrefaction of meat in the stomach, coldness thereof, cold belchings and windy: the D. is drach. sem. after meat, in muscadell, syrup of myrtles, quinces or any cordiall water appropriate. *Species Elethuarii diacimini*, Nich. Pharm. Lond. or, the species of the elethuary

Stuary of Cummin-seed *Cyc.* heats the stomach and bowels, expels wind much, h. the wind chollick, and digestion hindered by cold and wind. It h. wind in the guts exceedingly, and quartane agues. It's very hot and the dose is *drach. sem.*, at once, in white wine. *Emplastrum è cymino*, or the plaister of cummin, h. swellings, old aches caused of cold and bruises, and the wind collick ap. to the belly, as hath been often proved with good success. *Oleum cumini*, *Pharm. Lond. chym.* or, the *Chymicall oile of cummin seeds*, is a great expeller of wind, nothing better. It mightily h. pains of the spleen, reines, and bladder, stopping of urine, especially if of wind, and is a speciall remedy for the collick, taken as that of anise seed. The seeds are prepared as the Coriander seeds.

Currans. *Ribes.*

P. Gardens: naturally in Savoy and Switzerland.
T. Fl. in Spring: the fruit is ripe at Midsummer.
N. Ceanothus levis Gesn. Grosularia ultramarina.

Currans. *Johns.* K. as the red and white *T.* the berries are cold & dry *fine 2di*, with some astringtion and tenuity of part. *V.* they h. heat of fevers, chollick, and hot bloud, resist putrefaction, quench thirst, h. the appetite, stop vomiting and dysentery of a hot cause, so the juice boiled, called *Rob de Ribes*. *Park.* they h. the fainting of the stomach. The black are used in sauces: so also the leaves by many, the scent and taste being very pleasant. *Gesn.* The white, and red h. coughs. *Lob.* The Arabian are in taste and vertues like barberries. *Schwenck.* The leaves of the black are hot: ap. to the nostrils they h. the epilepsie and mother, and d. cause menses and h. the tormina. *Rob de ribes*, *Pharm. Lond.* or the *Rob of English currans*, operates as that of Barberries.

Ladies

Ladies cushion, see Gilloflower.
 Cutberdole, and Cutbertill, see Brank ursine?

Cypresse-tree. *Cupressus.*

P. Hot countries, as Candy, Lycia, and gardens.
T. The same yeilds fruite in Jan. May and Sept.
N. Κυπάρισσος. The fruits are called *Galbuli*. the tree *Cypresses*.

Cypresse-tree. *Ger. K.* as the garden, and wild. *T.* the fruits and leaves are dry 3° and astringent. *V. Diosc.* the nuts stamped and d. in wine stop all fluxes of bloud, glew ulcers in hard bodies, and suck up hidden moisture. The leaves and nuts h. ruptures, and the polypus, also carbuncles and phagedens with parched barley meale. The leaves boyled in meade h. the strangury. The smoke of the leaves driveth away gnats. The shavings of the wood preserve from moths, so the rosin also laid among garments. *Park.* the powder of the leaves with a little myrrhe and wine h. fluxes that fall on the bladder: without mirrhe, those of other parts. The decoction h. coughs, and short windedness. The chips d. cause menses, the leaves h. spots.

D.

Daffodil, *Narcissus.*

P. In gardens and meadows almost every where.
T. Fl. from February till May.
N. Νάρκισσος. of rush Daffodill, *Junquillas Bulbus vomitorius Diosc.*

Daffodils. *Ger. J. K.* as the purple circled. late floured with a saffron coloured middie, double floured purple circled, late flowering small, primrose pearles, or the common white, French, Italian, double

double white of Constantinople, the other double white, double white with the middle yellow, double coloured with a divers coloured middle, milk white, rush, late flowering rush, rose or round flowered *Junquilia*, and the white with a large cup, white reflex, lesser and double, *Junquilia*, the Persian daffodil, great winter, timely spring yellow, and small winter. T. the roots are hot and dry 20. V. Gal. The roots glew the sinews and tendons, cleanse and attract. Stamped with hony and ap. they h. burnings, wrenches of the ancles, aches and paines of the joynts. With hony and nettle seeds they h. sunburnings and morpew. with axungia and leaven of rie bread it ripeneth impostumes. Stamped with meale of darnell and hony it draweth thornes out of the body. The root stamped, strained and d. h. the cough, collick and pilsick. the root eaten or d. c. vomit, and being mingled with vineger and nettle seed h. spots in the face. *Bastard Daffodills*, *Pseudo narcissus*. K. as the double yellow, common yellow, Spanish yellow, lesser Spanish, and white bastard. The other daffodills, K. as the non pareile, double yellow Indian, or Iacobeian, least rush leaved, mountaine rush leaved with an indented, or curled cup, and least mountaine white. T. are referred to the kinds of *Narcissus*. V. the decoction of the roots of the yellow purgeth flegme and water with aniseed and ginger. The distilled water h. palsies rubbed in by the fire.

Daffadown dilly, see Daffodill.

Daisy. *Bellis*.

P. Meadows, borders of fields, almost every where.

T. Fl. in May and June.

N. *Herba margarita*. the blew, *Globularia*.

Daisies. Ger. K. as the great. T. the great daisie is moist fine 2di, cold initio. V. the leaves h. all burnings, ulcers, and apostumes, inflamed and running eyes ap. Made into a salve, with wax, oile, and turpentine, it h. inflamed

inflamed wounds, especially in the joynts: the juyce, decoction, or distilled water, h. any inward burstings. The herbe is used in vulnerary potions: ap. as a pultis with Mallowes and butter boiled it h. paines of the gout. In clysters it h. heat in agues, and torment of the gutts. The little daisies. K. as the lesser double red larger, double white, childing small wilde, middle wilde, black Italian, and blew French daisies. T. are moist fine 2di. cold initio. V. they h. all paines, especially in the joints, and gout from a hot and dry humour, stamped with fresh butter ap. and operate more effectually with mallows. The leaves bo led in portage loosen the belly, and in clysters h. the burning of scavers, and inflammations of the intestines: the juyce of the leaves and roots as an *errhine* purgeth slimie humors and h. the megrim. the leaves stamped and ap. h. swellings and bruises. the juyce instilled h. dum and watering eyes. the decoction of the field daisie d. in water, h. agues, and inward heate. Park. they are all vulnerary & decoct with wallwort and agrimony h. palsies. The small is more binding.

Dalmatian cap, see, Tulip.

Dandelion. *Dens leonis*.

P. In meadowes neer ditches, and by high wayes.

T. They flower at most times in the yeare.

N. *Azaxa*. *Taraxacon*. *Urinaria*. *Rostrum porcinum*.

L. *Caput monachi*.

Dandelion. Ger. *J*. K. as the common, and knotty rooted. T. is like succory or wild endive: it is cold; but dryeth more, opening, and cleansing being bitter. V. It operates as succory. Boiled, it strengthens the weak stomack, and eaten raw stops the belly and h. the dysentery, with lentills. The juyce drank h. gonorrhoeas, boiled in vineger, and the difficultie of making water, and h. the jaundise. Lang. the juyce often applied h. the

the staring of the haire of the eye brows, and c. new to grow. *Park.* It h. ulcers of the ureters. The water h. fevers and fores, and c. rest.

Dane-wort. *Ebulum.*

P. Untilled ground, borders of fields, and by high ways.
T. The fl. are perfect in summer, the berries in Aut.
N. Χαμαίαντη. *Humilis Sambucus. Chamaelle.*

Dane-wort. *Ger.* *T.* is hot and dry 30, and wasting, especially the leaves; the root is purging. *V.* the roots boiled in wine and d. h. the dropsie. The leaves applyed waft hard swellings. *Diosc.* The roots soften and open the matrix, and h. pain of the belly used in a bath. The juice maketh haire black. The tender leafe h. hot inflammations ap. with barley meale burnings, scaldings, and bitings of mad dogs, and with bulls tallow h. the gout. *drach. 1.* of the seed d. is a most excellent hydragogon, and h. dropsies. *scr. 1.* of the seed bruiled and taken with syrup of roses and a little sack h. the dropsie and gout mightily purging watery humours taken once a week. *Pem.* It h. the Sciatica, agues, stopping of the spleen, stone of the kidnies, *S.* Anthonies fire and scurvy, and killeth wormes the leaves boiled in water and d. h. dry coughs and quinsies. Dane-wort berries and seeds powdered. and d. in wine fasting operate as the root. In the decoction of ground-pine and a little Cinamon they h. the gout, sciatica and French pox. It operates as the Elder, but more forcibly. For the hip gout take Dane-wort seed, turbith, hermodactyles, sene, tartar, an. *drach. 1.* of cinamon *drach. 2.* make all into fine powder: the dose is *scr. 4* in liquor convenient. The juice as an *errhine*, purgeth the braine, the juice of the berries with hony put into the eares h. their paine: an oyntment of the leaves with May butter h. all aches, cramps, and cold affections of the sinews, comforteth, strengtheneth, warmeth, and openeth all the outward parts ill affected. It is to be given

given with anise seed, carraway seed, cinamon, mace, &c. it hurts the head, hot stomach and liver. *Park.* ap. to the throat it h. the Kings evill: as a pessary it draweth down the menses: it h. lameness by cold: the spleen and collick. *Paracels.* the decoction c. sweat: decoct in wine and ap. it h. phlegmons of the genitors. *Schrod.* the essence of the berries h. the dropsie, cachexie, strangulation of the womb, and prevents the fit by sweating.

Darnell. *Lolium.*

P. In fields among wheat and Barley, in moist, soiles
T. They flourish with the Corne: the seed is ripe in Aug.
N. Αἴα, Zizania. *Aera Plin.* *Thyarus.* the red, *Phoenix.*

Darnell. *Ger.* *K.* as the white, and red. *T.* Is hot 3, dry 20. the red dryeth without sharpnesse. *V.* The seed boiled with pigeons dung, oile olive, & powder of line-seed to the forme of a plaister, wafts wens and excrescencies of the body. The bread in which it is eaten hot, c. drunkenesse. d. with red wine it stayeth, fluxes of the belly or womb. *Diosc.* The meale stayeth phagedens, gangrens & putrified ulcers: boiled with raddish roots, salt, brimstone, and vinegar it h. spreading scabs, tetter, & leprous scars. The seed d. in white or Rhenish wine, provoketh the menses. A fume made thereof with parched barley meale, myrrhe, saffron, and frankincense made in forme of a pultis and applyed to the belly h. conception, and facilitateth the birth. Red Darnell d. in red wine stopperh lasks, fluxes, and pissing of bloud. *Note,* Darnell hurte h. the eyes, and maketh them dim. *Parke.* *K.* as that with oaten tops, small prickly and double kind with a double top. *V.* the meale ap. as a pultis draweth out splinters. The smoke c. coughing. *Cal.* The seed of the red applyed stopperh the courses. The decoction of the first with water and hony ap. h. the sciatica. Being made into a pultis with swines grease it draweth out splinters, thornes and broken

broken bones, that are in any part. The root boiled in wine and d. after it hath stood certaine dayes killeth the wormes.

Date-tree. *Palma*. *

P. In Africa and Ægypt: the best in Syria.

T. It's alwaies green. Fl. in spring: the fruit is ripe in Sept.

N. Φόβιξ. *Palmula*. The fruite is called *Dactylus*. the wild *Chamariphes*.

Date-tree. Ger. T. all manner of Dates are dyspep- tick and c. headach: the best are soft and sweet with moisture, they c. clammy and grosse blood, they easily stop the liver and spleen. Those which grow in colder regions, when they cannot come to perfect ripenesse, if eaten plentifully they c. wind, grosse humors, and oftentimes the leprosie. V. Diosc. the dryer sort of dates h. hæmoptysis, bad stomachs, and bloody flux. the best, called *caryotæ* h. roughnesse of the throat and lungs: confectiōs hereof c. lust, h. consumptions, and strengthen the liver and spleen made into *broths*; the dry stop the belly, vomiting and wambling of the sto- mach in women with child eaten, or ap. as a plaster. The ashes of the stones are emplastick, h. pushes of the eyes, *staphylomata*, and falling away of the haire of the eye lids, ap. with spikenard. With wine it keeps down excressencies in wounds: the boughs and leaves do evi- dently bind, especially the case of the flowers. The leaves and branches h. green wounds, and eaten refresh and cool hot inflammations, and are astringent. The wild date tree, *Palmises*, five *chamarhiphe*. K. as the litle and that bearing cones. T. it is cold and moist with a little astringtion, taken as a meat it engendreth wind and raw humours, sc. the braine, therefore it is to be eaten with pepper and salt. The drunken date tree, *Fausel*, five *Areca*. T. is cold and dry 20. V. the fruit of *Areca* before ripe eaten is stupefactive, therefore it is used

used in great paine and aches, the juyce of the fruite strengthneth the gumms, fasten the teeth, comforts the stomach, stops vomiting and looseness of the belly, and purgeth out congealed blood. Park. K. as the low. and thorny *palmito*. V. unripe dates stops lalks, and h. the falling of the fundament taken in red wine: the last serve to make brooms of. Pem. dates are hot and dry fere 20, when ripe hot and moist 20. as others. J. The decoction thereof h. hot agues, they hurt those that have the collick. *Diaphanicon*, *Pharm. Lond.* or the *Elestuary of dates*, purgeth violently. in clysters is h. collicks and infirmities of the bowells, c. by raw hu- mours; so the D. is *unc. sem.* Also it purgeth flegme and coller, and is good for old fevers and agues from a mix- ture thereof. it h. collick paines much, pains of the sto- mach and other diseases from crude humours. *Empla- strum diaphanicon calidum*, or the hot plaster of dates, mightily strengthens the stomach and liver, and h. fluxes ap. to the stomach or belly. *Frigidum*, or the cold strengthens the belly and liver, their concoction & distribution of humours. Also it stops fluxes and vomie- ting.

Dittander. *Piperiti*.

P. In gardens, and many other places.

T. Fl. in June and July: the seed is ripe in Aug.

N. Απρίδιον. The 2d *Flamula*: the 3d *Lepidium Glasii- folium*.

Dittander. Ger. K. as the common, and annuall. T. the leaves but especially the roots, are very hot, burning and bitter. V. it causeth blisters, and by its hot quality it menderth the skin in the face, taking away scabs, scars, and manginess, if any thing remain after the healings of ulcers, &c. Park. the French is hot and fiery, sharp as the rest, and works the same effects: it h. gouts and any paine in the joynts, or other inveterate griefs, the leaves bruised and m. with old axungia ap. as *Sciatica* c. cles,

resses, and h. discolouring of the skin, and burnings with iron: the *juyce* d. in ale c. speedy delivery in travaille: the *leaves* held in the hand ease the tooth ach, it's used for sauce for cold stomachs. *Lugd. Gal.* it's hot 4°, less dry, and h. the joynts. *Trag.* ap. it h. the spleen.

Dittany. *Diſſamnium.*

P. Gardens, being planted there.

T. Fl. in summer: the seed is ripe in September, of the wild, in Aug.

N. Διπταμνός, and *Diptamnus albus*: the other *Creticus* and *Pseudodiſſamnium*.

Dittany. *Ger. K.* as of *Candy*, and the *bastard*. **T.** are hot and dry. **V.** d. used in a *peſſarie*, or *fume*, it expelleth the dead child, and *ſecundine*. The *juyce* d. with wine h. the stinging of Serpents: eaten by Deer in helps their wounds, and expels arrows: it h. wounds made by invenomed weapons, and draweth out splinters. The *bastard Dittany* is of the nature of the first, but not so effectually. **Bastard Dittany.** **T.** the root is hot and dry 2°. waſting, attenuating and opening. **V.** it expels the birth, menses and *ſecundine*, h. cold diseases of the matrix, ill stomachs and short wind, stings and bitings of venomous beasts, poyſons, and pestilent diseases. *drac. 1.* of the seed d. h. the strangury, breaketh & expelleth the stone: so the *leaves* and *juyce*, and ap. draw out splinters: the root taken with *rubarb* it killeth and expelleth wormes. It's eaten by Deer as the former. *Pem.* It h. dropſies and swollen spleens. The powder taken with hony h. the cough. The decoction h. the jaundice. *drach. 1.* with 5 grains of saffron d. in wine expelleth the dead child. The *juyce* with the powder h. the uvula fallen. The *juyce* with womans milke h. pains of the eares. As an *erihine* it purgeth the brain, and h. the falling sickness with castor and the *juyce* of rue. Note it's not to be given to women with

with child, or to hot and dry bodies *Park.* The white d. h. the tormina. *Untz.* The white h. the stone d. in wine, so *Plat* and *Matth. Pemb.* *Dittany* is hot and dry 3°. and biting especially being green. *Weck.* It operates as pennyroyall, but more strongly.

Divels-bit. *Morsus Diaboli.*

P. Dry meadows and woods, and about waies sides.

T. Fl. in Aug. and is then known from scabious.

N. *Succisa Fuch. Nigina Plinii. Geum antiquorum quondam.*

Divels bit. *Ger. T.* is something bitter, hot and dry *ſine ſecundi*. **V.** it h. old swellings of the almonds and upper parts of the throat. It clenſeth ſonie flegme sticking in the jawes and h. swellings there, gargarized with hony of Roses. It operateth as *Scabious*: h. stinging of venomous beasts, poisons and pestilent diseases. so *Fuch. Moreſcot. Weinrich. Eraſt. Gebelk. Tabern.* and waſteth plague ſores ap. The decoction d. h. pains of the matrix, and expelleth wind. *Park. K.* as the common, and red *Hungarian Scabious*. **V.** it is bitter and more effectually than *ſcabious*, d. or ap. It h. fevers, bruises, and diſſolveth clotted blood, d. and ap. it kills worms and h. the scurf and itch.

Docke. *Lapathum.*

P. In meadows, and by river sides.

T. Fl. in June and July.

N. Δόκκος. *Rumex. Oxylapathum. Hippolapathum. Lapathion.*

Docks. *Ger. F. K.* as the sharp pointed, small sharp, and roundish leaved wild. **T.** are of a mixture betwix cold and heat, dry almost 3°. especially the seed which is very astringent. **V.** the powder of any docks d. in wine stoppeth lasks and the bloody flux, and easeth pains

pains of the stomack. The roots boiled till soft & stamp'd with axungia ap. h. the itch, scabs and manginess. *Water dock*. K. as the great and small. T. are cold and dry. *Park*. K. as the *English mercury*, and strong scented *sea dock*, the seeds of most of them are drying and binding, & h. all lasks and fluxes, subversion of the stomack through choller, and hæmoprysis. The *sorrel* are more cold than the rest, the *bloodwort*, more drying. The roots open cool and cleanse, and h. the jaundise, *English Mercury*. T. the root is dry, cleansing and softning. *Unguentum ex oxylappatho*, *Pharm. Lond.* or, the Ointment of sharp pointed docks h. scabs and the itch.

Dodder. *Cuscuta*.

P. It groweth upon sundry kinds of herbs.
T. It flourisheth chiefly in July and August.
N. *Κασσωδά*. *Cassitas* Plin. *Cassutha*.

Dodder. *Ger*. T. is of the temper of the herb on which it groweth: it's dry 20, and hot, it cleanseth with a certaine astringtion, especially that which groweth upon the *bramble*, it h. the infirmities of the liver and spleen, V. *Dodder* opens the liver and spleen, purgeth flegme, choller, and superfluous humours out of the veins: it provoketh urine, openeth the kidnies, and h. the jaundise: it h. lingring agues, bastard and long tertians, and quartans, properly in children; it also strengthneth the stomack. *Epithimum*, or *dodder of time*, is hotter and dryer than *Epilinum*, or *dodder of flax*, sc. 30. it h. all infirmities of the Milt, obstructions and hard swellings, old head ache, *Epilepsie*, madness c. of melancholy, and the spleen; it also h. the French diseas, contagious ulcers, & scabby evill. It purgeth melancholy and flegm: that which groweth upon *savourie* and *scabious* is more weake. *Dodder* which groweth upon *flax*. boyled in wine or water and d. openeth the liver, gall, and milt, bladder, kidnies and veines, and purgeth choler by siege and urine: that which groweth on brambles h. old agues, and jaundise. *Epiurtica* provoketh

provoketh urine, and opens obstructions, &c. *Park*. *Dodder* sympathizeth with the herb on which it groweth, and is more effectually than the herb it selfe. *Pem*. that of time h. the cramp, & quartane agues with *lapis lazuli*. *Dodder distilled* & the water d. h. the liver and lungs, expells the stone, and termes, and ap. h. the eyes. *Croll*. The decoction thereof h. the tartar of the stomack. *Senn*. It h. diseases arising of flegme and choller. *De Dond*. the juyce with the acetose syrup h. fevers. *Heurn*. It's corrected with aniseed, and d. with wormwood. *Decoction Epithymi*, *Pharm. Lond.* or the decoction of *Epithimum*, greatly purge melancholy and adust choller. It resists madness and all melancholy diseases and is so to be esteemed: the D. is *unc. 4.* in the morning keeping by the fire side all day, drinking a draught of posset drink 2 houres after, and eating hot mutton at 12. Syrups also may be mixed with it, and be taken severall mornings. Also it deserves the commendations given it, yet it's distastfull to drink, and it purgeth little, yet weakens much. *Syrupus de epithimo*, or the syrup of *Epithimum*, purgeth melancholly and other humours, strengthens the stomack and liver, purgeth adust choller, blood, and salt humours. It h. diseases thereof, as scabs, itch, tetteris, ringworms, leprosy &c. It is gentle, the D. is *unc. 2.* or *unc. 1.* with the decoction of the epithimum.

Doggs bane. *Apocynum*.

P. *Italy*, *Syria*, and those Easterne countries.
T. They bud in May, fl. in September.
N. *Ἀπόκυνον*. *Cynomaron*. *Cynocrambe*.

Doggs-bane. *Ger*. J. K. as the climbing and broad leaved, T. they are of the poysonous nature of *Thora*, which killeth whatsoever creature eateth it, except preserved by the use of *Anthora*. V. the leaves take away the use of th. in limbs, and procure sudden death, *Park*. K. as the greater and lesser *American*.
F 5
T. it's

T. it is not meanly hot. **V.** ap. it disperseth tumors, and is not inwardly to be used. **Æg.** It's hot without driness.

Dog-berry-tree, see Female Cornell.
Dogs cole, see, Dogs Mercury.
Dogs horror, see Heartwort of Æthiopia.
Dogs piss, see Hounds-tongue.
Dogs rib, see Rib-wort.

Dogs stones. *Cynosorchis*.

R. In moist and fertile meadows.

T. Fl. from Aprill to September.

N. Κυνόσχη. *Testiculus canis* & *Caninus*.

Dogs stones *Ger.* **Ʒ** **K.** As the great, white, spotted marsh, and lesser Austrian. **T.** are hot and moist, the greater is windie & causeth lust. The second is more hot and dry, and hurtech venery, so Serapias stones, and are more dry. **V.** Diosc. The greater eaten c. generation of males, the lesser and shriveled offemale, and d. in goates milk c. lust. So the rest which are joycie, which is every other yeare by course. *Park.* **K.** as the great purple, greater pale purple fl. and smaller, with the greater, lesser, and Hungarian souldiers cullions **V.** the firme roots cause lust.

Dogs-tooth. *Dens Caninus*.

P. In green and moist grounds, and gardens.

T. Fl. in April or the midst of March.

N. *Dentali*, *Satyrion*, *Erithonium quorundam*.

Dogs-tooth. *Ger.* **K.** as the common and white. **T.** are very hot, windy and excrementitious. **V.** the powder thereof taken in pottage killeth wormes: drank with wine it h. the chollick, So *Clus.* it strengthneth and nourisheth the body, and d. with water h. the epilepsie.

sic. Park. the root is thought to be more venereous than the satyrions. *Cam. Matth.* Some use the roots for all purposes for which the hermodactile serveth, which is neither assented to, or condemned by the forementioned authors, having had no experience thereof.

Doggs thorne, see Hep-tree.
Doninethel, see Wild hemp.
Double leaf, see Tway blade.
Double-tongue, see Horse-tongue.
Doves-foot, see Cranes-bill.

Dragons. *Dracunculus*.

P. In gardens, and Marsh places.

T. The berries are ripe in Autumne.

N. Δρακόντιον. *Dracontia*. *Serpentaria*. *Collubrina*. *Bisaria*.

Dragons. *Ger.* **Ʒ** **K.** as the great, small, water, and spike dr. **T.** is more biting and bitter then Aron, hot, and of thin parts with some astringtion. **V.** the root doth scour the entralls, and attenuate. It h. malignant ulcers, and the black and white morpew, tempered with vinegar. The leaves cure ulcers and wounds: the fruit is more strong and h. the polypus: the juce clenseth spots in the eyes. *Gal.* The root twice or thrice sodden expels clammy humors, out of the chest and lungs. *Diosc.* the root of the lesser dragon evacuateth humours out of the chest. The juce of that of the garden dropped into the eyes h. scotoma's: the distilled water h. peccatall fevers or poyson d with treacle or mercurie. The smell of the flowers is hurtful to women newly conceived with child. *Bauh.* It doth incide, digest and open. *Matth.* it h. cold stomacks, c appetite, dissipateth flatulencies, roborates the members, provoketh urine and the terms, and is an apostegmatisme.

Dragons

Dragons blood, see Blood-wort.

Dragon tree. *Draco arbor.* *

P. In the Island Madera, and *Insula Portus S.*

T. It flourisheth all the yeare.

N. *Κινναβὰς* the gum, and *Sanguis draconis*.

Dragon tree. *Johns.* T. the *Sanguis draconis*, which is thought to proceed from this tree, is astringent. It stops the courses, fluxes, dysenteries, hæmoptysis, and fastneth loose teeth. Smiths use it to varnish over their works, to give them a sanguine colour, and keep them from rust. *Park.* it stops the gonorrhœa, h. the strangury, watering of the eyes and burnings. *Col.* it's thought to be cold 20. and dry 30, it fastens loose teeth: so the bark and fruit.

Dragon wort, see Dragons.

Drake. see Small wild oates.

Drop wort. *Filipendula.*

P. Rocky, rough places, pastures neer rivers.

T. Fl. from May to the end of June.

N. *Νεύκων*. *Oenanthe*. *Philipendula Myreps.*

Dropwort. *Ger.* 7. K. as the common, mountaine, narrow leaved, hemlock and water dr. T. are hot and dry 30, opening and clensing with a little astringen. V. the root of the common *Filipendula* boiled in wine and d. h. all paines of the bladder, provoketh urine, and expelleth stone; so the root of *Oenanthe*. The powder of the first often used in meat preserveth from the falling sickness. *Park* the root d. expels the secondine, & h. the jaundise. the powder made into an electuary with honey h. wind and cold affections of the lungs. The mountaine V. as the red rattle. *Oenanthe* h. the head, womb and bladder. The water dr. h. the strangury.

Duck

Duck bill wheat, see Red wheat.

Ducks grafs, see Floate grafs.

Ducks herb, see Ducks meat.

Ducks-meat. *Lens palustris.*

P. In ponds, lakes, ditches, and standing waters.

T. It's in its freshest beauty in the beginning of the yeare.

N. *Φακὶς ὁ ἐπὶ τῶν πελάτων*. *Lenticula aquatica.*

Ducks meat. *Ger.* T. *Gal.* Is cold and moist 20. V. *Diosc.* It h. ail inflammations, S. Anthonies fire, and hot agues ap. alone, or with parched barley meale, also it knitteth ruptures, in children. Mingled with fine wheaten flower and ap. it h. hot swellings, as phlegmons, the erypelas and paines of the joynts, as also the fundament fallen in young children. *Park* K. as the common and crosse leaved. V. *Matth.* the distilled water h. all inward inflammations and pestilent fevers, the redness of the eyes, the swellings of the privities and breasts. The herb ap. h. the head ach c. by heat, and repels.

Dunce down, see Cars-tail.

Dwale, see Night-shade.

Dyers-weed. *Luteola.*

P. In moist and barren places, almost every where.

T. Fl. in June and July.

N. *Κατὰνύκην*. *Herba lutea*. *Luteum Vitruvii*. *Pseudo-Struthium Matth.*

Dyers weed. *Ger.* T. is hot and dry. V. *Johns.* The root as also the whole herb heats and dries 30. It cuts, attenuates, resolveth, opens and digests. V. It h. punctures and the bitings of venomous creatures d. and ap. and preventeth infection of the plague. *Park* K. as the small of Candy, and the great fertile and sterile. T. *Matth.* it's

it's hot and dry 3°. V. being bruised and ap. it h. wounds. Also it serveth to dye yellow and green, those cloaths that have been first dyed blew with woad. Bauh. The root is sharp and provokes urine and sweat.

E.

Earth-Apple, see Round Birchwort.
Earth gall, see small Centory.

Earth nut. Glans-terra.

P. Pastures, cornfields, almost every where.

T. Fl. in June and July: the seed is ripe soon after.

N. 'Αγρονόστρον. Nucula terrestris. Bulbo-castanum.

Earth nut. Ger. J. K. as the small, and great. T. the roots are moderately hot and dry, also binding; the seed is hotter and dryer. V. The seed and root provoke urine. The roots eaten h. spitting of blood; and boiled buttered, and eaten comfort the stomach, and yeild nourishment, good for the bladder and kidneys. Pease earthnuts, Terra glandes. T. are dyspeptick, and moderately hot, dry and binding; so the root, and stop all fluxes and nourish like the parsnep. Park. Earth Chesnuts nourish as the Chesnut. Indian Chesnuts strengthen the stomach roasted; and eaten too much c. head ach.

Elder-wort, see Dragons.

Eglantine. Cynorrhodon.

P. In the borders of fields and woods. &c.

T. Fl. and flourisheth with the other rose tree.

N. Ρόδον ἄγριον. Rosa sylvestris & Canina. Sentis.

Eglantine. Ger. J. K. as the sweet bryer, and double
egl.

egl. with the bryer and pimpinell rose. T. these wild roses are referred to the manured rose, but are not used in physick where the other may be had. V. Plin. the root h. bitings of a mad dog. The spungie bryer balls stamped with hony and ashes, h. the alopecia, or the falling of the haire. Fuch. being powdered and taken they h. the stone and strangury: they strengthen the kidneys. The fruit when ripe is used for meat. Park. K. as the damaske, the vermillion of Austria, and single dwarf without thornes. V. The conserve of hepps gently bindeth the belly, stops defluxions from the head upon the stomach, and dryeth up the moisture thereof, and h. digestion. The powder of the dried pulp h. the whites d. The powder of the balls h. the collick, and o. the wormes thereof d. killeth worms.

Egyptians herb, see Water horehound.

Egyptian thorne. Acacia. *

P. In Egypt, and Palestina: the second in Cappadocia.
T. Fl. in May: the fruit is ripe in the end of August.
N. 'Ακακία. Ægyptia spina, & Christi.

Egyptian thorne. Ger. J. K. as the common and thorny trefoile. T. Gal. The juice of acacia is cold and earthy, with a certaine watery essence, and thin hot parts: it's dry 3°, cold 1°, if washed 2°, loosning its biting quality. V. The juice of acacia stops the lask, termes and gonorrhœa d. with red wine: it h. blasting and inflammation of the eyes, and maketh the skin smooth. It h. serpigo's heate of the mouth, and makes the haire black. Diosc. It h. S. Anthonies fire, the shingles, prerygia and white-lowes. The gum doth bind and somewhat coole: it's emplastick, so dulleth the remedies with which it is mixed. Ap. with the white and yelk of an eye, it preventeth blisters in burnings, or scaldings. The juice of the other also bindeth, but is not so effectually nor good in ophthalmick remedies. Park. K. the west Indian & true
acacia

aracia of Diosc. V. the juice h. kibes and chilblaines, fasteneth loose teeth, h. the flux of humors to the joynts, bindes, cools, & strengthens d. and ap. h. vomiting, the gum fastens colours gum Arabick, Schrod.

Eileber, see, Jack by the hedge.

Elder tree. *Sambucus*

P. In gardens, mountaines, almost every where.

T. Fl. in Aprill and May: the fruit is ripe in Sept.

N. 'Ακτὴ. The fr. Grana altes. Jewes eares, Fungi *Sambucini*.

Elder-tree. Ger. J. K. as the common, that with white berries. the jagged, & harts Elder. T. It's drying, glutinating and moderately digesting: the barke, leaves, first buds, flowers, & fruit dry, heat and purge; yet with trouble to the stomach. V. It operateth as the Danewort. The leaves and tender crops taken in broth, purge slimy flegme and choller; the middle barke more strongly. The dried seeds h. the dropsie. Drach. 1. taken in the morning for some space causeth leanness. The leaves boiled till soft with oile of sweet Almonds, or of linseed, ap. hot to the piles and reitarated, do presently give ease. the green leaves stamped and ap. with bulls tallow h. hot tumors and the paine of the gout. The juice of the inner barke d. with whey h. the dropsie: so the flowers being fryed with eggs. Dried they attenuate and being steeped in vinegar and it d. h. the stomach, and used with meate c. appetite; The seed is gentler than the other parts; yet drach. 1. steeped in vinegar and taken with aniseeds h. the dropsie. the Jewes eare is binding and drying. The infusion thereof h. inflammations of the mouth, and almonds of the throat, and uvula gargarized. The tender leaves of the tree with parched barley meale h. hot swellings, scaldings, bitings of a mad dog, and glew ulcers. the pith dried is good to put into issues to keep them open. See Black-wit, water Elder, *Sambucus aquatilis* K. as the common, and

and rose. T. V. are not discovered. Park. As the first. Pem. the flowers c. sweat: their water opens the liver, spleen and reines, and h. tertian agues, and melancholy unc. 3. taken fasting. The Jewes eares with columbine leaves boiled in ale h. sore throats: and steeped in plantaine water ap. h. inflamed eyes. the water cleareth the skin, and h. the paine of the sides. The oile h. paines of the joynts. Park. K. as the red berryed. V. the decoction of the berries coloureth haire black. the juice of the leaves is an apophlegmatisme: and with hony h. the paine of the eares. the flowers in clysters h. the winde and collick. Rob baccarum sambuci, Pharm: Lond. or the Rob of Elder berries, h. dropfies, the D. is drach. 1. each morning, it gently purgeth watery humours; so that of dwarf elder. Also it h. gout, fevers, the erysipilas, stoppings and tumours of the spleen thence arising. It's good against the stone in the kidnies, diseases of the womb, which it clenseth, also for maladies of the throat and eyes, and for burnings. Schrod. the extract of elder, h. the suffocation of the mother, the D. is scr. 1. the tincture doth the same, the D. is coch. 1. the oile of the seeds, c. vomiting in warm beer. the D. is drach. 1. or drach. 1. sem.

Dwarfe elder, see Dane wort.

Elecampane. *Helenium*.

P. In fruitfull meadowes, and shadowie places.

T. Fl. in June, and July: the roots are gathered in Autumne.

N. 'Ελεγειον. *Inula*. *Enula Campana*. Scabwort.

Elecampane. Ger. T. is hot and dry 30. when green, it's full of superfluous moisture. V. It h. short breath, old coughs and orthopnea, given in a lobac. the root preserved taken after supper h. digestion, and keepeth the belly soluble. the juice boiled killeth wormes, and chewed

chewed fasteneth the teeth. The root h. poyson, bitings of serpents, ruptures, cramps, and convulsions. An ointment of the decoction or powder with hony h. old ulcers. It h. the sciatica. The decoction d. provoketh urine, h. hurslings and luxations. The root taken with hony clenseth the breast, ripeneth rough flegme, c. expectoration, h. coughs and shortnesse of breath, comforteth the stomach, and h. digestion: so the roots condited. Boiled soft and mixed with fresh butter and powder of ginger ap. it h. the itch, scabs and manginess. Pem. the candied roots h. the winde of the stomach and stitches in the sides caused by the spleen, wheezing in the lungs, mother, plague, and putrified fevers, d. in ale it cleareth the sight. Note it must not be given to hot and dry bodyes. the dose of the root powdered is from 20. graines to 30. the decoction ap. h. sores and cankers. Park. the roots condited h. melancholy. the decoction of the root killeth all wormes whatsoever. the distilled water cleareth the skin. Fuch. Plin. Eaten fasting it fastens the teeth. Unguentum enclatum. Pharm. Lond. or, the ointment of elecampane, and cum mercurio, or, that with Quicksilver, h. the itch. Read. unc. 1. thereof with drach. 1. of flowers of brimstone, filleth up the eating herpes without faile. also it h. the skin both with and without quicksilver, but its more effectuall with it, yet may bring aches upon the party using it, especially if of a weak timbred constitution.

Elfedock, see Elecampane.

Elme-tree. *Ulmus*.

P. Almost every where.

T. The seed falleth in Aprill.

N. *πτελιά*. the seed is called *Samarra*.

Elme-tree Ger. *J. K.* as the common, narrow leaved witch-haskell, or the broadest leaved, and smooth leaved elme. T. the leaves and bark are moderately hot and clen-

clensing with clamminess. V. the leaves h. green wounds, and the barke ap. the leaves stamped with vineger take away scurfe. Unc. 1. of the thicker barke d. in wine or water purgeth flegme. The decoction of the leaves, barke or root h. broken bones bathed. the liquor in the blisters ap. h. pimples, spots, freckles and beautifyeth the face. It healeth green wounds, and cureth ruptures newly made, being laid on with spleen wort, using a trulle. Park. K. as the lesser. V. it operates as the rest, the leaves d. in malmie with pepper h. old coughs, The decoction of the barke or root h. shrunk sinewes: the scum c. haire, the barke applied with brine h. the gout.

Endive. *Endivia*.

P. Gardens: the wild in barren grounds.

T. It's sown in spring; it seedeth in harvest.

N. *Σίερα*. *Intybus*. *Scariola*. *Seriola* Lob. Park.

Endive Ger. *J. K.* as the garden succory, and endive, with the thornie. T. are cold and dry 20. somewhat binding, something bitter, clenning and opening. Garden endive is colder, and not so dry or clenning. V. the herbs green cool hot livers, h. the stopping of the gall, yellow jaundise, lack of sleep, stopping of urine, & hot burning fevers, so the syrup: the distilled water is used in potions cooling and purging: and with that of plantain and roses injected with a syringe h. excoriations in the passages of the urine. The herb eaten in sallads, especially the white, comforteth the weak, and cooleth the hot stomach. The leaves of succory bruised and ap. h. inflamed eyes. P. L. the root of succory cools and dries. 20. strengthens the liver and reins, opens obstructions, stoppings of the liver and spleen boiled in white wine and drunk. Pem. the distilled water h. sharpness of urine; so the seed, and h. the syncope: it hurreth the palsie and cold stomachs. The dose is drach. 1. Ap. it h. the gout, fretting ulcers, and hot tumours. Wild succory.

cory. *Cichorium sylvestre*. K. as the common yellow and wild endive. T. agree with the garden sorts. V. the leaves boiled in broth h. weake and hot stomachs, and operate as the first. Gum succory, *chondrilla*. K. as the blew, that of *Robinia*, yellow, Spanish, rusby, sea, swines, male swines, & wart succory. T. are like the common, but dryer. V. the roots with hony & nitre made into trochisks cleanse the morpew, sunburnings and spots in the face, the gum smoothe the haire of the eye-brows and is used instead of mastick, powdered with myrrhe & made into a pessarie it brings down the termes. The leaves of wart succory powdered and d. to the quantity of a spoonfull take away warts and such excrescences. Park. K. as the small garden endive, and succory with red fl. &c. V. the last boiled and d. purgeth forth flage and choller. the distilled water h. cachexies. ap. it h. inflammations. gum succory h. lasks. the bulbed h. the Kings evill. *Syrupus de cichorio cum rhabarbaro*. Pharm. Lond. or syrup of succory with rhubarb, h. venomous humours, boiles, carbuncles, pestilentiall feavers, & strengthens the heart and nutritive virtue; it purgeth by stool and urine, provokes sleep, and c. appetite. It clenseth the liver, and h. hypocondriack melancholy: the D. is unc. 1. to 2. or it may be mixt with the decoction of senna, viz. unc. 1.

Eringus, see Sea holy.

Ers, see Bitter-vetch.

Ever-ferne, see Wall ferne.

Euphorbium, see Gum-thistle.

Exan, see Cross wort.

Eye-bright. *Eufragia*.

P. In dry meadow, grassie waies and pastures.

T. Fl. in August till Sept and must then be gathered.

N. *Eurozia*. *Ophthalmica*. *Ocularia*. *Eufrasia*. *Lucminella*.

Eye bright. T. is more hot than dry. V. taken alone,

or with other things, it preserveth and restoreth the sight, the powder being taken with fennell seed, mace and sugar. Stamped and ap. to the eyes, or the juice with white wine dropped in, or the distilled water cleareth the sight. three parts of the powder with one of mace m. h. all hurts of the eyes, and comforte the memory, halfe a spoonfull being taken every morning in whitewine. Pem. to cleare the sight, take rose water and celandine an. unc. 1. of tatty powdered drach. 1. h. and wash the eyes. Park. K. as the great red wood-y, greater purple broad leaved, and yellow, with the lesser. being infused in wine or beere it h. the eyes effectually. Bauh. It h. the inflammation of the eyes, and grief thereof c. by crude humors. Trag. decoct in wine it h. the jaundise. *Vinum Eufrag. Pharm.* Lond. or, Eye-bright wine, cleers and revives the sight, a cup thereof being drunk in the morning.

F.

Fane, see white Flower de luce.

Fasels, see Kidney beans.

Faverell, see Orpine.

Faverole, see Water dragons.

Fceberry bush, see Gooseberry-bush.

Federfew, see Fever-few.

Felwort. *Gentiana*.

In shadowie woods and mountaines.

Fl. in August, the seed is ripe in September.

N. *Γεντιανη*. *Basilita Serap.* *Ciminalis centaury radix*. *Aloe Gal.*

Fellwort. Ger. *J.* K. as the great. great purple, blew flowered, crowswort, and spotted of Dr. Pennie. T. the root is hot and clensing, bitter, attenuating, purg- and opening. V. it h. cramps and convulsions, ruptures,

urine, h. hurslings and luxations. The root taken with hony cleneth the breast, ripeneth rough flegme, c. expectoration, h. coughs and shortnesse of breath, comforteth the stomack, and h. digestion: so the roots are *condited*. Boiled soft and mixed with fresh butter and powder of ginger ap. it h. the itch, soabs and manginess. *Pem.* the candied roots h. the winde of the stomack and stiches in the sides caused by the spleen, wheefing in the lungs, mother, plague, and putrified fevers, d. in ale it cleareth the sight. Note it must not be taken to hard dry bodies: the dose of the root powdered is from 10. graines to 30. the decoction ap. h. sores and cankers. *Park.* the roots *condited* h. melancholy. the decoction of the root killeth all wormes whatsoever. the distilled water cleareth the skin. *Fuch. Plin.* Eaten fasting it fastens the teeth. *Unguentum enulatum. Pharm.* Lond. or, the ointment of elecampane, and cum mercurio, or, that with Quicksilver, h. the itch. *Read. unc. 1.* thereof with drach. 1. of flowers of brimstone, filleth up the eating herpes without faile. also it h. the skin both with and without quicksilver, but its more effectually with it, yet may bring aches upon the party using it, especially if of a weak limbred constitution.

Elfdock, see Elecampane.

Elme-tree. *Ulmus.*

P. Almost every where.

T. The seed falleth in Aprill.

N. *πτελιά*. the seed is called *Samarra*.

Elme-tree. *Ger. J. K.* as the common, narrow leaved witch-haskell, or the broadest leaved, and smooth leaved elme. *T.* the leaves and bark are moderately hot and clensing

leaves, bark or root h. broken bones bathed. the liquor in the blisters ap. h. pimples, spots, freckles and beautifyeth the face. It healeth green wounds, and cureth ruptures newly made, being laid on with spleen wort, using a trusse. *Park.* K. as the lesser. *V.* it operates as the rest, the leaves d. in malmie with pepper h. old coughs, The decoction of the bark or root h. shrunk sinewes: the *soum* c. haire, the bark applied with brine h. the gout.

Endive. *Endivia.*

P. Gardens: the wild in barren grounds.

T. It's sown in spring, it seedeth in harvest.

N. *Σίσις. Intybus. Scariola. Seriola Lob. Park.*

Endive. *Ger. J. K.* as the garden succory, and endive, with the thyme. *T.* are cold and dry 20: somewhat binding, something bitter, clensing and opening. *Garden endive* is colder, and not so dry or clensing. *V.* the herbs green cool hot livers, h. the stopping of the gall, yellow jaundise, lack of sleep, stopping of urine, & hot burning feavers, so the syrup: the distilled water is used in potions cooling and purging: and with that of plantain and roses injected with a syringe h. excoriations in the passages of the urine. The herb eaten in *salads*, especially the white, comforteth the weake, and cooleth the hot stomack. The leaves of succory bruised and ap. h. inflamed eyes. *P. L.* the root of succory cools and dries. 20. strengthens the liver and reins, opens obstructions, stoppings of the liver and spleen boiled in white wine and drunk. *Pem.* the distilled water h. sharpness of urine: so the seed, and h. the syncope: it hurrieth the palsie and cold stomacks. The dose is drach. 1. Ap. it h. the gout, fretting ulcers, and hot tumours. *Wild succory.*

cory. Cichorium sylvestre. K. as the common yellow and wild endive. T. agree with the garden sorts. V. the leaves boiled in broth h. weake and hot stomachs, and operate as the first. *Gum succory, chondrilla.* K. as the blew, that of *Robinus*, yellow, Spanish, rusby, sea, swines, male swines, & wart succory. T. are like the common, but dryer. V. the roots with hony & nitre made into trochisks cleanse the morpew, sunburnings and spots in the face. the gum smoothe the haire of the eye-brows and is used instead of mastick, powdered with myrrhe & made into a pessarie it brings down the termes. The leaves of wart succory powdered and d. to the quantity of a spoonfull take away warts and such excrescencies. *Park.* K. as the small garden endive, and succory with red fl. &c. V. the last boiled and d. purgeth forth flegme and choller. the distilled water h. cacherxies. ap. it h. inflammations. gum succory h. lasks. the bulbed h. the Kings evill. *Syrupus de cichorio cum rhabarbaro.* Pharm. Lond. or syrup of succory with rhubarb, h. venomous humours, boiles, carbuncles, pestilentiall feavers, & strengthens the heart and nutritive virtue; it purgeth by stool and urine, provokes sleep, and c. appetite. It clenseth the liver, and h. hypocondriack melancholy: the D. is unc. 1. to 2. or it may be mixt with the decoction of senna, viz. unc. 1.

Eringus, see Sea holy.

Ers, see Bitter-vetch.

Ever-ferne, see Wall ferne.

Euphorbium, see Gum-thistle.

Exan, see Cross-wort.

Eye-bright. Eufragia.

P. In dry meadow, sgrassie waies and pastures.

T. Fl. in August till Sept and must then be gathered.

N. *Eupogon. Ophthalmica. Ocularia. Eufrasia. Luminella.*

Eye bright. T. is more hot than dry. V. taken alone,

or

or with other things, it preserveth and restoreth the sight, the powder being taken with fennell seed, mace and sugar. Stamped and ap. to the eyes, or the juice with white wine dropped in, or the distilled water cleareth the sight. three parts of the powder with one of mace m. h. all hurts of the eyes, and comforte the memory, halfe a spoonfull being taken every morning in whitewine. *Pem.* to cleare the sight, take rose water and celandine an. unc. 1. of tatty powdered drach. 1. m. and wash the eyes. *Park.* K. as the great red woody, greater purple broad leaved, and yellow, with the lesser. V. being infused in wine or beere it h. the eyes effectually. *Bauh.* It h. the inflammation of the eyes, and grief thereof c. by crude humors. *Trag. decoct* in wine it h. the jaundise. *Vinum Eufrag. Pharm. Lond.* or, *Eye-bright wine*, cleers and revives the sight, a cup thereof being drunk in the morning.

F.

Fane, see white Flower de luce.

Fasels, see Kidney beane.

Faverell, see Orpine.

Faverole, see Water dragons.

Fceberry bush, see Goosberry-bush.

Federfew, see Fever-few.

Felwort. Gentiana.

P. In shadowie woods and mountaines.

T. Fl. in August, the seed is ripe in September.

N. *Gentiana. Basilita Serap. Cimicifida centauria radix. Aloe Gal.*

Fellwort. Ger. 7. K. as the great. great purple, blew flowered, crowswort, and spotted of Dr. Pennie. T. the root is hot and clensing, bitter, attenuating, purging and opening. V. it h. cramps and convulsions, ruptures,

livers, bad livers, and stomachs, and h. against poyson, and broken windedness. *drach. i.* of the root powdered with a little pepper and herb of grace h. against the stings of venomous beasts, bitings of mad dogs or any poyson. The decoction d. h. stoppings of the liver, crudity of the stomach, and digestion: it scattereth congealed blood, and h. all cold diseases of the inward parts. *Park.* or outward. *English Felwort*, or hollow, *Gentiana concava*. T. V. is not discovered but may be referred to the first. *Bastard felwort*, K. as the spring large flowered, *Alpish of the spring time*, and the *bastard*. T. are in taste and forme like the greater gentian: V. they operate as the rest, but less effectually. *Park.* *Hollow root* ap. clenseth, purgeth and dryeth. *Park.* K. as the smaller vernal, autumnal & centory like leaved. V. the roots d. in wine h. lameness. The water h. agues, killeth wormes, and c. courses: the juyce h. ulcers and heat of the eyes. *Aqua gentiane composita*, *Pharm. Lond.* or *Gentian water compound*, preserveth from ill aire and pestilentiall fevers. It opens obstructions of the liver, h. the liver-grown, ease h. pains in the stomach, h. digestion, and the paines of the bones by cold. It provokes appetite, h. the yellow jaundise, also prickings and stiches in the sides. It provokes the terms, expels the birth and after-birth; but hurts childing women: the D. is *cochl. i.* if there be no fever, else use it with cool appropriate remedies. also it h. tertian agues, mingled with syrup of the juyce of succory, or with rhubarb. *Schrod.* the extract of gentian h. intermitte fevers or agues, the D. is *drach. i.* before the fit. *Ern.* the oyle of gentian root, operates as that of calamus aromaticus h. the chollick, ephemera's, stink of the mouth, and worms of the teeth.

Fen berry sea Marsh wortle berries.
Fennel tree, see Mollie or Balsam tree.

Fennell

Fennell. *Feniculum*:

P. Gardens and hot countries.

T. Fl. in June and July: the seed is ripe in Aug.

N. Μαράθρον. Marathrum. The gyant, *μαράθρον*.

Fennell. Ger. K. as the common and sweet. T. the seed is hot and dry 30. V. the powder of the seed d. for certain daies falling preserveth the sight. the green leaves eaten, or seed d. in a ptisan c. milk in womens breasts, so the roots; and h. the drop sic, boiled in wine and d. The seed d. h. the paine of the stomach, desire to vomit, and breaketh wind. The herb, seed, and root, h. the lungs, liver and kidneys, opening and corroborating. The seed and herb of the sweet fennell operate as the aniseed. *Pem.* the herb is not so hot as the seed. It provoketh urine, h. the stone and hicket, swelling of the spleen, jaundise, gout, cramps and shortness of breath: it causeth a good colour and attenuateth fat bodies, *Note* it hurts hot bodies, *Hogs fennel*, or *Sow fennell*, *peucedanum*. K. as the common sulphurwort, dwarf, & great, *peucedanū*. T. these especially the yellow sap of the root is hot 20, & dry *initio 3iii*. V. the juice of the root taken alone or with bitter almonds, & rue h. short windedness, pains of the belly, wind of the stomach, wasteth the spleen, and purgeth phlegme and choller: it expelleth urine, the birth and secundine, and h. paines in the kidneys and bladder. Mixed with oile of roses or vinegar, ap. it h. the palsie, cramp, sciatica & cold diseases. It helpeth ruptures and the exomphalos. The decoction of the root operates as the juice, but not so effectually. The powder of it clenseth and healeth old sores and ulcers and extracts things fixed in the flesh: mixed with oile of roses it causeth sweat, being annointed: therefore it h. the French pox. The congealed liquor with oile of roses ap. h. the lethargie, frensie, dizziness, falling sickness, palsie, cramps, and all infirmities of the sinews with vinegar and oile. *Smelt* to, it reviveth those that are strangled with the mother. Taken in a rearegge it h. coughs, dyspnoea's, and gripings c. by gross humors. It wasteth the spleen, cutting, digesting, and attenuating:

tenuating: it opens the matrix and facilitates the birth. Held in the mouth it h. the mother. *Fennell Gyant, Ferula*. K. as the common, small, and *Aesculapius his all-heale*. T. these with their gums are hot 30, and dry 20. V. the pith. *Gal.* is astringent and h. the hamoptysis, and flux. As an *errhine* it stops bleedings, d. in wine h. bitings of vipers, and roasted with pepper and salt eaten c. lust. The seed is hot and attenuating, and h. agues mixt with oile and the body annointed therewith. *drach.* 1 of the juice of *ferula* bearing *sagapenum* purgeth gross flegme and choler, h. old and cold diseases, as the epilepsie, apoplexy, &c. cramps, palsies, and shrunk sinews, short breath, long cough, and paine of the side and brest. *Sagapenum* steeped in vineger ap. wasteth and mollifyeth all hard swellings. The juyce of *ferula galbanifera, galbanum* d. in wine with myrrhe h. all poyson. The q. of a beane taken in wine h. womens travell. The perfume h. risings of the mother, and falling sickness. It mollifyeth, attracteth splinters, wasts cold humors, and operates as *Sagapenum*. *Park.* The seed of the common boiled in wine and d. h. the bitings of serpents and poison. the juyce cleareth the eyes: so the distilled water. the juice dropped into the eares killeth the wormes thereof. The wild is stronger and h. the stone. The decoction of the seed of the round headed coloureth the haire yellow *Hoggs fennel*. K. as the *Italian*. V. as the rest, the juyce in wine ap. h. pains of the eares and tooth ach. *Scorching fennell* K. as the true, *Spanish*, and *carrot leaved*. V. scr. 2. of the bark of the root, or scr. sem. of the juyce d. with meade strongly purgeth cholier upwards and downwards. It h. asthma. Ap. it digesterh and draweth, and h. blemishes of the skin, and pains of the joynts. *Senn.* *Fennel*, as also dill, stone parslly, aniseed, verches, and rocket seed open the vessels in the dogs. *Oleum seminum Feniculi, Pharm. Lond.* Chym. or the Chymical oile of fennel seeds, is appropriate to the head, cleuseth the braine of cold infirmities, lethargies, indisposition of the body, numbness, want of motion; and h. the stomach and expells wind.

wind. *Ceratum de galbano P.L.* or, the *Cerecloth of galbanum*, used to the belly of a woman after labor, h. all relicks, and fits of the mother; &c. Also applyed to the stomach or belly, it will kill wormes breeding there. It brings down the courses ap. to the region of the womb. It h. cold infirmities, windiness and stoppings of the liver and spleen applyed to their respective regions, and being layed all along the back bone it prevents or lessens the shaking fits of agues. *Schrod.* the distilled oyle of *galbanum*, h. the hysterik passion, taken, or annointed on the navil; it h. buhoes and carbuncles. The oyle of sweet fennel seeds, h. flegme, strengthens, h. the stone and epilepsie, so *Ern.*

Fenugreek. *Fœnum gracum*.

P. Gardens, it's sown in fields beyond the sea.

T. It may be sown untill Aprill.

N. Τήλας ἢ βέναν, *Carphos Plin. Siliqua Columel. Silicula Varronis.*

Fenugreek *Ger. f.* K. as the common, and wild. T. it doth manifestly heat, it is hot 2. dry 10. The meale mollifyeth and wasteth. V. the juice of the herb boiled and taken with hony purges all corrupt humors in the intestines and easeth paine, being slimy and warme, It clenseth and raiseth humours out of the chest with a little hony, with more in old diseases without a fever, boyling it with far dares, & using it long before meat. It h. inflammations that are lesse hot, by wasting them: the meale boiled with mead ap. h. all inflammations, and kneaded with nizer and vineger, h. hard spleens. the bath of it h. impostumes, ulcers, or stoppings of the matrix: the juice of the decoction clenseth the haire, h. dandriffe and achores; as a pessarie with goose grease it openeth the mother. The green herb stamped with vineger h. feeble parts without skin and ulcerated. the decoction h. ulcers in the low gut, and bloody flux. The oile scoureth haire, and the scars of the privities.

The seed decoct in wine and d. with vineger expells all evill humors. Boiled in wine with dates and hony unto a syrup, it clenseth, and h. paines of the breast. The meale boiled in mead dissolveth all hard swellings; so also m. with the roots of marsh mallows and line seed. The decoction used as a bath with wine h. griefs in the lower parts of women, or the fume taken. The decoction of the seed h. scurfe. Pem. Its mucilage ap. h. paines of the eyes. Park. the seeds buried till they sprout & eaten, c. to grow fat. Æg. It is hot & loosens the belly taken before meate. Weck. the oile with that of myrtles ap. h. the cicatrices of the genitors

Fenny-stones, *Orchis palmata*.

P. In fenny grounds and moist shadowie woods.

T. They flower and flourish about May and June.

N. The 1. is *Cynosorchis Dracuntias* Lob. the three last *Palma Christi*.

Fenny-stones. Ger. 7. K. as the marsh dragon, marsh handed, third handed marsh, creeping & greatest handed satyrion. T. V. are of little use in physick, and are referred to the handed satyrions whereof they are kinds. Dal. the marsh orchis is more strong in procuring lust, than any of the dogs stones. Park. K. as the female handed, small with red fl. sweet, smelling like cloves, frogg like, gelded, spotted marsh, great mountain handed, and spotted white. V. the roots boiled in red wine and d. stop fluxes, the powder being taken. the marsh as *Serapias* stones.

Ferne. *Filix*.

P. In dry and barren ground: in shadowie places.

T. Fl. in summer: the seed is ripe at midsummer.

N. πτεριον & βλήθρον. *Pteris*. Of the female *Thelypteris* & *Nymphaopteris*.

Ferne. Ger. K. as the male and female. T. are hot, bitter

bitter, dry and something binding. V. unc. sem. of the root of the male ferne kills long flat wormes d. in meade, and more effectually with scr. 2. of scammony, first eating garlick. It also expelleth the child in the wombe & h. the spleen. Stamped with axungia it h. the prickings of the reed. the female operates as the male *Diosc*. It c. barrenesse, and abortion. the powder ap. h. ulcers and gallings. the root of the. 1. sodden in wine opens the spleen: in water h. lasks in children, the fume of the decoction taken. Water ferne. or, *Osmunda the water-man*, *Filix Florida*; five *Osmunda Regalis*. T. the root is lesse hot and dry than they of the former ones. V. the heart of the root d. h. wounds & bruises, and dissolveth clotted blood, so the tender sprigs: and are good to be put into unguents appropriate to wounds and punctures. Wallferne, or *Polypodie polypodium*. K. as of the wall, of the oake & Indian. T. doth dry without biting V. *Diosc*. it purgeth choller and flegme. *Athuar*. And melancholy, boyled in broth with beets or mallows *Mes*: It dryeth and attenuateth, h. aches in the joynts, taken in a decoction for some space: with phlebotomy, cathartick and hydroticke remedies. It h. luxations. unc. 1. boyled with hony, water, and pepper d. purgeth flegme and choller, or unc. 3. in water and wine. Oake ferne, pettie, or moss ferne. *Dryopteris*. K. as the true, white, and tree-f. T. is sweet, biting, and bitter, V. it is a *psilothron* ap. The black operates as maidenhaire. the small fernes, *Filicula* K. as the male fountaine, male and female dwarf stone ferne. T. V. are referred to the black oake-ferne. Park: K. as the great, strange, and diverse leaved mules ferne. V. h. the spleen. the berrie bearing of America, sea, and naked stone ferne. V. are referred to the former. *Polypody* h. all ill affects of the lungs, sc. the water with sugarcandy.

Sealeferne, or stone-ferne, see Spleen-wort.

G-2,

Fever-

Feverfew. *Febrifuga*.

P. In hedges, and about rubbish.

T. Fl: for the most part all the summer.

N. *παρθένιον*. *Matricaria*, *Amarella*. *Tagetes*.

Feverfew. Ger. *J*. K. as the common, double, and mountain. T. is hot 3^o, dry 2^o. it clenseth, purgeth, openeth. and operates as other bitter things. V. it h. the diseases of the matrix, provokes the termes, and expells the dead child, d. ap. or used in a bath. *Diosc*: it h. S. *Anthony's* fire, the leaves and fl. being applied, and all hot swellings. The powder d. with oxymel, syrup of vinegar or wine evacuates flegme & melancholy, h. pursinesse, & stuffings of the lungs, as also the stone: drach. 2. of the powder taken with hony, or sweet wine purge flegme, and melancholy, so h. those that are vertiginous, melancholicke and pensive. The herbe h. the suffocation of the mother, hardnesse, and stopping of the same being boyled in wine and ap: so the decoction sare over: d. and ap. with bay salt to the wrists, with powder of glasse it h. the ague. *Park* the double h. those that have taken opium, so the rest, and also all pains in the head c. by cold: d. it h. agues. the distilled water h. freckles, and collick ap.

Fig-beane, see Lupine.

Field Cypress, see Ground pine.

Field-wort, see Fellwort, or Gentian.

Figge-tree. *Ficus*.

P. Spain, Italy, gardens, under a hot wall.

T. They beare ripe fruit in the Spring, August and September.

N. *Συκή*. The unripe fruit is called *Grossus* and *Olynthus*.

Figge-tree. Ger: *J*: K. as the common, and dwarfe. T. the dry figgs nourish better than the green, which are somewhat

Somewhat warme and moist. the dry and ripe are hot almost 3^o, sharpe and biting: the leaves are somewhat sharpe, opening, but not so strong as the juyce. V. dry figgs are not of very good juyce, they h. the throat and lungs, the cough, and short windednesse. *Deco* with hysope and d. they expectorate flegme. Stamped with salt, rue, and nut kernells, they h. poyson, and prevent infection: stamped with wheat meale, powder of fenugreeke, linseed, and the roots of marsh mallows, ap. warme, they ripen impostumes, and phlegmons, and all hot tumors behind the eares: and the roots of lillies added h. bubo's, boyled in wormewood wine with barley meale: ap. to the belly, they h. dropies. Drie figgs soften and wast both inwardly and outwardly: the leaves wast the Kings evill and all tumors, ap. with the roots of marsh mallow. The milke h. rough skins, sores, spots and deformity ap. with barley meale, and h. warts ap. with fat things: it also h. the tooth ache ap. and openeth the hemorrhoids. with fenugreek and vinegar they h. goutes. the milke ap. h. wounds of venemous beasts. green figgs h. the stone, the dry h. all diseases of the chest, paine of the bladder, and childbirth. the juyce of the leaves dissolveth milke clotted in the stomach, & ap. with the yelke of an egge, & the menses. The prickly Indian fig-tree. *Ficus Indica*. T. V. eaten coloureth the urine red. the juyce h. old ulcers. *Cochenele* is given in malignant diseases, as in pestilent diseases, &c. The arched Indian figtree. *Arbor Goa*. T. V. The fruit is usually eaten, and of good nourishment. *Pem*: Figgs h. the falling sicknesse, quinsie, and infirmities of the womb: they also expell venemous matter to the skinne: roasted they facilitate the birth. ap. with leaven and salt, they breake plague sores, and with copporas h. running ulcers. with salt ap. they h. kibes, and tosted, paine of the teeth. They are best for phlegmatick persons. Col 2 or 3 eaten in the morning sleepe in aquavita h. pursinesse. *Park*. The Indian figs, loosen the belly, refresh the spirits, h. coughs, & hot urine, and c. lust: The juyce of the leaves h. burnings.

common figgs boiled with hyfop and lycorice, h. the chest.

Figge wort. *Scrophularia*.

P. In shadowie woods, and moist meadowes.

T. They floure in June and July.

N. *Χελιδόνιον τὸ μικρόν*. *Millemorbia*, *Castrangula*, *Ficaria*, *Ferraria*.

Figge-wort. Ger. *J. K.* as the great, Indian, and yellow floured T. Col: it's thought to be hot and dry fine 3^{rii}. V. It h. the Kings evill, piles, and hemorrhoides, the root boiled with butter ap. It h. wennes, and hard knotts, d. and ap. it dissolveth clotied bloud. the roots boiled with oile and wax, h. all scabs and lepry. so the distilled water d. & ap. and h. the virulency of corroding ulcers, spots, freckles scurf and deformity of the skin. Park, K. as the great without knobbed roots, great leaved of Candy, strange and elder like. V. The roots with butter set 15 daies in a moist place, then boiled and strained, make an excellent ointment for scabbs, &c. so Baub. Matth. Solenand. and Dod. drach. 1. of the root d. killes wormes.

Filbeard-tree. *Avellana*.

P. In orchards, gardens, and hedges.

T. The catkins fall off in March. the fruit is ripe in August.

N. *Corylus*. *Nux Prenestina* & *Heracleotica*.

Filbeard-tree. Ger. *J. K.* as the common, that of Constantinople, with the wild hedge nut. T. Dod. The filbeard nuts green are drier than wallnuts, when dry they are colder. Ger. the catkins are cold, dry and binding, and h. the fluxe. V. Col. the skins that cover the nut kernells taken in wine to the q. of drach. 1. stay womens courses, especially those of the red filberd: so drach.

drach. 2. of the shells d. in red wine; and stop laskes, with the milk of the kernels and catkins: an electuary of the parched kernels h. old coughs, and d. with pepper h. catarrhes: a decoction of the inner rinde made in small ale, d. first and last 9 dayes h. the strangury: too many eaten c. head ach, except eaten with raisins. Park, being parched they are lesse hurtfull to the stomack, being less oilie, and windie.

Filipendula, see Dropwort,

File-wort, see wicked Chicweed.

Finger orchis, see *Scrapias* stones.

Firre-tree. *Abies*.

P. High mountains in Italy, France, &c.

T. The time of the Firre-tree agreeth with the Pine.

N. *Ἑλάνη*. Its rosin is called *Lacryma abietis* & *Terebintina Veneta*.

Firre tree. Ger. *J. K.* as the male, and female. T. the bark, fruit and gum are of the nature of the pitch-tree and his gums. V. its rosin sc. the turpentine, looseth the belly, expelleth choller, clenseth the kidnies, expelleth urine, and the stone: taken with sugar and the powder of nutmegs, it h. the strangury, gonorrhoea and the whites. It healeth green wounds being washed in plantaine and rose water, with the yolk of an egge, the powder of *olibanum* and mastick, with saffron. Park T. the cleer turpentine is hot and dry 2^o, and very clensing. V. it is excellent in salves for green wounds, clensing and sodering them together. Recch. The Firre of Mexico: T. is hot and dry 3^o, the rosin hot 4^o, discussing and corroborating.

Wolfe's Fists, see Fuisse-bulls.

Fitch, see Vetch.

Madick Fitch, or red Fitchling, see Cock's head.

Five leaved grass, see Cinquefoile.

Flag. *Gladiolus*.

P. In meadows and watery places.

T. Fl. from May to July.

N. *ἔριον. Ensis*. the corne flag, *Segetalis, Viſtorialis rotundus*.

Flag. Ger. *J*. K. as the French corne flag, Italian, and water sword fl. T. the root of corneflag doth draw, waſt, conſume and dry, and is of a ſubtile digeſting quality. V. the root ſtamped with the powder of frankincenſe and wine ap. draweth out ſplinters. ſtamped with the meale of darnell and meade ap. it h. hard ſwellings. Some affirme that the upper root cauſeth luſt, and the lower barrenneſs: the upper root d. in water h. the enterocoele in children: ſtamped with hogs greaſe and wheaten meale, they h. the ſcrophula: the ſeed d. in goats or aſſes milk h. pains of the collick. Ordinary flag. T. the roots are hot and dry 20. V. It bindes, ſtrengthens and condenses: it h. fluxes and ſtops the courſes. Park. the diſtilled water of the yellow water-flag, h. watering eyes being dropped thereinto & ap. h. blemiſhes in the body: it h. inflammations & cancers, and ſoul ulcers in the privities. Lonic. T. it's of the ſame faculty with acorus. Lugd. Ap. it draweth out the menſes: the upper root c. ventry. Dorſt. the water h. burning fevers: the root d. h. coughs and poyſon.

Flaw-flower, ſee Paſque-flower.

Flax

Flax. *Linum*.

P. In fruitfull and moiſt ſoiles: the wild in gravelly places.

T. Fl. in June and July: the ſeed ripens in the mean time.

N. *Αἰνον. Linum ſativum*: the wild. *Sylveſtre*.

Flax. Ger. K. as the garden. T. the ſeed is hot 10. in a mean between moiſt and dry: as others, of ſuperfluous moiſture, and windie though parched. V. It hurteſh the ſtomack is of hard digeſtion, of little nourishment, provokes urine, looſes the belly, and if parched ſtoppeth it. Dioſc. Line ſeed operates as ſenugreek, waſteth and mollifyeth hot ſwellings d. and ap. Boiled with hony oile, and water it h. ſpots and blemiſhes, ſoule ſkins with ſalt-peter and figgs; with hony and water cresses, it brings off illfavoured nailes. with hony it expectorates ſlegme; and h. coughs. Baked with pepper and hony, it cauſeth luſt: the oile mollifieth hard ſwellings, ap. extendeth ſhrunk ſinews, and eaſeth paine: d. it h. paine in the ſide and collick: with aniſeed and line ſeed boiled in water ap. it h. the angina. Line ſeed boiled in vinegar ap. h. the dyſentery, and pains of the belly: ſtamped with roots of wild cucumber, it draweth out things fixed in the body: the bath h. inflammations of the matrix: powdered with ſenugreek, and boiled with mallows, violet leaves, ſmallage, and chickweed, untill the herbs be ſoft, then ſtamped with axungia to the forme of a pultis ap. h. all paine, ſoſtneſh cold tumors ſuppurateſh apoſtumes, and preventeth wranklings applyed warme evening and morning. Wild flax. K. as the wilde white, thin leaved wild, broad leaved dwarf, mill-mountaine, the third broad leaved, and yellow flowered. T. V. are referred to the garden flax and are ſeldome uſed in phyſick or ſurgery. Toad flax, or Flaxweed, *Linaria*. K. as the great, ſweet purple, variable, of *Valentia*, white, purple, creeping yellow, ſoure leaved creeping, golden ſtar flowered, golden

den, bushie, sparrows, sparrow-tongue, and bastard toad-flax. T. they are of the temper of the wild snap dragons whereof they are kindes. V. the decoction h. the jaundise and deformity of the skin, being bathed therewith: d. it openeth the liver, spleen, and h. the jaundise, and the dysurie, and openeth the passages. Col. Park. Line-seed taken with reissins, opens the liver: with water, myrrh, olibanum and wine it h. watering eyes: the oyle with rose water h. burnings. The wild resolves and lenifyeth. Common toad flax. V. h. the dropsie and stone, and d. looseth the belly, h. the jaundise, expels poison, the menses and dead child: ap. it h. red eyes, the geyce h. ulcers, and spots of the skin. Park. K. as the broad leaved blew, and narrow leaved with yellow fl. V. the wild in most things is like that of the garden and in many things more effectually, by reason of its bitterness: the decoction with the fl. resolveth tumors, lenifies inflammations, stiff arteries, and swellings in the groin. The last is used to loosen the body. Toad flax. K. as the greater of Hungary, base white mountaine, Spanish, upright, and bastard. V. as the rest. Schenck. pag. 738. The distilled water of the fl. of flax, taken with sugar, expelleth the pox: so Hollet: Mac: the oyle is emetick.

Flea bane. Coniza.

P. In Spain, Italy, France, Germany, England, &c.

T. Fl. in July and August.

N. Κοιζα. The blew fl. is called *Amellus montanus* *Columnæ*. *Dentelaringes*.

Flea-bane. Ger. J. K. as the great, small, middle, dwarf, great jagged-leaved, water snipt, Austrian, hoary, hairy of the Alpes, and blew flowered. T. is hot and dry 30. V. the leaves and flowers h. the strangury, jaundise, and griping of the belly: taken with vinegar they h. the epilepsie: the fume of the decoction h. pains of the mother: the herb burned driveth away flies, gnats, fleas and venomous things. Park. K. as the great mountain

tain of Germany, and sweet purple. V. the leaves h. the hurts of venomous creatures, small swellings and wounds; the decoction d. c. the termes, opens the liver, and h. laskes; the last h. the tooth ach, so that of the sea. Rech. K. as that of Mexico. T. is hot and dry 30, and sharp.

Flea dock, see Butter-burre.

Fleawort. *Psyllium*.

P. Gardens: the first in fields near the sea.

T. Fl. in June and July.

N. ΨΥΛΛΙΟΝ, *Pulicaria*. *Herba pulicaris*.

Fleawort. Ger. K. as the common, and never dying. T. Gal. Serap. the seed is cold: o, temperate in moisture and dryness. V. the decoction of the seed d. purgeth choller, cooleth hot diseases and quenchem thirst. Stamped boiled in water and ap. with vinegar and oile of roses, it h. all swellings in the joynts, S. Anthonies fire and violent impostume. Strewed in chambers it expelleth fleas. Pem. its mucilage, with rose and barley water, the syrup of violets and roses help horseness, pleurisy & purgeth choller. with marmelade of quinces, poppy seeds, and sugar candy it h. catarrhes; the seed torried, and taken with plantaine water h. fluxes and coughs; ap. it h. the sciatica, and with populeon the piles and tenesmus. It h. rough haire; so Coler. Park. ap. with oile of roses and vinegar, it h. sore nipples. Jo. The antidote is Andromachus's treacle, and vomiting with juniper water.

Flix-weed. *Sophia Chirurgorum*.

P. By high wayes, in obscure places almost every where.

T. It flowereth and seedeth from June to October.

N. *Pseudonasturtium Sylvestre*, *Sophia*. *Paracelsi*. *Tballi-Strum*. *flaxwort*.

Flixweed, Ger. T. it drieth without any sharpness or

or heate. V. the seed d. with wine or smiths water stoppeth laskes, and all issues of blood. The herb bruised and put into unguents healeth ulcers, old sores, & wounds. Col. the herb d. consolidateth bones, & killeth worms; so the water, and syrup. Park. its no less effectuall than plantaine or cumfrey, for the purposes aforesaid.

Flureamor, see Flower gentle.

Flower of Candy or, of Jerusalem, see Flower of Constantinople.

Flower of Bristow, see Rose Campion.

Flower of the Sun, see Marigold of Peru.

Floure gentle. *Amaranthus*.

P. Gardens, the floure more in a bed of horse dung.

T. Fl. in Aug. and flourish till the frosty weather.

N. 'Αμυρανθος. The golden is called *Cona aurea*. *Chrysocome*. *Sto.* has *citrina*.

Floure gentle. Ger. K. as the purple, scarlet, floure more, branched, and velvet. T. are binding, cold and dry. V. they stop all kinds of bleeding and laskes. Park. K. as the greater, and lesser purple, variable, carnation, golden, and candy. T. the three first are hot and dry; but the other sorts are accounted cold & dry. V. they all h. rheumatick bodies: the first cause urine and ap. comfort cold parts, and prevent moths. These are called *helychrysum* and *aurelia*. Golden flower gentle. Ger. J. K. as the common, broad leaved, round headed, and wild. T. V. d. kill wormes, and nits applied.

Flower deluce. *Iris*.

P. In gardens, moist meadows, by brinks of rivers.

T. The dwarf fl. in April: the greater in May: the bulbous in June.

N. 'Ιρις. *Radix marica*. Of the water flag, *pseudoacornis*.

Flower deluce. Ger. K. as the common, and water flag.

flag, T. the green roots of Fl. deluce are hot fere 4°. dried, hot and dry 3°. and burning the mouth. The root of the bastard Fl. deluce is cold and dry 3°. and astringent. V. the root of the common Fl. deluce stamped with a little rose water ap. h. bruises, and blackness and blewness in two daies time, laying a peece of silke between, if the skin be tender, for feare of inflammation. The juice purgeth choller and watery humors. d. in whay it h. the dropsie. The roots dry, attenuate thick humors: and in a *loboch* h. shortnesse of breath, & old coughs &c. They h. evil spleens, cramps, convulsions, bitings of serpents, & gonorrhoea's d. with vinege: & with wine provoke the courses. the decoction mollifyeth the matrix and openeth it in baths. Boiled and ap. it mollifies the Kings evill and hard swellings. *Johns*. The roots of ordinary flaggs are hot and dry 2°. they excell a corn, bind, strengthen and condense, and h. fluxes and the courses. P. L. drach. being taken in red wine every morning Floure deluce of Florence, *Iris Florentina* K. as the common, white, great of Dalmatia, and small, twice flowering, violet, Austrian, and Germane. T. the roots are hot and dry fere 2°. V. the juice mightily purgeth choller and water: and d. in whay or sweet worc. h. dropsies, evil spleens, cramps, convulsions, bitings of serpents, gonorrhoea's d. with vineger: and with wine provoke the courses. Variable Flowredeluces. *Iris Variegata* K. as the common, Turkey, sea, wild Bizantine, narrow-leaved, grasse, narrow leaved many flowred, white dwarfe, red flowred dwarfe, yellow dwarfe, and variegated dwarfe. T. are referred to the other. V. the oile of the flowers and roots an. q. v. made as oile of roses: strengtheneth the sinewes and joynts, & h. cramps of repletion & peripneumonia's. The fl. of French Fl. deluce distilled with diatrion, santalon, & cinamon: and the water d. h. dropsies. Bulbed Floure deluce. K. as the broad leaved onion, changeable, many branched changeable, yellow, ash-coloured and whitish T. are referred to the kinds of asphodils. V. unc. 6. of the herbe, with goats suet, as much oile of alcanna, lib. i. stamped mixed and ap.

ap. h. the gout. The decoction of the root with meale of lupines h. freckles and the morpew in the face. *Velvet Fl. deluce*. T. V. is not discovered. *Park*. The root of the greater with the fl. is *sternutatorie* and *emerick*. *Spanish nut*. K. as the common and small. *Ger*. T. V. is eaten in *salads* to c. lust. *Park*. The *bulbous* K. as the great of *Clus.* and *blew English*. T. V. are uselesse. *Lang.* the powder of the root of *Flower deluce*, h. the rottenness of the teeth and gums: and the root ap. draweth them out. *Diaireos simplex*, *Pharm. Lond.* strengthens the breast, h. colds, coughs, and hoarseness. It may be taken with a lycorice stick or pectorall syrups for the same purpose. *Diaireos, Jolemonis*, or the *Elethuary of orris roots*, h. the lungs and their cold distempers; viz. asthmaes, coughs, and dispnæas, &c. It may be taken with a lycorice stick. *Oleum irinum*, or the *Oile of orris*, is stronger then the simple, the simple oile, concocts, dissolves, awages pains in the womb, liver and joynts, and strengthens the breast, viz. that of the Roots. Also it powerfully digests, dissolves, heats, softens & makes thin. Its of a digesting, penetrating, opening and ripening faculty. It takes away noise in the head, discusses wens and hard swellings. It h. the stinking smell of the nostrils being snifted up, and h. all pains from a cold matter. The compound oile. also is good for asthmaticall persons annointed upon the chest. It brings down the hæmorrhoids, annointed upon the place, or injected in a clyster. Mixed with vinegar, rue, and bitter-almonds, and dropt or squirted into the eares with a syringe, it h. deafness, and the preternaturall noises and ticklings of the eares. It cures ulcers and stoppages of the nostrils, and h. an old catarrh, used to the sutures and pulses &c.

Flower

Flower of Constantinople. *Lychnis Chalced.*

P. Almost in all gardens.

T. It flourisheth in June and July.

N. 1140 Theoph. Schwenck. *Flos Constantinop. Hierosol. Creticus Aldrovandi.*

Flower of Constantinople. *Ger*. T. V. it serveth for ornament, and is not used: so *Park*. *Bauh.* Its faculty is not found out, it having no physicall use; but the root which in taste is a little sharp, is thought to be hot &c. *Park*. K. as the single and double *ninesuch*. T. V. as the first are not used. *Lob.* It scoureth wooll, like soapwort. *Schwenckf.* It's of no savour, and neglected as to use.

Fluellin *Veronica.*

P. In corne fields, especially amongst Barley.

T. Fl. in August and September.

N. 'Ελατίν the 1. The male, *Betonica Pauli.*

Fluellin. *Ger*. J. K. as the female, and sharp pointed. T. Col. is bitter, cold and dry. V. it is astringent. It h. the dysentery and hot swellings, spreading cankers and corrosive ulcers d. and ap. it h. inflammations of the eyes boiled and applyed as a *pultis*. The leaves sod in the broth of a hen stay dysenteries. *Paul.* The female *Fluellin* openeth the obstructions of the liver, and spleen, expelleth urine and the stone, and clenseth the kidnies and the bladder. *Drach.* 1. of the powder of the herbe with so much treacle h. pestilent fevers. *Male Fluellin*. K. as the common, little, smallest, shrubby, tree, upright, and leaning. T. are in a meane between heat and drynesse. V. the decoction d. h. all fresh and old wounds, clenseth the bloud, h. the kidnies, scurvie, spreading tetters, fretting sores, small pox and meafels. The water distilled with wine till red h. old coughs, ulcers, inflammations & drynesse of the lungs. *Park*. K.

as the greater spiked fl. and germander like. V. the male h. infectious diseases d. in wine, paines of the head, jaundise, stone, & fluxes of bloud. The female h. fluxes & cankers d. and ap. The juice h. the polypus. Bor. the water h. the dropfie.

Fly-bane, see Catch fly.

Folcfoot, see Colts foot, or Asarabacca.

Foolles stones. *Orchis morio*.

P. In pastures, and fields seldome manured.

T. Fl. in May and June: the Stones are to be gathered in Sept.

N. The last is called *Orchis Anthropophora*. *Oreades*.

Foolles stones. Ger. J. K. as the male, female, and lesser spotted. T. are hot & moist. V. these are thought to have the vertues of dog stones, whereunto they are referred. Park. K. as the male *Neopolitan*. V. this with the rest operates as dog stones.

Forebit, see Divells bit.

Forget me not, see Ground-pinc.

Forcible plant, see Hares eares.

Fox gloves. *Digitalis*.

P. In barren sandy grounds, almost every where.

T. They flower and flourish in June and July.

N. *Squarilis*. *Alisma* & *Damasonium* *Casalp*. *Viola calathiana* *Plin*.

Fox gloves. Ger. J. K. as the purple, red, white, yellow, and dusky T. Col. Are bitter, hot, dry, and clensing. V. boiled in water and d. they cut thick flegme and naughty humours, opening the liver, spleen and inward parts: and d. with meade clense the breast & ripen clammy flegme: they may be used in stead of gentian,

gentian. Park. The leaves ap. h. green wounds. the juice clenseth and dryeth old sores, and h. the Kings evill, or the herb ap. Two handfulls of the herb taken with unc. 4. of polypody of the oake bruiled, and d. in ale effectuallly h. the epilepsie.

Fox-stones. *Testiculus Vulpinus*.

P. In moist meadows, woods and fertile pastures.

T. Fl. from May, to the end of Aug.

N. *Orchis Serapias*. The birds, *Ornithophora*.

Fox-stones. Ger. J. K. as the butterfly satyrion, gnat, humble bee, waspe, bee, fly, yellow, small yellow, birds, spotted birds, white birds, souldiers, souldiers cullions, spider, small gnat, and narrow leaved satyrion. T. V. are referred unto the dogs-stones, yet they are not of any great use in physick. Park. K. as the greater gnat, and purple birds flowered. V. these with the rest are not so effectuall for venery; but serve to discuss swellings, and clense foule ulcers and fistula's, and h. inflammations of the mouth. phagedens and lasks.

Fox-taile grass. *Alopecuros*.

P. In moist furrowes of fertile fields.

T. Towards the later end of summer.

N. The first is called, *Gramen Phalaroides*. the rest *Alopecuroides*.

Fox taile grass, Ger. J. K. as the great, small, great bastard, and small bastard. T. V. are not yet discovered, or the nature & vertues of the Foxtaile: so Turn. Park. It is not used in medicine but serveth onely to be worn as a toy in the hat.

Frame

Framboise, *see* Raspis.
Frank, *see* Spurry or Woodroof.

Frankincense tree. *Arbor Thurifera*. *

P. It groweth in Arabia.

T. It is gathered in the dog dayes.

N. *Albav* ♂. Thus, *sc.* the rosin; and *Olibanum*.

Frankincense-tree. *Ger. T. Gal.* Thus is hot 20. dry 10. with some small astringent; the white is manifestly astringent so is the rind, and dryeth exceedingly, being of more grosse parts than Frankincense, and not so sharp, so h. the spitting of blood, swellings in the mouth, collick, flux, arising from the stomach, and bloody fluxes. The *fume* is dry 30. it doth also cleanse and fill up the ulcers of the eyes, like unto myrrhe. *Diosc.* saith if it be drank by one in health it puts him into a frensie, yet few consent hereunto. *Avic.* it strengthneth the wit and understanding, but taken often it c. head ach, and if too much be taken with wine it killeth. *Park.* it h. the gonorrhœa, and melancholy. It h. the cough and thin rheumes: and the pleurisie, taken with the conserve of roses. The *fume* h. the piles, tenesmus, and cough. with myrrhe and the white of an egg ap. it h. pains of the head: and in salves it incarnates. *Confessio de thure, Pharm. Lond.* or the *Confession of Frankincence*, mightily dries up rheum, strengthens the brain, and stomach, h. catarrhs, and a bad memory from cold and moist distempers of the brain: *Pulvis thuralois*, or the powder of Frankincense aloes, with hares surre and the white of an egg stopps bleeding. *Sies de thure*, or the *Seif of Frankincense* dryeth up rhumes in the eyes and h. them when bleered and moist, being scraped into a fine nodulated bagg dipt into white rose water, and so patted and bathed on the eyes: or mingle *drach. sem.* in powder with the white of an egge beaten with rose water, and spread it upon two rags, and lay it over the patients eyes, when he goes

goes to sleep, using this and the like remedies after preparation, digestion, purgation, derivation, revulsion, bleeding cupping, &c. as occasion requires.

Freiser, *see* Strawberries.

French-leek, *see* Vine-leek.

Freshwater souldier, *see* Water-sengreen.

Friers cowle. *Arisarum*.

P. In Italy, and Tuscany.

T. They flower with the Dragons.

N. *'Aelme* ♂. *Arb. Plinii.* *Aron parvum Cornarii*.

Friers cowle. *Ger. J. K.* as the broad and narrow leaved. T. it agreeth with wake Robin, yet is more biting. V. it is not much used in physick; but its reported that it stayes phagedens, and that being put into collyries, it h. fistula's. *Diosc.* Being put into the secret part of any creature it rotteth the same: so *Cam. Park.* Its milder then arum. It h. hollow ulcers, cleansing and healing them. *Bauh.* It h. burnings. *Amat.* The Germans use it against the plague; yet its not acknowledged by *Clus.*

Friers pils, *see* Urinwort, and Spicknard.

Fritilarie. *Fritillaria*.

P. It groweth in gardens and meadowes.

T. It flowreth in March and Aprill.

N. *Lilium variegatum.* *Flos meleagris* *Dod.*

Fritilarie. *Ger. J. K.* as the lesser darke yellow, and early white, with the chequered, and changeable chequered daffodil. T. V. serve only to adorne and beautifie the garden, and are not yet used in medicine. *Bauh.* The smell of black fritillary is unpleasant and stinking and nere unto that of stinking Gladdon. The white is not

Not yet written of, as to any physcail use: so *Clusius* and *Bauhinus*.

Frog-bit. *Morsus Ranae.*

P. It floateth in ditches and standing waters.

T. It flourisheth most part of the yeare.

N. *Nymphaea mixta*. *Nymphaea parva*, & *alba minima* *Park.*

Frog bit. *Ger.* T. V. It's thought to be a kind of pond-weed (or rather of water Lilly) and to have the same faculties that belong unto it. *Park.* as the lesser sort of water lillies, it cooleth; yet less than the greater sorts. *Schwenckf.* It hath the tast of ducks meat and the same virtues.

Frog-grass, see Glasse-wort.

Blood frog-grass, see Sea-cluster.

Fumitorie. *Fumaria.*

P. In corne fields, vineyards and manured places.

T. It flourisheth from May to the end of summer.

N. *Κάμνη*. *Fumus Terra Offic.* *Capnos* *Plin.* *Calchocrum*

Fumitorie. *Ger.* F. K. as the common, white broad leaved, fine leaved, and yellow. T. is cold and something dry, opening and clensing by urine. V. it h. those that have filth growing on the skin, or have the French disease, It opens the liver, and spleen purifyeth the blood and h. quartane agues, either the syrup, decoction or distilled water thereof taken. Boiled in whey it h. in the end of spring, and in the summer time those that are scabbed: it provoketh urine, opens the liver, strengthneth the stomach and looseneth the belly. *Diosc.* the juice with Gum Arabick h. the eyes troubled with haire, they being first plucked up. The decoction d. expelleth by urine and siege all hot & hurtfull humours & digesteth the

the salt and pituitous. *Bulbous Fumitorie*, or *Hallow-root*, see *Radix cava*. K. as the great purple, great white, *Bunnikens*, and small *Bunnikens* holwort. T. hollow root is hot 20, and dry 30, binding, clensing, and somewhat wasting. V. it h. long swellings of the almonds in the throat and hæmorrhoides m. with *unguentum populeum* drach. 1. d. purgeth forth stegme. *Park.* K. as the climbing, round rooted, with green fl: and green fl. hollow root, with the Indian, and knobbed Indian fum. V. *Trag.* The juyce d with the powder of the root of esula c. vomit, the hollow rooted h. the plague. *Pemb.* The 1. is hot 10. and dry 20, as appears by its bitterness. *Syrupus de fumaria Pharm. Lond.* or syrup of Fumitory. concocts melancholy, so h. the diseases inward and outward. It h. diseases of the skin; as leprosy, cancers, warts, cornes, itch, tetters, ringwormes, and scabs, &c. yet is gentle. Also it strengthens the stomach and liver, and opens obstructions. It h. hypochondriack melancholly, *unc.* 1 being taken in the decoction of epithymum, it h. surfeits, much clenseth, cooleth and strengthens the liver in sanguification. It h. scabs and the itch, *unc.* 2. being taken every morning. *Pilula de fumaria Avic.* or the Pills of fumitory, purge the melancholly of the liver and spleen, sharp, chollerick and adust humours, salt phlegme, and so h. the scab and itch, the D. is drach. sem. in the morning by the fire.

Furze-bush. *Genista spinosa.*

P. In pastures and fields in most places.

T. Fl. from May to October.

N. *Σκῆπτρον*. *Scorpius Spinosa* *Theoph.*

Furze bush. *Ger.* F. K. as the great, small, small round coddled, needle, dwarf and scorpion. T. is hot and dry. V. the seed h. the stone, and laske. *Park.* the two first open the obstructions of the liver and spleen. The flowers

flowers thereof in a decoction h. the jaundice as also provokes urine, and clenches the kidneys of gravell. The others no doubt are participant of the same qualities.

Fosse balls, see Toad stooles.

G.

Gallant, see Anemone.

Galingale. *Cyperus*.

P. In fenny grounds naturally, and gardens.

T. They flower in August.

N. Κόρυς. *Fucus quadratus & angulosus. Aspalathum.*

G Alingale. Ger. *J.* K. as the English common, and round. T. the roots are hot and dry 2°. V. d. it expels gravell and h. the dropsie. Boiled in wine and d. it provoketh urine and menses and expells the stone. It also h. stings and bitings of serpents. Fernel. The root used in baths h. coldness and stopping of the matrix, and provoketh termes. It causeth blood and digestion and exhilarates: causeth a good colour and sweet breath. The powder dryeth up all moist ulcers even in the mouth and privities, stayeth the humours, and healeth them though malignant and virulent. Spanish Galingale or Italian Trasi. T. the roots are windie. V the milke pressed out of the roots d. h. the breast and lungs and mundisyeth them, it h. coughs and c. venery, the roots must be eaten and macerated in broth, then pressed: the same milk or creame d. h. hot and sharp urine, adding seed of pumpions, gourds, and cucumbers. The true galingale. K. as the greater and the less. T. are hot and dry 3°. and the lesser the hotter. V. they h. all cold diseases as chollick and flatulencies, and paines of the stomach c. by cold. The smell comforts the too cold brain. The substance chewed sweetens the breath, and

and h. the beating of the heart. they h. flatulency of the womb, c. venery and heat the too cold reins Park. K. as the lesser Assyrian round rooted sweet, and rush nut. V. as the rest, the roots boiled with bay berries and d. h. the dropsie, so ap. with the urine of a boy. Alpin. The decoction of the roots is used by the Egyptians to warme the stomach. Species Elethuarii diagalange, Mas. Pharm. Lond. or Diagalange, h. against wind, lower belchings, and indigestion, grosse humours and coldness of the stomach and liver; the D. is drach. sem. at once viz. of the powder, and drach. 2. of the electuary, fasting in the morning, or an houre before meat. It h. digestion much, expels wind, and heats cold stomachs

Galingal meek, see Round birth wort.
Gallow grass, see Hemp.

Gall tree. *Galla arbor.* *

P. In Italy, Spaine, and most of the hot regions.

T. The gall appeareth when the sun entreth Cancer, and that in one night.

N. Ἀπὺς ἀγέλα. *Quercus. Robur. Placida Gaze.*

Gall tree. Ger. *J.* K. as the first and second, greater, and lesser gall tree. T. Gal. The gall called omphacitis, is dry 3°, cold 2°, and a very harsh medicine. V. it fasteneth together slack parts, it repelleth rheums and fluxes, and dryeth up the same, especially those of the gums, throat and mouth. The other gall is less drying and binding: being boiled and ap. as a plaister, it h. the inflammations of the fundament, and falling down thereof. Its boiled in water if there be need of little astringion or binding, or other wise in austere wine if more need require. d. in wine, or the powder strewed upon meats, it h. the dysentery, and the coeliack passion. They are used in dying and making inke. If burnt they stanch blood and are of thin parts, and drying: they must be laid

laid upon burning coals till white, and then quenched in vinegar and wine. Also they are good in laskes, d. in wine or water, and ap. and serve in all cases where there is need of drying and binding. *Oake apples* are much of the same nature, yet of lesser force. *Park*, the *fume of the decoction* h. the falling down of the mother, and inflammations. *Dorst. Æg. Galls* are dry 3°, cold 2°. and when unripe repell, contract and strengthen.

Gardeners delight, or eye, see Rose campion;
Garland thorne, see Christs thorne.
Gard robe, see Poets Rosemary.
Garlick Germander, see Scordium.

Garlick. *Allium*.

P. It is planted in gardens sc. the small clove.
T. It is set in November; and Decemb. or Feb. and March.
N. *Σκβοδον. Theriaca rustica. Ulpicum Columella.*

Garlick. Ger. T. is sharp, hot and dry 4°, and exulcerateth the skin by raising blisters. V. being eaten it extreemly heateth the body, attenuateth thick and clammy humours, digesteth and consumeth them. It also openeth obstructions; h. cold poysons, and birings of venomous beasts. It yeildeth no nourishment and ingendreth sharp and naughty blood, therefore *hurteth* those that are of a hot complexion; but it becometh of good juyce boiled till it loose it's sharpness. It h. roughness of the throat, and cold coughs: it provoketh urine, consumeth wind and h. the dropsie of a cold cause. It killeth and expelleth wormes, sodden in milk and taken by young children. It h. cold stomaks and preserveth from contagious aire. The *fume of the decoction* taken brings down the flowers & secondine &c. It h. the morphew, ringwormes, scabbed heads in children, dandra and scurfe mixt with hony and ap. With figleaves and cummin ap. it h. the birings of the shrew mouse. The *Wild garlick*, *Allium sylvestre*, K. as the
crow

crow and bears gar. T. are referred to those of the garden. V. The *wild* is stronger then the garden garlick. The *leaves* or *Ransons* stamped are good sauce to eat with fish, and with butter in Aprill and May; being eaten by labouring men. The *distilled water* d. expelleth the stone and urine. The *mountaine Garlick*, K. as the great, *Clusius his great*, the *lesser leek leafed*, the *vipers*, and *broad leafed*. T. are in a meane between leeks and garlick. V. *Scorodoprassum* attenuates and h. expectoration. The *last* operates as garlick. *Park*, K. as the *Turkey*, *great Turkey* with narrow and *bulbed leaves*. V. *Garlick* discusse the inconveniences c. by minerall vapours. It h. the jaundise, cramps, piles and cold diseases.

Garnsey violets, see, Stock-gilloflowers.
Gaten, or Gater-tree, see Dog-berry-tree.

Gaule tree. *Myrtus Brabantica*.

P. In fenny countries, and many other places.
T. Fl. in May and June: the seed is ripe in Aug.
N. *πρωδομυρσιν. Eleagnus Cordi. Rhus sylv. Plinii.*

Gaule-tree. Ger. T. the leaves are hot and dry, the seed 30. V. the fruit is troublesome to the brain; being put into beer whilst it is boiling it maketh it heady. The *shrub* with the fruit laid among clothes, keepeth them from moths and wormes. *Park*. It's bitter and harsh, drying and discussing. and its very effectuall to kill the wormes in the belly and stomach.

Geck-done, see Clivers or goose grasse.
Gilders-rose, see Rose-elder.
Gentian, see Felwort.

Germander. *Chamadrys.*

P. In rocky rough grounds, almost everywhere.

T. Fl. and flourish from June to August.

N. Xapalque. Trizago. *Quercula minor*. Trissago. *Tencrium*.

Germander. Ger. K. as the great broad leaved, small, and wild. T. that of the garden is hot and dry fere 30. of thin parts and cutting. the wild also is hot and dry, opening and cleansing the liver and spleen. V. boiled in water and d. it delivereth the body from all obstructions, and curteth clammy humours: it h. coughs and shortness of breath, the strangury and dropsie. the leaves stamped with hony, & strained & a drop at a time put in to the eyes h. the web, and any dimness thereof. It mightily provokes the terms d. in wine, the privities being fomented with the same. Tree-germander, *Tencrium*. K. as that with broad leaves, the Hungarian, great Austrian, dwarf rock, Spanish, and rough headed. T. V. are referred to the garden ger: yet they are weaker and less used. Water germander, or Garlick germander. *Schröd.* T. is hot and dry, bitter, harsh and sharp. V. It clenseth the intralls and old ulcers mixt with hony. It provoketh urine and menses, purgeth rotten matter out of the chest, h. old coughs, pain in the sides of cold, and inward ruptures. Deco'd in wine and d. it h. birings of serpents, and poyson. Stamped and ap. with vinegar and water it h. the gout. *Scordium* laid among raw flesh preserveth it a long time from corruption d. with wine it openeth the stoppings of the liver, milt, and kidnies, bladder and matrix, provoketh urine, h. the strangury, and exhilarateth. drach. 2. of the powder taken in meade, stop the bloody flux, and comfort the stomach Hereof is made *diascordium*, serving for the purposes aforesaid, as also against the pocks, measles, purples or any pestilent sickness, before it hath universally possess't the whole body. Park. K. as the jagged leaved, thorny of Candy, mountaine, rock, greater and smaller

smaller bastard: V. d. it h. poyson; all diseases of the brain, gout, and kills wormes. That of the mountaine stops fluxes. Tree germ. is hot 20, dry 30, of thin parts, Recch: The sweet of Mexico. T: is hot 40, and dry V. and h. the spleen. *Tinctura scordii*, or the *Tinctura of scordium*, hath the virtue of the herb; but is better for cold stomachs, and old bodies. Also it is good in malignant, pestilentiall and venemous diseases. *Aqua scordii composita* P. L. or Compound water of scordium, preserves from ill aire; a taster full being taken in the morning. Also it's good in pestilentiall, venemous and malignant diseases. *Diascordium*, or the *Electuary of scordium*, provokes the termes, hastens the birth, h. womens usuall sickness then; stops fluxes, strengthen heart, and stomach, and provokes sleep, and is then good in feavers, the D. is gr. x. to children, and drach. 1. or more to others. Also it resist's venemous, pestilentiall and malignant diseases. It's of a gratefull tast and savour. It mightily stops looseness and vomitings, and defluxions of rheum, being seasonably and discreetly used. It's more temperate than London treacle, mithridate, or venice treacle, and is therefore more generally used in all ages, sexes and diseases, that require such a remedy. It's of generall use in all feavers especially when sleep is wanting. the D. in feavers is scr. 1. drach. sem, or drach. 1. if need. out of a feaver, to stop looseness, vomiting, defluxions of rheums, and to bridle the gonorrhea. drach. 2. may be given, after universal remedies. To persons infected with the plague, it may be given thus. R. unc. 2. in the juyce of sorrel, or wood sorrel, unc. 1. of the juyce of citrons. drach. 1. of diascordium, scr. 1. of the cordiall species of precious stons, vinegar, unc. 1. M. give it to drink; and repeat it, as occasion requires.

Gessemine. *Jasminum.*

P. It's fostered in Gardens.

T. Fl. in July and August.

N. Ἰδομύρον. *Jeseminum. Gesseminum.*

Gessemine. Ger. K. as the white, great white, yellow, and blew. V. the herb, especially the flowers are hot initio 2di. V. the oile made of the flowers, wasteth away raw humors, and h. cold rheumes, but in those of a hot constitution it causeth head-ache, and the smel causeth the nose to bleed. It is usefull after baths to supple and warme the body. The leaves boiled in wine untill soft, and ap. as a pultis h. cold swellings, wens, and excrescencies. Park. K. as the single Spanish, and sweet yellow Indian. V. the leaves cleanse the skin, and h. tetterers; the oyle h. stiches, P. L. and cramps. Turn. Ir. h. moistness and salt phlegme, and old men of a cold complexion; it h. aches c. by cold humors. ap. [it h. cold superfluities and spots: so the Arabian.

Gill creep by the ground, see Ground ivy.

Marsh Gilloflowers, see Wild Williams.

Queens Gilloflowers, see Dames violet.

Water, winter, or Rogues Gilloflowers, see Dames violet.

Wild Gilloflowers, see Williams.

Giunny, or Turkey henflower, see Fritillarie.

Gilloflowers. *Leucoium.*

P. They grow in moist gardens.

T. Fl. from spring to the end of summer.

N. Λευκός. *Viola Alba.* Wall flower, *Viola lutea.*

Gilloflowers. Ger. J. K. as the violet coloured, double stock, and thorny. T. V. they agree with the wall-flowers though inferiour and not used in physick; yet some use them to c. lust. Camerar, a conserve of the fl. of

of stock gilloseflowers given with the distilled water thereof h. the apoplexie and palsie. The sea stock Gilloseflowers *Leucoium marinum.* K. as the white, purple, broad leaved, yellow and small yellow. T. V. are not used in physick. Wall flowers, *Viola lutea.* K. as the common, double and wild. T. the whole shrub is of a cleansing facultie, and of thin parts. V. the yellow is most used in physick. The juice mixed with some unctuous thing to the forme of a linament h. rifts of the fundament. The herb boiled with white wine, hony and a little allom h. hot ulcers and cankers of the mouth. The leaves stamped with a little bay salt ap. to the wrists h. the shaking fits of agues. A decoction of the flowers with the leaves mollicith scirrous tumours. the oile h. the palsie and gout. Also a strong decoction of the flowers d. moveth the courses, and expels the dead child. Sea gilloseflower or Thrift. T. V. are not used in physick. Park. Wall flowers: V. the conserve of the fl. h. the apoplexie and palsie. the oile h. straines. Schwenckf. The fl. of the bulbous leucoium, d. in wine h. stiches in the side. *Oleum leucii.* Pharm. Lond. or the oile of Wall-flowers, aswageth paines in the breast and reins, sinews, joynts and bladder. Also it digests, attenuats, and lenifyeth and moderately heats. It h. paines of the nerves and joynts, gouty and palsied persons being annointed upon the places affected, or unc. 2. or 3. used in clysters.

Ginger. *Zingiber.* *

P. In Spaine, Barbary and the Canarie Islands.

T. Fl. in heate of summer, and loseth the leaves in winter.

N. Ζιγγίβερ. *Zinziber. Gingiber.*

Ginger. Ger. T. is hot & dry 3°. V. Diosc. It's exceeding good in conditures. it healeth, digesteth and looseth the belly, corroborateth the stomach, and h. scoroma's, and answereth the effects of pepper. Being candied it's

hot and moist, and c. venery: and being dried it's hot and dry as aforesaid. *Park.* K. as the *brasill* with a black root, and the *orientall*. V. it h. digestion, and dissolveth wind, and being dry it bindeth the belly. *Col.* Being ground on a whetstone and m. with salt in white wine and the eyes annointed therewith after residence, it h. the web: it h. all cold griefs: as also the cough and toothache. *Parac.* the distilled oile h. ulcers.

Garden-ginger, see, *Dittander*.
Ginny-hen-flower, see *Fritillarie*.
Gish, see *St Katharines flower*.

Gladdon-stinking. *Spatula fetida*.

P. Gardens, woods, and shadowy places.
T. Fl. in August the seed is ripe in September.
N. *Gues.* *Xyris*. Spurgewort.

Gladdon stinking. *Ger.* T. is hot and dry 30. V. the roots, as of the other Irides, are hot and extenuating: and being pounded they provoke sneezing and purge the head, h. the cough, digest and consume gross humours, purge choller and tough flegme, c. sleep, and h. gripings in the belly. The root hereof h. the Kings evill, and buboes d. in wine it provoketh the termet: so used in a bath. As a *peßary* it hastneth the birth: in *plaisters* it covereth bare bones with flesh boiled soft and ap. The roots ap. h. hard tumors and the Kings evill: with hony it draweth forth broken bones. the *meale*, h. rifts of the fundament, and openeth the hæ-morrhoides, the *juyce* as an *errhine* causeth sneezing, and attracteth filthy excrements. It h. all evill affections of the brest and lungs taken in sweet wine with *spikenard*; or in whey with a little mastick: the root of *gladdon* h. wounds and fractures of the head, and attracteth splinters, thornes, stubs, & arrow-heads without grief. The seed mightily provoketh urine. d. in wine it h. convulsions, ruptures, the sciatica, strangury, and flux

flux of the belly, removing the cause. *Park.* It h. the poyson of Serpents. The *juyce* of the leaves & roots h. the itch, so *Trag.* And blemishes in the skin: Boiled with vinegar and ap. it h. the tumors of the spleen, & stops the gonorrhoea. *Dorsten*: the *juyce* ap. h. the leproy.

Gladiol, see *Sword flagg*.

Glass wort. *Kali*.

P. In salt marshes almost every where.
T. It slowreth and flourisheth in the summer.
N. *Kali*. *Salicornia*. and *Salsicornia*. the ashes *Sodan* the salt *Sal Alkali*.

Glass wort. *Ger.* J. K. as the common, snail, and small. T. It's hot and dry: so the ashes, yet more hot and dry sc. 40, and caustick. A little quantity of the herb taken inwardly, mightily provoketh urine, and expelleth the dead child: it purgeth forth watery humors, and h. the drop sic: a greater q. is deadly. The fume hereof driveth away serpents. the ashes are mixed with those medicines that h. scabs, and filth of the skin. *Serap.* It consumeth excrescencies in ulcers. *Axiungia vitri*, the flower of the cry stall or *Senderver*, doth wonderfully dry: and h. scabbs, and mangineth the soul parts being bathed with the water in which it is boiled. The ashes are called *Sal Alkali*, which mixed with powder of stones and melted makes glasses: which in melting yeilderth a fat at the top which is hard as a stone when cold and brittle, called *Sander*. *Park.* K. as the great, small white and joyned. T. All cleanse without manifest heat. V. the *juyce* opens the liver and spleen and h. the hardness thereof. The *sops* hereof ap. to the feet h. those that are sp. echless. The powder of the rest. K. as the prickly, *Colonna's*, *Neapolitan*, *Egyptian* and *Arabian*. V. *Alpin*. Purgeth choller.

Globe daisie, see Blew daisie.

Glond, see Cow basil.

Glove-gilliflower, see Carnations.

Go to bed at noon, see Goats-beard.

Goats beard. *Tragopogon.*

P. The 1. in gardens, the other in fertile pastures.

T. They fl. and flourish from May to Septemb.

N. Τεγοπωλῶν. *Barba hirci. Coma.*

Goats-beard. Ger. K. as the purple, and yellow T. Are temperate between heat and moisture. V. The roots boiled in wine and d. h. pains and pricking stiches of the sides. Boiled in water till tender, buttered and eaten they h. the appetite, warme the stomach, h. consumptions, and strengthen those that have been sick of chronicall diseases. Park. The distilled water of the 1. and blew, h. old sores and wounds ap. the root is more bitter and binding, than that of the yellow. The other K. is the summer, and the greater with jagged leaves. V. Trag. The distilled water h. impostumes, plurisies, gicfes of the stomach and liver: and h. the stone.

Goats rue. *Galega.*

P. In Italy, and gardens planted.

T. Fl. in July and August.

N. *Ruta capraria. Herba Gallica Fracastorii.*

Goats-rue. Ger. T. it is in a meane between hot and cold. V. It h. poyson d. and killeth wormes: soap. fried with linseed oile and ap. to the navill. A spoonefull d. in the morning with milke h. the epilepsie. Boiled in vinegar and d. with treacle, it prevents the plague: eaten in *sallads* with oile, vinegar, and pepper, it preventeth venemous infirmities, and c. sweat. Ap. it h. the bitings or stingings of venemous beasts. *unc. sem.* of the juyce d. h. cramps, convulsions, and the diseases

seases aforesaid. The seeds seed sowle exceedingly. The leaves boiled and ap. h. the stinging of wasps and bees. Park. The juyce taken with treacle, the powder of the roots of tormentill with carduus b. water, and bole arm. prevents infection: it's cordiall: ap. it h. the collick, and gangrenes.

Goats-stones. *Tragorchis.*

P. In fat clayground.

T. They flower in May and June.

N. Τεγορχίς. *Testiculus hircinus.*

Goats-stones. Ger. J. K. as the greatest, the male, female, and small goats-stones of Holland. T. V. They are referred to the Fooles stones; yet they are seldome or never used in Physick. Park. K. as the ordinary and lesser truer. V. Lugd. Dod. The roots of these with the rest, are better than the other orchies, for the purposes aforesaid.

Goats-thorne. *Tragacantha.*

P. In Candy, Arcadia, Achaia, &c.

T. It flowreth and flourisheth in the summer.

N. Τεγδαρθα. *Spina hirci.* The last, *Poterion.*

Goats thorne. Ger. J. K. as the common, small, and the burnet g: T. the plant is dry without burning, it conglutineth the sinews, especially the roots being boiled in wine and d. The gum dragagant, is emplasticke, some what dry, and allayeth the sharpnesse of humors. V. The gum in a *lobsch* h. the cough, roughnesse of the throat, hoarsenesse, and all sharp and thin rheumes, and distillations: being laid under the tongue, it h. the roughnesse thereof. d. with cuter or the decoction of licorice it h. the heat of urine: it is also used in medicines for the eyes. The gum steeped in rose water untill it be soft, m. with other things, serveth to

H. 5.

make

make the usuall artificiall beades. *Diosc.* The best gum is that which is diaphanous, thin, smooth, unmixt, and sweet of smell and taste. *Park.* The gum dissolved in sweet wine and d. h. the gnawings of the bowells, and frettings of the urine, especially with burnt hartshorne. m. with milke, it h. spots in the eyes, and itching and scabbs of the eye-lids. It stops the flux used in clysters; so the thorny Burnet. *Diatragacanthum frigidum*, *Pharm. Lond.* Or, the composition of gum tragacanth, with the cold seeds, h. hot and dry distempers of the breast and lungs, also consumptions, leanness, inflammations of the sides, and pleuresies, &c. hot and dry coughs, roughness of the tongue and jawes: if made into a moist electuary it may be taken with a licorise stick.

Goldilocks. *Adiantum aureum.*

P. In moist places, in rotten trees and crannies.
T. They flourish especially in the summer time.
N. *Muscus capillaris*. *Polytricum aureum*. Golden mosse.

Goldilocks. *Ger.* T. are temperate in heat and cold. *Park.* Yet they dry, rarifie, and digest. *V.* Golden maiden-haire h. to expectorate rough flegme from the chest and lungs, like the rest, being boiled and d. It also provoketh urine, and h. to expell the stone: it's profitable for those that are splenetick, and epileptick. The lye thereof bathed, h. the haire &c. as the rest.

Gods flower, see, Golden flower gentile
 Gold cups & knobs, see, Crowfoot.
 Golden flower, see, Golden Cud-weed.
 Golden moth-wort, see, Golden Cudweed.

Gold

Gold of pleasure. *Myagrum.*

P. In sundry places of England.
T. Fl. in May and June: the seed is ripe in September.
N. *Mūayevv*. *Pseudomyagrum* *Matth.* *Sesamum* *Tragid.*

Gold of pleasure. *Ger.* T. is hot and dry 30. *V.* *Diosc.* the oile fatnesse of the seed polisheth the skinne, and makerh it smooth. *Ruell.* the juyce h. ulcers of the mouth. *Park.* K. as the wilde, round podded like, and the greater one grained. *T. Gal.* the seed is emplasticke. *V.* the oile is hot and c. thirst d. It serveth in Germany for poor mens tables, and rich mens lamps, and with the lye of ashes to make sope. the wild is like the first.

Golden-rod. *Virga aurea.*

P. In Woods frequently.
T. They flower and flourish in the end of Aug.
N. It's thought to be *Leucographis* *Plinii*.

Golden-rod. *Ger.* K. as the common, and *Arnold's T.* is hot and dry 20 and clenseth with a certaine astringen. *V.* it provoketh urine, wasteth the stone (so *Gum.*) in the kidnies and expells them: and purgeth raw humors out of the ureters. It's vulnerary and operates as *Saracens* confound. the distilled water d. for some dayes together worketh the same effect. It excells for stopping of bloud in sanguinolent ulcers and wounds. *Park.* K. as that with dented leaves. *V.* Golden rod decoct and d. h. inward bruises, so ap. it stops bleedings, fluxes, and the courses, and h. ruptures, and fastens the teeth, also it's used in lotions for ulcers in the mouth, or privities.

Gendell;

Gondeli of Italy. *Cymbalaria Italica*.

P. In gardens and other shadowie places: on thatch &c.

T. Fl. in the beginning of summer.

N. *Umbilicus Veneris* offic. *Lonic.* *Linaria* hed. fol. *Columna*.

Gondeli of Italy. *Johns.* T. is cold and moist, repell-
ing, scouring, and wasting. *Park.* V. it's thought to be
a fit substitute for *umbilicus Veneris*, and hath some
astringent. *Marth.* It stops the whites being eaten often
in sallads, after the manner of the Italians. A conserve
of the leaves, or a syrrop of the juice may serve instead
thereof. also it cureth wounds, and stops bloud the
juice being ap. and also ripens apostumes.

Good night at noone, see Venice-mallow.

Good King Henry, see English mercury.

Goose berry bush. *Grossularia*.

P. In gardens and diverse places.

F. The leaves appeare in Aprill: the fruit is ripe in June
and July.

N. *Laos.* *Theoph.* *Uva crispa.* *Spina.* *Spinella.*

Goose-berry bush *Ger.* T. the berries before they be
ripe, are cold. and dry fine 2^{di}, and also binding. V. the
fruit is used instead of sauces, and in broths instead of
varjuice, in hot burning agues. they c. raw and cold
bloud, nourish little, stay the belly and stop bleeding,
and menses; except taken into a cold stomack, then
they clog and trouble the same by some manner of flux.
the ripe berries as they are sweeter so lesse binding and
something hot, of more nourishment and not so crude.
the juice of green goose berries h. all inflammations, the
gripelas, and *S. Antonies* fire: so *Fuch.* they c. appetite,
and h. hot stomacks & livers, the young leaves eaten raw
in a sallad, provoke urine and expell the stone. *Park.*
K. as

K. as the great red, and prickly. *Dod.* the berries used
any way are of dry, cold, and crude nutriment. *Col.* too
much eaten they c. crudity and wormes.

Goose-bill, see Clivers or Goose-grass.

Goose chite, see Agrimony.

Goose foot. *Pes anserinus.*

P. In fat moist places, on dung hills, by high wayes.

T. It flourisheth with the Orach, of which it is a kind.

N. *Chenopodium.* *Atriplex Sylvestris latifolia*, wild.
Arach.

Goose foot, *Ger.* *J. K.* as the first and second. T. is
cold, and moist, and that no lesse than Orach, but more
cold. V. it is reported, that it killeth swine eating of it:
it is not used in physick, so *Lob.* nor sallad. *Park.* It's
held to be deadly taken inwardly. *Lugd. Fuch.* It's cold
2^o. *Dod.* fere 3^o. ap. it operates as garden night-shades

Goose grass, see Clivers.

Goose nest, see Birds nest.

Goose share, see Goose-grass.

Goose, see Furze.

Gourds. *Cucurbita.*

P. In the gardens of these cold Regions: as Cucumbers;

T. Fl. in June and July, the fruit is ripe in August.

N. *Κολοκύνθη ἰνδική*. *Colocynthis*.

Gourds. *Ger.* K. as the snake's and bottle gourds T.
the pulp is cold and moist 2^o. V. the juice being dropped
into the eares with oile of roses, h. the paine thereof
caused by heat. the pulp ap. as a pultis h. all hot
swellings, the head-ach and inflammations of the eyes.
the same author affirmeth that a long Gourd be-
ing laid in the cradle by the young infant whilest it is a
sleep. & sick of an ague, it shall be quickly cured: the
pulp

pulp is eaten sod, but being of a waterish and thin juice, it's oligotrophick or of small nourishment, and the same cold and moist, and therefore looseneth the belly: if baked or fried it becomes lesse laxative. the seed provoketh urine & h. the sharpnesse thereof. The wild Gourd. *Cucurbita sylvestris*. K. as the bottle, and *Mushrum*. T. is hot and dry 2. V. it's extreme bitter so it openeth and scours as the wild mellons, so also doth the wine contained all night in this Gourd, and mightily evacuate chollerick and phlegmatick humours. Park. K. as the long, sinnell, Indian ovalt, and pearre fashion'd. V. they h. choller, and inflammations of the liver and stomach. the distilled water of the unripe. h. thirst in agues: and ap. h. all inflammations and lust, the asthma h. all ulcers. the seed h. heate and the stone. the chestnut Gourd c. venery eaten. the soure *Aethiopian* h. heat and fluxes. Scr. 2. of the bitter sc. of the pulpe purge choller and tough humors.

Goute wort *Herba Gerardi.*

P. It groweth of it selfe in gardens.

T. Fl. from May to Aug.

N. *Podagraria Germanica*, *Pycnomos Brunfelsii.*

Goute wort. Ger. T. Is anodyne. V. the herb with the roots stamped & ap. h. members that are troubled with the gour, awageth the paine and h. the swellings and inflammations thereof. It cureth also the hzmorrhoids, the fundament being bathed with the decoction of the leaves & roots, & the tender sodden herbs ap. very hot. Park. Upon good experience it's found good to h. the cold gout and sciatica: joynt aches, and other cold griefs. Lob. It's ap. for the same diseases, that Dane wort is.

Grace of God, see S. Johns wort or Hedge hyssop.
Grains, see Ducks-meat.

Grains

Graines of Paradise. *Cardamomum.*

P. Grains grow in Ginny, and Cardamoms in the East Indies.

T. The seed being sown springs in May: the fruit is ripe in September.

N. *Καρδάμωμον*. *Grana Paradisi.*

Graines of Paradise. Ger. K. as the greater, and lesser. T. Avic. Are hot and dry 30. with astringion. V. the graines chewed in the mouth draw forth aqueous & pituitous humors of the head, & stomach: they also comfort & warme the feeble breast, h. the ague, and rid the shaking fits being drank with sack, Park. They break the stone, provoke urine, and resist poyson. The perfume killeth the fetus. They h. the epilepsie, and cough, expell the wind and wormes, they h. pains in the bowels, ease bruises, h. weake sinewes and the sciatica: with vineger they h. scabs, and are used in antidotes. Pem H. they hurt hot and dry bodies: the dose of the powder is scr. 1. or 2.

Grape flower, see Hyacinth.

Sea grape, see Sea cluster.

Grape wort, see Herb-christopher.

Grasse. *Gramen.*

P. The common almost every where: the small in dry places.

T. All the yeare, seed in June and July.

N. *Ἄγριον*, & *ἡ Theoph. Herba.*

Grasse. Ger. J. K. as that of the meadow, and small meadow gr. T. the roots & seeds open obstructions, and provoke urine, and are more used than the herb. V. the decoction of the herb with the roots of parsley d. h. the dropsie and provokes urine. The roots Gal. consolidate fresh wounds. The juice of grasse mixt with heny and the powder of southerne wood d. killeth wormes in children

children : or the juice ap. to the belly with oxe gall, if young and weak, wetting a cloth therein. *Fernel*. *Grasse* openeth the liver and reins, and h. their inflammations. *Hay* sodden till tender in water and ap. hot h. beasts that be chap fallen, for want of meat. *Dwarf-grasse*. K. as the red and white, small hard, and rash grasse, or toadgrasse. T. V. are thought to agree with that of the meadow, but are not yet used in physick. *Corne-grasse*, *Gramen segetale*. K. as the common and bent. T. V. are thought to agree with the first, but are not used in physick. *Millet-grasse*, *gramen miliaceum*. K. as the common, & great water gr. T. V. as the rest. *Darnell-grasse*, *gramen sorghinum*. K. as the common, with the wild reed, and lesser reed-grasse. T. V. are not discovered. The feather top, ferne, and greater wood gr. T. V. are not known. *Great foxtaile-grasse*, *gramen alpecuroides*. K. as the great, small, great and small bastard. T. V. are not used. *Great Cats taile-grasse*, *gramen typhinum*. T. V. is not discovered. *Cypress-grasse*, and *rushy water*. T. V. are useless. *Water-grasse*, *gramen aquaticum*. K. as the common, and spiked. T. V. are referred to the dogs grass. *Float-grass*, *gramen fluviale*. K. as the common and spiked. T. V. are not discovered. *Kneed-grasse*, *gramen geniculatum*. K. as the common, and water. T. V. are not known. *Panick-grass*, *gramen panniceum*. K. as the beard small, and single eared. T. V. are not discovered. *Hedge-hog-grasse*, *gramen echinatum*. with the hairy and round headed silver grasse. T. V. *Casalp*. The head of the silver grasse ap. h. green wounds and stops bleeding. *Hairy wood-grasse*, *gramen hirsutum nemorosum*, with the *Cyperus*. T. V. are as unknown as the former. The other grasses. K. as the sea spike, salt marsh, sea rush, marsh rush, great, and small *Cypress-grasse*, water and spike-cypresse, and wood rushy grasse. T. V. are not discovered. *Dogs-grasse*, or couch-grasse. *gramen caninum*. K. as the common, and knotted Doggs gr. T. the roots agree with those of the common grasse, opening the liver and reins without manifest heat, but more effectually. V. *Couch-grasse* helpeth green wounds. The decoction h. the reins, and

and bladder, and expelleth urine and gravell. *Gal.* the root stamped and ap. speedily h. wounds. The decoction h. the tormina and dysury. the knots d. h. the stranguary. *Sea dogs-grasse*, and *sea couch-grasse*. *gramen marinum caninum*. T. V. operate as the dogs grasse : so the upright dogs grasse, *gramen caninum supinum*. and *Lady-lace*. *Dew-grasse*, *gramen manna esculentum*. *Cocks-foot* common, and with creeping roots. T. are astringent and drying in tast like the Dogs-grass V. *Apul.* A plaister made hereof with hogs grease and the leaven of household bread h. the bitings of mad doggs. The tripartite eare being ap. diverteth the defluxions or flowing of the humors to the eyes, and h. the bleer eyed being bound about the neck. *Manna-grasse*, or *rice-grasse*, *gramen manna*. V. In pultises it discuteth the hard tumors or swellings in womens breasts. *Cocks-foot dogs-grasse* operates as the other doggs grasses. The other *Cyprus-grasse*. K. as the great narrow leaved, bastard, long bastard, round bastard, and millet cyperus. T. In tast seem to be cold and astringent. V. as yet they are not used in physick. *Mountain haver*, and *capon-taile-grasse*. T. V. are not discovered. *Cotton-grasse*. *gramen tamentarium*. T. V. d. sodden in wine h. the tormina of childing women. *Water gladiol*. *Gladiolus palustris*. T. V. is not used. *Park*. K. as the corne grasses, sc. the close eared, rush leaved white wheat gras, &c. the darnel, field oatsen, wood & mountain oatsen, millet, quakers, fox taile, bastard fox taile, cats taile, cyperus, kneed, reed, smooth wood, hairy wood, prickly headed, rush grasses, are not of any known use in physick. *Pem. Couch-grasse* h. the hæmoptisis or spitting of blood. *Meadow grass*. V. the seed thereof ap. discuteth flatulent swellings, and obdurate tumors in the body. The panick grasse hurteth sheep. The curled panick grass is said to operate as quich grasse. *Crested and spiked grass* come near the temper of the other field grasses. the variable spiked c. milk in beasts. the *Canary grass* T. is drying & repressing. V. it stops the fluxibility of humors. The seed makes bread of little nourishment. The juice h. diseases of the bladder, & is the substitute for miller in

in fomentations and plaisters. The *bastard* doth not much differ from the true. The *knobbed couch grasse*. V. is better than the common. It h. inflammations: the seed h. lasks and vomitings. The root is cold and dry with a little mordacity, and tenuity of parts: the seed is colder and dryer and somewhat harsh. The herb is cold 10, moderate in moisture, and in dryness. The *distilled water* d. killeth wormes. *Cocks-foot grasse*. V. bruised and ap. it stayes bleeding: the spike being put into the nose causeth it. *Egyptian cocks foot grasse*. V. ap. h. wounds. the root and seeds d. provoke urine, expell the pox &c. h. fevers and cause sweat. *Haver grass*. T. it dryeth without sharpness. V. it h. the agilops. the seeds d. inebriate. the ashes of the stalkes h. the gout. Deco'd and ap. it h. nodes and joynt swellings. the herb boi'd in wine with dried roses h. a stinking breath: in water with the root of wild oats, hony and aloes h. the poly-pus. The *cyperus grasses*, with the *rush-like grasses*, of the marshes, waters &c. and the *marsh reed grasses*. T. V. are not of any known use. *Common coston grasse*. V. Cord. deco'd in wine and taken warme h. the griping pains of the belly. their woolly heads serve for the stuffing of beds. the *water grasses*. V. serve onely for the food of beasts. The roots of the *sea quich grass* operate as the ordinary sort. All the sorts of *unsavory Cyperus*. T. are defective in heat and dryness. V. and not used for any purpose in physick: so also *water gladioll*. The *fresh water excrescencies*, or *water weeds*. Plin. Bound to the body and kept moist h. the bruises, ruptures, and contusions thereof. *Silkegrasse*. Smith. V. the Virginians use the roots thereof being bruised and ap. to cure wounds. Lob. The root of *grasse* is sweet and subacerb, of a mean, slender, and somewhat inciding substance, which without heat openeth the intralls, expells impurities, and detergeth. Apul. The root conglutinatech ulcers.

Grasse

Grasse of Parnassus, see *White liver-wort*.
Sheer-grasse, see *Wild reed*.
Greening-weed, see *Base-broome*.
Gratia dei, see *Growfoot*. *Crans-bill*.
Three-leaved grasse, see *meadow trefoile*.
Green mustard, see *Dittander*.

Gromell. *Lithospermum*.

P. The two first grow in untill'd places: the rest on sands.
 T. Fl. from the 12. day of June untill Autumne.
 N. Αἰθέριακον. *Gorgonium*. *Ægonychon*. *Leontion*.
Diosporon.

Gromell. Ger. *J. K.* as the great, and small, purple flower'd, and *bastard*. T. the seed is hot and dry 20. V. the seed contused and d. in white wine, breaketh the stone and expelleth urine. Park. K. as the greater creeping. small wild; small with tufted tops, small corne and *Germane grom*. T. the two first are hot and dry 20. V. these are most used: the rest are less effectually. They h. the strangury. The seeds boiled in barley water with the four greater cold seeds, and d. in the morning h. the stone. Math. drach. 1. sem. of the greater and lesser. drach. sem. of spleenwort. drach. 2. of white amber powdered and d. for diverse dayes together in the juyce of plantaine, purslaine and lettuce h. the gonorrhoea, drach. 2. of the seed d. h. the delivery of women.

Ground furz, see *Cammock*.Ground-pine, *Chamapitys*.

P. They grow in Kent very plentifully: and in gardens.
 T. They flower in June and often in Aug.
 N. Χαμνήτις. *Ibiza*. *Ajuga*. *Iva arthritica* & *Moscata*.

Ground-pine. Ger. *J. K.* as the male and female, small,
 French,

French, bastard, and Austrian. T. are hot 2^o. dry 3^o. V. the *leaves* tunned up in ale, infused in wine, or sodden in hony and d. for 8. or 10. dayes h. the jaundise, sciatica, stoppings of the liver and difficulty of making water; it opens the spleen and expels the menses. Stamped green with hony it h. wounds and malignant ulcers dissolveth the hardness of womens breasts, and h. poison and bitings of venomous beasts. The decoction d. dissolveth congealed blood, and with vinegar expelleth the dead child; it clenseth the intralls, h. the infirmities of the liver and kidneys and yellow jaundise. d. in wine it provoketh the menses and urine: boiled in meade and d. it h. the sciatica in 4^o. dayes. It is an *antidote* against wolfs-bane. The powder taken in pills with a fig mollifyeth the belly, wasteth the tumors of the paps h. wounds and putrified ulcers ap. with hony; *sc.* the 1. the other two operate not so effectually. The *Austrian* is thought to be much better. *Many-flowered ground pine* and *stinking.* *Anthyllus* l. with the *sea pimpernell.* T. are in a meane between hot and cold. V. halfe an ounce of the dryed *leaves* d. h. hot urine, and the strangury, and purgeth the reins. Taken with oxymel it h. the falling sickness d. first and last. *Park.* the first clense impure blood, and open the belly, and h. all diseases of the mother. d. and ap. it h. all diseases of the joynts and cold griefs of the braine, so the pills thereof: and h. the dropsie. the stinking d. and ap. stops defluxions. *Syrupus iuxa arthritica, five chamepitys, Pharm. Lond.* or, *syrup of groundpine,* seems to be opening, expels wind, provokes the termes, hastens the after birth, and h. such as are not well clensed after labour. Also it dries and strengthens the braine, nerves and joynts; and digests gouty humours, and fits them for evacuation. It is good for the headach. from a cold cause and provokes urine.

Ground

Ground saligot, see Land Caltrop.

Ground-sell. *Senecio.*

P. It groweth almost every where.

T. Fl. almost every month in the yeare.

N. *Herzogov. Erigerum. Herbutum.*

Ground sell. *Ger. J. K.* as the common, and first, and second *Cotton gr.* T. It hath mixt faculties, it cooleth, and withall digesteth. V. the *leaves* boiled in wine or water and d. h. the pain of the stomach of choller. The leaves and fl. stamped with hogs grease h. the burning heat of the privities and fundament: a little saffron or salt being added, it h. struma's or the kings evill. The leaves stamped, strained into milk and d. h. the red gums and frets in children. *Diosc.* with the fine powder of frankincense, it h. wounds in the sinewes: so the down m. with vinegar. Boiled in ale with a little hony and vinegar it c. vomit, especially a few roots of assarabacca being added. *Park. K.* as the *Miconous's Spanish,* and the *stinking.* T. *Trag.* it's cold and moist. *Plin.* d. in wine it h. the jaundise and epilepsie, and pain of the bladder and stone. *drach. 1.* d. in oxymel, also it h. the sciatica, and collick. Eaten with vinegar in a *fallet,* it h. the sadness of the heart, and defect of the liver: it provoketh the courses: ap. it h. hor swellings and pains of womens breasts: so the *distilled water,* and h. defluxions to the eyes.

Ground needles, see Muskcd cranes bill.

Ground enel, see Venus comb.

Groundwill, see Groundswell.

Gutwort, see Herb terrible.

Hires

H.

Hard-beam-tree, see Horn-beam.
 Hares ballocks, see Fox-stones.
 Harebells, see English Hyacinths.
 Haireue, see Clivers.
 Hares eye, see Wild campion.
 Hares colewort, see Sow-thistle.
 Hares beard, see Mullein.
 Hard-hay, see S. Peters-wort.
 Hard-how, see Marigolds.
 Hammer wort, see Pellitory of the wall.

Hares eares. *Bupleurum*. *

P. Among Oaken woods in stony grounds.
 T. Fl. and bring forth seed in July and Aug.
 N. Βυπλευρον. *Auricula leporis*.

Hares eares. Ger. K. as the narrow and broad leaved. T. are temperate in heat and dryness. V. it serveth in meats for *sallads*: it is vulnerary also. The leaves stamped with salt and wine ap. consume and drive away the Kings evill, and are used against the stone in the bladder. *Park. Plin.* The seed or root powdered and decoct in wine and d. so the leaves also h. the bitings & stingings of venomous beasts: applyed it provoketh urine and the courses. It h. wounds inward or outward, cancers and old sores, of evill disposition, and bad curation. *Bauh.* The yellow tufted is somewhat sharp, and a little bitter, and an *apophlegmatisme*. *Dod.* the seed is hot and dry 2°.

Hares

[Hares-foot. *Lagopus*.]

P. The first groweth in gardens, the small among corne &c.
 T. They flower and flourish in June, July and August.
 N. Λαγωπος. The first is called *Lagopodium*. *Cytisus* *Trag.* The other *Pes leporis*.

Hares-foot. Ger. J. as the great, great large beaded and narrow leaved little. T. the small hares foot doth bind and dry. V. It stoppeth the lask, d. with red wine, and with water by those that are feverish. The temper and faculty of the rest are referred to the other trefoiles whereof they are kinds, *Park.* K. as the bright red, and common. T. all the parts thereof as also the rest, but especially the *spiked heads* do dry and bind. V. *Lob.* the first especially d. in wine h. fluxes and ap. to the share h. the inflammations thereof. *Matth.* also it h. belohings of choller and pain of the belly, the seeds being d. in red wine. It h. hot urine, hamoptysis and gonorrhoea's, and cures ruptures.

Hares stones, see Serapias stones.
 Good King Harry, see English Mercury.
 Harts claver, see Melilote.
 Harts horne, see Bucks horne.

Harts case. *Viola tricolor*.

P. In gardens, and fields, in many places.
 T. Fl. all summer till autumn.

N. αλδανιον. *Herba trinitatis*, & *Clavellata*. *Viola flammæ*.

Harts case. Ger. K. as the common, upright, wild, and stony. T. is obscurely cold. and evidently moist, slimy like the Mallow, it moisteneth and suppleth, yet not so much as the Mallow. V. It h. agues, convulsions and the falling sickness, It h. inflammations of the lungs and chest,

chest, scabs, itchings and ulcers. The distilled water of the herbs or flower d. for 10. dayes. unc. 3. in the morning, and so at night h. the French pox. Park. K. as the greater, lesser, and double floured. T. they are hotter and dryer than Violets. Lugd. those of Ægypt use it for the epilepsy.

Harts thorn, see Buck thorn.
Hart root, see Herb Frankicense.

Harts tongue. *Phyllitis*.

P. By the waysides, in shadowie, moist, stony vallies.
T. It is green all the yeare long; yet lesse in winter.
N. *φυλλίτις*. *Radiolus Apuleii*. *Lingua Cervina Foliosa*.

F Harts tongue. Ger. *f*. K. as the common and finger, moon ferne, small, and handed moonferne, *Hemionitis*. T. It is of a binding and drying faculty. V. the common harts tongue h. fluxes; and d. in wine, the bitings of serpents, so Turn. It openeth the liver and spleen, and h. all griefs proceeding of oppilations. Park. It h. the heat of the liver and stomach, it stops the laske; and bloody flux. The distilled water thereof h. the passions of the heart, and stayeth the hicket, also it h. the falling of the palleate, and stoppeth the bleeding of the gums, the mouth being gargled therewith. Lugd. Gal. It's acerb, therefore it h. the diarrhoea, &c. Col. It h. spitting of blood and other fluxes. The posset drink thereof with white wine h. the stone. It h. the jaundice, and Kingsevell &c. *Syrupus de lingua cervina*, *Pharm. Lond.* or the Syrup of harts tongue, h. stoppings of melancholy, opens obstructions of the liver and spleen, and h. splenetick evils; therefore it's excellent in the rickets, and for such as are liver-grown, a spoonfull being aken in the morning by children troubled therewith; and 3 or 4 by men, that are troubled.

bled with the spleen, known by pain and hardness in the left side, it is an excellent remedy.

Harvest beils, see Calathian violets.

Hartwort. *Seseli Æthiopicum*.

P. In gardens planted; the last in stony places.

T. They flower and flourish in September.

N. *Σίσυλις*. Sile: those of Candy are cal'd *Terdilia*.

Hart-wort. Ger. *f*. K. as the small of Candy, and the great: the mountaine, and that of Marseilles. T. it is concocting and diureticall. V. it h. the strangury, provoketh urine, and expelleth the secundine and dead child. It h. coughs, and shortness of breath, the suffocation of the mother, and the falling sickness. The seed d. with wine, concocteth raw humors, and h. torments of the belly and agues. The juyce of the leaves given to beasts causeth speedy delivery of their young. Hart-wort of Æthiopia. T. V. Is thought to agree with that of Marseilles. Park. K. as the true of Diosc. the meadow of Mompelier, English green Saxifr. Milky marsh, mountain hemlock-like, and that of Pelopon. V. The English h. the collick, and the frets of Children. The best is the Æthiopian.

Haskell-tree. *Avellana Sylvestris*.

P. In woods, and moist untilled places.

T. The catkins fall away in March: the nuts are ripe in August.

N. *Καρύα ποικίλη* & *λεπτοκάρπια*. *Corylus Nux Pontica*, *Tenuis*, *Heracleatica*.

Haskell tree. Ger. K. as the silberd, wilde hedge, and silberd of Constant. T. the nuts newly gathered are superfluously moist, and windie; so the dry also: dyspeptick, of an earthy and terrene essence, and hard substance

substance slowly passing through the belly; so clogge the stomach, and cause head-ache much eaten. V. the kernells made into milke like almonds, mightily bind the belly, h. laskes, and bloody flux, and coole agues, and burning feavers, the catkins are cold and dry, and stop laskes. *Johns.* the kernells of nuts rather cause than cure the laske. *Park.* the milke drawn from the nuts with meade h. old coughs: parched and d. with pepper they h. rheume. *drach: 2.* of the huskes and shells d. in red wine, stop laskes and the courses. *Begu.* the herac-line oyle of the hasel tree h. the epilepsie, paine, and kills wormes. *Ern.* the oyle of haselwood is extersive and mundifies wounds.

Haske wort, see Throat-wort.
Hather, see Heath.
Haver, see Oates.

Hawke-weed. *Hieracium.*

P. In untilled places, the borders of fields, &c.
T. Fl: all summer long.
N. *Ἰερᾶκιον.* *Accipitrina.* *Lampuca.* *Porcellia Gaze.*

Hawke-weed. Ger. *J.* K. as the great, small hares, black, succorie, endive, long rooted, sharpe, crooked 1 & 2d, broad leaved mountaine, and the lesser broad leaved mountaine. T. Are cold, dry, and somewhat binding. V. they are in operation like lowthistle. the juyce of the yellow dropped into the eyes h. the sight. It h. a hot stomach, and inflammations ap. the herbe and root being stamped and ap. h. those that are stung with scorpions. which the lesser performe as well as the greater. the other hawke-weeds. K. as the 1, 5, 6, 7, of *Clusius*, the small of Candy, and Dandelion. T. V. are not known. *Park.* K. as the rough and bulbed dandeleon like. T. V. as the rest. the jayce d. in wine h. crudities in the stomach, dysury and poyson. d. with vineger it h. the dropsie. decoct with hony it h. flegme, and the cough with hylope. with

With wild succory it h. the collick, reines, and bladder. the water h. freckles. the rough h. plurifies. so the 1 of *Clusius*, and h. the collick. the rest K. as the long rooted &c. as the first.

Hawthorne tree. *Oxyacantha.*

P. In woods and hedges, almost every where.
T. Fl. in May, the fruit is ripe in September.
N. *Ὠξυάκων* Gal. *Amyrberis Serapionis.*

Hawthorne. Ger. K. as the common, and that of *Cum* berland. T. the fruit is very astringent. V. the hawes stop the laske and menses, and all other fluxes of bloud. the stones beaten to powder and d. h. the stone. *Park.* the powder of the stones d. in wine h. the dropsie. the distilled water of the fl. steeped 3 daies in wine, and d h. the plurisie, and inward tormenting paines, and stops laskes. it is cooling and drawing. and ap. attracteth things fixed in the flesh. *Schwenck.* the kernells powdered and d. break the stone. the root ap. is magneticall.

Hazel wort, see Asarabacca.

Heale-dog, see Mad-wort.

Herb Bener, see Avens, or Hemiock.

Herbe Christopher. *Aconitum baccif.*

P. In the North parts of England.
T. Fl. in May and June. the fr. is ripe before Autumne.
N. *Herba Christophoriana.* *Napellus Racemosus* *Lugd.*

Herbe Christopher. Ger. T. It's of the nature of the Aconites. V. It's thought to be of a venomous and deadly quality, so uselesse. *Park.* K. As the common, and that of America. V. By the taste they seem not pernicious. *Clus.* acetab: 1. taken h. the aqueose diseases of women.

Herbe Frankincense. *Libanotis*. *
 P. In the deserts and mountains of Germany.
 T. Fl: in July and August.
 N. *Διβανωτίς*. *Cervina alba*, & *Cervicaria*.

Herbe Frankincense. Ger. K. as the great, small, black, and rosemary. T. these herbs with their seeds and roots, are hot and dry 2°, and digest, dissolve, and mundify. V. the leaves pounded stop the flux of the piles, and supple the swellings, and inflammations of the fundament: swellings of the throat, and ripen botches hardly brought to suppuration. the *joyce* of the leaves and roots m. with hony ap. quickeneth the sight. the seed m. with hony clenseth rotten ulcers, and consumeth cold and hard swellings. the leaves and roots boiled till soft, and m. with darnell meale and vinegar ap. h. the gout. taken in wine and pepper it h. the jaundise, c. sweat, and with oyle ap: h. ruptures. It h. the white spots of the skinne, and rifts in the hands or feet. Park: K. as the white. V. It increaseth milke in nurses breasts, the root being taken in wine. Also it easeth the paines of the stomach and belly, and the bitings of venomous beasts. It provoketh urine, and the retmes: it h. cramps: the *joyce* ap. to the forehead h. the eyes, and stopps rheume.

Herb Gerard, see Goutwort.
 Herb Grace, see Rue.
 Herb Joy, see Ground-pine.
 Herb of Mars, see Marragon.
 Herb Paris, see herb True love.
 Herb Peter, see Cowslip.
 Herb Robert see Gracesbill,

- Herb

Herbe Terrible. *Alypum Monspelienfium*. *
 P. In mountaine and gravelly ground in France,
 T. Fl: in February and March.
 N. *Ἀλυπτον*. *Alypum montis ceti*. *Herba terribilis* Narbon.

Herbe terrible. Ger: With gut wort, Tarton-raire Gallo-provincie. T. Johnf. Aie catharticke like the Tithymal's, the latter comes neer to the quality of Mezereon, and therefore is carefully to be uted, being apt to cause the dysentery, and immoderate fluxes. Park: Diosc: It purgeth melancholy taken in the q. of *epithymum*, with a little salt and vinegar. Plin: the dose is from drach. 2. to 6. Gutwort purgeth choller, phlegme, and water, and that with violence.

Herb Trinity, see Noble Liver wort.

Herbe True love. *Herba Paris*.
 P. In woods frequently in England.
 T. Fl: in Aprill. the berry is ripe in May.
 N. The 2d *Herba Paris*, triphyllos. *Solanum Tetraphyl.*
 Lob.

Herbe True love. Ger. T. is exceeding cold, so h. the force of poyson. V. the berries given by the space of 20 daies h. against poyson, or halfe a spoonesfull d. in the morning fasting, and also h. those that are without understanding. Camerar. the leaves ap. h. green wounds, and the powder of the roots d. h. gripings, and paines of the collick. Hereof is made an antidote, as followeth. take of the domestick and field angelica, offswallow-wort, garden valerian, polipody of the oake, of the roots of marsh-mallow and nettles, an. drach. 4. of the barke of the mezereon tree drach. 2. graines of herbe true love n^o 24. and leaves of the same n^o 36. the roots being macerated in vinegar and dryed, make all into a powder for use. Park. K. as that of Canada with a round

Foot. V. the berries are thought to be hypnoticke d. at night, the leaves clense, and heale old ulcers, discusse tumors, and allay inflammations, and tumors of the privities. the juyce h. the eyes, and felons.

Herbe Two pence. Nammularia.

P. It groweth neer unto ditches and water.

T. Fl. from May, till summer be well spent.

N. Centummarbia, Serpentaria, Hirundinaria quorundam Bauh.

Herbe Two-pence. Ger. J: K. as the common, and purple fl. money-wort. **T.** Is dry, moderately cold and binding. **V.** the flowers and leaves stamped and ap. h. ulcers and wounds, more effectually if boiled in oile olive, with some rosin, wax and turpentine. the juyce d. in wine h. the bloody fluxe, and all other issues of blond, laskes, vomiting of blood, and whites in women. **Boyled** with wine and hony it h. wounds of the inward parts, and ulcers of the lungs, and is a most excellent traumatick herbe. The herbe boiled in wine, with a little hony or mead, h. the cough in children, called the chine cough. **Recch.** K. as the Indian mony fl. **T.** The root is glutinous, a little bitter, yet cold. **V.** d. it h. fevers, fluxes, and urine stopt. **Park.** K. as the small. **T.** V. as the rest, with chalybeat water h. ulcers.

Herb William, see Bishops-weed.

Heath. Erica.

P. Dry, hungry, and barren mountains, &c.

T. Fl. all the summer, to the end of September.

N. 'Επειχον. Tetralix veterum. Sifera Varronis. That of Jerico is called Rosa Maria.

Heath. Ger. J. K. as the common, rough leaved, the great with white flowers, great with purple flowers, crossed,

crossed, steeple, small leaved, chalice, bearing berries, small leaved with berries, Dodonaus his dwarf, that with three branches at a joynt, Lobel's strange, creeping Dutch, and small Austrian heath. **T. Gal.** doth consume by vapours, and digest: the flowers and leaves, are to be used. **V.** the tender tops and flowers ap. h. the stings and bitings of venemous beasts. the bark and leaves may be used for Tamarisk. **Heath of Jerico, or Heath-rose, Rosa Hiericantes.** **T. V.** is not as yet found out. **Park.** K. as the great with purplish green fl. brush, small, upright without branches, white, and black berried. **T.** are somewhat drying and a little bitter, except the last. **V.** the fl. decoct h. pains of the body, stone, sight and gour. The white berries h. agues and thirst.

Hedge-bells, see small Bindweed.

Helme, see Matweed.

Hellebor. Helleborus.

P. On mountains, where Gentian grows.

T. Fl. in May and June: the black, sooner.

N. 'Ελληβορ. Veratrum album. Sanguis Herculeus.

Hellebor. Ger. K. as the white, and timely white. **T.** the root is hot and dry 3°. **V.** the root of the white c. vomit and expelleth superfluous humors, h. the epileptic, phrensies, sciatica, dropsies, poyson, and all cold diseases of hard curation, and is to be used only in hard and strong bodies. The root cut small and put into fistula's mundifie them, and remove callous matter hindering curation, that so it may be healed by sarcotick remedies sc. the black, the powder c. sneezing & purgeth slimie humors. the root d. in the weight of two pence h. ague. It killeth mice & rats made up with hony & wheat flower. **Plin.** it h. the lousie evill. The wild Hellebore, Helleborine. K. as the white and narrow leaved wild. **T.** are thought to be hot and dry. **V.** their faculties are referred to the first, whereof they are kinds. The decoction

coltion d. opens the liver, and h. the Imperfections thereof. the *black hellebor* of *Diosc. T. V.* is referred to the black which is of greater force. *Black hellebore, Helleborus niger.* K. as the true, wild, great ox-heel, and *settemwort.* T. is hot and dry 30° and hotter then the white. V. it purgeth flegme, choller and melancholly: it h. those that are furious, pensive, leprous, melancholly, epileptick, or are sick of a quartan ague. the dose is *scr. 3.* it is given with wine of raisins or oxymel, with aromaticall seeds, and is made stronger by adding *gr. 1.* or *2.* of scammonie. the first of these kinds is best, then the second. the rest are of less efficacy. the roots h. the morpew, spots, tetters, ring-wormes, leprosie, and scabs. the roots sodden in portage with flesh open, and h. the dropsie. the preparation of the roots in the *London Pharmacopœia,* sc. by steeping them 3 dayes in juyce of quinces, by moderate heat, after pithed, and then dryed. The root of the bastard hellebore, or beares foot, d. in wine. operates as the true black hellebore and killeth wormes, powdered and *drach. 1.* d. in wine. Boyled in water with rue and agrimonie it h. the jaundise, and purgeth forth yellow superfluities. the leaves of bastard hellebore dryed, and the powder taken in a figge or raisin, or strewed upon bread spread with hony and eaten, killeth wormes. *Hart.* The essence of black hellebor h. the gout. *Park.* K. as the fennell leaved bastard, that of *Matth:* and *sanicle-like black Hel.* V. it h. the liver, old pains of the head, consumptions, aches and pains of the teeth: and deafness and ulcers ap. It's corrected by quinces, sc. the white. The black put into the cares of beasts h. their poysonous diseases. The branches of the roots of the black hellebore put in, h. the callosity of the fistula of the bladder. *Vinum helleboratum, Pharm. Lond.* or *Helleborated wine,* is a strong purger. Also it's onely for strong bodies; to purge by vomit in case of epilepsies in grown persons, old melanchollies, and madness thereof arising, and for green sickness maidens of a strong nature. the D. is halfe a spoonfull with *unc. 1.* of simple oxymel, *unc. sem.* of syrup

syrup of marsh mallows, and *unc. 1.* of walnut water. But white hellebore is warily to be used, being most violent and dangerous. *Mel helleboratum, P. L.* or *hony helleborated,* is of the nature of the former, but clensing. It h. melancholy. Also it's violent and not to be used, but with great caution, in strong bodies, and when gentle remedies wil not serve, as in madness, desperate melancholies, epilepsies in grown persons and dropssies in strong bodies: the D. is *drach. 1.* or *2.* with posset drink, or a decoction of marsh mallows fasting, and posset drink with sweet butter melted in it to drink when it workes: and *unc. 1.* or *2.* of oile of sweet almonds to drink after the working of it: and the D. may be augmented till competently working. *Oxymel helleboratum,* Also h. madness, melancholly, palsies, epilepsies, convulsions, green sickness; mightily opens obstructions of all kinds, brings away urine, courses, sweat, and hæmorrhoides where there is an inclination in nature thereto: the D. is *unc. sem.* or *drach. 1.* in whey or posset drink after generall remedies. It's good in clysters, the q. of *unc. 2.* or *3.* in lethargies, and other stupefying diseases of the braine; also in a stubborn stone or wind chollick, and diseases of the mother. *Pillula cochie cum Helleboro P. L.* or, the *Cochie pills with hellebore,* purge the head of melancholy so h. the melancholy madness. *Schrod.* the D. of the extract of black hellebore, is *gr. x.* to *20.* with oile of mastick, or without it.

Helmet-flower. *Napellus.*

P. In gardens, the wild almost every where.

T. Fl. from May to September.

N. Τοξικον. *Toxicum. Napellus verus.*

Helmet flower. *Ger. 7.* K. as the blew violet, coloured, purple of *Newbur,* large floured, and that with a nodding head. T. are all hot & dry 4°, and most venomous. V. they are deadly both to man and beast: being eaten, the lips

and tongue presently swell, the eyes hang out, the thighs are stiffe and wits depart. The *antidote* is the flye that feedeth on the leaves, or take of *terra lemnia unc. 2.* bay berries and mithridate *an. unc. 2.* of the flies that feed on the herb 24. of hony and oile *q. s. m.* The juice of it poysoneth arrowes. *Park.* The wholsom *Helmet fl. Anthora* is an antidote, kills wormes, h. the collick, and plague and is cordiall, *Hugo Soler.* The quantity of a beane of the root is a *Hydragogon.*

Hemlock, *Cicuta.*

P. About walls, in shadomie places, and fat soiles.

T. They flourish and seed in september.

N. *Kalyerov.* The last of *Ger.* is thought to be *Phellandrium Plinii.*

Hemlock. *Ger. J. K.* as the common, broad leaved *Sinking*, and gyant. *T. Gal.* is cold 4°. *V.* it is not to be used inwardly or outwardly. *Ap.* it causeth the parts to pine away. The wild and water hemlocks. *Cicutaria palustris.* *K.* as the thin leaved wild, and wild water common hemlock. *T. V.* they are like the common hemlock and not used in physick. *Lonic.* The dried juice is used in *collyries* to ease paine. *Ap.* it h. phagedens and *S. Antonies* fire, as also all inflammations, and h. *venery.* *Park.* *K.* as the foolish. *V.* *ap.* it represseth the swellings in womens breasts, and repells milk, the roasted root *ap. h.* the gout. *Trag.* the antidote is vineger drank. *Emplastrum ex cicuta cum ammoniaco*, *Pharm. Lond.* or, the plaister of hemlock with ammoniacum, h. great pains, and the inflammations in wounds; but it's not to be used to principall parts.

Hemp;

Hemp. *Cannabis.*

P. In fat, dunged, plain, and moist soiles deeply digged: the wild in barren hils.

T. Sown in March and Aprill. The first is ripe in August: the second in July.

N. *Kalvaßis* & *σχολινδραρον.* Water hemp is called *Eupatorium Cannabinum.*

Hemp. *Ger. J. K.* as the male and female. *T.* the seed is dyspeptick, and of ill juice, hurtfull to the stomach and head. *V.* It consumeth wind, and if much eaten it dryeth up the sperm. The juyce of the herb dropped into the ears h. their paine proceeding of obstruction. the pulp of the seed pressed into liquor and d. h. the yellow jaundise without an ague, opening the gall, and concocting choller through the whole body *Matth.* The seed given to hens causeth them to lay eggs more plentifully. *Wild hemp, Cannabis spuria.* *K.* as the common bastard, and small bastard. *T. V.* are referred to the manured hemp; yet not used in physick where the other may be had. *Water hemp, Eupatorium cannabinum.* *K.* as the common, and common Dutch. *T.* the leaves and roots are bitter, hot, and dry 2°. *scouring*, opening and attenuating. They expell gross humours by urine and purifie the blood. *V.* the decoction of them (especially the last) d. h. scabbed and filthy skins, and opens the liver, spleen and gall, and h. the jaundise. The herb boiled in wine or water h. *tertian* fevers. the leaves *ap.* and the decoction d. h. all wounds both inward and outward. the second h. poyson. *Gesn.* A puggill of the fibers of the root boild in wine and d. purgeth and c. vomit. It workes like white hellebore but more gently and safely. *Park.* *T.* the manured is thought to be cold and dry: so *Trag.* and *Lonic.* others count it hot and dry, as *Gal. Matth. Ruel. Fuch. and Lugd.* the emulsion of the seed h. lasks, and the collick the juice d. kills wormes, and *ap. h.* the gout and burnings. *Lob.* the wild h. nodes.

Henbane

Charle hemp, and winter hemp, *see* Male hemp.
 Barren or summer hemp, *see* the female.
 Nettle hemp, *see* wild hemp.
 Hemp tree, *see* Chast tree.

Henbane. *Hyoscyamus*.

P. The black almost every where: the white in gardens.
T. They spring in May. fl: in Aug: the seed is ripe in October.
Ἰεονδαμ. *Apollinaris*. *Faba suilla*, & *Jouis*. The last *Nicoriana*. *Petum*.

Henbane. *Ger. J. K.* as the black, and white, lesser white, white of Candy, and that with a reddish flower. **T.** are cold 40. **V.** they cause sleep and are anodyne, **h.** sharp and hot distillations, stop bleeding: and ap. **h.** all inflammations of the secret parts. The leaves stamped with the ointment of *populeon* & ap. **h.** the pain of the gout, swellings of privities and the tumors of womens breasts. to bath the feet in the decoction c. sleep; so given in clysters, or the flowers smelled to, the leaves, seed and juyce d. c. troublesome sleep and deadly the seed of white henbane taken in the weight of 10 gr. with meade **h.** coughs, defluxions of humors to the eyes or breast, and all issues of blood. The root boiled in vinegar and held hot in the mouth **h.** the toothach. the *fume* taken c. wormes to come out of the teeth *Yellow henbane* or *English Tobacco*. *Hyoscyamus luteus*. **T.** is cold and moist, *Lobel.* but rather hot, biting and gummie. **V.** it is used by some instead of tobacco: it c. spitting, stupifieth the senses, and c. giddiness but to little profit. the herb **h.** all impostumes, tumors, inveterate ulcers, botches, burnings, green wounds, and all hurts in the head, made into an ointment, thus, take of the green leaves thereof *lib. 3. sem.* & stamp them very small in a stone mortar, of oile olive *q. s.* boile them upon a gentle fire, continuall stirring it till the herbs seem black, & will not bubble any more: then

then strain the green oile from the *faces*, and put it to the fire againe adding thereto of wax *lib. sem.* of rosin *unc. 4.* of good turpentine *unc. 2.* melt them together and keep them in pots for the use aforesaid. *Croll.* The decoction of the root of Henbane in vinegar with arsmarr **h.** the the tooth-ach being used warme. *Park.* as that of Egypt. **V.** the black and yellow are more dangerous than the white which is cold 30. and **h.** all pains of a hot cause ap. The antidote is garlick. *English tobacco* d. purgeth flegme. kils worms, **h.** the stone: and ap. kils lice. *Anon.* the oile of henbane, **h.** gangreens.

Henne, *see* Wild reed grasse.
 Hens-bit, *see* Bastard chick weed.
 Hens comb, *see* Cox-comb.
 Good Henry, *see* English mercury.
 Herons bill, *see* Crane-bill.
 Hep tree, *see* Brier bush, or Dogs rose.
 Hermodactills, *see* Meadow saffron.
 Hertelowre, *see* Germander.
 Hertwort, *see* Ash.
 Hig-taper, *see* Mullein.
 Hindberry, *see* Raspis.
 Hipwort, *see* Navel-wort.
 Turkic hirle, *see* Turkey millet.
 Hilwort, *see* Puliol mountaine.
 Hocks, *see* Holli-back.
 Hogs beans, *see* Blew daiesies.
 Holme, *see* Hulver.
 Holly-hock, *see* Garden mallow.
 Holy rope, *see* Wild hemp.
 Holy-herb, *see* Vervaine.
 Holy seed, *see* Worm-seed.

Holly

Holly tree. *Agriifolium*.**P.** A'most everywhere: in woods and hedges.**T.** Its green both winter and summer, the berries are ripe in September.**N.** *Aye. Theoph. Aquifolium Gaza. Palliurus secundus Diosc. Lacune.*

Holly tree. *Ger.* T. the berries are hot and dry, of thin parts and waste away winde. V. They h. the collick. 10. or 12. taken inwardly purge away thick and phlegmatick humors. the *birdlime* made of the bark gleweth up the intrails, and is lethall. *Holly powdered* and d. h. all fluxes of the belly, as dysenteries &c. *Birdlime* is thus made: take off the bark and put it in a ditch in boggy ground, covering it with boughs of trees, and there let it remaine till it be putrified which will be done in 12. dayes, then beat it in morters to the thickenesse of lime, after which wash it very often, and putting to it a little oile of nuts, keep it in earthen vessels for use. *Sea Holly. K.* as the common, and *Levant, Eryngium maritimum*. T. the roots of both of them are moderately hot, and a little dry with a thinnesse of substance. V. the roots boiled in wine and d. h. the collick, breake the stone, expell grayell, and h. all infirmities of the kidnies, provoking urine and opening the passages being d. 15. days together; so the roots eaten, and h. those that are liver sick, and bitten with venomous beasts; they h. cramps, convulsions, and the epilepsie, and provoke the terms. The roots condited h. those that are withered with old age, and want natural moisture, and c. venery. *Drach.* 1. d. with carrot-seeds h. very many infirmities. the juice d. pressed forth with wine h. the gonorrhoea. the *bastard Sea-holly. Eryngium spurium*. K. as the blew, common, dwarf, mountaine, and small smooth. T. Are hot. V. they are not used in meate or medicine. *Park. K.* as the smooth leaved and prickly. V. *Marth.* the decoction of the root, or bark thereof fomented on the places that have been put out of joynt,

joynt, mollifyeth and discusseth the tumors, and consolidate broken bones. *Sea holly, holme, or Hulvar. K.* as the upland, and *small bastard sea holly of Spaine*, with the *French thistle of Lobel* and *Pena*, and *trefoile thistle, Eryngium trifolium*. T. the first is of the temper of the sea-holly, and used in stead thereof, being not much inferiour. V. the decoction of the root in wine, d. openeth the liver and spleen, h. the jaundice, drop sic, and paines in the loynes, and French disease. The roots ap. h. the Kings evill: so d. & ap. h. the bitings of serpents. with axungia it's magneticall & sarcotick the juice of the leaves dropped into the eares h. impostumes the distilled water h. melancholy, quotidian & quaran agues, & wry necks. the rest are weaker. *Urtz.* the seed of the 1. h. the stone. so *Lon. Moresc. Fernel. Col.* a handfull of the berries of common holly boiled in a pint of ale to the one half, which being strained and a little butter put thereto, is a good remedy for the stone and stoppage of urine, 5, or 6, spoonfulls thereof being taken at once. the powder of the leaves dried in an oven, and the pricks taken off, being d. in ale is commended against the stiches and pricking pains of the side. The juice that droppeth out of the wood when laid on the fire, being dropped into the eares h. deafnesse. the *birdlime* thereof being applyed with the yelk of an egge draweth out thornes and splinters &c. The tender shoots of the *Sea holly* eaten, are aphrodisiastick, or c. lust.

Holly rose. *Cistus*.**H.** The hotter provinces of Europe, and gardens.**T.** They fl. from May to September.**N.** *Kls* ♂ & ♀ ♂. *Rosa sylvatica & canina*. The excrecence or juice, *Hypocistis*.

Holly rose. *Ger. J. K.* as the male, the male with his excrecence, toothed thin leaved, the female. *Cistus* with leaves like sea purslain, lavender leaved, thin leaved, low with broad leaves, and narrow, low of Austria, low with leaves

leaves like wild tyme, Lobel's strange, Dr Penny his *cistus*, that lasting one yeare, long leaved yearly, spotted annuall, & *marjoram* leaved. T. It dryeth fere 2^o. and is of temperate heate: the leaves and first buds being beaten, dry, bind and glutinate ulcers, and green wounds. V. The flowers are of most force. d. in wine. they li. the bloody flux, weake stomacks, fluxes and the over flowing of moist humors. ap. as a *pultis* they h. putrified ulcers and phagedens; and also h. burnings, scaldings, and old ulcers. *Hypocistis* is more binding, h. all infirmities coming of fluxes, as the whites, laskes, bloody flux, and strengtheneth parts debilitated with superfluous moisture. It's excellent to be mixed with fomentations, for the stomach, and liver: it's put into treacle to comfort weake bodies. *Dwarfe cistus*. K. as the *English yellow* or *white*, the *yellow dwarf of Germany*, and *white*, that of *Savoy*, *narrow leaved*, *time-leaved*, & *Frisian dwarfe cistus*. T. V. are referred to the kindes of *cistus*, for they heale wounds, stop blood, and all issues thereof, as the bloody flux, and hæmoptylis, and boiled in wine h. ulcers in the mouth, and secret parts ap. for it joyneth and strengthneth. *Cistus Ledon*. K. as the first bringing *Ladanum*, the second gum, leaved like poplar, the 4th, 5th, 6th *Cistus ledon* of *Clusius*, the 8th with his excrescence, the 9th, leaved like myrtle, the *Polonian*, leaved like *rosemary*; that of *Matthiolum's* description, the *mountain*, and *rosemary-leaved Cistus ledon*. T. Gal. *Ladanum* is hot fine *primi*, having a little astringent: it's of thin parts and therefore sofineth, also it digesteth and concocteth. V. *Ladanum* h. the infirmities of the mother, and keepeth haire from falling, wasting away putrified humors. *Diosc.* It doth bind, heale, souple, and open. m. with wine, myrrhe, and oile of myrtles ap. it keeps the haire from falling; or laid on mixed with wine: also it makes the scarres of wounds well coloured. m. with meade or oile of roses it h. the paines of the eares being dropped in. A fume thereof draweth forth the after birth; and h. the hardnesse of the matrix: it's good to be mixed with mollifying & anodyne plaisters. d. with

d. with wine it stoppeth the laske and provoketh urine. It's very good also put into pomanders &c. Note, the best is sweet, somewhat green, fat, easily waxeth soft, is full of gum, not easily broken; and without sand. *Senn.* a cap made of it for the naile, with ammoniacum, bdellium and wax, h. the nailes falling off. *Park. K.* As the sweet, & mountaine, V. as the rest, the juice of the *dwarfe d.* and ap. h. poison: the distilled water is colmericke. the narrow and broad leaved male. V. as the first: so the female K. as the annuall &c. *Gum cistus*. K. as that of *Lob.* &c. V. h. coughs, and is stopping.

Homlock, see Hemlock.

Honesty, see Bulbonack.

Small honesty, see Pinks.

Hone wort. *Selinum Sili foliis.*

P. It groweth in clay ground among corne.

T. It begins to flower in July: the seed is ripe in August.

N. *Sium terrestre Goodieri. Selinum segetale Park.*
Corne Parsley.

Hone wort. *Ger.* T. V. It h. the Hone, being a swelling so called: take one handfull of the green leaves, and stamp them, put to them about halfe a pint of beer, straine it and drink it, & so continue to drink the like quantity every morning fasting, till the swelling do abate, which will be in a week or two *Park.* T. the seed is like parsley in forme and as hot in taste. V. It's neer of the same property, with Parsley.

Hony-suckle, see Wood bind, or Meadow-trefoile.

Hony

Hony wort. *Cerinthæ.*

P. They grow not wild in England.

T. Fl. from May to August: and perish at winter.

N. Knecht. Theoph. *Marrubium* Dod. *Cerinthæ* Plinil.

Hony wort. Ger. *J. K.* as the great, small, and rough. T. are cold. V. and not experimented. Park. *K.* as the greater yellow and red, greater yellow or purple, and lesser yellow or white. T. are all of a temperate quality between cold and hot; but rather inclining to cold, and some what astringent. V. It stops bleeding at the mouth or nose, immoderate fluxes of women, and fluxes of the belly, the herbe being boiled and d. The juice of the herb with a little saffron dissolved therein, h. bleared & watering eyes, & is used in soule ulcers after they are clenfed, to h. incarnate them, especially such as are in the tender parts of the body: some do use it in steed of borage and buglosse as a remedy. Plin. Virg. Bees are much delighted with the flowers; being very sweet.

Hooded cuckow. pint, see Friers cowle.
Hooke heale, see Self heale.

Hops. *Lupulus.*

P. In fat and fruitfull ground, the wild among thornes.

T. The flowers are gathered in Aug. and Sept.

N. *Βρύον* & *Σευονία*. *Lupulus salictarius*, & *reptitius*. Vis in Septent. Lob.

Hops. Ger. T. the flowers are hot and dry 2°. they stufe the head and hurt it with their strong smell; so likewise the leaves, which also open and clenfe. V. the buds in spring are used to be eaten in sallads; and are of small nourishment; yet are good for the intralls, procuring urine, and keeping the body soluble. the leaves, tender stalkes, and flowers open the liver and spleen, clenfe

clenfe the blood, and h. long agues. Boiled and d. in whay, they h. scabs and filth of the skin. the juice is stronger, purgeth flegme and choller, and dropped into the eares h. the corruption thereof. The flowers season beere and too many are ill for the head. the decoction of the flowers make bread light. the decoction of hops d. openeth the liver, spleen and kidnies, and purgeth the blood by urine; so the juice & purgeth the belly of choller. thus appeareth the whollomenesse of beere above ale. Park. the tops & roots h. the French disease, and breakings out in the body, tetters, ringwormes, and spreading sores; the ague, itch, and morpew. the decoction of the flowers & tops, d. expells poison. drach. sem. of the seed d. in powder killeth wormes and bringeth down the courses. the flowers and beads used in baths h. the swellings of the mother and strangury. The juice dropped into the eares h. sores and the stench thereof. the syrup h. the jaundise and head-ach c. by heat of the intralls and agues. the decoction h. alopecia's. the wild are best. Fernel. It's hot 1°, dry 2°, and operates as Fumitory. Riol. the syrup h. the diseases of melancholy Freitag. and choller.

Horehound. *Marrubium.*

P. In untilled places, neer old walls, paths &c.

T. Fl. on July and Aug. in the second yeare.

N. *Πράσιον*. *Prasium*. The wild is called *Stachys*.

Hore-hound. Ger. *K.* as the white, snow white, Spanish; and Candy. T. Gal. is hot 2°. dry 3°. and bitter. V. common horehound boiled in water and d. openeth the liver and spleen, clenferth the breast and lungs, h. the old coughs, paines of the side, spitting of blood, ptyticks, and ulcerations of the lungs. Boyled in wine and d. it provoketh the ternes, expelleth the secundine and dead child, and h. hard labour. A syrup made of the green leaves and sugar h. old coughs and wheezings of the lungs, and h. their consumption, also it h. against poyson

poyson and the bitings offerpents: the leaves ap. with hony clense filthy ulcers, and stop the pearle in the eyes; so the juyce hardned in the sun m. with wine and hony dropped into the eyes it cleareth them. Drawn into the nostrils it clenseth the yellowness of the eyes & stops the watering of them. *Wild horehound.* K. as the common, wild, stinking, thorny, portugall, german-der, & hyssop leaved Ironwort. T. are biting & bitter, hot 30. The stinging *Stachys Fuchsi* and *Sideritides* are hot and dry 10. *Johns.* V. the decoction of the leaves d. draweth down the menses and secondine. It keeps wounds from inflammation and speedily healeth them; also it stops fluxes and defluxions, being dry and moderately binding, sc. the stinking hore-hound. It h. the bitings of mad dogs. *Water hore hound, Marrubium aquaticum.* T. is cold and very astringent, yet little used. *Black or stinking hore-hound. Marrubium nigrum.* K. as the common, and long leaved. T. is hot and dry, of a sharp and olensing facultie, V. being stamped with salt and ap. it cureth the biting of a mad dog. the leaves roasted in hot embers wast hard knots in or about the fundament: it also clenseth soule filthy ulcers. *Borel. Cent. 4. Obs. 14.* The tops of white hore hound infused in whitewine all night and d. for 3. dayes, provoke the menses, h. cachexies, ill colours, the stomack, and e. appetite. *Park.* K. as the black French. V. *Matth.* they h. bad livers, the itch and jaundise, and and kill worms. *Marsh hore.* V. is traumatick and d. h. agues. *Syrupus de prasio, Pharm. Lond.* or the syrup of horehound, is appropriate to the breast and lungs, purging out thick and putrified phlegme. It h. phthisicks and coughs, and the diseases of old men, and cold natures: and may be taken with a licorice stick.

Hore-strange, or hore-strong, see Hogs fennell.
Hore-wort, see Filago.

Horne

Horne-beam tree. *Carpinus.*
P. In North-hampton shire, and Kent.
T. It springs in Aprill: the seed is ripe in Sept.
N. *Ὠρβία Theoph. Ostrya Theoph, Zugia. Ζυγία.*

Horne beame tree. *Ger:* T. V. is not of any physica use so *Cam. Matth.* but serveth onely for the use of husbandry. *Park.* It serveth for mills and other smaller workes, &c. being hard, strong, and durable: so *Trag. &c.*

Horse-chire, see Germander.
Horse-elder, see Elecampane.
Horseflower, see Cow wheat.

Horse-foot. *Cacalia.*
P. In the Austrian and Syrian Alpes, &c.
T. Fl. about the same time that colts foot doth.
N. *Κακάλια ἢ Λεορτικὴ Diosc. cacanum Gal.*

Horse foot. *Johns:* K as the hoarie, and smooth leaved. T. the root moderately dryeth without biting, it's of a gross & emplastick substance. V. Being steeped in wine and taken it h. the cough, and roughness of the arterie or hoarseness, like gum dragagant, being chewed & the juice swallowed: it operates as liquorice. *Park, Diosc.* The pearle like graines beaten and m. with a cerote, make the skin smooth: *Plin:* and stay the falling of the haire: so *Col.*

Horse-heale, see Elecampane.
Horse mint, see Water mint.
Horse hoof, see Colts foot,
Horse-shoo, see Vetch.

Horse

Horse taile. *Equisetum*.

P. The finest leaved groweth in wet grounds &c.

T. They flower from Aprill to the end of summer.

N. ἵππου. Cauda equina, & Salix. Asprella, Ephedra.

Horse-taile. Ger. K. as the great, naked, corne, water, wood, female, and Italian rusby. T. Gal. is bitter, yet binding and mightily dryeth without biring. V. Diosc. Stamped and ap. it doth perfectly cure wounds, even of the sinews cut in sunder. It cureth wounds of the bladder and bowels, and h. ruptures and burstings: the herb d. with water or wine, h. the bleeding at the nose, and other fluxes of blood, it stopperth the courses and bloody flux &c. so the juyce, and more effectually. The herb with the roots boiled in wine, h. ulcers of the kidnies and bladder, the cough and difficulty of breathing. Park. K. as the barren, finest leaved, stinking, greater meadow, and mountaine horsetaile of Candy. V. the smoother is better then the rough, & the leaved than the bare: decoct in wine and d. it h. the strangury and the stone, the distilled water d. two or three times in the day h. the pains of the entralls, and h. the cough c. by distillation. the juice ap. h. inflammations and eruptions in the skin. Lugd. It doth inspissate the body. Schw. The naked h. the scurvy.

Horse thistle, see Wild Lettuce.

Horse-tongue. *Hippoglossum*.

P. On the Alps of Liguria, and on the Mountaines of Austria.

T. Fl. in May: the fruit is ripe in Autumne.

N. ἵππογλωσσον. Bonifacia. Uvularia. Bislina.

Horse-tongue. Ger. K. as the male, female, & Italian. T. is hot 20. dry 10. V. the roots of double tongue, or horse-tongue boiled in wine and d. h. the strangury,

proq

provoke urine, h. hard travell of women, and expell the secondine &c. So also drach. 6. of the powder of the root d. in wine bring down the terms. Plin. unc. sem. of the powder of the root d. in wine c. speedy delivery. Bapt. Sard. It h. diseases of the mother, a little spoonfull of the powder of the herb, fruit, or root being taken and d. in flesh broth for certain dayes h. ruptures. Park. T. it's thought to be hot and dry 20. It h. sores of the mouth, and dryeth filchy ulcers ap.

Hound berry, see Nightshade.

Hound berry tree, see Dog berry tree.

Hounds pils, see Hounds tongue.

Hounds tongue. *Cynoglossum*.

P. In untild grounds, by high wayes, almost every where.

T. They flower in June and July.

N. κυνγλωσσον. Lingua canis. Limonium Aetii.

Hounds-tongue. Ger. F. K. as the common, first and second Candy, and small green leaved. T. the Herb but especially the root, is cold and dry. V. the roots roasted in the embers and ap. h. hæmorrhoides, and wild fire. The juice boiled with hony of roses and turpentine to the forme of an unguent h. wounds and deep ulcers. Diosc. the leaves boiled in wine and d. mollify the belly: and stamped with old swines greate h. falling away of the haire c. by hot humors: also they h. scaldings and bitings of mad dogs. Vigon the juyce with syrup of roses and oxymel of squils h. the French pox. Hieron. Brunfels. It mundisyeth ulcers. Park. K. as the greater mountain, party coloured fl. and blew. V. the root h. rheumes. Pilulæ de cynogloss. Pharm. Lond. or the pills of hounds-tongue, stop hot rheumes falling upon the lungs, so h. pthificks, and mitigate paine, the D. is scr. 1 at bed time; but this, as also all opiates are warily to be used. Also these pils were invented, not to purge but to stop all distillations of rheume from the head unto the lungs and

and chest, the teeth or any other parts: therefore they are good after universall remedies methodically applyed, to stop the tooth ach, cough, gout pains and all troublesome motions of the humours, gr. x. being taken at bed time and repeated every other night, for 3. nights, if the cough or pain continues so as to hinder the patients sleep, the D. is *ser sem.* at a time & there is as much danger in opiats as purgatives; though their bad effects when misaplyed are not so suddaine & frightfull.

House-leek, *Sedum*.

P. On walls, and tops of houses, and about rubbish.

T. Fl. in June or August, the smaller in June or July.

N. *Αιζων. Herba Jovis. Semperflorium Apul. Aithales.*

House leek. Ger. K. as the great tree, and great narrow leaved, T. the great houseleeks are cold 30, and a little dry. V. they h. S. Anthonies fire, shingles, creeping ulcers, and inflammations c. by rheumes and fluxes: they h. inflamed eyes ap. as also burnings, and scaldings: ap. and with barley meale dried it h. paines of the gout. It h. hot lasks d. with wine and kills worms. the juyce with a pessary stops fluxes in women c. by heat. the leaves held in the mouth quench the thirst in burning fevers. the juyce m. with barley meal and vinegar h. S. Anthonies fire, all hot burning and fretting ulcers, scaldings, burnings, hot inflammations and the gout of a hot cause. The juyce with garden nightshade and the buds of poplar boiled in hogs grease, maketh a most excellent populeon. the juice h. corns ap. the skin of the herb being emplastred every day and night. the decoction or juice d. h. the bloody flux, and coolerth the inflammation of the eyes being dropped in, and the herb bruised ap. The lesser house leeks, or prick madams, *Sedum minus*. K. as the common, white flowered, small summer, small large flowered, small prick-madam, scorpion, Port-land; and small rock sengreen. T. are all cooling like the greater, and serve for the same

same use. Prick madam is used in sallads, and h. heart burnings. The other small sengreens or house-leeks. K. as the small water, 1. small of the Alpes, and fourth: white of the Alpes, and long leaved rock f. T. V. the 3. first are cold and operate as the other of the smaller sort. the two last are rather hot, and attenuating, but none of them are commonly known, or used in physick. Sea h. See in *Alpes Water house leek*. T. is cold. V. It stops blood coming from the kidnies, keepeth green wounds from inflammation, and h. S. Anthonies fire and hot swellings ap. and operates as the first. *Reck*. K. That of *Mistica*. T. is sharp, It h. all paines. the juyce c. vomit. *Croll*. the juyce of the lesser house-leek h. the scurvy and stomacace. *Park*. K. as the great english sea, and woolly. V. h. all inflammations, the juyce d. in a posset h. agues: ap. it h. the headach, and stingings. the small stone-crop, &c. as the first. *Wall pepper*, exulcerates. The mountainous, as the 1. so the *Water houseleek of Egypt*.

Hulwort, see Poly mountaine.

Hurt-sickle, see Blew-bottle.

Hyacinth. *Hyacinthus*.

P. In gardens, being planted: some near rivers.

T. The 3. first fl. in the midst of Jan: and the rest in spring.

N. *Τακισθ. Vacinium, Lilium purpureum D. G.*

Hyacinth. Ger. J. K. as the starry, sc. the common, white flowered two leaved, lilly leaved, that of Constanti-nople, summer, greater starry summer and lesser, and that of Peru. T. V. are unknown. Clus. The lilly leaved eaten by cattle c. their heads to swell and then kill them, being of a malignant and poysonous quality. *Autumne Jacinth*. K. as the small and great. T. V. are not written of. *English Jacinth*. K. as the hare bells, white, blew. orientall, and many flowered first and second, redish purple, and white orientall, winter, orientall, with leaves on the stalk, K double

double flowered orientall, the greater dusky flowered Spanish, and lesser, with the tuberous rooted Indian Jacinth. T. do lightly cleanse and bind. The seeds are dry 30. the roots 20. and cold. 20. V. the root boiled in wine and d. stoppeth the belly, provoketh urine, and h. the venemous biting of the field spider; so the seed, and more effectually stoppeth the laske, and bloody flux. d. in wine it h. the falling sickness. *Diosc.* the roots stamped and ap. with white wine, hinder the growth of haire. The seed d. with southernwood in wine h. the jaundise. *Faire haired jacinth, hyacinthus comosus.* K. as the common, and white, that of Constantinople, faire curled haired branched, blew, and great grapeflower. T. V. the faire haired operats as the English. *Musked grape flower* K. as the yellow, and ashcoloured. T. V. they may be referred to the Jacinths, whereof they are kinds; but as yet are not of any known use. The two feigned plants; K. as the false bumbast Jacinth, and flower of Tigris. T. V. are not yet discovered, or are rather adulterine and suppositious. The woolly bulbous, *Bulbus Eriphorum.* T. V. is of no use. *Park.* K. as the Barbary, early blew starry, Turkey, and ash-coloured. T. V. the roots and leaves are cold and dry. *Weck.* The seed d. in wine h. the Kings evill. *Col.* The tuberous root drunk h. the jaundise.

Hynd-heel, see Ambrosie.

Hyssop. *Hyssopus.*

P. In gardens, the hedge hyssope in moist places.

T. Fl. from June to the end of August.

N. *Tormentum.* Hyssopum. Hedge Hyssop, *Gratiola.*

Hyssope Ger. *J.* K. as that with blew flowers, and reddish, white flowered, thin leaved. and dwarf narrow leaved. T. is hot and dry, *Park.* 30. V. a decoction made with figs, & gargled in the mouth & throat, ripeneth & breaketh the tumors, and impostumes of the mouth and throat

throat, and h. the difficulty of swallowing c. by cold rheumes: the same made with figs, water, hony, and rue, and d. h. the inflammation of the lungs, and old coughs, shortness of breath, and the obstructions of the breast. the syrup or juyce taken with the syrup of vinegar, purgeth by stool clammy flegme, and driveth forth worms if eaten with figs. The distilled water d. operates as the rest, but not so speedily. *Hedge Hyssope, Gratiola.* K. as the common, broad leaved, & grasse *Poley.* T. are hot and dry, and r. only is used in medicine. V. scr. r. taken mightily purgeth waterish, gross, and slimie humors, and chollerik: so eaten in a sallad, or the decoction d. Boiled in wine and d. it h. all fevers and dropies, and such like diseases proceeding of cold and watery causes. The extraktion given with the powder of cinnamon, and little of the juice of calamint h. tertian and quotidian fevers. *Schrod.* the D. is scr. x. to drach. sem. *Park.* Common hyssop. in ptylan's, expectorates flegme: ap. with sugar it h. green wounds: and with hony, salr, and cummin-seed, it h. the bitings of adders: decoct with oile and ap. it h. the itching of the head: the oile h. numness: it h. wind and agues. K. as the rusted *Cyc.* the hedge hyss. kills wormes, h. ulcers, prevents putrefactions and opens obstructions. *Syrapsus de hyssopo, Pharm. Lond.* or the syrup of hyssop, mightily strengthens the breast and lungs c. long wind, and cleer voice, and h. coughs. It's to be used like the syrup of licorice.

I.

Jack of the Buttery, see Stone crop.
Jacinth, se Hyacinth.

K 2

Jack

Jack by the hedge. *Alliaria*.

P. It groweth by garden hedges, by walls, &c.

T. Fl. chiefly in June and July: it's used as sauce in Aprill.

N. *Rima Maria. Pes asinus. Alliastrum Gesn.*

Jack by the hedge. Ger. T. is hot and dry fine 2di, much less than garlick. V. the leaves stamped serve for sauce with salt fish. The leaves also are boiled in clysters against the paine of the chollick and stone, they easing paine, and wasting the wind. Bor. Cent. 1. Obs. 22. Also, it's effectually against the plague. Park. It warmeth the stomach, and c. digestion: the juyce thereof boiled with hony is thought to be as good as *Erysimum* hedge mustard, for the cough, to expectorate flegme. d. and ap. it h. the mother: the leaves h. ulcers of the legs. Mac. It h. gangreens, and the sphacelus. Trag. It h. the sciatica or hip-gout in clysters, as an errhine it h. the lethargy.

Jambreck, see House-leek.

S. James's wort. *Jacobaea*.

P. Every where in untilled places somewhat moist.

T. Fl. in July and August, and are then carryed away.

N. *Herzysen Diosc. quorundam. Herba S. Jacobi, & Flor. Cineraria. Argentea. Ragwort.*

S. James his wort. Ger. F. K. as the common, narrow leaved, broad leaved, and sea ragwort. T. is hot and dry 20, bitter and clensing. V. It h. green wounds, and filthy tetters, it clenseth and healeth them, the juyce being tempered with hony and may butter, and boiled to salve. Boiled in hogs grease to an ointment it h. old aches and paines in the armes, hips, and legs. The decoction gargarized, wasteth and healeth inflammations and swellings of the throat: the leaves stamped small, and

and boiled with some hogs grease unto the consumption of the juyce, adding some mastick & *olibanum*, then strained and applyed h. the sciatica. Prosper Alpin: The Egyptians use it's decoction against the stone, and to h. old obstructions, especially those of the womb, also coldness, strangulation, barrenness, and inflammation thereof, and brings down the courses: the bath of the leaves and flowers, h. those that are troubled with the mother. Park. K. as the Hungarian, round leaved hoary, lesser sea, and broad leaved hoary, lesser sea, and broad leaved sea rag wort. V. It stops catarrhes, and rheumes fallly on the eyes, nose, or lungs. The juyce h. fistula's. Col. It h. the squinancy & Kings evill, and the staggers in horses. Bauh. it operates as Grounsell. It h. wounds, inflammations, and fistula's.

Jesmine, see Gelesmine, or Jesse.

Jewes thorne. *Paliurus*.

P. It groweth in Lybia, &c.

T. It buds in spring, and continues not green.

N. *Rhamnus tertius Diosc.* Christ's thorne, wherewith he was crowned.

Jewes thorne. Ger. T. the leaves and root do evidently bind and cut. V. the seed h. the stone and removeth tough and slimie humors out of the chest and lungs. Diosc. The decoction of the leaves and roots stops the belly, provokes urine and h. the poyson and bitings of serpents. The root stamped and ap. consumeth the phymata, and oedemata. The seed is a remedy for the cough, and wasteth the stone of the bladder. Park. T. V. It's like the Bucks thorne. Aet. the fruit h. the excretion of the breast and lungs. Gal. the leaves h. fluxes, the fruit incideth; so Bauhinus, Platerus, &c.

Incense-root, see Frankincense Rosemary.

Indian hop-like purger. *Carlo san 2o.*

P. It groweth in Mexico.

T. The time is not observed.

N. It hath not any Synonymous names.

Indian purger. *Park.* T. is hot and dry *initio 2di.* V. the bark of the root being a little chewed, is an *apoplegmatisme*, by which catarrhs and distillations are voided, and pains of the head much eased, it some also it cauſeth vomit, and bringeth out choller and flegme, a purgation being first taken. The bark being chewed h. loose gums, putrid teeth, and maketh the breath sweet. The powder taken in white wine, or the decoction with maiden haire and a little cinamon, h. the obstruction of the mother, and consumeth wind with ung. dialth. ap. also it h. the passion of the heart, the French disease, epilepsie, and ruptures, and h. digestion: pomecitron bark being added to the decoction.

Indian fruits, &c. see the Appendix.

Indian leaf. *Folium Indum.* *

P. In Arabia and Cambaya.

T. It's supposed to be green all the yeare.

N. *Tamalapatra. Folium Indicum. Malabathrum.*

Indian leaf. *Ger.* T. Is hot and dry 20 agreeing with *nardus*, or as others report with mace V. it's diureticke, warmeth and comforteth the stomach, and h. digestion. It h. the web in the eyes, inflammations, &c. Being laid among clothes, it keeps them from mothes and vermine, and gives unto them a sweet smell. *Park.* It c. a sweet breath, resisteth poysons, and is therefore put in 20 antidotes, that are cordiall or stomachicall.

Indian

Indian mourner, see Sorrowfull tree.

Indian Oate. meale, see Panick.

Joane silver-pin, see Double poppy.

Jobs teares. *Lachryma Job.*

P. In Italy, and the countries adjoyning.

T. It's to be sown early in the spring.

N. *Lachryma Jobi. Diospyros.*

Jobs teares. *Ger.* T. V. It's not for the use of Physick: so *Park.* in his *Paradise*; yet in his *Theater of Plants*, he yeilds it to be of some use. *Pen: Lob:* It's commended by some, either in powder, or the decoction thereof, against the stone, or gravell in the kidneys and bladder but beyond sea, they chiefly use the seeds, which being perforated, they string them, and so use them for prayer beads. *Croll.* It's an excellent lithonriptick: so *Col.*

Sweet Johns, see Sweet williams:

S. Johns Bread, see S. Johns wort.

S. Johns. wort. *Hypericum.*

P. In pastures very plentifully.

T. They flower and flourish in July and Aug.

N. *Ἰμερὸν. Perforata. Fuga dæmonum. Sol terrest. Paracelsi.*

S. Johns-wort. *Ger.* J. K. as the common, rue, *Lobel's* woolly of *Clusius*, and small creeping. T. *Gal:* It's hot and dry, and of thin parts. V. Boyled with the flowers and seed, d. it provoketh urine, h. the stone, and stopps laskes. the leaves stamped and ap: h. burnings, scaldings, and all wounds and ulcers. the leaves, flowers and seeds stamped, and put in a glasse with oile olive, and set in the Sunne, then strained, and new added, till the oile become of the colour of bloud, make an excellent remedy for green and deepe wounds that are through the

the body, for prickt sinews or wounds made with a venomd weapon: or take white wine 2 pints, oile olive *lib.* 4. oile of turpentine *lib.* 2. the leaves, flowers, and seeds of *S. Johns wort.* an *M.* 2. gently bruised, put all into a great double glasse, and set it in the sunne 8 or 10 dayes, then boile them in the glasse *per B.* *M.* after strain the liquor, putting in new herbes &c. so have you a *remedy* equall to the naturall balsame. *Diosc.* the seed d. 4^o dayes together h. the sciatica, and all aches in the hipps. taken in wine, it h. tertian and quartan agues. *Square S. Johns gresse, Ascyron, or square S. Johns wort.* T. Is hot and dry. V. It hath the same faculty that *S. Johns wort* hath. *Diosc.* the seed d. in *unc.* 4. *sem.* of meade doth strongly purge cholerick excrements. *S. Johns bread, Ceratonia, Carabe.* T. Is dry and astringent; so the fruit. V. The fruit of the Carob tree eaten *greene*, looseth the belly; being dry it stoppeth it, and provoketh urine. It is good for the stomach, and nourisheth well. *Bastard S. Johns wort.* K. As that of *Matth.* and the *French, Coris.* T. seem to be hot 2^o. *Diosc.* the seed d. provokes urine, and the courses, h. the sciatica, and d. in wine h. the opisthotonos, and cold fits of agues, and against the phalangium. the oile ap: h. convulsions. *Park.* K. as the *Indian with white flowers.* V. the common openeth and dissolveth, & d. h. the hæmoptysis or spitting of blood. *Oleum hyper. comp.* or the oile of *S. Johns wort* compound, is stronger than the simple oile, *Ol. hyper. magis comp. P. L.* or that more compound, besides the vertues of the simple oile, it h. old bruises, aches, and spraines, also these oiles mightily strengthen the nerves so h. tremblings, palsies, cramps, convulsions, numbness, being used to the seams of the head, the nape of the neck, and all along the back bone, and it's good to strengthen the joynts being annointed thereon. It digests, and discusseth humors, aswages pains, takes away black and blew spots of the skin proceeding from blows and stripe. *Oleum hyperici simplex.* or the simple oile of it, is excellent in green wounds. Also it easeth pains strengthens the joynt, digests

gests and discusses humours, takes away black and blew spots from the skin c. by blows; much strengthens the nerves so h. tremblings, palsies, cramps, convulsions; used to the seams of the head, nape of the neck and all along the back bone; and it's good to annoint all the joynts therewith, to strengthen the same. *Schrod.* the D. of the *tincture* is gr. 6. to drach. *sem.*

Josephs flower, see Go to bed at noon.

Ironwort. *Sideritis.*

P. In corne fields, meadows, and mountains.

T. Fl. in June and July the seed is ripe soon after.

N. *Sideritis Militaris. Stratiotes.*

Iron wort. *Johns.* K. as the common, narrow leaved; creeping branched, not branched creeping, and smooth broad leaved. T. Are dry with little or no heat, and astringent. V. they h. green wounds stamped and ap. or put into unguents and plaisters. they prevent inflammations, stop fluxes, & h. bitings of a mad dog; as the *germander & hyssope leaved.* *Clus.* The 1. & 2d are used in *Styria* in fomentations to bathe the head in aches thereof, as also they h. against weariness of the limbs. the decoction h. in inflammations, & ulcerations of the legs. *Park.* K. as the *jewes, small jewes, Germanes, small of mount pelier, mountaine small Germ.* and *alehoofe leaved*, with the *clownes woundwort.* V. they h. rheumes and ruptures.

Italian oatmeale, see Panick.

Juca, or, Jucca, see Bread of India.

K §

Judas

Judas-tree. Arbor Juda.

P. In Spaine, and Italy, in the hedges there.

T. Fl. in spring, the fruit is ripe in summer.

N. *Siliqua Sylvestris* Clus. & *Fatua. Fabago.*

Judas-tree. Ger. T. V. is unknown, so *Park.* yet those of virginia account the flowers to be an excellent *Ullad* ingredient. *Dod.* It's not as yet experimented.

Jujube-tree. Zizypha. *

P. In Italy, Africa, Egypt, Arabia, & Syria.

T. Fl. in Aprill, & then are the seeds to be sown.

N. *Zizyphus* L. *Jujuba. Jujube, Arab. Ziziphus* *Dod.*

Jujube-tree. Ger. T. jujubes are temperate in heat and moisture. **v.** The fruit of the jujube tree eaten, is dyspeptick and oligotrophick. taken in syrups, &c. it h. the roughness of the throat, the breast and lungs. it h. the cough, reins, and bladder. The great jujube tree, *Oenoplia non spinosa*. **T.** the fruit is cold and dry. **v.** The unripe fruit strengthens the stomach, and stops laskes, the juyce being taken, or injected by clysters. the infusion of the dried fruit h. relaxations, and exulceration of the guts, and all pestilent fevers, resisting putrefaction, and strengthening the heart. The juyce purgeth choller out of the stomach and reins. The infusion h. putrid fevers. *Park.* the first purge choller, cleanse the blood, and h. agues, and vomitings. *Pem.* The syrrop h. the shortness of breath. *Syrupus Jujubinus, Pharm. Lond.* or Syrup of Jujubes, is a fine cooling syrup; h. coughs, hoarseness, and pleuresies, and ulcers of the lungs and bladder, and all inflammations: the D. is *cochl.* 1. once in 3, or 4, houres, or with a Morrice stick,

Juniper?

Juniper-tree Juniperus.

P. In very many places of England, as the South, &c.

T. Fl. in May, the fruit is ripe in September.

N. *Agaveus* L. The berries are called *Grana Juniperi*, the gum, *Vernix. Sandarack.*

Juniper-tree. Gre: R. as the common, and great, with the small of the Alps. **T.** Is hot and dry 30, the berries are hot, but not so dry: the gum is hot and dry 10. **V.** The fruit doth cleanse the liver and kidneys, and exnuates grosse humors it's used in alexipharmick remedies. Largely taken it c. gnawings in the stomach, and heateth the head, it provoketh urine, so *Untz. Gebelc. Mont. Neand. Tabern.* d. it h. the infirmities of the chest, coughs, windiness, gripings and poysons, cramps, ruptures, and the mother. The decoction of the berries h. old coughs, and the chin-coughs, poysons, and pestilent fevers in *Bohemia*, the infusion is used for a common drink. **P. L.** the berries h. the bitings of Adders, resist all pestilentiall diseases, heat the stomach, h. digestion, provoke the terms; and by some are counted a catholick remedy: they h. shortness of wind, weakness of the lungs, and convulsions; c. parturition; and 5. or 6. berries taken every morning keep the body in health, h. the collick and stone, rawness of the stomach, faintings, and heart-qualmes, madness and frenzies: they strengthen the eyes, h. rheumes there, the yellow jaundise, epilepsie, gout and palsey; the best are the ripe, which look black. The smoke of the leaves and wood drives away serpents, and all infections of the aire: The juyce of the leaves d. and ap. with wine h. the bitings of the viper: the ashes of the burned bark ap. with water, h. the scurfe and filth of the skin: the powder of the wood taken inwardly is deadly, as some affirme; yet is it contradicted by others: the fume of the gum stops flegmatick distillations of the head, and rheume and raw humors in the intralls. It killeth wormes, stops the menses, haemorrhoids, and haemoptysis.

ptysis, it doth exciccate hollow ulcers, and is sarcotick. ap. m. with oile of roses, it h. claps in the hands or feet. m. with oile of line seed, it makes *vernix*, which serveth to beautify pictures, and Iron. *Park.* K. as the great *Salavonian*. V. The fruit h. the bitings of vipers, the strangury, and dropfie, so the lye d. *Matth.* and h. the mother: the berries h. all diseases by cold d. in wine: so the oile: the salt h. the scurvy. *Grul.* The oile of the berries d. from 5. to 10. drops is diuretick. *Schrod.* the extract of the berries is given from scr. 1. to scr. 2. & the *Gummos* out of the wood & barke also are sudorifick & bezoardick against epilepsies, the plague, and other contagious and venemous diseases. *Oleum bac-earum Juniperi Chym. Pharm Lond.* or the *Chymicall oile of juniper berries*, is excellent in pains of the yard, gonorrhæa and epilepsie. It's a great preservation against the pestilence and all evill aire: It purgeth the reins, provoketh urine, breaks the stone, and h. the dropfie: the dose is 3. or 4. drops in any convenient liquor: annointed, it h. the gout: 2. or 3. drops dropped upon the navil h. the chollick. *Ern.* and the gallsie and ulcers.

Junoes teares, see Vervaine.
Jupiters beard, see Great House-leek;
Jupiters distaff, see Clarie.
Jurey, see Darnel.

Ivy. *Hedera.*

M. About walls and trees: untilled and dark places.
M. It flourisheth in Autumne, the berries in winter.
N. *Κισσός* & *Κιστός*. Ground ivy is called *Corona terra Chamæcissus*.

Ivy: *Ger. K.* as the climbing or berried, and barren or creeping. *T. Gal.* It hath contrary faculties, sc. an earthy, binding, and cold substance, and a substance somewhat biting; and when green, a warme watery substance also.

V. The

V. The green leaves of Ivy boiled in wine h. old ulcers, and virulent; as also burnings, and scaldings. boiled in vinegar it h. bad spleenes. the fl. and fruit more effectually; and h. burnings. The juyce used as an *errhine* purgeth the head, stopps the running of the eares and healeth their ulcers; as also those of the nostrills. if too sharpe, adde oile of roses, or sallad oile. The gum of the old stocke killeth lice, and is a *psilothron*, being hot and burning. *Diosc.* 5 of the berries stamped and made hony in a pomegranat rinde with oile of roses, and dropped into the contrary eare, h. the toothache. The berries make the haire black. The leaves are good to be applied to issues, attracting the humors. and preventing inflammations, being green. The berries d. are diurecticke, and lichenotriptick. The leaves steeped in water 24 houres, h. sore, smarting, and waterish eyes if bathed with the infusion, ground Ivy. *K.* as the cammon, and rocke alehoofe. *T.* Is hot and dry, bitter, scouring, and opening the obstructions of the intralls. V. put into the eares it h. the ringing, and deafenesse of the same. *Matth.* The juyce m. with verdigrease h. fistula's and hollow ulcers. *Diosc.* drach. sem. of the leaves d. in unc. 4. sem. of faire water for 40 or 50 daies h. the sciatica. and in 6 or 7 dayes, the yellow jaundise. *Gal.* attributeth all the vertues to the flowers. Ground Ivy stamped with celandine and daisies an. and strained, adding a little sugar and rose water dropped into the eyes h. all inflammations, spotts, web, itch, smarting, and any grieve what ever. it h. though almost blind. The herbs m. with a little ale and hony, strained, and injected into the eyes with a syringe h. the web in the eyes of beasts. It also h. the griefes aforesaid tunned up in ale, and h. rheumes. The decoction stops the termes. Boiled in mutton broth it h. weake and aking backs. Put into ointments, it h. burnings and scaldings. *Park. K.* The *Virginian ivy* *T. V.* Is only for rarity. *Hieron. unc.* 2. of the decoction of the 1. h. the swellings in the bodies of women. *Park. K.* as that of Lob. and yellow berried. *Diosc.* A pugill of the fl. d. in red wine twice a day

day stopps lakes. *Plin.* The berries h. the jaundise, and kill wormes. so. the white berries thereof. [*Cam.* The juice h. old paines of the head. *Matth.* a cap made of the fresh leaves h. the sore heads of infants. The lesser is lesse effectuall. *Ground Ivy* is vulnerary. The oile of the leaves h. the paines of the intralls. *Lang.* the gum of ivy with wax put to a pained tooth will draw it out, without paine. so the powder alone rubbed on, or mixed with the powder of the leaves & milk of spurge. *Oleum baccarum hadera, chym. Pharm. Lond.* or the chymicall oile of ivy berries, h. cold diseases of the joynts, stone, and moves the courses; used as juniper oile.

K.

Kandle gras, see Goose gras.
Karse, see Cresses.
Kernelwort, see Figwort.
Kene, see Hemlock.
Kik, see Palma Christi.
Kidney-wort. see Navel-wort.
King cob, see Crowfoot.
Kings Crown, see Melilot.

Kings speare. *Asphodelus Luteus.*

P. In moist and marish places.
T. Fl. in May and June, the leaves are green in winter.
N. *Hastula Regia. Femina Dionysii* Dod.

Kings speare. *Ger. J. K.* as the common, Lancashire, and true Lancashire. T. V. is not used in meat, or medicine. so *Dod. Fum.* The roots d. provoke urine. *Bauh.* The English of *Lobel*, is used by virgins to colour their haire yellow, so. the lye of the flowers.

Knap:

Kipper-nut. see Earth-nut.
Kiss me ere I rise, see Pansies.
Kite Keyes, see Ash tree Keyes.

Knap weed. *Jacea.*

P. The 2 first grow in fertile pastures, the rest in gardens.
T. Fl. in June and July, the last in August.
N. *Materfilion.* The silver Knap-w. *Aphyllanthes Dod.*

Knap-weed. *Ger. J. K.* as the black, great, yellow, mountaine, white flowered, knobbed, and rough headed. T. are of the nature of scabious, whereof they are kinde; yet they are not so proper for the use of physick. V. They h. swellings of the uvula, as divells bit; but not so effectually. *Silver-knapweed.* K. As the great, little, narrow leaved, and thorny. T. V. Are not used for meat or medicine, yet the *Stæbe* of *Diosc.* is usefull. T. The seed and leaves are astringent. V. The decoction injected h. dysenteries, and purulent cares. The leaves ap. as a pultis h. bruises of the eyes and blacknesse, and stop the flowing of blood. *Park.* That of the sea is not used, so. the Spanish. The common is astringent and drying. it h. fluxes & distillations: it h. ruptures d. and ap. fistula's and running sores, and wounds. The rest, as those with divided leaves, &c. operate as scabious.

Knees, see Solomons scale.
Knee holme or hulver, see Butchers-broom.
Knights-spurre, see Lark-spurre.
Gold knops, see Crow-foot.
Knit-back, see Cumsrey.
Knot-berry, see Cloud-berry.

Knot

Knot-grasse. *Polygonum.*

P. In barren and stony ground, almost every where.

T. They are in flower and seed all the summer long.

N. πολύγονον. Seminalis. Sanguinaria. Centumnedia. Corrigiola.

Knot-grasse. Ger. T. Gal. is cold 20, and binding. V. the juice h. the hæmoptysis, and all issues of blood; as the pissing & vomiting of blood, &c. It h. the gonorrhoea and weaknesse of the back, being fried with eggs like a ransie and eaten. So also the decoction d. or the powder taken in a reare egge. the herbe. boiled in wine and hony, h. ulcers and inflammations in the secret parts of both sexes; adding a little allom. and the parts bathed therewith. Diosc. It provoketh urine, and h. the stillicidium, when the urine is hot and sharpe. It is with good successe given to swine, when they will not eat their meat. The other knotgrasses. K. As the mountaine, that of Valentia, the small round leaved, parslie-piert, with the chick-weed break-stone, and small water saxifrage. T. Are cold 20, dry 30, astringent, & increase fasting. The three last are hot 20, and of subtile parts, but parslie-piert is lesse hot than the other two. V. The leaves hereof, with mouse eare an. unc. 1. dried, bay berries, turmerick, cloves, the seeds of the great burr, the seeds in the berries of heppes, or brier-tree, scum-greeke. an. unc. 1. the stone in the oxe gall drach. sem. powdered & d. in warme white wine. drach. sem. or scrup. 2. break the stone. so the two last. Park. K as the greatest. V. as the other, h. fluxes, and all paines c. by heat and inflammations, agues; and defluxions. The berry bearing &c. as the first.

Lacca

L.

Lacca tree. *Lacca.* *

P. In Zealand, Malavar, and other parts of the East Indies.

T. Lacca is generated after much rain.

N. Loc. lacca Sumetri the best. the other lacca Comberti.

Lacca-tree. Ger. lacca is hot 20. V. It comforteth the heart and liver, openeth obstructions, expelleth urine, and h. the dropsie. the artificiall lacca made of the scrapings of brasill and saffron, is used of painters, and not in physick. Park. the first dissolveth the hardnesse of the liver, h. the yellow jaundise, and dropsie, by expelling watery humors: and also h. to breake the stone. Worm, It's hot 10, dry 30. It purgeth thick flegme, choller, and melancholy, c. a good colour, kills wormes, and h. fevers, De Dond: It extenuateth Dialacca Pharm. Lond. or, powder of Lacca, compounded, strengthens the stomack and liver, opens obstructions h. dropfies, and the yellow jaundise. It provokes urine, and breaks the stone in the reins and bladder, the D. is drach. sem. to drach. 1. but it hurts childing women. Trochisci de lacca, or, the Troches of Lacca, h. stoppings of the liver and spleen, and scavers thence, also dropfies, wind and purgeth by urine, the D. is drach. sem. or drach. 1. according to age &c. It's preparation see in the London Dispensatory.

Ladies bedstraw. *Gallium.*

P. The first groweth upon sunnie bankes, the second in marshes &c.

T. They flower most of the summer moneths.

N. Γαλλιον ή γαλλιον ή γαλαδιον: the rest, Species lappaginis.

Ladies bed-straw. Ger. K. as the yellow, that with white

white flowers, with red flowers, and the great bastard. T. these, especially *that with yellow flowers*, are dry and binding. *V.* the *flowers of the yellow. Diosc.* Are used in ointments against burnings, stop blood, and are put in the cere-cloth of Roses. With *oile olive* set in the sun till white and ap. it h. wearied travellers. the root d. in wine c. lust: so the *flowers* smelled to. the herb is used for rennet to make cheese with, and h. to break the stone. the *white* are not used in physick or surgerie. *Lonic.* Applied in *baths* it h. the itch in children. *Park.* d. it stops the blood and h. inward wounds. *Clus.* the *white flowered* h. the joynts, cold, and paines. *Fuch.* It's some what sharp and drying. *Col.* The herb, and flowers being bruised, and put into the nostrills stayeth their bleeding, and it doth as much to wounds, applied thereunto, and h. burnings. the *white flowered* ap. comfort and strengthen the sinews, arteries and joynts.

Ladies bower, see Virgins bower.
Ladies comb, see Shepherds needle.
Ladies-glass see Venus looking glass.
Ladies haire, see Mayden haire.
Ladies lace, see Grasse.

Ladies Mantle. *Alchimilla.*

P. In pastures and copses, or low woods.
T. It fl. in May and June, flourisheth all the yeare.
N. *Stellaria. Sanicula major. Pes Leonis. Drosion Cordi.*

Ladies mantle. *Ger. T.* It's like little Sanicle, yet more drying and binding. *V.* It's applied to wounds as small sanicle is, and operates after the same manner. It stoppeth bleeding and the courses. It keepeth down maidens paps; and when they are too great or flagey, it maketh them lesser or harder. *Park.* It stops bleeding vomiting, and fluxes, and h. bruises, ruptures, and the whites. The *distilled water* d. 20 dayes together h. sterility in women c. by humidity: so *Schenck.* and *Matth.*

Matth. so bathed. It h. humid wounds and consolidates. *Trag.* ap. it h. wounds, paines and inflammations. *Myl.* It's in a mean between hot and cold.

Ladies navel, see navell wort.
Ladies scale, see Black bryony.

Ladies Slipper: *Calceolus Marianus.*

P. On the mountaines of Germany, Hungary, &c.
T. It flowereth about the midst of June.
N. *Calceolus Maria; & Sacerdotis.*

Ladies Slipper. *Ger. F. K.* as the first and second.
T. V. it's not as yet writ of or used in physick. *Park.* also is silent herein: so *Dod. &c.*

Lang de-beef, see Wild bugloss.

Larch-tree. *Larix. **

P. Upon the Alps of Italy, in Moravia &c.
T. The cones are to be gathered before winter, the rosin in summer.
N. *Ades.* The agarick *Agaricum.* The rosin *Laricea resina. Terebinthina Offic.*

Larch tree. *Ger. T.* the leaves, bark, fruit, and kernels, are of the temper of the pine but are not so strong, the rosin is moister than other rosins, without sharpnesse, and vulnerary, and operates as the turpentine rosin. *Agarick* is hot 1^o, dry 2^o. it cutteth, cleaseth, openeth and purgeth. *V.* It h. the jaundise, and cold shakings, which are caused by thick and cold humors. d. and ap. it h. those that are bit of venemous beasts that hurt with their cold poison. It provoketh urine and bringeth down the menses: it maketh the body well coloured, expelleth wormes, h. agues especially quotidianes and wandering fevers, and others that are chronicall,

chronicall, which it doth by purging away grosse, cold, and flegmatick humours. The dose in substance is drach. 1. or drach. 1. sem. in infusion or decoction from drach. 2. to 5. but it purgeth slowly & doth somewhat trouble the stomach, therefore it is mixt with ginger, wild carrot or Lovage seed or *sal gem.* or it may be given with oxymell. Agarick being taken with the syrup of vineger, h. pains and swimings of the head, or the epilepsie. it h. the asthma, cough of the lungs, pryssick, consumption, and hæmoptysis: it comforteth the weak stomach, c. good digestion, and kills wormes. *Park* the coales of the wood are of most force to melt the iron oare, the *Venice turpentine* clenseth the reins and bladder, expels urine and the stone, and with white amber it h. the gonorrhoea. In an electuary it h. flegme and consumption. *Hiera cum agarico, P. L.* or *Hiera with Agarick,* operates as agarick with hiera simple. *Pillula de hiera cum agarico,* or, pills of hiera with agarick, operate as the former composition, also they are more purgative than the hiera picra simple, & fitter for phlegmatick bodies, & diseases, & will performe all the effects thereof in a smaller dose, they h. puling stomachs, shortwinded lungs, and other diseases thereof from thick phlegme, the D. is drach. 1. or drach. 1. sem. Also some make them universall applying them to all parts of the body, and almost all diseases in them from choller, phlegme or melancholy: making it to resist poyson, and epidemicall diseases; to h. the gout, dropsie, and epilepsie; to provoke the termes, and ease the fits of the mother, to cure agues of all sorts, shortness of breath, consumptions of the lungs, and vertigo; to open obstructions of the liver and spleen; to cure the yellow jaundise and sharpness of urine; to strengthen the brain and memory, &c. and it's harmeles. the D. may be scr. 1. at night, 3. houres after a light supper, walking abroad the next day, it working gently, so doing for a week together. *Pillula de agarico P. L.* or the *Pills of Agarick,* clense the breast and lungs of phlegme, and work well, the D. is drach. sem. keeping warme. Also they

they purge out rheume there, and so h. the pthifick and shortness of breath, old coughs and the like diseases from thick and phlegmatick humours, the D. is drach. 1. if need. *Agaricus trochiscatus, P. L.* or *Agarick trochiscated,* hath the virtue of the simple but is fitter for use. *Trochisci de Agarico,* or the troches of Agarick, have the virtues of the same and are thus more convenient, they clense the brain of phlegm, & the stomach of tough thick & viscous humors, the D. is drach. 1. at once. Also they are made to be kept in a readiness to compound other medicaments, and are seldome used alone; yet alone they will performe all the effects of agarick. they purge thick phlegme mixed with choller out of the head, but especially thick, corrupt and clammy humors out of the breast. *Schrad.* the extract of Agarick, is given from scr. 1. to scr. 2.

Larks-heel, toes, or claw, see Larks-spurr.

Lark spur. *Consolida regalis.*

P. In gardens sown: the last in corne fields.

T. Fl. at summer long.

N. *Flos regius. Bucinum. Delphinium. Calcaris Flos.*

Lark-spur. Ger. *J. K.* as the garden, white or red, double, great double and wild T. are temperate and warme of nature. V. some affirme that the seed d. h. the stings of scorpions. *Park.* They are not used in physick. *Croll.* Three or more of the flowers eaten h. the stich of the side. *Brunfels.* The flowers h. the redness of the eye, heate of the body, coughs, strangury and sciatica &c.

Lafer

Lasertwort. *Lacerpitium*. *

P. The best groweth upon the mountaines of Cyrene.

T. It flowreth in Montpelier about midsummer.

N Σίλπιον. The gum is called *Lasert*. That of Syria *Afa foetida*.

Lasertwort. Ger. **T.** the herb especially the root is hot and dry 3°. *Lasert* exceedeth much the heat of the leaves and stalkes. **V.** the root stamped with oile scattereth clotted blood, h. spots c. by bruises, dissolveth the Kings evill and all hard swellings ap. as a plaister, and with the oile of *ireos* and wax it h. the sciatica. Being held in the mouth and chewed it h. the tooth-ach, drawing the humors from the brain. The gum, especially the *Lasert* of *Cirene* dissolved in water and d. h. hoarsenesse, and taken with a reer egge h. the cough and with broth the old plurisie: it cureth the jaundise and dropsie, taken with dried figs. **Ser.** 1. with a little pepper and myrrhe h. the shrinking of the sinews, and members out of joynt. Taken with hony and vineger it h. the epilepsie. It's good against the flux of the belly c. by debility of the stomach, taken with raisins of the sun. It driveth away the shiverings of agues, d. with wine, pepper and white frankincense. The *electuary* hereof h. quartain fevers. d. and ap. it h. all venemous bitings and shots, it bringeth to maturation all pestilentiall inpostumes and carbuncles, ap. with rue, salt peter, & hony; and h. corns being first scarified. ap. with copperas and verdigrease it h. excrescencies, the polypus, and manginess. ap. with vineger, pepper and wine it h. scurf and the falling of the haire. *Afa foetida* is good for all the purposes aforesaid, yet not so good as the *Lasert* of *Cyrene*: it's good also to be smelled to, and to be applyed to the navels of women troubled with the rising of the mother. **Park.** **R.** as the French and that of *Alpinus*. **V.** That of *Diosc.* boiled in vineger with the rind of a pomegranate h. against poison. **Gargled** it h. the quinsie & draweth out horse leeches with

with vineger d. in lye it h. cramps, and c. the courses with myrrhe and pepper.

Lavender. *Lavendula*.

P. In gardens in these cold countries.

T. They flower and flourish in June and July.

N. Λαύδαρη. *Nardus Italica*. *Pseudonardus*
Lavandula.

Lavender Ger. **R.** as the common, white flowered, and spike. **T.** is hot and dry 3°. of thin substance consisting of many airy and spirituall parts, so h. cold diseases of the head that are *sine materia*. **V.** the distilled water smelt unto, or the temples & forehead bathed therewith h. those that have the cataleptic, a light megrim, the epilepsie & syncope in a body that is not plethorick or feverish. The flowers picked from the knops, m. with cinnamon, nutmegs, & cloves powdered & d. in the distilled water thereof, h. panting and passions of the heart, the vertigo swimming of the brain, and members subject to the pallsie. A conserve of the flowers also h. the disease aforesaid, the quantity of a bean being taken first in a morning. Bathing with the distilled water of the flowers h. those that are paralytick; so also the oile of the flowers, and oile olive, made as oile of roses being appointed. *French lavender* or *stickadove*, *Stæchas*. **R.** as the common, jagged, toothed, and naked *Stæchas*. **T.** hath a little cold earthy substance so binding: it also opens obstructions, extenuateth, scourerh, and strengthneth the intrals and whole body. **V.** *Diosc.* The decoction h. the diseases of the chest. and is used in antidotes. the flowers h. paines of the head, and diseases thereof c. by cold as the apoplexie and epilepsie &c. The decoction of the heads and fl. d. opens the liver, lungs, milke, mother, bladder and all inward parts, driving forth corrupt humors and procuring urine. *Sea lavender*. *Limonium*. **R.** as the common, rock, that with the indented leaf, and hollow leaved. **T.** the seed is very astringent. **V.** the seed

seed powdered and d. in wine h. the collick, strangury, and dysentery, the over much flowing of womens terms, and all other fluxes of blood. *Lavender cotton*, *chamecyparissus* T. the seed is bitter, hot and dry 30. V. *Plin.* the herb d. in wine h. the poyson of all venomous beasts. Given green or dry it killeth wormes; so the seed, and expelleth them, and operates as effectually as worrne seed. *Park.* V. *Oile of spike* h. cold and benumbed parts: and serves for perfumes. The dried flowers comfort and dry the moisture of a cold brain. *Stickadove* expels melancholly, clenseth and strengtheneth the liver and inward parts. *Lavender cotton*, is used in remedies for cold diseases. *Col. lavender water* d. h. lost speech. the smell h. the sight: it h. gripings c. by cold. *Spiritus lavendulae compositus*, *Matthiae.* P. L. or the Compound spirit of lavender of *Mat.* cleers the sight of aged, phlegmatick, or sanguine persons also it strengthens the braine, nerves, heart and womb, and all internall parts, and so resists the diseases from weakness and oppression by cold, crude, melancholick humours. so it h. the epilepsie and convulsion chiefly, palsie and tremblings of the joynts from a cold cause; against doleness of wit, and want of memory from a cold and moist distemper of the brain and nerves. It corrects cold flashy distempers of the womb, and h. barrenesse thence. It h. convulsions in children, being well allayed with waters of cowslips, black cherries, and lilly convally, and sweetned with syrup of black cherries, with rue water it is thought to h. children bewitched. *Syrupus de Stœchade*, P. L. or *Syrup of Stœchas* or French lavender, h. cold infirmities of the brain, spinal marrow, nerves, and sense and motion, annoied by cold or melancholly. It's excellent against palsies o. the tremblings of the limbs, convulsions, cramps, epilepsies, and all other infirmities of the brain, from moisture, cold or melancholly: the D. is *unc. 1.* in the morning. Also it strengthens the brain, nerves and joynts, and h. head-aches and joynt pains from cold. It warms a cold stomach and natrix; and helps

helps barrenness in women from the excessive moisture of the womb, the D. is *unc. sem.* to *unc. 1. sem.* or *unc. 2.* in sage or bettony water in the morning, and at 4. in the after noon, and an houre before bed time, to women disordered as above said. *Oleum lavendulae chim.* P. L. or the Chymicall oile of lavender, h. the running of the reins being annointed with it. It expels worms, 2 drop. being taken in wine; the back being annointed with it, h. the palsie.

Launce for a lad see Cats-taile.

Laurell. *Laureola.*

P. In mountaines, rough, shadowie, and woody place.

T. Fl. in winter: the fruit is ripe in May and June: it's always green.

N. *Δαφνοειδης. Chamadaphne. Peplion.*

Laurell. *Ger. K.* as the Spurge laurel. T. It agreeth with the Germane spurge olive throughout the whole substance being biting and extreme hot. V. *Diosc.* the dry or green leaves purge flegme. It provoketh vomit and bringeth down the menses, being chewed it draweth water out of the head. It causeth sneezing. Also 15. gr. d. are a purgation. *Lugd.* the leaves taken h. the dropsie, but evert the stomack, and inflame the intralls, except macerated in vinegar with a quince &c. *Jo.* the antidote is milk with butter and bole arm. *Park.* the berries are given to h. the collick: so the oile ap. It h. the piles and urine stopt.

Laurel of Alexandria, see Horse-tongue,

Lead-wort. *Plumbago Plinii.*

P. In gardens when Planted there.

T. Fl. in July and Aug.

N. *Molybdana. Dentillaria Rondeletii.*

Lead wort. *Ger. T.* is caustick. V. It helpeth the
L tooth

tooth-ach and that (as some say) if it be held in the hand onely. *Park.* It h. the sciatica, or paine in the joynts; or any other inveterate greif, the leaves being bruised and ap. with axungia, as Sciatica Cresses. The same also h. marks, scabs, and deformity of the skin. The juice d. in ale c. speedy delivery in travaile.

Leekes. *Porrum.*

P. In a meane earth, fat, well dunged and digged.

T. It may be sown in March or Aprill. removed in September.

N. *πεγόν. Porrum Palladii.* The 1. *Capitatum.* The 2d *Scellivum.*

Lecke. Ger. F. K. as the beaded, cut or unset. *T.* Is hot and dry, and doth attenuate as the onion. *V.* boiled it is lesse hartfull and looseth it's sharpnesse, yet is cacochymick; but better taken with cold herbs. Boiled and eaten with *ptisana*, it concocteth and expectoraterh raw humors lying in the h. east. in a *loboch* it clenseth the lungs. the juice d. with hony h. bitings of venomous beasts; so also the leaves stamped and ap. the same juyce with vinegar, frankincense and milk, or oile of roses dropped into the eares h. their pain and nose, *drach.* 2. of the seed with the like weight of myrtle berries d. stoppe the hæmorrhys of long continuance. the same ingredients put into wine, keep. it from souring, and if some amend the same. It cutteth rough humors. *Lobel* the following *loboch* h. fl. gnatrick squandaries and other cold catarrhes that suffocate. take blanched almonds *unc.* 3. 4 figgs, soft *bdellium unc.* sem. juice of lyquorice *unc.* 2. or sugar candy dissolved in a *f.* 9. of the juice of leekes and boiled in B. to a syrup, as much as may serve to make the rest into the forme of an eclegma. H. It heateth the body, c. ill bloud, and terrible dreames d. l. the sight, is noysome to the stomach, breedeth winde, and offendeth hot and cholericke bodies. *Wild leekes. K.* as the common, French and

cives

cives. T. *Cives* are hot and dry like the leek. the *vine leek* is more hot than the rest. *V.* *Cives* attenuate, open, and are diuretick, and c. hot and grosse vapors &c as the leek. the *vine leek* or *Ampeloprason* provoketh urine and the flowers, and h. bitings of venomous beasts. *cives* are called *Schœnoprason. Park.* Leeks eaten h. hoarsnesse; and baked in hot embers the surfeit of mushrooms. the green blades boiled and applyed warme h. the piles. *Rum.* the juice d. with raseley extracts the *fævus. Park.* *Theat.* Leeks are much about the same property, that onions are, yet not altogether so effectually.

Lentils. *Lens.*

P. In gardens, and fields sown.

T. They flower and wax ripe in July and Aug.

N. *Φαλός ή φακή. Lenticula.*

Lentils Ger. K. as the great and little. *T. Gal.* they are in a meane between hot and cold; yet dry 20. their skin is astringent. the substance of an earthy juice, somewhat harsh. *V.* the first decoction d. with salt and pickle doth loosen the belly. the second bindeth and h. laskes, especially if boiled with red beets, myrtles, the pills of pomegranats, dried roses, medlars, service berries, unripe peares, quinces, plantain leaves, galls, or the berries of sumach. the meale of lentils mixt with hony doth mundifie ulcers, and rotten sores. it c. flesh, and is good to put to digestives, for green wounds. the skins being taken off they are more nourishing and lesse binding. they are of thick and bad juice, stop the belly, melancholly. & if much eaten c. the lep. osie. they h. the drop sic. H. they hurt the sight stop the menses, c. sad dreams, hurt the head, sinews & lungs. 30. of hem shelled & swall. well h. the overcasting of the stomach Boiled with parched barley meale and ap. they h. the gour, with hony fill sores, beake aschaies, cleanse ulcers. and boiled in wine wast wens, & hard swellings of the throat. with a quince, melilot and oile of roses, they h.

the inflammation of the eyes and fundament, which if great they must be boiled with the rinde of a pomegranate, dry rose leaves and hony. If sea water be added they h. eating sores that are mortified, also pushes, shingles, S. Anthonies fire, and kibes ap. and also womens breasts in which the milke is curdled. *Sea Lentill. Lenticula marina. Johns. K.* as the narrow & cut leaved T. V. May be eaten as samphire. 'Tis thought to be diureticall. *Park.* They hurt dry constitutions and those that have the courses stopped. The decoction with rose leaves and quinces h. ulcers, *Senn.* and the phlyctænæ, as also that of myrtles.

Lentisk, see Maslick tree.

Leopards-bane. *Doronicum.*

P. In gardens: and wild on high mountaines.

T. They flower in June, and July.

N. Ἀκόνιτον παρδαλίου χεῖς. *Myophoron. Thora.*

Leopards-bane. *Ger. F. K.* as the small, and great with the cray fish, winged, narrow leaved, large flowred and the greatest wolfsbane. T. are cold. V. They are mixed with compound medicines that h. paines of the eyes: and being green h. their inflammation. It killeth all fourefooted beasts in the compasse of one day; yet the root h. stingings of scorpions. *Gesn. drach. 2.* of the powder being taken h. the vertigo and epilepsie, or mixed with gentian, the powder of misle-toe, and *astrantia. Schwenck.* the root is sweet and temperate. *Senn.* the antidote is milke and mithridate &c. *Park. K.* as the fained of *Matth. V. Theoph. Plin.* It's good against scorpions taken in warmed wine, resisting the poyson.

Lettuce

Lettuce. *Lactuca.*

P. In manured, fat, moist, and dunged ground.

T. It's to be sown at the first spring, and that very thin.

N. Σπίδαξ ἡ βυβήχιον *Pythagoreorum. Chas Arab.*

Lettuce. *Ger. K.* as the garden, curled, cabbage, small curled, Savoy and Lumbard lettuce. T. Is moderately cold and moist. V. It cooleth the heate of the stomach, h. the and heart burning, and choller, quencherth thirst, and c. sleep, and milke in dry bodies, tempering the heat and drynesse, and hindereth in cold bodies. It maketh a pleasant sallad being eaten raw with vinegar, oile and a little salt: if boiled it is of easier digestion, and more nourishment. Taken before meat it whetteth the apperite; taken after, it preventeth drunkennesse, slaying the vapors. *Gal.* It neither bindeth nor looseth the belly; yet the contrary is found true by experience. Being ap. outwardly it h. all inflammations, burnings and scaldings ap. with salt before the blisters appeare. The juyce too much used quencherth the naturall sperme, but procureth sleep. *Wild lettuce. Lactuca sylvestris. K.* as the greatest smelling of opium, & the wild with the divided leafe. T. are cold fine 3ⁱⁱⁱ. V. *Diosc.* Some mix the juyce thereof with opium. The juyce d. in oxycrate q. ob. 2. or scr. 1. purgeth watric humors, and clenseth the ulcer in the eye, argemon, and h. the darkenesse of sight. Stamped & ap. with womens milk it h. burnes, and scalds: it's hypnotick and anodyne, moves the courses, and h. the stingings of scorpions, and the bitings of spiders. The seed d. like the garden lettuce h. venery. *Lambs lettuce or corne sallad. Lactuca agnina. T.* Is cold and something moist like the common, and in stead thereof, in winter and the first spring it serveth for a sallad herbe used as the rest. *Park.* The juyce ap. with oile of roses to the fore head, h. the paines of the head: ap. to the testicles it h. the colts evill, and with cimphire it restraineth lust. H. but it's hurtfull to those that are asthmaticall. *Mac.* It tempereth adust humors.

Pem The first is cold, and moist 10 or 20. ap. it h. lust.
Park. K. as the *sharpe pointed garden lettuce*. Gal. Serap.
 It yeilderh good nourishment. the juice with oile of
 roses, ap. c. sleep and h. the head-ach. c. of heat, as
 also the colts-evill, and heate of urine. The wild. K. as
 the purple fl. T. V. as the rest.

Lich-wale, see Gromel.

Lich-wort, see Pellitory of the wall.

Lignum aloes, see Aloes.

Lignum vitæ, see Pockwood.

Lilly-leek, see Moly.

Lilly-royall, see Penny-royall.

Lillie. *Lilium*.

P. In gardens planted: naturally in Italy, Persia &c.

T. Fl. from May to July

N. *Κεϊνωτια, κρείον η̄ λελειον. Rosa Junonis.*

Lillies. Ger. the white lillies, *Lilium album*. K. as the
 common, and that of Constantinople. T. is hot, and partly
 of a subtile substance. The root is dry 10, and hot 20. V.
 the root of the garden lilly stamped with hony congluti-
 nateh the sinewes cut in sunder, and consumeth
 achores, and the scurfinesse of the beard and face.
 Stamped with vineger, the leaves of henbane, or the
 meale of barley, it h. the tumors of the privities. It c.
 haire in burned and scalded places m. with oile or grease
 and ap. Roasted in the embers, and stamped with some
 leaven of rie bread and hogs grease, it breaketh pesti-
 lentiall botches, and ripeneth buboes coming of venery.
 The flowers steeped in oile olive, and shifted two or
 three times during summer, and set in the sun h. the
 sinues and hardnesse of the matrix. Jul. Alex. the distil-
 led water thereof d. c. speedy deliverance, and expell-
 eth the secundine. the leaves boiled in red wine and ap.
 h. old wounds, and ulcers, the root stamped, strained
 with

with wine and d. for two or three dayes together, ex-
 pellerh the pestilence. the juice m. with barley meale,
 and baked in cakes and eaten for a moneth h. the drop-
 sie. Florent. the root being curiously opened, and any
 colour that is not caustick being put in causeth the
 flower to be of the same colour. Red lillies, *Lilium ru-
 brum*. K. as the common, gold red, fiery red, bulbe bearing,
 that with bulbs growing along the stalkes, and small red.
 T. Gal. The flower is partly of rhin, partly of an earthy
 essence. the roots and leaves dry and cleanse, and mode-
 rately digest and wast. V. the leaves of the herbe ap. h.
 the stings of serpents, the same boiled and mixed
 with vineger h. burnings, green wounds, and ulcers.
 The roots roasted in the embers, and stamped with oile
 of roses h. burnings and hardnesse of the matrix. Stam-
 ped with hony it cures the wounded sinews and mem-
 bers out of joynt, and h. the morphew, wrinkles and
 deformities of the face. Stamped with vineger, the
 leaves of henbane, and wheat meale it h. hot swellings
 of the secreet parts. the roots boiled in wine ap. h.
 cornes. d. with mead they purge out unprofitable
 bloud. Mountain lillies, *Lilium montanum*. K. as the great
 and small. T. V. are not yet used in physick. the other
 lillies. *Lilium Bizantinum*. K. as the red of Constantinople,
 the Byzantine purplish sanguine coloured, the light red
 and vermillion Byzantine many flowred. T. V. are of as
 little use as the former, the narrow leaved reflex lillies.
Lilium angustifolium. K. as the red, the yellow mountain
 with the spotted flowers and unspotted. T. V. are thought
 to agree with the other lillies. The Persian lilly. *Lilium
 Persicum*. T. V. serveth for ornament to the garden; but
 is as yet of no known physick use. lilly in the valley.
Lilium Convallium. K. as the common, and red, T. are hot
 & dry. The flowers distilled with wine, & d. the quantity
 of a spoonfull, restore speech unto those that have a
 dumb palsey, h. the apoplexie and gout, and comfort
 the heart: strengthen the memory and h. inflammations
 of the eyes, being dropped thereinto. The flowers be-
 ing put into a glasse, and set in a hill of ants close stop-
 ped

pred for one month's space, there shall be a *liquor* that appeaseth the pain of the gout being applyed. *Water lilly* or *water rose*, *Nymphaea*. K. as the *white*, *yellow*, *small white*, and *dwarfe*. T. the *roots* and *seed* dry and bite. V. *That with yellow fl.* stoppeth the laske, bloody flux and gonorrhoea. *That with white flowers* is of greater force, and stoppeth the whites d. in red wine: they cleanse the morpew, h. the alopecia, steeped in rarie; and the morpew in water, sc. the *white* for the first, and the *black root* for the other. *Theoph.* Stamped and ap. they stop bleeding. The *flowers of the white* h. the infirmities of the head, c. by heat. The *root of the yellow* h. hot diseases of the kidneys and bladder, and the gonorrhoea. the *root and seed of the great water lilly* d. h. venery; or the *powder* taken in broth, drying the sperme. the *conserve of the flowers* operates as the former, and h. burning fevers the *oile of the flowers* refrigerateth, causeth sleep, and preventeth venereous dreames: the temples of the head, palmes of the hands, the feet and breast being anointed for the one; and the genitors for the other. The *green leaves of the great water lillie* ap. to the back h. the gonorrhoea being renew'd thrice a day. The *yellow lillie* with the *day lillie*. T. is referred to the *Asphodils* V. *Diosc.* A pessary of the root with hony brings forth water and blood. Stamped with the leaves and ap. it h. hot swellings in the dugs in childing women, inflammations of the eyes, and burnings. *Park.* K. as the *water lilly of Egypt* &c. T. V. the leaves and flowers are cold and moist. *Syrupus florum Nymphaeae simplex*, *Pharm. Lond.* or *syrup of water-lilly flowers simple*. and *compositus*, or the *Compound*, are both fine cooling syrups; they h. the heat of chollier, provoke sleep, cool the body, both head, heart, liver, reins & marries, & so h. their hot diseases the D. is unc. 1. fasting. *Oleum Nymphaeae P. L.* or the *simple oile of water lillies*, cools and h. the violent heat, especially of the head, reins, and bladder, so h. frenzies, procures sleep, preserves from the stone, and h. women apt to miscarry through heat of the reins (their backs being annointed with

with it) which they may easily know by continual pain in their backs, and swelling of their legs; so oile of poppies. Also it is of a very cooling nature. It c. sleep annointed upon the forehead, temples and soles of the feet and stomach, in hot distempers. It h. the heat of the liver, spleen. and kidneys annointed on the region of those parts. It cools lust being annointed on the genitals morning and evening, and upon the region of the kidneys with camphire dissolved in vinegar and well mixed. It h. prins of the head from heat, being annointed on the forehead, temples, nostrills and pulses. *Vn-guentum anodinum*, or the ointment to ease pain, or oile of white lillies, &c. h. pain in any part especially that in inflammations, in wounds or tumors, and for that it is excellent. Also it c. rest, annointed on the forehead and temples, and aswageth the ravings of frantick persons.

Limewort, see Catch-fly.

Limon-tree. *Malus Limonia*.

P. In the sea coasts of Italy and Spain &c.

T. It's alwayes green and bearing fruit.

N. Λιμόνια μύλα. *Limas* & *Limera* Hisp. The first notes the fruit, the second the tree.

Limmon tree. *Ger.* T. the pap is soure, cold and dry with thinness of parts. V. The distilled water of the whole fruit, drawed out by a glasse still h. tetteres & blemishes of the skin, and maketh the face faire and smooth, d. it provoketh urine, dissolveth and expelleth the stone. *Unc.* 2. of the juice mixt with the spirit of wine or *aqua vitae* d. in the fit of an ague h. the shaking, and h. the ague at thrice using, the patient being covered warme to cause sweat; so *unc.* 1. sem. of the distilled water taken. The seed killeth wormes, the syrup h. burning fevers and infectious diseases: so *Unz.* For. *Pal. de Tar. Jonb. Aug. Tab. Pisan.* it comforteth the

the heart, cooleth the inward parts, cutteth and attenuateth. *Park.* The rind and juyce come nere unto the property of the Citrons; but it's weaker to resist poyson, venome or infection: yet the juice being sharper cooleth more. The juice of unripe Limmons d. with malmsy expelleth the stone and killeth wormes. A peece of gold being steeped 24. houres in the juyce thereof, and it d. in wine with the powder of *Angelica* roots h. those that are infected with the plague. The distilled water killeth lice: the juice used at sea preventeth the scurvy, and h. thirst. *Riol.* The syrup h. putrefactions and distempers of the blood. *Col.* the juyce taken every morning with white wine and sugar strengtheneth the heart stomach and head: it h. melancholly. The rind h. the stench of the mouth. The juice h. stains in linnen.

Line-tree. *Tilia.*

P. In gardens and woods.

T. Fl. in May: the fruit is ripe in Aug.

N. Φιλύρα. *Philyra.* *Tela Hisp.* Linden-tree:

Line-tree. *Ger.* K. as the male and female. *T.* the bark and leaves are of a temperate heat, somewhat dry and astringent. *V.* the leaves boiled in smiths water, with allome and a little hony h. sores in childrens mouths. The leaves boiled till tender, and stamped very small with hogs grease the powder of fenugreek and limeseed h. hot swellings and c. maturation of impostumes ap. very hot. The flowers h. pains of the head of a cold cause, dizziness, apoplexie, epilepsie, and not onely the flowers but the distilled water also, *Theoph.* the leaves are sweet, and are fodder for cattle; but the fruit can be eaten of none. *Park.* the coals make gunpowder, being quenched in vinegar they dissolve clotred blood. The juice of the bark steeped and ap. h. burnings. The distilled water of the bark h. against fretting

ting humours that c. the bloody flux. The coals h. the hæmoptysis.

Ling, see Heath.

Lingwort, see White hellebore.

Lions-leaf. *Leontepetalon.* *

P. Among corne in Italy, Candy &c.

T. It flowreth in winter as affirmeth *Pet. Bellon.*

N. Λεοντόπetalον. *Pes Leoninus.* *Brumaria.*

Lions leaf. *Ger. Gall.* It's hot and dry 3°. and digesting. *V. Diosc.* The root taken in wine h. the bitings of serpents, and easeth the pain. It's used in clisters for them that are troubled with the sciatica: so *Trag. Plin. Bauh. Park.* The root ap. h. the sciatica, also it clenseth and healeth old filthy ulcers. *Rawolf.* The inhabitants of *Aleppo* use the powder of the old and greater roots thereof to take spots out of their garments by rubbing them therewith.

Liquorice. *Glycyrrhiza.*

P. In Germany, France, Spain, and in gardens when planted.

T. Fl. in July the seed is ripe in September.

N. Γλυκύρριζα. *Dulcis radix.* *Liquiritia.* *Herba Scythica.*

Liquorice. *Ger.* K. as the hedgehog and common. *T.* the root is sweet, temperate, hot, somewhat binding and moist: the bark is somewhat bitter and hot. *V.* the root h. the hoarseness and roughness of the throat, and breast; openeth the lungs, ripeneth the cough, and expectorated h. flegme: so the Rob or juice, and the ginger bread made of the juice, with ginger and other spices, h. all infirmities of the lungs and breast: The juice h. the heate of the stomach and mouth. d. with new

with wine & raisins it h. the infirmities of the liver and chest, sores of the bladder add diseases of the kidneys. Being melted under the tongue it quencherh thirst, h. the stomach and green wounds applyed; so the decoction of the roots being fresh: The powder of the dried root ap. h. the web in the eye, and ulcers of the mouth. It h. hoarsness difficulty of breathing, inflammations of the lungs, the pleurisie, spitting of blood, consumption and rottenness of the lungs, and all infirmities of the chest: it h. inflammations, tempereth the sharpness of humors, concocteth them and c. easie spitting. The decoction h. the kidneys and bladder exulcerated, the strangury and all infirmities proceeding of sharp, salt and biting humors. *Theoph.* With this and mares milk cheese the Scythians were reported to be able to live 11 or 12. daies. With hony it h. ulcers. *Sala.* The essence h. the diseases of all the cavities of the body, c. by sharp and salt humors. In a *loboch* with rose water and gum-tragacanth it expectorath flegme, and h. thin distillations. the *English* is less astringent. *Col.* Liquorice boiled in fair water, with some Maidenhaire and figs, makes a good drink for those that have a dry cough, to digest flegme, and to expectorate it: it h. the pty sick, consumption, and all griefs of the breast and lungs. It's also used against colds in cattell. *Syrupus de glycyrrhiza, Pharm. Lond.* or syrup of liquorice, clenseth the breast and lungs, and h. continuall coughs, and pleurisies: it may be taken with a liquorice stick; or *unc.* 1. with the pectorall decoction. *Succus glycyrrizæ simplex*, or, the juice of liquorice simple, h. coughs, and colds, &c. and strengthens the lungs. *Succ. glycyrr. compositus*, or that compounded, is of the same virtue. Also the simple juice, clears the voice, opens obstructions, moves urine moderately, allayes sharpnesse of urine, and relieves the heart oppressed with melancholy, or any saddening humour. The compound is more effectually against diseases of the lungs arising from rheum, and flegme, than the former: It dries up rheum, and cuts and expectorates flegme, and strengthens the lungs, a drop or 2. of chymical

micall oyl of hyssop, added to *unc.* 2. of juice of licorice, will make such a medicament as this.

Liricaufancie; see yellow lilly.
 Little whale, see Gromel.
 Live in idleness, see Harts case.
 Live long, see Spanish orpin.
 Wood liver wort, see Lung wort.

Liver-wort. *Hepatica.*

P. In shadowie and moist places, on rocks &c.
 T. It bringeth forth its stars and leaves in June.
 N. Λειχάν. Lichen. The noble *Herba trinitatis* & *Trifolium nobile*.

Liver-wort. Ger. K. as the ground, small with starry and round heads, and *Stone Liv.* T. Stone liverwort is cold, dry, and somewhat binding. V. It h. inflammations of the liver, hot and sharpe agues and tertians of choller. *Diosc.* ap. it stops bleeding, h. inflammations, tetters, and ringwormes. It h. the yellow jaundise, and inflammations of the tongue. *Noble liverwort.* K. as the common, red, and that with double flowers. T. are cold and dry with a little astringtion. V. they h. the weakness of the liver c. by heat cooling and strengthening it. *Bapt. Sard.* A spoonfull of the powder of the root d. certain daies together with wine or broth h. the enterocoele. *White Liver-wort.* K. as the common and double flowered grass of *Parnassus*. T. is dry and of subtile parts. V. The decoction of the leaves d. doth dry and strengthen the moist stomach, the belly, and h. desire to vomit. Boiled in wine or water and d. especially the seed provoketh urine, and breaketh and expelleth the stone. *Brunfels.* It h. all hot impostumes. *Park.* the first h. the gonorrhoea and whites, the rest are for pleasure.

Locron

Locron Gowlous, *see* Crow foot.
 Lodwort, *see* Water crowfoot.
 Londoners May-bush, *see* Hawthorne.
 London tufts, *see* Sweet williams.
 Long-wort, or Bullocks Lungwort,
see, Mullein.
 Loke tree, *see* Nettle-tree.

Loose-strife. *Lythymachia*.

P. In moist meadows, and by water sides.
 T. Fl. in June and July, often untill Aug.
 N. *Λουσιμαχίον*. *Salicaria*. *Coroneola*.

Loose-strife. *Ger. J. K.* as the yellow, small yellow, yellow with branched flowers, tree primrose, spiked, coddled, rose-bay, narrow leaved, blew, hooded, wild, and small purple willow herb. T. the yellow (which is most usefull) is cold, dry and very astringent. V. *Diosc.* The juyce d. h. the bloody flux, it h. green wounds and stoppeth blood; so also as an errhine: so *Fuch.* The smoke of the burned herb driveth away serpents and killeth gnats. *Plin.* It dyeth the haire yellow: d. it h. the dysentry. Made into a salve it cooleth and healeth wounds. As a pessary it stoppeth the termes. The others have not bin experimented. *Park. K.* as the round headed yellow. V. as the first. the juice h. sore mouths, and the secer parts. The small purple fl. V. as the first; so the coddled, and is hot and dry 2°. the distilled water of the spiked h. hurts of the eyes, scars and the quinsy.

Lovage. *Levisticum*.

P. In gardens, where it groweth very much.
 T. Fl. in July and August. and then seedeth.
 N. *Ligusticum*. *Siler montanum*.

Lovage. *Ger.* The common. T. Is hot and dry 3°. V. the

the roots h. all inward diseases, and expel ventosities, especially of the stomach: the seed warmeth it and h. digestion. *Ant. Musa.* The Gennes did formerly use it in their meats, as we do pepper now. The distilled water cleareth the sight, and taketh away all spots, lentils, freckles and redness of the face, if they be often washed therewith. *Bastard Lovage*, with the horse fennell. T. this plant with his seed is hot and dry 3°. V. the seeds of *Siler d.* with wormwood wine c. the menses, h. suffocation of the matrix and cause it to returne to its naturall place. The root stamped with hony and ap. h. old sores and covereth bare bones with flesh. It's diuretick, and h. pains of the intralls of crudity. It h. concoction, consumeth wind, and h. the swelling of the stomach: the root is not so effectually, as not being so hot and dry. *Senn.* It c. sweat, h. the womb, and c. the termes. *Crescent.* It's hot and dry 2°. diuretick, extenuating and opening, and h. the griefs of the stomach. *Park. K.* as th *Germane*, V. the first d. h. agues. The last h. the quinsy, and eyes. *Penot.* The salt h. the stone.

Loufie grasse, *see* Wild black hellebore.
 Louse wort, *see* Staves-acre.
 Lowry, *see* Spurge laurell.
 Lung-flower, *see* Calathian violet.

Lung wort. *Pulmonaria*.

P. Upon old trees rocks and shadowie places.
 T. It flourisheth especially in the summer time.
 N. *Lichen*. The golden *Corchorus Dalechampi*.

Lung-wort. *Ger. J. K.* as the tree, and sea, with the round leaved oister weed, sea thongs, sea wracks, jagged, grasse, sea girdle, sea ragged staff, and hairy riverweed. T. Lung-wort is cold and dry. V. The powder d. with water h. inflammations and ulcers of the lungs, bloody and

and green wounds, ulcers in the privities, and stoppeth the reds, and all fluxes of chollier upwards or downwards. *Fried* with eggs as a ransie and eaten, it strengtheneth the weaknes of the back. The *powder* with salt given to cattle h. their cough and broken windedness. *French lung-w.* *Pulminaria gallica, sive, aurea.* K. as the *broad-leafed*, and *narrow leafed*, with the *golden mouse-eare.* T. are temperate and a little astringent. V. The *decoction* or the *distilled water of the first d.* and ap. munitifies, and h. green wounds: it h. inflammations and hot distempers of the heart, stomack and liver. The *juice* dropped into the eares h. them, if troubled with a pricking paine or noise. *Trags* The water operates as that of succory. *Pen.* the *second* h. whitelowes, and diseases of the lungs. *Cam.* The *third* (if the *Costa of Camerarius*) h. the pthisis, given in conserve, syrup or powder, or used in broths. The *other Lung-wort*, or *cowslip of Jerusalem.* K. as the *spotted narrow leafed*, and *buglosse cowslips.* T. Is of the temperature of great comfrey, yet the *root* is more drying and binding. V. the *leaves* are used among potherbs. The *roots* are thought to h. the infirmities of the lungs, and ulcers thereof, and to be of the like force with the great cumfrey. *Park.* *Cowslips of Jerusalem* boiled and d. h. the hæmoptysis. *Cam.* The *first* is binding, absterfive and glutinating,

Lupine. *Lupinus.*

P. In a sandy and bad soile, hardly in tilled places.

T. They are planted in April and have fruit two or three times.

N. *Σάμω.* *Aurum comicum Plauti.*

Lupine. *Ger. F.* K. as the garden, yellow, blew, and the great blew. T. They are bitter, and of carthy substance, not easily digested. V. being boiled and seasoned with salt they are eaten with pickle, before they be steeped in water and have their bitterness, they cleanse, waite, and kill

kill wormes, taken with hony, water and vineger, or ap. also ap. it h. the morpew, sore heads, small pox, wild scabbs, gangreens. and venemous ulcers, by clensing, consuming and drying without biting. Taken with rue and pepper, it scoureth the liver and spleen, it moveth the courses and expels the dead child ap. with myrrhe and hony. The *meale* wasterh without biting. h. spots c. by dry beating. *cheradas* and *phymata* boiled in water or vineger, or oxymel; and operates as the *decoction*: Boiled in rain water til they yeild a creame they clense, and beautify the face. The *root* boiled with water and d. is diuretick. Lupines made sweet, m. with vineger and d. h. the loathsomeness of the stomack, and c. appetite. Boiled in strong *lye* which barbers use, with wormwood, centorie, and bay salt, they stop gangreens, and h. atrophick members, and stay the ambulative nature of phagedens ap. hot with stuphes of cloth. The *decoction* with the root of black Chameleon thistle ap. cureth the scabbs that are in sheep. *Croll.* The *decoction* thereof expels the pox &c. *Dorst. Æg.* *Lupine* is hot, dry, absterfive, dissipating and drying without biting. Taken with fennel seed, it h. paines and wind of the intestines, the *decoction* thereof with *solatrum* in wine h. the shortness of breath, and heat; and mollifyeth the belly, ap. it h. marisca's. *Park.* K. as the great white. V. as the rest. The *juice* mixt with the gall of a goat, the juice of limmons and *alumen saccharinum* h. nodes and impostumes. The *burning of the husk* drives away gnats. The *wild* are stronger for all purposes, and more effectually.

Lustwort, see Sundew.

Lyne, see Flax.

Lyons foot, see Ladies mantle.

Lyons snap, see Snap dragon.

Lyons turnep, see Lions lease.

Lyng-wort, see white hellebor.

Mace;

M.

Mace, see Nutmeg-tree.

Madder. *Rubia*.

P. In gardens, and clefts of rocks: the second in moist meadows.

T. Fl. from May to September: the roots are gathered in Autumne.

N. Ἐρυθρόδανον. *Erythrodanum*. *Rubia tinctorum*.
Σχῆνον Nicandri.

Madder. Ger. *J*. K. as the red wilde, sea, small Candy, and dwarfe. T. the root is cold, dry, somewhat binding, and withall having divers thin parts, and a little sweetness, with a subsequent harsh taste; yet is it doubted of by some whether it bind or open. V. The decoction of the root h. burstings, bruises and wounds, stoppeth bleeding and h. inflammations. It is used in vulnerary potions, and h. wounds of the chest and intralls. *Jo*. Spiring. The decoction given with triphera magna stops the reds, hæmorrhoides and bloody-flux; so it appeareth to be astringent: it is also by some used in compositions against untimely birth. *Diosc*. thought it diuretick and that it would expell the menses and secundine, and cause bloody urine; but this rather ariseth from the colour of it. Thus it is evident that it doth not vehemently either bind or open. *Plin*. the stalkes and leaves are used against serpents, the root boild in meade, and d. openeth the liver, spleen and kidneys, and h. the jaundise, and provoketh urine. It. h. the lothsomenesse of the Kings evill, & ulcers of the mouth, there being added to the decoction a little allome, and hony of roses. The *Synanchica Dalechampi* dryeth without biting, & h. the squinancy d. and ap. *Lonic*. T. It's hot 20, dry 30. V. with vinegar it h. the itch. *Ern*. The distilled oile h. the epilepsie, apoplexie, and

& losse of speech, 1, or 2, drops being put upon the tongue: d. it h. the swelling of the spleen and quarran agues. *Park*. K. as the smooth leaved. V. It h. the sciatica. The seed taken with vinegar and hony h. hard spleenes. the small K. as the spiked headed, and purple flowered. T. V. are weaker.

Mad-nep, see Cow parsnap.

Madwort. *Alyssum*.

P. It's often sown in gardens: the seed comes from Italy.
T. Fl. and flourisheth in May, the seed is ripe in August.
N. Ἀλυσσον. *Lunaria aspera* Gesn: *Lutea vel Græca*.

Madwort. Ger. K. as that of Gal: and *Diosc*. T. Gal: It's meanly dry, digesting, and scouring. V. Taken, it h. those that are bitten of a mad dogge, it h. morphew, and sunburning. &c. *Park*: K. as that of Columna. V. that of *Diosc*. d. stopperh the hicker if there be no ague, so also smelled to. They also h. wounds inward & outward, digest clotted blood, and h. cancers and filthy ulcers.

Magydare, see Laser-wort.

Maids haire, see Ladies bed straw.

Make-bate, see Shrub-trefoile.

Maithes, see May-weed.

Mallow. *Malva*.

P. In gardens almost all: the wild in untild places:

T. Fl. in July and Aug. the second yeare.

N. Μαλάχη. that of the garden is called *Rosa ultramarina*. the marsh *Althæa*. *Bismalva*.

Mallow. Ger. the bollihocke. *malva hortensis*, K. as the single garden, jagged strange, double purple and double scarlet, and tree with double flowers. T. is moderately hot and moist, but not so much as the wild: it hath a clammy

clammy substance, especially the seed and root. V. The decoction of the flowers, especially those of the red, boiled in red wine stops the courses: the roots, leaves and seeds operate as the wild, which are more commonly used, P. L. the flowers bruised and boyled in hony clarified and strained, make an excellent remedy for coughs, asthma's and consumptions of the lungs. *Wild Mallows*, *Malva sylvestris*. K. as the field dwarfe, *French curled*, *vervaine*, and *Spanish*. T. are moderately hot and moist, of slimy and glutinating joyce, better than those of the garden, moderately nourishing, causing grosse blood, and loosening the belly. V. The leaves h. the stinging of scorpions, bees, wasps &c. *Diosc.* being anointed with oile and the leaves stamped, they hurt not at all. the decoction with their roots d. h. against poyson, it being vomited up again. the leaves boiled soft & ap. mollifie tumors, and hard swellings of the mother bathed, & the fume being taken, the decoction in clysters h. roughnesse & fretting of the guts, bladder, & fundament. the roots of the *Vervaine Mal.* h. the bloody flux, & inward burstings, being d. with wine and water. Note, the *French Mal.* is the wholesomest to be eaten. *Marsh Mal.* *Althea* K. as the common, water, tree shrubby, and hemp leaved. T. is moderately hot, but dryer than the rest: the roots and seeds are more dry, & of thinner parts, digesting and mollifying. V. the leaves digest, h. paines and concoct. Mixed with fomentations and pultises, ap. they h. paines of the sides, of the stone and bladder, and in a bath h. all paines; so the decoction of the leaves d. and expelleth the stone; as also the roots, & seeds. The decoction of the roots h. the bloody flux, by mitigating the frettings thereof, and more effectually there being added the roots of bistort, tormentill, the flowers and rinds of pomegranats &c. P. L. the root h. the grauill, and griping of the belly boiled in milk. The marilage of the roots is mixed with anodyne remedies. Boiled in wine, & the decoction d. it h. the stone, bloody flux, sciatica, cramps, and convulsions. The roots, with the leaves of the common Mal-

lowes

lowes, and of violets boiled in water till soft, then adding a little fennugreek, and linseed in powder, the root of black bryony, and barrows grease, and made to the forme of a pultis, ap. warme mollify hard swellings, and apostumes in the joynts, and sores of the mother: it consumeth all cold tumors, blastings, and windiness: it h. rifts of the fundament; comforteth, & defendeth green wounds from accidents, digesteth them, and c. maturation in old ulcers. the powder of the seeds d. stops the laske, bloody fluxe, & all other issues of blood. *Yellow mallow*, *Althea Lutea*. T. agreeth with the tree-mallow. V. *Avic.* It h. green wounds, and conglutinaeth the same. The seeds d. in wine h. the stone, *Bern:* *Paludan:* the Turkes drinke the seeds to cause sleepe and rest. *Venice mallow*, with the thorny, and *Egyptian coddled*. T. the leaves are clammy, so it's thought to come neere unto the common mallow. V. It mollifieth, but is not used in physick. *Park:* they are all viscous, *Tr.* paines of the stone, ap: mollifie, and are anodyne. *Recch:* K. The sharp mallow of *Maxico*. V. the root is bitter. drach: 2. d. are a gentle purge: *Park:* So the Jewes mallow. the other h. diseases c. of heat. *Syrupus de althea*, *Pharm. Lond.* or the syrup of *Marsh mallows* is cooling opening and slippery, chiedy helping the collick, and stone and gravell in the kidnies or bladder, being drunk or used in clysters. *Unguentum dialthæ*, P. L. or, the ointment of marshmallows, and *compositum Nich.* or the compounded, are both heating and moistening: the latter h. pains of the breast c. by cold and pleuresies, old aches & stiches, & softens hard swellings. *Bar.* the first is of a moderate heating, mollifying, humective, and lenitive virtue. *Brug.* the latter also h. all parts hurt by cold, stiffness, pains in the joynts, and scurvy; it helps cut nerves, pains in the sides, hardness of the sinews, and is resolute. Also its of much use to soften, heat, and moisten. It h. pains of the breast from cold and all pains in the sides alone, or mixed with butter it softens the liver and spleen, and dicusseth windy swellings of the stomach, It h. hardness and weaknes,

weaknesse of the nerves, soders them and closeth wounds. It h. palsied members, and all parts over cooled especially the bladder, being annointed before the fire. It stops the shaking fits of agues annointed upon the back bone, half an houre before the fit. It softens, lenifies, concocts, cuts, and digests.

Mandrake. *Mandragora.*

P. In hot regions, woods, mountains, and gardens.

T. They spring in March: Fl. in Aprill: the fruit is ripe in August.

N. *Mavdegybegs. Circaea. Anthropomorphos. Morian. Terra malum.*

Mandrake. Ger. K. as the male and female. T. is cold 30. the root 40. V. Diosc. the root is flegmatick, the apples are milder, & may be eaten with pepper, and hot spices. Gal. the apples are cold and moist, the barke of the root cold and dry. the juyce is good in all cooling ointments. The dried juyce of the root taken in a small q. purgeth flegme and melancholy. In collyries it h. paines of the eyes. In a pessarie it draweth forth the dead childe and secundine. the green leaves stamped with axungia and barley meale h. all hot swellings and inflammations, & ap. consume hot ulcers and apostumes. A suppositorie made of the juyce and put up into the fundament c. sleepe. infused in wine d. it c. sleepe and h. paines. the apples smelled to c. sleepe, or the juyce taken in a small q. *Æginet. Serap. Auic.* the seed and fruit d. cleave the matrix or mother. Senn. the antidote is wormewood, rue, scordium, castorium, and wine. Mac. also mustard, organie, &c. Jo. and vinegar smelled to. Park. the leaves h. knots in the flesh, and the roots h. S. Anthanies fire, &c. and boiled with ivory mollifie the same. *Oleum mandragora, Pharm. Lond.* or the oile of mandrakes, is very cold; yet it may be annointed upon the temples and noses of those that have a frenzy:

If the patient sleep too long, dip a sponge in vinegar and hold it to the nose. Also it h. vehement pains of the head, and tooth-ach annointed on the cheeks and jaws and c. sleep; caletth headach and phrensies annointed upon the forehead, temples, and nostrils; and for watchfulness upon the pulses and soles of the feet.

Manna grasse, see Dew grass.

Maus matherwort, see Palma Christi.

Maple tree. *Acer.*

P. The 1 in gardens planted. the 2d in low woods and hedges.

T. Fl. about the end of March, the fruit is ripe in September.

N. *Σπινδαμνός. Sphendamnus.* The common *Opulus.*

Maple tree. Ger. K. as the great and lesser. T. Plin. the pounded root ap. h. paines of the liver, Seren. Sammon. d. with wine it h. paines of the side, so Dod. Theoph. the wood serveth for the chiefeest utensills. Park. K. as the three leaved. T. V. as the rest. Gal. drach. 1. of the root powdered and d. in water, h. the liver, but none other of the Greeke writers make any mention thereof, as usefull in any disease. See Cornar.

Maracoc, see Hassion flower.

March, see Smallage.

March beetle, see Cats taile.

Margarets herb, see Daisy.

Maricets, see Coventry bells.

Marigolds. *Calendula.*

P. The double flowered are set in gardens.

T. Fl. from Aprill to winter, and then if warme.

N. *Χρυσάνθεμον. Caltha Chrysanthemum.*

Marigolds. Ger. K. as the greatest double, greater double

weaknesse of the nerves, soders them and closeth wounds. It h. palsied members, and all parts over cooled especially the bladder, being annointed before the fire. It stops the shaking fits of agues annointed upon the back bone, half an houre before the fit. It softens, lenifies, concocts, cuts, and digests.

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T. They spring in March: Fl. in Aprill: the fruit is ripe in August.

N. *Mavdegyōgēs. Circaea. Anthropomorphos. Morian. Terra malum.*

Mandrake. Ger. K. as the male and female. T. is cold 30, the root 40. V. Diosc. the root is flegmatick, the apples are milder, & may be eaten with pepper, and hot spices. Gal. the apples are cold and moist, the barke of the root cold and dry. the juyce is good in all cooling ointments. The dried juyce of the root taken in a small q. purgeth flegme and melancholy. In collyries it h. paines of the eyes. In a pessarie it draweth forth the dead childe and secundine. the green leaves stamped with axungia and barley meale h. all hot swellings and inflammations, & ap. consume hot ulcers and apostumes. A suppositorie made of the juyce and put up into the fundament c. sleepe. infused in wine d. it c. sleepe and h. paines. the apples smelled to c. sleepe, or the juyce taken in a small q. *Æginet. Serap. Auic.* the seed and fruit d. cleanse the matrix or mother. Senn. the antidote is wormewood, rue, scordium, castorium, and wine. Mac. also mustard, organie, &c. Jo. and vinegar smelled to. Park. the leaves h. knots in the flesh, and the roots h. S. Anthanies fire, &c. and boiled with ivory mollifie the same. *Oleum mandragora, Pharm. Lond.* or the oile of mandrakes, is very cold; yet it may be annointed upon the temples and noses of those that have a frenzy:

If the patient sleep too long, dip a sponge in vineger and hold it to the nose. Also it h. vehement pains of the head, and tooth-ach annointed on the cheeks and jaws and c. sleep; caeth headach and phrensies annointed upon the forehead, temples, and nostrils; and for watchfulness upon the pulses and soles of the feet.

Manna grasse, see Dew grass.

Maus matherwort, see Palma Christi.

Maple tree. *Acer.*

P. The 1 in gardens planted. the 2d in low woods and hedges.

T. Fl. about the end of March, the fruit is ripe in September.

N. *Σπινδαμνός. Sphendamnus.* The common *Opulus.*

Maple tree. Ger. K. as the great and lesser. T. Plin. the pounded root ap. h. paines of the liver, Seren. Sammon d. with wine it h. paines of the side, so Dod. Theoph. the wood serveth for the chiefest utensills. Park. K. as the three leaved. T. V. as the rest. Gal. drach: 1, of the root powdered and d. in water. h. the liver, but none other of the Greeke writers make any mention thereof, as usefull in any disease. See Cornar.

Maracoe. see Passion flower.

March, see Smallage.

March beetle, see Cats taile.

Margarets herb, see Daisy.

Maricets, see Coventry bells.

Marigolds. *Calendula.*

P. The double flowered are set in gardens.

T. Fl. from Aprill to winter, and then if warme.

N. *Χρυσοθέμον. Caltha Chrysanthemum.*

Marigolds, Ger. [K] as the greatest double, greater double

Double, smaller double, double globe, straw coloured, double single, fruitfull, Jack an Apes a horseback, and mountaine wild. T. the flowers are hot fere secundo, especially when dry, it's cardiacke, alexipharmicke and antifebricke any way taken. V. d. with wine it briageth downe the termes, and the fume expelleth the secundine. the leaves of the herbe are hotter, and biting, also moist, so mollify the belly used as pot. herbes. Fuch. the juyce gargled h. the tooth-ache. The fl. and leaves distilled, and the water dropped into red and watery eyes h. the inflammation and easeth the paine. The conserve of the fl. and sugar taken fasting in the morning h. trembling of the heart, and prevents the plague, &c. by the corrupt aire. The yellow leaves of the flowers are used by the Dutch to put into broths, and physcail potions for diverse purposes. Germane marigold. *Chrysanthemum latifolium*. K. as the golden with the broad leaf, and lesser. T. Being green it's hot and dry 20. dry, 30. V. Johns: The women living about the Alpes use the root against the suffocation of the mother, the stopping of the courses, and greene sicknesse, &c. Corne-marigold. *Chrysanthemum Sagetum*. K. as the common, that of Valentia, small mountaine, the other Alpine and Candy. T. are thought to be in a meane between heate and moisture. V. Diosc: The stalkes and leaves may be eaten as other herbes. The flowers m. with wax, oile, rosin, and frankincense made up as a seare-cloth, wast cold and hard swellings. The herbe d. after coming out of the bath, h. those that are discoloured by the yellow jaundise. French marigold. *Flos Aphricanum*. K. As the great double single, and small T. V. are venimous. Lash marigold. *Caltha palustris*. K. As the great, small and double flowered. T. V. are not written of. Park: Double marsh marig. T. V. the root is sharpe neere crowfoot. Mac: the flowers colour the haire yellow. Urtz. the juyce. h. the pestilence. So More Scot: Goclen: Agric: Erast: Mind: Palmar: Cam: and Matth. It's heating, opening, digesting, and provoketh to expulsion. unc. 1.

of the juyce, with drach. 1. of the powder of earth wormes d. h. the jaundise.

Marjerome *Marjorana*.

P. They grow wild in Spain, Italy &c. here in Gardens.

T. They are sown in May bring forth leaves in August.

N. *Αμυδγκον*. *Amaracm*. *Maram*. *Sampsycum*.

Marjerom. Ger. K. as the great sweet, pot, and gentle. T. are hot & dry 20: as others 30. V. the sweet h. cold diseases of the brain taken. Put into the nostrils it c. sneezing, purgeth flegm; chewed it h. the toothach: d. provoketh urine, expelleth waterish humors, & resists poyson: the decoction d. h. the dropsie, dysury, sighing & pains of the belly. The leaves dryed m. with hony, taken dissolve clotted blood, and spots c. by bruises. The leaves are good to be put into things that are odoriferous, and their powder into cerots &c. & h. cold swellings, & luxations. The oile h. the shrinking of the sinews, cramps, convulsions, & all aches c. by cold. Wild Marjerome. K. as the bastard, white, of Candy, and the English, *Origanum*, or *organy*. T. All cut, attenuate, d y, and heat 30. that of Candy is the strongest. V. d. in wine it h. the wounds by venomous beasts: d. with wine & raisins of the sun. it h. those that have d. opium &c. The decoction provoketh urine, & the courses, & h. dropsies, in a loboche it h. old coughs and stuffings of the lungs: used in baths it h. scabs itch & scurviness, and the ill colour c. by the yellow jaundise: Drach. 1. taken with meade, purgeth filthy humours. The juyce m. with milke put into the eares h. the pain thereof: m. with the oile of ireos and used as an errhine it draweth down water & phlegme. The herb strewed on the ground driveth away serpents. the decoction looseth the belly, & purge: h. choller: d. with vinegar it h. the infirmities of the spleen, & in wine all mortall poysons, therefore it's put into treacles &c. d. it h. nauseating stomacks, & watery, as also swoonings of the heart. Goats marjerome, *Tragariganum*. K. as the common, that of Clusius, and the Candy. T. are hot and dry

dry 30. Gal. and binding. V. it h. wamblings of the stomach, and belchings, and stops vomiting. They also operate as the other organics. Weck. The dry leaves ap. with hony h. bruises: and in a pessarie draw down the menses, and h. the inflammation of the eyes with barley meale. Park. the common opens the liver, and h. the breast &c. troubled with cold: ap. with flower it h. inflammations. Organy h. the hicket. Oleum majorana, Pharm. Lond. or, the oile of marjoram. h. the weariness, and diseases of the brain and nerves, c. of cold. It h. the dead palsey, if the region of the back be annointed therewith. Snuffed up into the nose it h. the Spasmus cynicus. Dropped into the eares, it h. the noise, it provokes the termes and h. the bitings of venomous beasts. it strengthens the body, the back being annointed with it, and the muscles chafed with it; and the headach if rubbed on the fore-head. The simple oile of sweet marjoram, h. weakness, cold diseases of the brain, noise in the eares dropped in, the bitings of venomous beasts, and provokes the termes in women also it strengthens the stomach and stops vomiting annointed thereupon, and kills worms. It h. the looseness annointed upon the belly; and cause lust, annointed on the testicles and womb. It heats, attenuates and digests. It h. pains of the womb from cold causes, or of any other parts, and discusseth wind. unc. 2. or 3. in a clyster h. the wind and stone collick, and move the courses. Ern. the Chemicall oyle of marjoram, h. the apoplexie and epilepsie, swellings of the spleen, quartan agues, and loss of the voice: the D. is gr. 2.

Marvell of Peru. *Mirabile Peruvianum.*

P. It groweth naturully in Peru: in gardens planted.
T. It's sown in the midst of Aprill. Fl. in September.
N. Hachal Indi. *Solanum odorif. Jasminum Mexicanum.*
Admirabile Peruvianum Clusii.
Marvel of Peru. Ger. K. as that with yellow fl. and with

with white. T. Cortus drach. 2. of the root taken inwardly purge waterish humors. Recch. K. as that of Mexico. T. is sharp, hot and dry with astringion, and of crasse parts. V. therefore it h. the diarrhoea, strengtheneth the stomach, discusseth and h. cold griefs.

Martagon, see Lilly.

Marvelous apples, see Balme apple.

Mast-tree, see Firre-tree

Masterwort. *Imperatoria.*

P. In darke woods and desarts.

T. Fl. from May to August.

N. *Astrantia. Ostrutium. Magistrantia Cam.*

Masterwort. Ger. T. the herb, especially the root is hot and dry 30. V. d. with wine it h. against all poyson, pestilence, and corrupt aire. The roots and leaves stamped and ap. h. pestilentiall botches, and such like swellings. The root d. in wine h. rigorous cold fits of agues, the dropisie, and cause sweate, also it corroborateth the stomach, h. digestion, restoreth appetite, and dissolveth all ventosities. It h. bruises and dissolveth congealed blood: the root stamped with the leaves and ap. h. the bitings of all venomous beasts: also it attenuateth, digesterh, provoketh sweate and urine, concocteth cold humours and h. the collick and stone. drach. 1. of the powder d. diverse daies together h. the dropisie, convulsions, cramps and epilepsie. d. in wine before the fits it h. quartan agues, and pestilent diseases. So Untz. Kunr. Crat. Kentman: Kegl. Tabern: Boiled in sharp wine & gargled very hot, it h. the tooth-ach: chewed it is an apoplegmatisme, it h. apoplexies, drousiness and other like infirmities. As for black masterwort *Astrantia nigra*. See Hellebor, Begu. The salt of masterwort, taken from the quantity of 4. gr. to 8. in the Rob of elder h. all intermitting feavers. Fum. The herb is

sharp and somewhat bitter. *Park.* K. as the mountain *maſt.* T. The root is of very ſubtile parts, and h. all cold diſeaſes. d. in wine it h. cold rheums, & ſhort winded neſs. It h. in womens diſeaſes, and cold poiſons. *Trag.* The root c. luſt. *Penot.* The ſalt h. the dropſie, aſhma, priſick, and ulcers.

Masſtick. *Marum.*

P. Its ſown in gardens, and to be kept from cold.

T. Fl. about Auguſt, and later in cold ſummers.

N. *Mæſev.* *Helenium odorum Theophr.* *Clinopodium Dioſc. Dod.*

Masſtick. Ger. J. K. as the common, *Aſſyrian*, and *creeping.* *T.* are hot and dry 30. *V. Dioſc.* The herb d. and the decoction h. againſt the bitings of venomous beaſts, cramps, convulſions, burſtings and ſtrangury. The decoction boiled in wine till the third part be conſumed, and d. ſtoppeth the laſke in thoſe that have an ague & in others in water. *Lugd. ap.* it h. the nomæ, & is uſed in hot ointments. *Ren.* It operates as organic: eſpecially *Terpſinoe.* *Park.* K. as that of candy. *T.* It's more temperate in heat than marjoram. *V.* it h. againſt poiſon and is odoriferous.

Masſicke tree. *Lentiscus.* *

P. It groweth in Syria. Candy, and Italy &c.

T. Fl. in ſpring. the berries are ripe in Autumne, the roſin is gathered with the grape.

N. ΣΧΙΥΘ. The roſin is called *Masſicke.*

Masſick-tree. Ger. T. the leaves, bark and gum are of a temperate heat, dry 20. and ſomewhat aſtringent. *V.* The leaves and bark ſtop the laſk, bloody flux, hæmoptiſis or ſpitting of blood, and bloody urine, and all other fluxes of blood: it alſo h. the falling ſickneſs, falling down of the mother, and exiſture of the fundament;

ment. The *gum maſtick* hath the ſame virtue being reſoluted in wine & d. Chewed in the mouth it h. the ſtomack ſtops vomiting, increaſeth appetite comforteth the brain, ſtops the deſluxion of rheumes and watery humors, and c. a ſweet breath. The ſame infuſed in roſe water, ſaſteth looſe teeth, and comforts the jawer. Being ſpread upon leather or velvet and ap. *plaiſterwiſe* to the temples, it ſtops the rheume from falling to the teeth, and h. their paines: being put into digeſtives and healing unguents. it h. ulcers and wounds. It draweth ſlegme out of the head. It's uſed in waters that clenſe the face. The decoction filleth hollow ulcers with fleſh, ap. it knitterh broken bones, ſtayeth eating ulcers, and provoketh urine. *Park.* K. as the *Indian.* *V.* the oile of the berries of the firſt h. the itch & leproſie. The powder of maſtick with amber and turpentine h. the gonorrhœa and whites: and with the conſerve of red roſes it h. rheumes: ſo the oile; and h. the collick. *Pilula maſtichina, Pharm Lond:* or the *Masſtick pills* purgeth gently, ſtrengthen much the head, brain, eyes, belly and reins, the D. is *drach. ſem.* at once. Alſo maſtick pills, *pilula marri*, and thoſe of waſhed aloes, reſemble one another in virtues; to which may be added; *Pil. Ruſſi, ſtomack ſimple, with gums* and of 3. things, little differing from the maſtick pills; the *imperiall* and *aloephan-gine* may be added alſo. thoſe of *Roſole aloes, of eupatorium, amber,* and of *rhubarb* are familiar, gentle and maiden pills. *Unguentum maſtichinum P.L.* or the ointment of maſtick, ſtrengthens the ſtomack, if annointed there-with, and reſtores appetite and digeſtion, and is equal to that called *martiatum.* Alſo annointed upon the belly it ſtops looſneſs and dyſſenteries, and the gonorrhœa; and too much pilling upon the reins; and vomiting, if upon the ſtomack. It h. the thinneſs, indigeſtion, and unfruitfullneſs of ſperme annointed upon the teſticles, and if on the ſcames of the head, and nape of the neck, it ſtops deſluxions of rheume, & ſtrengthens the memory and internall ſenſes; and the whole body uſed to the back bone from the neck to the fundament.

Emplastrum de mastiche, or, the plaister of mastick, *Read*, is binding, strengthens the stomach applyed to it, and h. loathing of meat, indigestion, and want of retention of it. *Empl. de mast. Nic: Alex.* or that of *Nic. Alexandrinus*, strengthens the stomach and h. digestion. also it stops vomiting, h. heat and weakness of the stomach used to the sutures of the head. it stops defluxions of rheum; and laid to the belly, it checks a looseness, and mother sits on the womb, and it helps ruptures. the other of *Renod*: is also good to dry up rheums, stop defluxions, strengthens the brain and nerves, h. the memory, used as aforesaid; and ap. to the belly it h. looseness, abortion if to the womb; and used to the loins, kidneys and womb, it h. the gonorrhœa and whites, after generall remedies. *Oleum mastichinum*: or the oile of mastick, strengthens the brain, stomach, liver, sinews, and reins, and stops vomiting and fluxes. Also it easeth pain in any part, and softens hard swellings. It h. palsies, apoplexies, tremblings of the head, hands, or other parts; the dropsie, and cachexie, these parts or the region of the liver being annointed therewith. It refreshes the memorie, fancy, and judgement dulled through weakness and moisture of the brain, & nerves, being annointed on the seams of the head and in the nostrils. *Ern.* the spirit, h. the chollick, and affections of the intestines, the D. is *cochl.* 1. the oile expels flegme, the D. is gr. 6. to 12.

Match-wood, see Touch wood.
Matfellow, see Knapweed.

Mat-weed. *Spartum herba.* *

P. In Spain and the Low Countries.

T. It beares it's heads in summer.

N. *Διυόσπαστρον* Theoph. *Spartum Latinorum.* *Juncus Hisp. & Ibericus.*

Mat-weed. Ger. *J.* K. as *Plinies*, the hooded, *English*;
small

small English, and *heath*, with the *feather grass*. T. are T. are useles in physick, and hurtfull to carttells. They serve to make mats with, and frailes &c. The *feather grasse* serveth for a feather, and is worne by sundry ladies and gentle women. *Park.* K. as the *Spanish rush*, *softer Spanish rush*, and *small French Mat* w. T. V. are as useles as the first. The soft serve to stuff beds with, *Bath.* The rest serve to make shoes with, as also ropes &c.

Maudlin. *Ageratum.*

P. Every where almost in gardens.

T. They bring forth their tufts of yellow flowers in summer.

N. *Ἀγνέστον.* *Eupatorium Mes.* *Costus hortorum* min.

Maudlin. Ger. *J.* K. as the common, that with uncut leaves, and white flowered, with *costmarie*. T. are hot and dry 20. V. they are very effectually, (especially Maudlin) d. and ap. to provoke urine; so the fume, and mollifyeth the obdurate matrix. The leaves of Maudlin and Adders tongue stamped and boild in olive adding a little wax, rosin and turpentine, make an excellent incarnative salve for a deep ulcer or wound. *Costmarie* steeped in ale is very good for the diseases aforesaid; a conserve of the leaves with sugar warmeth and dryeth the brain and openeth its obstructions: it stoppeth all catarrhes, rheumes, and distillations taken in the quantity of a beane. The leaves boild in wine and d. h. the tormina, and bloody flux. It h. those that are troubled with the green sickness or dropsie in the beginning, and h. a weak and cold liver. The seed killeth wormes and expelleth them, as worm-seed do: h. *Park.* K. as the small, purple sweet, and fennell leaved. V. It h. inflammations, it purgeth choller and flegme. It h. putrefaction and obstructions, day agues and the cachexy. *Syrupus de eupatorio, Pharm.*
M 4 Lond.

London. or *syrup of maudlin*, h. the infirmities of the liver from cold dropies and the cachexie. it opens obstructions, cuts grosse humours, strengthens the liver, provokes urine and h. hypochondriack melancholy, it opens but doth not purge; the D. is *unc.* 1. in the morning. *Pillula de eupatorio*. or the pills of *Eupatorium*, are a gentle purge, and clensing, or strengthening, and h. bodies weakned by choller. It h. tertian agues, the yellow jaundise, and all obstructions of the liver, *drach. sem.* being taken at night. *Trochisci de eupatorio*, P. L. or the *Troches of maudlin*, h. obstructions and swellings of the liver and spleen, and their diseases, viz. the yellow and black jaundise, and dropies being used as those of wormwood.

Mayden haire. *Adiantum*.

P. Upon wals, in stony, shadowy and moist places.

T. They are green winter and summer. without flowers.

N. *Ἀδαντὸν*, *Polytrichum*. *Callitrichum*. *Grinita*. *Callus Veneris*: & *terre*, *Cinnamalis*.

Maiden-haire. Ger. K. as the true, Assyrian, and rue. T. the true doth dry, attenuate and wast; and is a mean between heat and coldness. Mes. It's of unlike parts, some watery, earthy and binding, others hot and thin: so when green it looseth the belly, else bindeth it and h. fluxes. V. d. it breaketh the stone and expelleth it, raiseth up slimie humors of the chest and lungs, by spitting, in a *leboch*. It wasteth the Kings evill, and other hard swellings, and c. haire to grow. *Wall rue*, *Ruta muraria*, sive *salvia vitæ* is not much unlike to black maiden haire: it h. the cough, short windedness, and stiches or paines in the sides: boiled it concocteth raw humors sticking in the lungs, h. pain of the kidnies and bladder, gently provoketh urine and expellerh the stone. It h. ruptures in children, the powder being taken for 40. dayes: so *Matth. English* or *common maiden-haire*, *Trichomanes mas*, T. V. Gal. hath all the

the faculties belonging to black maiden haire. V. *decoct* in wine and d. it helpeth those that are short-winded, and the cough, it ripeneth tough flegme, and avoideth it by spitting. The *lye* wherein it hath been sodden, or infused in, is good to wash the head, causing the scurf and scales to fall off. and haire to grow in bare places. *Brunfels*. *Vigon*. It h. the spleen: the *juyce* with southernwood, and cresses, &c. h. the alopecia. *Riol*. The *syrup* of it h. diseases of obstruction. *Park. K.* as the *forreigne*: V. it helps the diseases of the spleen, and causerh a good colour. *Col*. It h. diseases that breed by the obstruction of the liver or spleen. They h. the bitings of venemous creatures. The *leaves of wall rue* m. with a little salt peter, and the urine of a young child, take away the shrivelled wrinkles of womens bellies after their deliverance, if washed therewith. *Syraps capillorum veneris*, *Pharm. Lond.* or *syrup of maiden haire*, opens stoppings of the stomach, strengthens the lungs. and h. their infirmities. it may be taken with a liquorice stick or mixed with the *peccorall decoction*, like *syrup of colts-foot*.

May blossoms, see *Convall. lillies*.

May-bush, see *Haw-thorne*.

May weed. *Cotula*.

P. In corne fields, neer unto pathwaies &c.

T. Fl. in July and August.

N. *Κυράθρις*. *Parthenium Fuch.* & *Virginea*.

May weed. Ger. K. as the common and yellow, with the wild mountain Cammomil. T. are thought to be hot and dry, and like after a sort to Cammomil, yet not at all agreeing with mans nature. V. It h. the mother, and c. blisters. *Hort. San.* The leaves stamped and ap. h. the hardnesse of apostumes. d. it c. vomiting. *Avic.* The smell h. cold windinesse of the head. *Col* It's often used with good successe, for the same purposes that

Cammomilis, especially the *ordinarie* sort, and are both put into *clisters*. *Park*. K. as that with a strong, and no scent. Virtue it's used to dissolve wind and tumors, and ease paines and aches in the joynts &c. especially the *stinking* sort, which is the best.

Mechoacan, see Bryonie of Mexico.

Mede-sweet. *Ulmaria*.

P. It groweth in the brinks of ditches and meadows.

T. Fl. in June, July and August.

N. *Barba capri, & hirci. Regina prati. Medesufium Cordi.*

Mede-sweet *Ger.* T. is cold and dry with astringion. **V.** the root boiled or powdered and d. h. the bloody flux, and all fluxes of blood: The flowers boiled in wine and d. h. the fits of a quartan ague, and exhilerate; so the smell, and delighteth the senses. The distilled water of the flowers dropped into the eyes h. the burning and itching thereof, and clearth the sight. *Park*. K. as the common and greater. **V.** They are likely to be of the faculty of burnet: yet *Trag.* they are more hot and dry: it h. the chollick, ap. it h. phagedens, and sore mouths. *Cam.* The seed d. c. the head. ach.

Medick-fitch, see Cocks head.

Medick-fodder, see Snail claver.

Medlar-tree. *Mespilus*.

P. In orchards and hedge., and are better if grafted.

T. The fruit is ripe in the end of October.

N. *Μεσπίλαν ἢ μέσπιλον & ἐπιμυλίδς. Secanton.*

Medlar-tree. *Ger.* **J.** K. as the manured, the other garden, the Neopolitan and dwarf. **T.** The medlars are cold, dry & astringent; so the leaves: the dwarf medlar

is dry, sharp and astringent **V.** they stop the belly, especially when green. The fruit of the three grained Medlar, is more wholesome for the stomach; Being preserved with sugar or hony, it's gratefull to the tast. They are good for women with child, strengthening the stomach and stopping the loathsomness thereof. The stones of medlars powdered and d. break the stone, expell gravel and provoke urine. *Senn.* they are most fit for bilious stomachs. *Park*, they operate as services, but more effectually. The decoction h. defluxions in the mouth, the courses and piles and ap. h. the stomach and wounds.

Meadow parsnep, see Cow-parsnep.

Meedles, see Arage.

Melilote. *Melilotus*.

P. In pastures, and among corne.

T. Fl. in July and August.

N. *Μελίλωτ & Trifolium odoratum, equinum, ursinum. Corona Regia.*

Melilote. *Ger.* K. as the Assyrian, Italian, Kings, and Germane claver. **T.** Gal. is hot and dry 1^o. and astringent, wasting and ripening, and is also diaphoretick. **V.** Boiled in sweet wine untill it be soft, adding the yelk of a roasted egge, the meale of fenugreek and line-seed, the roots of marsh mallows and hogs grease stamped together, and used as a *pultis*, it doth assuage and soften all manner of swellings, especially about the matrix, fundament and genitors. With the juice hereof, oile, wax, rosin, and turpentine is made a *melilote plaster*, which is healing and drawing. The herb boiled in wine and d. provoketh urine, breaketh the stone and asswageth pains of the kidneys, bladder and belly, ripeneth flegme, and c. it to be easily evacuated. The juice dropped into the eyes clearth the sight, consumeth, dissolveth and h. the web, pearly and spots in the eyes, Melilote with water h. the melicerides, and the

the running ulcers of the head ap. with chalk, wine, and galls. It h. pains of the eares the *juyce* being drop-
ped in m. with wine: and headach ap. with vineger
and oile of roses. *Pem.* ap. it h. wens, also inflammations
and pains in the side. *Park.* The flowers with cammo-
mil in clysters expell winde. ap. it h. the apoplexy.
The *Egyptian* h. the mother. The *Indian* as the first.
The *Italian* is the best. *Oleum meliloti*; *Pharm. Lond.*
or the oile of melilote, operates as that of camomil.
Also it expels wind, asswages paine, moves urine,
comforts and opens the spleen, anointed, or *unc.* 1. 2.
or 3. used in clysters. It's good to anoint upon the
short ribs for children that have the rickets. *Emplastrum*
de meliloto simplex, *P. L.* or the simple plaister of meli-
lote, is excellent to draw and heale, nor offending any
part of the body. It clenseth filth of wounds, ripeneth
and breaketh swellings, and then cureth them. It h.
fellons or audicoms, and putrified parts; but is not fit
for the leggs, by reason of their putrefaction. *Empl. de*
meliloto comp. or, that compounded, mollifyeth the hard-
ness of the stomach, liver, spleen, bowells, and other
part. It asswageth pain much, and h. the rickets, and
Hypocondriack melancholy. Also it strengthens the sto-
mack, and h. its windiness, nauousness, and indigesti-
on applyed thereto. It h. the wine collick used to the
belly and stone in the kidnies ap. to the reines. *Brug.*
Its good in green wounds, and draweth and healeth
well, and attracteth and bringeth forward a cold apo-
sume. And the simple plaister, is an especiall secret and
the best, and oneliest thing in curing kibeed heels, and
chilblains, either broken or before: used upon gun-
shot wounds, it keeps the orifice open, and warms
and comforts the part.

Melon

Melon. *Melo.*

P. It groweth in hot regions.

T. It's sown in Aprill: the fr. is ripe in August.

N. Μήλον. *Melopepon.* Musk Millon.

Melon. Ger. K. as the muske, sugar, pearefashioned,
and *Spanish*. *T.* The meat of the musk melon is very
cold and moist. *V.* It's harder of digestion than the cu-
cumbers: if it remain long in the stomach it putrifyeth &
c. pestilent fevers. The Spaniards and Italians eat them
to refresh the rage of lust. The seed is of like operation
with that of cucumbers. *Bar. Cent.* 4. *Obs.* 70. The con-
tinuali use he: of h. the consumption.

Melon-thistle, see Hedgehog thistle.

Mercury. *Mercurialis.*

P. In untilled places, by hedges, in the shadow.

T. Fl. in June and July.

N. Αινιζωσις, the first *Pes anserinus*. *Tota bona.* *Bonum*
Henricus.

Mercury. Ger. The English. *T.* is moderately hot
and dry, cleansing and scouring. *V.* the leaves boiled
with other pot herbes & eaten loosen the body. Bruis-
ed and ap. they scoure green wounds and old ulcers,
mundifie and heale them. *French Mercury.* *K.* as the
male and female. *T.* Is hot and dry. ²⁰. *Gal.* Cleansing
and digesting. *V.* It's used in clysters to scour the guts.
Taken, it purgeth out flegme, and choller. *Diosc.* The
decoction purgeth forth watery humors. The leaves
stamped with butter and ap. to the fundament provoke
to the stoole. the bruised herb ap. as a pessarie clenseth
the mother and h. conception. *Cost.* The juice m. with
that of hollihocks, and purslaine and anointed or bath-
ed on the hands, defendeth them from burning. *Wild*
Mercury. *E.* as the dogs and male childrens, with the
female.

female. T. are thought to agree with the other. *Johns*. V. It's reported by the Ancients, that the *male phyllon* c. generation of boies, and the *female* of girles. At *Salamantica* they use their *decolton* against the bitings of mad dogs. The *Moore*s at *Granado* use them in womens diseases. *Dorst*. The *common* is hot and dry 1°. *Aver*. It consisteth of contrary substances, *sc*. stiptick, sharpe, and aqueous. being fresh it gently purgeth, and is therefore used in the beginning of fevers, before digestion. the *leaves* ap. h. the strangury, and warts. The *seed* d. with wormewood h. the Kings evill. *Heurn*. the *Mercurialate hony* purgeth melancholly. *Park*. K. as the *wild* called *Quick in hand*. V. The *common* Mercury purgeth choller and water. d. with myrrhe or pepper, it h. the strangury and diseases of the reins, and bladder. So *Hipp*. As an *errhine* it h. catarrhes. *Matth*. the *seed* d. h. the jaundise. the *last* is emeticke. *Mel mercuriale*, *Pharm Lond*. or, the *Hony of mercurie*, is used as an emollient in clysters. Also it makes the gutts plyant and slippery, and loosens the dung or excrements when the belly is dry or hard by costiveness; and it's seldome used but in clysters: yet *unc*. 1. or 2. may profitably be drunk in a pint of whey or posset drink to loosen the belly.

Mercuries violets, see Coventry bells.
Mercuries moist blood, see Vervaine.
Merccrop, see Pimpernel.
Mevyn wood bastard, see Italian pockwood.
Mewe, see Spignel.

Mezercon-tree. *Chamæsa Germanica*.
P. In moist and shadowie woods in the East countries.
T. Fl. in spring. the fruit is ripe in Aug.
N. Χαμολαία. It's thought to be *Cneoron Theroph*.

Mezercon-tree. Ger. T. is in all parts extream hot.
the

the fruit, leaves and rinde, are very sharpe and biting, inflaming the throat. V. the leaves vehemently purge flegme, choller, & waterish humors. it is very dangerous to be taken inwardly, inflaming like the sea tithymale. It may be used in stead of the spurge olive, & prepared like it. One or 2. berries of it being eaten c. abstinence from drinking by reason of the heate. *Senn*. the leaves macerated in vinegar, or the juice of quinces, are given in powder from gr. 5. to 10. with mastick and spike. *Mac*. the antidote is *organie Jo*. *Terra Lemnia*, and milke with butter, *Park*. It's to be given to strong-bodies, and not without correctives.

Millefoile, see Yarrow.

Milke wort. *Polygala*.

P. In woods, and fertile pastures.

T. Fl. from May, to August.

N. πολύγαλον. *Flos ambarvalis* Dod: & *Crucis Gesneri*.

Milke-wort. Ger. K. as the creeping, blew, red, white, and purple. T. Gal. they may serve in stead of *Glaux*. *Johns*. V. a handfull hereof steeped all night in wine, and d. in the morning, will effectually purge choler. *Black milk-wort*, *Glaux*. T. is dry 2°. V. the seed is like that of the lentils, but not so astringent, it stops fluxes, dryeth the moisture of the stomack, and engendreth milk. *Schwenckf*. the skie coloured ap. h. inflammations, and lenifieth tumors. *That of Matth*. is astringent. *Park*. K. as the greater and lesser. T. V. as the rest. *That of the sea*. K. as the small and *Venerian of Alpinus*. T. V. is galactogenetick. *Bauh*. the first is hot and moist.

Miller

Miller. *Milium*.

P. In light and loose mould, and moist.

T. It's to be sown in April and May.

N. Κίχλς. *Paspale Hipp. Meline Varronis*.

Miller. Ger. T. Gal. is cold 10. dry 30. and of thin substance. the meale m. with tarr h. the bitings of all venomous beasts ap. Of this is made *Ambrose* his syrup against agues which is diaphoreticke, and quenbeth thirst, and is thus made: take unhusked mill q. f. boile it untill it be broken, then take unc. 5. of the decoction, to which adde unc. 2. of the best white wine, give it hot to the patient well covered. *Millet parched* and put into a linnen bagge ap. h. the tormina, or any paine c. by cold. *Turkymillet Sorghum*. T. is like to panick. V. the bread thereof is oligotrophick, & used to fatten hens and pigeons with. *Weck*. The common stops the belly, and provokes urine. *Park*, & *Matth*. The stalkes of the Indian millet h. kernells under the eares, being burnt and taken.

Mil-mountain, see Wild flax. 1

Mil, see Miller.

Milt waft. *Asplenium*.

P. On old stone walls, and rocks. the rough on heaths.

T. It continueth green all the yeare.

N. Ἀσπληνιον. *Scolopendria. Ceterach. Mula herba. Lonchitis.*

Milt-waft. Ger. J. K. as the common, rough, great rough, and the bastard. T. Are in a meane and of thin parts. V. *diosc.* the leaves boiled in wine and d. for 40 dayes, h. the spleen, strangury, yellow jaundise, and stone, h. the hicket, and hinder conception. *Ber. Cent.* 2. *Obs.* 53. a prisane hereof h. the dropsie. *Lonic.* T. It's hot 10, and dry 20, V. *dec'd* in wine it h. the Kings
evil

evill, and the quartan ague. It purgeth melancholy and dissolveth clotted blood. The distilled water thereof comforts the heart. *Æg.* it lessens the reines. *Col.* it's hot and dry 10. *Park.* as the small. V. the rough h. wounds, and inflammations. *Matth.* drach. 1. of the dust of the leaves m. with drach. sem. of amber powdered and taken with the juyce of purslain h. the gonorrhœa. d. it h. melancholy and the French disease. *Syrupus de scolopendrio, Pharm. Lond.* or Syrup of milt waft, helps stoppings of melancholy, opens obstructions of the liver and spleen, and splenetick evils; so it h. the liver grown, and rickets. the D. is *cochl.* 1. in the morning for children, and 3. or 4. for splenetick men which appears by hardness and pain in the left side.

Mints. *Mentha*.

P. In gardens, almost every where.

T. They flower and flourish in summer.

N. Μένθη ἡ ἀθύρα. *Xerva buena Hispan*.

Mints, Ger. J. K. as red garden, curled, speare, heart, and balsam mint. T. Is hot and dry 30. somewhat bitter and harsh, and is inferiour to calamint. it exhilarates the mind, and provoketh appetite. V. It's very wholesome for the stomach, and staith the hicket, vomiting, and the chollerick passion, taken with the juice of a soure pomegranate. *Gal.* With water and vinegar it h. the vomiting of blood. *Plin.* In broth it stayeth the flowers and whites, *sc.* the first. ap. to the temples it h. the head ach. It h. watering eyes, breakings out of the head, and infirmities of the fundament. With meade it h. the eares. Taken inwardly it defends from serpents. ap. with salt it h. the bitings of mad dogs. It keepeth milke from curdling d. and hindereth generation, by condensating the sperme. *Diosc.* ap. it hindereth conception. *Garden Mint* d. doth calefie the stomach, expell superfluous humors, and c. digestion. *Mints* mixed with the leaves of parched barley, consume tumors and
hard.

hard swellings. The water is of like operation in divers medicines. It cureth the gripings of the belly and bowels, h. the headach, and stayeth yexing and vomiting, it's excellent against the gravel and stone in the kidneys; and the strangury being boiled in wine and d. It's used to the stinging of wasps and bees with good success. *Water mint, Fishmint, Brookemint, or horsemint.* K. as the common, *water calamint, horse, party coloured, small, mountain and turnep rooted horsemint.* T. is hot and dry, as that of the garden, and is of a stronger smell and operation. V. ap. it h. the stinging of wasps &c. The smell exhilarates, yet it is not used in physick where the other is to be had. *Park.* it's used in *baths,* with haultme &c. to strengthen the sinews. *Bor. Cent. 1. Obs. 29.* *Horsemint* ap. to the womb h. sterility. *Riol.* The *syrup of mints* h. diseases of phlegme. *Park.* K. as the *white* &c. V. the *wild* h. windiness, and ap. .h. the Kings evill. *Syrupus de mentha, Pharm. Lond.* or *syrup of mints,* is binding; yet it comforts the stomach much, h. digestion, stops vomiting, is excellent against soure or offensive belchings. the D. is *cochl. 1.* after meat. *Oleum menthae,* or the *oyle of mints simple,* anointed upon the stomach h. its weakness, heats and strengthens it, stays vomiting, h. digestion, and provokes appetite. Also so used often, it maketh couragious, industrious, and undaunted. It killeth stomach wormes, and those in the belly used there. used to the stomach and back bone in the winter, it makes patient and cheerfull in cold weather.

Mirobalan tree. *Myrobalanus.* *

P. In the East Indies: wild, in Goa &c.

T. The time is the same with that of other fruits there.

N. The first are called *Arare.* The black *Rezenvale:* the third *Gotini* the fourth *Amuale.* the fifth *Aretca.*

Mirobalan tree. Ger. K. as the *yellow, Indicae, Bellericae, Emblicae,* and *Chebulae.* T. Are astringent and sharp

sharp like service berries; so cold and dry. V. The Indians use them rather to bind than purge; or if so, it is only the *decoction* with sugar, especially the *Chebula.* The *yellow* and *Bellericae* taken before meate stop the laske, and h. the weake stomach. The *yellow* and *black;* or *Indicae* and *Chebula* purge lightly, *unc. 2.* or *3.* being taken, and draw superfluous humors from the head. The *yellow* purge choller. *Chebula,* flegme; *Indicae,* melancholly, and corroborate the intestines: *rosted* in the embers they dry more than they purge. The best *Chebulae* are somewhat long like a limmon, with a hard rinde, and black pith: and the *Bellericae,* which are round, lesser and tenderer. *Lebel.* the *Embliae* meanly cool, some dry 1^o, they purge rotten flegme out of the stomach, comfort the brain, sinews, heart and liver, c. appetite, stay vomit, cool choller, h. the understanding, quench thirst, and h. the heat of the intrals: the greatest and heaviest are the best. they purge best being soaked in water, boiled soft, and preserved in hony the *distilled water* h. the French disease, &c. the *Bellericae* are mild, cold 1^o. dry 2^o. and corroborate. the rest. come neere the *Embliae* in operation. *De Dond.* they strengthen the body. *Park.* the *Bellericks, Emblicks,* and *Citrines* h. the piles, fluxes and ulcers. *Mel emblicarum, Pharm. Lond. Aug.* or *hony of emblicks,* is a gentle purger of phlegme and melancholly; It strengthens the brain and nerves; and senses internall and externall. It h. tremblings of the heart, staies vomiting, and provokes appetite the D. is *cochl. 1.*

Mistletoe. *Viscum.*

P. The first groweth upon oakes: the other not here.

T. It is alwaies green, the berries are ripe in Autumne.

N. Ὠξυς, ἢ ἰξία *Renealmi.* *Ixta. Viscus. Hale Arabum.*

Mistletoe. Ger. K. as the common, Indian, and that of Peru. T. the leaves and berries are hot and dry, and of subtle parts: the birdlime is hot and biting, and wa-
terish.

terish with some earthly quality. Gal its acrimony overcometh its bitterness: V. ap. it draweth from the deepest parts of the body, dispersing and digesting the humors. It ripeneth swellings in the groin, and scirrhus swellings behind the eares &c. m. with rosin and a little wax with frankincense, it mollifyeth old ulcers and malicious impostumes. Boiled with unslaked lime it h. hard spleens. With orpiment it removes ill favoured nailes, and more effectually unslaked lime and wine lees being added. the berries strained into oile and d. h. stiches. Ren. It's hot and dry 3^o. It purgeth viscid humors, h. spasms, and is hydrotick and antepileptick. Jo. the antidot is wormewood wine. Park. It h. the palsey. d. Trag. it h. the eares.

Mock privet. *Phillyrea*.

P. In Syria, France, and other places.

T. Fl. in May and June. the fruit is ripe in Sept.

N. *φιλύρεα*. Cyprus. *Alcanna Arabum*.

Mock privet. Ger. *J* K. as the narrow leaved, broader leaved, the second toothed of Clus. and the first. T. the leaves are binding. V. Chewed in the mouth they h. the ulcers thereof, as also inflammations and heat. the decoction h. burnings and scaldings. Stamped and steeped in the juice of mullein and ap. they make the haire red. Bellon. So the skin also, and is therefore used among the turkes. the *st*. moistned in vinegar and ap. h. the headache. the oile hereof is sweet, and doth heate and supple the sinewes. Park. K as the prickely. V. the leaves operate as those of the wild olive: and d. provoke urine, and the courses.

Moluccas

Moluccas tree. *Panava*. *

P. In orchards, in the Islands of the Moluccas.

T. As of other trees.

N. *Lignum Molucense*. By the Indians *Panava*.

Moluccas tree. Park. *Lignum Molucense*. T. the wood is alexipharmicke. V. 10. gr. of the powder of the wood taken in broth or water are a remedy against virulent serpents, even the Viper Regulus, and the Aspis &c. Ser. 1. of the wood filed with the sea dogs skin taken h. those that are wounded with poisoned arrows: so ap. Being taken in the morning fasting it evacuateth all melancholy humors, and h. quotidian and quartan agues, iliack and coltick passions, of winde or humors, the dropsie, stone, dysury, cholerick passion, schirrous and scrophulous griefes in the joynts. It killeth worms of all sorts, and h. the appetite. If it worke too strongly it is h. by taking half a small cupfull of the decoction of rice. It worketh without troubling the stomach, or hindering businesse, it h. also old griefes of the head as the megrim, epilepsie, and apoplexy: those of the belly, and womb, as also the shortnesse of breath, noise in the eares and gout. It may be given in all seasons to all ages, and differing dispositions without danger. those that are chollerick may take it in the syrrup of vinegar, or conserve of roses. The seed hereof is used to catch birds being cast to them with rice, which being devoured doth incbriate them for a time: and if taken too greedily killeth them, if they be not h. by cold water put on their heads. Bauh. It's to be taken early in the morning after which there must be abstinence from meate and drink, untill it hath purged sufficiently, then take broth &c.

Moly.

Moly. *Moly*

P. In gardens when planted there.

T. It springs in Feb. and bath fl. fruit and seed in Aug.

N. Μόλυ. *Molyza*. *Myle Galeni*.

Moly. Ger. *J. K.* as that of *Diosc.* the serpent's, and *Homer's*, the Indian, withering, broad leaved with yellow fl. and dwarfed white fl. T. are very hot, coming neere to garlick. *Diosc.* they mightily bring down the termes, one of them being stamped with oile of Flowerde-luce and used as a pessary. the other molyes. K. as the first *narcisse-leaved*, 2d, and 3d, the first broad leaved mountain, second, third, fourth and fifth mountain? Moly of *Clusius*. T. V. are not as yet made use of. *Park.* K. as the bulbed of Hungary, purplish of Naples, the three cornered, the Spanish of *Diosc.* late pine apple, and sweet smelling of *Mompelier*. V. Are not so good as garlick, yet hotter than onions or leeks.

Monks-hood, see Helmet-flower.

Mony flower. *Bulbonach*.

P. It groweth in woods and gardens.

T. Fl. in Aprill, the next year after sown.

N. *Lunaria*. *Viola lunaris* & *latifolia* *Dod.*

Mony-flower. Ger. K. as the white, and long coddled, white sattin flower. T. the seed is hot and dry, of a sharp taste. like treacle mustard. the roots are not so biting, and may be eaten in sallads. V. the leaves stamped with fanicle, adding oile and wax, make a singular unguent for green wounds. the seeds h. the falling sicknesse. *Eugd. Lob.* the seed is abstersive, moderately hot, and provoketh urine.

Mony

Mony-wort, see Herb two-pence.

Moone-serne, see Harts-tongue.

Moone wort. *Lunaria minor*.

P. In dry barren mountaines, & heaths.

T. It is to be found in May and Aprill.

N. *Lunaria petrea*. *Taura Gesn.* *Ruta lunaria* *Tab.* Small *Lunarie*.

Moone-wort. Ger. *J. K.* as the small and small branched. T. Is cold and dry. V. It h. green wounds, and stayeth the bloody flux. *Park.* the blew is vulnerary, and h. the dropie. *Croll.* It h. all cancers of the breasts. *Schwenchf.* That of *Clus* is cold, dry, and astringent. d. it h. fractures and dysenteries, and the whites. ap. it h. the enterocoele in children. *Park.* the 1 is more cold and dry than adders tongue, and more available for all wounds. d. in red wine it h. the courses and whites, vomitings, and bleeding. as also all fractures, dislocations, and ruptures; but it's chiefly used with balsamick herbes.

Moore, or mosse-berries, see Marsh wortle-berries.

Moore grasse, see Sundew.

Morel, see Night-shade.

Mosse. &c. *Muscus*. &c.

P. On trees, on the ground every where.

T. The first continue all the yeare, the rest flourish in the summer.

N. Βρύον ἢ σπλάγχνον. *Usnea*. *Phacos*, *Sphagnum*.

Mosse. Ger. *J. K.* as tree mosse. T. Mosse is somewhat cold and binding, more or lesse according to the barke of the tree on which it groweth, receiving the property thereof, so that which groweth on the oake, doth coole and very much binde. that which groweth on

on the *rosin trees*, is binding, digesting, and softning. V. *Serap.* the wine in which mosse hath been steeped certain daies, d. c. sleepe, strengtheneth the stomach, and stopps vomiting, and the flux. *Diosc.* the decoction used as a bath, stops the whites. it is m. with oiles to thicken them. It's usefull in perfumes, and compositions, against lassitude, The best is that of the Cedar tree, the next of the poplar, in which kinde the white and sweet is the chiefest, which in Italy is that of the larch tree. *Ground-mosse. muscus terrestris.* K. as the common, beasome, goldilocks, flowering branched. chalice, ferne, horned, toothed greater, and little, wolfses claw, heath cypresse, small heath, and that which groweth upon a mans skull. T. the mosses of the earth are dry, and astringent, without any heat or cold: *Wolfses claw*, or *club mosse*, *Lycopodium* is temperate in heat and cold V. the Arabian physicians use mosse in their cardiack medicines. It corroborates the stomach, and stops vomit and laskes Boiled in wine and d. it stoppeth the hæmoptysis, the termes and bloody flux, and h. bloody urine. the powder of mosse stops bleeding in green wounds, and cures the same. *Wolfses claw* is diuretick, *Trag.* and lithontripectick. Stamped & boiled in wine ap. it h. the arthritick pain. *Floting wine* is restored to its former goodnesse, by this hung in the vessell. the powder of chalice mosse *muscus piteidatus.* d. for certaine dayes, h. the chin cough. so also *Skull mosse, muscus ex cranio humano.* and is a singular remedy against the epilepsie. *Sea mosse* or *coralline. Corallina.* K. as the white, English, the smallest, mountaine, fennell, sca, and bulbous sea fennell, branched, and broad leaved sea mosse, with *Clusius his sea firre.* T. *Coralline. Gal.* is of an earthy and waterish essence, so bindeth and cooleth. it hath also a certain salenesse whereby it mightily dryeth. V. *Diosc.* It h. the gout which hath need of cooling. *Drach. 1.* taken killeth wormes. the best is that which cleaveth to the corall, and is of a reddish colour. *Corall. Corallium.* K. as the red, black, white, bastard whitish, yellow, and reddish bastard. T. It's binding, and meanly cold, it cleanseth spots in the eyes, h. the issues of blood, and is diuretick V. d.

V. d. in wine or water it h. the spleen, and those that are epileptick. it dryeth and stoppeth all fluxes. Being burned it becomes more dry. d. it h. the tormina, and paines of the stone. d. in wine it c. sleep if without an ague; else it's to be taken in water, the water moistning and that cooling the body; so the heate is restrained, and the vapors repressed that hinder sleep. *Sponge. Spongia.* K. as the white, fannell fashioned, and the branched. *Park.* K. as the Venetian sea hollow, and corall like. V. they serve for somentations or bathings. put in to wounds they keep them open. the ashes mixt with vineger cleare the eyes when blood shotten. the stones in them serve against the stone. the Venetian spungy plant decoct in mead clenseth the face. Boiled in vineger and taken, it h. those that have eaten dangerous mushroomes. the powder d. in wine purgeth like *Cremor tartari*, and cutteth viscous humors. *tree mosses.* K. as the common, fennell like, hollow headed, knotted, and horned. V. d. they h. the dropsie, and steeped in oile of roses and ap. h. the headach c. of heat. also distillations and hot rheumes. *Land mosse.* V. d. it h. the stone, sc. the beasome and club mosse. boiled and ap. it h. inflammations and paines c. of heats. *Mountaine coralline,* and the rocky corall-like. T. V. are uselesse. *Sea mosse.* K. as the soft, that of Naples, that dying red, sonthernwood-like, the long close of Venice, the silver like and golden sea feather. V. that of Naples h. watering red eyes, the powder being put into them with fennell water. it also stoppeth vomiting d. with vineger, and corroborateth the stomach, the decoction thereof in wine being injected with a syringe into the bladder h. ulcers thereof. That of Venice h. all ulcers d. and ap. as also the stone. *Sea wrack.* K. as the common, great sea girdles with many labels, sea thongs, oyster green, sea curled endive, sea oake, and sea garland. T. *Diosc. Gal.* they coole and dry, and h. the gout and inflammations. the red succus h. against the venome of serpents, the fist serveth as litter for horses. *Sea thongs* h. the longings of women with child, and are used to kill wormes, the wing-

ged and great sea girdle, with the sea garland, are eaten in sallads. The first is good manure for barren ground. *Coralline*. K. as the reddish and scaly. V. is thought to be usefull against the stone, fluxes, cramps, the epilepsie, and melancholy. The shrub coralline, *Schrod.* the D. of the magisterie of coralline, is scr. 1. K. as the heath like wooddy, white, and red cruisted, *Sclavonian sea feather.* the red sea fan, and those of Italy. V. the *Sclavonian* h. the bitings of venemous beasts, heales wounds and kills wormes. The other sea plants. K. as the cypresse, base wild rocket, stony sea horse-taile, stony lavender cotton, the sea willow and sea navell. V. *Lobel.* The last is thought to be diuretick and digestive. stopping fluxes, and easing pains of the gout &c. *Coral.* V. d. it h. the pain of the stone. It h. melancholy, and the syncope. It facilitates the birth, it fasteneth loose teeth, and h. sores of the mouth, and hollow ulcers. Burnt and the ashes ap. in collyries it h. the watering, heat & redness of the eyes. It h. pricks, running sores, and clenseth impostumes. *Syrupus à Coralliis. simplex & compositus.* *Pharm. Lond.* or the syrup of corall simp'e and compound, h. consumptions, coole nature, chiefly the last; it's cordiall h. hectick fevers, stops fluxes, h. ruining of the reins, and whites in women. It h. the hæmoptis, epilepsie, and flux, *drach. 1.* being taken. *Diacorallion,* or the *Electuary of corall,* comforts and strengthens, the heart, h. consumptions, cools, h. hectick fevers, binds, stops fluxes, and h. the terms and whites; the D. in *drach. 1.* in the morning. *Trochisci diacorallion,* *Gal. Pharm. Lond.* or the *Corall troches,* h. the bloody flux, stop blood, and the termes, and h. loathing of meat. *Amber.* T. is moderately hot and dry. V. The fume h. moist distillations of the head to the eyes &c. and h. the epilepsie, and strangulation of the mother, and provokes the courses, *unc. sems* of the powder taken in the morning in a reare egge h. abortion. It stops fluxes d. in wine its diuretick. The powder taken in the conserve of roses h. the cough, consumption, and gout the oile d. the q. of three drops in muscadine h. the stone

stone &c. ap. It h. all cephalicall diseases: so *amber* grise, it's hot and dry 20.

Mosse-ferne, see Polypody.
Mother of time, see Wild-time.

Motherwort. *Cardiaca.*

P. In stony, barren, and rough places.

T. It flourisheth, flowreth and seedeth from June to September.

N. *Καρδιακή. Marrubium mar Brunf. Licopsis Anguil.*

Motherwort. *Ger.* T. is hot and dry 20. clensing and binding. V. It h. the infirmities of the heart: also convulsions, cramps, and palsies: so *Casalp.* It opens the obstructions of the intralls. and kills all kinds of wormes in the belly. The powder d. in wine provoketh urine, and the courses, and h. in travell with child: also it is traumatick. It is used also for the cough, and murren in Cattle &c. *Myl.* yet the smell therefore doth not shew it to be cardiack. *Park.* It h. the risings of the mother. And clenseth the chest of cold regme: also it warmes and dryes cold humors.

Mountain mint, see Calamint.

Moufe-eare. *Pilosella.*

P. On sandy banks, in open untilled places.

T. Fl. in May, June and July: and are green all the winter.

N. *Μυστῶτα. Auricula Muris. Myosotis.*

Moufe-eare. *Ger.* K. as the great, and creeping. T. are hot and dry, and astringent with a certain hot tenuity. V. The decoction d. h. all wounds inward and outward, hernies or ruptures. The powder ap. dryeth and h. wounds: so *Fernel.* The juice c. steel that is often quenched

quenched in it to be so hard that it will cut iron or stone without waxing dull. Used as a *gargarisme* it h. the looseness of the uvula. d. it h. the fluxes of the womb. *Avic.* as a *sternutatory* it clenseth the braine, and h. the epilepsie, dysentery and enterocoele; it gleweth wounds, stayeth the swelling of the spleen, and bloody excrements thereby. The *syrup of its juyce* h. coughs, the consumption and ptisick. *Fuch.* The *juyce* h. the shiverings of agues; *Cam. Matth.* The *milky juyce* thereof is bitter extenuating and absterfive: the *herb* glutinates, cools and dries. It h. vomiting and the hamoptysis. *Park. K.* as the Assyrian, blew &c. V. d. they h. the jaundise, tormina and dropfie. *Syrupus de pilosella, Pharm. Lond.* or, *syrup of mouse-eare*, h. those that are wounded, and ruptures, it being drying and healing. Also it's conceived to h. consumptions of the lungs, being healing, drying, and cooling, and fastening. It's good against coughs and spitting of blood, stops all defluxions of rheum from the brain, dysenteries and the whites in women; strengthens the back and stops a simple gonorrhœa. Also it may help barrenness from the waterishness of the sperm, slipperiness of the matrix, and looseness of the geminall parts. the D. is *unc. 1.* at a time.

Mouse-pease, see Bitter-verch.
 Mouse-taile, see Sea Buck-horne.
 Much good, see Mountain parslly.
 Mug wet, see Woodroof.
 Petty mugwet, see Ladies bedstraw.

Mug wort. *Artemisia.*

P. The first groweth in the borders of fields &c.

T. It flourisheth in July and August.

N. Ἀρταμισία. *Parthenion. Mater herbarum. Zona Divi Johannis.*

Mugwort. Ger. K. as the common, and that of the sea. T. it

T. It is hot and dry 3°. and somewhat astringent. V. *Plin.* It properly cureth womens diseases. *Diosc.* It bringeth down the birth and after birth; it h. the mother and pain of the matrix used in a bath, and as a *peffarie* with myrrh; so also the *tender tops* being boiled and d. and ap. as a *pultis* provoke the termes. The *be b* pounded with oile of sweet almonds and ap. to the stomach h. all griefs of the same. It also cureth the shakings of the joynts inclining to the palsie, and h. convulsion. *Parac.* The salt thereof h. the itch. *Mac.* The herb tempereth flegme. *Scholtz. Conf.* 236. The root used in meat h. the gout. *Barth. Ang.* The decoction h. the headach. *Park. K.* as the small, fruitfull and fine mountain. V. ap. h. against opium. *Syrupus de artemisia, Pharm. Lond.* or *Syrup of mugwort*, h. the passion of the matrix retaining it in its place; and dissolves the coldness, wind, and pains thereof; it strengthens the nerves, opens the pores, corrects the blood, &c. termes which it also provokes: the D. is *cochl. 1.* at once.

Mulberry tree. *Morus.*

P. In hot regions, as in Italy &c.

T. Fl. in May the berries are ripe in August.

N. Μορίαν ἢ συκείραν. *Morus Celsa.*

Mulberry-tree. Ger. K. as the common and white. T. the fruits before ripe are cold and dry. fere 3°. and do mightily bind. V. being dryed they h. lasks and the bloody flux, bleeding and the reds: They h. all inflammations and hot swellings, in the mouth &c. The ripe berries also are cold and full of juyce, somewhat drying and binding; therefore good against the hot swelling of the mouth, and those parts; so also the *diamoron*. The berries taken before meat open the belly, quench thirst and c. appetite. They nourish little being taken in the second place, or after meat. The bark of the root is bitter, hot and dry, and of a scouring faculty, the decoction openeth the liver and spleen, purgeth the belly

and driveth forth worms: steeped in vinegar it h. the toothach; so the decoction of the leaves and bark and juyce of the root: it also h. the phyma, and purgeth the body. *Gal.* the first buds have a middle facultie, both to bind and scour. *Park.* So the *Virginian. Croll.* The juice of the fruit in gargarismes h. the quinsie. *Senn.* They are not fit for stomachs replete with vitious humors. *Park.* syrup h. the uvula, the juyce of the leaves h. against the phalangium, and aconite: and with vinegar h. burnings and bleedings and depilats with urine. *Mel mororum, vel Diamoron, Pharm. Lond.* or hony of mulberries, h. a sore mouth, and cools its inflammations. Also it's good for sore throats, and to cleanse and qualify ulcers.

Mulberry-fig-tree, see Sycomore tree.

Mullein. *Verbascum.*

P. In the borders of fields and untilled places

T. Fl. from July to September.

N. Φλόμ. *Tapsus barbatus. Candela regia. Lanaria.*

Mullein. *Ger. K.* as the common and white flowered. *T.* is dry, digesting and clensing. *V.* The leaves boiled in water and ap. h. hard swellings, and inflammations of the eyes and pains thereof. The root boiled in red wine and d. stops lasks and the bloody flux. Boiled in water and d. they h. ruptures and old coughs. the leaf ap. with treacle h. the piles and hæmorrhoides; so also the ointment made of the leaves with axungia the leaves worne under the feet provoke the termes. The leaf ap. with the sume of frankincense and mastick, h. the piles and diseases of the lower parts, being used twice every day; so also the flowers set in oile in warme dung till consumed. *Plin.* The leaves preserve from putrefaction. *Base mullein. K.* as the white, black, candle wieke, and small candle-wiek. *T.* are dry without any manifest heat, yet hotter and dryer than the first. *V.* the black

black with his fl. boiled in wine and d. h. the diseases of the breast and lungs and spitting of corrupt matter. The leaves boiled in water, stamped and ap. as a pultis h. oedemata and uleers and inflammations of the eyes. The flowers put into lye make the haire yellow. The leaves in cold ointments h. scaldings and burnings. *with mullein, Blattaria. K.* as *Plinie's*, the purple green, that with the greenish purple coloured flower, white flowered that with the great flower, and the yellow. *T. V. Johns.* The decoction of the first opens the bowels and melaerick veins. The plant causeth flies to resort to it. *That of Ethiopia Æthiopis. T.* is dry without any manifest heat. *V.* it h. the plurisie or rotten matter in the breast, asperity of the throat and sciatica, the decoction being d. The root being decoct with hony h. the diseases of the breast, and lungs; so also the roots condited with sugar. The leaves of the common mullein are by the husbandmen of Kent given to their cattle, against the cough. *Woody mullein, or French sage, Verbascum sylvestre. K.* as the French, and lesser French sage, with the Syrian sage, with the Syrian sage leaved mullein. *T.* are dry and operate as sage. *V. Diosc.* the leaves stamped and ap. as a pultis h. burnings and scaldings. *Bor. Cent. 1. Obs. 27.* The leaves of mullein bruised and ap. the stings of serpents. *Park. K.* as the black and jagged. *V. d.* It h. the cramp with sage, marjerome and cammomile fl. ap. The distilled water of the flowers h. hot gouts, the powder h. the collick. *Tapsivalentia, Pharm. Lond.* or the ointment of mullein h. hard swellings, easeth the paine, and furthers the cure. It stops looseness, used to the belly, and *unc. 1. or 2.* melted in a clyster, and ap. it h. the bloody flux. It h. the simple gonorrhæa used upon the loins and testicles, and the cough of the lungs upon the chest, and h. the piles used to the place, after universal remedies. *Tapsimel* also h. hard swellings, stops looseness and the bloody flux so used. It's thought to bring down maidens courses, used to the soles of the feet, and h. the cough of the lungs, simple, (without brunt vitriol, alum, orinke) being licked with a licorice

and driveth forth worms: steeped in vineger it h. the toothach; so the decoction of the *leaves* and *bark* and *juice of the root*: it also h. the phyma, and purgeth the body. *Gal.* the *first buds* have a middle facultie, both to bind and scour. *Park.* So the *Virginian. Croll*: The juice of the fruit in gargarismes h. the quinsie. *Senn.* They are not fit for stomachs replete with vitious humors. *Park.* syrup h. the uvula, the juice of the leaves h. against the phalangium, and aconite: and with vineger h. burnings and bleedings and depilats with urine. *Mel mororum, vel Diamoron, Pharm. Lond.* or hony of mulberries, h. a sore mouth, and cools its inflammations. Also it's good for sore throats, and to cleanse and qualify ulcers.

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stick, and the epilepsie often so used in a morning fasting, and in an evening about 4 of the clock in the afternoon.

Petty mulleins, see Cowslips.

Mushrooms, see Toad-staoles.

Mypes, see Parsneps.

Mustard. *Sinapi.*

P. It groweth wild in most places.

T. It may be sown in the spring: it's ripe in July.

N, Σινάπρις. Νάρυ Aristoph. *Thlaspi* Plinii. Saurion:

Mustard. Ger. *J.* K. as the garden, field, white, and small wild. T. Gal. The seed is hot & dry 4^o. it doth attenuate & attract. V. the seed pounded with vinegar is a good sauce with grosse meats, peptick, corroborating the stomach, and provoking appetite. It h. those that are short winded and stuffed in the breast with tough flegme from the brain. Chewed in the mouth it h. the tooth-ach. A gargarisme made with the seed hony and vinegar h. the swellings of the uvula, and almonds of the throat. d. with water and hony it provoketh the termes and urine. The seed used as an *errhine* is ptarmick and h. women sick of the mother. Ap. with fig. plaisterwise to the head, after shaving it h. the epilepsie, and lethargy; also the sciatica, and all pains of a cold cause. It is mixt with drawing plaisters, and consumeth nodes. It h. those that have lost their haire, and taketh away spots c. by bruises. The seed of the white mustard is used in antidotes, as in the *Electuary de ovo &c.* Senn. *Synapismes* h. the caros. Treacle mustard. *Thlaspi*, K. as the common, mithridate, knaves, Bowyers, Grecians, clownes, buckler, and small buckler. T. the seeds are hot and dry fine tertii. V. The seed eaten purgeth choller, provoketh the termes and breaketh the inward apostumes. In clysters it h. the sciatica, and operates as the other mustard seed. H. too much taken it c. a hypercatharsis,

hypercatharsis, and is hurtfull to women great with child. Candy mustard, *Thlaspi candie*. K. as the common and small white flowered. T. the seed is hot and dry fin, 2di. Treacle mustard, *Thlaspi*. K. as the round leaved, Hungary, churles, peasants of Narbone, yellow, white. *Clusius* his small, and small rock. T. Is hot and dry fine 2di. sc. the seed. V. the seeds are sharp and biting, break inward impostumes, bring down the floures, kill the fetus, & h. the sciatica. They purge choller upward & downward unc. 2. sem being taken. They are m. in counterpoisons, as treacle, mithridate &c. Woody mustard, *thlaspi*. K. as the hoary, small, thorny, bushy and Ivy. T. V. they may be referred to the kindes of thlaspies. *Toures* mustard, *Turritis*. K. as the common, great, gold of pleasure, and treacle wormseed. T. are hot and dry 30. V. Disc. The oily fatness of the seed of the third levigates the skin. Ruel. The juice h. ulcers of the mouth. The seed of the last stamped and d. killeth and expelleth worms. Park. The common is antepileptick. Pem. It h. the malignity of mushroomes, and venime, agues, pallsie, epilepsie, and c. lust and concoction: ap. it h. cold tumors. Park. The distilled water is cosmericall. The Arabian h. flegme. Therest, as treacle mustard. *Syrampus de Eryfimo*, Pharm. Lond. or syrup of hedge mustard, h. cold distempers of the breast & lungs, as asthmaes, and hoarseness &c. It may be taken with a licorice stick, or unc. 1. with 3. of the pectorall decoction warme in the morning. Schrod. the oile of mustard seed by expression h. cold affections of the nerves.

Charles, and dish mustard, see Treacle mustard.

Myrtle-tree. *Myrtus.*

P. It groweth naturally in Italy in fertill places.

T. Fl. with the rose, the fruit is ripe in Autumne.

N. Μύρτιν ἢ μύρτιν: The berries; *Myrtilli* offic.

Myrtle-tree. Ger. *J.* K. as the common. great Spanish
N 5
strange,

Strange, white berried, little and wild Spanish. T. it consisteth of contrary substances, having a certaine subtil heat with a predominant earthinesse; so dryeth much. The leaves, fruit, buds and juice do bind both d. and ap. V. they stop the hæmoptysis, and all other issues of blood. The bath hereof h. the reds, and whites. The fomentation stops the hæmorrhoides: they h. the lasks, and the bloody flux. ap. with barley meale, they quench the fiery heat of the eyes. ap. they h. all inflammations in the beginning, and pains by strokes and strains. They are wholsome for watery stomacks. The fruit and leaves dryed provoke urine. The decoction bathed h. luxations, ruptures, and the outward parts exulcerated: it h. tetter, scoureth dandriff, and the sores of the head, it maketh the haire black, and hindreth their falling. d. fasting it prevents drunkenness, and h. the poyson of any venomous beast; so the dryed juice of the leaves. *Lonic.* T. the berries are cold and earthy. V. the syrup thereof h. old coughs, the exulceration of the lungs and strengthens the stomach. *Lugd.* d. in wine it h. the biting of the scorpion: the decoction of the leaves h. purulent cares being insilled. The leaves stamped and ap. with water h. parts that are troubled with fluxions. The powder of the dryed leaves sprinkled on the body, restraineth sweat, and h. the falling down of the matrix, and diseases of the fundament. The oile that is made of the berries by expression is drying and astringent. *Mac.* The berries colour the haire black. *Riol.* The oile anointed h. diseases of the rarity of the skin, as immoderate sweating, with the powder of dryed roses. *Weck.* Wild Myrtle h. the strangury, head ach and Kings evill. *Col.* The fr. h. the trembling of the heart, and stinging of serpents. d. it h. a stinking breath; and ulcers with wine. *Aquapend.* the oile is anodyne, and h. luxations. *Park.* K. as the greatest open laurell, strange broadleaved close, and double fl. V. ap. it h. S. Anthonies fire and d. prevents the danger of mushrooms. The excrescence is strongest and operates as *Acacia*. The oile of myrtles is good in commotion

commotion of the brain, used after phlebotomy. *Senn.* Syrup of myrtles with conserve of roses and bole h. the wounds of the breast. *Syrupus myrtinus*, *Pharm. Lond.* or syrup of myrtles, is very binding, yet comforting nature. It h. fluxes of the belly, the hæmoptysis, and corrosions of the intralls. It strengthens the retentive faculty, and stops the flux of the termes: the D. is *cochl.* 1. at once. *Oleum myrtinum*, or, the oile of myrtles hath the effects of that of quinces. also anointed it h. puffs & pushes in the skin. It strengthens loosened or disjointed limbs, & joynts. It fastens loose gumms it h. the tooth-ach used upon the temples, cheeks and gums. It fastens the haire, and hinders its falling, being anointed at the roots. It strengthens the brain, nerves, and stomach, h. digestion, and stops vomitings and fluxes of the belly being anointed upon the stomach and belly. It stops the gonorrhœa used to the region of the kidneys, and hinders nocturnall pollution. It's cooling, thickning, and binding.

N.

Naile-wort, see White grass.

Navell-wort. *Umbilicus Veneris?*

P. The first groweth on stone walls: the 2d, 3d, and 4th on the Alps.

T. They flourish in winter, and fl. in the beginning of Spring.

N. *Κοτυλαδωv*. *Acetabulum*. *Herba coxendicum*.

Navell-wort. Ger. *J.* K. as the small first and second. and the Italian bastard, with the wail, jagged, and water pennywort. T. is moist, and somewhat cold and binding. V. It cooleth and repelleth, scoureth and conuulseth. Water penny-wort is hot, and ulcerating.

ulcerating, like crowfoot. The *bastard Italian* partakes with the true in cold and moisture. V. The juice of *wall penny wort* h. all inflammations, and hot tumors, as the erysipelas or S. Anthonies fire: it h. kiled heeles, being bathed therewith, and the leaves ap. The leaves and root eaten break the stone, provoke urine, and h. the dropsie. The *water penny wort* is dangerous and noisome unto sheep and other cattell that feed thereon. That of the sea. *Andrasace*. K. as the common, and one summers navell wort. T. is diuretick, not much hot, but exceeding dry. V. It provoketh urine and digesterh the sliminesse in the joynts. *Diosc. drach. 2. d.* in wine expell much urine out of their bodies that have the dropsie, and ap. h. the gout. *Park*. K. as the spotted and small red flowered. T. V. are cold and moist like house-leek. That of the wall h. hot stomachs and livers. The distilled water h. sorekidneys, paines of the bowels, piles, gout, sciatica and Kings evill. the least are strongest: that of *Matth.* is hot, dry 20, and clensing.

Navew. *Bunias*.

P. In a loose, and yellow mould and fruitfull.
T. They are sown, fl. and seed with the turnep.
N. *Βένιας*. *Napus sylvestris*, & *agrestis*, the wild.

Navew. Ger. K. as the gentle and wild. T. It's of the temperature and nature of the turnep; yet it's a little dryer, not so soon concocted, nor digested: neither is it so flatulent. V. *Johns.* the seeds taken in drink or broth, h. against poyson; and are used in antidotes. *Ionic*, T. it's hot 20 and moist 10. *C&salp.* It's better then the turnep, sweeter, sooner digested, better agreeing with the stomach and more nutrient: so *Diphilm.* *Park* the wild is hotter & dryer (especially the seed) than the tame. It provokes urine and the courses, h. crudities of the stomach, and tormina. the seed h. against infection.

Neck.

Neck-weed see Hemp.
Necse-wort, see White hellebore.
Necle, see Darnel.
Nenuphar, see Water-lilly.
Nep, see Catmint.
Nespice, see Calamint.

Nettle. &c. *Urtica* &c.

P. In untilled places, neere hedges &c.
T. It flourisheth in summer: the seed is ripe in July.
N. *Ἀκαλύφη ἢ κνίδη*. Nettle tree is called *Lotus Arbor*.

Nettle. Ger. K. as the Roman, common stinging, and small. T. is dry, and a little hot, and of subtile parts. V. being eaten boiled with perewinckles it loosneth the body and clenseth it, it provoketh urine and expelleth the stone. so *Untz.* *Wirfung.* *Fernel.* *Plin.* *Apollin.* Being boiled with barley cream it bringeth rough humors out of the chest. the juice used as an *errhine* stoppeth the bleeding at the nose, and h. the inflammation of the uvula. The seed of nettle c. lust, d. with cure, it being windie. It concocteth and draweth raw humors out of the chest, it h. the orthopnoea, pleurisie and inflammation of the lungs and chin cough, taken in a *loboch*. It h. against hemlock, mushrooms, and quick silver. *Apollod.* It's an antidote for henbane, serpents and scorpions. *Plin.* the oile of it h. the stinging that the nettle made. Being grossely powdered and d. in wine it's a singular remedy against the stone, it expelleth gravell & urine. The leaves or seeds, of any nettle worke the like effect, but not so speedily as the Roman nettle. Nettle tree. *Lotus arbor*. T. Is drying, and of thin parts V. The decoction of the wood beaten small, d. or used clyster-wise, h. the bloody flux, whites, and reds; it stops the lasks, maketh the haire yellow, and preserveth it from falling, *Park*. The fruit doth coole and binde the body. *Brunfels*. *Serap*. The oile of the 1 is laxative, eaten with the yelkes of egges it c. venery, and purgeth slegme. *Æmil*.

Æmil: Mac: the roots h. the joynts. *Parac:* the juyce with salt h. running ulcers of the feet. *De Dond:* It. h. the hurt of quick silver, so *Plin: Cam:* the seed and leaves are digesting. *Grul:* The root h. the tooth ach. *Park:* K. as the greater, middle, and lesser wilde nettle. T. Are hot and dry 20. V. An *electuary* of the juyce with hony h. the plurisie. It h. the diseases of the mother, & kills wormes, it h. winde, and c. venery; the water h. the skin, goute, and gangreens.

Nicotian, see Tabacco.

Night shade. *Solanum.*

P. Neere high waies, the borders of fields, &c.

T. Fl: in summer, sometimes till Autumne.

N. Στενυχ. *Solatrum.* *Morella: Uva lupina. Cucu- bals.*

Night-shade. *Ger. K.* as the garden, and sleeper. *T.* Is cold 20, and binding. *Diosc.* It h. *S. Anthonies* fire, the shingles, pain of the head, heart burning, or heat of the stomach, and other distempers c. by sharpe and biting humours: yet it's to be used with caution, least the humors be repelled to the inward parts. The juyce of the green leaves of garden night-shade m. with barley meale ap. h. *S. Anthonies* fire, and all hot inflammations; so also with oile of roses, ceruse, and litharge of gold ap. The leaves are good to be put into the ointment of poplar buds. *Johns. drach. 1.* of the barke of the root of sleeper night shade taken is somniferous; yet milder than opium. the fruit is diuretick. Deadly night-shade. *Solanum lethale. T.* Is cold 40. V. It c. sleepe, troubleth the mind, and c. madnesse. Many of the berries taken bring present death. it's to be used as petty morell. the antidote is meade. The leaves ap. to the temples with vinegar c. sleepe, and h. the headache of a hot cause. *Inchanters nightshade. cinæa luteana. T. V.* Doubles it. hath the virtue of garden night shade, and may

may be it's substitute. *Tree nightshade, Amomum Plin. T. V.* It is not yet used, yet by some referred to the Ginny pepper. *Bindweed Nightshade. T. V.* is useles. *Park.* *Tree night shade* is held to be cooling. *Recch. Night shade of Mexico. T.* Is cold and dry. V. ap: it h. *S. Anthonies* fire, and h. heat and fluxes. The root of the pale is bitter, discutient, and diuretick. *Park.* The sap h. frenzies, stopps the courses, and h. the gout. The *Virginian* is cathartick. *Un- guentum è solano, Pharm. Lond.* or, ointment of night-shade. h. inflammations in wounds, & prevents scratching. Also its very cooling and drying. It h. *S. Anthonies* fire, and head-ach from a hot cause, being anointed upon the fore head, temples, pulses, and soles of the feet, and it procures sleep thereby. It allais lust used to the testicles and reins, and hinders nocturnall pollution. *Oleum Solani,* or the simple oile of nightshade, hath the same effects with that of water lillies, but is more cold, and with the ointment.

Red night shade, see winter Cherries.

Woody night-shade, see Bitter sweet.

None-such, see Rose campion, or flower of Constantinople.

Noon tide, see Go to bed at noon.

Nose-bleed, see Yarrow.

Nutmeg-tree. *Nux moschata. **

P. In the Indies, in Banda, Molucca, &c.

T. The fruit is gathered in September:

N. Κεκου μυερισινδυ. Nux muscata, & myristica: & Aromatites.

Nutmeg. *Ger. K.* as the male and female, or round nutmeg. *T.* Is hot and dry 20, and somewhat astringent. V. Chewed in the mouth it causeth a sweet breath. It h. freckles in the face, quickneth the sight, strengtheneth the belly, and feeble liver. It h. swellings in the spleen

Æmil: Mac: the roots h. the joynts. *Parac:* the juyce with salt h. running ulcers of the feet. *De Dond:* It. h. the hurt of quick silver, so *Plin: Cam:* the seed and leaves are digesting. *Grul:* The root h. the tooth ach. *Park: K.* as the greater, middle, and lesser wilde nettle. T. Are hot and dry 20. V. An *electuary* of the juyce with hony h. the plurisie. It h. the diseases of the mother, & kills wormes, it h. winde, and c. venery; the water h. the skin, goute, and gangreens.

Nicotian, see Tabacco.

Night shade. *Solanum.*

P. Neere high waies, the borders of fields, &c.

T. Fl: in summer, sometimes till Autumne.

N. Στρυχνος. *Solatrum.* *Morella: Uva lupina. Cucu- balus.*

Night-shade. *Ger. K.* as the garden, and sleeper. T. Is cold 20, and binding. *Diosc.* It h. S. *Anthones* fire, the shingles, pain of the head, heart burning, or heat of the stomach, and other distempers c. by sharpe and biting humours: yet it's to be used with caution, least the humors be repelled to the inward parts. The juyce of the green leaves of garden night-shade m. with barley meale ap. h. S. *Anthones* fire, and all hot inflammations; so also with oile of roses, ceruse, and litharge of gold ap. The leaves are good to be put into the ointment of poplar buds. *Johns. drach. 1.* of the barke of the root of sleeper night shade taken is somniferous; yet milder than opium. the fruit is diuretick. Deadly night-shade. *Solanum lethale.* T. Is cold 40. V. It c. sleepe, troubleth the mind, and c. madnesse. Many of the berries taken bring present death. it's to be used as petty morell. the antidote is meade. The leaves ap. to the temples with vinegar c. sleepe, and h. the headache of a hot cause. *Inchanters nightshade. cinæa luteana.* T. V. Doubles it, hath the virtue of garden night shade, and may

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Nose-bleed, see Yarrow.

Nutmeg-tree. *Nux moschata. **

P. In the Indies, in Banda, Molucca, &c.

T. The fruit is gathered in September:

N. Κεκου μυεσινδυ. Nux muscata, & myristica: & Aromatites.

Nutmeg. *Ger. K.* as the male and female, or round nutmeg. T. Is hot and dry 20, and somewhat astringent. V. Chewed in the mouth it causeth a sweet breath. It h. freckles in the face, quickneth the sight, strengthen- eth the belly, and feeble liver. It h. swellings in the spleen

spleene, stops laskes, breaketh winde, and h. all cold diseases. Bruised and boiled in *aqua vite* to the consumption of the moisture, adding hony of roses, boiling the nutmegs gently, and straining them to the forme of a *syrup*, they h. all paines c. of winde and cold, taking 3 spoonefulls fasting for severall dayes together; the same bruised and boiled in strong white wine to the fourth part, with the roots of mother-wort strained, and d. with sugar, h. all gripings in the belly c. by windiness. The best are the heaviest, fattest, and the fullest of liquor, which is known by pricking them, *Sala*, the 1 *distilled oile* h. cardiac passions, and the collick: it's hystericall and cephalick, absterfive and diurerick. The 2d h. fluxes, the tormina and winde c. by cold. *Paracels*: the distilled oile h. ulcers. *Ern*: It operates as that of cloves; *Park*: they h. colds of the head: it c. lust and fat: so the *mace*. *Senn*. Nutmeg as also *mace*, betony, licorice, and juniper berries, h. the coolness of the bladder. *Oleum macis chym. Pharm. Lond.* or oile of *mace*, is excellent for rheums in the head, *Schrod*. the D. of that *distilled*, is gr. 3. 4. that expressed, hath the same virtues, but is of thinner parts, and therefore more efficacious and penetrating. *Ern*. it h. cold diseases strengtheneth, and bindeth. The *distilled oile* of nutmeg, h. the cardiac, &c. the D. is gr. 3. 4. that expressed h. the pain of the belly and nephritis, given in a warme liquor. used to the temples it causeth sleep, and h. the tormina of infants used to the navill. so *Schrod*.

Nut-trees. *Nuces varia.* *

P. In India, Arabia, and other places.

T. Fl: in May, the fruit is ripe in September.

N. *πισακία*. the 1 *Pistacia*. the 2d *Nux Indica*. the 3d *Vomica*.

Nuts. *Ger.* K. as the fisticke nut. *pistacion*. *T.* the *kernells* are hot and moist, and may be eaten as those of the Pine:

Pine-apples, they are not so easily concocted, but much more easily than common nutts, the *juyce* is good, but somewhat thicke, they are polytrophicke, and analepticke. *V.* they are good for those that have the phthisicke. they concoct, ripen, and cleanse forth raw humours that cleave unto the chest. they open the stoppings of the liver, h. the infirmities of the kidnies, expell gravell, ease paine, and h. ulcers. the *kernells* condited and eaten, c. lust, open the lungs, h. the shortness of breath, and taken in wine are an excellent prophylactick remedy. the *Indian nut*, *Cocua*. *T.* Is in a mean between hot and cold. *V.* the branches being cut in the evening send forth water, which is pleasant to drinke, from which is drawn a strong *aqua-vita*, helping against all manner of sicknesses. the *milke* in the *kernells* cooleth and refresheth the spirits. the *kernell* serves for meat, out of which is pressed an oile good for meate and medicine, wherewith the Indians anoint their feeble limbs, it helping lassitude, paines and other infirmities. Of the branches they make their houses, of the trunks their shippes, of the *hempe* on the outside their cables: and of the *finer stufte*, sailes for their shippes. Likewise of the shell they make cupps to drinke in. the vomiting and purging nutts. *T.* Are poysonous, cold 40, and narcotick, or causing deadly sleepe. *V.* the vomiting nut is not to be given inwardly, but in other compositions. the powder given with flesh unto fowles doth presently stupify them, if not kill them. *Park*, *Horse-chesnut*. *V.* Stopps all manner of fluxes and spitting of blood, being eaten roasted. In turkey they are given to horses in their provender to h. the cough, and brokenwindednesse *Borell*: *Cent*: 1. *Obs*: 50. An unguent made of the oile of nuts, with the yelks of egges p. *aq. m.* h. burnings ap. twice a day. *Recch*. the pulpe of the *nuc. cocus*, h. against poyson. and being infused in water in cups made of the shells thereof and d. it h. the collick, pallsie, epilepsie, and other diseases of the nerves; yet by some it's thought little effectvall. *Park*: *V.* *Fisticke* nuts, h. against the stings, and bitings of serpents, and other

other venomous creatures. The *discoloured small Indian nut Fausel*. V. h. in all hot diseases, it h. the tooth-ache, and fasteneth loose teeth. the Indians use it to stupifie. *Garc*: the *distilled water* h. all hot fluxes of the belly. the *white nuts, curcus, habacoulcoul Serap. c.* sperme and the collick. *Bezoar nut Lobus echinatus. T.* V. causeth vomiting. *Ginny nuts T. V.* serve to make bread with. The *liquor of the leaves* serveth for drink. *Mel nucum, vel diacarion, & dianucum Pharm. Lond.* or *hony of nuts*, preserveth from the pestilence, *cochl. i.* being taken in the morning. Also its good to mingle in vomits and wil bring away choller from the stomach and parts adiacent. *Oleum nucum*, or the oile of *hazel-nuts*, h. cold affections of the nerves, and gout in the joynts &c.

Spanish-nut, see Bulbed bastard flower-deluce;
Water Nuts, see Water caltrops.

O.

Oake. *Quercus*.

P. It groweth in a dry and barren ground.

T. It casts the leaves about the end of Autumne.

N. *Δρῦς. Fovis arbor. Robur.* The fruit, *Glans*. The cup, *Capula*.

Oake. *Ger. K.* as the common, and *dwarfe. T.* the leaves, barke, acorne cupps, and acornes, binde and dry 30, and are also somewhat cold. V. The *thin skinne under the barke*, and *that which is next to the acorne powdered*, h. the whites, reds, spitting of blood, and laskes the acornes eaten are hardly concocted, and of grosse, raw, and cold nourishment, they provoke urine, and h. poyson, and are lesse binding than the leaves, or barke. the apples h. all fluxes of blood and laskes

laskes, boiled in red wine; they also h. excessive moisture, and swellings of the jawes, and almonds of the throat. the *decoction* thereof stopps womens diseases, and the *fume* taken c. the mother to returne to its place: the same steeped in strong white wine vinegar, with the powder of brimstone, and root of *ireos m.* and set in the sun 30 dayes, maketh the haire black, wasts proud flesh, and h. sunburning, and all deformities of the face, being washed therewith. *Matth.* the oake apples before they have a hole in them, containe a flie, a spider, or a worme: if a fly, then warre ensueth; if a creeping worme, scarcity of victualls; if a running spider, it prognosticateth great sicknesse, or mortality. *P. L.* also if a maggot, murren of beasts; if an ant, plenty of corne. they are dry and binding, and boiled in milke and d. they stop fluxes and the terms: and boiled in vinegar and ap. they cure the itch. the oake of *Jerusalem, Botrys*, and that of *Capadocia, Ambrosia. T.* Are hot and dry 20, and of subtile parts. V. the *decoction* h. the stoppings of the breast, and asthma, cutting and wasting grosse humors; so the *conserve of the leaves*. It giveth a pleasant tast to flesh, that is sodden with it, and is eaten with the broth. *Dried* and laid among garments, it c. them to smell sweet, and preserveth them from vermin. the *scarlet oake, Ilex coccigera*, the grain is called *Kermes*, and *Coccus baphicus*. the maggot within is named *Cutchonele*. T. this grain is astringent and somewhat bitter, and dry without sharpnesse. V. *Gal*: It h. great wounds, and sinews that be cut ap: with oxymel. It stopps the menses, and is cordiall, and purgeth melancholy. the *confection* hereof, h. the trembling of the heart, and swoonings, and exhilarates, the *lapis cyaneus* being left out: the berries of the *cochenele* must be taken by themselves, which alone are sufficient to die the juyces, and to impart unto them their vertue. The great *scarlet oake*. or *barren scarlet*, or *home oake, Ilex major glandifera. T.* the leaves coole and repell, as those of the mast trees. V. Stamped and ap. they h. soft swellings, and strengthen weak members. the barke of the

root boiled in water untill it be dissolved, and ap. all night, maketh the haire black, being first scoured with *cimolia Clus*: the *acorne* is esteemed of, and usually eaten. the great *Holme Oake* K. As that with greater & lesser *acornes*, *Cerrus*. T. V. are uselesse. the *Corke oake*. K. as with broad and narrow leaves. *Suber*. T. the *barke* doth manifestly drie and binde. V. The powder taken in water stoppeth bloud. *Paul*: the *corkes* which are taken out of wine vessels being burnt mightily drie, and are m. with compositions against the bloody fluxe. The corke also is of known use, and serveth to put into the shoes for warmenesse. *Park*: the ever green oake is lesse binding, it strengtheneth weak members. the young tops and leaves thereof are used in gargles for the mouth and throat. *Croll*. The liquor of the apples that grow on oake leaves ap. h. the rupture. *Park*. K. As the sweet, male and female bitter. V. *Acornes* h. the virulency of *cantharides*. *Hip*. the fume of the leaves h. the mother. *Gal*. ap. it h. wounds. the water h. all heat and fluxes, the *Laurell* is binding. the leaves of *Botrys* ap. h. the mother. *Syrupus botrys*, *Pharm*. Lond. or, Syrup of the oake of *Jerusalem*, h. coughs, shortness of breath, and other cold infirmities of the breast, and may be taken with a liquorice stick. *Confessio Athermes*, P. L. or the *Confession of chermes*, is a great cardiack remedy, and much strengthens the heart and vitalls, h. consumptions, resists pestilence and poison, and strengthens weak nature if they be given in fevers, viz. gr. 4. to the young, and 20, or 30. to those that are old, in convenient cordials.

Oates. *Avena*.

P. Almost every where in cold moist ground.
T. They are sown in spring, and mowen in Autumne.
N. Βρώμη & Βρώμη. *Vena Italica*. *Chartall Arab*.

Oates. Ger. K. as the common and naked. T. Gal. are dry and somewhat cold. V. Common oates put into a linnen

linnen bag, with a little bay salt, made hot in a frying pan, and ap. very hot, h. the stice in the side, or colick in the belly. Such parts as are troubled with the *serpigo*, being first anointed with that unction usually ap. against the French disease, and held over the fume of the decoction of oates, with sweating, will in 5 or 6 times using hereof be perfectly cured. *Oate-meale* is good to abate the colour in maydens faces, they taking a draught of vineger first in the morning, used as *cataplasme*, it dryeth and moderately discusseth without biting, it being somewhat cool and astringent, and it h. scourings. *Wild oates*, *Bromos sterilis*. K. as the common and small. T. are drying. V. Being boiled in water with the roots to a third part, then strained, adding hony and the powder of aloes, and so boiled again to the thickness of thin hony, and ap. with a linnen cloth; they h. the *ozena*, and the filthy ulcers of the nose. *Johns*. Being boiled in wine, with dried rose leaves, they h. a stinking breath. The bearded wild oates, *Aegilops bromoides*. T. V. are uselesse. *Senn*. Oates are hot of meane nourishment, and stop the belly. *Trag*. They are hot as meat, and cold and dry as medicine. *Park*. the meale h. fluxes: with sugar it h. the cough; ap. with vineger it h. spots and the itch with the oile of bayes.

Indian oate-meale, see Panick.
Oculus Christi, see Wild Clarie.

Oily pulse. *Sesamum* *

P. It groweth in Egypt, and India.
T. It must be sown against the Ides of October.
N. Σίναμον. *Sisamum*. *Sesama*. *Sempfen Aegypt*. *Alpini*.

Oily pulse. Ger. T. Is hot and dry 10, Gal. the seed is fat, nauseous, and of slow digestion, of thick iuyce, not easily passing through the veines. It c. thirst, and is emplastick, and softning; so also the oile and decoction.
V. Disce.

V. Ciofc. it c. a stinking breath. It wasteth the grosse-
ness of the sinewes, h. bruises of the eares, inflammations,
scaldings, pains of the joynts, and the bitings of
Ceraustes. Mixt with oile of roses, it h. the head-ache
by heate; so the *herbe* boiled in wine, but especially it h.
the heat and paine of the eyes. the oile is good against
the sounding and ringing of the eares. *Schrod.* the oile
is moderately hot, molifying & maturing: it h. the cough
& asperity of the lungs in plurisies, also it impinguates
& c. sperm. ap. it h. hard tumors, and creeping ulcers.
Diofc. It's hot 10, dry 20. The oile h. warts: ap. with oile
of roses it h. the headache c. by heat. *Park. Alpin.* the
Egyptians use it against the scirrhus of the liver: the
decoltion with hony c. the courses, and h. dandriffe. the
oile h. the deformity of the skin.

Oister-green, see Sea Lungwort.

Oister-lait, see Bistort.

Oleander, see Rose-bay.

Olive-tree, *Olea.*

P. In Italy, France, Spaine, and other places.

T. Fl. in June: the fr. is gathered in November or December.

N. 'Ελαία. 'Αγριελαία. the wild, Oleaster, *Cotinus.*

Olive-tree. *Ger.* K. as the manured and wild. **T.** the
ripe olives are hot and moist, and of little nourishment:
the unripe are dry and binding. Those that are preserved
in pickle, called *colymbades*, dry up the superfluous moi-
sture of the stomach. The branches, leaves and tender
buds, coole, dry and bind, especially of the wild olive.

V. The pickled olives c. appetite, yet are of little nourishment.
The branches, leaves and buds, especially of
the wild h. the eyes, *S. Anthonies* fire, the shingles
and epinyctides, so *For.* night whales, carbuncles, and

cau

eating ulcers: ap. with hony, they h. escharres, cleanse
filthy ulcers, and quench the heat of hot swellings,
h. kernels in the flank, heale wounds in the head, and
being chewed, cure ulcers in the mouth; so the *deco-*
ction and juyce, which also stops all bleedings, and the
whites. The juyce is to be pressed out with wine, and
dried into cakes. The oile which issueth out of the wood
whilst it is burning h. tetteres, scurfes, & scabbs applyed.
that which is pressed out of the unripe olives is cold and
binding. The old oile is hotter and of greater force to
digest, or wast away, and that which is made of unripe
olives is partly binding, partly digesting. The oile of
ripe olives mollifieth, aswageth pain, dissolveth tumors,
h. stiffness of the joynts, and cramps, especially being
mixed with hypericon, cammomill, dill, lillies, roses
&c oile *emphacine*, or of unripe olives doth stop, and
repress tumors in the beginning, and cool the heat of
burning vloers and exulcerations. *Bor. Cent. 2. Obs. 14.*
The oile of olives eaten in the morning with a rost
looseth the belly. *Anon.* oile of olives chased twice in a
day upon the kernell of the patients arme, till dissolved
in the *espinlas*, helpeth it, stroaking it upwards also up-
on the breast, and rubbing fine flax thereon; and it's
caused by taking cold on the breast, and known by
pain there, and giddiness, with pricking as with a
thorn, and a little kernel a little above the wrist, and
anorexy. *Park.* Pickled olives burnt, beaten, and ap.
h. ulcers, and faste is loose reeth. The oile h. exulcera-
ting poysons, the dreg; h. the scab with lupines: with
hony &c. it h. teeth; so the gum, and is ophthalmick,
antipsorick, and expells the fetus. The fl. of the wild,
perfume.

One-berry, see Herb true-love.

One blade.

V. Ciofc. it c. a stinking breath. It wasteth the grosse-
 nesse of the sinewes, h. bruises of the eares, inflammations,
 scaldings, pains of the joynts, and the bitings of
 Cerastes. Mixt with oile of roses, it h. the head-ache c.
 by heate; so the *herbe* boiled in wine, but especially it h.
 the heat and paine of the eyes. the *oile* is good against
 the sounding and ringing of the eares. *Schrod.* the *oile*
 is moderately hot, molifying & maturing: it h. the cough
 & asperity of the lungs in plurisies, also it impinguates
 & c. sperm. ap. it h. hard tumors, and creeping ulcers.
Diofc. It's hot 10, dry 20. The *oile* h. warts: ap. with oile
 of roses it h. the headache c. by heat. *Park. Alpin.* the
 Egyptians use it against the scirrhus of the liver: the
decoltion with hony c. the courses, and h. dandriffe. the
oile h. the deformity of the skin.

Oister-green, see Sea Lungwort.

Oister-lait, see Bistort.

Oleander, see Rose-bay.

Olive-tree. *Olea.*

P. In Italy, France, Spaine, and other places.

T. Fl. in June: the fr. is gathered in November or December.

N. Ἑλαια. Ἀγριελαια. the wild, Oleaster, *Cotinus.*

Olive-tree. *Ger. K.* as the manured and wild. **T.** the
 ripe olives are hot and moist, and of little nourishment:
 the unripe are dry and binding. Those that are preserved
 in pickle, called *colymbades*, dry up the superfluous moi-
 sture of the stomach. The branches, leaves and tender
 buds, coole, dry and bind, especially of the wild olive.

V. The pickled olives c. appetite, yet are of little nourishment.
 The branches, leaves and buds, especially of
 the wild h. the eyes, *S. Anthonies* fire, the shingles
 and epinyctides, so *For.* night whales, carbuncles, and

caul

eating ulcers: ap. with hony, they h. escharres, cleanse
 filthy ulcers, and quench the heat of hot swellings,
 h. kernels in the flank, heale wounds in the head, and
 being chewed, cure ulcers in the mouth; so the *deco-*
ction and juyce, which also stops all bleedings, and the
 whites. The juyce is to be pressed out with wine, and
 dried into cakes. The *oile* which issueth out of the wood
 whilst it is burning h. tetteres, scurfes, & scabbs applyed.
 that which is pressed out of the unripe olives is cold and
 binding. The old *oile* is hotter and of greater force to
 digest, or wast away, and that which is made of unripe
 olives is partly binding, partly digesting. The *oile* of
 ripe olives mollifieth, aswageth pain, dissolveth tumors,
 h. stiffness of the joynts, and cramps, especially being
 mixed with hypericon, cammomill, dill, lillies, roses
 & c. *oile* *emphacine*, or of unripe olives doth stop, and
 repress tumors in the beginning, and cool the heat of
 burning vloers and exulcerations. *Bor. Cent. 2. Obs. 14.*
 The *oile* of olives eaten in the morning with a rost
 looseth the belly. Anon. *oile* of olives chased twice in a
 day upon the kernell of the patients arme, till dissolved
 in the *espinlas*, helpeth it, stroaking it upwards also up-
 on the breast, and rubbing fine flax thereon; and it's
 caused by taking cold on the breast, and known by
 pain there, and giddiness, with pricking as with a
 thorn, and a little kernel a little above the wrist, and
 anorexy. *Park.* Pickled olives burnt, beaten, and ap.
 h. ulcers, and faste is loose teeth. The *oile* h. exulcera-
 ting poysons, the dreg; h. the scab with lupines: with
 hony & c. it h. teeth; so the gum, and is ophthalmick,
 antisporick, and expells the fetus. The fl. of the wild,
 perfume:

One-berry, see Herb true-love.

One blade.

One blade. *Unifolium.* *

P. It groweth in Lancashire, and nere Bathe.

T. Fl. in May, the fruit is ripe in September.

N. Μονοφύλλον. *Monophyllum.* Cotyledon. *Sylvestris*
Trag.

One blade. *Ger.* T. it is hot and dry, and vulnerary.
V. The leaves are of the same force in wounds with
Pyrola, especially in wounds among the nerves and
sinews: *drach.* 1. of the root being given in vinegar m.
with wine or water, and the sick going to bed, and
sweating on it, so *Park. Lugd.* T. It's hot and dry. The
leaves prevent inflammations in wounds.

Onion. *Cepa.*

P. In a fat ground, well digged and dunged.

T. It's sown in March and Aprill or September.

N. Κεράμιον ἢ κρόμμιον. *Cepa. Cape.*

Onion. *Ger.* J. K. as the white, lodgish Spanish, and
scallions. T. All onions are sharp, and move reares by
the smell. *Gal.* They are hot & dry 4^o, yet not so hot
as garlick, the juyce is of a thin, watery, and airc sub-
stance, the rest is of thick parts V. Onions doe bite,
attenuate, and cause drinesse: being boiled they loose
their sharpness, especially if the water be changed; yet
they attenuate, break wind and provoke urine, and are
more soluble boiled than raw; but are of little nu-
rishment. They hurt those that are chollerick, & h.
those that are replete with raw humors, and women
that have their termes stopt upon a cold cause. *Gal.* ap.
with vinegar they open the hemorrhoides. the juyce used
as an *errhine* draweth flegme out of the head. Stamped
with salt, rue, and hony, ap. they h. the bitings of a
mad dog. Roasted in the embers and ap. they ripen and
breake cold apost. mes, biles, &c. the juyce m. with the
decoction of penny royall aph. the gout: the juyce ap.
c. haire

c. haire to grow. ap. with water or oile it h. burnings,
as it's affirmed by *Clowes* and *Parey*, Sliced and dipped
in the juyce of sorrell, and taken by the sick of a tertian
ague, they take away the fit in once or twice so taking
them. H. they c. head ach, hurt the eyes, dull the sen-
ses, c. winde, and provoke overmuch sleep, especially
raw. *Sea onions, Scilla.* K. as the common Spanish, the
great, that of *Valentia*, with the red fl. and white sea daf-
fodill. T. the sea onion is hot 2^o, and cutteth much, it's
best when roasted. V. It is to be roasted under the embers,
baked, or boiled, changing the water, and then to be
dried, of which is made oile, wine, or vinegar: of which
is made an *oxymel*, to cut humors, and to be used in
vomits. this onion thus roasted is m. with potions to
provoke urine, open the liver and spleen, to h. the
dropsie, jaundise, and tormina, and in a *lobach* to h. the
cough, and asthma. One part hereof being mixt with
eight of salt, and taken in the morning before breakfast,
in the quantity of a spoonful or two looseth the belly.
The inner part of squilla boiled with oile and turpentine
h. chilblaines. taken with hony and oile it expelleth
wormes. *Park.* The first h. against venome with hony
and rue, and c. sperme. The juyce h. burnings and spots
with vinegar, and ap. h. paines of the eares. *Park.*
Squills h. the lungs, stomach, head and heart: it cleareth
the sight, h. the tooth ach, cleanseth the head of scurfe
and running sores, and resists poison. The common boil-
ed or roasted and mixt with sugar and butter, h. the
cough, asthma, and wheezing: the juyce thereof with
that of limmons and treacle h. the plague. *Lang.* the
juyce annointed with hens grease h. the ach and swell-
ings of the knees and feet *Vinum scilliticum. Pharm.*
L. or wine of squills, is of the nature of its Vinegar; but
hotter, a little of which taken in the morning fasting,
walking halfan houre after, preserves the body in
health to old age; it c. a good digestion, long wind,
cleer voice, acute sight, good colour, and suffers no of-
fensive thing to remain in the body, neither wind,
flegme, choller, melancholly, excrements or urine. It
h. laie

h. salt and fower belchings, though a man be licentious in diet. It h. the phthisick, epilepsie, gouts, diseases and swellings in the joynts, hardness of the liver and spleen. It preserveth soundness of body, health and vigour of mind, so *Gal. Bayf.* It clenseth, dryeth, incideth, attenuates, h. the gums and thick humours in oynments. *Mel scilliticum*, or the *hony of squills*, is of the nature of honey with squills, & with vinegar also; but is hotter and for cold constitutions: the D. is *unc. 1.* or *drach. 6.* in a vomit. *Oxymel scilliticum*, or the *oxymel of squills*, cuts rough and viscous humors, so h. the stomach, bowels and fowre belchings: the D. is *cochl. 1.* in the morning; and its more pleasant, than the vinegar. *Ox. scil. compositum*, or, the *compounded*, h. the epilepsie, megrim, head-aches and vertigo; so is from the stomach, it h. obstructed lungs, women not well cleansed, and opens the womb. *Eclegma scilliticum*, or, the *Lohoch of squills*, is as the vinegar and oxymel, but milder, so h. asthmas, dyspnceas, cuts humours, h. digestion, and caseth the breast: also it strengthens the lungs, and h. the oppression by thick clammy flegme. It is also good for hoarseness and infirmities of the voice. *Trochisci de scilla ad theriacum*, *P. L.* or, the *Troches of squills for treacle*, operate as squills, and as the vinegar and hony thereof.

Orach. *Atriplex*.

P. The wild grow neere high wayes: the rest in gardens.

T. Fl. and seed from June to the end of August.

N. Ἀνέμοις. *Anemolum*. The stinking. *Garosmos Cordi*.

Orach. Cer. J. K. as the white, purple, wilde, sea, the common, and narrow leaved wilde, with the berry bearing orach. *T. Gal.* Is moist 20. cold 10. *V. Diosc.* that of the garden is both moist and cold, it's eaten boiled, and looseth the belly. *ap.* it h. swellings of the throat. The seed d. with meade h. the jaundise. *Gal.* It clenseth and openeth

openeth the oppilations of the liver. *Stinking orach. Atriplex olida*, *T. V.* It's thought that by its smell it h. the suffocation of the mother. *Recch. K.* as the sweet of *Mexico*. *T.* is sharp and hot 20. *V.* In *salads* it doth corroborate. It h. the breast, and asthma's, opens obstructions and nourisherh, the root decoct and d. h. the dysentery and inflammations. *Casalp.* the first c. the dropsie &c. *Park.* The fourth purgeth and emaciates. the seed of the rest h. against thac cantharides and heate.

Open arse, see Medlar.

Ople, see Marriish Elder.

Opoponax-wort, see Alheale.

Orange-bay, see Guayava.

Orange-tree. *Malus Arantia*.

P. On the sea coasts of *Italy*, and other places.

T. It's ever green, and bearing fruit.

N. Χρυσόμυλον. The fruit *Pomum Narantium*. *Anarantium Dod.*

Orange-tree. Ger. T. The orange hath unlike parts. the rinds are sweet of smell, bitter, hot and dry. *V.* Twelve oranges sliced and put into a gallon of water adding *unc. 1.* of mercury sublimat; and boiled to one halfe h the itch, and manginelle. The rind of oranges is much like to that of citrons and limmons, but more hot, biting and bitter, the soure pulp also; but the sweet doth ont much cool and dry, but doth temperately heate and moisten, and is of thin and little nourishment. That which is of a middle taste is more cold than sweet, and lesse cold than soure. The sweet flowers are used in perfumes. The seed killeth worms, resisteth poison, and h. the stinging of scorpions, being inwardly taken. *Park.* The inner pulpe h. agues and hot diseases, and in summer cooleth hot stomachs, and sinning spirits. The rinds preserved warme the stomach, digest, and breake

h. salt and sower belchings, though a man be licentious in diet. It h. the phthisick, epilepsie, gouts, diseases and swellings in the joynts, hardness of the liver and spleen. It preserveth soundness of body, health and vigour of mind, so *Gal. Bayf.* It clenseth, dryeth, incideth, attenuates, h. the gums and thick humours in oynments. *Mel scilliticum*, or the *hony of squills*, is of the nature of honey with squills, & with vinegar also; but is hotter and for cold constitutions: the D. is *unc. 1.* or *drach. 6.* in a vomit. *Oxymel scilliticum*, or the *oxymel of squills*, cuts rough and viscous humors, so h. the stomach, bowels and sower belchings: the D. is *cochl. 1.* in the morning; and its more pleasant, than the vinegar. *Ox. scil. compositum*, or, the *compounded*, h. the epilepsie, megrim, head-aches and vertigo; so if from the stomach, it h. obstructed lungs, women not well cleansed, and opens the womb. *Eclegma scilliticum*, or, the *Loboch of squills*, is as the vinegar and oxymel, but milder, so h. asthmas, dyspnoeas, cuts humours, h. digestion, and easeth the breast: also it strengthens the lungs, and h. the oppression by thick clammy flegme. It is also good for hoarseness and infirmities of the voice. *Trochisci de scilla ad theriacum*, *P. L.* or, the *Troches of squills for treacle*, operate as squills, and as the vinegar and hony thereof.

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winde. The water of the flowers preventeth fevers d. An ointment of the fl. h. the cough and dizziness.

Orchanet, see Alkanet.

Orchis, see Stones.

Organie, see Wild marjerome.

Orobanche, see Broom-rape.

Orpine. *Crassula*.

P. It groweth in shadowie and stony places.

T. It flowreth about August or before.

N. Τελαρίον ἢ ἀνίζων ἄγριον. *Cerannia*.

Orpine. Ger K. as the Spanish, and common. T. are cold dry, and of subtile parts. V. *Diosc.* ap. with vinegar they h. the white morpheu. *Gal.* So also the black being of a clensing nature. The smaller orpines. K. as the purple, never dying, and creeping. T. V. are referred to the first. *Schrod. Matth.* It's cold and moist: *Dod.* cold and dry, it's vulnerary, astringent and mundifying, it h. erosions of the intestines, dysentery and burnings. *Col.* the leaves ap. h. the quinsy. the water h. inward ulcers, and stops fluxes. *Park.* K. as that of *Imperatus* of Naples, and small of *Matth.* V. h. inflammations, quinsy. ruptures, burstings and green wounds.

Orrice, see Flower-de-luce.

Osier, see Walter-willow.

Orvall, see Orpine.

Osmond the water-man, see Water-sernee.

Outlandish-rose, see Holli-hock.

Oxon, see Crosse-wort.

Oxeye

Oxe-eye. *Bupthalmum*.

P. In Germany, Bohemia and other places.

T. Fl. in May and June, the last in August.

N. Βύφθαλμον. *Oculus bovis*. *Chrysanthemum* *Gesn.* &c.

Oxe-eye. Ger. K. as the common, right, and white T. the flowers are wasting. V. *Diosc.* the flowers made up in a seare-cloth assuage hard swellings: so *Weck.* Being d. after bathing they c. a good colour in those that have had the jaundise. *Fuch.* the flowers are sharper and hotter, than those of cammomil. *Diosc. Gal. Plin.* It is discutient. *Untz.* The salt d. in wine with myrrhe and frankincence h. the stone. *Park.* K. as the cammomil-like, purple fl. shrubby, and thin leaved of Barbary. V. as the rest.

Oxlip. *Primula veris pratensis*.

P. It groweth in the fields in moist places.

T. Fl. from Aprill to the end of May.

N. *Herba S. Petri*. *Primula pratensis inodora, lutea pallida*, *Lob.* Ger. *Phyt.* Brit.

Oxlips. *Park.* K. as the single, double, and those with jagged huskes. T. *Dod.* are dry 3°, and a little hot. V. A conserve made with the flowers and sugar, h. convulsions, palsies and diseases of the sinewes. the decoction d. warme, h. laskes and the bloody flux. they are used in cephalicall diseases.

Oxe-tongue, see Wild hugloffe.

Paddock

P.

Paddock-stooles, see Toad-stooles.

Padelyon, see Ladies mantle.

Pagle, see Stich-wort.

Paigles, see Cow-slips.

Palma Christi. Ricinus.

P. The first groweth in diverse gardens.

T. It's sown in Aprill, the seed is ripe in August.

N. Κίτι τὸ καβτὸν. *Cataputia major. Cerva major. Pentadactylon.*

P Alma Christi. Ger. K. as the common, and that of America. T. the seed is hot and dry 3°. V. the seed taken inwardly openeth the belly and c. vomit, it draweth out flegme, and choller. the broth of the sneate supped up wherein the seed hath been sodden h. the collick and gout, the sciatica, jaundise and dropsie. the oile heateth and dryeth; ap. it h. hardnesse and scurfe. Rab. D. *Chimchi*, this oile h. extreame coldnesse of the body. Recch. *That of Mexico.* T. is sweet, hot and moist. V. the liquor distilled strengtheneth those that languish, it also impinguates and c. a good colour, the kernells purge flegme &c. Jo. the antidote is milke with butter. Park. Dur. the seed h. the winde of the mother, the last. h. all diseases of cold d. and ap. the oile h. spots and tumors.

Palme de dieu, see Palma Christi.

Palme tree, see Date tree.

Palsie-worts, see Cowslips.

Panax, see woundwort.

Panick

Panick. Panicum.

P. It groweth in hot and dry regions chiefly.

T. It's sown in spring, ripe in August.

N. Ελευμὸν καὶ μελίον. *Diocl. Dochon. Meline.*

Panick. Ger. J. K. as the Indian, blew, west Indian with a very long eare, the Germane, and wild. T. Gal. it's dry and of little nourishment. V. it stoppeth lasks as millet doth being boiled in goats milke and d. twice a day: ap. it dryeth and cooleth. Bread made hereof is brittle, cold, dry, and of little nourishment: it's neither clammy nor fat. the petty panick, *Phalaris*, with the quaking and pearle graspe, *pratensis*. T. is thought to be of the nature of millet. V. Gal. the juice and seed are thought to be profitably drunk against the paines of the bladder. It serveth in dry fomentations, in stead of millet. Cresc. Isaac, it's like millet in temper, yet lesse nutrient, & more styptick. Park. It hath no other use in physick than to dry up moist and fluxible humors.

Panics, see Harts case.

Paper plant, see Paper-reed.

Pap-wort, see Mercury.

Parke-leaves. Androsamum.

P. It groweth in woods, and by hedge sides.

T. Fl. in June and Aug. the leaves wax red in Autumne.

N. Ἀνδρῶσαμον. *Dionysia. Siciliana. Cæciliana Cam.*

Parke-leaves. Ger. J. K. as the common, and, tutsan S. John's-wort. T. It's like S. Peter's wort hot and dry. V. drach. 2. of the seed powdered and d. purge choller, and h. the sciatica, the patient drinking water a day or 2 after purging: the herb h. burnings: ap. it stoppeth blood and healeth new wounds. the leaves ap. h. broken skins and scabbed leggs, and many other hurts and griefs, and it's therefore called tutsane. Oribas.

the leaves are dry and moderately extergent: so *Cam.* Diosc. ap. it h. burnings and stoppeth bloud. *Park.* K. as that of *Matth.* and the stinking. V. the seed is abstergive.

Parsly. *Apium.*

P. It groweth in moist, hot or cold places.

T. It may be often cropped, the seed is ripe in July.

N. Σέλινον. *Selinum.* Bastard parsly is called *Caucalis.*

Parsly. Ger. K. as that of the garden. T. it's hot and dry, the seed is hot 20, dry ferè 30. the root is moderately hot. V. the leaves are pleasant in sauces and in broth; they h. stoppings and provoke urine; so also the roots, and are a greeable to the stomach. The seeds attenuate, open, provoke urine, dissolve the stone, breake winde, h. dropsies, and bring down the menses, and birth: in *loboc's* h. the cough, and resist poison. the roots or seeds boiled in ale and d. expell strong poison. In clysters they h. the stone, or torments of the guts. *Mountain parsly. Oreoselinum.* is hot and dry fine 2di. it attenuate, openeth, provoketh, breaketh and expelleth the stone. V. It openeth the liver and spleen, and h. the jaundise: being chewed it h. the toothach, and bringeth water out of the mouth. *Gal.* It operates as *Smallage*; but more effectually. *Diosc.* the seed and root d. in wine provoke urine, and the menses, and are m. with antidotes, diuretick and hot medicines. *Stone parsly. petroselinum macedonicum.* K. as the bastard and true of *Macedonia.* T. the seed (which is most commonly used) is hot and dry with incision. V. It provoketh urine, and bringeth downe the menses. It h. winde and the collick, tormina, paine in the sides, kidneys and bladder, and is m. with counterpoisons. *Wild parsly. Apium sylvestre.* T. the root is hot and dry 30. V. the root used as a masticatory draweth flegme out of the head, and h. the tooth ach: also it attenuates, opens, provokes urine, and bringeth down the flowers, &c. as the other

other parslyes. *Bastard parsly. Caulis.* K. as that with white, and red flowers, the hogs, great rough, hedge, and knotted. T. the seed is hot and dry 20. V. *Diosc.* It is a pot herb & provoketh urine; so the seed and bringeth down the menses: it dissolveth & expelleth the stone, and h. the stoppings of the liver, spleen, and kidneys: it curteth and concocteth raw humors, comforteth the whole stomacke, dissolveth wind, quickneth the sight and refresheth the heart being taken fasting. *Matth.* It causeth venery and inflammation of the parts. *Parsly break-stone. Percepier Angtorum.* *Johns.* T. is hot and dry and of subtile parts. V. It mightily moves urine, therefore by some it is kept in pickle for that purpose, the distilled water also is diuretick, and clenseth the kidneys of gravel. *Myl.* The decoction of the roots d. c. vomiting, and stops the belly. The first h. against litharge, recreates fish, and c. lust. *Horst. Fab.* the quintessence purgeth and discusseth drach. 1. being taken. *Park.* K. as the *Virginian.* V. the 1. h. the jaundise. *Gal.* and epilepsie ap. It h. heat, spots and pains of the eares. The *mountaine* operates as *Smallage.* The rest as the first.

Corne parsly, see Hone wort.

Doggs Parsly, see Wild-hemlock.

Parsly-piert, see Knotgrass and Knawell.

Thorow bored-parsly, see Candy Alexander.

Water parsly, see Smallage.

Parsnep. *Pastinaca latifolia.*

P. In fat loose earth deeply digged.

T. it floureth in July and August.

N. *Elaphoboscum sativum* Tab. The second sort, *Sphondylium.* The third, *Sium.*

Parsneps. Ger. K: as the garden and wild, T. the root is moderately hot, and more dry than moist. V. they nourish

nourish more than turneps or carrots, and are of thick, yet not of bad juyce: they are somewhat windie, and neither bind nor loosen the belly: they provoke urine and ventry, and h. the kidnies, bladder, stomach and lungs. *Plat.* the roots serve to make bread withall. The seed is hotter and dryer *sc.* 2°. It provoketh urine and consumeth wind. The seed taken in wine (*sc.* of the wild parsnep) h. the bitings and stings of serpents. *Park.* It h. stitches, wind, and provokes urine. It cuts, attenuates and cleneth. *Com.* parsnep, or meadow parsnep, *sphondylium*. T. hath manifest heat. V. the leaves dissolve cold swellings, bruised and ap. The Polonians make drink with the decoction hereof, and leaven. The seed d. purgeth flegme and h. the jaundise, epilepsie, suffocation of the mother, and the asthma. The fume of the seed will awake those that are in a swoon, or dead sleep. The oile wherein the leaves and roots have been sodden, anointed h. the phrensie and melancholy, as also the headach, lethargy, and forgetfull evill. *Water Parsnep.* K. the great and lesser. *Park.* Is hot and digesting, it provokes urine and the courses, it expels the stone and birth. *Dorst.* the root of the common is hot medio 2di and moist 1°. ap. with honny the leaves h. phagedens. The water d. and ap. h. the palsie and c. ventry. *Park.* K. as the greater of Germany, jagged leaved and smooth mountain cowpars. V. the root h. fistula's. the seed h. the liver grown. It h. the scab and sore cares. *sc.* the flowers.

Pasque-flower. *Pulsatilla.*

P. The first groweth in England: the other in France.

T. Fl. for the most part about Easter, therefore so called.

N. *Apium risus. Herba venti, & Sardoia. Samolum Plin.*

Pasque flowers. *Ger.* K. as the purple and red, white, and lesser purple. T. they extreemly bite, and are hot and dry. V. Stamped and ap. they exulcerate, therefore have been taken for kinds of crowfoot, to which they

they are not inferiour. *Schwenkf.* The purple flowered is hot and dry 4°. caustick, attenuating, attracting, digesting and purging: the root is not so strong, it h. the pestilence. so *Untz. Matth. Tabern. Durand.* and *Schwenckf.* and poisons: also being chewed raw it draws out flegme. *Passion fl. Maracoc. Flos pass. T. V.* The fr. looeth the belly.

Passiflower, see Pasque-flower.

Passions, see Snake weed.

Passel, see Woad.

Patience, see Dock.

Pauls betony, see Fluchlin.

Peach-bells, and steeple-bells, see Bell flower.

Peach-tree. *Malus Persica.*

P. It groweth in gardens and vineyards.

T. Fl. in Aprill, the fruit is ripe in September.

N. *Μηλιά περσική & ροδάκινα.* The nectorine, *Nuci-persica.*

Peach-tree. *Ger.* K. as the white, red, d'avant and yellow. T. peaches are cold and moist 2°. they easily putrefie and yeeld no nourishment being taken last: if first they loosen the belly: the kernels are hot and dry. V. The kernels open, clense and h. the stoppings of the liver and spleen. peaches before ripe, stop the lask, being ripe they loosen the belly, and ingender nauty humors. the leaves open the belly, and liver: ap. plaister wise to the navells of children they kill the wormes. So also boiled in milk and d. Dried and cast upon green wounds they cure them. The flowers infused in warme water 12 houres, and strained, then adding more, so for 6 or 8 times, after putting to sugar and boiling the liquor to the consistence of a syrup, make an excellent purge for the belly, expelling watery humors without trouble 2 spoonfulls being taken at a time. the kernels stamped and boiled with vinegar to the forme

of an *sintment*, h. the alopecia. the *Juyce* hereof drawn forth with penny royall water h. the apoplexie. Being often held in the mouth, it draweth forth water and oecovereth speech: the *gum* is of a mean temperature; rut the substance is clammy, so it dulleth the sharpness of thin humors. In a *loboch* it h. the cough and rotten lungs: it also stoppeth the raising up of the blood, and all other fluxes. *Park. K.* as the *melocotone*, *nutmeg*, *black*, *long carnation*, the *Queens*, *du Troas*, with the best *Roman red nectarine*, and *bastard with pinking blossome*. V. the last is more firme than the peach, and more pleasant. *Syrupus à floribus persicorum Pharm. Lond.* or *syrup of peach flowers*, is a gentle purger of chollerick humors and feavers, *Schrod.* the *peach oile expressed*, h. pain of the eares and hæmorrhoids, and pain and swellings of the colick, being taken.

Peach-wort, see Dead Arsmart.

Peare tree. *Pyrus.*

P. It groweth in orchards: the wild in hedges.
T. Fl. in Aprill: the fruit is ripe in July, August September &c.
N. *Ἀπὶ τοῦ ὄχρου*, the wild, *pyrafter*.

Peare-tree. *Ger. K.* as the *Katharine*, *jenneting*, *S. James's*, the *royall*, *burgamot*, *quince*, *Bishops*, and *winter peare-tree*. T. all peares are cold and binding, having an earthy substance: the *choke peares* and those that are *harsh*, are more earthy. the *sweetest* are superfluously moist. V. The *harsh* and *choke peares* h. laskes, and the bloody flux. ap. they h. cold swellings in the beginning; so the *leaves* which do binde and coole. the *Juyce* or *perry*, is soluble, and purgeth those that drink not often of it, especially when new; yet it comforteth, and warmeth the stomach, and h. digestion. *Wild peare-tree. K.* as the *great choke*, and *small*, the *wilde hedge*, *wild crab*, *lousie wild* and *crow peare tree*. T. are cold, binding

binding, and earthy. V. the vertues of the *wild peares* are referred unto the *garden peares*, as touching their binding faculty; but are not to be eaten, their nourishment being little and bad. *Park. K.* as the *winter bonchretien* and *summer*, the *striped of Jerusalem*, best *warden*, *Windfor*, *gratiola*, pound and *gilliflower peare*. T. the soure coole and bind, the *sweet* nourish and warme &c. according to their tastes.

Peare plant, see Gromel.

Pease. *Pesum.*

P. In gardens, and the fields being sowne.
T. They are sown in spring, & are ripe in summer.
N. *πίσων καὶ λίκυθου ἢ λίκιθος*. The second kind, *Lathyrus*.

Peason. *Ger. K.* as the *rowncivall*, and those of the field, the *tufted*, *without skins*, *wild*, and *wild everlasting*. T. the *pease*, *Hipp.* Is lesse windie than beanes, but sooner passeth through the body. *Gal.* Peason are in their whole substance like unto beanes, yet not so windie or cleansing. V. they have no effectually manifest quality, but are in a meane between those things which are of good and bad juice, that nourish much and little, that are windie and without winde. the rest *Lathyrus. K.* as the *pease everlasting*, with the *white flowered*, *purple fl. Egyptian*, and *partly coloured chickling*, and *tare everlasting*. T. V. are referred to the manured tare or vetch, yet are not for meate. or medicine, the *Venice*, *Johns*. T. V. are not of any known use in physick. Yet if the third be the *galega montana Hist. Lugd.* It h. *poy-pulses*. K. as the *birds pease*, with the *crimson grasse vetch*. T. V. are not used in medicine. *Park. K.* as the *rose*, *sugar* and *spotted pease*. T. V. are windie as the rest. the *Spanish black spotted wild*, and *wild English sea*. V. the decoction h. scabs and spots, the meale with barley h. ulcers,

ulcers, and with verches breaketh tumors. the winged is in a meane, drawing, digesting, cutting, and cleanseing. the cichling is not as yet used.

Pedalion, see Black hellebore.
Pellamountaine, see Wild time.

Pellitory. *Parietaria.*

P. Weere old wals, the second in gardens.
T. It groweth in May, and seedeth in July, and Augt
N. Ἑλξίυν ἢ περδίνιον. *Herba Muralis.*

Pellitory. Ger. K. as that of the wall. T. Gal. is some thing cold, moist and scouring V. Being boiled and the decoction d. it h. the old cough, gravell, stone, and dysury, so ap. so Untz. Varig. Math. Durand. Diosc. the juice m. with ceruse, h. S. Anthonie's fire, and the shingles: m. with the cerot of Alcanna, or goates tallow it h. the gout of the feet. the juyce h. old coughs: and as a gargarisme it h. the hot swellings of the almonds of the throat. It h. paines of the eares being instilled with oile of roses. unc. 3. of the juyce being d. presently c. urine. the leaves m. with the oile of sweet almonds as a pultis, and ap. h. the stone, and dysury. Pellitory of Spaine, *Pyrethrum*, with the wild. T. the root is very hot, and burning. V. It h. the cold shiverings of agues, and the dead palsie. m. with antidotes it h. the megrim, vertigo, apoplexie, epilepsie, trembling of the sinewes, and palsie, and all cold and continuall infirmities of the head and sinewes: taken with hony it h. all cold diseases of the braine. the root chewed in the mouth draweth forth rheume, and waterish humors. It h. the tooth-ach, especially if stamped with a little staves-acre made into a nodule, and held in the mouth: so also boiled in vinegar and held warme in the mouth. the oile wherein it hath been boiled ap. h. bruises and the palsie, and o. sweat. It's very good to be put into medicines against the French disease, *Lonic.* The distilled water of the first

ap. h. the erysipelas, and adustions. Park. V. the decoction of the first h. the mother, obstructions of the liver, spleen and reines: the juyce h. the toothach, cleanseeth the skin, and h. the eares and hot swellings, ap. it h. the piles and alopecia. That of Spaine h. all cold griefes.

False pellitory, see Master-wort.
Peannie grasse, see Coxcomb.
Pennie mountaine, see wild Time.
Pennie flower, see white Satin flower.

Penny-royall. *Pulegium.*

P. In moist and overflowed places, sc. the first.
T. Fl. from May, to September.
N. Γαλλικὸν καὶ βλήκων. *Pulegium.*

Penny-royall. Ger. K. as the common, upright, and narrow leaved. T. is hot and dry 30 and of subtile parts. V. Boiled in wine and d. it provoketh the termes, expelleth the secundine, and dead child, c. urine, and breaketh the stone, especially of the kidnies. taken with hony, it cleanseeth the lungs, and cleareth the breast from all grosse humors. Taken with hony and aloes, it purgeth melancholy, and h. the crampe. Taken with water and vinegar, it h. paines of the stomach, and vomiting. Being put into corrupt water when dry, it will not hurt those that drink thereof. Being worne about the head, it h. the vertigo, and paines thereof. The decoction h. the ventosity, hardnesse, and stopping of the mother used in a bath. Park. K. As the white fl. and French. V. ap. it h. cold parts, and the gout, itches, sports, and leprosie d. and swoonings, epilepsies and paines of the inward parts. It h. the eyes, Dur. d. it h. the dropsie.

Pepper

Penny-wort, see Navel wort.

Pepper. Piper.

P. In Ginnie, India, Italy, Spaine, &c.

T. The seed is to be sown in horse dung, as melens.

N. *πέπερ*. The Ginny, *Capsicum*. *Zinziber caninum*, *Avic.*

Pepper. Ger. *J. K.* as the ginny or Indian tong, round and small coddled. T. ginwie pepper is very hot, and drie 40. V. It's an enemy to the liver; yet others affirme that it warmeth the stomach, and greatly helpeth the digestion of meats; it dissolveth the kings evill, and hard and cold swellings. ap. with hony it helps spotts, and lentils. It serveth also to dye as saffron doth. The pepper plant, piper. K. as the black, white, long, the *Æthiopian*, and tailed. T. are hot 30. of which the long is the best. V. *Diosc.* It resisteth poyson, and is good in collyries. It heateth, provoketh urine, digesteth, draweth, disperseth and clenseth the sight. Bastard pepper, *Betre*. T. the leaves being m. with *areca*, the lime of oyster shell, amber, griesse, and lignum aloes, and made into a past or balls, serve the Indians instead of meat and drink in their travels, being held in the mouth, and also perfume the breath. *De Dond.* it hurts in fevers: so *Scrap. Col.* It's hot and dry ferè 40. V. it h. crude humors, and the cough, and c. urine, it h. agues and the teeth. *Park.* The first c. sneezing. The East Indian h. wind. *scr. 1.* of the powder d. in broth, c. appetite, provokes urine h. the stone and mother, and scotoma with other things. It h. the dropsie, cough, quinsy and palsie ap. so the rest. *Diatrion piperion*, *Pharm. Lond.* or the Composition of the 3 peppers, heats the stomach and expels wind, if taken before meat for the former purpose, and after for the latter: the D. is drach. sem. in powder; and drach. 2. in electuaries. *Oleum piperis* *Mes. P. L.* or the oile of pepper h. cold diseases of the nerves; as palsies, epilepsies, sphasmas, wry mouthes, shaking

palsies, cold afflictions of the reins and bladder, yard, womb, gouts, and all diseases of the joynts. It heats, attenuates and clenseth, so it opens obstructions, and breakes the stone. The *Chymicall oile*, h. the collick. this (as also oile of cinnamon, cloves, mace nutmegs) 1 or 2. drops being taken in wine, electuaries, or lozenges, strengthens the brain, stomach, liver, spleen, and all internall parts, and h. digestion, and wind. *Schrod.* the distilled penetrats, discusseth flatulency, prevents fits of tertians taken 2 houres before the fit, after purgation, and its used to the back in agues: the D. is gr. 2. 4.

Pepperwort, see Dittander.
Wall-pepper, see Stone-crop.
Water-pepper, see Arsmart.
Percepier, see Parsly-breake-stone.

Perwinkle. Clematis:

P. It groweth in moist and shadowie places.

T. Fl. and flourish in March and Aprill &c.

N. *Κλεμνίς* *Σερωνίδης*. *Vinca peruvina*. *Chamada* *phne* *Plinii*.

Perwinkle. Ger. *J. K.* as the common and great. T. its hot 20 something dry, and astringent. V. the leaves boiled in wine and d. h. the laske and bloody flux. An handful of the leaves stamped and the juice d. in red wine stoppeth fluxes, and spitting of blood, and the inordinate course of the menses. the purging perwinkle, with the upright virgins bower, the bush, great bush bower, and virgins bower of the Alps. T. the virgins bower, *clematis urens*, is biting and doth mightily blister, being hot initio 4ti. and caustick. V. The leaves ap. h. the scurfe and leprosy. the seed beaten and the powder d. with faire water or meade, purgeth flegme and choller. *Park.* the leaves of Perwinkle held in the mouth stop the bleeding at the nose. *Brunf.* the juyce h. the

h. the eares. *Park. Matth.* the upright h. cold griefs and quartan agues. the oile h. paines c. by cold : it h. the stone and c. urine. The *Virginian* makes soluble : the rest are cosmetically, and not to be used inwardly.

Pescod-tree, see Bean-trefoile.

Pestilent-worts, see Butter-burre.

S. Peters corne, see Corne.

S. Peters-wort, see S. Johns grasse.

Petty-cotton, see Cudweed.

Petty whin, see Small thorn-broom.

Pety-gree, see Butchers broom.

Pharaoh's Fig-tree, see Sycomore tree.

Pick-purse; see Shepherds purse.

Pigeons foot, see Cranes-bill.

Pigeons-grasse, see Columbine.

Pild corne, see wild oates.

Pilewort, see Small celondine.

Pimentary. see Bawm.

Peters stasse see Mullein.

Peuter-wort, see Horse-taile.

Pimpernel. *Anagallis.*

P. In plowed fields, neere pathways &c.

T. Fl. in summer, especially in August.

N. Ἀναγallis. *Ætitis. Sauritu. Morgelina Mant.*

Pimpernel. *Ger. F. K.* as the male, female narrow leaved, and yellow. T. both the sorts are dry without biting, and somewhat hot with a drawing quality. V. *Diosc.* They are anodyne, h. inflammations and hot swellings, draw out things fixed in the flesh, and h. the Kings evill. the juice used as a gargarisme purgeth the head : as an eribine it helps the tooth ach : also it h. those that are dim sighted. the juice m. with hony h. the argema. It h. the stings of venomous beasts, the infirmities of the liver, and kidneys being d. with wine. That with the blew flower, h. up the fundament that is fallen down *Lonit.* It h. against the plague, the distilled water h. the biting

tings of mad dogs. It h. the drop sic opens the liver, purgeth the reins, and h. the stone. *Mac.* The compounded tincture h. the paine of the joynts. *Scholiz.* That with yellow fl. h. melancholy. *Park.* the first h. wounds and ulcers, clenseth the skin, and stops fluxes.

Water-pimpernel, see Brooklime.

Pinke, see Carnations, or Gilloflowers.

Pinkeneedle, see Mustard Cranes-bill.

Pine-tree. *Pinus.*

P. In Italy, Spaine, the East countrie &c.

T. It's green all the yeare the fruit is 2 yeares in ripening.

N. πύκη. Κώνος, the Cones, Coni : the kernells *Pinus tyides.*

Pine tree. *Ger. K.* as the manured. T. the kernels are a remedy against the cough, and old infirmities of the chest, taken with hony. They h. the pty sick, and rottenness of the lungs, nourish, and are analeptick. the juice is thick, good, and polytrophick ; yet it's not of very good digestion, unless boiled with sugar. They h. the stone in the kidneys, and fretting of the bladder, and scalding of the urine, allaying the sharpness thereof, and mitigate paine, gently provoking urine. Also they c. milk, sperm, and provoke to venery. *Gal.* the whole apple being boiled with hore-hound, and afterwards with a little hony to the thickness of hony, doth mightily cleanse the chest and lungs. *Diosc.* The whole cones or fr. newly gathered and boiled in sweet wine, h. an old cough and consumption of the lungs, a good draught being d. every day. The scales of the apples with the bark of the tree stop the laske and bloody flux, and provoke urine ; so also the decoction. the wild pine, *pinus sylvestris.* K. as the common, low, mountain, the smaller, great sea, and little, the bastard, dwarf with upright cones, and dwarf sea pine. T. the bark with that of the torch pine, doth binde. V. ap. it h. merigals shallow

shallow ulcers, and burnings, ap. with litharage, and fine frankincence. with the cerot of myrtles it h. ulcers in tender bodies; with coperas it stops tetters and phagedens. the fume draweth away the birth, d. it stoppeth the belly, and provokerh urine. Gal. the bark hereof is more temperate than that of the pitch tree. the leaves ap. h. hot swellings. Stamped and boiled in vinegar they h. the tooth-ach, used hot and d. and with meade h. bad livers: so also the bark of the pine nuts. the apples are biting and hurtfull. the torch pine cut in small pieces and boiled in vinegar h. the tooth-ach. Of the smoke heereof is made a black, that serveth to make inke of, and for eating sores in the corners of the eyes, falling away of the haire thereof, and blear eyes. the resins are hot and dry, and that of the cones the hottest and sharpest. that of the pitch tree is not so hot, that of the fire tree is in a meane between both, the liquid rosin of the pine is moister, neer in quality to that of the larch tree. the rosins burnt and dried mollify, wast, and ease wearisomnesse, and are of thin parts and digesting. the liquid rosins seporate and unite, and heale green wounds. the smoake of the rosins, serves for fretting sores, watering eyes, and to make printing ing of. Park. Matth. the water of the green pine apples distilled h. the wrinkles of the face, and swellings of maidens breasts. Recch. That of India T. Is of a sweet acid tast, it's cold and dry: the juyce h. fevers. Park. the kernels h. the asthma, inward impostumes, lameness and the palsey. Lohoch è pino, Pharm. Lond. or the Lohoch of pine nuts, is very good against long coughs, the dyspnæa and asthma, its cutting and attenuating tough humours in the breast. Unguentum resinum, or, the ointment of perroxin, is excellent for new sprains.

Piony

Piony. *Pæonia*

P. It groweth in gardens being planted there;
T. Fl. in May, the seed it ripe in July.

N. Γλυκυσιδή ή παονία. Monogonion. Dulcisida. Aglaophotis. Herba casta.

Piony. Ger. K. as the male, female, double red, double white, maiden, dwarf female, and Turkish. T. Gal. the root doth bind with a kind of sweetness, and a certain bitterish sharpness, it's but little more than meanly hot, but dry and of subtile parts. V. Diosc. the root of the male piony being dried, and given to women that are not well cleansed, after their delivery d. in meade to the quantity of a bean, h. the throwes, and torments of the belly, and provoketh the menses. Gal. It h. those that have the yellow jaundise, and pains in the kidneys, and the bladder; it clenseth the liver and kidneys. the roots taken h. the epilepsie. Plin. taken it h. the diseases of the mind. 10 or 12 of the seeds d. in wine that is harsh, and red, stop the flux, and h. the stone in the beginning. 15. of the black grains taken in wine h. the paines of the matrix, the epialtes, and melancholick dreams. A syrup made of the flowers h. the epilepsie; so also the extraction of the roots. Fum. the seed d. h. the stone in children, the strangury in the beginning, and h. the reins and bladder. Ern. the oile of the seed d. 40 daies, in the q. of some few drops h. the epilepsie. Park. K. as the dwarf Spanish. V. Matth. the seeds 30 d. in wine, h. lost speech and the bitings of serpents d. and ap. Aqua pæonia composita Pharm. Lond. or, the Compound water of peony h. the convulsion and epilepsie taken in the morning and evening, or at the new and full of the moon. It may be rubbed also on the temples, nostrils and jaws. Also it strengthens the brain, nerves, and womb, it h. tremblings, dimness of sight, bad memories, and stupidity from a cold and moist distemper of the brain, nerves, or heart, and the over-looseness and softness of the organs. It h. such as are

are thought to be bewitcht, allaid with Rue, fennel, and dill-waters. It cleares the sight of aged persons, with fennell and eye bright waters. *Syrupus de pæonia cympositus*, or the compound syrup of peony, h. the epilepsie, and spasme or convulsions, the D. is *cochl. 1. Syr. infusionis florum*, or, that of the infusion of the flowers. see in Meconium as to its virtues. Also it's good for convulsions and epilepsies, and other infirmities from a cold, moist and weake brain and nerves, the D. is *unc. sem. or unc. 1.* in black cherry water in the morning, and at 4 in the after-noon. But the compound is more effectually, for all diseases of the brain and nerves from a cold cause. It quickens the eye sight, is good against the headach, and stops defluxions of rheume, and comforts a cold stomach.

Pipe-tree. *Syringa*.

P. It groweth not wild in England.

T. Fl. in April and May, the fr. is ripe in September.

N. Σύριγγ. *Flos philadelphos* Apollod. *Ostrix Th. quærundam*.

Pipe-tree. Ger. *J. K.* as the white, blew, and Arabian with the oily acorne. T. V. the 3 first are not used: but *balanus myrsifolia* taken in the q. drach: 1. e. vomit: d. with meade it purgeth, and hurreth the stomach. The oile pressed out of the fruit. (*Oile of ben*) is used in perfumes, it smoothes the skin, dissolves hardnesse, h. cold diseases of the sinewes, and dropped into the eares with goose grease warme in a small quantity, it h. the paine and noise thereof *Park Prosp. Alpin* The double white pipe tree is used in Egypt to h. women in child birth, tumors, coughs and pleurifies. *Recch. K.* as the yellow of new Spaine. T. the root is hot, dry and astringent. V. ap. it h. cold and dysenteries.

Piprige-tree, see Barberry bush.
Pisscabed, see Dandelion.

Pitch

Pitch-tree. *Picea*. *

P. In Italy, France, Greece, Germany &c.

T. The fruit is ripe in the end of September.

N. πίτυς. *picea arbor*. *Abies mas* Bauh.

Pitch-tree. Ger. *J. K.* as the common, and dwarfe. T. the leaves barke and fruit, are all of one nature, vertue and operation. V. And of the same faculty with the pines. the pitch is drawn out, the cloven wood of the torch pine being burned like char-coales. It's hot and dry, tarre is hotter, and stone pitch more drying. Tarre h. the inflammation of the almonds of the throat, and uvula; and squincy ap. With oile of roses, it h. the maturing eares. beaten with salt and ap. it h. the bitings of serpents. With an equall portion of wax it taketh away ill favoured nailes, it wasteth the swellings of the kernells, and hard swellings of the mother and fundament. With barley meale and a boyes urine it consumeth the kings evill. and with brimstone and the barke of the pitch tree, or branne it stayeth phagedens. A cerote made thereof with frankincense, h. the chops of the fundament and feet. Stone pitch doth mollifie and soften the hard swellings, it ripens, and wasteth them, and also h. the inflammations of the kernels, it filleth up hollow ulcers, and is vulnerary. The congealed smoke of pitch serveth for the same purposes, as that of the rosins. Bor. A plaister of Burgundie pitch with the powder of nutmeg ap. to the temples h. the tooth-ach. *Park* It h. griefes c. of cold. Tarre h. the pty sick, and expectorates tough flegme, It h. spreading ulcers, and hoarsnesse. *Schrod.* the distilled oyle of pitch h. wounds of the head and punctures of a cold cause.

Plaister-claver, see Melilore.

Plane-tree. *Platanus*,

P. In Asia, and Candy, by springs or rivers;

T. It casteth the leaves in winter.

N. πλάτα. ♂. Σπαιελα, the fr. and pilula.

Plane tree. Ger. T. Gal. Is cold and moist. V. The green

green leaves ap. h. hot swellings and inflammations in the beginning; being boiled in wine they h. watering eyes. The *barke* and *balls* dry. the *barke* boiled in vinegar h. the tooth-ach. The *fruit* of the plane-tree d. with wine h. the biting of a mad dog, and m. with hogs grease it h. burnings, and scaldings. The *burned barke* doth dry and scoure, and h. the scurfe, and moist ulcers. so *Ag.* The *dust* or *downe* of the leaves hurteth the throat, eies, and eares. *Matth. Gal.* The *green leaves* stamped and ap. h. phlegmons: so *Cam.* They also resolve and repress. *Park.* K. as that of the west parts of Virginia. V. The *berries* d. in wine resist the poison of venomous creatures.

Dwarf Plain-tree, see Marish or Water elder.

Plantaine: *Plantago.*

P. About rivers and ditches, almost every where.

T. Fl: from June to August: the land pl. may be seen in April.

N. Ἀγρόχλωρον. *Heptaneuron. Multinervia.*

Plantaine. Ger. *J.* K. as the water, great, starry headed small, and dwarf water plantaine. T. Is cold and dry: V. The leaves ap. h. the leggs of those that are hydro-picall, and operate as the land plantaine. *Diosc: Gal:* the seed taken in wine, h. fluxes, dysenteries, the hæmoptysis, and womens courses. *Plin:* The leaves h. burnings. Land plantaine. K. As the broad leaved, hoary, spiked rose, strange rose, and that with spoky tufts T, *Gal:* Is of a mixt temperature, having a certain waterie coldnesse, with a little harshnesse, earthy, dry, cold; so cold and dry so, dry without biting, and cold without benumbing: the root is drier but not so cold; the seed is of subtile parts, and lesse cold. V. It h. evil ulcers, fluxes, issues, rheumes, rottennesse, and bloody flux. It heales hollow ulcers, especially the greatest, which is the best. The decoction d. stoppeth all fluxes, issues of blood, and desire to vomit. The leaves stamped and

and made into a tanfie with the yelks of eggs, stop the old flux of the termes. The root with the seed boiled in white wine and d: openeth the passages of the liver and kidneys, and h. the exulceration thereof, and jaundise. The *juyce* dropped into the eyes h. the inflammation thereof. The water h. the sorenesse of the mouth, and privy parts. The leaves stamped, put into oile olive and set in the sun for a month, then boiled, and strained, h. paines of the eares, matrix, and privy parts being injected. Sea plantaine. K. as the flowering, small, with the 1 and 2d *Candylions* foot, *Holostium.* T. *Gal.* Is dry and binding. V. *Gal: Diosc: Plin:* It's an excellent vulnerary herbe, and being put to flesh in the pot, it will solder it together. These herbs have the same vertues with the rest, and are thought to be the best of all the kindes. *Borell. Cent. 2. Obs. 51.* Plantaine being ap. h. the cancers of the duggs. *Cent. 1. Obs. 22.* The leaves hereof boiled with the leaves of violets and the roots of lillies, and ap. mature plague sores: which may be then cured by basilicon the ointment. *Schenck. p. 4: 6.* The juice boiled and d. h. the drop sic. *Park. K.* as the crumpled, &c. V. It h. the pry sick, agues, heat, luxations, and kills wormes.

West indian plantain, see Adams apple.

Plowmans-spikenard. *Baccharis Monsp.*

P. It groweth in a rough, leane and dry soile.

T. Fl. in June, and seedeth in August.

N. Βένναγρις. *Baccharis. Conyza major Matth. Phyt. Brit.*

Plowmans-spikenard. Ger. T. is very astringent. V. the decoction of the root openeth oppilations, and provoketh urine, and the menses. the leaves stop fluxes and rheumes. the herbe h. inflammations and S. *Anthony's* fire, and is hypnoticke. The decoction of the roots h. ruptures and convulsions, bruises, and asthma's: also

the old cough and dysury. Boiled in wine and d. it h. the bitings of venomous beasts; so ap. the same of the decoction taken voideth the birth, and h. those that have extreame labour in their childing, causing ease of delivery. *Park.* It's used in wardrobes. It h. paines of the head, heat of the eyes, and watering, and swollen breasts. *Plin.* It h. stitches

Plum-tree. *Prunus.*

P. In a loose ground, in orchards, hedges &c.

T. Fl. in Aprill: the fruit is ripe in summer.

N. Κοκκυμηλέα. The fruit, κοκκυμηλον. *Prunum.*

Plum-tree. *Ger.* K. as the damson, mirobalan, and almond. T. Ripe plums newly gathered, are cool, moist, little and bad nourishment, mollifie the belly, and quickly putresce; except dried, and are than more wholesome & of more nourishment. V. *Gal.* damaske damson prunes are the best. *Diosc.* Being boiled with meade they loose the belly very much, these also of Hungary which are bitter and sweet, and those of Moravia are very good, and being dried loosen the belly as well as Corina, or munda, saith *Jordan.* The leaves of plum trees h. swellings of the uvula, the throat, gums, and kernells under the jaw: they stop defluxions, being used in a gargarisme with wine. *Diosc.* The gum doth glutinate: d. in wine it looseth the stone, and lichens in children ap. with vineger, it operates as that of the peach and cherry tree. the unripe plums are sharpe, and soure, astringent, and stop the belly. *Park.* K. as the imperiall, Turkey, red primordiana, mussell, Amber, Queen mother, green oysterly, orange tree, meg, pessed, date, and early peare plum. T. all of them are the most part dee cool, lenitie, and draw forth choler. V. they h. cholerick agues, the firme are the wholesomest, the pruneola hath a pleasant sharpnesse. T. *Virginia* plum, when ripe is pleasant, if green it's hurtful. *Diaprunum lenitivum, Pharm, Lond.* or, the *Lemon* electuary of prunes, h. all feavers, it cooling much, and loosening

loosening the body gently. It h. agues, the sick feavers, and the marasmus: the D. is unc. 1. three houres after a light supper. *Diaprunum solutivum*, or that of *solutive*, is more strong and violent. Also it purgeth choller, and is good in all diseases thence, except continuall feavers, the matter being first prepared. *Rob of four plums*, may be used in steed of that of barberries; but a greater q. must be used it being weaker. It may be made of damsons, or any tart plums, of a firme substance, not fully ripe.

Pockwood-tree. *Guaiacum.* *

P. It groweth plentifully in the Isles of S. Domingo.

T. It flourisheth in May.

N. *Lignum Sædum, Indicum, & vitæ.*

Pockwood-tree. *Johns.* T. the wood is thought to be hot and dry 20, and hath an attenuating, dissolving, cleansing, diaphoretick and alexipharmicke faculty. V. The decoction of the bark or wood h. the French disease most effectually. Also the dropsie, asthma, epilepsie, the diseases of the bladder and reins, pain of the joynts, flatulencies, crudities, and all chronicall diseases proceeding from cold and moist causes: it opens obstructions of the spleen and liver, warms and comforts the stomach, and all the intralls, and expels gross and viscous matter. *Junker.* it h. the decayed memory, cephalites, epilepsie, apoplexie, melancholy, spasmes, catarrhes, watchings, humility of the eyes, deafnesse, asthma, scurvie, scurvy, the iliack passion, losse of appetite, hard swellings of the liver, and spleen, diabetes, the flux in women, sterility, cancers of the womb, ruptures, and gout &c. observing a convenient dyet with the decoction thus made: take lib. 1. of the wood pp. adding lib. 16. of faire water, boile it to the consumption of one half, strain it, and take unc. 5. or 6. morning & evening for 40 dayes together, using a thin

and dry dyet contrary to the disease, and if need, add altering remedies: to the residue of the decoction put more water, boile and strain, and so use it for an usuall dyet drink. *Guajacum Patavinum*, or *Italian Peck-wood*, *Lignum vitæ*. T. V. hath no affinity with the first: the fruit is thought to operate as that of the nettle tree. *Park.* the *American vice guajacum* decoct operates as the first, and h. diseases of cold humors. the *kernells of the fr.* h. the appetite. The *Moors Guaj.* h. the French pox. *Oleum guajacii*, *Pharm: Lond. chym.* or, the *Chymical oile of Guajacum*, furthers the eruption of sweat, some drops being mixed in sweating potions, dry up superfluous humors, h. the French pox and strengthen the nerves. *Schrod.* the *rectified oile* thereof is given inwardly in the French pox, and other diseases having need of sweating also in the epilepsie to expell the living and dead foetus, and to h. the tooth-ach, the D. is gr. 3. to 5. the *spirit* operates as the wood, and the D. is drach. sem. to drach. 1.

Poley mountaine. *Polium*.

P. On the mountains of France, Italy and Spain &c.

T. It flowreth from May, to August.

N. *πόλιον. polium montanum*.

Poley. *Ger. F. K.* as the white, yellow, purple creeping, and lavender leaved. T. Is dry 30, hot fine 2di. *Diosc.* it h. those that have the dropsie or yellow jaundise, and that are splenerick. It's diuretick, and alexipharmick. It h. the birings of venomous beasts, and being strewed in any place, drieth them away. with vinegar it h. the diseases of the milt. It troubleth the stomack and head, and loosneth the body. *Lugd.* It provoketh the menses d. and ap. it glutinates. *Plin.* It expels the dead birth and secondine, it h. pains of the body and epiphora's. *Gal.* Its bitter and somewhat sharp and opens the intralls. the lesser is stronger. *Park.* K. as the upright &c, V. they h. the dropsie, & glew wounds.

Polipody

Polipody, see Fearn of the oak, and wall.
Pomander privet, see Bastard privet.

Pome-citron. *Malus medica*. *

P. It's groweth in the sea coasts of Italy.

T. It's ever green and bearing fruit.

N. *Μηλιά μινδικά. Cidromela. Malus Assyria & Citria.* the fruit, *Citrangulum*.

Pome-citron. *Ger. T.* the white pulpe is cold and of grosse juice. the inner pulp is soure, cold and dry, with thinness of parts. the rind is good against poisons. the seed bitter, hot and dry. V. the rind h. the stinking breath, and comforteth the stomack: the hard pulp is hardly concocted, and ingendreth a grosse and degmatick juice: but being condited, its more nourishing, and of less astringtion. *Gal.* the inner juyce represseth choller, c. appetite, and h. in burning fevers, and infectious diseases: it comforteth the heart, coolerth the inward parts, cutteth, and attenuateth rough & slimie humors: so the syrrup hereof. Being laid among cloathes. the citron preserveth them from moths. *Trag.* the juice and seed h. against poyson. *Diosc.* It opens the belly and h. the longing of women. *Horst.* Aug. the quintessence strengthneth the heart and stomack. *Grul.* The tincture of the rind h. the melancholy, fainting, plague &c. *Mind.* It h. the plague. *Park.* the rind h. cold stomacks. the seed kills wormes and h. moist humors. *Syrupus acetositis citrinarum*, *Pharm. Lond.* or the syrrup of the juyce of citrons, h. all diseases from choller or heat of blood and feavers of all sorts. It resists poison, cools the blood, quenches thirst, and h. the vertigo. *Syr. corticum citrinarum*, or *Sytron pills*, strengthens the stomack, resists poyson, strengthens the heart, and resists its passions; is the palpitation, fainting & swooning. It strengthens the vitall spirits, restores consumptions, and hecticks, and strengthens nature: the D. is cōbl. 1. *Electuacium de citro solativum*, or the *Electuary of citrons solative* is

cordiall and purging. Also it purgeth choller and phlegme, the *D.* is *drach. 3.* or *unc. sem.* in cichory water and *unc. 2.* of the syrup of violets. *Unguentum citrinum*, or the citrine ointment, h. pimples, redness, freckles, and other deformities of the face, and any scabs. It h. redness of the eyes, and smootheth the skin.

Pomegranate-tree. *Malus Granata.*

P. In hot countries; in Italy, Spaine &c.

T. Fl. in May and June: the fr. is ripe in August.

N. *πέταρον αἰθας.* *Malus punica.* the flower *Cytinus*, of the wild *Balaustium*.

Pomegranate-tree. *Ger. K.* as the common and wild. *T.* the juicy grains of the pomegranat, are of good juice, and h. the stomach; yet are of thin and small nourishment: the sweet ones are not so cold, but easily c. hot swellings: the same are cold, dry and somewhat binding: the seeds of the graines dried cool and bind; so the rind, but more forcibly the *V.* *soure grains* h. the heart-burning, stop vomiting of choler, and h. the bloody flux, so the syrup, and h. the longing of women with child, unless the coldness of the stomach hinder it; so also the dried seeds, and h. the spitting of blood, and strengthen the stomach; so the flowers, and used in *gargarismes* fasten the teeth, and strengthen the gums: and ap. h. ruptures. the rind bringeth down hot swellings of the almonds in the throat used in a lotion, and h. all things that need cooling and binding. *Diosc.* the juice of the flowers is in faculty like to the *Hypocistis*. the blossoms of pomegranats, as also the rind and shell powdered and drunk in red wine, or the decoction drunk helps all issues of blood: ap. they stop the bleeding of wounds, so also the stones. *Park.* *K.* as the greater and lesser double flowered. *V.* these as the rest serve to stop the fluxibility of humors: the rind is used instead of Gaules, to make the best ink. *Riol.* the syrup h. diseases of laxity. *Park.* the *soure* provoke urine. the seeds stop the courses

course, and gonorrhœa, and h. the dropsie, ulcers and rupture. *Syrupus granatorum cum aceto:* *Pharm. Lond.* *valgo Oxyfacccharum*, or Syrup of pome granats with vinegar, operates as the pome granats. Also it quenchech thirst in burning fevers, cuts rough flegme and fits it for expectoration; and corrects the boiling heat and malignity of choller.

Pompion. *Pepo.*

P. It groweth in gardens in a fruitful soil.

T. They are sown in Aprill, fl. in August. and are ripe in September.

N. *Σίκυον, πέπων.* *pepo cucumeralis.*

Pompions. *Ger. K.* as the great long, great round great flat bottomed, great backer, small round Indian, and cornered. *T.* All melions are cold and very moist, cleansing, and so diuretick: they quickly passe through the body *V.* the pulp boiled looseth the body, the nutriment is little, thin, moist and cold. *Gal.* and disposeth to the cholerick passion. the seed cleaseth more than the meate, provoketh urine, and h. the stone of the kidneys. the fruit boiled in milke and battered is wholesome, and h. the hot stomach and inflammation of the entrails. the pulp sliced and fryed with batter is wholesome, and baked with apples it is flatulent. *Wild pompi-ns.* *pepo sylvestris.* *K.* as the great, and small. *T.* are bitter, hot, and dry *fine 2di.* and cleanse as the wild cucumbers. *V.* Wine put into the rind, and remaining there till bitter, doth purge forth flegme, and choler: the juice is like that of the wild cucumber, and being dried may be used in stead of *Elaterium*, which is the dried juice thereof. *Weck.* the first ap. h. the inflammation of the eyes and hinder fluxions. the juice is used in colmetick remedies.

Pond-weed. *Potamogeton*.

P. In standing waters, pooles, ditches, almost every where.

T. It flowreth in June and July.

N. *Ποταμογείτων*. *Fentalis*. *Spicata*.

Pondweed. Ger. *J*. K. as the broad, and narrow leafed, the small, and long sharp leafed: T. Gal. doth bind and coole, as knot grasse doth; yet is of a thicker substance. V. *Diosc*. It h. the itch. and eating ulcers. Ap. it h. the inflammation of the leggs, and *S. Anthimus* fire. *Recch*. That of Mexico. T. Is cold and moist. V. It h. fevers, dysenteries, scabs, swoonings, and seares. *Schwenck*. the narrow leafed is binding, cold, and dry, and condensating, d. in wine it h. the dysentery and collick. *Park*. It h. the tormina, and freckles ap. also gouts and sores. the root h. knots.

Knights Pondwort, see Water-sengreen.

Poore mans parmacity, see Shepheards purs.

Poore mans treacle, see Garlick.

Pratling parnel, see Spotted Sanicle.

Poplar, see Aspen-tree.

Poppy. *Papaver*.

P. In the sands of the sea: the rest in gardens and fields.

T. Fl. from May to September, and then the seed is ripe.

N. *Μήκων*. The wild, *Rhœas*. The spatling, *Spumeum*.

Poppy. Ger. *J*. K. as the horned red, yellow, red with smooth leaves, and violet coloured. T. horned poppies are hot and dry 30. V. the root boiled in water, to the consumption of the one halfe, and d. provoketh urine, and openeth the liver. the seed taken in the quantity of a spoonfull gently looserth the belly. the juyce mixt with meale and hony mundifyeth filthy ulcers. the leaves and flowers put into salves, digest green wounds, and hurts.

Garden

Garden poppies. *papaver sativum*. K. as the white, black, white jagged, double white and black, and wild. T. Gal. are all cold. V. the seed serveth to season bread with, especially the white: it's cold, c. sleep, and is of little nourishment, the oile is pleasant to be eaten. the heads are more strong to c. sleep, and to repress distillations, and come neere in force to opium, which is the condensed juice thereof, *meconium* (which is the juice of the heads and leaves) is weaker: both taken or ap, c. sleep. *Blin* Opium too plentifully taken c. death. It's anodyne, and often c. the palsie &c. and weakeneth the solid parts, duls the sight, and c. deafnesse ap. so it's to be used only in extremities. in preparation, see in the London Dispensatory, sc. by dissolution in spirit of wine, colature and evaporation. The leaves of poppy boiled in water with sugar and d. c. sleep, or the extreame parts being somented with the decoction thereof. The syrrup made of the heads with sugar h. rheumes and catarrhes, and also the cough. the green knops of poppy stamped with barley meale and axungia h. *S. Anthonic's* fire: also stamped with the leaves, seed and vinegar, with womens milk and saffron, h. the crysipelas and gout, and being put into the fundament c. sleep. The seed of black poppy d. in wine stops the flux, and menses. A caudle made of the seeds of white poppy d. c. sleep. the wild poppy serveth to make *diacodion* of. the corne rose, *Rhœas*, with the prickly poppy. T. Is cold and somnolent. V. Many use the flowers hereof against the pleurisie, The bastard wild poppy. K. as the common, and long coded, *Argemone*. T. are hot and dry 30. V. the juice of the leaves dropped into the eies, h. the inflammations thereof and cureth the argema, which if on the black of the eye. seemeth white, else black. the leaves stamped and ap. h. the blacknesse or blewnesse of the eyes c. by stripes; so the dry herb being steeped in warme water. the juice d. h. the gripings of the belly, so the dry herb infused in warme water. the herbe being made into a salve, with oile, wax, and a little turpentine h. any wound, ulcer, canker or fistula. *Drach*. 2. of the juice

P S

taken

taken with wine mightily expel poyson, also ap. it taketh away warts, & taken in meate it h. the spleen if it be wasted. *Spatling poppy*, see, *Spatling p. Recch. K.* as the *spinose poppy of Mexico. T.* It's bitter. *V. Drach: 2.* of the seed d. evacuate all humors, especially flegme the milke thereof in stilled into the eies h. their inflammations. The *st. h.* scabs, the *distilled water* h. dead flesh, and the hemicrania. *Park. Opium* ap. h. the toothach: the *syrup of the wild red* h. the pleurisie, so the water, and h. surseits. The *bastard* h. wind: the *horned* h. the sciatica. *Aqua papaveris composita*, *Pharm. Lond.* of poppy waters compound, see the simple, red poppy flowers, white wine, and nutmegs. Also it's good for surseits and oppression of the stomach, for the chin-cough or whooping cough. it causeth rest, stops de-fluxions of rheum from the head, and is good to mix with julips in the pleuresie. *Syrupus de meconio simplex*, *sive Diacodium.* or *syrup of meconium* or *diacodium*, & *compositus*, or that compounded, provoke sleep, but are to be used warily, and not in the beginning of feavers, or to such as are costive; yet they may be given in hot and sharp rheums. the *last* is appropriated to the lungs, h. dry coughs, phthisicks, hot and sharp gnawing rheums, and provokes sleep. So the other syrups of poppies. *Syrupus de papavere erratico*, *sive rubro*, or *syrup of erratick*, or *red popies*. cools the blood, h. surseits, pleurisies, frenzies, feavers, and hot agues, and is harmeles taken moderately. *Syrupus papaveris major*, & *minor*, or the *syrup of popies of the greater and lesser composition*, provoke sleep both; but they are carefully to be used and not in the beginning of feavers or to costive bodies &c. as that of meconium. Also they are good in spitting of blood, overflowing of courses, and to bridle the passions of anger and wrath in such as are too much transported therewith. *Loboch de papavere*, or the *Loboch of popies*, h. salt, sharp, and thin distillations upon the lungs, and sharp humours causing roughness of the throat, want of sleep, and feavers, and h. the pleuresie taken often. *Diacodium solidum*, *sive*

fructabulatum, or the *solid*, or *tabulated diacodium* hath the virtues of the common diacodium, h. roughness of the throat and is portable. *Laudanum*, h. violent pains, stops fumes in feavers that trouble the brain, and c. sleep, the *D. is gr. 2.* or *3.* at bed-time; but its not good in the beginning of feavers. Also its good to stop all irregular & over violent or long motions of nature, in coughs, toothach, hindering sleep, dysenteries, diarrha's, whites, gonorrhoea's; to prevent epileptick fits, and fits of agues skilfully and seasonably used, and is dangerous used empirically. *Nepenthes opiatum*, or, the *opiate against sorrow and madness*, is lesse hot, and more cordiall than the laudanum, more proper for hot diseases and constitutions, for dysenteries and fluxes. It asswages cares, sorrows, anxiety of mind, and other passions hindering sleep, and discomposing the tranquillity of spirit, being methodically and skilfully used. and it hath its name from the effects.

Frothie poppy, see Spatling poppy.

Potatoes. *Battata.*

P. In India. Barbary, and other h t regions.

T. The fruit is ripe in September sc: of the 2d.

N. The Spanish, Comotes and Ignames Clus. the 2d. pappus.

Potatoes. *Cer. K.* as of *Spaine*, and *Virginia.* *T.* The leaves are hot and dry, the roots are temperate. *V.* The roots are very nourishing and strengthening, and being roasted in the embers, and eaten in wine, are lesse windy: also they may be dressed with oyle, vinegar, and salt; but any way dressed they nourish, strengthen the body, and c. lust. Those of *Virginia* are referred to the first. *Johns.* If too frequently eaten, they are thought to cause the leprosie. *Recch.* The root of that of *Mexico* (*unc. 2.* being taken at night) is a gentle purge. *Bauh.* They are laxative, and of a substance between flesh and fruit.

Powd.

Powk-needle, see Storks bill.
 White pot herb, see Lambs Lettuce.
 Shepherds pouch, see Shepherds purse.
 Pricktiber, see Prickwood or cornel-tree.
 Pricker, see Stone-crop.
 Prickly-box, see Box-thorne.

Prick-wood. *Euonymus Theophrasti*.

P. The first groweth in untilled places among stones.

T. Fl. in Aprill, the fr. is ripe in Aug: or Sept.

N. *Ευώνυμ*. Theoph. *Fusanum Crescent*. Anonym.
Cordi.

Prickwood. Ger. K. as the English, broadleaved, and that of Hungary. T. V. It is hurtfull to all things, especially to goats as *Theophrastus* affirmeth. Three or four of the fruits taken purge by vomit and stool. *Schwenckf*. The fruit killeth sheep. Lie made thereof brighteneth the haire, clenseth scurf, killeth lice, and is absterfive. *Banb*. the fruit mollifying & resolving, being applied outwardly.

Priests pintle, see Wake Robin.

Primrose, *Primula veris*.

P. In moist and dankish places &c.

T. Fl. from Aprill to June: and some all the winter.

N. *Verbasculum*. *Alisma sylv*. the last is called *Carli chek Turc*.

Primrose. Ger. K. as the field, double white, green, and that of M. Hesketh. T. are dry and a little hot. V. dra. x. sem. of the powder of the dried roots of the first primroses gathered in autumn, and drank in ale wine purgeth forcibly by vomit (yet safely) chollick waterish and flegmatick humors. A drink made hereof h. the frensie, thus: take the leaves and flowers of primroses, boile them a little in fountain water, and

some rose and betony water, adding sugar, pepper, salt and butter, strain it, and drink thereof first and last. The joyce of the roots used as an *errhine* purgeth the brain and h. the megrim: the flowers of primroses sodden in vinegar and ap. h. the Kings evill, the almonds of the throat and uvula, being used as a gargarisme. the leaves and flowers of primroses boiled in wine and d. h. all the diseases of the breast and lungs, and draw forth things fixed in the flesh. *Weck*. the distilled water h. the palsie of the tongue, diseases of the head &c. by by cold, and women impregnate. *Mac*. The fl. are hot 10. Park. K. as the Turkie purple. V. they h. joynt aches and pains of the sinews.

Tree-primrose, see Loose-strife.
 Primrose peerless, see Daffodill.

Privet. *Ligustrum*.

P. In woods: the rest in France. &c.

T. Fl. in June: the berries are ripe in Aut.

T. *Φιλλύρα*. *Mahaleb Serap*. Primprint, and Print.

Privet. Ger. K. as the common. T. the leaves are cold, dry and astringent, so the fruit. V. the leaves h. the swellings, apostumations and ulcers of the mouth, and throat, the decoction being used as a gargarisme. They are very good to be put into lotions, for the secret parts, and the scaldings with women, cankers and sores in childrens mouthes. Bastard privet. K. as the common, and corall, *macaleb*. T. V. is not used in physick, the kernels of the fruit are of the temperature of those of cherries, moderately hot, gently provoke urine, and h. the stone. Hereof the French perfumers make bracelets. The fruitlesse privet, *Alaternus* K. as the common and lower ever-green privet. T. V. is not yet used. The decoction of the bark dies a reddish colour. The wood is used by diers to make a dark black withall. *Trag*. The fl. of the first, steeped in vinegar, and ap. to the forehead

head h. the head. ach. *Park* K. as the *Easterne*. V. It h. inflammations and fluxes. The oile of the fl. and water, cool and dry.

Prunell, see Selfe-heale.

Pudding-grasse, see Pennie-royall.

Pudding-pipe. *Cassia Solutiva*. *

P. In Egypt especially about Memphis &c.

T. It's green all the yeare fl. in the 1 spring. The fr. is ripe in Aut.

N. *Κασία μέλαινα*, *Aethiop. Cassia fistula* & *Cassia*.

Puding pipe. Ger. T. the pulp (which is chiefly in request) is moist *fine primi* and little more than temperately hot. V. the pulp of *Cassia fistula* extracted with violet water gently purgeth choler, and slimie flegme *unc. 1.* being taken: and it's safe for all even for children, and women with child. It h. those that are troubled with hot agues, pleurifics, jaundise or any inflammation of the liver: being taken as aforesaid it h. the reins and kidnies, & expell gravell and the stone, especially if d. with the decoction of parslly, and fennell raots. It purgeth and purifieth the blood, and h. its acrimonie. It dissolveth all phlegmons and inflammations of the breast, lungs, and rough arterie. It h. thirst in agues, or any hot disca'e, especially taken with the juice of endive, succorie, or night shade. With the decoction of licorice it h. the heat of the reins. and preventeth the stone. ap. it suppurateth, and h. the roughnesse of the skia. The best is that in the fullest, most heavy & fairest canes, shining on the out side, & is best when newly taken out. *De Dond*. It h. in adust, acure, & inflamed scuers. *Mes*. It's a lenient purge for choler and flegme, & if the intestines are too dry, it's lubricity is to be increased by the oile of sweet almonds, else lessened by myrobolans, if need. *Barth. Ang*. It makes slippery, and soft, also it h. the guts, & menses. *Park*. Its ceruel with

with rheubarb, aniseeds and liquorice, and h. the gonorrhoea, cholerick and melanchollick diseases, with the asthma: and heat applyed. *Cassia extracta pro clysteribus Pharm. Lond*: or *Cassia extracted for clysters*, purgeth the reins well and coolerth them, so prevents the stone, and other diseases caused by their heat, the D. is *unc. 1.* taken inwardly, and it works gently, taken in witewine. *Diacassia cum manna*, or the elestuary of *Cassia with manna* is a fine cool purge, for such as are costive and worketh gently; it purgeth choller: and h. scavers thereby, the D. is *unc. 1.* in the morning, after a clyster at night if the body be bound. *Cassia extracta sine foliis sena*, or, *Cassia extracted without the leaves of sena*, is more gentle then the latter: *Cassia extracta cum foliis sena*; this also is a cooling purge, gentle cleansing the bowels of choller and melancholly without griping. It h. scaverish bodies, as the former; but that is gentler. doth cleanse and cool the reins; the D. of the former is *unc. sem.* and *unc. 1.* of the latter in white wine; or *unc. sem.* in *unc. 4.* of the decoction of epithymum if the body be melanchollick *Senn. Cassia*, as also manna and hony or syrup roses solutive, with temperant remedies, h. the scabbedness of the bladder. The D. of the extract is *unc. 1. sem.* *Ern.* the oile of *Cassia*, comforts and h. fainting.

Puffe-flts, see Toad-stoolcs.

Putial mountain, see Wild time.

Purple-velvet-flower, or floure-velvet, see Flower-gentle.

Putial Royal. see pennie-royall.

Purple-wort. *Trifolium purpureum*.

P. In pastures and fields, and in gardens planted.

T. Fl. in July, and August.

N. *Quadrifolium fuscum*: *Lotus quadrifolia*.

Purple-wort. Ger. T. V. the leaves stamped, and the juice d. cureth young children that are troubled with

with the purples. *so Park.* (See meadow trefoiles), and *Col.* which (as he saith) it doth by *signature.* *Baugh.* It being eaten or drunk hindreth the menses.

Purslane. Portulaca.

P. In a fruitfull soile, in the allies of gardens.

T. It's to be sowne in March or Aprill.

N. Ἀνθεχρον. *Diosc.* ἀνθεχρον, *Theoph.* That of the water, *Alfine rotundifolia.*

Purslane. *Ger. K.* as the garden, and wild. *T.* is cold 3^o. moist 2^o. *Anc. fine.* The wild is lesse moist. *V.* being used raw in sallads with oile, salt, and vineger, it cooleth an hot stomach, and c. appetite; but it's of little, bad, cold, gross, and moist nourishment: being chewed it h. teeth set on edge; so the juice held in the mouth, and the distilled water. It killeth wormes, being saltish, and h. fevers: eaten in sallads it h. hot stomachs, &c. and cools the inflamed blood. It helpeth the bladder and kidnies, and resisteth venery: so the juice also, and stoppeth the spiting of blood, and all fluxes. Injected with a syringe it h. the inflammations, frettings, and exulcerations of the matrix: in a clister it h. the flux of the guts, the leaves eaten h. the toothach, and fasten the teeth. The seed taken killeth worms, and stops the lask. *Sea purslane.* *K.* as the common, broad leaved, and creeping. *Halimul.* *T. Gal.* is of unlike parts, but the greater part is hot in a meane, with an unconcocted moisture, and somewhat windie. *V. Diosc.* The leaves boiled are for meat. *Drach. 1.* of the root d. with meade h. cramps, burstings and torments of the belly, and c. milk. The leaves and buds pickled serve in sallads. *Dam. a Goos.* The leaves of the first boiled with branne and ap. h. the gout c. by heate. *Park.* The seed of the common h. inflammations. *Riol.* The water h. diseases of choler. *Untz.* the juice the stone. *So Acac. and Rond. Pem.* It h. the gonorrhoea, and catarrhs. with hony it h. the pty sick, and epilepsie: and ap. h. burnings. *Park. E.*

as that of Candy. *V.* the wild h. vomiting, coughs, the pty sick, & epilepsie: ap. it c. sleep, & h. heat blasting & burnings. *Syrupus de portulaca, P. L.* or the *syrup of purslane*, h. hot diseases of the stomach, reins, bladder, matrix, or liver. It thickens flegme, cools the blood, and provokes sleep; the *D.* is *unc. 1.* Also it h. spitting of blood and bleding at the nose. it allaieth the acrimony of sperm, hinders extravagant lust, and dreamings, gonorrhoeas arising therefrom. It h. menstruat fluxes from sharpnes of the blood, as to merlesom women, is usuall. *Lohoch de portulaca*, or the *Lohoch of purslane*, is very binding, yet h. inward bruises, and spitting of blood, a little being taken. Also it stops all undue evacuations of blood by the courses, or other wayes: and corrects the acrimony of humours fretting the windpipe.

Pygie, see Stitch-wort.

Q.

Quaking grasse, see Petty panick.

Queen of the meadows, see Mede-sweet.

Queen-mother-herb, see Tabaco.

Quicke-beane and Quicken-tree, see Wild ash.

Quicklie gone flower, see Venice-mallow.

Quich-gross, see Doggs grasse.

Quinquefoile, see Cinquefoile.

Quince tree. Malus Cotonea.

P. In plaine moist ground, in gardens and orchards.

T. The apples are ripe in October.

N. Κυδωνία μυρτιά: *Malus Cydonia.* The fr. *Cydonium.*

Quince-tree. *Ger. T.* *Quinces* are cold and dry, and very binding, especially when raw. They have also a certain supereruous moisture, which causeth them

them soon to rot. V. they strengthen the stomach, stay vomiting, stop laskes and the bloody flux. They h. the spitting and vomiting of blood, and stop the courses. *Sim. Seth.* They are for the *fætus*. The *marmalad* made hereof with sugar, strengtheneth the stomach to retain the meate till digested: it also stops all fluxes and is *thus made*; the quinces being paired, cut in pieces, and the core taken out, to each pound adde a pound of sugar, another of water sc. a pint, boile them soft and strain them, then boile the colature till it be stifi, after which box it up, and as it cooleth, adde a little rose water and a few grains of muse. The oile that is boiled with quinces serves for astringion when need. The seed m. with water doth make a *mucilage*, which being held in the mouth h. the roughnesse of the tongue in burning scavers: ap. it h. burnings and scaldings; and in *clysters*, the bloody flux, easing the pain and taking away the sharpness of humours. *Gesner's wild Q. Coronaster.* T. V. is not known. *Park.* A *mucilage* of the seeds of the first ap. h. womens breasts being sore or raw. *Croch.* The decoction of the down of quinces h. the falling of the haire c. by the French pox. *Senn.* They h. choller. *Fum.* The oile of the seed ap. h. hoariness of the haire. *Park.* the oile binds and cooleth. The crude juice h. poyson. The syrup h. fainting. *Syrupus cydoniorum*, P.L. or the Syoup of quinces strengthens the heart and stomach; stayes loosness and vomiting, and h. languishing nature, taken after meate, else before in fluxes, or in the morning for both. *Rob cydoniorum*, or the Rob of Quinces, and *miva vel gelatina*, or the Gelly, h. weake and indisposed stomaks. also they have a binding and strengthening faculty, stop vomiting and loosenesse, rightly used; therefore are good against the disease cholera, stop bleeding at the nose, and spitting of blood, hinder fumes annointing the brain being taken after meat, and being eaten by women with child frequently (if not costive) *drach. i.* at a time after meats, and at bed time, it will prevent abortion and make the child of able understanding, sober, modest and tractable, the

the woman abstaining from tobacco, strong drink and wine especially, during the time of their greatness; yet in great weakness of stomach from a cold cause a little wine may be allowed and seldome but no otherwise. *Diacydonium simplex, cum speciebus & compositum* *magistrale*, or the simple, that with species, or the compounded elestuary of quinces; do all 3 comfort the stomach, h. digestion, and stop vomiting, and belching, &c. also the termes and fluxes in women: the D. is *drach. i.* first to help digestion and fluxes, after much to stop vomiting; and in the morning for other purposes. Also they stop loosnesse, seasonably used they stop simple gonorrhœa, h. the whites and barrennesse from loosnesse of spermatick vessels and over thinnesse of sperme. Also the Rob operates as that of Cornells, which binds exceedingly; and is therefore good in fluxes, bloody fluxes and immoderate flowing of the termes; but it's more cordiall, and not so cool; but more strengthening to the stomach; so the Miva, which is better for cold stomaks than the rob, and lesse binding. *Oleum cydoniorum*, or the oile of quinces, cools, binds and strengthens, stops vomiting, loosness and sweating. Also it strengthens the retentive faculty of stomach and gurs. It h. digestion, the chollerick passion, lyentery, and dysentery; and strengthens loose and lagging parts.

R.

Rabone, see Radish.

Racher, see Rocker.

Radish. *Raphanus.*

P. In a loose ground, somewhat fat, and sandy.

T. It's to be sowne in June or July.

N. *Ῥάφανος ἡ Ῥάφανος Radicula sativa.*

R Adish. Ger. K. as the garden, small garden, round, and black or peare fashioned. T. doth manifestly heat and dry, open and attenuate. *Gatl.* It's ho

30. dry 20. so rather a *sauce*, than a nourishment. V. Eaten *raw* it yeelds little and bad nourishment, eaten as *sauce* it c. appetite; yet they are troublesome to the stomacke, eaten after meate they h. distribution, taken before meate they c. belchings, and vomitings; especially the *rind* given with oxymel, being biting: also it provoketh urine, and dissolveth clutched sand, and expelleth it, a good draught of the *decoction* thereof being d. in the morning. It h. old cough's, and attenuates grosse humours of the chest: so also the *distilled water*. the root sliced, and soaked all night in Rhenish wine and d. in the morning, expelleth urine and gravell. the root stamped with hony and the powder of a sheeps heart dried c. haire to grow. The *seed* c. vomit, provoketh urine, and d. with honied vinegar expelleth wormes. The roots stamped with the meal of Darnell and a little white wine vinegar h. spots, and bruised blemishes of the face. the root boiled in broth and the *decoction* d. h. an old cough, provoketh the termes, and c. milke. The *wild radish*, *Rhaphanus Sylvestris*. with the *water radish*. T. is hotter and drier than that of the garden. V. *Diosc.* The *leaves* are used among pot-herbs. The root doth heate and provoke urine. *Horse radish*. *Raphanus rusticus*, T. is hot and dry 30. drying, cleansing and somewhat digesting. V. Stamped with vinegar it serveth as *sauce* with fish. The *rinds* being infused in oxymel 3 daies c. vomit, and h. quartane agues. The *leaves* boiled in wine and ap. as a *pultis* with the oyle olive mollifie and h. hard swellings of the liver and milt, and ap. to the bottome of the belly h. the strangury. It expelleth the secundine, and mitigateth the sciatica, it h. the collicke, and strangury being used as *mustard*. in which it is bitter. The root stamped, and d. killeth wormes in children. so the *juice*, as also an ointment made thereof ap. *Park.* *Black radishes* are most used in the winter, and are lithontriptick. the *horse radish* is used in melancholick, splenetick and scorbutick diseases *Hart.* the *leaves* of the *wild* ap. h. the inflammations of the tonsills. *Vntz.* It h. the stone. So *Savon. Miz. Lips. Pis. Stock.*
Aqua

Aqua raphani composita, Pharm: Lond: Or, the Compound water of Radishes, serves to purge Women in childbed, h. the scurvy and stone. Also, it greatly provokes Urine, and h. stoppages by gravel, the body being first purged and prepared. It heals those that are cathartical, hydropical, and Women that have impure wombs. *Syrupus raphani P. L.* Or, the Syrup of Radishes, is used against the Stone. Its appropriated to the rains and bladder, both which it mightily clenseth, and bringeth forth the stone. It purgeth the reins of gravel, and h. all suppression and stopping of urine, as the dysury, and ischury, &c. Also it prevents the stone, and purgeth out what might breed it; but the patient must be first duely purged. It's also good against the scurvy and opens all obstructions of the intralls. It's proper for those that are subject to the dropie, after universals. *unc. sem. unc. 1. Or unc. 1. sem. or more*, when there is no feare of bringing down a churlish stone into the ureters may be used in saxifrage or fennel water, or purslain water; when there are actual stones in the kidneys or bladder, its good to mingle a like quantity of syrup of marsh-mallows giving them in posset drink, or cleer whey warme.

Ragwort, and Ragweed, see Saint James's wort?

Raisfort, see Horse Radish.

Raisfort, see Vine.

Ram, see Buck-thorne.

Laxative Ram, see Buck-thorne.

Rampe, see Wake Robin.

Ram of Lybia, see Christs-thorne.

Rampion. *Rapuntium.*

P. The first is set in gardens, the rest grow in woods.

T. Fl. in May, June and July.

N. *Rapunculus. Rapa sylvestria* Gesn. & Dod.

Rampion: Ger. F. K. as the great, small, wood, horned of the Alpes, mountain horned, and rocke ramp.

ramp. T. The roots are cold and somewhat binding.
 V. The roots are especially used in *sallads*, being eaten with oile vinegar and pepper. Some affirme, that the decoction of the roots is good for all inflammations of the mouth, and almonds of the throat, and other diseases thereof, as the other throat worts. K. as the long foxtaile, bush headed, Candy, and rock. V. The roots eaten in *sallads* h. the appetite. c. good digestion, and milke in nurses. The distilled water is cosmerick. Cel. the root pounded and mixed with meal of *Lupines*, cleanseth the discolourings of the skin, spots and marks; so also the distilled water of the whole plant.

Ram foot, see Water-crowfoot.
 Ramsons, see Garlick.
 Rape, see Turnep.
 Rapes, see Bramble.
 Red-knees, see Arsmarr.
 Yellow or white Rattle, see Cox-comb.

Red Rattle. *Pedicularis*.

P. It groweth in moist and moorish meadows.

T. Fl. in May and June.

N. φθιερων. *Fistularia. Crista galli. Pedicularia.* Rattle graspe. Red rattle graspe.

Rattle. Ger. or Lousewort. T. is cold dry and astringent. V. it h. fistula's and hollow ulcers: boiled in red wine and d. it stops the menses and other fluxes of blood, so Park. Recch. That of Mexico. T. is moist and moderately hot. V. it h. the bitings of venomous beasts. Baub. The first is not fit to be used inwardly if other remedies are at hand.

Reed

Reed. *Arundo*.

P. In waters: the sugar cane in the East and West Indies.
 T. Fl. from Aprill to October.

N. Κάλαμος. *Calamus. Casab. Arab. Donax* five *Cypria* Dod.

Reed. Ger. K. as the common and Cypress. T. Gal. are hot and dry 2°. V. the roots stamped draw forth things fixed in the flesh: and with vinegar h. luxations, also hot and sharp inflammations, the ashes m. with vinegar h. the scurfe, and falling of the haire. The great reed is usefull onely for mechanickes. Flowring reed, *Arundo florida* T. V. is uselesse. Paper reed, *Papirus Nilotica*. T. V. The roots do nourish chewed. The ashes consume hard apostumes and tumours in the body, and corrosive ulcers, but chiefly in the mouth: so the burnt paper made hereof. The stalkes open fistulas being put therein, swelling like the pith of elder. The leaves and stalks serve for fewell. Sugar reed or cane, *Arundo Saccharina*. T. V. the sugar is temperate, it drieth and cleanseth the stomack, levigateth the lungs and breast, cleareth the voice, and h. hoarsness, coughs &c. The sugar is made out of the canes ground to powder, then boiled, after which it's strained, and boiled to the consistence of hony: and when cold its like sand, and after is refined to that whiteness as we see: Cam. Gal. The bark of the first is hot 3°. and more dry. The green leaves refrigerate, bind and corroborate. Matth. the root d. is diureticall. Avic. The ashes are hot, yet it is cold. Park. The water of the paper reed h. the web in the eye. The rest K. as the party coloured &c. V. the rest as the first. *Diapenidion*, Pharm. Lond. h. vices of the breast, coughs, colds hoarsnesse and consumptions of the lungs, and such as spit matter, taken with a pectorall syrup by a liquorice stick, or drach. i. of the Electuary when the cough cometh. *Pulvis Haly*. is a gallant cooler, and h. all heat of the breast & lungs, as consumptions and pleuresies. It is to be made into a
 soft

soft electuary with syrup of violets, and to be taken as cold diatrageanth. Also it qualifies the sharpness and acrimony of salt and adust humors, and eager medications. It h. spitting of blood, overflowing of the courses and hæmorrhoids, and other under evacuations of blood. It h. the strangury and sharpness of urine, and the bloody flux seasonably used, the D. is scr. i. drach. sem. or drach. i. in purslain water, or made up in an electuary with syrup of marsh mallows. *Sacchatum tabulatum simplex*, & *perlatus Christi*. P. L. or Lozenges of sugar, simple and pearled, cool, are appropriated to the heart, restore lost strength, h. burning fevers and false imaginations, viz. that with pearles and hath the same nature as that of pearles have. *Sacch. tab. compositum Christi contra vermes*, purges according to the quality of its ingredients) kills wormes, and is cordiall (though the Colledges Antagonist knew not the virtues.) Also it purgeth out the matter of the generation of wormes; h. a stinking breath: a lozenges may be eaten in the morning, & a glasse of wormwood wine or beer drunk thereon. *Saccharum panidium*, or *penids*, h. coughs and colds. Also it serves to temper the acrimony of sharp and salt humors, and are put into divers remedies for the same purpose. *Saccarum rosatum*, see Sugar of Roses. *Begu* the oile of sugar, strengthens, incides, h. affections of the breast, the D. is cochli. i. the tincture h. fainting with cinnamon and rose water. *Fouss*. Red sugar, is hotter sharper and more absterfive then the other. the crude works, better in clysters than honey.

Reed-grasse, see Burre-reed.
 Reeds mace, see Cats-taile.
 Sweet reed, see Aromaticall reed.
 Thornie reed, see Gum-thistle.
 Red ray, see Darnel.
 Red rot, see Sundew.
 Rest-harrow, see Gammo.k.

Rib

Rib wort. *Quinquenervia*.

P. In the borders of path waies almost every where.
 T. They flower and flourish with the Plantains.
 N. *πυτάνιον*. *Plantago minor*. *Lanceola*.

Rib wort. Ger. K. as the common, and rose ribwort. T. it is cold & dry 20. as the Plantains. V. the vertues are referred to the kinds of plantaine. *Lonic*. the fresh leaves boiled with vinegar & salt h. the chollick & dysentery; so the seed & powder. The distilled water h. the spitting, and pissing of blood, and the pty sick. It stops the courses and h. all inward griefs of the body. Ap. it h. inflammations, nodes, and fistulaes. *Park*. K. as the lesser, bulbed, and smallest. T. V. is more effectually than plantain.

Ric. *Secale*.

P. In Germany, Polonia, and England.
 T. It's sown in Autumne or Spring.
 N. *Βεῖζα ἢ Βεῖζα*. *Farrago*. *Siligo veterum Schw*.

Ric. Ger. T. is hotter than wheat, and more forcible in heating, wasting, and consuming, more clammy, and of harder digestion; yet of good nourishment to rustick bodies. V. The leaven hereof doth more forcibly digest, draw, ripen, and breake all apostumes and biles, than the leaven of wheat. The meale bound unto the head in a linnen cloth h. the long continuing paines thereof, *Schwenckf*: It refrigerates, humects and softens, it's absterfive, and suppurating. The luxuriant stops blood. *Senn*: The bread thereof is more nutrient than that of barley, more solid, and more dyspeptick than wheat. *Ern*: The distilled water h. the dysentery, and vomiting. *Park*. *Matth*. The ashes with water ap. h. chapps.

Q

Rice?

Rice. *Oryza*. *

P. In the lower part of Syria, and Spaine.
 T. It's sown in the spring in India,
 N. Ὠρυζα καὶ ἄρουρον. *Arx seu Arxi Arab.*

Rice. *Ger. T. Gal.* Being boiled it stayeth the belly.
 V. The pottage hereof, doth both meanelly binde and
 nourish *Lob. Obs.* It's of crasse nutriment. *Lob. Pen.*
Advers. It's salutarious, and increaseth blood and
 sperme, the distilled liquor thereof, after macerated in
 milke, exhilarates the spirits. *Schwenckf.* The Dutch
 rice. T. Is hot, dry, resolving, and astringent. V. It h.
 those that are troubled with fluxes, and tabid. The
 meale thereof ap. with roses h. the inflammation of the
 duggs. *For. l. 22. Obs. 18.* Amygdalate milke made of
 the meale thereof h. the flux of the belly, with the
 cough. *Park.* The flowers ap. repell the flowing of hu-
 mours. *Wirtzung.* the water distilled after steeped in
 goats milk h. withered limbs, often used.

Rice-grasse, see Dew-grasse.
 Robin in the hofe, see Wild Campion.

Rocket. *Eruca*.

P. In gardens, neere waters, on the sands.
 T. Fl. in June and July: the seed is ripe in September.
 N. Ἐρυζακρον. *Euxomon. Herba salax poetarum.*

Rocket. *Ger. J. K.* as the garden, wilde, narrow leaf-
 ed wilde, creffy, sea, and water rocket. T. Rocket is hot
 and dry 3°. V. It is good in sallads, eaten with lettuce,
 purslane and cold herbs; else it c. the headache, and
 heateth too much. It c. venery, especially the seed. It
 provoketh urine, and causeth good digestion. The root
 and seed stamped and m. with vineger and the gall of an
 oxe, h. freckles, lentiles, blaek and blew spots, and all
 such

such deformities of the face: P. L. The flowers ap. dis-
 cusse swellings and dissolve hard tumours made into a
 pultis; but taken they offend the head. The Italian
Rheseda and *crambling*. T. V. Are uselesse. *Park. Math.*
 The leaves boiled and taken with sugar h. the cough
 in children. The seed h. the spleen, and kills wormes.
Barth. Ang. its hot and moist. *Harr.* The seed rubbed
 on the tongue h. the palseie thereof with treacle. *Park.*
 the second h. poison, and the spleen, and c. milk. the
 base dissueth.

Shepheards rod, see Wild teasel.
 Rogation flower, see Milk-wort.
 Romane beans, see Kidney-beanes.
 Romane-pease, see Rouncivall.
 Wild Rose, see Eglantine.
 Water Rose, see Water lilly.
 Winter Rose, see Hollihock.
 Rose-rubie, see Adonis flower.
 Rods-gold, see Marigold.
 Rogues gilloflowers, see Dames violets.

Rose. *Rosa*.

P. It groweth in gardens, the wild in hedges.
 T. Fl. from May to September.
 N. Ῥόδον. The seed, *Anthos*. The fl. *Anthera*. The
 white, *Unguis*.

Roses. *Ger. K.* as the white, red, Damaske, and that
 without prickles, with the great province rose. T. The
 leaves of the fl. of roses are partly earthy and binding,
 other parts moist and watery, and the rest airie, yet all
 are cold. V. The distilled water strengthneth the heart
 refresheth the spirits, and gently cooleth, and is de-
 lectable in meates. It h. the paine of the eyes c. by
 teate, and is hypnoticke. The juice (especially of the
 Damaske) moveth to the stoole, but most effectually
 that of the muske roses; so the infusion, and syrup: which
 purgeth

purgath the first veines of flegme, and sometimes of chollier, it doth moisten and coole, and h. the extremity of heat in hot burning feavers; it mittigateth the inflammations of the intrails, and quencherh thirst, (yet is not good for moist stomachs,) so the *leaves preserved* in sugar being rubbed in the hands. Thus the *white, Damaske, and muske roses. Red and Province roses. T.* Are more earthy, drying, and binding, yet with a certaine moisture when fresh. V. Their *infusion* looseth the body, yet not so much as the former, which are cold 10. moist, airy, and spirituall, sc: the *white, Damask, and musk*; but these being *dried*, do binde, and dry, and likewise coole, but lesse than when they are *fresh*. V. They strengthen the heart, and h. the trembling thereof; they corroborate the liver, kidneys, and weake intrails, they dry and comfort a weak stomach, stay the whites and reds, stop blood, stay sweating, binde and loose, and moisten the body, and are used in counterpoysons both outward and inward. The *hony of roses* h. wounds, and ulcers, &c. which have need of cleansing and drying. The *oyle* doth mitigate all heate, and hindereth inflammations, or asswageth them. As for the T. and V. of the parts, the *flowers* dry and bind, and that more effectually than the *leaves*; so the *cups or calices, and beards*, and serve for fluxes at the sea. The *yellow* called *Anthera* stop. fluxes, the whites, and reds, being dried, powdered, and *scr. 2.* taken in red wine. so also the little *heads or bottomes*. The *nailles* of the leaves of the flowers h. watering eies. the *juice, infusion, or decoction* of roses is gentle, loosening, opening, and purging the belly, and safe for all, and at all times. The *syrup* of the *infusion* looseth, purgeth choler, openeth the liver, h. the jaundise, trembling of the heart, and heat in agues and feavers, *unc. 1. or 2.* being taken; so also the *syrup* of the *juice*. to which may be added the juice of lemons, and a few drops of oile of vitrioll. the *conserve of roses* taken morning and evening, strengtheneth the heart, and h. the trembling thereof, it corroborateth the liver and other weake intrails, comforteth a weake and

and raw stomach; stops the whites and reds, and serveth for the purposes aforesaid. *Muske roses. Rosa motcata. K.* as the *single, double, the great, velvet, yellow, double yellow, double, and single cinnamon. T.* the *muske rose* is cold 10. wherein airie parts are predominant, the rest are referred to the *Eglantine. V.* the *conserve of muske roses* purgeth mightily (yet safely) waterish humours, taken in the quantity of an ounce. The *leaves of the flower* eaten in the morning. as a *salad*, with oyle, v. neger, and pepper, purge cholerick, and waterish humours, and that safely, in a greater, or lesser q. according to the desire of the patient. the *leaves of two flowers* give one stoole &c. The *white leaves* stamped with alume, then the juice strained and dried in the shadow, yeelds an excellent *yellow colour*, serving for limning, and the colouring of sauces &c. the rest are thought to be equall with the *white muske roses*, whereof they are taken to be kinds. *Rock rose. K.* as the *common, and, white. Cneoron. T. V.* is not of knowne use. *Rosebay. K.* as the *common, and white floured. T. Gal. ap.* it digesteth. V. Taken inwardly, they kill; yet the *fl. & leaves d.* by men h. the biting of serpents, though they kill most other creatures, thus *Oleander or nerium. Dwarfse rosebay, Chamberhodendros Alpigena T. V.* is uselesse *Rose campion. K.* as the *red, white, and double. T. Gal.* The seed is hot and dry 20. V. *Diosc.* The seed d. in wine h. those that are stung of scorpions. *Rose root, Rhodia radix. T. V.* The root stamped with oyle of roses, ap. h. the headache. *J. Rose wood, Lignum rhodium or Aspalathus. T.* is hot with astringion. V. The *decoction* thereof made in wine, h. ulcers of the mouth, phage lens, & ozæna's. Put up as a *peffy* it draweth forth the dead child, the *decoction* stops fluxe of the belly, and d. h. the vomiting of blood dysury and windicasse. *Acon. the oyle* makes *perfumes Park. K.* as the *Frankford, dwarfse red, Hungarian, great double yellow, double without thyrnes, great apple, and double Eglantine rose. V.* the *white* h. the heat of the eyes. *Bar. Cent. 4. Obs. 58.* the *syrup of dried roses* h. the flux of the hamorrhoides *B. ga. the*

tincture of dried roses refrigerateth the liver, and streng-
theneth it, and h. fevers and preternaturall heat, and a
good digestion. *Sala*, the *distilled oyle* is used in cordiall
mixtures, apoplectick and cardiack balsomes, and in-
creaseth their vertue. *Riv. Cent. 2. Obs. 40. Drach. sem.*
Of the conserve with gr. 2. of *laudanum* h. the hepatick
flux. *Heurn. rosate honey* with a little oile of vitrioll taken
a little before meate purgeth flegme out of the stomach.
Aquapend. the cerot is anodyne. and astringent. *Park.*
It's cold 10, and dry 20. V. the red decoct h. the head-
ache, and stomach, the retentive faculty and rheumes.
Acetum rosatum, Pharm. Lond. or, *rose vineger*, this, is
also all vinegers have the virtues of the flowers, of
which they are made; but as wines are better for cold
bodies; so these for the hot, but are used most out-
wardly according to the appropriation of the simple;
Bayf. but this doth refrigerate, dry, strengthen, and
penetrate; therefore it's used in oxyrrhodines, with
oile of roses, and rose water. It may be used also in un-
guents, and cerots, in the heat of the reines, and he-
cticks &c. *Syrupus de rosis siccis*, or the *syrup of dried*
roses, strengthens the heart, comforts the spirits, bindeth
the body, h. fluxes, and corrosions or gnawings of the
guts. It strengthens the stomach, and staies vomiting:
the D. is unc. 1. at once, before meat for fluxes, and af-
ter for vomiting. Also it inclines to sleep by suppressing
hot vapours and fumes that ascend from the lower parts
into the brain; unc. sem. or unc. 1. may be given in
cowslip or lettuce water; but a clyster or suppository
must be used if the patient be costive, else it may hurt.
Syrupus rosaceus solutivus, or the *soluteive syrup of roses*,
looseneth the belly, gently purgeth choller and flegme,
but is styptick after. Also it chiefly, if not onely, pur-
ges yellow and chollerick waters from the body, and
is therefore good for hot rheumes, unc. 1. or unc. 1.
sem. or 2. may be taken in unc. 3. of clean whey warmed.
Syrupus e succo rosarum, or *syrup of the juyce of roses*, is
like the other. *Syr. ros. sol. cum agarico*, or the *syrup of*
roses solutive with agarick, purgeth flegme from the
head,

head, h. the senses hurt by it, provokes the termes;
purgeth the stomach and liver, and provokes urin. some
count it a catholicon: the D. is unc. 1. to 2. *Syr. ros.*
sol. cum senna, or, the *syrup of roses solutive with senna*,
purges choller and melancholly, and the reliſts of dis-
eases. the D. is unc. 1. or 2. in the decoction of senna;
but its binding after. *Syr. ros. sol. cum helleboro*, or the
syrup of roses solutive with hellebore, purgeth melan-
cholly and resists madness. also it is very proper in all
melanchollick diseases afflicting the body or mind; and
it clearerh the senses: the D. is unc. 1. drach. 6. or
unc. 1. in unc. 3. of borage water, or unc. 4. of whey,
spring and fall divers dayes together, or every other
day, so that it may work once or twice in a day only.
Medicaments of this nature and in such cases must be
taken in a small quantity, and long together. *Mel rosa-*
tum commune sive foliatum, or the *common honey of roses*:
and *colatum*, or that *strained*, h. diseases in the mouth.
Also this bridles hot defluxions, comforts a weake fleg-
matick stomach: and is of a scouring, strengthening na-
ture, used both inwardly and outwardly. *Mel ros. so-*
lutivum, or that *soluteive*, serves as a laxative in clysters,
and to cleanse wounds. also this honey of damask roses
is of like faculty with the syrup thereof, onely hotter
and fitter for cold and crude stomachs and constituti-
ons. *Saccarum rosatum*, or the *Sugar of roses*, streng-
thens weake stomachs, hearts, brains, strength, and
consumptions, stops fluxes, h. pains in the head, eares,
and eyes, h. spitting, vomiting and pissing of blood, and
serves for the pocket in a consumption. Also it streng-
thens the liver and corrects the hot distempers thereof.
It h. the flaggienneſſe of the livers substance, and pre-
vents cachexies and dropsies. *Aromaticum rosatum*, or
rosate aromatics, strengthens the brain, heart and sto-
mach, and parts, helping to concoction and digestion,
purging water, helping consumptions, & violent disea-
ses. *Diarrhodon abbatis*, cools the violent heat of the
heart, and stomach, as also of the liver, lungs, and
spleen, easeth pains in the body, and most infirmities

from heat. the D. of the powder is *drach. sem.* and of the electuary *unc. 2.* *Rosata novella*, or the *Novell rosate*, quencheth thirst, stops vomiting h. hot and dry stomachs, also heat and drynesse of the liver, lungs and heart (yet the powder it self is hot) strengthens the vitall spirits, h. heart qualms, provokes sweat and h. chronicall diseases, the D. is of the electuaries *drach. 1.* *Julapium rosarum* or the *julep of roses*, is a fine cooling drink in the heat of summer; so the *Julapium Alexandrinum*. Also these syrups or juleps refresh languishing nature in feavers or otherwise subject to swoonings and fainting fits, they moderate thirst and strengthen the heart. *Electuarium de succo rosarum*, or, the *electuary of the juyce of roses*, purgeth cholles & h. tertian agues, and diseases of the joynts, it purgeth violently, and so it is to be used warily. Also it h. in the conclusion of tertian and quotidian agues, to purge away the reliques of the morbidick humor, the D. is *drach. 2.* to 4. in strong bodies: *drach. 2.* or 3. with *unc. sem.* of electuary lenitive, or *drach. 3.* of catholicon, and *drach. 6.* of syrup of violets may be safely given. *Trochisci diarrhodon Mes.* or the *Troches of the flowers of red roses* mightily ease feavers of flegme, as the quotidian, epialbs. and agues &c. as also pains in the belly. *Troch. ros. mes.* or, the *Troches of roses*, h. pains in the stomach, and ill digestion, the illiac passion, heftick feavers and dropfies in the beginning, and c. a good colour. *Unguentum rosatum*, or, the *ointment of roses* is fine and cooling, h. all gillings and frettings of the skin joyned with chollick humors, angry pushes, nettlers ring wormes, and the like, and hot diseases of the head, stomach, and liver. *Oleum rosatum omphacinum, & compleat*, or, the *oile of roses omphacine, and compleat*, the oile anointed on the stomach strengthens it cools the heat of it, thickens, removes inflammation, & abates swellings. Also it stops the motion of the humours, extinguisheth the rose or erisipila's h. pains from heat cools & strengthens, collects and thickens, tempers and refresheth a hot stomach, being anointed thereon, and stops fluxions. It allayes the head.

headach from an hot cause, mitigates the burning heat of the kidneys, and asswageth all inflammations. *Unguentum refrigerans, Gal.* or *Gallens cooling ointment*, is excellent in inflammations in wounds and tumors. Also its excellent in all cases of cooling and moistening. Its good to anoint upon the breast, palsies, forehead and temples of heftick persons, and upon the back-bone, and in head-aches from an hot cause, it's good so used. In the toothach and cough from hot thin and salt rheums, its good to anoint upon the sutures of the head, upon the temples and jaws and upon the nape of the neck; and in pains of the joynts from an hot humour used upon the kidneys, it stops great fluxes of urine, and hinders nocturnall pollation. *Oleum rosarum, Chym. pinguedo, vel spiritus*, is a good perfume; a drop or two cheres the heart, brain, animal and vitall spirits, in a cordiall electuary or lozenges. *Begu.* the *tincture of dried roses* h. heates strengthens the liver and stomach.

Rose mary. *Rosmarinus.*

P. In France, Spaine, hot regions, woods, and gardens.

T. The 1st fl. in spring and August, the 2^d in June, and July

N. *Λιβανύτις σεπροματική.* *Rosmarinum.* The flower, *Anthos.*

Rose mary. Ger. K. as the garden, wild and poets, *casia, poetica*, Lab: T. *rosemary* is hot and dry 20. and astringent, having a mixture of the earthy substance. V. It's given against all fluxes of blood, and h. all infirmities of the head, especially the *flowers*, if c. by cold and moisture, drying the braine, quickening the senses, and strengthening the sinewes. Serap: It h. the stuffings of the head, coming through coldnesse of the braine, being worne about it. Diop: the *decodion* d. h. the yellow jaundise, with bathing and drinking of wine the *distilled water of the fl.* d. first and last at morning and evening

ing, h. a stinking breath, and makes it very sweet, a few cloves, anniseeds, mace, and cinnamon being added. the conserve taken every day fasting, comforteth the braine, memory, and senses, and h. dumbe palsies, *Serap.* It h. cold rheumes, and windinesse, provoketh urine, and openeth the liver and milt. *Trag.* Boiled in wine, it h. the mother, and whites, the *fl.* made up like sugar roset, comfort the heart, and exhilarate. the chymicall oyle h. the cold braine. the wild rosemary provoketh the terms. It c. drink to inebriate. put in chests it preserves from mothes. *Park.* K. as the gilded, and the sweet of Silesia. V. the last. h. shrinkings of the sinewes, and crampes &c. used in bathes. the common oyle h. the dim sight, spots, and scars, and warmeth the parts. *Grul.* the tincture of rosemary from 10 to 15 drops is confortative. *Borell.* the *fl.* of rosemary, or the leaves, being boiled with wine and hony, to the consumption of one halfe, and taken before sleepe, clarifie the voice, and. h. the asthma. *Cent.* 4. *Observ.* 56. *Ern.* the oyle of the *fl.* h. the memory. vertigo, pestilence, jaundis, &c. *Park.* K. as the wild Bohemian. V. It h. all cold diseases. the Silesian h. the sinewes. *Vinum florum rorismarini.* *Pharm.* Lond: Rosemary flower wine, h. all cold diseases of the head, consumeth flegme, and strengthens the gums and teeth. *Mel anthosatum*, or, the hony of the flowers, hath the vertue of the flowers; but its cleansing by reason of the hony. *Species dianthos*, or the species of rosemary-flowers, strengthens the heart, and h. its passions, cause hilarity, and strengthens after sicknesse, it h. cold stomacks and digestion. the D. is drach. sem. or drach. 2. in an electuary with hony. also it h. against all cold diseases of the brain, nerves and stomacks; as tremblings of the hands, palsies, apoplexies, indigestion of meat, and it h. a bad memory from coldness of the braine and nerves.

Rose

Rosewort, see Rose roor.

Red-roor, see Sundew.

White-roor, see Water pimpernel.

Roor of the holy Ghost, see Angelica.

Rounsfivals, see Pease.

Rudds, see Marigold.

Rubarb. *Rhabarbarum.*

P. In China &c. and gardens planted there.

T. *Fl.* in June, the seed is ripe in July: the roots are to be gathered in October.

N. *Rha Barbaricum.* *Rheu Barbarum.* *Raved Seni Arab.*

Rubarb. *Ger. J.* K. as the Turkey, bastard, the true of the antients, & that of Pontus. T. rubarb is of a mixt substance, some parts being earthy, binding and drying. the others thin, aerious, hot, and purging. V. *Diosc.* It h. the windiness, & weakness of the stomack. & all griefs thereof, convulsions, diseases of the liver, spleen, kidneys, gnawings of the guts, in firmities of the chest & bladder, swellings about the heart, diseases in the matrix, sciatica, spitting of blood, asthma, hicket, bloody flux & laskes c. by raw humours, fits in agues, and the bitings of venomous beasts; also it h. black spots and tetter ap. with vinegar. *Gal.* It h. ruptures, it purgeth choller and flegme, h. tertian fevers, the yellow jaundise, pleurisie, peripneumonie, squinancy, frensie, inflammation of the kidneys, and all inward parts. It h. St. Anthonies fire d. and ap. it h. the liver and infirmities of the gall, it is opening and strengthening. The dose is drach. 1. or 2. in infusion, drach. 1. sem. or drach. 3. in hot diseases, with the water of succory, endive, or whay, and in wine if there be no heat. the powder taken h. the bloody flux, and all kinds of laskes, purging forth bad humours, and stopping the belly; also it stoppeth the termes, and blood in any part, a little quantity being given with other binding things. *Mes:* It may be given at all times, to all ages, and

and women with child. the best is that of China, fresh of a light purplish red, with whitish veines. the next is that of Barbary, which is viscid; and chewed is of a saffron colour. The other rubarbs K. as the monks and bastard T. the leaves of the first are somewhat cold, but more moist with a certaine clamminesse, and quickly passe through the body, and are of a moist, and scant nourishment. the seed cooleth with a certaine thinnesse of substance. The seed of the 2d is very astringent. V. d. in red wine with the seed of sorrell it h. the bloody flux, and cometh neere the true rubarbe, and purgeth like it, but must be given in the ice as great a quantity. d. in ale it h. agues, or the decoction of the roots boiled in the water of *carduus benedictus* to a third part, with a little hony, eight or nine spoonfulls being taken before the fit, or twelve by those that are stronger. the decoction of the roots of monks rubarb d. h. the bloody flux and lasks, the wambling of the stomach c. by choler, and the stinging of serpents. It h. the hæmorrhoids taken with acacia or the juice of sloes, it's an excellent pot herb, it loosens the belly, h. the jaundise, tympany, and such like diseases c. by cold. Take of the roots sliced, with madder *an: lib: sem: of senna unc: 4.* anise seed, and licorice bruised, *an: unc: 2.* scabious and agrimony broken with the hands, *an: M 1.* steep them in a stean with 4 gallons of strong ale, the space of 3. daies, then use the liquor as an ordinary drinke for 3. weekes, using a good diet, and it will h. the dropsie, yellow jaundise, all itches, scabs, and manginess: it purifyeth the blood, h. the Greene sicknesse, and all oppilations, it c. a good colour, and brings downe the termes, the stopping of which caused the grieve. Bastard rubarb. *Thalicttrum* K. as the great and small T. are hot and dry. V. The leaves with other dot herbes do somewhat loose the belly, the decoction of the root more effectually. Diosc: The leaves stamped h. old ulcers. Gal. they dry without biring. Hart. The extract of rubarbe is excellent against the jaundise. Schrod. the D. is scr. 1. to drach. 1. Tentzel. The tincture h. the plague, and killeth wormes the D.

is 10. or 12. dr. Pem. The powder of the common rubarbe with cassia, and turpentine washed, clenseth the reines, and h. the gonorrhœa, and hicker. boiled in wine and ap. it h. ulcers, and spots. Cam. It's used, where there is need of absterision, purgation, and aperition, in infusion. and the powder, to bind and strengchen. Park. K. as the broader, and narrow leaved like *Elecampane*. V. Diosc: The decoction of the bastard Rubarbe, with vineger instilled h. the paines of the eares. gargled it h. the toothache, and the root h. rugged nailes. decoct in wine it h. swellings in the throat, the stone, and urine; the English is more effectually the roots of the Indian with mummy and madder roots d. in red wine h. bruises. The 2. last are binding. Schrod. the extract of true rhabarbar, or rhubarb of Pontus, is cardiacall *Syrupus de rhabarbaro Pharm. Lond.* Augustinus, or syrup of Rhubarb, cleanseth choller and melancholly gently; so h. children; old people, and the weake; the D. is unc. 1. with the decoction of epithimum or sene. Also its good at the beginning of loosneses in old or young; and in dysenteries, unc. 1. or 2. being given in unc. 4. or 5. of cleer whey: 3 or 4 mornings every other day, at the beginning of the disease. *Pilule de rhabarbaro, Pharm. Lond. Mes.* or the pills of rhubarb, purge choller, open the liver h. the yellow jaundise, and dropsies; and strengthen the stomach and lungs, and may be taken as the Imperial pills. *Trochisci de rhabarbaro*, or, the Troches of rhubarb, gently cleanse the liver, h. the yellow jaundice, choller and other diseases of its stoppage: the D. is drach. 1. in white wine in the morning. Also they h. obstructions, pains & præternaturall swellings of the liver, all old diseases from its disorder. They are often given after purgation in dropsies, cachexies and all diseases of the liver: the D. is drach. 1. drach. 1. sem. or drach. 2: with conserve of cichory flowers *anc. 3.* and so with syrup of the opening roots or of the juyce of cichory, or of cichory and rhubarb made into an electuary; taking the q. of an nutmeg in the morn-

ing and at 4. in the afternoon, drinking after it a draught of wormwood beer or wine.

Rue. Ruta.

P. The 1 groweth in rough places, the wild on mountaines, T. Fl. in July und Aug. sooner in hot countries.

N. ῥήγανον. That of the meadow, Thaliætrum. The wild is called Peganum.

Rue. Ger. J. K. as the garden, the smallest wilde, mountaine, wilde white flowered. Harmala, and dogs rue. T. Rue is hot and dry fine tertii, the wild 4^o. it's of subtil part, waists winde, cutteth and digesteth grosse humours. V. It provokes urine, and the menses, and expells the dead child, d. Smelled unto It h. the mother, ap, it opens the matrix, m. with hony it h. the inflammation and swelling of the testicles, or colts evill, if boiled with barrowes grease, bay leaves, and the powder of fenugreece, and linseed, ap. as a pultis. It h. the crudities of the stomach, windinesse, and old paines thereof. Boiled with vinegar, it h. paines, stitches, asthma's, and the scatica; so the oile, and h. the collicke and tormina ap. and with the oile of linseed it h. hard swellings of the spleene. Ap. as a pultis it h. the hypofarca. The pickled herbe eaten sharpeneth the sight, so ap. with hony and the juice of fennell, The juice heated in the rind of a pomegranat, and dropped into the eares, h. the paine thereof. It h. St Anthonies fire: and killeth the shingles, and running sores in the heads of young children, being tempered with ceruse, white lead, vinegar, and oyle of roses, made into an oymtent. Diosc: As an errhine it stoppeth bleedings, so Plin: But it rather c. it by its sharpe quality. The leaves d. with wine h. poyson, the bitings of serpents, and stinging; and prevent them, being anointed. The leaves of rue eaten with the kernells of walnuts, or figgs stamped h. evill aires, the pestilence, so Ger. Berg. Untz. Palm. Mind. Dur. Lemn. and venome. Boiled with dill, fen-
nell.

nellseed and sugar, in wine it h. the gripings of the belly, paines in the sides and breast, dyspnoea's, coughs, stoppings of the lungs, and dropies. The juice taken with dill h. the cold fits of agues, and alters their course, it h. the inflammation of the fundament, and paines of the strait gut. The juice d. in wine expells the secundine, and dead child. often d. it dryeth up sperme, and milke. The oile wherein it hath been boiled ap. warmeth all cold members, and provoketh urine. in clysters it expells winde, and h. the rorsion of the guts, the decoction of the leaves of garden rue d. provoketh urine, and termes, and stoppeth the laske. Wild rue is more strong, c. blisters, venometh, and is not to be used in meate or medicine. *Bor. Cent. 1. Obs. 18.* a handfull of rue being infused in wine, and d. 3. dayes in the morning, h. the epilepsie. *Cent. 1. Obs. 15.* the juice ap. with aqua vita, h. the ganglion in the forehead. *Recch. K. meadow rue of Mexico. T. the root is sweet. V. d. it provokes urine, and h. fluxes, and hear of the reins. The juice h. the eyes. Park That of the meadow. K. as the common Gc. V. cicatrizeth, opens the body, and the root h. the plague, jaundise, and epilepsie. Wall rue, as maiden haire. Senn. the decoction of the leaves of rue, elder, and danc-wort, and chamunomill fl. an. m. 1. Bayberries unc. 2. boiled in Lee and wine, fomented, h. watry swellings. Oleum rutaceum, Pharm. Lond. or the oile of rue, heats and attenuats grosse humours, expels wind, h. palsies, cramps, coldnesse of the womb and bladder.*

Wall-rue, see Rue maydenhaire.

Rupture-wort. Herniaria.

p. In barren and sandy grounds, and dankish.

T. It fl. and flourisheth in May. June, July, and August.

N. Herniola. Herba Turca. Millegrana.

Rupture wort. Ger. J. K. as the common, and dwarfe all-seed

all seed. T. Rupture wort doth greatly dry, and glutine
ate V. being drunk it h. ruptures also the powder
taken with wine h. the dysury and ischury, and wast-
eth and expelleth the stone in the kidneys. So Vntz.
Schwenckf. Rond. Crat. Gesn. Lonic. Querc. Schrod. It's
cold and dry, it bringeth out choler and water, and h.
the jaundise. Lugd. It h. the dysentery, eruptions of
bloud, and poysons d. and ap. The distilled water there-
of d. in 8 daies opens the liver and h. the jaundise. park.
K. as the greater of Africa. V. It h. all fluxes, vomitings,
and the gonorrhoea. See Holler, it h. stitches, rheumes,
ulcers, and killeth wormes.

Rush. *Juncus*.

P. The 1 in fertile fields, and moist meadows.
T. They flourish till September or October, and are green
all the yeare.
N. Σκοῖν Scirpus. ὀλδοχοῖν, the bull-rush.

Rushes. Ger. J. K. as the common, sharpe, or hard,
and bul-rush or great water rush. T. are dry. V. The
dried seeds d. with wine allayed with water stop the
laske and termes. Gal. and that, they being of an earthy
essence, moderately cold and waterie, and meanely
hot. also they c. sleepe, and headache. The tender
leaves that are next the root made into anoyntment h. the
bitings of the spider called phalangium. The seed of the
bull-rush is most soporiferous, therefore it's carefully
to be used. Recch K. as the hairy rush of new Spain. T. the
root is sweet, astringent & odoriferous. V. It h. the cough,
evacuates urine, strengtheneth weak parts, h. the
wombe, and stops fluxes. Park. The seed c. urine. Plin.
The root d. h. the cough. The hard, and bending headed,
as the first. So the fl. *Cyperus*. The aglet is uselesse.

Rush-leeks, see Cives.

Saffron.

S.

Saffron. *Crocus*.

P. In Cambridgeshire, Saffron Waldon &c.
T. Fl. in September, the leaves are greene all winter.
N. Κρόκος. Zabafaran Arab. *Crocum*. κνίκος, the
bastard.

Saffron. Ger. K. as the true saffron. T. It's a little
astringent, hot 2^o: dry 10. concocting. V. Avic. it
c. the headache, and hurteith the braine, if much
used; else it quickeneth the senses, exhilarates, and
shakes off sleepe. It strengtheneth the heart, concoct-
eth raw humours of the chest, opens the lungs, and h.
obstructions and the phthisick. It bringeth breath that
is almost gone, and prolongeth life (10 or 20 graines
being taken in wine) in those that are asthmatick. Diosc.
It also h. surseits being thus taken; also it openeth the
liver and gall, and cureth the yellow jaundise. It's used
in all drinks for the diseases of the intraines, and obstru-
cted menses. It provoketh urine, c. lust, and is used in
pultises for the matrix and fundament. and in plasters
for old swellings, and aches, and S. Anthonie's fire, as
also in medicines for the eares. Ap. with milke, fennell
or rose water, it preserveth the eyes from being hurt by
the small pox or measles, and preventeth defluxions.
The chives serve to limne with, and to colour confection-
s &c. Tenne graines of Saffron with the kernells of
walnuts unc. 2. figs unc. 2. mithridate drach 1 and a
few sage leaves stamped with a sufficient quantity of
pimpernel water, and made into a mass. taken in the
quantity of 12. gr. in the morning fasting, preserveth
from the plague, and expelleth it from those that are
infected. Spring Saffron. *Crocus vernus*. K. as the early
flowering, small wild, yellow, white, purple, autumnne moun-
tain, and the large, whitish blew flowered, the white
autumnne, narrow leaved with a violet flower, broad leaved
with

with a yellow flower and purple streaks, and double flowered streaked Spring Saffron, the broad leaved with the purple flower, that with a double flower yellow and streaked, and that with an ash coloured streaked flower. T. V. they are of no known use in physick. Meadow Saffron. *colchicum*. K. as the purple, and white English, the Hungarian, with the small Spanish, the lesser mountaine with a various coloured flower, the Greek, Assyrian, yellow mountaine, broad leaved, party coloured, double flowered, twice flowering, spring, and chequered. T. Meadow Saffron is hot and dry 30. V. *Johns*. The roots of *hermodactylis* purge and h. the gout, and hurt the stomach. Stamped and m. with the whites of eggs, barley meale and the crums of bread and ap. as a plaister they h. the gout, and swelling aches of the joynts; also they strengthen, nourish, and make good juice, c. sperme and cleanse ulcers. *Hermodactills* of the shops are corrected with the powder of ginger, long pepper, anise or cummin seed and a little mastick. those of the meadow with cowes milke, H. The roots of the meadow saffron hurt the stomach, and being eaten they choake as mushrooms. Bastard saffron, *Carbamus*, five cnicus, or mock saffron D'orte. K. as the common, & blew flowered. T. the seed is hot 10, & purging. V. the juice of the seed bruised and strained into meade, or chicken broth and d. purgeth flegme and sharp humors, it h. the collick, asthma, cough, stopping of the breast & drop sic. Strained into milke it causeth it to curdle, and opens the belly. The flowers d, with meade open the liver and h. the jaundise. The seed is hurtfull to the stomach, bradypeptick and nauseous. It's lesse hurtfull taken with annise seed, galingale, masticke, ginger, or *salgemme*. Of the inner pulp is made *diacarthamum* which h. the drop sic. That with the blew flower is not yet used. Wild bastard Saffron. *Atractylis*. T. Is dry and moderately digesting. V. *Diosc*. the tops, leaves and seeds, d. with pepper and wine h. those that are stung with scorpions. Park. K. as the great white of Misia, the stript, barty coloured, white with a purple bottome, great blew of Naples, and cloth of gold, with the silver coloured

coloured Autumne. T. V. as the rest. Meadow saffron. K. as that of Constantinople, chequered of Portugall, Naples, and Chio, the physicall, dark. and variable dark purple. T. V. are uselesse. *Begu*. The tincture of Saffron h. the syncop, one drop being d. Park. The bastard h. diseases of water and flegme: so *Atractylis*. *Tinctura croci*, Pharm. Lond. or the Tincture of saffron, is like treacle-water. but strengthens the heart more, and prevents melancholly *cochl*. 1. being d. every morning. *Pulvis hermodactylorum compositus*, or the compound powder of *hermodactyles*, h. the running gout, the D. is drach. sem. or scr. 2. in white wine, and the tooth ach. It is called *Arthriticus* also *Diacrocuma*, or the eleſuary of saffron, is very good against cold diseases of the stomach, liver or spleen, corruption of humours, and putrefaction of meate in the stomach, ill colour of the body, drop sic, coldness in the reins and bladder and provokes urine: the D. is drach. 1. in the morning. *Diacarthamum*, or the eleſuary of bastard saffron, purgeth choller and phlegme, and h. diseases from a mixture thereof, as the gout, palsie and old head-ach, made up into tables or Lozenges it h. wormes in children. *pilula de hermodactylis*, or the pills of *hermodactyls*, h. the gout & cold afflictions of the joynts, & are counted gentler then the *ſœtidæ*; & so appropriated, the D. is dr. 1. in the morning. also they are of kind to the *ſœtidæ*; consisting of such things as purge flegme, soften the same when hardened, melt & attenuate it when thickned, & make it more fit to be purged forth: and of such things as preserve the strength of the bowels; so that they powerfully draw thick humours from the remote parts of the body, especially from the joynts & limbs. They h. cold diseases of the head, nerves. and joynts; and will do almost all the former do, but not so effectually; the D. is scr. 2. to drach 1. and they must be given in the morning in bed, as all strong pills are usually given. *Crocomagma Damac*. Gal. or the Troches of saffron, are very expulsive, strengthen and heat the heart and stomach. *Oleum crocinum*, or the oile of saffron, h. pains in the

the nerves, and strengthens them, and mollifies the same h. pains of the matrix, and c. a good colour. *Emplastrum oxycroceum*, or the *saffron plaister*, mightily discusseth, h. broken bones, and parts grieved with cold, old aches, and stiffenesse of the limbs, c. by wounds ulcers, fractures, or dislocations, & dissipates cold swellings. *Bar.* it doth mollify and dissipate all kinds of swellings or hardness and h. pains of the joynts, and membrans of the bones. *Brug.* in anodyne, attractive, and comforting, h. pain of the cold gout, draweth out vapours by the pores, and so unloadeth of bad humours. *Schrod.* the D. of the *extract of diacarthamum* is drach. scm. to scr. 4. *Ern.* the oile of *saffron* h. pestilentiall feavers, heat of the head, stupidity, drowiness, vertigo, mania, phrensie, cramp & cynicall spasme, lethargies, catarrhs, hoarseness, quinsie, tooth-ach, evacuates spittle, heats binds opens strengthens the heart, h. its palpitation and sadnesse, sterility, conditomata, preserves the foetus, increaseth lust, h. hardness of the spleen, the collick, flatulency jaundise, gout, S. anthonyes fire, the nerves, ligaments, muscles hurt, liver hot stops ichore, h. the elephantiasis and is hypnatick.

Sage. *Salvia*.

P. In gardens, almost every where.

T. Fl. in June or July, it's to be removed in March.

N: 'ΕΛΕΛΙΟΡΑΝ. *Sacra herba Agrippa*. That of the wood *Scorodonta*. *Boscisalvia*, *Ruel*.

Sage. *Ger. J. K* as the great, small, Indian mountain, apple bearing of Candy. and Candy without apples. T. Sage is manifestly hot, so *Sylv.* and dry initii 3tii. or fine 2d, and binding V. Being eaten, it preventeth abortion, closeth the matrix and maketh fruitful unc. 9. being d. with salt, as saith *Agrippa*. It h. the head quickeneth the senses and memory, strengtheneth the sinews, and h. the palsie c. by moisture. As an *errhine* it draweth out flegme, it h. the hæmoptysis, cough

cough, pains of the sides and bitings of serpents. The juice d. with hony h. the spitting and vomiting of blood, stoppeth the flux expelleth wind, dryeth the dropsie, h. the palsie, strengtheneth the sinewes, and cleanseth the blood the leaves sodden in water with woodbind leaves, plantain, rosemary, hony, allom and white wine, make an excellent water for the privities, and soreness of the mouth; especially being boiled with the sea cole, The leaves of red sage being put into a wooden dish with quick coales, and vinegar sprinkled thereon, then wrapped in a linnen cloth and ap. hot to the side, h. stitches and paines of the plurisie. The ale hereof is very useful being made with scabious; betony spikenard, squinanth, and fennell seeds. *Wood sage* or *Garlick sage*. *Scorodonia*. T. is hot and dry, yet lesse than the common sage. V. it h. burstings dry beatings and wounds, sc. the decoction d. Also it provoketh urine and h. the French disease: causing sweat, drying ulcers, digesting humors and consuming swellings, being taken 30 or 40 dayes together, or put into the decoction of *Guajacum* instead of *epithymum* and other adjutories belonging to the said decoction *Begu*. The oile of sage h. all diseases of the brain and nerves, also the palsie apoplexie, convulsion &c. It strengtheneth and corroborateth the stomach, and provokes the courses: so *Renod*. Also it openeth & provoketh urine. *Park.* K. as the yellow wild with narrow leaves, French, small yellow of Candy and sage of virtue. V. It stops bleeding and cleanseth ulcers. *Agrip.* Taken with salt it h. conception, and pains taken by cold, The wood sage h. the palsie. *Lang.* a handful of sage chapped with as much salt, put into past baked dry, and rubbed on the teeth with a linnen cloth, h. their yellowness and stink.

French sage, see Woodymullein.

Sage of Jerusalem, or Bethlem see Lungwort, or Cowslips of Jerusalem.

Saint

Saint Katharines flower. *Nigella Romana*.

P. In gardens, the wild amongst corne.

T. It must be sown in Aprill: it fl. in July.

N. Μελαύθιον. Flos Diva Cathar. Gith. Melaspermum.

Saint Katharins fl. Ger. J. K. as the garden, wild, damask double fl. damask & great Spanish nigella. T. the seed of the garden nigella is hot & dry 30. and of thin parts. V. the seed of the Roman nigella d. with wine h. the asthma, dissolveth windiness, provoketh urine and the menses, moderately d. c. milk. The seed killeth and expelleth wormes d. with wine or water, or ap. to the navell; so the oile thereof. The seed parched powdered, and wrapped in piece of fine lawn h. all catarrhes, rheumes, and the poxe, dryeth the braine and h. the smelling being smelled to, and warmed, when used. It h. freckles, scurfes, and hard swellings ap. with vinegar: Gal. It is an excellent remedy where there is need of clensing, drying and heating: It serveth also to be put among other odoriferous powders Park. Pena. the oile pressed out of the seed d. and ap. h. the hardnesse of the spleen and swelling thereof. Trag. The seed h. the breast and tormina: stamped and ap. to the forehead with rose vinegar it h. the pleurisie. Bauh. decoct with vinegar it h. the toothach: burnt it driveth away serpents.

St Maries seed, see Southistle seed.

Saligot, see Water. caltrops.

Sallow, see Willow.

Saltwort, see Black milk-wort.

Sampier. *Crithmum*. *

P. The second neer the sea, the 3d in marshes.

T. The first fl. in May and June, its gathered in August.

N. Κεϊθμον. *Crithmum* Crescent. *Crithmum Marinum* Park.

Sampier. Ger. K. as the rock, thorney, and golden. T. Gal.

T. Gal. It doth dry, warme, and scour. **V. Diosc.** The leaves, seeds and roots boiled in wine and d. provoke urine and menses, and h. the jaundise. The pickled leaves eaten in sallads with oile and vinegar, open the liver, milt and kidnies, as also the bladder. It gently provoketh urine, openeth the opilations of the intrails. and c. appetite. It h. digestion, breaketh rhe stone and expelleth gravell. **Dod.** The leaves boiled in wine h. the Kings evill: the rest is affirmed by Parkinson. Col. It's thought to be hot & dry 20. and is very good to whet a dull stomach.

Sandever, see Glasse-wort.

Sanicle. *Sanicula*.

P. In shadowie woods and coppes almost every where.

T. Fl. in May and June: the seed is ripe in August.

N. *Diapensia Sanicula vulgaris*.

Sanicle. Ger. T. It's bitter and binding, cleansing and strengthening, hot and dry 20, or as others, 30. V. The wiced. h. wounds. The decoction made in wine or water h. the spitting of blond, and the bloudy flux: so filthy ulcers are cured by the bathing herewith. The herb boiled in water and ap. as a pultis doth wast old swellings. It's used in vulnerary potions: it also h. the exulceration of the kidnies, and ruptures. Mountain sanicle. K as the spotted, and beares care sanicle. T. are hot and dry 30. Neese wort sanicle *Helleborine alpina*. T. V. is not yet used. Brunfels. The i operates to confound. The powder d. fasting with hony and the pice of lyquorice h. obstructions by flegme. Bark. The yst stoppeth womens courses, and the gonorrhœa d. in wine or water: also it binds, restrains, consolidates, and heales.

Great sanicle, see Ladies mantle.

Satyrian.

Satyrion. *Satyrion*.

P. It groweth in moist grounds, meadows &c.

T. It flowreth in May and June.

N. Σατύριον. *Orchis. Palma Christi. Satyrium Basilicum.*

Satyrion. Ger. J. K. as the male royall, female and Austrian handed. T. the roots are like *cynosorchis* in favour and tast, are thought to be like in faculty. Nic. Micol. The roots purge upwards and downward, and h. old quartan agues. Croll. The essence thereof is an excellent confortative and aphrodisiastick remedie and h. the decay of old age. The dose is from scr. 1. to 3. in muscadell, or the conserve roses, before bed time. Lonie. T. the three leaved is hot and moist, the royall hot and dry 2°. the seed d. h. the epilepsie Hieron. The water of the male d. h. all wounds. Renod. The roots being eondited are analeptick. Baugh. It's hot and moist, sweet in tast yet having an excrementitious, and flatulent humidity: so is aphrodisiastick. Diasatyrion. Pharm. Lond. Nich. or the Eleluary of the roots of Satyrion. h. weakness of the reins and bladder; also the dysury. It provokes lust, and h. impotency. The D. is drach. 2. at once. That more pleasan; Colon. increaseth seed also c. desire of copulation, and breaketh wind, used as the former. Also it powerfully incites to generation. cleanseth the kidnies moves urine, strengthens the back, warmes the stomach, quickens the senses and provokes womens monthly courses. the D. is drach. 2. or 3. or unc. sem. in cold bodies, in a cup of sack or muskadine so provoke to generation, or in hypocras; and in white or rhenish wine with a sponfull of syrup of mugwort compound to move urine or the courses.

Savin. *Sabina*.

P. In gardens, on hills, and in the woods of Candy.

T. It's alwaies green: the second hath alwayes berries:

N. Βαδάου, Βεάδου & Βάραθρον. *Savinera.*

Savin. Ger. J. K. as the barren, berry bearing, and lesse

lesse berry bearing. T. the leaves of savin (which are most used) are hot and dry 3°. and of subtile parts. V. the leaves boiled in wine and d. provoke urine and the menses, expell the dead child, and kill the quick: so the fume taken. The leaves stamped with hony and ap. h. ulcers, stay phagedens, and take away spots and freckles. The leaves boiled in oile olive kill the worms. being anointed on the belly; so the powder of the leaves given in milk. The fine powder of the leaves strewed upon excrescencies *sub præputio* caused by accompanying with unclean women, doth perfectly heale them: and if they are inveterate, the fine powder of *auripigmentum* also must be added that it may be more corrosive, and therefore it's to be used with discretion. Senn. the leaves h. the fungias also the roots of round birth wort, angelica, acous, and other dryers, and ligature. Park. being used in drenches it cureth the bots in horses &c. Hart. A spoonfull of the distilled water taken h. the suppression of the menses. Croll. It dissolveth the tartar in the veines of the matrix. De Bond. The oile h. the cold fits of agues. Stock. a pessarie hereof with round birthwort, and cresses p. & q. with neats gall, expelleth the fetus. Park. It h. carbuncles. Matth. scr. 1. of the powder with unc. 3. of nitre and 2. of hony. h. shortwinds: it h. the Kings evill, and scabs &c.

Saunders. *Santalum*. *

P. It groweth in the East Indies, Timor &c.

T. They are green all the yeare.

N. Sandalum. Sandal. Arab. The white and yellow Hanga Ind.

Saunders. Ger. J. T. The yellow and white are hot 3°. dry 2°. the red are not so hot. V. the decoction made in water h. burning agues, the flux of the menses, erysipelas gout and all inflammations, especially m. with the juice of night shade, housleek or purslain, The

R

white

white m. with rose-water and the temples bathed therewith h. the pain of the megrim: and prevent defluxions from falling down to the eyes. Avic. It h. all passions of the heart and doth exhilarate, therefore it's good to be used in collises, & corroborating jellies. The red saunders are astringent and corroborating, but not cordiall as the other two, they serve also to give a pleasant colour unto meats. Weck. It's cold 30. dry 20. Col. They are cold and dry 2 or 30. the red is more cooling and binding, yet least used. The yellow is the best, next the white. The second stops blood, the powder h. the gonorrhoea and whites. Park. Ap. to women's breasts with purslane the yellow keeps them down. Diatrion santalen, Phar. Lond or the Composition of saunders, h. much against the heat of the stomach, liver, yellow jaundice, and consumptions of the lungs: the D. is drach. 1. of the powder, or 2 of the electuary. Trochisci de santalis, or the Troches of saunders are harmless and like those of spadium. Also they strengthen the liver diseased by choller and hot humours. they mitigate and digest choller, and fit it for expurgation. they h. spitting of blood, flux of the courses or whites, consumptions or hectick feaver, and coughs from over thin and sharp humours. they temper the acrimony of the sperme, h. gonorrhoea's, and hinder proneness to copulation. Ceratum santalinum, or the cerecloth of saunders, much h. hot infirmities of the stomach, and liver, &c. if applyed. Also it's excellent in hot infirmities of any part, & asswageth all phlegmonous tumours, and all hot distempers of the inward parts effectually, being applyed to the respective regions. It's good to apply to the liver in the yellow jaundice, and in such as have inflamed faces, and are troubled with a burning heat in the palmes of the hands and soles of the feet after dinner and supper, and in the night. It's good in hectick feavers used to the region of the liver and chest. In gonorrhoeas and weakness of the back from hot humours, it's good used to the reins of the back, and in the pissing disease. Used to the whole belly

belly it asswages a cholerick looseness, and dysentery. applyed to the region of the womb and loins it checks the whites, and worne on the reins, it prevents nocturnal pollution.

Savorie. *Satureia*.

P. In gardens being sowne there.

T. Fl. in July and August.

N. θυμברον & θυμברα. *Thymbra. Cunila Collumell.*

Savorie. Ger. J. K. as the winter, summer, rocke, and that of Candy. T. winter savorie. is hot and dry 30. it attenuateth, cutteth, clenseth, and is of like vertue with Tyme. Summer savorie is not so hot; so more fit for medicine. V. It attenuateth and h. winde, therefore it's good to be eaten with beanes, and other windy pulses. Ap. to the belly in a fomentation it h. the affects of the mother c. by winde. Borel. Cent: 2. Obs: 53. The juice hereof d. h. the dropisie, with a suffumigation of wax. Hartm. The decoction thereof with wine used as a gargarisme or lotion h. the aph. hz. Park. It provoketh the courses, and h. women with child, and (as some) it h. decayed desire of coiture, and the appetite. it expectoraterh flegme, and as an errhine h. the lethargy. The juice is ophthalmick, paralytick, and acoustick.

Sauce alone, see Jack by the hedge.

Saw-wort. *Serratula*.

P. In woods, shadowie places, and meadowes.

T. Fl. in July, and August.

N. Serretta Casalp. & Cerretta: Centauroides Thal:

Saw-wort. Ger. K. as the purple, and white flowered. V. it's wonderfull commended for wounds and ruptures, &c. and is referred to the temperature of Sanicle. Recch. That of Mexico. V. Is hot 40. and sharp. V. Drach. 2, of the root d. in unc, 10. of water strengthen

the stomach, & h. pains c. by cold. It discuteth, h. flatulencies, and the collick. It provoketh urine and the termes, and h. all cold distempers, and c. venery. *Bauh. Tab:* The r is hor and dry 20. ap. with wine it h. the hemorrhoides.

Saxifrage *Saxifraga.*

P. In fields and meadows, almost every where.

T. Fl. from Aprill to September.

N. Σαξίφραγον. *Saxifragon* Diosc. The golden. *Hepatica palustris*, Eystet.

Saxifrage. Ger. J. K. as the English. and Austrian. T. Stone-break is hot and dry 30. V. A decoction made with the seeds and roots hereof, breaketh the stone in the bladder, and kidnies, and h. the strangury, and dysury. The root boiled in wine, and the decoction drunk provokes the termes, and expells the dead child. The powder of the root taken with sugar, comforteth and warmeth the stomach, and h. the gripings of the belly. It h. the collick and ventosities. In Cheshire the women use to put it in their rennet for cheese. *White saxifrage*. K. as the common, and *white rock*, with the golden saxifrage. T. the first (especially the root and seed) is hot: the last is cold. V. the root of the first boiled in wine and d. provoketh urine, cleanse the kidnies and bladder, breaketh and expelleth the stone, h. the strangury, for *Weck*. c. milk, and h. all griefes of the reines. the last is thought to be vulnerary, and equall with *sanicle*. *The Antients* with the great saxifrage of *Matth.* lithontriptick, as the former. *Burnet saxifrage*. *pimpinella saxifraga*. K. as the common, and small. T. both with their seeds, leaves, and roots are hot and dry 30. and of subtile parts. V. The seed or roots d. in wine, or the decoction thereof h. the strangury, stoppings of the kidnies and bladder, and expelleth urine. The juice of the leaves doth cleanse and take away spots and freckles

of the face, and c. a good colour. The distilled water thereof m. with vineger in the distillation cleareth the sight, and h. amblyopie. *Trag.* That is the best, which hath white fl. *Renol* Briefely it doth attenuate, incise, digest, open, purge, and expell. *Park.* K. as *Lobels west country*, *Mr. Goodyers marsh*, the r. *Candy*, and *Bavarian*. V. With quick grasse roots expell the stone. *Burnet saxifrage*. V. h. the mother and collick.

Scabious. *Scabiosa.*

P. In pastures, meadows, corne fields, &c.

T. It flowereth and flourisheth in summer.

N. Σάβια. *Aetii*. *Stabe* Diosc. *Anth.* *Pandel.*

Scabious. Ger. J. K. as the common, common small, middle, corne, purple fl. the red of *Austriach*, mountaine, white mountaine, Spanish, strange, sheeps, hairie sheeps, daisie leaved, yellow, childing, red Indian, and summer scabious. T. Scabious is hot and dry fine second. or almost 30. of subtile parts, cutting, attenuating, and concocting grosse humours. V. It scoureth the chest and lungs, h. old cougs, asthma's, and paines in the sides &c. it provoketh urine, and expelleth rotten matter by the bladder, c. by apostumes. the decoction d. for sundry daies and the juice ap. in ointments h. scabs. It h. the bitings of serpents, and stinging of venomous beasts, d. and ap. the juice d. especially with treacle or sweat, and consumeth plague sores, being given often in the beginning. *So Mind.* It is thought also to h. all pestilent scavers. *Recch.* K. as the shrubby scabious of Mexico. T. The root is sharp, odoriferous, and of thin parts, hot and dry 30. V. It h. paines of the belly, & purgeth, *Park.* K. as the lesser field, white Hungarian, white fl. greater mountain and globe *Scab.* V. h. wounds and cold tumours. *Syrupus scabiose Pharm. Lond.* or the syrup of scabious, cleanse and is appropriated to the breast and lungs; when oppressed by flegme, crudities, or stoppings taking now and then *cach.* r. Also it h. the scab and itch. Also it's

good for coughs inclining to a consumption. It opens obstructions of the spleen and stops an immoderate flux of the whites. *unc.* 1. may be taken in colts foot or scabious water, *Valentia scabios.* or the ointment of *scabious*, h. the itch. Also it hath its name from the activity of this herb, and it's excellent against all scabs itch and manginess. It h. the lungs stuffed with thick and flegmatick excrements, being anointed upon the region of the chest, It's excellent against pestentiall swellings and carbuncles, which it cures in 3. or 4. dayes space, with a little champhire its good against morphews, freckle tetter, ringworms, and white films growing over the eyes. Its good to anoint ulcers with from the venereall disease.

Silver scabious, see Lilver knepweed.
Scabwort, see Elecampane.
Scariol, see Endive.
Sciatica grasse, see Wild-creffes.
Close sciences, see Dames violers.

Scorpion grasse. *Scorpioides.*

P. The 1. and 2d. in gardens. the rest in waters, and banks.
T. The 1 fl. from May till August. the rest all summer.
N. *Σκορπιόειδης*. *Telephium verum* Diosc. Barb. Guil.

Scorpion grasse. Ger. *J.* K. as the common, that of *Matthiolus*, water, and mouseare scorpion grasse. T. V. Diosc. The leaves ap. h. the stingings of scorpions, so Dod. So also boiled in wine and d. and h. the bitings of adders, snakes, and venomous beasts. being made into an unguent with oyle, wax, and a little gum elemi, they h. such hurts, as require a healing medicine. *Matth. Gal.* It's hot 30. dry 20. so *Camerar.* Park. K. as the greater, and smaller rough Scorp. V. The last is of the nature of the meadow trefoiles, being of the same taste.

Scurvy

Scurvy-grasse. *Cochlearia.*

P. It groweth by the sea side.
T. It fl. and flourisheth in May, the seed is ripe in June.
N. *Telephium quarrundam.* *Cochleariam* Dod. Bauh.

Scurvy-grasse, Ger. K. as the common, round leaved and common English Sc. T. Is evidently hot and dry, like in tast and quality to the garden creffes. V. The juice d. in ale or beere, h. rotten ulcers, and stench of the mouth, it h. the scorbute or scurvy, the juice being drunk: or the herbe d. in milke, or the infusion, six great handfulls bruised, being steeped, with long pepper, graines, annise-seed, and liquorice bruised, an: *unc.* 1. and the juice d. fasting every day in any liquor doth facilitate the working thereof, and cause it to operate more speedily The herbe stamped and laied unto spots and blemishes of the face, will take them away within 6 houres; but the place must be washed after with water wherein bran hath been sodden. Col: the decoction openeth obstructions, & evacuateth cold, clammy, & melancholy, as also phlegmatick humours. The juice h. ulcers of the mouth, and cleanseth the skinne. Park. The Dutch is the best. and cleanseth the bloud, liver, and spleen. The conserve of the round leaved h. weak stomacks.

Scottish Scurvy grasse, see Bindweed.
Sea caule, see Soldenella.
Sea Bells, see bind-weed.

Sea cluster. *Vua marina.* *

P. On dry banks and sandy places neere the sea.
T. The fl. thereof is ripe in Autumne.
N. *Τεύχος*. *Traganis*. The last, *Tragos* *Matth.*

Sea cluster. Ger. K. as the small, great shrubby, and bastard sea grape. T. the berries, and especially the seeds are

are styptick, and dry fine *secundi*. V. Diosc. the raisins stay the flux, and the whites in women, when they much abound.

Sea dock, see Brank urfine.

Sea Fan, see Sea-feather.

Sea-feather. *Corallina plumata*. *

P. It groweth in the deepest streames of the Illyrian sea.

T. They grow up from the fallen scales, it's brittle when dry.

N. *Myriophyllum Pelagicum Cortusi*, *Muscus mar: foliis filicis*.

Sea-feather. *Johns*: T. it's vulnerary V. It helpeth the virulent bitings of sea serpents, and the venomous stings or prickles of fishes. Applied to small green wounds it cures them in the space of 24 houres. *Cortus*. It killeth and voyderth wormes, and is as effectuall as coralline, and to be given in lesse quantity. So *Parkinson*. Sea Fan. *Frutex marinus reticulatus*, T.V. is not yet used in physick.

Sea Raisin, see Sea cluster.

Sebesten-tree. *Myxos*. *

P. In Syria, Egypt, and Italy.

T. The time answereth that of the common plums.

N. Μύξο. Sebesten, Arab. *Myxa*, the fr. and *Myxarion*

Sebesten-tree. T. sebestens are temperately cold and moist, of a clammy substance, much nourishing; yet apt to stop the intrails, and c. inflammations V. they h. the roughnesse of the throat and lungs, and quench thirst, taken alone, or in *loboch's Drach. 10. or unc. 1 sem.* of the pulp being inwardly taken doth loose the belly. hereof is made a purging *electuary*, which is to be used fresh

fresh, it quickly moulding. *Lonc*. The fruit killeth wormes and h. the reines. *Park*. They coole any intemperate heate of the stomach or liver; and therefore h. hot agues, and purge choler. They h. distillations on the lungs, sharp urine, paine of the sides, and commo-
urs ap.

Seggion, see Ragwort.

Seggs, see Water-Flowerdeluce.

Selfe heale. *Prunella*.

P. The 1. groweth in fields: the 2d. in gravelly ground.

T. They fl. almost all summer long.

N. *Prunella. solidago minor*, & *Consolida. synphytum petraum*.

Selfe-heale. *Gsr*. K. as the common, that of *Lobel*, and the white flowered. T. are moderately hot and dry, and something binding V. the decoction made with wine and water, doth consolidate all wounds inward, and outward. The herbe bruised with oyle of roses and vineger, and ap. to the forehead h. the paine thereof also it operates as bugle, and is most excellent for wounds. It h. the infirmities of the mouth, and especially the roughnesse, blackness, and drynesse of the tongue, with a swelling in the same, which happeneth to souldiers that lie in the campe, with a continuall ague and frensie. the cure is by the decoction hereof gargled, after phlebotomie, sc. of the veines of the tongue. *Borel. Cent. 1. Obs. 21*. The herbe stamped and ap h. plague sores. *Park*: It stops the flux of bloud, and h. the sharpnesse of humours. It clenseth and healeth ulcers, and h. broken bones.

Sene. Sene.

P. In Syria, Italy, France, &c.

T. In Italy it is sown in May.

N. Κολυτρία, the bastard. The 1 Abalzemer Pers.

Sene. Ger. K. as that of the East, and Italian. T. It inclineth to heate, and is dry fere 3°. It purgeth gently, and leaveth a certaine binding quality behinde it. V. It purgeth flegme and choler, and melancholy with coadjutors. It purgeth gently, and is safe for all ages, tempered with annise-seed the dose of the powder is drach: 1. in the infusion 4, 5, or more. It may be mixed with any liquor. In hot diseases cold things are to be added to the infusion, or decoction: in cold infirmities, hot opening simples, or else it's to be steeped in wine. The leaves are the chiefest parts, yet slow of operation, and are therefore to be helped by *sal gemma*. rubarb, agarick, electuary of roses &c. they serve to purge all people, yet are windy and trouble the stomach, therefore there must be added cinnamon, ginger, annise-seed, fennell seed, raisins of the sunne, &c. It purgeth when infused, better than when it is boiled, also then it becometh more windie. take borragge, buglosse, balme, fumitorie, an: drach: 3. sene of Alexandria pp. unc: 2. strew the powder on the herbes and distill them, then reserve the water for use, to purge the delicate, being given in white wine and sugar. To purge flegme and melancholy from the breast and other parts, in all ages and sexes: take the powder of sene pp. unc: 2. of the powder of the roots of mechoacan drach: 4. powder of ginger, annise-seeds, of each a little, with a small q. of sal-gem, m. The dose is 1 or 2 spoonfulls to be taken in porrage or white wine. The leaves are used in baths with commomill to wash the head: they open all the inward parts, and h. all griefes of the principall parts. to purge the head, take sene pp. unc: 1. ginger drach: sem: 12 cloves, fennell seed drach: 2. or in stead thereof cinnamon and tartar an: drach: sem: powder all together

gether, and take thereof dracht 1. in white wine before supper; or take of sene pp. unc. sem. of raisins of the sun without the stones 60, of annise seeds braied one spoonfull, boile these in a quarr of ale, till one halfe be wasted, let it stand till the morning, then put to the colature, a little ginger; and soure spoonfulls of syrup of roses, shake all together for 2 doses, on severall daies. Rhas. sene and fumitory purge adust humours, and h. scabs, itch, and cachexies. Sene infused in whay, and then a little boiled purgeth melancholy, and cleanseth the braine, heart, liver, milt, and lungs, it causeth a fresh countenance, exhilarates, cleareth the sight, strengtheneth the hearing, and h. old feavers, and diseases c. by melancholy. Bastard Sene. Colutea. K. as the common, scorpion coddred, dwarfe, mountaine, and the smallest bastard sene. T. V. serve only to fatten cattle, especially sheepe. Paracels. The leaves of sene and roses f. q. boiled in whay with a little *benedicta laxativa* taken h. the bitings of a mad dog. Mes. It's hot initio secundi, dry 1°. Serap. It's a little hot and dry. Aver. It's dry 2°. Horst. scr. 1. of the quintessence h. flegme and choler. Park. Serap. the 1 h. in raving diseases, the epilepsie, and palsey. Dur. It h. h. soule ulcers ap. the bastard is stronger. Decoction sene Gereonis, Pharm. Lond. or the Decoction of sene, is a common decoction for any purge, adding appropriate simples or compounds; but it chiefly purgeth melancholy. Also this decoction of Gereon, is well composed and tasted, and so fit to make the basis of a purge in melancholick bodies and diseases. Pulvis sene compositus major, or the powder of sene of the greater composition h. the wind collick and stoppages of the guts and kidneys, drach. 2. being taken in white wine, the weak may take a less, keeping within, it being a purger. Also its good in hypocondriack melancholy and stoppages of urine by wind or gravel, and for the head ach from wines, and singing or tickling in the eares, the D. is scr. 2. or drach: 1. in white wine or sack. Pulvis sene compositus minor or that of the lesser composition, purgeth melancholy

sholy and cleanseth the head; the D. is *drach. 2.* *Diafena vel pulvis sanctus*, or, the holy powder. is not fit for children or the weake, others may take *drach. 1.* or *drach. 1. sem.* with white wine, in the morning, drinking warm posset 2 hours after, & after 6. eating warme mutton, and keeping warm that day. Also it purgeth melancholy chifely, and h. all diseases of the body or mind thence arising: the D. may be *drach. sem.* or *scr. 2.* in white wine with *unc. sem.* of the lenitive electuary, or in hot bodies with *cichory* or *fumitory* water *unc. 3.* and *drach. 6.* of electuary lenitive to *drach. sem.* of the powder & it's not so dangerous as some have thought. *Schrod.* the D. of the extract of *sena* is *scr. 2.* or *drach. 1.* and more *Schrod.* the tincture s. cloff. is given in broth to *chocl. 2.*

Sen-green, see Houseleek.

Sensitive-herbe. *Herba mimosa.*

P. It groweth in the west Indies.

T. It rises with the sun.

N. *Frutex sensibilis. Herba Mollis & delicata Acofia.*

Sensitive-herb. *Johns. T. Acof.* It hath the tast of licorice, and smell also. V. The leaves are eaten by the Indians against the cough, to cleanse the chest, and cleare the voice. It is also thought good against the paines of the kidnies, and to heale green wounds. *Park.* It h. shortnesse of breath, and expectorath flegme. Ap. it c. sleepe, it h. fluxes, tertians, and heat.

Field Senvic, see Mustard.

Serapias stones. *Orchis Serapias.*

P. Their place is as that of the other Orchides.

T. They flourish in May, and June.

N. *Entaticos Thal. Panion. Testiculus leporinus.*

Serapias stones; Ger. *J.* K. as the white, and red handed

handed orchis, marish, fenny, mountain, sweet smelling, gilded, and 1 and 2d frog satyrion. T. V. they are thought to be like the *Satyrion royall*, and to produce the same effects, though not so much used in physick.

Serpents tongue, see Adders-tongue.

Service-tree. *Scorbus.*

P. In woods and groves, in most places.

T. Fl. in March, the fruit is ripe in September.

N. On *x* *Ova.* *Scorbus* sc. the 1. The 2d. *Torminalis.*

Service-tree. Ger. K. as the *forb-tree*, and common service-tree. T. service berries are cold & binding, especially when hard. V. they stop the belly, and are of little grosse and cold nourishment. They h. all manner of fluxes, the bloody flux and vomiting: So *Mac.* being cut and dryed before they are ripe, they serve to stop bleeding. They become soft by laying them in hay or chaffe, *Lugd. Gal.* They are attringent, yet lesse than medlars. *Renod.* They are acerb, and strengthen the body. *Park. K.* as the wild, *Aria Theoph. V.* services serve to stay the bleedings of wounds, & at the mouth or nose, ap, to the forehead and nape of the neck.

Wild Service-tree, see Quicken tree.

Sesamoides, see Bastard woad.

Ser soile, see Tormentil.

Serwall, see Valerian.

Serwall mountaine, see Celtick spicknard.

Setter-wort, see Black-hellebore.

Shadow-grasse, see Wood grasse.

Share-wort, see Starre-wort.

Shave grasse, see Horse-taile.

Sheep killing, see *Colyledon aquatica.*

Shepherds

Shepheards-needle. *Scandix*.

P. In corne fields, especially among wheat.

T. Fl. in May: the seed is ripe in August.

N. *Σκάνδιξ*. Diosc. *Peſſen Veneris*, & *acm. scanaria*.

Shepheards needle. Ger. *J. K.* as the common and small. T. Gal. It's bitter, and somewhat binding, hot and dry fine *secundi*. or *initio tertii*. V. Diosc. its an unwholsome potherb. The decoction h. the bladder, kidneys and liver, as of the chervill also *Schwenckf.* The creeping is more bitter and sharp, hot and dry 30. diuretick purging the reins and bladder. It opens the liver and h. the strangury. Gal. The first h. the obstructions of the bowels. Park. K. as the small and greater of Candy. V. it's styptik, and stoppeth the belly. The seed d. with vineger presently stayeth the hickock, and used in oniments h. burnings. Plin. the root ap. with mallows is magnetick. Bell. It c. venery and conception.

Shepheards-purse. *Bursa pastoris*.

P. Neere high ways, in untilled places, by walls.

T. Fl. flourisheth and seedeth all the summer.

N. *Pera pastoris*. *Thlaspi fatuum* Gesn. *Herba cancri* *Durantis*.

Shepheares-purse. Ger. K. as the common and small. T. are cold. so Bras. and dry. Ruel. and binding; but Lobel and Pæna judge them hot and dry. V. the herb stoppeth bleeding in any part of the body, the juice or decoction being drunk; or ap. in a clyster it h. the bloody flux, healeth green and bleeding wounds, h. inflammation in the beginning, and hot diseases. The decoction stops lasks, spitting of blood and all other fluxes: so Myl. For. lib. 18. Obs. 18. The water hereof with that of purslain and plantain an. unc. 1. the troches of sealed earth and *de carabe an drach. sem.* taken h. vomiting of blood. Park. The juice instilled h. running eares.

Shep-

Shepheards scrip, see Shepheards purse.

Sickle-wort, see Bugle.

Siler mountain, see Bastard lovage,

Silver-bush, *Jovis barba frutex*.

P. It groweth on the hill *Selinus neere Agatha &c.*

T. Fl. in May: the seed is ripe in July.

N. *Jovis arbor*, or *frutex* to distinguish it from *Sedum majus*.

Silver-bush. Park. T. T. It's not yet used in physick untill the virtues thereof be better known. Bauh. it's very pleasant to be planted in gardens, and about walks and allys.

Silver-thistle, see white cotton thistle.

Silver plate, see white satin flower.

Silver-weed, see wild Tansie.

Sick-field, see Cinquefoile.

Skirrets. *Sisarum*.

P. They grow in gardens when planted there.

T. The roots are to be set in March and April.

N. *Σίσυρον*. Sifer. *Servillum*. Sugar-root.

Skirrets Ger. T. the roots are hot and moist, of easie concoction they nourish meanly, and are of indifferent good juice, some thing windie and c. venery: so Dod. V. they are eaten boiled with vineger, salt and a little oile after the manner of a *salad*, or fryed in oile and butter. The juice of the roots d. with goats milk stops the lask. d. with wind it expelleth wind out of the stomach, it h. the gripings of the belly, and hicket, it c. appetite and provoketh urine: so Bauh. *Oribas.* The root is hot 20. a little bitter, and astringent: so Gal. Park. K. as that of Syria. V. it consumeth the stone and gravell.

Skirtwort

Skirtwort, *see* Skirrers.
 Sleep-wort, *see* Lettuce.
 Sloe-tree, *see* Bulleis tree.

Smallage. *Paludarium.*

P. *In moist ground, and salt marshes.*

T. *Fl. with the garden parsley, the seed is ripe in July.*

N. Ελεοσέλιον. *Apium rusticum. Eleoselinon.*

Smallage. *Ger. T.* It's hotter, dryer, and stronger than the garden parsley, and so is seldom eaten. V. the juice cleanseth openeth and attenuateth, it provokes urine, h. longagues c. by cold, and obstructions; also it h. the yellow jaundise and venemous ulcers of the mouth and almonds of the throat; with the decoction of barley and *mel rosarum* or hony of roses added, and the parts washed therewith: it also h. all outward ulcers and foul wounds, with hony it h. exulcerated cankers, and preserveah them from putrefaction. The seed operates as that of the garden parsley; yet it's not so safe, hurting those that are epileptick. *Plin.* It h. the bitings of venemous spiders. The juice mixed with hony and bean flower doth make an excellent *mundificative* for old ulcers and malignant sores, and stoppeth the weeping of hurt sinews in simple members, and bringeth the same to perfect digestion. The leaves boiled in hogs grease and made into the forme of a pel-tis, h. felons and whitlowes in the fingers, and ripen and heale them. *Park.* T. the herb is a little warming: the seed more and h. winde in the stomach. It provokes the courses, cutteth flegme and h. the tertian and quartan agues. The seed kills wormes h. stinking breath. *Unguentum ex apio, Pharm. Lond.* or, the ointment of smallage, is a fine, and very gentle cleanser of wounds, and ulcers. Also it opens obstruction: of the liver and spleen. used to the hypochondries. It provokes urine annointed upon the region of the kidneys and share, Its good against the wind chollick, used to the

the belly, It cleares the stuffing of the lungs, used up-
 on the chest.

Small honesty, *see* Pinks.

Garden Smilax, *see* Kidney-beane.

Snakes-bugloss, *see* Vipers bugloss.

Snake root of Virginea, *see* Birthwort.

Snake-weed. *Bistorta.*

P. *The first groweth in moist places and shadowie woods.*

T. *Fl. in May the seed is ripe in June.*

N. *Colubrina. Britanica. That of Virg. Polyrhizos Virg.*

Snake-weed. *Ger. K.* as the common and small. T. It doth cool and dry 30. V. the juice ap. h. the polypus: d. in wine or water of angelica, it h. the bitings of venemous beasts. The root boiled in wine and d. stoppeth the lask and bloody flux and womens courses; also it h. vomiting and the inflammation of the mouth, and throat being often held in the mouth, fa-steneth the teeth *Recch. That of Mexico.* T. is almost without sapor or odor cold and glutinous. V. The decoction of the root h. the dysentery, asthma, scavers, and pains. Being taken into the nostrils it stops the ha-morrhage. *Park.* K. as the small Alpine, and variable leaved. V. *Drach. 1.* of the root h. all infectious diseases, bleeding ruptures and the jaundise, ap. it h. sores and the gonorrhoea. *That of Virginia.* h. the plagues.

Snap-dragon, *see* Calves snour.

Sneese-wort. *Parmica.*

P. *The first groweth in barren pastures, and the rest in gardens.*

T. *It flowereth in May, June and July.*

N. π[ι]αμυκη. *Sternutamentaria. Draco Sylvestris & Tarcon.*

Sneese-wort. *Ger. K.* as the common double flowered and

and that of *Austrich*. T. they are dry and hot 30. fo *Mac*. V. the juice mixt with vinegar and held in the mouth h. the tooth-ach: the herb chewed and held in the mouth is an *apophlegmatisme*, and worketh like the pellitory of Spaine. *Recch*. K. as that of *India*. T. is hot and dry fere 40. and of subtil parts. V. Taken into the nostrils it h. the headach: ap. it h. quartan agues, its diuretick, ephraetick, hydrotick, and anodyne. Ap. it h. the itch and dropsies. *Park*. K. as the smaller of *Spaine*. V. it operates as scabious.

Snow drops, see Bulbous violet.

Solomons seale. *Polygonatum*.

P. It groweth in woods, in deverse places.

T. It flowreth in May, the fruit is ripe in Sept.

N. πολυδνατον: *Stgillum Salomonis*. *Scalacali*. *Secacul Monardi*.

Solomons seale. Ger. K. as the common, small, sweet smelling, branched, & narrow leaved. T. Gal the roots have a kind of astringtion and biting with all, as also a loathsome bitternesse, sc. those of the other climates. V. Diosc. the roots ap. glutinate wounds and broken bones. The green roots stamped and ap. h. any bruise, or blew spous in one or two nights. Ap. as a pultis they take away the paine of luxations, and inflammations, and knit the joynts. the juice of the same d. in ale or white wine, or the decoction thereof made in wine, h. any inward bruise and dispersth congealed bloud. *Matth*. the water drawn out of the roots scoureth the face from sun burning, freckles and morpew, and such like deformities of the skin *Mac*. and are cosmetick. *Park*. K. as that of *Virginia*, and cluster-like of *America*, with the greater and lesse thorow leaved yellow. V. the roots purge viscid humors. Chewed it's an *apoplegmatisme*: and as an *emrhine* c. sneezing. It h. vomiting, all fluxes, ruptures, and moisture.

Sum

Summer-fools, see Bulbous violets.

Summer-wort, see Birth wort.

Prick-Songwort, see White satinflower.

Sope-wort. *Saponaria*.

P. In gardens, and neer to rivers in sunny places.

T. It flowreth in June and July.

N. Στραβιον *Diosc*. *Fuch*. The first, *Viola agrestis* *Trag*.

Sope-wort. Ger. T. It's hor, dry, and scouring. V. *Johns*. It h. against the French disease, a decoction thereof being thus made: take of fresh sope wort two handfulls, steep them all night in lib. 8. of water, then boile them sufficiently, after which strain the herbes with lib. 1. sem. of the water; of which take in the morning unc. 7. or 8. and edulcerate the rest with raisins or sugar, for a dyet drink: in the summer time, and for cholerick complexions, adde a handfull of sowthistles; and for women, Italian bastard navell-wort, and dropwort an. M. sem. against the whites. Ap. it h. inflammations in green wounds, and quickly healeth them. *Park*. Some use it against the dropsie. *Borel*. The powder of the seed d. once in a month q. drach. 1. h. the epilepsie. *Park*. K. as the common and hollow leaved V. Some use it to heale cuts provoke urine, and to helpe the stone and dropsie.

Sorbe-tree. see Service-tree.

Sorcerers-garlick, see Moly.

Sorell. *Acetosa*.

P. The first, third, and fifth, grow on ditch banks &c. the other in gardens.

T. It fl. and flourisheth with the dock.

N. 'Οξalis. Αναξυς κ' οξυλπαθον *Gal*.

Sorrell. Ger. K. as the common, knobbed, sheeps, round leaved,

leafed, and small. T. they are moderately cold and dry. V. It doth coole and mightily dry, and being soure cutteth rough humors. The juice cooleth an hot stomach, and liver, it openeth the same, and causeth appetite. the leaves are used in the decoctions for agues, the leaves in a good quantity strained into ale, and a posset made thereof, coole and h. the thirst of those that are troubled with pestilent fevers. so Montag. Ficin. Foub. Rud. Querc. Renod. Valler. &c. It h. hot agues, or inward inflammations, the leaves sodden and eaten as meate loosen the belly, and coole the blood exceedingly. the seed d. in red wine stoppeth the laske and bloody flux. Wood sorrell. *Lujula* K. as the white, and yellow. T. are cold and dry like sorrell. V. Stamped and used for green sauce it h. those that have feeble stomach and c. appetite. It h. purrified ulcers of the mouth, quencherh thirst, and mightily cooleth hot pestilent fevers, especially being made with a syrrup of sugar. Mac. the herb tempers choler. Avic. It's cold 10, and dry 20. Park, K. as the great of Germany, tuberous rootel, Candy, Indian, that with swollen huskes, and tall narrow leafed. V. the roots h. the jaundise & stone, the juice h. the itch and scrophulacs.

Sorrel du bois, see Woodsorrel.

Sorrowfull tree. *Arbor tristis*. *

P. In the East Indies, especially in Goa.

T. At the rising of the Sun it seemeth sad.

N. Guart Arab. In Goa it's called *Parizataco*.

Sorrowfull-tree. Ger. T. It's temperature is not certainly known. V. The Indians use the stalkes of the flowers hereof in stead of saffron to colour their meats, or dye yellow with. It is reported, that if a linnen cloth be steeped in the distilled water of the flowers, and the eyes bathed therewith, it h. the itching and paine thereof, and stops the defluxions. The splinters of the wood

re used to make tooth-picks of, and toys for pleasure. Park. Both flowers and fruit doe comfort the heart, and refresh the fainting spirits, being bitter.

Southernwood. *Abrotonum*.

. In open and sunny places, in gardens &c.

. The buttons thereof flourish in Aug.

. Ἀβρότονον. Cathsum Arab. Kesum vel Gaissum.

Southernwood. Ger. K. as the female, male, dwarfe, insavourie, and wild. T. is hot and dry fine tertii. it also both distribute, and rarifie. so Oribas. V. the tops, flowers, and seeds boiled and stampsd with water, and d. h. the orthopnoea, crampes, shrinking of the sinewes, sciatica and dysury, and provoketh the termes. It killth and expelleth wormes. d. with wine it resists poysons, h. the stinging of scorpions, and field spiders; but it hurts the stomach. Stamped and m. with oile it h. cold shiverings c. by agues and heateth the body, being anointed therewith before the fit. Pounded with barley meale and ap. it h. pushes. Ap. as a pultis with the crums of bread, or pulp of a roasted quince, it h. the inflammation of the eyes. The ashes hereof m. with oile of *palma Christi*, of radish, sweet marjorome, or organic h. the alopecia. The fume driveth away serpents, it is said also that being laid under the head it c. venery. the powder of the seed d. in wine h. the dysury, expelleth, wasteth, and digesteth all cold humors, and slimie, that usually stop the spleen, kidnies and bladder. the leaves boiled in water till soft, and stamped with barley maale and barrowes grease, unto the forme of a plaister, dissolve and waste all cold tumors and swellings being applied thereto Schrod. It's incisive, a little astringent, mundifying, greatly discutient, and resisteth putrefaction and poyson. It's diuretick, hystericall, and h. the Kings evill. ap. it roborateth, and doth exiccate the bones. and because the tops thereof beare the signature of haire, it cureth (as the same author affirmeth) the alopecia

alopecia. *Fum.* The juice hereof, with that of rue and wormewood, and the meale of barley and lupines. ap. kills wormes. *Untz.* It h. the plague: so *Mizald.* *Palm.* *Tabern.* *Park.* K. as the tree southernw. small sweet, field, and hoary field South. V. Ap. it drawes out splinters, the ashes dry ulcers. *Durant.* the oile with other ointments h. the French pox, it h. wounds. The water h. the stone, and spleen. *Senn.* the decoction with the capillary herbs, h. the cleaving of the hair, the ends being first anointed with gall.

Sow-bread. *Cyclamen.*

P. In France, Wales, and often in garden.

T. It flowreth in September.

N. Κυκλάμιον ὁ ἰχθυόθνεον. *Orbicularis, Palatia*
Panis porcinus. Rapum terræ.

Sow-bread. *Ger. F.* K. as the round, ivy, spring and white flowered. *T.* It's hot and dry 30. V. The powder of the root d. with meade the q. of drac. i. sem. purgeth flegme, and other sharp humors, and h. against poyson, and the bitings of venomous beasts, so ap. The powder also taken as aforesaid h. the jaundise, and oppilations of the liver. The juice of the leaues m^d with hony and put into the eies taketh amay the web, pearle, and all impediments of the sight. the leaues put into the matrix c. easie delivery of women in travell. the juice ap. with wool openeth the hemorrhoides: it's mixed with medicines that wast knots, the Kings evill, and other hard swellings. it purgeth the head by the nostrills, and the belly being anointed therewith. so *Heurn.* Used as a pessary it destroyeth the fætus. It scoureth the skin, h. sunburning, and all blemishes of the face, markes c. by the small pox, the pilling of the haire, and intoxication being d. in wine the decoction serveth as a good bath for members out of joynt, the gout and kibed heeles; so also the root roasted in the embers, being filled with oile, and stopped with wax. Being stamped and made

up into trochisekes and taken, it is reported to cause mity and love. H. It's thought to be dangerous for women with child to meddle with it. *Park.* K. as the purple. fl. of the spring, summer, *Romane* of the autumn, and double fl. of *Antioch.* *Forest.* As an errhine it h. the laucoma. *Park.* *Matth.* *Unc.* 6. of the distilled water d. open veines and hard spleens and the collick, the vice with hony h. sore mouths. *Fallop.* Ap. with the ose cerot, it loosens the belly. *Pem.* It h. cold diseases of the braine and nerves. The water h. bleeding. *70.* the antidote is the powder of bay berries, white pepper and rue. *Plin.* The roots h. the venome of serpents. *Unguent. de Artamita, P. L.* or the ointment of Sowbread, sed to the stomack cause vomiting, and purgeth if upon the belly, so h. dropisie, it chiefly purging water. Also it's good for such as through nicenesse or weaknesse are not able to take purges by the mouth. much h. the dropisie anointed upon the belly below the navill; it mightily purging but the wheyish excrement that causeth it, and it kills wormes, and drives them forth: If you would cause vomiting thereby appoint it from the navill upwards, to the pit of the stomack. A plaister of the root of Sowbread, hogs lard, and sulphur, h. the Atheromata. so *Senn.*

Sowd-wort. see Columbine.

Sow-thistle. *Sonchus.*

The three first grow in meadows and pastures; the tree *S.* in fields.

Fl. in June, July, August, and later.

Σόγχα. *Cicerbita, Lactuca leporina. Lactucella.*

Sow-thistle. *Ger. F.* K. as the prickly, & more prickly, broad leaved, wall, narrow leaved blew flowered, the tree, and wood saw-thistle, with the bares lettuce. *T. Gal.* the thistles are of a mixt temperature, consisting of a watery and earthy substance, cold, and likewise binding.

alopecia. *Fum.* The juice hereof, with that of rue and wormewood, and the meale of barley and lupines. ap. kills wormes. *Untz.* It h. the plague: so *Mizald.* *Palm.* *Tabern.* *Park.* K. as the tree southernw. small sweet, field, and hoary field South. V. Ap. it drawes out splinters, the ashes dry ulcers. *Durant.* the oile with other ointments h. the French pox, it h. wounds. The water h. the stone, and spleen. *Senn.* the decoction with the capillary herbs, h. the cleaving of the hair, the ends being first anointed with gall.

Sow-bread. *Cyclamen.*

P. In France, Wales, and often in garden.

T. It flowreth in September.

N. *Κυκλάμιον* ἢ *ἰχθυόθνεον*. *Orbicularis*, *Palatia*.
Panis porcinus. *Rapum terra.*

Sow-bread. *Ger.* *J.* K. as the round, ivy. spring and white flowred. *T.* It's hot and dry 30. V. The powder of the root d. with meade the q. of drac. i. sem. purgeth flegme, and other sharp humors, and h. against poyson, and the bitings of venomous beasts, so ap. The powder also taken as aforesaid h. the jaundise, and oppilation of the liver. The juice of the leaues m^d with hony and put into the eies taketh amay the web, pearle, and all impediments of the sight. the leaues put into the matrix c. easie delivery of women in travell. the juice ap. with wool openeth the hemorrhoides: it's mixed with medicines that wast knors, the Kings evill, and other hard swellings. it purgeth the head by the nostrills, and the belly being anointed therewith. so *Heurn.* Used as a pessary it destroyeth the *fœtus*. It scoureth the skin, h. sunburning, and all blemishes of the face, markes c. by the small pox, the pilling of the haire, and intoxication being d. in wine the decoction serveth as a good bath for members out of joynt, the gout and kided heeles; so also the root roasted in the embers, being filled with oile, and stopped with wax. Being stamped and made

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Sowd-wort. see Columbine.

Sow-thistle. *Sonchus.*

The three first grow in meadows and pastures; the tree *S.* in fields.

Fl. in June, July, August, and later.

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Sow-thistle. *Ger.* *J.* K. as the prickly, & more prickly, broad leaved, wall, narrow leaved blew flowred, the tree, and wood sow-thistle, with the hares lettuce. *T. Gal.* the thistles are of a mixt temperature, consisting of a watery and earthy substance, cold, and likewise binding.

ing. V. Being young they are eaten as other pot-herbs; ap. they h. all inflammations and hot swellings. Taken in broth they h. gnawings of the stomach c. by heat, boiled in broth they c. milke in nurses, and a good colour in children. the juice tempereth the heat of the fundament and privy parts. Park. K. as the smooth &c: V. d. in wine they h. the dissolutions of the stomach. the wild d. h. shortwindedness. Plin. It h. the stone. Three spoonfulls of the juice d. in warme white wine with oile h. delivery, and the strangury. the juice h. all heat in the skin, secrets, and piles: ap. it clearerh the skin. the hairy are more like hawkweed, and so to be applied.

Sparrow-tongue, see Knot-grasse, and Toad-flax.

Spatling poppy. *Papaver spameum*.

P. It groweth almost every where.

T. Fl. from May to the end of August.

N. Μήκων α'ρρώδης. *Ocymastrum alcerum*. *Polemonium*.

Spatling poppy. Ger. T. It's dry 20. V. the root d. in wine h. the bloody flux, the leaves and fl. pounded and ap. h. the stingings of venomous beasts. The decoction of the root made in water and d. provokes urine, h. the strangury, sciatica, and paines about the neck. Diosc. acetab. 1. of the seed taken in honyed water c. vomit. Matth. It purgeth flegme. Park. It's especially good for those that are troubled with the falling sicknesse: so Casalp. Plin. and Bauhinus. See Opium in Poppy.

Speare-chank, see Hawk weed.

Speare crowfoot, see Speare wort.

Speare for a King, see Kings-speare.

Speare-

Spearewort. *Flamula*.

P. In dankish places almost every where.

T. Fl. in May with the crowfoot.

N. *Flamula aquat*. *Ranunculus flammeus*.

Spearewort Ger. K. as the great, lesser, jagged, and marish. T. It is in faculty like the crowfoot biting, and exulcerating. V. it raiseth blisters, & being inwardly taken killeth remediless. See crowfoot. Dorst. Its hot & dry 30. V. it opens impostumes. The oyle of roses d. with it, it h. quartane agues and paines of the reins, and ap. h. the palfic. Paracels. It h. fixed ulcers, drawing out superfluous moisture. De. Dond. Taken it h. quartane agues. Mac. It's hot 40. So Dod. and dry 40. with sharpness Park. It may be referred to the crow-foot.

Speedweell, see Fluellin.

Sperage. *Asparagus*.

P. It groweth in gardens and meadows.

T. Fl. in June and July, the fr. is ripe in September.

N. Ἀσπαργός & ὀσπύριον. *Corruda*. Hal'ion Arab.

Sperage. Ger. K. as the garden, stone, wild prickly, and wild thorny, with the sperage thistle. Drypis. T. the roots of the garden and wild sperage cleanse without manifest heat or drynesse. V. the first sprouts that spring up in April, are often sodden in flesh broth and eaten, or boiled in faire water, and seasoned with oile, vinegar, salt, and pepper, and served up as a sallad: they are pleasant to the tast, easily concocted and gently loose the belly. They somewhat provoke urine, h. the kidneys and bladder, they are of little and moist nourishment; yet not bad, they are thought to increase sperm, and c. venery. Senn. They are detersive, and open the obstructions of the intrails Amat: Luf. Cent. 2. Cur. 3. in schol: being much eaten they generate choler.

S

Scholiz

Scholtz. Conf. 182. The sprouts cleanse the blood: Renod. And h. the suffusion of choler. Park. It h. the jaundise, and the bitings of Serpens d. in wine, also loose arteries, and the sciatica. The roots h. the epilepsie: the baths h. all paines of the lower parts.

Spider-wort. *Phalangium*.

P. The 1, 2, 3, and 5th. grow in gardens, yet rarely.
T. The 1, 2, 4, and 5th. fl. in June: the 3d. about Aug.
N. *Φαλαγγιον* Diosc. *φαλαγγίτης*. *Phalangites*.

Spider-wor. Ger. K. as the branched, unbranched, Candy, and true spider-wort of the Ancients, with *Tradescans Virginian* Sp. T. Gal. It is dry with tenuity of parts. V. Diosc. the leaves, seed and flowers, or any of them d. in wine h. the bitings of venomous beasts. The roots tunned up in new ale and d. for a month expell poyson though it be univerally spread through the body: so Park. K. as the Savoy Schwenf. d. it h. the paines of the belly.

Spignell. *Meum*.

P. In Westmorland: the bastard Mewe, in Italy.
T. Fl. in June and July: and seedeth in August.
N. *Μῆον ἢ μῆον*. *Anetum tortuosum*. *Imperatrix*.

Spignell. Ger. J. K. as the common and Italian or bastard. T. these especially the roots of the right meon, are hot 30. and dry 20. V. the roots boiled in water and d. mightily open the kidneys and bladder, provoke urine, and venery, h. the strangury and consume all windiness of the stomach. So Renod. The same taken with hony h. the grief of the belly, and all catarrhes, rheumes, aches of the joynts, and expell flegme which falls upon the lungs. Ap. as a plaister it c. a free evacuation of urine, expell the stone and bring down the flowers: but if too much taken they c. headach, for having more heat

heat than dryness they carry to the head raw moisture, and windy heat. Hort. San. It h. the paines of the matrix. Plat. The decoction opens the spleen and liver. The powder d. in wine h. the tenesmus. Park. K. as the preservative of Candy, and mountaine of Germany. V. the roots boiled & d. h. all joynt-aches, so Baub. &c.

Water spike, see Pond-weed.

Spikenard. *Nardus*. *

P. In France, Italy, India, &c.
T. The leaves wither in September.
N. *Ναρδός* *αχως ἢ νάρδος*. *Nardus Celtica*.

Spikenard. Ger. K. as the Celtick, mountain, Indian, and French, with the urinewort, *Hirculus*. T. Celtick nard is diureticall. V. the decoction d. h. the ischury. The Indian nard, T. Gal. is hot 10. and dry 20. it's composed of a sufficiently astringent substance, and not much acride heate, and a certain light bitterness. V. it h. the liver and stomach, provoketh urine and h. the gripings of the stomach, and dries up the defluxions that trouble the breast, belly and intrails. It stops fluxes of the belly, and of the womb used as a pessary, and in a bath h. the inflammation thereof. d. in cold water it h. the nauousness, gnawings, and windiness of the stomach, the liver & diseases of the kidneys, and is much used in antidotes. It c. haire to grow. So Turn. and stued on any part of the body dryeth up the moisture thereof: so the Celtick nard, but is lesse effectually, and the mountain nard inferior to both, and nor used. Turn. It's hot and dry 20. Gal. All the sorts but especially the Celtick h. the stone, loathing of meat, gnawings of the stomach, those that are liver-grown, and have the yellow jaundise. It dryeth humours. The oile h. cold griefs, Park. K. as the Italian, knobbed mountain valerian, and long tuberous. V. H. it hurts women with child. The water h. cold paines of the head and sudden passions of the heart, the bastard is of little efficacy.

efficacy. The French h. nodes. *Oleum nardinum*, Pharm. Lond. or the oile of nard, heats, attenuates and digests, and moderately binds; so helps all cold and windy affections of the brain, stomach, reins, spleen, liver, bladder and womb. Snuffed up into the nose it purgeth the head and cause a good colour and smell to the body. The simple nard oyle, heats, digests, strengthens and resists all cold and windy diseases throughout the body. Also anointed it caueth a good colour and fragrant smell. It h. all old and cold diseases of the brain stomach, liver, spleen and womb, anointed on the region of those parts; so h. tremblings, palsies, apoplexies, forgetfulness, sleepey diseases, indigestion of meat and vomiting, prevents cachexies, dropsies, rickets obstructions of the liver and spleen, barrenness and abortion; and for its virtues, it's called *O. eum benedictum*; anointed upon the back-bone it strengthens the limbs and whole body; but the compound is more effectual. The Chymicall oile of spike, h. the running of the reins, they being anointed with it: it expels the worms, two drops thereof being taken in wine; the back being anointed with it, it helps the palsey.

Spinach. *Spinachia*.

P. It's sown in gardens and fertile ground.
T. It may be sown almost at any time.

N. Σπινάχιον *Spinachium olus*. *Scutellolapathum* Gesn.

Spinach. Ger T. It is cold and moist fere 2°. it's watery and almost insipid, and therefore quickly looseth the belly. V. it is eaten boiled but it yeildeth little nourishment, it's something windy, and easily c. vomit, it's used in sallads when young, and serveth among peevish herbs. Lonic. d. in wine it h. the stings of scorpions, it h. the asperity of the arterie, and dry cough. The distilled water h. the inward griefs of the body and c. milk. A cataplasme thereof ap. h. hot stomachs. Mat. the herb is ecoprotick. Bauh. the water h. the rawings of the stomach: ap. it h. inflammations & paines.

Spindle.

Spindle-tree, see Prick wood.

Spleen-tree. *Arbor Gehuph*. *

P. It groweth in Sumatra, called *Taphrobana*.

T. The time is not observed.

N. It's called in the Indies, Cobban.

Spleen-tree. Park. T. the kernell is bitter. V. the fruit quencherh thirst: but the bitter kernell h. the diseases of the liver and spleen, the oyle thereof being taken for 8 daies together: so ap. to the back bone, sides, and belly: also it h. joynt aches, gouts, &c. the gum dissolved with a little oile and spread plaisterwise, ap. h. the grieved places: therefore the inhabitants plant it neer them, to have the benefit thereof nigh at hand. so *Bauhinus*.

Spleen wort, see Milt wast.

Spoon-wort, see Scurvy-grasse.

Spurge. *Tithymalus*.

P. The first groweth by the sea the 2d. almost every where.

T. Fl. from June to the end of July.

N. Τιθυμάλω. *Latharia*. That of the garden *Lathyrus*, the lesser *Pityusa*, and *Esula* offic.

Spurge. Ger. J. K. as the sea, sunne, broad leaved myrtle, and narrow leaved, cypresse, pine, tree myrtle, sweet wood, unavorie narrow leaved wood, and cut leaved, broad leaved, great tree, quack salvers turbith, small *Esula*, Venetian sea, dwarf *Esula*, garden, petty, hyssope, spurge tyme, knobbed, and long knotty rooted spurge. T. All the kinds of tithymales are hot and dry fere 4°. biring and consuming, that of the sea is the strongest, 1. the milk and sap then the fruit lastly the root: the first taken dorth exceedingly inflame. V. the juice of that which is common openeth the belly, and c. vomit, and evacuateth flegme and choler; so the seed and root and h. the dropsie. The juice m. with hony is a *psilothron*, the milk carefully put in, h. the pain of hollow teeth, also it h.

the roughness of the skinn, manginess, leproie, scurfe, running scabs, and the white scurfe of the head, it h. warts, hot swellings, carbuncles, and the hard callousness of fistula's. It killeth fish being mixed with any thing that they will eate. It is with much caution to be taken into the body. *Heath-spurge*. K. as the 1, 2, and 3d *Sanamunda Culf*. T. are very hot: and the 2 first strongly purge, *drach.* 1. being d. with the decoction of cicers, and evacuate flegme, choler and watric humors. *Hart*. The extract of the root of the lesser spurge is cathartick. *Schrod*. it h. the dropsie, the D. is scr. 1. to drach. 1. the preparation of the bark, see in the *London dispensatory*, sc. by steeping them three days in vinegar and drying them. *Senn*. the antidote is sealed earth, gum Ar. and fat broth. *Mac*. and boile Arm: *Jo*. and oile of dill with warme water. *Park*. K. as that of the garden, &c. V. operates as *palma Christi*; so the wood spurge, &c. *Pilula de Esula*, *Fernel*. *Pharm. Lond*: or *Fernelius's pills of spurge*, purge out hydroptick waters; worke churlishly, and are fit onely for strong bodies of labouring persons: the D. is scr. 2.

Spurge-flax, see Mountaine Widdow wale.

Spurge olive, see Widdow-waile.

Germane olive spurge, see Mezerion-tree.

Spurge-wort, see Gladdon stinking.

Squill, see Sea onion.

Squinanth, see Camels-hay.

Staffe-tree. *Celastrum Th.* *

P. It groweth at Leiden, in the publick garden: the natural place is not known.

T. The buds of the fl. in October.

N. *Κύλαστρον* Theoph. ἡ κύλαστρον.

Staffe-tree. *Park*. T. V. *Theophrastus* recounteth all the properties hereof, whereunto it is put, and that (saith he) is to make staves for old men no other having made triall of any other faculty it is endued withall.

Stagger

Stagger wort, or Stanner wort, see Rag wort.

Stander grasse, see Doggs cullions.

Standel welkes, see Satyrion.

Stan march, see Alisander.

Starch-wort, see Wake Robin.

Starre of Bethlem. *Ornithogalum*.

P. In gardens and open places, &c.

T. Fl. from Aprill to the end of May.

N. *Ορνιθόγαλον*. The white Bulbus *Leucantemys minor* *Dod. Phyt. Brit.*]

Starre of Bethlem. *Ger. J.* K. as the common, yellow, that of Hungary, the lesser Spanish, dwarf yellow, the one leaved, great, Arabick spike fashioned, and the Neapolitan starre-flower. T. they are temperate in heate and drynesse, V. the vertues of most of them are unknown. *Trag*: The root roasted in hot embers, ap. with hony as a pultis h. phagedens, and discusseth hard tumors. *Diosc*: the roots serve for meat: so *Park*: K. as the great white, and green.

Starres of Jerusalem, see Josephs-flower.

Starre wort *Aster aticus*.

P. On mountaines, in woods and meadowes.

T. Fl. from July to the end of August.

N. *Ἀστὴρ ἄστικος*. *Bubonium*. *Inguinalis*. *Asterion Hypophthalmion*.

Starrewort, *Ger. J.* K. as the common Italian mountaine, hairy, fleabane, creeping, scabious leaved, willow leaved, fallow leaved, narrow leaved, and dwarf daisie leaved St: T. it doth moderately cool and dry. *Gal*: It doth moderately waist, while it is fresh. V. The leaves stamped and ap: unto botches, impostumes and venerious humors do mightily maturate and suppurate them. It h. the inflammation of the fundament, and falling down thereof. The flowers h. the squinancy, and epilepsie in children, Sea starrewort: K. as the great, and small

S 4

Starw:

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Starw. or Tripolium. T. Is hot 3°. V. *Drach.* 2. of the root taken in wine purge out waterish and grosse humours. It h. the dropie & resisteth poyson, and cureth wounds both inward and outward. *Park.* The first h. the birings of mad dogs, the green herb being beaten with old axungia, and ap. as also swollen throats, and botches. *Cami Diosc.* It h. the heat of the stomach. *Crateu.* with old hogs grease it h. the birings of mad dogs: and burned driveth away serpents. *Park.* R. as the yellow, yellow creeping of *Virgian*, fleabane-like of *Africa*, great blew mountain, and French purple. V. It h. a hot stomach, and the inflammations of the eyes. *Burnt.* it expels Serpents. *Plin.* It h. pains in the hips.

Staves-acre. *Staphis agria.* *

P. It is not easily preserved in cold countries.

T. It fl. in June; the seed is ripe in the 2d. yeare.

N. *Σταφίς ἀγρία.* *Herba pedicularis.* *Peduncularia Pisitaria.*

Staves-acre. Ger. T. the seeds are hot fere 40. and of a biting quality. V. 15. seeds taken with meade cause vomiting of grosse flegme, and slimy matter with violence. The seed m. with oyle or grease killeth lice, and h. the itch and mangineste. Boiled in vinegar, and held in the mouth it h. the toothach. Being chewed it's an *apophlegmatisme*, especially a little of the root of pellitory of Spaine being added thereto. m. with vinegar it killeth lice. H. It is hurtfull and dangerous taken inwardly. *Weck.* It h. the rheumatisme of the gumms, and with hony the running ulcers of the mouth. *Park.* The electuary thereof, they being boiled with water and sugar, powder of anise seeds, and cinnamon being added, and *drach.* 1. taken c. the coughes, &c. The seed kills mice.

Sted. salt, see Palma Christi.

Strickedove, see French lavender.

Stricke-pile, see Storkes-bill.

Stitch

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Stich-wort. *Gramen Leucanthemum.*

P. In the borders of fields, almost every where.

T. Fl. all the summer: especially in May and June.

N. *Ολόςσιν* *Diosc.* *Ruell.* *Euphrasia major* *Lonic.*

Stich wort. Ger. T. *Gal.* the seed sharp and biting, and very like to Mill. V. d. in wine with the powder of acornes it h. pains in the sides, and stiches, &c. *Diosc.* affirmeth that being often d. it h. women to the generation of males, if after purgation and before conception, shee drink it thrice in a day fasting, *drach.* sem. at a time in unc. 3. of water certain days together. *Park.* The juice dropped in h. the dimness of the eyes, and films thereof.

Stob-wort, see Wood sorrel.

Stone-breake, see Saxifrage.

Stone crop. *Vermicularis.*

P. In stony places and dry, almost every where.

T. It fl. in the summer moneths.

N. *Illecebra.* *Sempervivum tertium* *Diesc.*

Stone-crop. Ger: T. Is sharp and very hot: ap. it c. blisters, and exulcerateth. V. Ap. it h. hard swellings, and the Kings evill. The juice d. with vinegar or other liquor c. vomit, and brings up phlegmatick and chole-rick humours: and so h. agues, and resists poyson inwardly taken. *Park.* R. as that with turning heads and without the small and marsh. with the wall pepper. V. the last. ap: h. the piles. The rest are like the other greater house leeks, cooling and somewhat astringent, and h. fluxes, distillations, bleedings, eruptions of the skin, and ulcers &c.

Stone hore, see Stone pepper, or Stone crop.

Stonnard and Ston-chore, see Stonecrop.

S 5

Storax-

Storax-tree. *Styrax arbor.* *

P. In France, Italy, Spaine and Judaa, &c.

T. It fl. in May: the fr. is ripe in September.

N. Στράξι. The gumme, *Gummi storax & calamita.*

Storax. **Ger.** T. The gumme is heating, mollifying and concocting. **V.** it h. the cough, the falling down of humours into the chest, and hoarsnesse of the voice: it also h. the noise of the eares, the Kings evill, nodes, and hard swellings c. by cold, also against all poysons that are cold, as hemlock, &c. hereof are made sweet waters pomanders, and perfumes &c. **Isid.** The fumosity thereof purgeth the aire, and dryveth away all pestilentiall vapours. **Barth. Ang.** it h. rheumes: the plaster thereof fasteneth the teeth. **Park.** It's hot 2^o dry 1^o. it c. menles, h. hardness of the mother, and looeth the belly. **Plin.** it exhilarates. **Ap.** it h. cold aches. the sume thereof with white frankincense h. those that have catarhes, rheumes, and defluxions. *Pilula è Styrace, Pharm. Lond.* or the pills of *Styrax*, h. defluxions of rheum, coughs, and sleeping then, the **D.** is *scr sem.* if the body be weak, and a little more if strong. **Schreb.** the oile of *storax calamita*, hath the virtue of *styrax*, but is more efficacious, one drop, put into the eares, h. the hissing thereof.

Storkes bill, see Cranes-bill.

Strangle tare or weed, see Orbancke.

S tarch word see Wake Robin.

Strawberries. *Fragaria.*

P. On hills and vallies, in woods and shadowie places;
T. They flourish in the spring, the berries are ripe in July.
N. Κόμπος. The fruit or berries are called *Fraga.*

Fragaria. **Ger.** K. as the red, white, and barren **St. T.** the leaves and root coole and dry, with astringion: but the berries are cold and moist. **V.** the leaves boiled and ap. as a pultis, h. the heat of wounds: the decoction thereof strengtheneth the gums, fasteneth the teeth, h. the

the inflammation of the mouth and throat: they stay also the bloody flux, and all other issues of blood. The berries quench thirst and h. the inflammations of the stomach: they are of little, thin and waterish nourishment, and bad, if they putrifie in the stomach. the distilled water d. with white wine, h. the passion of the heart, revives the spirits and exhilarates: also it scourerh the face; taketh away spots, smoootherh the skin: and d. h. the stone in the kidneys. the leaves are good in lotions for the mouth and privy parts. the ripe strawberries quench the thirst, cool the heate of the stomach and inflammation of the liver, and being often used h. the rednesse and heat of the face. *Strawberry-tree, Arbutus.* **T.** the fruit is cold, hurteth the stomach, and c. the headach: therefore it is not wholesome, though eaten by the poorer sort. *Strawberry bay. Johns.* **T.** the fruit is temperate, *Adrachne Theoph. Park.* *Strawberrie tree.* **T.** the berries are somewhat astringent. **V.** they stop fluxes. *Amat. Luf.* The water distilled from the leaves and flowers hereof, is powerfull against the plague and poysons. the leaves and roots of strawberries decoct and d. h. the heat of the reins, and swellings of the spleen, the water h. the jaundise. *Tinctura fragorum, Pharm. Lond.* or the Tincture of Strawberries, is cooling and pleasant to the eyes. Also it allaieth the boiling heat of the blood, represserh vapours ascending to the brain, strengthens the liver, and h. those that sleep unquietly: the **D.** is *cachl.* 1. or 2. by it self, or *unc.* 1. or 2. in altering juleps.

Streaked grasse, see Lady lace grasse.

Stubwort, or Scabwort, see Wood sorrell.

Succory, see Endive.

Suckles, see Hony suckles.

Sugar roots, or Skirtwort, see Skirret.

Sulphur wort, see Hoggs fennel.

Sumach.

Sumach. *Rhus*.

P. In stony places, in Spaine, and Italy &c.

T. Fl. in July: the seed and berries are ripe in Autumne.

N. *Πούρ' η' ρόος*. Fluida Gaza. the leaves *Rhoe*. The seed is called *Eruthros*.

Sumach. Ger. K. as the corriers, and wild Sumach. T. the fruit, leaves and seed do very much binde: Gal. they are dry 30, and cold 20. V. the leaves boiled in wine and d. stop the laske, and all issues of bloud: so the seeds eaten in saucés. The decoction of the leaves, maketh haire black; the decoction h. the dysentery, so also the fume taken. the leaves made into a plaster with hony and vineger, h. gangrenes, and the pterygia. the dry leaves sodden in water, till the decoction be as thick as hony, yield an oilnesse which performeth all the effects of *Lycium*. the seeds strewed upon meate h. those that have the collick or dysentery: being pounded and m. with hony, and the powder of oake coales, they h. the hæmorrhoides. Diosc. the gum ap. h. the tooth ach. Red Sumach, *Cotinus Coriarius*. with the Venice Sumach or coggryia. T. the leaves and tender branches with the scetes very much binde, coole, and dry as the rest. V. the leaves of the last serve corriers. the root of the last *cotinus*, serveth to dye red with. Park. Myrtle leaved Sumach. V. is used to thicken leather, and to stay fluxes. the Virginian. T. V. serveth only for ornament. the first h. vomiting, the juice of the leaves h. running eares. the seeds ap. h. hot impostumes, bruises, gallings, ruptures, and defluxions. That of Venice is weaker. Unguentum sumach, Pharm. Lond. or, the Ointment of sumach, is excellent to bind and dry, used to the stomack it stops vomiting and loosenesse, if to the belly. It h. the falling out of the fundament, and womb, anointed therewith. Also anointed upon the region of the womb, it stops the courses, and hinders defluxions from the head, anointed upon the suture, forehead, and temples, and h. the toothach so used: and its good for ruptures.

Sundew

Sundew. *Ros solis*

P. In desert, sandy, sunny, and marsh places.

T. Fl. in May, and June, it's to be gathered in dry weather.

N. *Rorella*. *Rosa solis*. *Salsi rosa*. *Sponsa solis*.

Sundew. Ger. K. as that with round and long leaves. T. It's hot and dry 40. caustick, and very biting. V. the leaves stamped with salt doe exulcerate and raise blisters. the distilled water is thought to h. consumptions by some; but the contrary is found true by experience, being of a biting quality. Cattle of the female kinds by eating hereof are provoked to lust. It strengtheneth and nourisheth the body, being distilled with wine, and the liquor called *rosa solis*. It's made effectually for these purposes the leaves being put into the spirit of wine, adding there to cinnamon, cloves, mace, ginger, nutmeg, sugar and a few graines of muske, being stoppt in a glasse, then set in the sun for 10 dayes, and afterwards strained and kept for use. the distilled water hereof is drawn forth with a glasse still, it's of a glittering yellow colour like gold, and coloureth silver put therein like gold. Schrod. Some commend it as good against the plague, and wounds, as also the epilepsie. Ap. it provoketh the birch, and h. the tooth ach and agues. Park. T. it's sharpe in taste and quick; yet a little acid, drying and binding. V. It's thought good to h. those that are troubled with salt rheume distilling on the lungs, sc. the distilled water, and h. all other diseases therof, as the ptytick, asthma, cough, wheezing, fainting, and ulcers. *Rosa solis*, Pharm. Lond. or the compound water of sundew, dryeth, bindeth, h. the lungs, phthisicks, and consumptions; and the herb provokes lust exceedingly.

Sunflower. *Flos solis*.

P. In Peru naturally, and here in gardens.

T. It's to be sown in April, in a hot place.

N. *Corona solis*. *Sol Indianus*. *Chrysanthemum Peruv*.

Sunflower. Ger. K. as the greater, and lesser Sunfl. T. they

they are thought to be hot and dry. V. the buds before they are flowred boiled and eaten with butter, vineger and pepper, as artichockes, are very pleasant meat, and venerious; so also the buds with the uppermost stalkes, boiled upon a gridiron, and aser eaten with oile, vineger and pepper. Recch. the seeds much eaten c. the head ach, yet they h. the breast, and the heat thereof being pounded, and baked they serve in stead of corne to make bread with.

Swallow-wort. *Asclepias.*

P. It groweth in gardens being planted ther.

T. Fl. in June, the down appeares in Autumne.

N. Ἀσκληπιάς καὶ κισσίου. Vincetoxicum. Hederaceae. Ruell. Hirundinaria.

Swallow wort. Ger. K. as the white and black. T. the roots are hot and dry and alexipharmick. V. Casp. the roots boiled in wine and d. h. the tormina, the sting of serpents and deadly poyson. the leaves boiled and ap. as a pultis h. the sores of the paps and matrix. Indian swallow-wort. vincetoxicum indicum. T. Alpin. the milke juice is very hot and purging. V. the leaves ap. h. tumors, and take haire from the skin. Johnf. the leaves boiled and ap. as a pultis h. hard swellings and paines c. by cold. the silke serverh for many known uses. Turner. bringeth down the flowers, and h. the bitings of a mad dogge, wounds and ruptures: and the root d. in wine h. the drop sic. Park. d. in wine daily it h. the plague. Drach. 1. of the root d. in buglosse water h. the passions of the heart. With citron seeds decoct in white wine it h. the jaundise, cough, and all diseases of the chest, epilepsie, and melancholy, with other things.

Sweth, see Leeks.

Swine carle, see Knotgrasse.

Swichen, see Groundswell.

Swines grassie, see Knot grasse.

Sycamore tree. *Sycomorus.*

P. In Egypt, in Caria and Rhodes &c.

T. It bringeth forth fruit 3 or 4 times in the yeare.

N. Συκῆμος. Morosycus Celsi. Ficus Pharaonis & Egyptia.

Sycamore tree. Ger. T. the fruit is somewhat sweet, moist after a sort, and cold as mulberries. V. Diosc. It's good for the belly; but atrophick and troublesome to the stomach. the liquor that issueth out of the tree in the spring, being taken with a sponge, dried, and made into cakes mollifyeth, closeth wounds, and dissolveth grosse humors. Being taken and ap. it h. the bitings of serpents, the hardnesse of the spleen and paine of the stomach c. by cold: this liquor doth quickly putrify. Recch. the stone Sycamore of Mexico. T. the leaves are cold and moist. V. the root decoct and d. h. the tongue in severs. Unc. 3. being boiled in lib. 3. of water and d. it purgeth Hegme and choler. the milke thereof h. old ulcers. Park. the fruit of the first ap. plaister-wise closeth wounds: the milke h. the plague and head ach.

T.

Tabacco of Peru. *Nicotiana Peruviana.*

P. In America, and now in Europe.

T. It must be sown in the most fruitfull ground, in Aprill.

N. Petum. Sacra & sancta Herba. Tabacum Monardis.

Tabacco of Peru. Ger. J. K. as the common, the dwarfe, and that of Trinidada. T. Monard. It's hot and dry 20, discussing, resolving, cleansing with some small astringion, stupifying, purging and resisting poyson. V. the leaves h. the megrim, a cold stomach, and the paines in the kidnies. It h. the fits of the mother, and the gout being roasted in hot embers and ap. it h. the tooth-ach the gums being rubbed with a linnen cloth dipped in the juice and the leaves ap. the Syrrup of the juice expelleth wormes; so the leaf ap. to the

the navell. The juice cleanseth old rotten ulcers and digesteth the same. It h. scabs and wounds in strong bodies *Unc. 4.* of the juice d. purge upwards, and downwards, c. sleep, and h. the drop sic. The *distilled water of the leaves* d. before the fit h. agues. The *oile* thereof h. merigalls, and kided heeles, &c. It h. poyson, the juice being d. and ap. the *fume* taken h. the paines of the head, rheumes, aches in any part of the body, and palliates the French disease. It h. the grieve in the breast and lungs, cold, and hoarsenesse. It h. where there is want of food or rest. The *juice or distilled water of the first kind*, h. catarrhes, vertigo's rheumes falling down to the cits, and the megrim or hemicrania; ap. to the temples it cleares the sight, and h. the web thereof ap. blood warme. The *juice or oile* dropped into the eares h. deafnesse: a cloth dipped in the same and ap. h. the lentils, rednesse, and spots of the face. It's used against the cough and asthma, it h. swooning, the collick, and windinesse, as also the drop sic, wormes, piles and sciatica. the *herb* boiled with oile, wax, rosin and turpentine, or the *extraction* thereof with salt, oile, balsame, the *distilled water* &c. h. tumors, apostumes, old ulcers, botches, scabs, stinging with nettles, carbuncles, poison of arrowes, and wounds; also burnings and scaldings of any kind, being boiled with hogs grease into the forme of an ointment, adding a little of the juice of the thorn apple leaves, and ap. Hereof may be made a *balme* to cure deep wounds and punctures, bringing up flesh, and glewing wounds, and is thus made: take oile of *S. Johns wort* an. one pint, the leaves of tobacco stamped small *lib. 2.* boile them to the consumption of the juice, strain it and boile the colature again, adding thereunto of Venice turpentine *unc. 2.* of *ibanum* and mastick an. *unc. sem.* in fine powder, it may be made into an ointment, or salve by adding wax or rosin, and then is excellent for virulent ulcers, wounds and punctures: or take the leaves of tobacco *lib. 2.* hoggs grease *lib. 1.* stamp the herb and put thereto a cup full of red or claret wine, in the morning boile it gently (continually

continually stirring it) to the consumption of the wine: straine it and set it to the fire againe, putting unto it of the juice of the herbe *lib. 1.* of Venice turpentine *unc. 4.* boile them to the consumption of the juice, then adde of the fine powder of round *aristolochia* or birchwort *unc. 2.* max *q. s.* and keep it for use against filthy blcers of the leggs &c. *Unguentum è nicotiana, seu epto, Pharm. Lond.* or the ointment of tobacco, h. tumours, apostumes, wounds, ulcers, gunshot, botches, scabs, itch, stinging with nettles, bees, waspes, hornets, venemous beasts, wounds by poysoned arrows, &c. Also it h. scaldings, burnings, rotten stinking and putrified ulcers, and fistulas. It h. rednesse, pimples, and sunburning in the face, preserves wounds from putrefaction, h. punctures and the headach used to the temples; and if to the stomach, it h. asthmas and consumptions of the lungs; if to the belly, it h. the collick and illiack passion, and the wormes, &c. It h. the hemorrhoids or piles, all sorts of gout; and it may serve almost as an universall remedie. Also the rare effects hereof, do argue the excellent use of tobacco rightly used; & may put chymists upon further tryall. The oile of tobacco, is excellent for deep wounds, scabs, or itch. *Park* the ashes h. cuts and green wounds. *Hart.* the essence of the leaves ap. h. the palsie. Being taken with oyle of anised after the usuall way it h. the coryz. *Schwenck.* It h. the drop sic. *Park.* the ashes of the burnt herb make the teeth white. the herb. h. the Kings evill in 9 or 10 days. the juice h. cramps sciaticae &c.

Tale wort, see wild borrag.

Tamarind-tree. *Tamarindus.*

P. It groweth in Ægypt, India and Arabia

T. The leaves follow the sun: it's green all the winter.

N. *Οξύολεν*. *Palmula acida*. *Dalylus Indicus.*

Tamarind. *Johns.* T. the fruit or pulp of tamarinds is cold & dry 3°. V. It's used in cholerick diseases, burning feavers

feavers, tertians &c. It's a lenitive purger. *Alpin.* The leaves kill wormes, the decoction looseth the belly, they are acid and pleasant to the taste. the conserve of the green huskes, or of the ripe ones, with sugar, or the pulp quencherth thirst, and evacuateth hot humors by stooles. The water d. with sugar h. burning putrid feavers, cooling and quenching thirst. The fruit is used in all putrid feavers, c. by choler and aduſion, as also in all hot distempers of the liver and reines, and the gonorrhoea. Some commend it against obstructions, the dropsie, jaundise, and the hot distempers of the spleen: it h. the itch, scab, leprosie, and ulcerations of the skin c. by aduſion of the humors. It's not good for cold stomachs, unlesse the coldnesse there of be corrected by adding mace, aniseeds, squinanth &c. *Schrod.* The dose of the pulp is from unc. 1. to unc. 2. *sala*, the essence of tamarinds. h. burning feavers, maligne, and bilious intermittent and the ebullition of the blood, prevents putrefaction, strengtheneth the naturall faculties, and recreateth the vitall spirits: it h. the scurvy, and impurity of the skin. *De Dond.* They h. syncopall feavers. *Barb.* They are used partly to evacuate chollerick humors, and to incide the pituitous. *Tamarinds* are very good in the inflammation of the braine, as also the syrup of roses and violers solutive, cassia, and simple diapruna. so *Senn. Schrod.* the D. of the extract. is dra. h. sem. 10 draoh. 1. and more.

Tamarisk. *Tamariscus.*

P. In Germany, Italy, Spaine &c. by rivers.
T. Fl. in May: the seed is carryed away with the wind.
N. *Mupixn. Amarix nonnull. Tamarix. Myrica.*

Tamarisk. Ger. K. as the French and Germane *Tam.*
T. it doth cleanse, cut and dry, and is somewhat atrinsgent. V. Being boiled with vineger and wine, either the root, leaves or tender branches h. the hard spleen: so *Stock*, and *Goel. Diosc.* The decoction of the leaves made with

with wine, wasteth the spleen, and h. the tooth-ache used as a gargarisme: as a bath bringeth down the menses, and bathed it killeth nits and lice. the ashes are drying, greatly scouring, and a little binding. the down and seed of the greater *Tam.* bind, almost as much as the *Gall omphacitis*, and are more cleansing, and of thinner parts: and are used in stead therof in medicines for the eyes and mouth. It stops blood, laskes, and the whites, h. the yellow jaundise, and those that are bit by the spider *phalangium*; so also the barke. the leaves and wood h. the hardnesse and stopping of the spleen, especially the leaves being boiled in water, and the decoction d. or infused in beere or ale and continually drunk. *Schrod.* the barke is hot and dry 20, (the wood is somewhat cold) it attenuateth openeth, is absterfive, a little astringent, diuretick and splenetick. It h. serous and melancholick diseases, as the itch &c. *Cresc.* it's hot and dry. The wine of the decoction thereof, openeth the spleen and liver and h. the strangury. *Park.* the decoction of the leaves h. the collick, instilled it h. the paine of the eares, and watering eyes: with some hony it h. fretting ulcers. *Alpin. Vesting.* The wood h. the French disease, pushes, dropsie and jaundise.

Tanke, see Wild parsnep.

Tansie. *Tanacetum.*

P. The first growes in fields or gardens: so the rest.

T. Fl. In July and August.

N. *'Aθαρασία. Athanasia.* The wild *Potentilla.*

Tansie. Ger. J. K. as the common, double English, unsavory, great unsavory, together with the small white *sanfy.* T. the tansies which smell sweet are hot 20, and dry 30. That without smell is hot and dry, and of a mean temperature. V. With the leaves hereof being young with eggs are made *tansies*, which are very good for the stomach: concocting and scouring out bad humors. the root preserved with hony or sugar h. the gout being eaten

eaten fasting every day in a little quantity. the seed kill-
eth & expellerh worms: the same pounded & m. with oile
olive h. the pain & shrinking of the sinews: d. with wine
it h. the paine in the bladder, and strangury wild ranse,
Argentina. T. Is moderately cold, and dry fere 30. with
a little astringion V. boiled in wine and d. it stops the
laske and all fluxes of blood, boiled in water and salt
and d. it dissolveth clotted blood in those that are
bruised. the decoction hereof made in water h. the ul-
cers and cankers of the mouth, hony and allom being
added. It h. the stone, inward wounds, and wounds
of the secret parts, and closeth the same. the distilled
water takes away freckles, spots, pimples in the face,
and sunburning: or the herbe steeped in strong white
wine vinegar and ap. *Park*. K. as the woolly small,
white, and mountaine. V. It expells winde, and the
stone, smelled to it prevents abortion. It c. the measles,
the root condited h. the gout. The wild bruised and ap.
to the soles of the feet, and wrists of the hands cooleth
hot fits of agues. the water h. hot eyes.

Tare, see Vetch and Pease.

Tarre, see Pitch tree.

Milk tare. see Milke wort.

Tarragon. *Draco herba*.

P. In gardens, and is increased by the young shoots.

T. Floureth in July, and is green all summer, and part of
Autumne.

N. *Dracunculus hortensis*. *Tragum vulg.* Clusit.

Tarragon. Ger. T. it's hot and dry 30. V. It's used
in sallads; but joyned with other herbes as lettuce,
purslaine &c. to temper the coldness thereof. *Schwenkf*.
Being chewed it expels flegme, and h. the tooth-
ach, it c. concoction, and provokes urine. *Dod.* the
leaves are sharpe, and being chewed provoke spittle.
Bauh. It's sharpe and very hot and dry, inciding digest-
sting,

ng, opening and provoking. It h. flatulency, obstruc-
tions, cold parts and the plague.

Teasell. *Dipsacus*.

P. The first groweth in gardens planted: the other in moist
places.

T. Fl. in June and July.

N. *Διψακ*. *Labrum Veneris*, & *Carduus Ven.* &
fullonum.

Teasell. Ger. J. K. as the garden and wild, with the
shepheards rod. T. the roots hereof are dry 20, with a
certaine cleansing faculty. V. *Diosc.* the root boiled in
wine, and stamped to the consistence of a salve, h. chaps
and fistula's of the fundament ap. also it h. warts, so
Turn. the heads serve the fullers. *Lonic.* the leaves ap. h.
the phrensie: so *Myl.* the juyce of the leaves killerh the
wormes of the eares. the distilled water used as a gar-
garisme h. the ulcers of the mouth the water that rests
upon the leaves h. the dimnesse and redness of the eyes,
as also spots in the face, *Schrod.* *Matth.* the wormes
thereof with oile of roses h. the whitlow. *Park.* the
shepheards staffe, is profitable for one known disease.
Bauh drach. 1. taken in a reare egge h. the flux of the
menfes. the wormes take fish.

Tetter berry. see Bryony.

Tetter wort, see Great celandine, or swallow wort.

Thee: *Thee*. *

P. It groweth in China, Japonia, and Chia.

T. The time is not observed.

N. *Herba Thee Chinenf.* *Tchia Japon.*

Thee Tulp T is moderately hot and binding. V. the
herbe is most wholesome, preserving in perf & health,
untill very old age. It makes the body active and lusty,
it h. the stone, headach and heaviness thereof, lip-
pitude, distillations, and difficulty of breathing, weak-
nesse.

ness of the ventricle, pains of the bowels, lassitude and prevents sleepiness, a draught of the decoction being taken : and c. that without trouble whole nights may be spent in study without hurt to the body ; by reason that it moderately heateth and bindeth the mouth of the stomach, and so restraineth those vapours which otherwise ascending would c. sleep. That of Japonia is the best, which the natives powder upon a marble stone and mix it with warme water ; but those of China boile the plant with a little salt and sugar, in some convenient liquor, which afterwards they drink warme. see Bont: Mass: Almejd: Jarric: Ric: Linscot: Hort: Pharm: Cath.

Thistle. *Carduus*.

P. In fields and meadows, and grounds sown with corn.

T. Fl: from the beginning of June unto the end of Sept.

N. 'Andv. The soft melancholy, *Cirsium*. The distaffe, *Atractylis*. The fish, *Acerra*. Our Ladies, *Silybum*. The Cotton, *Acanthium*.

Thistle. Ger. J. R. as the thistle upon thistle, the cruell, asses, way, musked, speare, Theophrastus's and Donrez his fish thistle, with the bush headed thistle. T. the wild thistles Gal. are hot dry 20. V. the roots boiled in wine and d. drive forth stinking urine, and h. the rank smel of the body and arme-holes. Diosc. the roots of the common thistle as a plaister ap. produce the same effect: and the tender herb may be eaten as asparagus. Plin. The juice ap. c. haire to grow. the root d. in water c. growth : it strengtheneth the stomach and matrix, and h. the stinking breath. Hedge-hog thistle, *Melocardus Echinatus*. T. V. is not used in physick. Cotton thistle, *Acanthium*. K. as the white and purple. T. Gal: they are thought to be hot. Diosc. the leaves and roots h. the opisthotonos. Ladies thistle, *Carduus Mariae*. T. Gal: the roots dry and moderately bind. V. they h. lask and bloody flux, stop bleeding, wast cold swellings

(swellings, and in a gargarisme h. the tooth ach : the seed is hot and of thin parts, so h. the cramp : the tender leaves the prickles being taken off, are sometimes used to be eaten with other herbs. Diosc: the seeds d. h. the convulsion of children, and the bitings of serpents, *Globe thistle*, *Carduus globosus*. K. as the common, prickly headed, small, flat headed, and woolly headed th: T. V. are not used. *Golden thistle*, *Carduus crisanthemus* K. as the Spanish and French. T. Gal: the root and tender leaves (which are sometimes eaten) are good for the stomach, but are of little thin and waterie nourishment. V. Plin. the root is commended by Eratosthenes, in the poor mans supper, and is reported to provoke urine, and to help scurf being taken with vinegar: and with wine c. lust and the stench of the arme-holes, drach: 1. of the root (the pith being taken out) being boiled in 3 parts of wine till one be wasted, and d. after meat and bathing. *Carline thistle*, *Carlina*. K. as the tall, the white of Diosc: with the red fl & the dwarf *Carline th: T.* the root which is chiefly used is hot fine adi. & dry 30. diaphoretick, alexipharmick, & helmin-tick. V. being chewed it h. the tooth ach : and openeth the liver and spleen. It provoketh urine and the menses, and h. the dropsie, and those that have been dry beaten : so *Leucacantha*. Diosc: the decoction with wine h. the pain of the sides, the sciatica and cramp, the juice also is of like vertues. *Wild Carline thistle*, *Carlina sylvestris*. K. as the great and little. T. is hot especially the root. V. but as yet not used. *Chamelion thistle* *Chamaleon niger*. K. as the black & Spanish black, T. Gal: taken inwardly it's poysonous. V. Ap. the root h. scabs, morphewes, and tetter, it cleanseth and smixt with things that dissolve and mollifie. *Starve thistle*, *Carduus stellatus*. T. is hot. V. the seed. d. with wine h. the strangury and stone. Bapt: Sard: The distilled water, h. the French disease, and opens the liver, cleanseth the blood and h. intermitting fever. *St Barabies thistle*, T. V. is not as yet used in physick. *Blessed thistle*, *Carduus Benedictus*, T. is bitter hot and dry 20, cleansing,

cleansing and opening. V. taken in meat and *drink* it h. those that are vertiginous, deaf, or of a weak memory. the same boiled in wine and d. hot, h. the gripings of the belly, killeth wormes, c. sweat, expelleth urine and gravell, cleanseth the stomach, and h. quartan fevers. the juice h. all poison and inflammation of the liver: the powder of the leaves d. in the quantity of *unc. sem.* h. the pestilence being presently taken; so the decoction in wine. The green herb ap. h. all hot swellings, as the erysipelas, plague sores, and botches, the bitings of mad dogs or any venomous beasts; so d. as also the distilled water. the decoction often d. h. virulent ulcers, so ap. twice a day being stamped with axungia. Cam: the decoction of the leaves h. the French disease, and quaraine agues: the distilled water with that of Lovage and Dodder h. flegme d. for certain days together. The other soft thistles, *Cirsium*, R. as the great soft bulbed, great soft, smooth soft leaved, small burr, single headed, jagged leaved, and dock leaved thistle gentle, T. By their tast they seem moderately hot and dry. V. yet they are not used in medicine. Park. *Carline th.* is thought to h. poyson and infections. Tentzel the clystus of card. ben. h. feavers, and c. sweat. the dose is 5 drops or scr. *sem.* Senn. the salt, syrup or water of Card: b: h. all long feavers: Riv: Cents 1. Obs: 4. the water of Card: ben: with 8. drops of theriack spirit, taken daily h. the sciatica. Begu: the salt causeth sweating, the D. is gr. 2. or 3. Park. R. as the broad leaved field, French bulbed, meadow with asphodell roots, vineyard, and small of Candy. T. are temperately hot and dry, and diaretick, stomachick, sweeten the breath and h. ranke smells. Plin. the juice h. the alopecia: so the prickly wild, the melancholy th: T. V. are uselesse. T. V. as the distaffe th: the white Chamelion kills worms. the Ladies as Card: Ben: Star th: h. the plague d. in wine: the fl. h. cachexies. the pulp of the melon h. thirst the rest uselesse. Gum thistle *Euphorbium* is hot and dry 4. caustick and of thin parts. V. An emplaister made hereof with 12 times so much oile and a little wax

wax, h. all aches of the joynts, lamenesse, palsies, cramps and shrinkings of the sinews. Mixt with oile of bay and bears grease, it h. scurfes and scalds in the head and alopecia's, and c. haire. Ap. with oile to the temples it h. the lethargie: ap. to the nape of the neck, it h. the apoplexie. Mixt with vinegar it cureth all deformities of the skin, and h. spots. Mixt with other ointments it heaterh the parts that are cold, and h. the sciatica. *Ashtar:* taken inwardly it stretcheth the intralls, and scorseth the whole body, therefore it is to be beaten small, and tempered with something that lubricates and allayes its heat and sharpnesse, and then it purgeth water and flegme; so also put into the nostrils. The remedy is *anteuphorbium*, which is succulent, cold and slimie. *Pilula de euphorbio*, Pharm. Lond. Mes. or, the pills of euphorbium, mightily h. dropies, pains in the loines, and gouts, by moisture, the D. is drach. *sem.* *Oleum euphorbii simplex* P. L. or the simple oile of euphorbium, hath the same effects, with that of castor, but is more strong; if snuffed up the nose it purgeth the head of phlegme. Also its very good in old and cold pains of the joynts, liver and spleen. It's good for cold diseases of the nerves and brain, the old headach, and pains in the one side thereof, for the lethargie also used to the nostrils, or drawn in, it provokes lust anointed on the testicles; and it h. all numnesse and stiffness proceeding from cold. *Oleum de euphorbio compositum*, or the compound oile of euphorbium; operates as the simple, but is more effectually. It h. old and cold diseases of the nerves and brain, and sleepy diseases. Also it's very effectually in cold pains of the womb, kidneys, bladder, being anointed on the regions thereof. Schrod: the extract of euphorbium. h. the palsey gout, spasme, and dropie, and bringeth flegme out of the nerves, its preparation, see in the London dispensatory. Park. the first h. the dropie and draweth viscous flegme from the joynts and more remote parts of the bodie. It's to be used in cold and windie bodie. Pem: d. it h. the palsey, French pox, nodes and collick. applied

it h. the filmes of the eyes, and cause sneezing and blisters: the dose is from gr: 4. to 10. with the juice of purslaine, or oile of almonds.

Thorne, see Haw thorne

Thorne box, see Box thorne.

Thorne ever green, *Pyracantha*.

P. In Italy and France; and in gardens here.

T. Fl: in May and June: the fruit is ripe in September.

N. *Oxyacantha* Theoph: vel *Oxycanthus*.

Thorne ever green. *Johns*. T. the fruit hath the same faculties that are attributed to haws: the virtues of which are declared above under *Haw thorne tree*.

Thorne grape, see Gooseberries

Purging thorne, see Laxative Ram.

Thorow leaf, see Thorow wax, or Trough wort.

Thorow wax, *Perfoliata*.

P. The first groweth in Kent &c. the other in gardens.

T. Fl: in May and June: the seed is ripe in August.

N. *Διδυλλον*. *Schwenckf*. *Perfoliatum* *Fuch*.

Thorow wax. *Ger*: K. as the common and coddled. T. it is dry. V. the decoction made with water wineh wounds: so the juyce made into oile or unguents: the green leaves stamped and boiled with wax, oile, rose and turpentine, make an excellent sarcotick unguent to bring up flesh in deep wounds. *Lonic*. T. it's hot and dry with a bitter astriction. V. ap. it h' all extuberances in the body, and discusseth the same. the herb distilled water h. all inflammations, the erysipelas and heat of the stomach; as also the exulcerations and prominencie of the navel: so *Futch*. *Park*. K. as the broad leaved mountaine, and lesser. V. the powder of the herb h. ruptures and burstings d. and ap. *Trag*. so the

coddled: *Bauh*. It's moderately hot, and somewhat more dry, being somewhat bitter and astringent.

Three faces in a hood, see Harts-ease.

Three leaved grasse, see Trefle.

Three leaved liver-wort, see Noble liver wort.

Thrift, see Sea gilliflowers.

Throat wort, *Trachelium*.

P. The 3. first grow in low woods, the fourth in meadows.

T. Fl. from May 'till August.

N. *Τερχήλιον*. *Cervicaria*. *Uvularia* *Fuch*.

Throat wort. *Ger*. *J*. K. as the blew, gyant, smal, and great stone thr. T. are cold and dry, V. They h. the inflammations of the throat and uvula, and all cankers and ulcerations in the mouth in a lotion, and are excellent to be put into waters, to inject into the privy parts, being boiled with hony and aloeme in water, with some white wine. *Col*. they restrain moist and sharpe humours, and heale wounds. *Park*. K. as the globe rock, lesser globe like, rock spiked, and thin leaved with spiked, beads, T. V. as the rest. *Bauh*. the leaves of the lesser, tast like rampions, and are used in saliaes; that of the rock is astringent.

Time. *Thymum*.

P. In gardens, almost every where: the wild on hills.

T. Fl. from May unto September.

N. *Θύμ*, the wild *ἑρπύλλον*. *Thymus*.

Time, *Ger*: K. as the garden hard, great broad leaved, bat of Candy, and the laced time, T. they are hot and dry 3°, V. Time boiled in water and hony d. h. the cough and asthma, provoketh urine, expelleth the secundine & dead child, and dissolves congealed blood; the same d. with vinegar and salt purgeth flegme: or boiled in meade it cleanseth the breast, lungs, reins

and Matrix, and killerh worms. *Drach.* 3. of the powder taken with meade and a little salt purge flegme and cholerick humours, and all corruptions of blood: also it h. the sciatica, the paine in the side and breast, and winde in the belly; also it exhilarates the pensive; and smelled to h. the epilepsie. *Epythimum* is more effectual, being hot and dry 30, and is more cleansing, heating drying and opening then *Cuscuta*, & h. melancholy, and diseases of the spleen; it h. old pains of the head, leproy, quartan agues &c. proceeding from the spleen *Diosc.* Drunk with meade it purgeth flegme and melancholy. *Scr.* 4. of the fine powder thereof taken with oxymel and salt, h. swellings of the face and other parts, as also all flatuous humours, and ventosities. *Wild time*, putiall or pella mountaine, running, creeping, or mother of time, K. as the common great purple, marjerome candy, limmon and hoary time, or *serpillum*. T. It's hot, and dry 30. of subtile or thin parts, cutting and much biting, V. it provoketh urine and the termes; in baths and fomentations it c. sweat; being boiled in wine it h. the ague, strangury, hicket, stone, lethargy, and frenetic, and stoppeth the vomiting of blood. Boiled in wine and d. it h. the gripings of the belly, ruptures, convulsions and inflammations of the liver. It h. the bitings of venomous beasts, d. and ap. *Art.* Being infused in vinegar; then sod and m. with rose water, it h. long phrensies and lethargy. *Gal.* drach. 1. of the juice taken in vinegar h. the vomiting of blood, and those that are troubled with the spleen. *Park.* the chymicalloyle drawn out of ordinary tyme, is used in pills for the head and stomack, for the tooth-ach &c. and ap. h. the stinging of bees, the herb being bruised. *Fernel.* It opens the intralls. *Mac.* It tempers melancholy. *Horst.* *Fab.* the quintessence h. all cold. *Park.* K. as the French, and true of the ancients. V. the distilled water with vinegar of roses h. the vertigo and stone. *Decoctionum epythimi.* *Pharm. Lond.* or the decoction of dodder of time, purgeth melancholy exceedingly, as also adust cholles; it resisteth madness and all diseases of melancholy, and its to be esteemed

esteemed by the melancholick, and deserveth commendation.

Creeping time, see Wild time.

Musk time, see Time of Candy.

Tine, see Wild vetch.

Toadstoole, *Fungus*.

P. About the roots of trees in grassie places, &c.

T. It comes up in Aprill, lasts till May and longer.

N. Those of Aprill are called *Spongiola*. the puffs, *Lupi crepitus*.

Toadstoole, *Ger.* *J.* K. as the common to be eaten, poysonous, hony comb'd and long with the fusse balls, and Jews eares. T. *Gal.* they are all very cold and moist, and almost venomous of a clammy and cold nutriment if eaten, for which few are good and most suffocate the eater. V. *Fusse balls*, *Tubera terra*. are no way eaten; the powder of them doth dry without biting, and h. merigals, kided heels &c. the dust thereof is hurtfull to the eyes; being set on fire, they smother bees. they serve also to preserve fire. *Johns.* the Jews eares, *Fungus sambucinus*, five *Auricula Juda*. are used against all inflammations and soreness of the throat, being boiled in milk, steeped in beer, vinegar, or any other convenient liquor. P. L. boiled in white wine & drunk, and it ap. it helps deafnesse inflammations, and other griefs of the eares. *Senn.* the antidote to toadstoole is rue, cresses, hyssop, wormewood, garlick, austere peares, treacle, mithridate and oxymel, with vomiting. *Mac.* Also cummin seed, hawm, pepper, mustard, salt, oxymel, *diagonal* &c. *Jo.* or drach. 1. of hens dung, d. with wine. *Park.* K. the wholsome, as the teasell, goats beard, finger-formed, and Spanish trubbs. V. they generate melancholick humours, and much eaten c. the apoplexy, and palsey; yet some count them euechymick and aphrodisiastick. The deares h. poyson d. and ap. The fume h. the mother.

Tolmainers, see Sweet williams?
Tongue blade, see Horse tongue.

Toothwort, *Dentaria*.

P. In shadowie places, neere elme-trees &c.

T. Fl. in May and June.

N. Οὐβόρυχον. the first, *Anblatum Cor. Radix squamata*
Thal. Phyt Brit.

Tooth-wort, Ger. K. as the great & little. T. It's pneu-
monicall. V. its used against the cough, & all imperfec-
tions of the lungs. Dod. they are traumattick, and h. the
wounds of the intrals. Clus. that with berries. T. is sharp
& drying. V. the decoction of the root d. h. the torminain
children. Myl. All sorts thereof are hot and dry, and
are used in vulnerary potions. Bauh. the first h. ruptures,
drach: 2. of the powder being d. in broth with comfrey
40 mornings together: and ap. h. fractures. the water
h. fluxions, Cam. and the epileptic. the powder h. the
matrix and collick, Cæsalp.

Torches, see Mullein.

Tormentill, *Tormentilla*.

P. In woods, shadowie places, and pastures &c.

T. Fl. from May to the end of August.

N. Επτάφυλλον. *Stellaria. Septifolium*.

• Tormentill, Ger. the root is dry 30, of thin parts: it's
a little hot and of a binding quality. V. it's of like ver-
tue with cinquefoile but of greater efficacy: it's much
used against pestilent diseases; so Untz. Palm. Tabern.
Horn. Bøkel. Auger V. Vid. & Mind. resisting putrefa-
ction and procuring sweat; the leaves and roots boiled
in wine or the juice d. c. sweat; so it expels poison,
and preserveth from infection; so the powder of the
roots also taken in chalybeate water, it h. the laske and
bloody flux and all other issue of blood. the decoction of
the leaves and roots, or the juice thereof d. h. all wounds.
It also openeth and heateth the liver and lungs, and
cureth

cureth the jaundice; the root powdered and m. with
the white of an egge, and eaten stops vomiting, and
h. choler and melancholy. Lonic. the root, juice, leaves,
and powder thereof h. the obstructions of the liver and
spleen, as also the Kings evill; the powder of the leaves
h. the fistula the leaves h. nodes. Auth. Pandell. taken
with the juice of plantaine it h. the dysury. Hieron. It
comforts the intrails. Park. K. as the silver leaved. V.
It operates as Bistort. the root d. h. the French pox.

Torne-sole, *Heliotropium*.

P. About Montpelier in fenny grounds.

T. It flourisheth in the summer solstice.

N. 'Ηλιοτρόπιον. *Scorpiurum. Herba Cancris Ruell.*

Torne sole, Ger. K. as the great, small hairie and
widow waile tor: T. Æg: It's hot and dry and of a
binding faculty. V. A good handfull of great tornsole
boiled in water and d. purgeth forth cholerick hu-
mors, & tough fleg n; the same boiled in wine & d. h. the
stinging of scorpions, or other venomous beasts so ap.
the seed stamped & ap. h. warts and excrescencies. The
small tornsole & his seed boiled with hyssop cresses and
salt peter & drunk expelleth worms; it serveth also to
dye a purple colour either in cloth or meats &c. Cam:
Disco. gr. 4. of the seed d. with wine before the fits of
the ague h. quarttains &c. The leaves h. the gout and c.
menfes. Math. the decoction h. the stone. the juice h.
olcers. Disco. the lesser ap. with salt h. warts. Bark.
K. as the colouring. V. d. with cummin it causeth the
courses and easie birth, it h. luxations and syriasis in
children. the last h. against venomous creatures.

Touch me not, see Codded Arsmart,
or wild Cucumber.

Touch wood, see Tree mushroome.

Lady Traces, see Callions.

Troywort, see Shepheards pursc.

Travellers

Travellers-joy. *Viorna.*

P. In the borders of fields among thornes &c.

T. Fl. in July and flourisheth in November.

N. *Clematis altera* Matth. *Vitalba* Dod.

Traveller-joy Ger. K. as the common and Spanish
T. V. as yet they have no use in physick: so Park. and
diverse others.

Tree of life, *Arbor vita.*

P. It groweth in gardens when planted there.

T. Fl. about May, and looseth its greenesse in winter.

N. *Σύλα*. *Cedrus* *Lycia*. *Thya* Theoph.

Tree of life. Ger. T. the leaves and boughs are hot
and dry. V. It's agreeing to the nature of man, as an
excellent cordiall, and of a very pleasant smell. Park.
the leaves chewed for some days together fasting in the
morning h. the shortnesse of breath, and to expecto-
rate thin purulent matter stuffing the lungs: also its hot
resinous smell and taste sheweth its tenuity of parts, and
that it is digesting and cleansing.

Trefoile. *Trifolium.*

P. In meadows, and fertile pastures: the rest in garden.

T. Fl. from May, to the end of summer.

N. *Τριφυλλον*. *Triphyllum*. *Triaphyllum*.

Trefoile Ger. *J.* K. as the meadow, great white, great
purple, hop, & little yellow tr. T. the leaves & flowers of
meadow trefoiles are cold & dry. V. the decoction made
with hony & used as a clyster, h. the frettings & pained
the guts, and expelleth slimy humors. the leaves boiled
with a little barrow's grease, and used as a pultis h. hot
swellings and inflammations. that with the halfe moon
stamped with a little hony, h. the pin & web in the eyes,
& caseth the pain & inflammation thereof, being strained
and dropped therein. the herbe is acceptable unto cat-
tell;

tell; and the flowers to bees, *Stinking trefoile*, *pitch-
trefoile*, *claver gentle*, or *treacle claver*. *trifolium bitum-
inosum* T. Gal. It's hot and dry 30. V. Being drunk it h.
the paine of the sides c. by obstruction, and provoketh
urine and the termes. Hipp. d. and ap. it bringeth down
the birth. Diosc. the seeds and leaves d. in water h. the
pleurisie, dysury, dropsie in the beginning, and the
mother, drach. 3. of the seeds or drach. 4. of the leaves
being taken. the leaves d. in oxymel or the syrrup of
vineger made with hony, h. those that are bitten with
serpents: so the decoction of the whole plant ap. the leaves
d. with wine are said to h. agues. the root and seed is
used in antidotes. The herb stamped and ap. extracts the
venome out of wounds, and if there be none it increas-
eth the paine by its attraction of humors. the other tre-
foiles. K. as that of America, Burgundy, Portugal, the
heart, small husked, crowfoot, hoary claver, and the yell-
ow horned tr. T. V. are referred to the common meadow
trefoils or Garden-claver, *Trifolium odoratum*. T. Gal.
doth in a meane concoct and dry, and is in a meane be-
tween hot and cold. V. Diosc. the juice with hony
cleaseth argema's, spots in the eyes, and removeth that
which hindreth the sight. the oile wherein the flowers
are infused h. green wounds, the gout and other aches:
also ruptures and burstings in young children. the juice
d. in white wine h. those that are bruised, dissolveth
congealed blood, and h. bloody urine. the herbe laid
among clothes keepeth them from mothes. the horned
and black claver. Lotus. T. V. are referred unto the
meadow trefoiles. the moon, lyquorice, prickly, and straw-
berry trefoile. T. V. these, especially the three last, are
referred to the common meadow trefoiles also; but are
not yet used in medicine, or known, unlesse to few.
Shrub trefoile. or Milk trefoile. *Cytisus*. K. as the 1, and
2d hairie, hoary, winged, horned, the 3th, and the bastard
cytissus. T. Diosc. the leaves coole, digest, and have a
watery and temperate faculty, as those of the mallow.
V. the leaves stamped with bread and ap. h. swellings in
the beginning. The decoction d. provoketh urine. *Cotu-
mel.*

mel. the infusion thereof d. with a little wine c. milke being earen by cattle it quickly feedeth them: it's delighted in by bees. It also h. the sciatica and gout. the shrubby trefoile, *polemonium*. T. Is dry 20. with acrimony. V. It h. against the stinging of serpents: taken with vinegar it h. the oppilations of the spleen the root d. in wine h. the bloody flux, and d. with water it's diureticall, expelleth gravell, and h. the sciatica. *bastard milke trefoile*. K. as the first and second, evergreen, and hairy, *pseudocytisus*. T. V. may be referred to the rest. *Venimous tree trefoile*: K. as that of Montpelier, and Spaine, *Dorycnium*. T. is very cold without moisture. V. It's pestilent and hurtfull. *Beane trefoile*. K. as the common, and stinking, *Anagyris*. T. Gal. is hot and digesting. V. Diosc. the tender leaves stamped and ap. waste cold swellings. Drach. 1. d. in cure h. the stuffing of the lungs, and brings down the menses, and birth: and d. in wine h. the head ach. the juice of the root digested and ripeneth; the seed taken c. vomit as Matth. affirms. *Reccb: the spiked trefoile of mexico*. T. Is cold and glutinous. V. It stops vomiting, diarrhoea's and dysenteries; and the spitting of blood. It preventeth abortion, h. the teneismus, dissipateth the argema, repelleth inflammations, and strengtheneth the parts that are debilitated by heat. *Tetraphyllon* is cold and moist. V. It h. the cough and other diseases of the breast. It h. lassitude, and asswageth paines. *Park. Sweet trefoile*. V. c. the courses and h. against all venomous beasts. the seed h. the epilepsie and rising of the mother, as also the drop sic, drunk: and h. tertian and quarrian agues. *Trefoile pease of Candy*, the wild, rough, and smooth coddled of *Montpelier*, and greater and lesser pile. V. Diosc. Gal. the wilde lotus is hot, and dry, and d. it h. the paine of the bladder. the powder of the herb m. with hony and ap. h. blemishes in the face, &c. the greater pile trefoile h. the piles, being astringent without heat or acrimonie. The *Lybian* is hot 20, and a little cleansing. *Mountaine trefoiles* are thought to operate as the former. so the *Barry* and round headed meadow trefoiles V. the juice d. h. bitings

h. bitings of the adder; and the ointment, those of other beasts. Decoct with the flowers and roots, it h. the whites. the rest are referred to the first.

Great Trefoile, or winged Claver, see Hare foot.
Marsh, or water Trefoile, see Bucks beanes.
Soure Trefoile, see Wood sorrell.
Treacle claver, see Stinking trefoile.
Treacle worme seed, see Towers mustard.
Troth flowers, see Globe crowfoot.

Tulip. *Tulipa*.

P. In Thracia, Cappadocia and Italy wild: here in gardens.

T. They fl from the end of Feb. till May, and later.

N. *Κεϊνον τῷ ἀγρῷ*. Johnf. Turban Turc. & Turfan.

Tulip. Ger. *J*. K. as the Italian, French, timely flowering, late flowering, apple-bloome, bluish coloured, bulbous stalked, bloud red with a yellow bottome, purple, bright red, white with purple streakes, white with light red edges, straw coloured, flame coloured with yellowish streakes, *Clusius's* lesser, and greater many branched with the yellow flower the dwarfe with darke red flowers edged with green, and with a purplish flower white within, yellow dwarfe, pretty Persian with a red flower and whitish edges, gold yellow with red edges, vermillion, white and red striped, red and yellow fool's coat, sulphur coloured, red with pale edges, late flowering yellow late yellow with sanguine spots and a black bottome, white *Holias* with sanguine spots and streakes, and the middle purple blewish bottomed tulip. T. V. Johnf. the roots preserved with sugar, or otherwise dressed, become good and nourishing meat. *Park*: K. as the red and yellow *Bolonia*, the *Persian*, *Candy*, *Armenian*, white *Holias* without a bottome, the variable, three coloured, the purple of *Cassa*, with pale white stripes, crimson with white flames, the *Switzer*, *Goliath*,

Goliath; *Flambant white*, feathered, and *Willmer's gill*.
flower tulipa. V. the roots are thought to be venerious.

Tune hoof, see Ground ivy.

Turbith. *Turpetum*. *

P. In Cambaya, Surrate &c. by the sea field.

T. The time is not observed.

N. Turbeth Arab. *Herba laſtaria* Meſ. *Alypum Aſuar*.

Turbith. Ger. K. as that of *Antioch*. T. Meſ. is hot 30.
V. It purgeth flegme taken in the broth of a chicken;
or faire water, if there be a feaver: else it may be m.
with ginger, maſtick, oile of ſweet almonds or ſugar, it
being flow in working and troubling the ſtomack It
purgeth flegme from the moſt remote parts of the body.
the doſe is drach. 1. or 2. at the moſt, but in the decoction
or infuſion 3 or 4. Doſt. the root is hot and dry 30.
It purgeth craſſe humors, it h. the tormina, and gout:
& taken weekly, preſerves from the leproy. the powder
with hony h. gangrenes De Dond. It h. feavers of flegme,
Fo: the antidote is hydromel. Park. It h. the dropſie,
French diſeaſe, and other diſeaſes of flegme. *Diaturbith*
cum rhubarbaro, Pharm. Lond. or *Diaturbith*
with rhubarb, purgeth flegme and choller but is ſtrong;
alſo its effect uall to purge flegme and choller in diſeaſes
of the head, nerves joynts, and the venercall murcin;
the D. is unc. ſem. in white wine or drach. 5. in ſtrong
bodies with unc. 1. of ſyrup of violets to temper the
ſame. *Diaturbith major*, ſine *rhubarbaro*, or the greater
diaturbith without rhubarb, purgeth flegme, and is to be
uſed warily. *Pilula turpeti aureæ*, or the golden pills of
turbith, purge choller and flegme gently, and ſtrengthen
then the ſtomack and liver, and h. digeſtion; the D. is
drach. ſem. at night. Schrod. the D. of the extraſt of
turbith, is gr. 6. to x. and more.

Serapias

Serapias Turbith, ſee Sea Star-wort.

Turkes herb. ſee Rupture wort.

Turkie-hen-flower, ſee Fritilarie.

Turkie-hiſe, ſee Turkey-millet.

Turmericke *Curcuma*. *

P. It groweth naturally in the Eaſt Indies &c.

T. The time is not obſerved.

N. *Cyperus Indicus* Dioſc. *Terra merita*, *Crocus Indicus*.

Turmericke. *Johnſ*. T. the root is hot 30. and aperient.
V. It h. the yellow jaundice, and cold diſtempers of the
liver and ſpleen. Lob. Being chewed it operates as ſaffron,
it's bitter in taſte, and ap. is a *psilothron*. Schrod.
alſo it h. the ſtomack and womb. It's hot and dry 20,
bitter, abſterſive attenuating, digeſtive and diſcutient.
It provoketh the termes, and h. the dropſie, and cachexy.
Pem: It h. the green ſickneſſe, and provokes the termes.
Ap. with the oile of the Indian nut, and juice of oranges it h. the itch: ſo *Garc*, and *Park*, alſo
the decoction opens obſtructions, and h. old griefes, the
Indians uſe it in ſtead of Saffron.

Turnep. *Rapum*.

P. It prospereth in a light and fat ear:h.

T. It's ſown in ſpring, and the end of Aug.

N. Γογγύλι, Γασης Laced. Ζακινθός Athen.

Turnep. Ger: J: K. as the great, and longiſh rooted. T.
the root raw is windie and c. groſs and cold bloud: the
boiled is moiſt, windie, and a little cooling. V. Being
boiled in water it looſeth the body. roasted or baked it
is leſſe windie, c. milke and ſperme, and provoketh
urine. the decoction h. the cough: ſo *Tulp*. and hoarſeneſſe
of the voice, d. in the evening with a little ſugar or
clarified hony. Dioſc. Stamped and ap. it h. kided
heelles. ſo alſo oile of roſes boiled in a hollow turnep
under the hot embers. the tender ſprings boiled and
eaten

eaten as a *sallad* provoke urine. the *seed* is a remedy against poysons. the *oile of the seed* d. h. the thrower of women newly brought to bed, and killeth wormes in children. and being washed with water h. the heat and ruggednesse of the skin. so *Col. Park.* they nourish much, and c. moist and loose flesh. *Senn. Crat. Guainer.* the decoction of turneps h. quartan agues, d. for 15. dayes. *Crescent Isaac.* It's hot 20. the decoction used as a bath h. the gout. *Park.* the oaken leaved black turnep, *Diosc. h.* the bitings of the shrew mouse, and is thought to be of the same faculty in other things with *lyon leaved black turnep*, it's called *Chrysogonum*.

Wild Turnep, see Charlock.

Turpentine tree. *Terebinthus.* *

P. In Syria, Cyprus, Cilicia. &c.

T. Fl. in Spring. the berries are ripe in Sept.

N. *Τερβινθος*. *Τέρμινθος*. Botin Arab. vel Boton.

Turpentine-tree. Ger. K. as the common, and broad leaved. T. the barke, leaves and fruit are somewhat binding, hot 20, and being green they dry moderately, but 20, being dried the fruit is dry 30. and hotter: and being eaten hurterh the stomach. V. It provoketh urine, h. bad spleens, and d. in wine h. the bitings of the phalangium. *Diosc.* the rosin excellerh all other. yet *Gal.* prefers that of the mastick tree this rosin is astringent, yet lesse then mastick, more bitter and digesting, cleansing and healing scabs. the fruit provoketh urine and lust. the turpentine looseth the belly, openeth the liver and spleen, provoketh urine, expelleth gravell, the quantity of two or three beanes being taken so washed and taken with the yelke of an egge in posset drink made of white wine, in the morning. It h. the gonorrhoea twice taken, and purgeth the belly. *Begn.* the spirit of turpentine h. the cough and ptyssick It resisteth pestilent poisons, purgeth the stomach, provoketh urine, expells the stone, h. the strangury and ulcers

ers of the bladder. It openeth and strengtheneth the nervous part. It c. lust, dissolveth coagulated bloud, and h. the matrix. ap. it h. contusions. the dose is from 5. drops to 20. the oile is hot, emollient, discutient, opening and purging, and may be used in stead of the true balsame. *Park.* the oile of the berries h. cramps, hardness of the sinews, and closeth wounds. *Drach. 1.* of turpentine taken in a reare egge, h. the cough, and breast, paine of the joynts, draweth out splinters, and wounds. *Oleum terebinthina Chym. Pharm. Lond.* or the chymicall oile of turpentine, is excellent in cold afflictions of the nerves, and all diseases of cold and wind; it corrects cold afflictions of the lungs; as asthma's, difficulty of breathing &c. *drach. 1.* being taken in the morning; outwardly it adorneh the body, prints of scabs the small pox, chaps in the skin, and breasts of women, and deafnesse being dropped into the eares. the way of boyling it, see in the *London Dispensary*, sc. lib. 1. in 24 of water till thick.

Tutsan, see Park leaves.

Tway-blade. *Ophris.*

The first groweth in meadows, fenny and shadowy places.

Fl. in May and June, and presently vanisheth.

Bifolium. *Pseudorchis. Elleborine quorund. Lugd.*

Tway-blade. Ger. J. K. as the common, and bulbous. they are vulnerary. V. they h. green wounds and ruptures, used in unguents and balsames. *Lonic. T.* It's hot and dry. *Lugd.* It's glutinous and somewhat sweet. *Cesalp.* It coloureth the haire black. *Fuch.* It contracts, and is astringent. *Park. T.* It's judged to be hot and dry. V. It consolidates ruptures. *Baub.* It's contracting and astringent. But *Schwenckf.* thinks it's hot and moist.

Two penny grasse, see Herb two pence.

Valerian.

V

Valerian. *Valeriana*.

P. The wild grow in moist places, by ditches &c.

T. Fl. in May, June, July &c.

N. Φῆλξ ἡ ὑάριδος ἀγρία. *Phu. Nardus Cretica Plin. Genicularis.*

Valerian. Ger. *J. K.* as the garden, great will, smal, stone, Greekish, Indian, and anuall, broad leafed of the Alps, with the small Alpine set-wall. T. Diosc. the root is a little hot the dried is somewhat hotter. V. Being dried it provoketh urine and the termes, it h. the paine in the sides, and resists poyson and the pestilence. It h. cuts, wounds, and small hurts. P. L. it comforts the heart, c. lust, and stops fluxes. The extraction of the root h. the dysury and the yellow jaundise. Wild valerian is thought to be good to h. ruptures; convulsions and bruises. the leaves hereof as also of thole of the garden h. ulcers, and sores of the mouth and gumms, used in a gargarisme. drach. ʒ. of the wild, the root being powdered and taken in wine purgeth upwards and downwards. *Basill Valerian.* T. Is dry 2°. *Mac.* the root is hot 2°. *Park. K.* as the great knobbed Candy, summer, rocky and red. V. *Plin.* the decoction of the root d. h. all stranglings in any part: and with liquorice, raisins and aniseed h. the cough and asthma. It expells winde. Ap, it stops rheumes, it h. the sight and is magneticall. the fume of the lesser h. the winde of the genitors.

Venus bason, see Teasell.

Venus haire, see Mayden-haire.

Venus-comb, see, Shepherds needle.

Venus

Venus looking-glasse. *Speculum Veneris.*

P. It groweth among corne in a fruitfull soile.

T. Fl. in June and July: the seed is ripe in Aug.

N. The first is called *Campanula arvensis. Viola Panragonia Tab.*

Venus looking-glasse. Ger. *J. K.* as the common, and coddled corne violet. T. V. Is not as yet written of: so *Park.* and others. as to its use and vertues.

Vervaine. *Verbena*.

P. In untilled places, neere unto hedges and high wayes &c.

T. Fl. in July and August.

N. Ἰσὴ Κοτὰν ἡ περὶ σέσω. *Verbenaca. Herculan. Ferraria. Exupera.*

Vervaine. Ger. *K.* as the common, and holy vervaine T. they are very dry, and meanelly binding and cooling. V. the leaves pounded with oile of roses or hogs grease and ap. as a pultis h. the inflammation and paines of wounds, and preserve them from corruption: the green leaves stamped with hogges grease h. hot impostumes and tumors, and cleanse rotten ulcers. It h. tertian and quartan feavers. Being worne about the head it h. the infirmities thereof c. by heat. Stamped with oile of roses and vineger or the decoction made with oile of roses ap. h. the falling of haire: so *Mac.* It h. putrified ulcers, wounds and fistula's. it wasteth old swellings, and h. the heat of inflammations. the decoction of the roots and leaves h. the tooth ach, and ulcers of the mouth, and fisteneth the teeth. It's also said to exhilarate strewed in the roome. *Hartm.* It's an excellent cephalick remedy used either inwardly or outwardly. the decoction hereof with hony of roses h. the aphthæ. *Æmil. Mac.* d. in wine it h. the jaundise, & exhilarates. *Apul.* It h. the stone, and liver. *Untz.* It h. the plague. so *Campeg. Mind. Chalm. Agric. Keg. Park. K.* as the female and round headed. T. is hot and dry. V. It opens obstructions

ons and h. all paines of the body, kills wormes, h. the liver, spleen, and lungs. the juice h. spots. the water h. the cies.

Vetch. *Vicia*.

P. It groweth in any soile whatsoever.

T. Fl. in May. the seed is ripe in September.

N. Βίξιν the 1. "Αραχος the wild. "Οροβος the bitter. *Ervum*.

Vetch Ger. *J. K.* as the common, bush, white flowered, wilde, and small wild rare. It's binding and dyspepticke. V. It's cacochoymick, and ingendreth a thick and melancholy blood. Hatchet vetch. *Securidica K.* as the common, lycorice, that with joynted husks, small blew flowered, small yellow, indented, horshe with the French hony suckle. T. the seeds are hot and dry. V. d. it's acceptable to the stomach, and removeth the stoppings of the intestines; so the leaves and tender crops. Ap. with hony it's thought to hinder conception. the seed of axwort openeth all the inward parts. Horshe is bitter, and operates as ax-seed. Milke vetch. *Astragalus K.* as the Portugall, Assyrian, that of Matth. and the bastard *Astragalus T.* Gal. the roots are astringent. V. It dryeth, glurinateth old ulcers, and stops the flux of the belly being boiled in wine and d. Diosc. It provoketh urine and c. milke, as also stoppeth bleeding. Kidnie vetch. *Anthyllis Leguminosa K.* as the common, and starry. T. V. they c. milke in cattle. Small yellow vetch, *Aphaca T.* Gal. is astringent as the lentill, and is eaten like it, but is of harder digestion, more drying and moderately heating. V. The seeds are astringent; and being parched, broken and boiled they stay fluxes of the belly. Bitter fitch, *Orobis T.* Is dry fine 2di. hot 10. bitter, clensing, cutting, and opening; and if too much used, it bringeth forth blood by urine. V. with hony it purgeth grosse humors out of the chest and lungs. the best is the yellow, being soaked or boiled it is more earthy, and drying with.

without manifest heat. Diosc. It causeth head-ach, and troubleth the belly. The seed being steeped and parched yields a meate fit for medicine. It looseth the belly, provoketh urine, and c. a good colour. With hony it cleanseth ulcers, taketh away freckles, sun-burning, black spots in the skin, and maketh the body faire. It stayeth running ulcers, or hard swellings & gangrenes. It softneth womens breasts, h. phagedens, carbuncles and sores of the head. Mixt with wine and ap. it h. the bitings of doggs, and venomous beasts. With vinegar it h. the strangury. Being parched and taken in the quantity of a nut it h. the atrophie. The decoction h. the itch ap. and kibes. Being boiled with cicers in fountaine water, it asswageth the swellings of the privy parts, being fomented and ap. And also h. running sores, ulcers and scurfe. Park. Common vetches ap. to the belly h. alkies, and with other things stay cankers: so the wild, Cracca. Bitter vetch. V. the parched meale h. the hiccok. Ap. with wine it h. carbuncles. taken it h. the enesmus. The mountaine wood, *Orobis Lugd.* h. the plague, poison, epilepsie and kills wormes. Hatchet vetch h. poison, expells flegme, and kills wormes the meale h. spots. Sefban dryeth the stomach.

Vine. *Vitis*.

P. In a black, loose, and moist soile.

T. It is to be pruned before the spring.

N. "Αμπελ. *Vitis vinifera*. The fruit, *Racemus*. The seeds, *Arilli*. The berry, *Acinus* The stalk, *Scapus* *uvatum*.

Vine. Ger. *K.* as the manured. T. the tender branches, and leaves doe coole and mightily bind. V. They stop bleeding. the laske, bloody flux, heart burning, heat of the stomach, or readinesse to vomit, the longing of women impregnate, the inflammation of the mouth and throat in a gargarisme: so the unripe clusters. The liquor issuing from the cut branches d. in wine h. the stone: it healeth

healeth ringwormes, scabs and leproy, the place being first anointed with nitre. it taketh away superfluous haire, and h. warts. The *stones* h. the bloody flux, laske and vomiting. The *ashes of the sticks*, and *droffe* ap. h. the piles and hard swellings of the fundament. m. with oile of rue and vinegar it h. members out of joint, and h. the bitings of venomous beasts. Ap. as a plaster it h. the paine of the spleen. The *lye* of the ashes is used in caustick remedies. *Grapes raw* trouble the belly and are windie, especially the *austere*. they are of cold and rewe juice, and c. bradypepsie. The *sweet* are hotter, lesse hurtfull, and of quicker digestion. The *stones* are dryer and binding. The *vinous grapes* are in a meane between soure and sweet. *Those of little juice* nourish most, yet descend more slowly. They are of little ill juice, lesse nourishing than figgs. They may be kept in the meale of mustard seed with muste thus. that being strewed in the bottome of any earthen pot well leaded, thereupon the fairest branches of the ripest grapes are to be laid, which must be covered with more of the aforesaid meale, and lay upon that another sort of grapes, so till the pot is full; then fill it with muste up to the brim, after which the pot being covered close set it in some cellar or or other coole place. the grapes you may take forth at your pleasure washing the powder off with faire water. *Raisins* doe moderately bind but the *austere* most, and strengthen the stomach; the *sweet* are hotter and being rid of the stones, loosen the belly. they are of thick and good nutriment, and these are the *best* that have a thin skin. the *sweet* are smoothing and moderately cleansing, they h. the chest, lungs, windpipe kidnies, bladder and stomach, concocting and allaying the sharpness of humours. they h. the liver and intrails, strengthening, resisting putrefaction and removing distempers c. by moisture and cold. *Diosc.* being chewed with pepper they purge flegme and water out of the head. In *pultrises* they h. the gout, gangreens, and mortifications. Stamped with all heale and ap they take away loose nailes. *Muste* is windie, hardly digested,

of thick juice and maketh the body soluble; *that of austere grapes* is worse and cause the stone, collick, laske, and bloody flux; also the *first* is better than the *second*. *Cute* made by boiling must to a third part is hot and thicker than wine, it loosens the belly and is not of easie distribution. It nourisheth, yet it's not good for the liver or spleen, it digesteth raw humours that stick in the chest, and raiseth them up; so h. the cough, and asthma. *Wine* by age groweth hotter and sharper, and hath airie, waterie and earthy parts, by these it becometh austere. *Gal.* It's hot 20, and if old 30, if new 10, and is dry as a medicine and h. ulcers. that which is not old, or made medicinable doth nourish and moisten, it refresheth the naturall heat, comforteth the stomach, c. appetite and concoction, h. distribution, increaseth strength, enlargeth the body and cuts flegme. It's diuretick, purifyeth the blood and c. a good colour, it h. consumptions and is analeptick. It c. mirth, boldnesse, lust and moderate sleep; if *immoderately taken* it worketh contrary. It h. against hemlock and other cold poysons, and the bitings and stings of venomous beasts, that hurt by cooling. It h. the stretching out of the sides, windie swellings, the green sicknesse dropie and cold infirmities of the stomach, liver, spleen, and matrix. the weakest is the *white wine*, pleasing to, the stomach, and lesse hurting the head and sinews than the rest. It is of quick distribution; and h. intermitting feavers. It h. concoction, digesteth humours, c. urine and sweat, provoketh sleep, and h. weariness. *Black wine* is thick, hardly dispersed, and digested, it quickly inebriates & stops the liver & spleen. It binds, nourisheth, and c. blood and flesh. *That of a light crimson red colour* is fitter for the stomach, easier digested, lesse troubleth the head, and easier descendeth than the *black*; if not ripe it bindeth the belly. the *reddish yellow wine* is in a meane between thin and thick, hot, and admitting most water. Being used it h. swooning. *Sweet* the lesse hot, the lesse it troubleth the head, and better passeth through the belly; the *thicker* the slower, and

and h. the lungs and cough, and expectorates raw humours. It hurterh the liver and spleen & those that are cholerick, but nourisheth others. *Austere wine* nourisheth little, if *thin* it's diuretick, it lesse troubleth the head, but is not quickly digested, so the more to be shunned. *Harsh wine*, the less ripe it is the neerer it cometh to the qualities of verjuice, being binding. It strengtheneth a weak stomach, h. the longing of women impregnated, it stoppeth the lask but it obstructs the liver and milt, slowly descendeth by urine, and something troubleth the head: so also old wine growe *sharp*; is also hurteth the sinews and intrails, and emaciates the body. *New wine* maketh the body swell, and windie and c. troublesome dreames, especially the *thick* and sweet: those that are in a mean decline in virtues from their extreames, and are free from their extreames, and are free from their discommmodities: and come neere in faculties to those wines whereunto they be next in *colour, tast, substance, smell, or age*. Wine is *fittest* for those that are cold and dry, as for old men &c. and waterish bodies: and those are the *best* that are fat, increasing the blood and nourishing. It *hurts* children, filling the head with vapours, heating, drying and c. to fall into extreames: it is also to be moderately taken by those of full age. *Strong wine* being allayed, h. the disquietnesse, yawnings, & shiverings, and strengtheneth the body made feeble by drinking pure wine.

Aqua vita or *ardens*, being the distilled liquor hereof, is hot and dry *fine tertii*, and is of most subtile parts. It h. those that are infrigidated by long diseases, or age, increasing naturall heate, and upholding strength: it prolongeth life quickneth senses, preserveth the memory and sharpneth the sight, and h. the catalepsie without a seaver: it h. the panting of the heart, weakness of the stomach, windinesse of the body, c. concoction and expelleth poyson. Ap. it strengtheneth the heart and senses. Being held in the mouth it h. the tooth ach, and ap. h. cold cramps. Some give it in quartans before the fit, it is to be given with wine and

and h. the apoplexie, epilepsie, megrim, old headaches, and cold vertigo's: it *hurteth* those that are hot and cholerick, being often taken it hurteth the liver and kidnies. *Æg.* the *tees* dry, wast, bind, and h. moist diseases of the body, as the chlorosis and dropsie, *drach.* 1. being taken every day fasting, provoking urine and cleansing the belly being m. with spices, diureticks, and catharticks. With oile of myrtilles, ap. *Tartar* or *Argal. Tartarum*, h. hot swellings: ap. as a *peltis* to the stomach it stops the lask & vomiting: ap. to the belly it stops the whites, it h. soft swellings, great breasts and dryeth up milk ap. with vinegar. Being *burnt* till white, *Diosc.* it becomes caustick, cleansing, heating, binding, eating, and drying, m. with rosin it takes off rough nailes. It is to be kept in a hot and dry place. The liquor that droppeth from it is called *oile of tartar*, which also is caustick and dry, it h. the leprosie, scabs, tetters, and deformities of the skin, being ap. with ceruse and rose-water, at bed time. Also *white wine* is best before meates, d. after it c. oppilations. *Clarret wine* nourisheth and warmeth, it's wholesome with meate and for those that are flegmatick. *Red wine* h. fluxes corrupteth the blood, and breedeth the stone. *Sack* is best to be drunk before meat causing digestion. *Malmsey* and the *sweet wines* taken before meat, comfort the cold and weak stomach, but *all* are to be moderately taken; else they c. relaxation of the sinewes, epilepsie and palsies: and in those of middle age; scavers, and frensies and venery, and wast the intralls. *Park.* The *verjuice* that is made of green, hard grapes, serveth to cool and refresh a faint stomach. *Begu.* The *spirit of tartar* is opening, it provoketh the menses, it h. the pallsie, jaundise dropsie, pleurisie, quinsie, and French disease. *scr.* 1. or 2, taken in a convenient liquor or water. *Cremor tartari* h. all obstructions, and the hypochondryack melancholly *drach. sem.* being d. in the decoction of capers: so the *Magisterie*, the dose *scr. sem.* or *scr. 1.* *Schrod.* it purgeth upward and downward, and h. desperate diseases, *D. gr. 5. scr. sem. Crol. tartar vitriolate*

vitriolate h. the hemicrania, stone, dropſie, the courſes ſtopt, feavers and melancholy in appropriate waters: the doſe is *ſcr. ſem.* or *ſcr. 1.* *Park. K.* as the paſſy vine V. the wild is no leſſe cooling, but more binding than the firſt, and h. laſks, hot ſtomacks, c. urine, and h. ſores. The *aſhes* are cleaſing. the *vineger* is cooling and drying, h. heate in feavers, and putrefaction, cutteth flegme, penetrath, h. the fretting ulcers and the itch; but dryeth the nerves and c. them to ſhrink. *Boorde*, *whitewine* uſed twice or thrice to the ſecrets preſently after copulation, helpeth burnings by a harlot, ſo ſack and water alſo. *Anon.* as alſo the aſhes of a linnen cloth with the yolks of eggs, anointed and put in. *Senn. Lac Virginis* h. the ſowre flegme face. *Schrad.* the eſſence of wine, is a balſame ſtrengthening nature, h. the plague in 6. howers, 12 gut being given in the begining to cauſe ſweat, it prevents epileptick fits, and expels the dead foetus; *cochl. 1.* preſently h. in difficult parturition. The *Magiſterie* turnes water into wine. *Aqua vitæ compoſita*, *Pharm. Lond.* or the compoſed *aqua vitæ* is excellent againſt the wind. Alſo its of the ſame virtues as the ſimple *cochl. 1.* may be taken alone, or mingled with common mint water. *Uſquebaſh*, h. indigeſtion c. of flegme and cold, and ſtrengthens the ſtomack. Alſo it's good againſt diſeaſes of the cheſt, mixed with hyſſop and colts foot waters. *Acetum diſtillatum*, *Pharm. Lond.* or the diſtilled vineger, is ſtronger. Alſo it's rather uſed as a menſtrum in chymicall extractions and preparations than otherwiſe and of it ſelf. It makes thin, cuts diſcoſſeth, repreſſes, cool's & in ſome measure heats. It hath all the faculties of vineger, but more uſenſe and heating. *Syrupus acetosus ſimplex* or the ſyrup of vineger ſimple, and ſimplicior, or that more ſimple, do both cut flegme and viſcous humours in the ſtomack, cool the body quench thirſt, provoke urine, and prepare the ſtomack for a vomit, *unc. ſem.* being taken at bed time, before it, to facilitate it, elſe uſe it with a liquorice ſtick. *Syrupus acetosus compoſitus* or the compounded, h. ſuffings with flegme or tough humours

humours, it opening ſtoppings of the ſtomack, liver, ſpleen and reins; it cuts and and evacuates tough flegme and choller and ſo h. ſuffings of the ſtomack. *Mel paſſulatum*, or *hony of Raiſins*, h. conſumptions, and coſtive bodies alſo its good for flegmatick bodies, and rheumatick diſeaſes. *Oxymel ſimplex*, or *ſimple oxymel*, cuts flegme and h. to facilitate vomiting. Alſo it cuts thick and clammy humours, attenuats and prepares them for expurgation. Its uſefull both in hot and cold diſeaſes; and is good for diſeaſes of the cheſt and lungs; and hinders the accumulation of groſſe juices in the body. *Sapu*, or *ſimple Rob*, is uſed to make up medicines with. Alſo it's good for ſore mouths, ſtrengthening and ſtopping the motion of the morbiſick cauſe, by it's ſtypticall roughneſs; and cleaſing away and digeſting the humours come already to the part. It's good in cleaſing ulcers in any part. It ſtrengthens a cold moiſt ſtomack, and weekened liver taken from the knives point the q. of *drach. 3.* or *unc. ſem.* in a morning, alone or with *drach. 2.* of honey of Raiſins. *Lebech è paſſalis*, or the *Lebech of Raiſins*, is good againſt coughs, conſumptions of the lungs and other evils of the breſt; and ſo is good for children; as alſo for the convulſion and epilepſie. *Electuarium paſſulatum*, or the *Electuary of Raiſins*, gently purgeth choller and melancholy, cleaſeth the reins and bladder, ſo helps the ſtone and gravell in the kidnies. Alſo it opens and frees the lungs from flegmatick humours oppreſſing the ſame; and is good againſt a cough proceeding from thin, ſharpe and acrid humours. *Liquor tartari P. L.* or *oile of tartar*, is uſed by Virgins to take the ſunburn and freckles out of the face. It takes off ruſt from iron and preſerves it right a long time. Alſo a drop or 2 of it in ſome convenient liquor opens all obſtructions. It's called *liquor liquanen*. *Tartarum vitriolatum P. L.* or *tartar vitriolatum*, is magnified by the Chymiſts as an univerſall diſſolutive, and preparative of all humours. It fixeth the volatile ſalt in mans body, provokes urine, ſtops vomiting and h. headaches by repelling vapours; the *D. gr.*

x. i. 5. or 20. in a fit water or conserve *Crystalli tartari*, or the *Crystal of tartar*, opens obstructions in all parts, *drach. sem. or scr. 2.* in broth before dinner, c. appetite & gently purges. *Schrod.* the salt of tartar volatilized, is lithontriptick, the D. is *gr. 5. 6. &c.* the oile h. the cholick, and suffocation of the womb, &c. the D. is *gr. 3. or 4. ap.* it h. the common and French scab. *Schrod.* the spirit of tartar, incides attenuates, and resolves, dissolveth and openeth obstructions of the bowels, purgeth by sweat and urine, h. the drop sic, tympanie, gout, palsie scurvy, French pox, ringwormes, scabs, spalsie from a flatulent and humorate fluid matter, nocturnal reous, coagulate and fixed, the D. is *scr. 1. to scr. 2.* the compound is more penetrating and efficacious, the vitriolate, h. obstructions of the bowels, ill colours, old fevers, or agues, and the drop sic, the D. is *scr. 1. to scr. 2.* in appropriate waters. The philosophicall of S. Cl. h. obstructions of the mesentery or gout, the D. is 4. or 6. drops in wine in retention of the termes, it provoking them in 4. times using it. The spirit of wine, is hot and dry, most penetrating, incorruptive, resists putrefaction, h. the apoplexie, and coma &c. ap. it resolves tumours, cold and scirrhus, prevents coagulation of blood in convulsions, and resolves the cruor and dissolveth. The tartarizate, or aqua philosophica, h. tartarous affections and such which are from fixt salt, as the scurvy, taltar in the hypochonders, asthma, catarrhe, obstructions of the bowels, and it provokes sleep d. with the essence of saffron. The microcosmicall opens obstructions of the bowels ap. it easeth paine. The tincture of tartar, provokes urine, h. the hypochondriacal melancholy, scurvy drop sic and other diseases and obstructions of the mesenterie and spleen, the D. is 4. drops to 8. It's washed by stirring it up and down in spring water, till it be cleare by renewing it.

White

White Vine, see Bryony.

Wild Vine, see Black Bryony.

Violet, *Viola.*

P. In gardens almost every where.

T. Fl. in March, or Aprill.

N. *Ioy. Herba violaria. Mater violarum. Melanion Theoph.*

Violet. Ger. K. as the purple garden, double, and white, with the yellow and dogs violet. T. the flowers and leaves are cold and moist. The flowers h. all inflammations, especially of the sides and lungs, also hoarseness of the chest, and roughness of the wind pipe, the extreame heat of the liver, kidneys and bladder they mitigate the heat of burning agues temper the sharpness of choller, and take away thirst. The oile is cold and moist: ap. to the testicles it c. sleep m. with the yelk of an egg, it h. the pain of the fundament and hemorrhoides, it's used in cooling clysters, and anodyne pulvises, being steeped in oile omphacine, or of sweet almonds while fresh and moist; being dry they strengthen the heart. The leaves inwardly taken do coole, moisten and loosen the belly: ap. they h. hot inflammations; ap. with barley floure after soaking with water being dried they h. a hot stomach, burning eyes, and the fundament fallen out ap. They h. surfeiting heaviness of the head; and being boiled in water, and d. they h. the squinancy; as also the epilepsie in children, and the stinging of scorpions. *Unc. 3. or 4.* of the syrup being taken at a time, loosen the belly, and purge choller. The violet tables comfort the heart and inward parts. The decoction h. hot fevers and agues in children, and the inflammation of the liver, so the juyce, syrup, or conserve. The syrup also h. the inflammation of the lungs and breast, the pleurisie, cough, and fevers and agues in children, 8, or 9. drops of oile of vitrioll being m. with *unc. 1.* of syrrop and a spoonfull given at once: it also h. burning fevers, and pestilent diseases, all inflammations of the throat, mouth, uvula squinancy and the epileptic in children. *Sagar violet* h. inflammations,

mations, roughnesse of the throat, comforts the heart, h. paines of the head and c. sleep. The leaves are used in cooling plaisters, oiles and comfortable cataplasms, and are of greater efficacy among other herbs, as mercury mallows &c. in clysters for the purposes aforesaid. *Water violet*. K. as the common and smaller leaved. T. is thought to be cold and dry. V. yet it's not used in physick. *Bulbous violet*, *Leucoium bulbosum*. K. as the timothy flowering, the early Bizantine, late flourishing many flowered and the least autumn *Leucoium*. T. V. are not yet used in physick. *Dames violet*, or *Queens gilliflowers*, with *Matronalis*. K. as the purple and russet, with the melancholy flower. T. The leaves of *dames violets* are sharp and hot in tast and faculty, like rocket. V. The distilled water of the flowers c. sweat. *Violets of Mercurie*, or *Mercuries violets*, *Viola mariana*. T. V. the root is cold and somewhat binding, and not used in physick; but only for a sallad, boiled and eaten with oile vineger and pepper. *Park*. it cures digestis, and cleanseeth fevers. *Sala*, the essence of the flowers h. the heat of the breast, liver and reines, and h. choler. *Riol*. The oile anointeth h. the diseases of innanition, with things analeptick, almond milk, jellies, &c. *Brasav*. Amongst those things that doe infrigidate the violet is the best, hating that part. *Park*. The fl. of the white dissolve swellings. The seed resists scorpions: the herb h. hot reines. *Syrup violarum*, *Pharm. Lond.* or the *Syrup of violets* c. and moistens gently, corrects the sharpnesse of choller h. hot vices of the breast, quencherh thirst in fevers, resists their heat, comforts hot stomachs, cures the liver and heart; and resists putrefaction, pestilence and poyson, and is harmlesse. The *Julep* is cooling. It tempers choller in fevers thence. It quencherh thirst and gently provokes sleep; and it may be taken for pleasure. *Mel violarum*, or hony of violets, is good for the lungs and chest. It lenifieth, scoures, cools and strengthens. Its usefull in clysters and gargarismes, and successfully used to cleanse ulcers in cold constitutions where the faculties of violets are requisite, it's more convenient

convenient then syrup of violets. *Trochisci à violis solutivi*, or the *Troches of violets solutive*, serve to loosen the body. Also they purge water and grosse phlegme, with choller they expell wind and tast well. the D. is *scr. 1.* for children that have great bellies and the wormes; the D. may be to *scr. 2.* or *drach. 1.* in labouring bodies, in case of wormes the collick, dropsie, and oppression of the lungs by flegme. They may be made into tablets and are convenient for children and nice persons to carry about. *oleum violaceum*, or the simple oile of violets cools inflammations, easech pleuresie and paines of the breast. *Schrod.* the D. of the extract of violet flowers, is *drach. 1.*

Toothed Violets, see Corall worts.

Tree Violet, see Strait or upright.

Vipers graspe. *Scorzonera*.

P. In gardens: and wild in Spaine, Germany. &c.

T. It fl. and flourisheth from May to August.

N. *Viperaria*. *Viperina*. *Serpentina*.

Vipers gras. *Ger. f.* K. as the common, dwarf, Austrian, Hungary, and narrow leaved. T. they are hot and moist as the goats beards. V. they h. against the infections of the plague, all poysons of venomous beasts, especially the bitings of vipers, the juice being drunk. It h. the infirmities of the heart, and swooning epilepsies, & vertiges. The root eaten roasted, sodden or raw, exhilarates and removeth sorrow: so the roots condited. *Park*. And expell wind out of the stomach. *Sala*, the essence h. tertian and quartane agues caused by the putrefaction of humors, the cachexy, dropsie, and French pox, &c. The dose is *scr. 1.* or *drach. 1.* *Park*. the distilled water h. obstructions, and the mother, the clarified jayce with hony dropped into the eyes cleareth them, and the blemishes thereof.

Vipers herp, see Vipers bugloss.

Virgins-bower. *Clematis*.

P. In a fruitfull soyle, in sunny places.

T. Fl. in July and Aug. the seed is ripe in Sept.

N. Κλήματις ἐτίεα, ἢ ὀμυγῆτις. *Ambuxum*.

Virgins bower. Ger. J. K. as the blew, and double flowered. T. V. are not yet used. Park. K. as the burning, &c. T. V. as the rest, is not used in physick. the other climers serve to take away the scurfe, leproy, or other deformities of the skinne. but are not to be used inwardly; yet Diosc. Gal. Plin. &c. say it was used to purge the dropsie. Matth. the water of the upright virgins-bower h. any cold griefes, the leaves pp. h. the quartan ague. the oyle thereof h. aches, cramps, and paines c. by cold, and h. the stone, and provokes urine. That of virginia tasteth like muske, with acidity, and looseth the belly. Ald. and is hypnotick.

Uvula-wort, see Throat-wort.

W.

Wake-Robin. *Arum*.

P. In woods neere ditches, under hedges, in the shadow.

T. The leaves appeare after winter, the pestil in Jan.

The berries are ripe in July.

N. Ἄρν. *Farnus*. Barba Aron. *Pes vituli*. *Colocasia*.

Wake-Robin. Ger. J. K. as the common, and Egyptian. T. the root is hot and dry 30. V. that which is most biting purgeth rough humors out of the chest and lungs, coughing. Being eaten after it's sodden twice or thrice it cureth thick humors. Diosc. the root ap. with cowes dung h. the gout. P. L. ap. it h. scurf, morpew, and clears the skin, the whitest starch is made of the root hercof, but it's hurtfull to the hands of the laundresse, chapping, blistering and making them

them rough, Arist. Aelian. Plut. Plin. the herbe is eaten by beares after their long abstinence, that it may open their hungry gut by it's windinesse. Lonic Drach. 1. of the powder of the root d. h. poisons, so the juice with vineger, also it expells the courses and secundine. Brunfels. Theop. Ich. fractures. Platear. It cureth quartan agues. Park. d. and ap. it h. the plague. the juice cleanse h. ulcers. the *fecula* is cosmerick, with the water, which is oxydorkick. the Egyptian is aphrodisiastick. *Pulvis radicum ari compositus*, Pharm. Lond. or the powder of Aran roots, compounded, is good to provoke sweat in malignant diseases, and h. against the biting of a mad dog: the D. is scr. 1. or drach. sem. with London teale, or burner, or bawm water.

Wall flowers, see Yellow stock-gillflowers.

Wallnut-tree. *Nux juglans*.

P. In fields neere high wayes, in fat high places.

T. The leaves and catkins appeare in Spring, the fruit is ripe in August.

N. Κερά. *Nux regia* & *Persica Jovis glans*.

Wallnut-tree. Ger. T. the fresh kernells of the nuts newly gathered are a little cold, of much unconcocted moisture, little nourishment, of slow digestion and descent; the dry nuts are hot and dry, the oily hurt the stomach, are hardly concocted, increase choler, c. head ach, hurt the chest, and those that have a cough. V. the nuts dry taken fasting with a figge and a little rue h. poyson, and preserve from the plague, and being much eaten expell worms. the greene nuts boiled in sugar, and eaten as a suckat, comfort the stomach, and expell poyson. The oyle of the nuts smoothen the skin, takes away scurfe, and blew markes. c. by bruises. Milke made of the kernells cooleth, and h. the appetite. With onions, oyle and hony ap. they h. the bitings of dogges or men that are raving Diosc. Eaten and ap. they h. gangrenes, carbuncles, the ægilops, and falling of the haire; so the

oyle, which is of thin parts, digesting and heating. The outward greene huskes are styptick. Gal: The juice h. the inflammations of the mouth. the leaves and first buds are somewhat binding, yet hot and dry: they are used in lotions for the body, digesting and causing sweat. Park: the juice of the outer greene huskes h. poyson, the plague or pestilentiall feavers. the distilled water thereof. with vinegar. h. the hot fits of the same. the distilled water of the leaves ap. h. fluent ulcers. The powder of the catkins d. in white wine, h. the mother. The oyle h. shrunk sinewes. the water h. the quinsy, &c. of the huskes, and h. deafnesse. the greene huskes powdered serve in stead of pepper. *Aqua juglandum composita Pharm. Lond.* or walnut water compound, seems to be invented to facilitate and provoke vomitings, and to that end may be mingled in vomits. It voides clammy flegme and choller from the stomack & adjacent parts, and opens obstructions thereof. Its good in agues green sicknesse, and epilepsies arising from the consent of the stomack. *oleum juglandinum. P. L.* or the oyle of Walnuts, heats drys, and expels wind. It dissipates swellings, and digests them through the habit of the body. It's good against the collick pain from wind or cold humours, being digestive, and drying it h. pricks of the nerves, and galled places without paine. It's very good against burnings. It may be anointed, given in clysters, or *unc.* 1. or 2. may be taken inwardly when new against gripings of the guts.

Wall wort, see Dancwort.
 Warence, see Madder.
 Water archer, see Arrow head.
 Sea wart-wort, see Sea spurge.
 Warmot, see Worm wood.
 Water nut, see Sa'igor.
 Water. wort, see Maiden haire.
 Way benner, see wall Barly.
 Way bread, see Plantain.

Way.

Wayfaring tree. *Viburnum.*

P. In hedges, in rough places, hills, and woods.

T. Fl. in summer, the berries are ripe in Aut.

N. *Viorna Ruell. Lantana. Viurna vulgi Gall.*

Wayfaring tree. Ger: T. the leaves and berries are cold, dry, and binding. V. the decoction of the leaves in gargarismes h. swellings and inflammations in the mouth, the scurvie, and fasteneth loose teeth: boiled in lie they make the haire black, being used as a bath: so the berries; the powder, stops laskes, all issues of blood, and the whites. It's reported that the bark buried in the earth and afterwards boiled and stamped maketh good bird lime for fowlers. Cam: Matth: the fruit when ripe looseth the belly. Park: the leaves with those of the olive decoct in vinegar and water h. the throat and mouth swelled by sharp rheumes, and h. the uvula fallen, and rheumes falling open the jawes.

Way-thorne, see Buck-thorne.

Way wort, see Pimpernel.

Weed wind, see Withy wind.

Welcome to our house, see Cypres spurge.

Weld, see Dyers weed.

Weyther-ney, see Feaverfew.

Wheat. *Triticum.*

P. In a fat, sunny and dry soyle.

T. It's sown in Autumne, or Spring.

N. *πυρε's.* Of the white is *Siligo*: of the bright, *Triticum lucidum.*

Wheat. Ger: K. as the white, bearded, flat, double eared, and bright. T. Gal: the hardest is most nourishing, ap. it's hot 10. not manifestly drying or moistening, also it's clammy, and stopping. V. Diosc: Being eaten raw it breedeth wormes in the belly: being chewed and ap. it h. the bitings of mad dogs. the flower boiled with hony and water, or with oyle and water, h. all inflammations. the bran boiled with strong vinegar h.

V 5

scorfe,

scurfe, and dry scales, ap. and dissolveth the beginning of hot swellings. And boiled in the decoction of rue, it slacketh the swellings in womens breasts. *Pilm*: The graines of white wheat dried browne, and the powder m. with white wine ap. h. watering eyes. the dried powder of red wheat boiled with vinegar h. the shrinking of sinewes. the meale m. with the juice of henbane and ap. h. inflammations, as St Anthonies fire, and stops the flux of humors to the joynts: paste made of the fine meale h. the hæmoptysis, a spoonfull being taken at a time. the bran boiled in sharp vinegar h. those that are scurvie and mangie ap. The leaven of wheat, heats, attracts, resolveth, concocteth, openeth all swellings, bunches, tumours, and fellons, mixed with salt. The fine flower m. with the yelk of an egge, hony, and a little saffron, doth draw, and heale boyles, &c. Take crummes of wheaten bread lib. 1. sem. barley meale *unc.* 2. fenugreek and linseed. *an. unc.* 1. the leaves of mallowes, violets, dwale, fengreene, and cotyledon *an. m.* 1. boile them in water and oyle till tender. then stampe them in a stone mortar, and adde the yelkes of 3 egges, oyle of roses and violets *an. unc.* 2. m. if there be an erysipelas, adde the juice of night shade, plantaine, and henbane *an. unc.* 2. it h. St Anthonies fire, and all inflammations very speedily. Slices of fine white bread steeped in rose water, and ap. helps sore eyes that have hot humors falling into them, and ease the paine. the oyle of wheat pressed forth betweene 2. plates of hot iron h. the chaps of the hands, feete, and fundament. c. by cold, and smootheth the skinne: used as a balsam it h. wounds, and put into salves it c. them to worke more effectually. *Turkes wheate. Frumentum turcicum.* K. as the yellow, red, and blew. T. it's oligotrophick, and nourisheth lesse than wheat, rie, barley, or oates. It bindeth the belly and descendeth slowly. *Bor. Wheat flower* with the juice of elder h. all fluxes. *Ern.* The distilled oyle of the bread thereof h. all inflammations, and gangrenes, *Park.* the leaven of wheat is magnetically the

the meale boiled with vinegar and hony h. spots in the skinne. the decoction of bran used in clysters h. the tormica and ap. h. ruptures. the starch h. fluxes. It levigates what is rough, with syrup of violets it h. coughs, wheezing and excoriations of the bowels. A Liniment of wheat meale and hony, rubbed on the armes and back, h. the wormes thereof, using a raser after it. So *Senn. Emplastrum è crusta panis, Pharm. Lond.* or the plaister of a crust of bread, mightily strengthens the braine, applyed to the crown after shaving; so the stomach. Also if applyed to it, it h. digestion, and stops vomiting and putrefaction of the meat there.

Whicken-tree, or Quick beam tree, see Wild ash, or Quicken tree.

Whinne, see Furze.

White bothen, see great daisy.

White gold, see Great daisy.

Whitelow grasse. *Paronychia?*

P. Upon stone walls, old houses, and dry walls.

T. Fl. in January and February, and fade in hot weather.

N. *παρασπονχία. Reduvia. Saxifragia Pin.*

Whitelow grasse. *Ger. K.* as the common, and jagged. T. V. It's said to be effectually to heale the disease of the nailes called a whitlow. *Ludg.* It's of thin parts, and drying without biting, so *Æg.* and serveth to digest where needfull, being hot and dry 30. yet *Dod.* saith they are uselesse as yet in medicine. *Gal.* It's of thin parts, without biting. *Park.* it's somewhat hot and sharp, and therefore not likely to worke the effects attributed to that of *Diosc.* and *Galen.*

Whitten

Whitten tree, see Water elder, or wild ash;
 White-root, see Solomons scale.
 White-thorne, see Haw thorne.
 Whit-wort, see Feaver-few.

Whortle-berries. *Vaccinia*.

P. In a barren untilled woody soyle.

T. Fl. in May. the fruit is ripe in June, the last in August.

N. Ἀμπέλως πᾶσις Theoph. sc. the black.

Whortle berries. Ger. J. K. as the black red, white, Hungarie, beare, and great round leaved. T. are cold fine secundi, and dry with a manifest astringion. the red also are cold, dry, and binding. V. the juice of the black is prepared by adding hony and sugar unto it; and h. the laske. they are good for an hot stomach, quench thirst, mitigate the heat of burning agues, stop the belly, stay vomiting, cure the bloody flux c. by choler, and h. the felonie. they are usually eaten in creame and milke. the red are lesse used, and make a carnation colour. Marsh-worts. or Fenne-berries, *Vaccinia palustria*. T. cold and dry, with a certaine thinnesse of parts, and astringion. V. they h. the heat of burning agues, and choler quench thirst, stay vomiting, c. appetite, and resist pestilent diseases: the Rob hereof is much better than the berries. Park: K. as the Spanish red, French hony sweet, taller red of Candy, and lower. V. the syrrup h. the cough, and ulcers of the lungs. the juice with allom and galls makes a purple colour, or with copper forgings and wine vinegar it dieth cloth.

Whorts, see Whortle berries.

Widdow-waile. *Chamæsa*.

P. In untilled grounds, in Italy, France, &c.

T. It's alwaies greene: the seed is ripe in Autumne.

N. Χαμαλαία. Oleago. Oleastellus. Of the fr. Coccæ Cnidium.

Widdow-waile: K. as the common: T. the leaves and fruit

fruit are very hot and burning. V. Diosc: The leaves purge flegme and choler, taken in pills. 2 parts of worme-wood being m. with one of this, and made up with hony: they h. the drop sic. the leaves m. with hony cleanse filthy ulcers. Mountaine widdow-waile. *Thymelæa*. T. the leaves and fruit of spurge flux are very hot, biting, and burning. V. Diosc: the graines purge choler, flegme, and water, 20 gr. of the inner part being d. or taken with fine flower of barley meale, or raisins; or covered with clarified hony: and stamped with nitre and vinegar c. sweat ap. the leaves are to be gathered in harvest, and dried in the shade: when used they must be beaten, and the strings taken out, so unc: 2. & drach: 2. taken in allaied wine purge waterie humors: they purge more gently boiled with lentills. the powder of the leaves may be made up into trochiskes with the juice of soure grapes, and so reserved for use. H. the herb hurteth the stomach, and ap. destroyeth the fetus. Trag: It's hot 4°. So Serap: Cuzen: ap. it h. spots of the skinn. The pills h. the drop sic.

Widdow wisse, see Greening weed.

Wilding tree, see Crab tree.

Wild savager, see Cockle.

Wild nard, see Asarum.

Williams. *Armeria*.

P. In gardens: the wilde in meadowes, &c.

T. Fl. in Aprill and May: the wilde till July.

N. Superba. *Herba Tunica*. *Caryophyllus* Sylv.

Williams. Ger: J. K. as the broad leaved, narrow leaved, and childing: with the white, and double white Johns. T. V. are not used in meate or medicine. Wilde Williams. K. as the male, and double crow flower, or *Armoraria*. T. V. are as useles as the first. so Park. K. as the spotted sweete, and double sweete Williams.

Willow.

Whitten tree, see Water elder, or wild ash;
 White root, see Solomons scale.
 White thorne, see Haw thorne.
 Whit-wort, see Feaver-few.

Whortle-berries. *Vaccinia*.

P. In a barren untilld woody soyle.

T. Fl. in May. the fruit is ripe in June, the last in August.

N. Ἀμπέλως πᾶσις Theoph. sc. the black.

Whortle berries. Ger. J. K. as the black red, white, Hungarie, beare, and great round leaved. T. are cold fine secundi, and dry with a manifest astringion. the red also are cold, dry, and binding. V. the juice of the black is prepared by adding hony and sugar unto it; and h. the laske. they are good for an hot stomach, quench thirst, mitigate the heat of burning agues, stop the belly, stay vomiting, cure the bloody flux c. by choler, and h. the felonie. they are usually eaten in creame and milke. the red are lesse used, and make a carnation colour. Marish-worts. or Fenne-berries, *Vaccinia palustria*. T. cold and dry, with a certaine thinnesse of parts, and astringion. V. they h. the heat of burning agues, and choler quench thirst, stay vomiting, c. appetite, and resist pestilent diseases: the Rob hereof is much better than the berries. Park: K. as the Spanish red, French hony sweet, taller red of Candy, and lower. V. the syrrup h. the cough, and ulcers of the lungs. the juice with allom and galls makes a purple colour, or with copper forgings and wine vinegar it dieth cloth.

Whorts, see Whortle berries.

Widdow-waile. *Chamæsa*.

P. In untilld grounds, in Italy, France, &c.

T. It's alwaies greene: the seed is ripe in Autumne.

N. χαμαλαία. Oleago. Oleastellus. Of the fr. *Cnidium*.

Widdow-waile: K. as the common: T. the leaves and

fruit are very hot and burning. V. Diosc: The leaves purge flegme and choler, taken in pills. 2 parts of wormewood being m. with one of this, and made up with hony: they h. the drop sic. the leaves m. with hony cleanse filthy ulcers. Mountaine widdow-waile. *Thymelæa*. T. the leaves and fruit of spurge flax are very hot, biting, and burning. V. Diosc: the graines purge choler, flegme, and water, 20 gr. of the inner part being d. or taken with fine flower of barley meale, or raisins; or covered with clarified hony: and stamped with nitre and vinegar c. sweat ap. the leaves are to be gathered in harvest, and dried in the shade: when used they must be beaten, and the strings taken out, so unc: 2. & drach: 2. taken in allaied wine purge waterie humors: they purge more gently boiled with lentills. the powder of the leaves may be made up into trachiskes with the juice of soure grapes, and so reserved for use. H. the herb hurteth the stomach, and ap. destroyeth the fetus. Trag: It's hot 4°. So Serap: Cuzen: ap. it h. spots of the skinn. The pills h. the drop sic.

Widdow wisse, see Greening weed.

Wilding tree, see Crab tree.

Wild savager, see Cockle.

Wild nard, see Asarum.

Williams. *Armeria*.

P. In gardens: the wilde in meadowes, &c.

T. Fl. in Aprill and May: the wilde till July.

N. Superba. *Herba Tunica*. *Caryophyllus* Sylv.

Williams. Ger: J. K. as the broad leaved, narrow leaved, and childing: with the white, and double white Johns. T. V. are not used in meate or medicine. Wilde Williams. K. as the male, and double crow flower, or *Armoraria*. T. V. are as useles as the first. so Park: K. as the spotted sweete, and double sweete Williams.

Willow.

Willow. *Salix*.

P. By rivers and ditches, almost every where.

T. Fl. in the beginning of spring.

N. *Itia*. *Vincis* Crescent. The dwarfe, *Pumila* Tab.

Willow. Ger. *J*. K. as the common, water, great round leaved, great broad leaved, English rose, low, dwarfe, and creeping dwarfe w. T. the leaves, flowers, seed, and bark are astringent, cold and dry 20. V. the leaves and bark stop the spitting of bloud and all fluxes, boiled in wine and d the branches set about the beds of those that are sick of feavers, mightily coole the heate of the aire. Diosc. the barke burnt and steeped in vineger h. cornes, &c. Gal. the juice which runneth out (the bark being slit) when the withy is in flowering, doth cleanse the eyes, & is of subtile parts. Mockwillow. *Speirea*. Therph. *Johns*. T. V. Is not used in physick. Park: *Willow* fl. *Delphinii*. T. V. Is not used in physick. Croll: the decoction of the willow used as a bath h. tabid members. For: l. 17. Obs: 10. the leaves with those of the vine strewed h. the syncope by sweating, cold water being ap. Park: The leaves d. with pepper and wine h. the collick, the water. is cosmetick and diuretick.

Willow-herb, see Loose-strife.

Sweet willow, see Gaule.

Windflower, see Anemone.

Winged wind weed, see Winged bindweed.

Wine berry see Vaccinia.

Windle straws, see Bent.

Winter gilliflower, see Wall flower.

Winter-greene. *Pyrola*.

P. It groweth in the north part of England.

T. It fl. in June and July, and groweth all the yeare.

N. *Tintinnabulum* terræ. *Limonium Cordi* & Germ.

Winter-greene. Ger: *J*. K. as the common, smaller, shrubby, and round leaved. T. It's cold 20. dry 30. V. It's

It's a most singular wound herbe d. or ap. The juice of the leaves made into an unguent with wax, oyle & turpentine h. ulcers, wounds, and fistula's mundified from their callous matter. The decoction hereof made with wine, d. h. all wounds of the intrailles: also it h. the ulcers of the kidneys, made with water, and the roots of comfrey. So *Schwenckf*: Col. the decoction h. fluxes, Park. K. as that of Europe with chickweed fl. and that of America. T. is astringent and glutinous. V. the herb boiled in wine and water stoppeth the bleeding of wounds, and h. foule ulcers, cancers, and fistula's.

Wifanck, see Indian Swallow wort.

Twig withy, see Small withy, or willow.

Withy-wind see Small bindweed, and withy,

Withy, see Willow.

Wit, see Yellow henbane.

Witch-hasel, see Elme.

Woad. *Glastrum*.

P. It groweth in fertile fields.

T. Fl. from June, to September.

N. *Isatis*. *Isatis*. *Guadam*. *Dili Arab*.

Woad. Ger. *J*. K. as the garden, and wilde. T. that of the garden is dry without sharpnesse. the wilde is more dry and sharpe. V. the decoction d. h. the stopping of the spleene, and hardnesse thereof, and h. wounds and ulcers in strong bodies. It's used also to dye, and colour cloth. Bastard woad. K. as the great, small, and bucks borne gumme succorie, *Sesamoides*. T. Gal. The seed is bitter, heating, breaking and scouring. V. ob 1. of the seed d. with meade purgeth flegme and choler, and ap. wasts knots. Park. K. as the Indian, *Anil*. V. The 1. stoppeth bleedings of all sorts. and h. phagedens, cancers, all hore inflammations, impostumes, St Anthonies fire, and schirrus's. so *Indico*.

Wood-

Wood-binde. *Periclymenum*.

P. In woods and hedges, and about bushes.

T. Fl. in May and June: the fr. is ripe in Autumn.

N. περικλῦμανον, & περιπλόκας. *Volucrum majus*.
Caprifolium. *Matrisylva*.

Wood binde. Ger. K. as the common, and Italian. T. It's hot and attenuating, sc. both the fruit and leaves and are diuretick. V. Diosc: the ripe seed dried in the shadow and drach: 1. d. for 40. daies together waster the hardnesse of the spleene, h. wearisomenesse, asthma's, hicket, and c. speedy delivery in chld bear. ing: so the leaves, and d. 30. daies together are said to c. sterility in men. the flowers steeped in oyle, and set to the sun ap. h. the cold and chilnesse of the body. The distilled water of the flowers d. h. bloody urine. A. syrrepe of the flowers d. h. the diseases of the lungs, and the spleene stopped taken with nitre. the water h. sore throates, and with the leaves boiled, or distilled with the flowers. are made remedies against cankers, and sore mouthes; also for ulcerations and scaldings in the privy parts, adding a little allom, or verdigrease if onely externally used, and the sore require greater cleansing. P. L. the flowers powdered, and drach. 1. taken in whey-wine in the morning, h. the rickets, difficulty of breathing, provokes urine, and h. such as cannot make water; but too much taken c. pissing of blood. Of right wood bind, *periclymenum rectum*. K. as the Saty, Germane, blew berried, cherry, and dwarf. T. V. as yet are not used in physick. Park. The double bonifack. V. operates as the wild, & is also excellent for wounds in the head or other parts, Turn. The seed d. expelleth bloody water. Col. The decoction of the leaves with figs, and liquorice expectoraterh flegme, the conserve h. cramps. the water cleanseth the skin. Park. K. as the dwarf. V. the water is cosmetick. The eye h. cold griefs. The great, red, upright, red and black berried are not used. The blew serveth dyers.

Blew

Blew Wood. bind, see Ladies bower.

Wood chick weed, see Wild cow wheat.

Wood march, see Sanicle.

Wood broney, see Ash.

Wood nep, see Bishops weed.

Woody-night-shade, see Bitter-sweet.

Wood roose. *Asperula*.

P. The 1 groweth almost every where, the 2d is common, the 3d in fields.

T. Fl. in June and July.

N. *Cordialis* *Stellaria* *Aspergula*. *Spergula*.

Wood-roose. Ger: J. K. as the common, and blew, with Spurrey. T. It's in a meane between heat and drincle. V. It's reported that being put into wine it exhilarates, and h. the heart and liver: it h. in wounds, as other vulnerary herbs do. *Schwenckf*: It's a cephalicke traumattick herb. The decoction thereof in baths strengtheneth the joynts. *That of Plin*: Dod, Is dry, absterfive, a little drying, and of somewhat subtile parts. The leaves ap. stop blood in wounds, and stamped with axungia h. botches. the juice h. paines of the eares. the distilled water h. the stone. *Park*. It h. the losse of appetite, and the plague, as also hard impostumes ap. so the water. *Spurry* is traumattick and fattens cattle. The seed is a phlegmagogon.

Wood-row, and wood rowell, see Wood-roose.

Wood sower, see wood sorrel.

Wood waxen, see Green weed.

Wolfs-bane. *Aconitum*.

P. On the Alpes, and mountaines of Savoy.

T. The 1 Fl. in March and Aprill: the seed is ripe in June. The 2 fl. in January: the 3 in August.

N. ἀκόνιτον. *Lycostonon*. *Cynostonon*. *Luparia*.

Wolfs-bane. Ger: K. as the broad leaved, and mountain. *Thora waldens*. T. It is the most poysonfome of all

all the wolves-banes, and exceedeth *napellus*. V. these that are wounded with arrowes dipped herein, are reported to dye remediesse within halfe an houre after. *Winter Wolfes-bane. Aconitum hyemale*. T. Is hot and dry 40. and very dangerous. V. It scarce hath it's antidote. *Cam*: Yet the water dropped into the eyes h. their paine and burning, and h. the bitings of serpents and maketh them senselesse untill they touch the white hellebor. *Mithridate wolfes-bane, Anthora*. T. the root is very bitter, and an enemy to all poysons. V. It purgeth out waterie and slimie humours, and expelleth wormes: also the q. of a beane c. vomiting d. in brook or wine. *Guainer*: the root h. against the plague given with dittany, and is an antidote to *Thora*. *Yellow wolfes-bane. Aconitum ponticum luteum*. T. Is deadly V. It is used with raw flesh to kill wolves. the other wolfes-banes. K. as the larkes beele, small blew, and rough larkes beele. T. are deadly, hot and dry 40. V. It's most poysonous: the antidote, see in Helmet-flower. *Park*: *Anthora* h. the collick c. by winde. *Senn*: the antidote to aconite is wormewood wine, or cock broth, rue, and mithridate with vomiting. *Mac*: Organic, and long birthwort, &c. *Jo*: Or the decoction of dill with butter. *Park*: K. as the late fl. and early, with the bending. V. The juice boiled with axungia killeth lice, the lye h. scurf. *Doronicum* is cordiall; it h. the breast, and hot eyes. the *Austrian* h. the vertigo. *That of Germany*, c. the counter and h. the mother, and against the sea hare, the bitings of the shrew, opium, tormina, cramp's, stone, and foot and the fl. c. sneezing.

Wolfs claw, see Mosse-club.
 Wolfes-fists, see Fusse balls.
 Wolfes thistle, see Chamæleon.
 Wollen, see Mullein.
 Worme-grasse, see Stone-crop.
 Wormer-seed, see Holy Worm-wood.
 English Wormer seed, see Cameline, or Tower
 mustard.

Worms

Wormewood. *Absinthium*.

On bankes, rockes, mountaines and in untilld places.
 The fl. and seede are ripe in July and August.

Ἀψινθιον. Εὐδώνικον Diosc. That of the sea,
Seriphium.

Wormewood. *Ger*: K. as the broad leaved, and small
 stick. T. Is hot 20. bitter, cleansing, binding, and
 enghening. V. It h. weake cholerick stomackes,
 cleanseth and purgeth. It preventeth and h. surseits,
 h. long agues and removeth obstructions of the liver,
 and cleanseth by urine. It h. vomiting of bloud from
 the spleene, and the tympanie: it expelleth wormes d.
 ap. resists putrefaction, it h. a stinking breath, and
 preserves from mothes, and gnats. It's good in *pulvises*,
 and fomentations to bind and dry. *Diosc*: It h. winde,
 and paines of the stomack and belly, with sceli and
 trench spikenard. the decoction or infusion h. the yellow
 jaundise drunk thrice a day 10 or 12 spoonefulls at a
 time. It h. them that are strangled with mushroomes d.
 with vinegar: and d. with wine it h. the poyson of
 hemlock, the bitings of the shrew mouse, and sea
 dragon. ap. with hony and water it h. the inflamma-
 tions of the throat; with water it h. night wheales, and
 with hony the markes of bruises, as also dimme eyes,
 and mattering eares. *Cam*. the flowers with rosemary,
 &c. of each a small q. and a little saffron boiled in
 wine and d. h. the jaundise, the body being first purg-
 ed. *Austrian wormewood. Absinthium tenui folium Austri-*
um. T. is bitter, hot and dry &c. as the first. V. and
 operates as the first Sea wormewood. *Absinthium mari-*
mum. K. as the white, and creeping. T. Is hot and dry;
 not lesse than the first V. *Diosc*. Being taken alone, or
 boiled with rice, and eaten with hony, it killeth
 wormes, and looseth the belly. the juice d. with wine
 dissisteth the poyson of hemlock. the leaves stamped
 with figgs, salt-peter, and the meale of darnel, and ap.
 the belly, sides, or flankes, h. the drop sic, and such
 are splenerick. as also all inflammations, and heat of
 the stomack and liver, and exceedeth the common
 worme-

all the wolves-banes, and exceedeth *napellus*. V. those that are wounded with arrowes dipped herein, are reported to dye remediless within halfe an houre after. *Winter Wolves-bane*. *Aconitum hyemale*. T. Is hot and dry 40. and very dangerous. V. It scarce hath it's antidote. *Cam*: Yet the water dropped into the eyes h. their paine and burning, and h. the bitings of serpents, and maketh them senselesse untill they touch the white hellebor. *Mithridate wolves-bane*, *Anthora*, T. the root is very bitter, and an enemy to all poysons. V. It purgeth out waterie and slimie humours, and expelleth wormes: also the q. of a beane c. vomiting d. in broth or wine. *Guainer*: the root h. against the plague given with dittany, and is an antidote to *Thora*. *Yellow wolfe-bane*. *Aconitum ponticum luteum*. T. Is deadly V. It's used with raw flesh to kill wolves. the other wolfe-banes. K. as the larkes heele, small blew, and rough larkes heele. T. are deadly, hot and dry 40. V. It's most poysonsome: the antidote, see in Helmet-flower. *Park*: *Anthora* h. the collick c. by winde. *Senn*: the antidote to aconite is wormewood wine, or cock broth, rue, and mithridate with vomiting. *Mac*: Organic, and long birthwort, &c. *Jo*: Or the decoction of dill with butter. *Park*: K. as the late fl. and early, with the bending. V. The juice boiled with axungia killeth lice, the lye h. scurfs. *Doronicum* is cordiall; it h. the breast, and hot eyes. the *Austrian* h. the vertigo. *That of Germany*, c. the courtes, and h. the mother, and against the sea hare, the biting of the shrew, opium, tormina, cramp's, stone, and fores: and the fl. c. sneezing.

Wolfs claw, see Mosse club.

Wolfs-fists, see Fussle balls.

Wolfs thistle, see Chamæleon.

Wollen, see Mullein.

Worme-grasse, see Stone-crop.

Wormer-seed, see Holy Worm-wood.

English Wormer seed, see Cameline, or Towers mustard.

Worme-

Wormewood. *Absinthium*.

P. On bankes, rockes, mountaines and in untilled places.

T. The fl. and seede are ripe in July and August.

N. Ἀψινθιον. Εἰθύπικρον Diosc. That of the sea, *Seriphium*.

Worme wood. *Ger*: K. as the broad leaved, and small pontick. T. Is hot 20. bitter, cleansing, binding, and strengthening. V. It h. weake cholerick stomackes, cleanseth and purgeth. It preventeth and h. surseits. It h. long agues and removeth obstructions of the liver, and cleanseth by urine. It h. vomiting of bloud from the spleene, and the tympanie: it expelleth wormes d. and ap. resists putrefaction, it h. a stinking breath, and preserves from mothes, and gnats. It's good in pultises, and fomentations to bind and dry. *Diosc*: It h. winde, and paines of the stomack and belly, with sceli and French spikenard. the decoction or infusion h. the yellow jaundise drunk thrice a day 10 or 12 spoonefulls at a time. It h. them that are strangled with mushroomes d. with vinegar: and d. with wine it h. the poyson of iuxia, hemlock, the bitings of the shrew mouse, and sea dragon. ap. with hony and water it h. the inflammations of the throat; with water it h. night wheales, and with hony the markes of bruises, as also dimme eyes, and mattering eares. *Cam*. the flowers with rosemary, floss, of each a small q. and a little saffron boiled in wine and d. h. the jaundise, the body being first purged. *Austrian wormewood*. *Absinthium tenuifolium Austriacum*. T. is bitter, hot and dry &c. as the first. V. and operates as the first *Sea wormewood*. *Absinthium maritimum*. K. as the white, and creeping. T. Is hot and dry; but lesse than the first V. *Diosc*. Being taken alone, or boiled with rice, and eaten with hony, it killeth wormes, and looseth the belly. the juice d. with wine resisteth the poyson of hemlock. the leaves stamped with figgs, salt-peter, and the meale of darnel, and ap. to the belly, sides, or flanks, h. the drop sic, and such as are splenetick. as also all inflammations, and heat of the stomack and liver, and exceedeth the common worme-

wormewood. It feedeth cattle. and keepeth cloathes from moths being laid among them. *Holy wormewood. Sementina.* V. the seed is very bitter, hot and dry. V. It kills and expelleth wormes. m. with *aloe succotrina* and ap. to the navell of children it worketh the same effect. the other worme-woods. K. as the white, that of *Aegypt*, the unsavory and small lavender cotton. T. the 1 is hot, and somewhat dry. the third is little hot or scouring. V. these are not used in physick where the others may be had, being wilde and degenerate. *Borell: Cent. 1. Obs. 41.* the syrupe of wormewood taken with the powder of rubarbe, doth gently purge, kill wormes, h. the appetite, and corroborate a cold stomacke. *Hart.* The oyle, spirit, or wine thereof h. belchings. *Schrod.* It's stomachick, splenetick, opening, atenuating, astringent, discutient, sudorifick, antifebrick, and hypnotick; ap. it's acoustick, and c. watchings, and roborates the ventricle. *Schwenck. p. 50.* It's an amethyst or h. drunkenness. *Mef:* the Roman, is hot 10. dry 20. partly nitrous and purging, partly terrene and styptick. *Riv: Cent: 1. Obs: 16. Scri: 1.* of the salt with a spoonefull of the juice of limmons h. vomiting in malignant fevers. *Myl:* all sorts h. the stomach. *Riv: Cent: 2. Obs: 69.* the syrupe of both wormewoods with agrimony and the smaller centory taken twice a day h. the inflammation of the body. *Park:* K as the fine leaved Austrian, white tufted, and that with fine leaves. V. It h. the toothach, and quinsy ap. and long sickness d, with cummin seed it h. winde, the seed h. fluxes, and ap. h. the itch. That of the sea is weaker. *Ern.* the oyle of wormwood seed, h. deafness put in and quartan agues, the D. is gr. 15. *Spiritus & aqua absinthii minus composita, Pharm: Lond.* or the Spirit and water of wormwood of the lesser composition, is of the same virtue as wormwood; but its to be used by cold bodies; and it healeth the body and h. digestion. Also it's good for such as are subject to the dropsie, cachexie jaundise and swelling of the legs, being alliated with cichory and fennel-water simply distilled: and mingled with tansie-water, it will prevent the breeding

of wormes in the stomach or guts. *Spir. & aq. absinthii, magis composita*, or the greater composition, heats the stomach and strengthens it and the lungs. It expels wind, and h. digestion in old people. Also it hath the virtues of the former; and is good also against a stinking breath and cold and moist distempers of the braine, being tempered with common betony water. It is good to cheer hypochondriacall persons, being tempered with a good q of borage, buglosse, and bawm-waters; and it h. a weak sight, from a cold and moist cause. *Bayf.* It stops vomiting, kills wormes, h. the toothach, and cures fevers, the D. is drach. 2. or unc. sem. viz. of the water. *Vinum absinthetis, P. L.* or wormwood wine, h. cold stomachs, breaks wind, h. the chollick, strengthens the stomach, kills wormes, and h. the green sicknesse, a draught being taken in the morning. Also it hath the same virtue as the spirit and water of worm wood. A cup may be taken before meate to procure appetite; and it prevents the dropsie and cachexie. *Syrugus de absinthio simplex, P. L.* or syrup of wormwood simple, is of the nature of the herb. *Syr. de absinth. compositus*, or that compounded, h. cold and slegmatick stomachs, strengtheneth the stomach and liver, concoction digestion and appetite. It h. the yellow jaundise, breaks wind, and purgeth humours by urine: the D. is cochl. 1. *Trochisci de absinthio, P. L.* or the Troches of wormwood, much strengthen the stomach, h. obstructions of the belly and bowels, strengthen digestion, opens the liver h. the yellow jaundise; water and choller, the D. is drach 1. in the morning. *Oleum de absinthio P. L.* or the oile of wormwood moderately heats and strengthens the stomach being anointed with it. It procures appetite, opens obstructions, furthers digestion, and kills wormes. Also it heats and strengthens all parts, as stomach, liver, spleen, and h. dropsies, and cachexies from coldness and weakness of the intrailles. It digests crude humours in the stomach, dissipates wind anointed on the stomach and belly; and so h. chollick fits, and shaking of agues along the back, before the fit. *Oleum absinth.*

absinth. Chym. P.L. or the *Chymicall oile of wormewood*, makes a pleasant drink, 1, or 2. drops being put into a glasse of white wine and sugar; which strengthens the stomach and liver, c. appetite and a good colour, expels wind, moves urine prevents the drop sic, and h. hypochondriacall melancholy: to use it drop a drop or 2 or three into a piece of refined sugar, letting it soake into it, then melt the sugar in the wine, and mix it.

Doria's Wound wort. Herba Doria.

P. About the brinks of rivers neere Narbone in France.

T. Fl. in gardens about the 12th of June.

N. *Herba aurea. Panax Chironium Theoph. Tab.*

Doria's Wound. wort. T. The roots are sweet in smell, and hot 30. V. Drach: 2. of the roots boiled in wine and d. draw downe waterish humors, and provoke urine: also it is used in medicines that expell poyson. *Johnst.* It's of the same faculty, with *Solidago*, and *Virga aurea*, and so used. *Casulp.* It's used against vipers and other creeping things, d. in wine and ap. with oile; also it h. old ulcers and womens fluxes *Dal. T. V.* It's like *Saracens confound. Park. K.* as that of *America. V.* the 1. of the *panax Chironium* of *Theophrastus*, used with hony h. excrescencies in the flesh, killeth mothes, and is aromaticall.

Wound-tree. *Negundo. **

P. They grow in *Malabar.*

T. In the night they have a white froth on the back side.

N. The male is called *Varolo Nigundo*, the other *Niergundo.*

Wound tree *Park. K.* as the male and female. T. the leaves of both, smell and tast like sage but are more sharp and bitter, the fruit cometh neere the tast of ginger. V. The leaves flowers and fruit bruised and boiled in

in water or oile are usually ap. to all diseases by the vulgar sort; but especially to all joynt aches, tumours and contusions. The leaves ap. digest old ulcers; and cleanse and cicatrize the same, the body being first purged. Women use the decoction to cause conception. The leave of the other wound tree of the Indians called *Nimbo*, are somewhat bitter, but wholesome being mixed with a little juice of limmons. It digesterh healeth and skinneth fistulous ulcers. The juice kills wormes. The oyle h. the sinewes.

Wound-wort, see *Confound.*

Wymot, see *Marsh mallow.*

Y.

Yarrow. *Millefolium.*

P. In dry pastures and meadows: the yellow in a fat soile.

T. Fl. from May to November: the yellow till August.

N. *Στεγανώτης ὁ χιλιόφυλλος. Achillea. Militaris. Supercilium veneris. Acrum.*

Yarrow. Ger. K. as the common and red: T. Gal. It's like the iron worts, sc. cleansing, meanly cold, but chiefly binding. V. the leaves close up wounds and keep them from inflammation, they stop blood are used in Baths. They stop lasks, and d. h. the bloody flux. The green leaves chewed h. the toothach: and being put into the nose c. it to bleed and h. the megrim. It h. the excoriation of the genitalls c. by the gonorrhoea, the juyce or decoction being injected with a syringe; and inflammations, the leaves being applyed with hogs grease warme. Drach 1. of the powder of the herb d. in wine h. the chollick. The yellow with *Achille's* yarrow. T. Is cold & somewhat binding V. It h. bleeding, new and old ulcers, green wounds, and fistula's. Water yarrow. K. as the common crowfoot fennel leaved, hood-

booded with the water and smaller leaved water violet.
 T. Water yarrow is cold and dry. *Diosc.* ap. with vinegar it h. inflammations in green wounds, and with vinegar and salt d. h. bruises by falls. Water violet is thought to be cold and dry, yet is not used in physick.
Euch. The r. stoppereth the menses. *Untz.* it h. the plague: so *Droet.* *Crat.* *Schwenckf.* *Kegl.* *Park.* K as the white Candy. V. The r. h. fistulas the juice h. the rednesse of the eyes The oyle h. the shedding of the haire. decoct in wine and d. it h. the retention of the stomach, and h. the ague. *Matth.* The powder with boie armonack d. in milk h. the pissing of blood. The r. chewed h. the toothach. *Lang.* the juice rubbed on with oyle c. curled haire, and to grow with honey. That of the water h. the iteury and teeth.

Yellow yarrow, see Milfoile.

Yew tree. *Taxus.*

P. It groweth in church yards planted, &c.

T. Its green a'l the yeare: fl. in May.

N. ΜΙΛΘ. *Theoph.* Σμύλαξ *Diosc.* Κάντ.Θ. *Gal:* *Smilax arbor.*

Yew tree. *Ger.* Is venemous in most countries. *Johns.* yet not this in England. *Lonic.* The same thereof killerh mice. Some affirme that the berries thereof loosen the belly, and fatten foule. *Lob.* the berries c. fluxes. *Schwenckf.* The wood rasped and d. h. the bitings of mad doggs. The juice h. the bitings of vipers. The Spanish is deadly: that of *Silesia* is without hurt. *Senn.* the antidote is wormewood wine, the root of gentian or juniper berries with oxymel *Mac.* also syrrop of citrons. so *Jb.* The flux is stopped by sealed earth, &c. *Park.* *Diosc.* it's cold: *Matth.* but rather hot: the berries causing feavers.

Yoke elme, see Horne beame tree.

Youth wort, see Sundew.

Yron head, see Knap-weed.

Yuca, see Bread of India.

Zedoarie

Zedoarie. *Zedoaria.* *

P. It groweth in the woods of Malavar in the Indies.

T. The time is not observed.

N. *Zedseg.* *Zerumbeth Arab.* *Zurumba.* *Geiduar Garc.*

Zedoarie. *Johns.* T. is hot and dry 20. It discusseth flatulencies, and impinguates by an occult quality. It dissipates and amends the ungratefull smell which garlick, onions, or too much wine infect the breath withall, if it be eaten after them. It cures the bites and stings of venemous creatures, stops laskes, resolves the abscesses of the wombe, staies vomiting, and h. the collick, and paine of the stomach. It kills all sorts of wormes, and is used in antidotes against the plague, and other contagious diseases: *Untz.* *Ruel.* *Raland.* *Dur.* *Joub.* *Vall.* *Huhn.* *Ulsad.* *Hart.* The oyle thereof d. h. paines of the stomach c. by cold, as also the collick c. by vitreous flegme, 3 or 4 drops being d. *Ern.* it h. bitings, tumours, and ulcers, it h. the cough and corroborates, it h. evill vapours, it strengthens the spirits, h. wounds. it cleanseh the lungs, h. the flux, colick, and asthma's and stinck of the mouth it nourisheth, concocts, strenthens the heart and sight, kills wormes, and preserves the foetus. *Park.* It h. delusions of theume, & catarrhes. *Park.* K. as the long and round V. it h. the flux of the belly, resistis poyson, and warmes a cold stomach.

X

A N

APPENDIX

Concerning such Trees, Shrubbs, Plants and Fruits, which grow in the East and West Indies &c. Shewing their Temperature, Vertues, Use and Danger.

Almonds of Peru, *Amigdalæ Peruvianæ*. Ger. T. V. are of the *tast* of common almonds.

Anacardium, or *Bean of Malaca*. and *Gaious*. T. the *oile of the fruit* is hot and dry 40, it's caustick and corroding. V. it taketh away warts, breaketh impostumes h. the leproy, alopecia. and the tooth ach being put into the hollownes thereof. The people of Malavar use the same oile mixt with chalke to mark any thing with, and will never be taken out. The *kernell* steeped in whay and taken, helps those that are asthmatick. Drunk *green* it kills wormes. The fruit burnt causeth sport by it's cracklings and lightnings, & with all yeildeth various and strange colours. *Mel anacardinum*, *Pharm. Lond.* or the honey of *anacardinum*, operates as the fruit.

Arara. T. V. looseth the belly, the decoction helpeth malignant ulcers.

Baruce. T. V. is emetick, and cathartick.

Indian morrice bells, *Abovay Theveti*. T. V. The *kernels* are venomous, and used as poyson, and serve to envenome arrowes with, the *shells* being filled with stones serve the Indians instead of bells in their dances.

Beretinus. T. V. the *meale* serveth for food made into bread &c.

Cocculus Indi. T. the *berries* are bitter. V. They are

an *apoplegmatisme*, and kill lice, the powder being strewed among the haire. Mixt with flower hony and crumms of bread, they inebriate fish.

Colaphonia *Schrod.* T. heateth, dryeth, mollifyeth, and gleweth. V. it hath also the vertues of rosins, but is lesse penetrable being dissolved by fat things, it's good in plaisters. *Joust.* the *officinate* is of an oily substance, yellowish dry crumbling; and the *best* is pelucid and sweet.

Cropior. T. V. is used by the savages amongst their tobacco to h. the head-ach.

Cubibs, *Cabeza*. T. are hot and dry *initio 3ⁱⁱⁱ*. V. and h. the cold and moist effects of the stomack, and flatulencies. They cleanse the breast of rough humours, and help the spleen, hoarsenesse and cold effects of the womb. *Chewed* with mastick they draw flegme from the head, heat and comfort the braine: the Indians use them macerated in wine to excite venery.

Cunane. T. V. being *rosted* on the coles and eaten it helps the headach.

Fagara. *Avic.* T. is hot and dry 30. V. it helps the cold stomack and liver: it's peptick and styptick.

The fruit of Higuerro T. V. may be eaten.

Orukoria. T. V. the juice dropped in cureth wounds.

Quince dates, *Gucciophera* T. V. are uselesse.

The Sackell date. *Palma saccifera*. T. V. the *kernells* tast like pulse.

Wool bearing tree, *Arbor lanifera*. T. V. it beareth woolly matter serving to stuffe cushions &c.

American quince melon tree, *Corcopali*. *Park.* T. V. the kernels evacuate evill humours.

Amomum. T. is hot, binding, drying, hypnotick and anodine. V. ap. to the head it helps heat, inflammations, and impostumes: also those that are stung by scorpions: with basil it helps the gout & collick caused of wind. Three or four of the *seeds* swallowed h. the mother. It helpeth the liver and reins and is an *antidote*.

Strange Aniseed-like seed of the Indies, *Anisum exoticum* Phillip. Insul. T. V. is not used.

Asa foetida, or *Lasar*, T. V. h. the mother, stomach, and windiness, and causeth venery.

Bdellium. T. V. healeth, molifieth, and helpeth nodes and all hard swellings. Ap. it's diuretick, lithontriptick and bechick. It helpeth stings of Serpents pains of the sides, & is carminative it h. ruptures, molifieth & dryeth the mother, & draweth forth the dead child. *Pilula de bdellio*, Pharm. Lond. Mes. or, the pills of *bdellium*, stop great fluxes of the courses and hemorrhoids, and heale their ulcers, whites, spitting of blood, and rheum, the D. is drach. 1. scr. 4. *Unguentum de bdellio*, or the ointment of *bdellium*, is excellent against palsies, wry murtheres, the epilepsie, and other cold affections of the nerves. Also it h. all old diseases of the brain, and nerves, palsies, cramps, epilepsies, anointed on the seames of the head, nape of the neck, and whole back-bone; and the wind chollick anointed upon the belly. Note *bdellium* is the gum of a Backerian tree: and the best is bitter, cleare, like glue, fat within and easily softened. so *Joust*.

Een, *Behen*. T. V. is hot and moist 10. comforteth the heart, and causeth venery.

Benjamin. *Benzoin*. T. V. serveth onely for perfumes. *Begu*. the flowers h. the affections of the breast, and swellings. the D. is gr. 3. to scr. sem. *Schrod*. the oile h. wounds. *Joust*. its the gum of a great east Indie tree.

Dry pitch of India. *Bitumen Judaicum*. T. V. dissolvet tumors and molifieth them, helps inflammations, rising of the mother and the epilepsie being burnt. Drunk in wine it moves the courses with *castoreum*: it helpeth the bitings of serpents, paine of the sides and hips, and dissolveth congealed blood. *Petroleum* or the oile of Peter is very hot: ap. it helpeth cold aches, and wound with the oile of *S. Johns's wort*.

Brasill tree, *Arbor Brasilia*. serveth dyers, and to make ink of.

Bread tree, *Arbor farinifera* of Ternate. T. V. beareth

beareth in the top (which is like a cabbage) fine meale, with which and some water and sugar the inhabitants make a pleasant food.

Camfire, *Camphora*. T. V. It cooleth all hot distempers, helps paines of the head, & fluxes applyed with the juice of house-leek. It helpeth venery and resists putrefaction. It's used in antidotes and fucus's. *Trochisci de camphora*, Pharm. Lond: or the *Troches of camphire*. h. burning feaver, the heat of blood and choller, as also hot distempers of the stomach and liver, and great thirst. they h. the yellow jaundise, phiticks and hectic feavers, and may be used as those of barberries: also they may be usefully mixed in medicaments against the pestilence, and all other malignant diseases. they h. spitting of blood, dysenteries, great flux of the whites, and gonorrhæa, the D. is scr. 1. to drach. sem. or scr. 2. the alexiterie essence h. the plague, feavers and suffocation of the matrix, the D. is gut. 2. the oile hath the virtue of camphire, h. gangreens toothach, and is cosmetick: the *succineum*, is diaphoretick in malignant feavers, the D. is 6. or 8 drops in a proper liquor. Note camfire is the gum of a certaine tall tree.

Caranna. T. V. h. all cold aches & swellings in the nerves & joynts; Ap. to the temples it h. all defluxions, and the toothach; as *tacamahaca* applyed like mastick.

Carthagenas purging root *Radix quimbaya*. T. V. Drach. 3. of the infusion purge very gently, like *rubarb* saith *Petrus Cieca*.

Chast making tree, *Arbor venereos stimulos domans*. T. V. being burned, the fume is thought by the Indians to make impotent.

Cokar nut, as the Indian, *Nux Indica Cocos ference*. T. V. this helps macilent bodies, and increaseth sperme, and h. hornesse: the oile that is pressed out of it serves for lamps, and to eat with rice: that which is made by boiling them serveth for a gentle purgation. the other helps hardness & shrinkings of the sinews: the milke serveth in stead of drink, the kernell of that *Maldiva* helps poysons and pestilentiall diseases, gr. 10.

being taken in powder ; so the *shell*. It also h. the pal-
sic epilepsie and collick, and other diseases of the head
and nerves. It helpeth feavers and cachexies. *scr. 2.*
taken h. childbirth.

Cokus. T. is diureticall. V. and h. the stone in the
bladder.

Diamond fashioned chesnut gourd, *Jaca* or *jaca*. T.
the *fruits* are harsh and windie and being roasted are
venerious. V. the pulp is dyspeptick.

Discoloured small indian nut, *Areca*. T. V. the wa-
ter h. hot fluxes.

Dugge tree, *Mamoera*. T. V. yeildeth a fruit which
serveth to loosen the belly : and the *male* beareth none,
if not planted by the *female*.

The fountain tree of water, *Arbor aquam fundens* *Garcia*
When the sun shineth there seemeth to be a mist about
it: the *black* sends forth water pleasant to drink.

Galanga. T. V. helpeth cold weake stomachs, tor-
mina, the mother, disury, stone, excrescencies in the
bladder, causeth sweet breath and h. the moist braine,
palpitation of the heart, and wind collick.

Genipar, *twining American peach*. T. V. the fruit of
that which is not edible is used by the Savages to colour
their bodies with, when going to solemne meetings.

Guacarane, or *Indian pile wort*. T. V. it helpeth the
falling down of the piles decoct and applyed, as also
aches and paines of the body the powder being applyed
with rosin helps small wounds.

Gum ammoniack, from the tree *Metopion*. *Schrod.* T. is
hot 2°. dry 1°. it mollifies, attenuates, resolves, digests,
maturates, attracts much, draws out thornes, moveth
the belly, and is splenetick. V. It h. paines of the
joynts, resolves, the tartareous viscous and thick muc-
lage of the lungs, mesenteries, great obstructions of
the spleen, liver and womb. It h. the stone: outwardly
it h. scirrhous hard knots of the joynts, scrophula's,
and resolveth other hard tumours the D. is *scr. 1.*
to dra b. 1, to the distilled oile and the Resinous extract;
but the viscous lenifies the trachæa, and thickens thin
catarrhs.

catarrhs. *Emplastrum ex ammoniaco*, P. L. or the plai-
ster of amoniacum, h. hardnesse of the side, or spleen,
and paines, &c. if applyed ; as also hard swellings, and
humours. *Cerotum*, or, its *cerecloth*, doth the like. Also
castwages, swellings, ripens or breaks them, and easeth
their paine ; also it opens obstructions of the liver
and spleen, softens their swellings, and prevents drop-
sies. Also the *plaster* so mollifyeth, that, it will dissolve
hard strong knobs growing upon the joynts of the fin-
gers or toes and other parts. applyed to the hypochon-
dries it removes obstructions about the liver and
spleen used to the kidnies, it brings down gravel stones
and urine used to the region of the bladder, and the
courses to the womb. used to the breast it opens its
obstructions dissolves clotted flegme, and h. shortness
of breath, *Syrupus de amoniaco*, or the syrup of amonia-
cum, cools the liver, opens its obstructions, and those
of the spleen, h. old surseits, and the like, as the itch,
leprosie, and scab, and heat. the D. is *unc. 1.*

Gum anime of the west. T. V. helpeth defluxions
of rume from the head, and other diseases of the head
caused by cold, the headach also and megrim, the fume
taken causeth sleep comforteth and warmeth the head
&c, so applyed. It helpeth cold and weak sinewes,
comforteth the cold stomach, and dissolveth winde.
It is hot 2°, and moist 1°. The west Indie rosins, as that
of Carthage, help wounds. *Liquor Ambia* applyed helps
cold diseases and wind.

Gum caucamum, *Schrod.* T. V. is splenetick, emme-
novagogick, and ophthalmick; some use it in suffiments,
and its somewhat like myrrh. *Foult.* and taken from an
Arabian tree.

Gum Copal. T. is hot 20. moist 10, and hath some
waterie parts. V. it resolves swellings and helpeth
wounds. *Schrod.* so the oyle.

Gum Elemi. *Gummi Elemi*. T. V. h. wounds & fra-
ctures of the skull. Applyed it h. the tooth ach caused
by rheum *Linimentum gummi elemi*, *Pharm: Lond.* or the
liniment of gum elemi, h. wounds & ulcers of the head

& all if not too purulent in any part. It gently clenseth and filleth up an ulcer with flesh, it being mild and agreeable to the body. *Emplastrum gummi elemi*, P. L. or the plaister of gum elemi, is of a heating: softning, digesting, dissolving, concocting faculty, it c. suppuration asswages paine, is excellent in wounds of the head and in ulcers if not favinus in any part of the body. It gently cleaneth, & filleth up an ulcer with flesh being mild and frendly. Also it operates as *Arceus's linimen*. *Brug.* which is a soveraigne balme in all wounds especially of the head where it doth meerly of it self all the intention of healing, the flux of blood being first stayed; it digesting, mundifying, incarnating, cicatrizing, defending from accidents, and being very anodyne: and mixed with other unguents, it may be applyed to painful ulcers and fistula's. Also it heales wounds without danger if festering, and fills hollow ulcers with flesh, being first cleansed. It h. pain in ulcers, & speedily over spreads the cicatrix or scar. *Schrod.* the distilled oil as the rosin is specificall in affections of the nerves, palsies and spasme.

Gutta Gamanda, or Geman, *Schrod.* T. purgeth upwards and down wards, especially serose and watery humours, and h. all leading of vitious humours in the whole body; therefore its often used, in the drop sickeaver itch, and scabs &c. the D. is gr. v. to 14. and that corrected by the spirit of vitriol, from gr. 15. to 20. *S. Closs.* the *magisterie* purgeth serose and aqueous humours. Note it's taken from an indian *Ricinus*.

Herb Coca, *Herba Coca*. T. V. the leaves mixt with the powder of burnt oyster shells made into troffes, serve the Americans in stead of meat and drink in their journeyes, being held in the mouth.

Herb of life or love, *Herba viva*. T. V. is said by *Acofta* to cause amity.

Indian All heale. bloud sweating plant, *Panacea Indica faguinalis*. T. V. the juice anointed on the arteries causeth sweate, and helpeth all diseases.

Small

Small Indian Apples, *Mala Indica*, *Bor Acofta*. T. are binding. V. and help the flux.

Furrowed tart indian Apples, *Carambolus*. T. are sharp. V. and help cholerick agues their juice helps the web in the eye.

Indian Bindweed, *Betre* or *Betele*. T. V. strengthens the head and stomack, comforts the heart, and expelleth wind: it fastens the teeth and perfumes the breath.

Indian Chesnut *Leucoma*. T. V. the fruit is pleasant, yet a little astringent.

Indian Caustick barley, *Cevadilla*. T. V. it exceedeth sublimate. It killeth wormes bred in ulcers, & clenseth stinking sores. If it be too sharp the rents maybe dipped in water of roses or plantaines: it's used also for sores of the breast. the seed is hot 4°.

Indian Dreamer, *Bangue*. T. V. the leaves, juyce and seed cause appetite and venery; nutmegs, cloves, camfire musk, or amber being added: and cause sleep.

Indian earthenut. *Mambi fortè Brasilianorum*. T. the fruit dryeth and strengtheneth the stomack, if much eaten it causeth headach and heavinesse.

Indian fortune teller of life and death, *Herba prænunciants*. T. V. if it be held in the hand it causeth mirth if the party be like to live, else sadness, saith *Monardus*.

Indian hony tree *Vhebebasou*, is deligh:full unto bees in which they make their hony and wax.

Indian olives, *Jam bolains*. T. are harsh and binding. V. and cause appetite.

Indian plantaine for the stone, *Paico herba*. T. is hot and bitter. V. the powder taken in wine h. the collick and stones so boiled and applyed.

Indian prickly coddled tree. *Spinosa herba*. T. V. preserveth from the venome of the scorpion. the powder taken into the nostrills h. the megrim, spaine, and epilepsie, the quantity of two pepper cornes being used at a time: the quantity of a chick pease taken in wine helpeth the collick and quartan ague, and is an antidote.

Indiad rupture wort, *Herba Indica ad rupturas*.
X 5

miliu. T. V. ap. with a trusse it helps the rupture, without any other remedy.

Indian spikenard. T. Is hot and dry and diuretick. V. It stoppeth fluxes, & helpeth the loathing of meat, & heart burning; also it healeth swellings, & easeth & cureth the stone in the reines, and the Kings evill. the *bath* hereof helpeth inflammations of the mother; and causeth haire to grow on the eye lids, and is used in *antidotes*.

Indian trasie roots *Coceras Indorum*. T.V. strengthen the stomach, and c. the headach.

John the Infants herb. *Herba Johannis infantis* T.V. Helps wounds stops bleeding and helps punctures: the powder digesteth, cleanseth and healeth.

The Iron hearted tree of Java major, *Arbor metro sideros*. T. V. is uselesse.

A Lettuce of Peru for the tooth ach, *Lactuca sylvestris pumila*. T. V. Applied, sc. the decoction helpeth the paine.

Liquid amber T. V. applyed helps paines of cold, it warmeth the stomach, causeth appetite, mollifieth tumours, and opens the courses. It's hot fere 30, moist 10. Note, it is the gum of a west Indie tree called *Ocosoti*.

Manna T. is hot and moist. V. it purgeth choller, the grained also quencheth thirst and helps hoarseness, nauseousness, and costiveness drunk in broths. *Schrod.* the spirit is sudorificall in pestilentiall feavers and the common, the D. is to *cochl.* 1. Note it's taken from the Ash in Calabria, about the rising of the dog starc.

Melon thistle of America, *Melo Carduus Amer.* T. V. the fruit quencheth thirst, and helpeth the heat of the stomach.

Mullucca pine kernels, *Pinei nuclei Moluccani*. T. the kernels (two being taken without the skins in a clyster) purge the the sciatica, and tough humours in the bowrth of a chicken, dysury, and asthma. Applied they help tetter, and are caustick,

Momba-

Mombazas antidote, *Faalim Theveti*. T.V. it helpeth the bitings of serpents; as of the *Alesah*.

Mungo, or Indian coriander seed. T. helps agues the decoction being taken: it's cold to fit for such uses.

Muske, *Moschus*. T.V. comforts the heart, exhilarateth, helpeth the passions of the heart, warmeth the braine, and causeth venery.

Myrrhe, *Myrrha*. T. is hot and dry 20. V. it helpeth wounds in the head, it's bitter and killeth wormes in the belly, and the living child and expelleth the dead, it is binding and h. ulcers of the eyes. It h. old coughs and shortness of breath as also hoarseness, paines of the sides, lask, and and rhumatick distillations. It moveth the courses and mollifieth the matrix, it h. the shiverings in agues being taken two houres before the fit in the quantity of *drach.* 1. of muskadine, or a pill thereof with treacle. It preserveth from the pestilence and poyson, helps a stinking breath, fasteneth the teeth, helps sheeding of the haire, and with *lalanum* and the wine of myrrles it helps wattringeies, and taketh away the cataract. It covereth naked bones with flesh. Applied it helps wrinkles in the face, the *fume* being taken from a hot pan before bed time 5 dayes together. *Trochisci de myrrha*, *Pharm: Lond.* or the *Troches of myrrh*, provoke the termes easily, the D. is *drach.* 1. in the syrup of mugwort, &c. also they open obstructions expell wind, move urine, bring away gravel, hinder putrefaction of humours, & provoke men to generation. *Oleum myrrha P. L.* or the oyle of myrrh, preserves any thing from putrefaction anointed with it & makes the face faire & youthfull. Also it helps the wasting of the gums anointed thereon, & fastens loose teeth. It helps coughs & hoarseness anointed warme upon the chest; & paine of the sides, on the sides. It kills wormes and h. a stinking breath, upon the belly and stomach: it scoures ulcers and fills them. It heats, dries, opens, and softens the womb, and provokes the birth and after-birth, used on the region of the womb. *Oleum myrrhe per deliquium*, *P. L.* or the oyle, or *Liquor of myrrh*, beautifieth the skin,

skin. *unc. sem.* being taken with sugar candy by a licorice stick, h. hoarsness. it stops the gonorrhoea and whites being given in *unc. 2.* or *3.* of red rose water, or of plantaine water, or in a cup of claret for some mornings together, after generall remedies, or in a cup of aligant if much weakened thereby. *Oleum myrrhæ chym. P. L.* or the chymicall oile of myrrh, keeps wounds & all things from putrefaction, makes the face faire and youthfull, quickly cures wounds, and deafness dropped into the yeares. Note myrrh is the gum of an Arabian tree. like the Egyptian thorn.

The poor mans chirurgy, *Herba Molucana, Brungara gradua. T. V.* the bruised leaver boiled in oile & strained with a little wax, and made into an ointment help all sores, especially of the leggs: or the inner barke roasted with the oile of an Indian nut, rowled in the leaves applyed: it easeth all paines, stops fluxes, and helps punctures of the nerves.

Purging beanes, *Faba purgatrices T. V.* Being roasted they purge upwards and downwards chollier and flegme, help the collick and expell wind; and are often put into clygers for the same purpose.

Sensitive plant, *Herba sensibilis. T. V.* contracteth itselfe being touched. The stalkes have the smell and taste of lyquorice, and are used by the natives to help the cough, shortness of breath & hoarsness, it also expellorates flegme, it helps paines of the stone in the reins, and helpeth wounds. Applyed it causeth sleep. It's astringent helps fluxes, tertian agues and inflammations of the eyes.

Scythian Lamb, *Vgnus Scyth.* After it hath fed on all the grass about it, it dyeth.

Shrinking shrub, *Herba impatiens. T. V.* is uselesse.

The second Snake wood of *Acosta. T. V.* being powdered and taken in wine or water it h. the bitings of any venomous beast, It helpeth tertian and quotidian agues, weake stomachs, pantings of the heart, swoonings and stinking breath. It's called *lignum columbicum. Schrod.* the D. of the extract is *scr. 1.*

Soot, *Fuligo, Schrod. T.* is sharp, extersive, and not often used alone, V. country women drink it against the suffocation of the matrix; and apply it outwardly with other things against the agues or seaver. The Spirit and oile are great strengtheners, and mightily cherish those that are ill: the D. of the spirit is *gr. 6.* to *scr. sem.* of the oile, *gr. 2.* or *3.* in wine, or some other convenient liquor. The salt, h. exulcerated cankers, if dissolved in a cellore, and used often it drawing the venenosity visibly, the oile consolidates the wound in *5.* or *6.* days ap. so *Hartm. in pract.*

The tree against the stone of Hispaniola, *Lignum Nephriticum. T.* the infusion is hot and dry 10. V. it helpeth the stone, dysury, and obstructions of the liver and spleen, drunk.

Tacamahaca. *Tacamahac. T. V.* ap. to the navell it retaineth the mother in its place: applyed it helpeth tumours of the spleen, and helpeth all tumors griefs and paines caused of cold, raw and windie humours used plaister wise. Ap. to the stomach with a third part of storax, a little amber grieve and wax it strengtheneth it: also it helpeth digestion, causeth appetite, and dissolveth wind. It helpeth the headach, the braine and memory, and all defluxions applyed to the temples, or put into the eare in a nodule. It helpeth all running humours and paines thereby as the sciatica &c. It helpeth punctures, wounds, hindreth spasmes, and is a remedy in most outward cold griefs. T. it's hot *initio 3ⁱⁱⁱ*, dry 20. with much astringition. The pure & cleare is the best, of a whitish brown colour. of a sharp scent and quickly consuming into smoke being cast upon the coales. *Joust.* its the gum of a certaine tree growing in new Spaine.

Tettar tree *Pacal of the west Indies. T. V.* the ashes of the wood mixt with a little sope applyed help tetter, ringwormes, and spreading ulcers in any part of the body.

Totocka Americana Peruana. T. V. The kernells cause venery.

Tree like reed. *Canna Ingens Manbu dista*. T. V. The leaves used inwardly or outwardly help heate, hot chollerick fluxes and agues that come of choller, temper and binde them.

The Turks berry drink, *Arbor bon*. T. V. The fruit is called *Buna* The decoction of which, *caova* serveth them for drink, which strengtheneth the stomach, helps digestion, and opens the obstructed liver and spleen, and provokes the menses.

Vomiting nut, *Nux vomica*. T. V. killeth beasts it being eaten. Three or foure graines taken inwardly cause sweat, and expell pestilentiall vapors from the heart.

Walking leaves, *Arbor foliis ambulanti*. it seemeth to creep on the ground, and being touched it will presently move it selfe.

White nuts, *Curcus*. T. V. cause sperme, and the collick.

Agiaholid. *Albin*. T. the leaves are acid, with a little astringtion. V. The leaves are used to kill wormes in Children.

Bahobab. T. is acid. V. It's used with sugar to temper heat, as also to help hot diseases, and all putrid feavers; especialy the pestilent, so the powder of the pulp: which also helpeth the spitting of bloud, the lycntery, dysentery, hepatick flux, and stops the menses.

Bammia. T. the leaves and fruit, are cold and moist 10, resolving and emollient. V. It h. the breast, and lungs, and looseth the belly: the leaves applyed help inflammations, mitrigate paine, soften tumors, concoct and suppurate. The bath hereof helps the hardnesse of the womb. The decoction drunk with sugar helpeth the inflammation of the reines, and stone: and applyed helpeth the ophthalmie and pleurisie.

Ban: T. the water thereof doth exiccate, and is alexipharmick and cardiack. V. It helps pestilent feavers. the infusion or decoction of the flowers helps the headach, causeth strength, resists poyson, and putrefaction, and helps all feavers.

Beidelsar: T. V. The leaves stamped and applied help cold

cold tumours and paines. the milke is caustick and depilatorie, therefore used to take off the haire from skinnes. It also dissolveth the body. Applied it helps tetters and evill affections of the skinne.

Melochia. T. Is little nutritive, of viscid juice and obstructive. V. The decoction helps the breast by it's moisture, therefore with sugar it helps dry coughs, and the dyspnœa drach: 2. of the seed are a panchymagogon.

Sesban: T. the seed is dry and corroborating. V. It stops fluxes.

Cortex Jesueticus. *Jesuites bark*. T. V. hath been much used, against agues, see *Sassafras* or *Ague tree*.

Cortex Winteranus. *winters cinnamon*, *Clus*. T. Is sharpe. V. It helps the Scurvy. *P. L.* being used as an ordinary spice, or drach. *sem* taken in the morning in any convenient: the powder snuffed up in the nose doth excellently cleanse the head of rhume.

Radix Drakena. *Drakesroot*. T. Is alexipharmick. V. It strengtheneth the heart and vitall faculties, the powder thereof being drunk in wine. Drunk in water it helpeth the heat of feavers, and cometh neere in vertues to the alexipharmick root of *Monardes*.

Avacari *Garc*. T. is binding. V. it helpeth inveterate dysenteries caused by cold.

Cerandas. T. V. the fruit pickled helps the appetite.

Mangas. T. the fruit is cold and dry. V. The stones help fluxes, the kernells when fresh kill wormes.

Negundo, Nimbo. T. are hot. V. the decoction of the sprigs helps contusions, the leaves applyed help wounds, the juice being drunk helps conception. Chewed, the leaves sweeten the breath, and are a little sharpe.

Ambare, *Acost*. *Gristly plum of India*. T. V. the fruit causeth appetite, and helps against bilious humors.

Carcapuli, *Indian yellow oranges of Molavar*. T. are styprick. V. they help the appetite, the juice applyed helps the dimnesse of the eyes. the powder of the fruit expells the secundine, increaseth milke and facilitates the birth,

Charamei, purging cornered *haskell nuts*. T. V. the decoction with saunders helpeth against feavers. the fruit helpeth the appetite. the bark purgeth.

Iambos, Blood red and bluish peares of India. T. V. the fruit with sugar helps thirst in bilious feavers.

Jangomas Ind: Services. T. V. the fr. is astringent.

Fructus sub terra nascens Monard T. Is of a gratefull taste. V. It dryeth, and roborateth the ventricle; yet being much eaten, it causeth the headach.

Guayavas. West Indian bay plumme. T. the fruit is gratefull to the pallate, cold, and eupeptick. V. being green it helps the fluxes of the belly, being very astringent: when ripe it loosenseth the belly, and is most wholesome when in a meane: and helps those that are feverish. the decoction of the leaves serveth to wash swollen leggs withall; and to remove the obstruction of the spleene.

Herba renibus utilis. T. V. It helpeth the diseases of the kidnies caused of heate, applied with the rose unguent. the juice applied helpeth inflammations, and paines.

Pinipinichi. T. the milke is hot and dry 30. V. 3 or 4 drops drunk purge choler and water.

Ambayba de Laet. T. V. the inner barke applied helpeth greene wounds.

Caaobetinga. T. V. the root and leaves stamped and applied helpe wounds: so *Cobaura*, & *Camara Catimba*.

Cupayba. T. V. the oyle is traumattick, and cicatrizing.

Embeguaca. T. V. the barke being bruised and cast upon burning coales, yeeldeth a fume which stoppeth fluxes of bloud, especially in women.

Jambig: T. V. Helpeth the diseases of the liver and stone.

Janipaba. T. the fruit is styptick. V. It helpeth the dysenterie, the juice serveth in stead of ink: applied it doth constipate, and harden the body: being taken whilst the fruit is immature.

Igpecaya. T. V. It helpeth the dysentery, the infusion of the root being taken.

Karovata

Karovata Brasil. T. the juice of the fruit hath a starr-pish sweetnesse, and is acceptable to the pallate. V. It's usefull in feavers, and helpeth the scurvy.

Murtilla of Chile. T. the fruit is betwixt sharp and sweet, hot, and dry. V. the liquor thereof is like wine, acceptable to the pallate, and gratefull to the stomach. It digesterh the suprefluous humours of the body, especially of the head, and helpeth the appetite.

Ombu of Brasil. T. the roots are sweet, yet wholesome, and cooling. V. It helpeth feavers and hot diseases.

Tyroqui. T. V. the root helpeth the dysentery, and killeth wormes.

Ananas sylv. Lugd: wild Indian Pine. T. the fruit is sweet, with a certaine austere astringion. V. unc: 6, or 8, of the juice of the plant taken in the morning with sugar, help the heat of the liver, and reines, and exulceration thereof bloody urine, and excoriation of the privities, the diabetes, and erysipelas.

Ebenus. T. Is hot, extersive, and of thin parts. V. It's used in collyries, and helpeth fluxions: so *Diosc*.

Guanabanus Scalig. Ethiopian soure gourd. T. the pulp is sharp. V. and helpeth putrid feavers. the powder helpeth hot fluxes.

Hyvourahe. T. V. the decoction of the barke drunk for 15, or 20 daies helpeth the French pox, and other diseases caused of cold and pituitour humours, with a thin diet.

Penoabsou. Apple bearing poysonous almondtree. T. V. The nuts are traumattick.

Perebecenue. T. V. A handfull of the plant decoct in water, to the consumption of 3 parts, and applied helpeth all ulcers without griefe.

Sargaco. T. V. Is thought to help the dysury.

Morgsani Syrorum. T. V. Serveth to kill and expell wormes.

Adarce, Baud. T. Is caustick. V. Applied it helpeth freckles, and may be mixed in outward heating remedies only.

Aguicat.

Aguacat. T. Is sweet and fat. *V.* and strengtheneth to venery.

Agul Arab. T. The leaves are hot and dry. *V.* An handfull of the leaves decoct is a purge.

Arbor Manicongo V. the wine thereof is sweet, and becomes vinegar when stale. *V.* and then it helpeth the stone.

Arbor violarum Indica. T. V. Is used in stead of violets.

Azadaracheni arbor. T. Is hot 30. and dry fine primi. *V.* It opens the obstructions of the head, and lengtheneth the haire with wine. the fruit is hurtfull, the bark helpeth the collick, and flegmatick feavers; but it's not good to use it inwardly.

Brindones Indici. T. Are very acid. *V.* the bark serveth to make vinegar of.

Cortex antirheumaticus. T. V. the powder as an emolument helpeth catarrhes, and heavinesse of the head.

Cola fructus ad sitim. T. V. It strengthens the stomach, and helpeth thirst. the oyle applied with sanders helpeth feavers.

Duriones Acofta. T. Are humid. *V.* the surfeiting with which is helped by applying the leafe of Betele to the stomach.

Durtoa. T. V. the powder being taken in meat or drinke causeth sleepe and foolishnesse.

Eraway. T. V. Is a vehement purge, and helpeth very many diseases.

Garb Maurorum. T. V. Operates as willow.

Herba Cassiana. T. V. the drinke thereof preserveth from hunger and thirst 24 houres.

Herba Cohobba. T. V. taken in the nostrills it inebriates.

Herba be la Rotta. T. V. dissolveth clotted milke.

Hobus. T. V. the water of the topps and bark strengtheneth the leggs, and is colmerick: the fruit is wholesome and of easie digestion.

Nux Henden: T. Is dry, and moderately cold. *V.* It helpeth

helpeth tetter, and restraineth heat and the flux of blood, and causeth venery.

Palma Ady. T. V. the oyle of the fruit resisteth hunger, and lassitude applyed.

Sarcocolla Sarcocol T. Is hot 20. lesse dry, concocting, cleansing, opening, digesting, glutinating, and purging grosse humours. *V.* It helpeth the cough, impinguates, and is spermatick. Note, its the gum of a certain trees in persis, growing like a smal tower, so youst.

Sel Serapionis. T. Hath the vertue of ginger, it's hot 30. moist 10. *V.* it attenuates thick humors, and helpeth hardened nerves.

Zatarendi herba. T. V. It helpeth the cough, difficulty of breathing, and provoketh urine and the menses.

Mexican plants, &c. 1 the aromaticall.

Eare-flower, Xochinacaztlis, Flos auriculae Nuv: Hisp: Recchi. T. Is hot initio 4ti, dry ferè 30. *V.* the flower taken in water, discusseth flatulencies, extenuates flegme, and heateth, and comforteth the heart: as also a cold and weake stomach.

Anet tree, Hoitziloxith, Anethina. T. Is hot & dry ferè 30. *V.* the leaves bruised and applyed help the cold fits of agues. the decoction of the bark provoketh sweat and urine, openeth obstructions, cureth quartane agues, provoketh the termes, strengtheneth the heart, discusseth tumours, helps surseits, & strengtheneth the stomach also the fume thereof helps the stings of serpents.

Black flower, Tlilxochitl, Flos niger, Aracus aromaticus. T. the cods thereof are hot 30. *V.* Being drunk in water, they provoke urine and the termes with other remedies. they expell the dead child and secundine, warme and strengthen the stomock, help flatulencies, concoct crude humours and extenuates the same. they strengthen the braine and wombe, and help cold poysons.

Diureticall red, Axixtlacatl, Virga diuretica. T. the flowers are sharp: the root (which is chiefly used) is odoriferous, of thin parts, hot and dry 20. *V.* Being stamped

stamped and applyed they draw forth things fixed in the flesh. *Drach: 3.* thereof drunk expell the urine, and helpe the collick, spots in the face, and scabs in the heads of children, or in any part of the body. It helps feavers, lesseneth the spleene, easeth paine, and with other remedies discusseth flatulencies, helps the stomach and dropsie, and discusseth tumours.

Launce-leaf'd tree, *Hoitzxochitl, Arbor lonchifolia*. T. the flower is hot and dry 20. and very astringent, first seeming sweet, and then bitter. V. Drunk it helps the diseases of the wombe, corroborateth the heart, and serverth in stead of saffron in meates. the fruit relented in water and taken into the nostrills helps the paines of the head, and paines of the teeth being applyed thereunto.

Launceleaf'd plant, *Xtlaellacocotl, Herba lonchifolia*. T. the root is hot and dry, odoriferous, resinous and of subtile parts. V. the root stamped and drunk in the quantity of *drach: 3.* doth wonderfully help aches and paines.

Cinamon bindweed, *Cacalic tlacopatlis, Convolvulus cinnamomeus*. T. Is hot and dry. V. *Unc: sem:* taken evacuates urine, and helps the cold fits of quartane agues. Also it helpeth the dropsie, and grief of the stomach. It reduceth the wombe, and cureth the convulsion taken in wine, and helps the inflammation of the eyes.

Sage-leaved Hucuuiro, *Hucuuiro salvifolia*. T. Is hot and dry. V. It helpeth the griefe of the stomach and belly, it evacuates flegme and choler by vomit applyed hot.

Birth-wort of Mexico, *Tomahuaellacopatlis, Aristl: Mex.* T. the root is somewhat bitter, hot fere 30. odoriferous, resinous, and astringent. V. Applyed it helps tumours, aches, and the cold fits of agues. It strengtheneth the heart, stomach and braine, it cleanseeth the breast and stomach, and stops the flux.

Caninga-tree, *Arbor caninga*. T. the bark is hot and dry fere 40. sharpe, of the taste of cloves. V. It purg-

eth

eth the blood, and resists poyson, it helps paines of the belly, and discusseth flatulencies. The decoction helpeth the griefes of the joynts caused by cold.

Clove root, *Xtle huayopatlis, Radix Caryophyllae*. T. the root is hot and dry 30. sharp, and odoriferous. V. It serverth instead of cloves. The bark of the stock is lesse hot, and a little bitter, the leaves lesse. *Drach. 2.* of the barke of the stock pounded and drunk help the dysenterie.

Gumbearing-tree, *Copal quahuatl, Arbor gummifera copallifera*. T. The gumme Copall is hot fere 30. dry, astringent, and discutient. V. The sume thereof, as also the stock and root helpeth the headach caused by cold, as also all other diseases arising there from, and humidie, and the suffocation of the matrice.

Chilli-tree, *Holquahuatl, Arbor chilli*. T. The barke is hot 30. and a little lubricous. V. the decoction helpeth the dysentery. the gum evacuateth urine, cleanseeth the wombe, and applied helpeth sterility. It cureth the diarrhoea: used in meates it impinguates, it causeth venery, and helpeth the collick. Being applyed to the fundament it attracteth the excrements; it helpeth thirst and paines, being burnt it discusseth the argema.

Indian liquid amber tree. *Xochiocotzo quahuatl, arbor liquidambari Indici*. T. The liquor is hot 30. and dry, so the barke. V. that being taken with tobacco strengtheneth head, stomach, & heart, it causeth sleepe, and helpeth the headache caused by cold, Used alone it discusseth humours, and easeth the paines, the oyle is discutient, concocting and strengthening.

Bloud tree, *Ezquahuatl, Sanguinis arbor*. T. The juyce is cold and astringent. V. It strengtheneth the teeth, stoppeth fluxes, and operates like *sanguis draconis*.

Night-flower, *Tohualxochitl, Flos nocturnus*. T. Is hot and dry 20. and bitter. V. applyed it discusseth tumors, or bringeth to maturation and breaketh them, drunk in water it causeth sweate, and looseth the belly. the powder applyed helps ulcers, the scabbe and leproy, also it helps resolutions, and diseases of the matrice: the

leaves

leaves having the juice pressed out, fried, and eaten cleanse the body, and impinguate the same. Also applied they prevent vaine seares, and help the syncope.

Fire tree, *Quauhilepatli*, *Arbor ignea*. T. The milke thereof is of a burning nature. V. the Indians take 4 ob. to purge pituitous and cachecticke humours, it also helpeth the French pox and drop sic of a cold cause applied to the navell. Also it helpeth the leprosie, scab, and ringwormes. Drach: 2. taken are a present remedy for intermitting feavers.

Stinking tree, *Quauhyac*, *Arbor fœtida*. T. The barke is astringent, and of an ill savour: it is hot and dry. V. it stops the flux, and causeth sweat. the juice taken into the nostrills is prarmick, purgeth the head, and helpeth feavers, and the headache.

Hairy flower, *Xiloxachitl*, *Flos capillaceus*. T. Is cold sc. the bark, almost without sapor or odour. V. It helps the ulcers of the gums, taken in water it expells urine, and cleanseth the reins and bladder.

Vomiting tree, *Tlalamatl*, *Arbor vomitoria*. T. is cold, astringent, and glutinous. V. the leaves bruised and a pugill taken in water, evacuates all humours gently, and without trouble; the roots applied help ulcers.

Dyers tree, *Achiotl*, *Medicina tingendo apta*. T. It's cold 30. and somewhat dry and binding. V. The seed drunk helps the heat of feavers, and dysenteries, and applied repellerh tumours, and is mixed with remedies for the like purposes. It helpeth the toothache of a hot cause, it corroborateth, and evacuates urine, it helpeth thirst, and is used in stead of saffron. the graines being boiled in water, and mixed with rosin it helps the scab and ulcers: it corroborates the stomach, stops the belly, and causeth milke.

Sande apple, *Xalxochotl*, *Pomum arenosum*. T. is hot and dry, especially the outmost part, it's of pleasant and not altogether bad nutriment. V. Some say it helpeth concoction and heateth the stomach debilitated by cold. The leaves are acid, astringent, and very odoriferous, and helpe the scab. The bark is cold, dry and astringent.

astringent. the decoction thereof helps the swellings of the leggs, and fistulous ulcers: it also helps deafenesse and paines of the belly, having also some calid parts.

Plant Cachos, *Cachos*. T. The seed is of a pleasant sapor. V. It provoketh urine, dissolveth the stone, and expellerh gravell, being taken in some convenient water, which also is affirmed by *Monardes*.

Horne bearing tree, *Hoitzinamaxalli*, *Arbor cornigera*. T. the leaves are almost without sapor. V. They resist poyson and the stings of serpents, being bruised and applied within 6 houres they attract all the venome. the powder of the eggs of the pismires that are within the hornes, or the juice of the leaves put into the eares helps the paine thereof, as also the toothache.

Crackling tree, *Quauhtlatlatzin*, *Arbor crepitans*. T. The kernells are moderately hot. V. two whereof being taken, without the skinnes, purge all humors, both upwards and downewards, especially flegme and choller, and are a secure and fit remedy for diseases that arise from cold: being meanelly torried, dissolved in water, and drunk in the morning.

Cachizapotl. T. The fruit is of a gratefull taste, but not of a very good nourishment, the barke of the tree is dry and a little sweet with a little bitternesse. V. The leaves stamped help the breasts of nurses, and the diarrhoas of children. The stones burnt and powdered help putrid ulcers. The apples eaten cause sleep.

Oke like butter fruit bearing tree, *Ahuaca quahuatl*, *Arbor querciformis butyraceo fructu*. T. The flower is at, the leaves odoriferous, hot, and dry 20. the apples are hot, acceptable, and not altogether of bad nutriment, but fat, and moist, also aphrodisiastick and venereous. The oyle of the kernells is like that of bitter almonds in odour, colour, and faculty. V. It helps retters and markes in the skinnes, and by a certaine astringion it helpeth the dyscutery, and prevents the cleaving or fissures of the haire.

Anona tree, *Quautzapotl*, *Anona*. T. The kernells are arulent, and not of very good juice. V. The kernells are

are flatulent, and not of very good juice. V. the kernells of the apple helpe the diarrhoea. the kernells of that which is cathartick, taken in number, 10. or 12. do gently purge flegme and choller.

Muske cucumber-tree, *Quauhxilottl, Arbor cucumeris moschati*. T. Is hot and dry 10. V. the decoction of the leaves helpe deafnesse caused by cold, being dropped into the eares.

Snakejaw-tree, *Coacamachillis, Maxilla colubri*. T. the leaves are astringent, sweet and a little glutinous, moderately hot. V. the leaves applyed helpe the paines of the French disease and tensions.

Bloud stopping tree, *Tlapalezpatli, Fluentis sanguinis medicina*. T. Is cold, dry, and a little astringent. V. the barke stoppeth the belly, and the decoction thereof expelleth urine, and stoppeth the flux of bloud.

Bitter bloud sweating-tree, *Chicbieltlapalezquahuill, Arbor rubri sanguinis amara, Sanguiflua*. T. Is hot, glutinous, resinous, odoriferous and astringent. V. the barke of the stock being stamped drunk in the quantity of ob: 6. in water, helpeth the hæmoptysis or spitting of bloud, and helpeth the inflammation of the eies,

Bitoncus. T. The root is hot and dry 30. a little bitter, odoriferous and sharpe. V. It corroborateth lax members and the stomacke, it strengthneth the head. It is a little astringent, yet it purgeth gently.

Aire headed tree, *Tzrpilat, Caput aure*. T. the kernells of the fruit are bitter, hot 30. V. They helpe the breast. the oleaginous liquor thereof is emollient, and operates like the oyle of bitter almonds, it dissolvethe tumors, helps the cough: taken into the nostrills it purgeth the head, and helps ulcers. the oyle of the fruit doth lenifie, and cleare the faces of women.

Crow-flower, *Cocaloxochitl, Flos corvini*. T. Is cold and conglutinating. V. Applyed it helpeth the paines of the breast caused by heate. Drach: 2. of the pulpe or pith thereof being taken cleanse the stomack and intestines.

Cordiall tree, *Cocus quahuill, Arbor cordiaca*. T. Is cold

cold and dry. V. unc. sem. of the juice taken twice every day helps the syncope, and lassitude.

Feather like-flower, *Thuixochitl, Flos pennas avium referens*. T. The leaves are cold and astringent. V. They help seavers, and cure fluxes.

Burning tree, *Tetlatia, Arbor urens*. T. The milke is burning and exulcerating. the bark is cold and dry. V. the decoction of the bark drunk helps the paines of the joynts. Drunk and applied it helpeth the scab, and diarrhoea: the milke helps the leprosie, ringwormes and other maladies of the skinne. It dryeth and cureth inveterate ulcers. Drach: 2. of the barke powdered and taken loosen the belly.

Bearded-flower, *Tlacoxiloxochitl, Flos barbatus*. T. The bark of the root is sharpe, hot 30: dry, astringent, and a little glutinous. V. the flowers stamped, mixt with water and instilled, help, the griefes of the eyes. They restraine inflammations, consume superfluous flesh, and help the argemata. the decoction or infusion of the root stops the flux of bloud and dysenterie, and helpeth the decayed appetite. Some say also that it lenifieth the breast, looseth the belly, expelleth choller by vomit, and helpeth the cough.

Red haired shrub, *Tlacoxochitl, Capilli rubei*. T. the root is bitter, odoriferous, hot and dry 30. V. the decoction thereof helpeth the dysenterie, and grieve of the joynts.

Hoximo. T. is sharpe, hot and dry 30. V. the bark of the root powdered and drach: 1. taken purgeth all humours, but especially the pituitous, and dissipateth buboes.

Febrifuge-shrub, *Tzxicpatlis, Frutex febrifuga*. T. the bark of the root is exceeding cold. V. the root (having the bark taken off) being powdered and drunk helps seavers. so the decoction thereof, and helps all cold distempers, and exceedeth all plants of the same country herein.

Hanging water-herbe *Atlat xopillin, Aquosa herba apensa*. T. the root is cold 10. moist, and salivous. V. the

are flatulent, and not of very good juice. V. the kernells of the apple helpe the diarrhoea. the kernells of that which is cathartick, taken in number, 10. or 12. do gently purge flegme and choller.

Muske cucumber-tree, *Quauhxilolli*, *Arbor cucumeris moschati*. T. Is hot and dry 10. V. the decoction of the leaves helpe deafnesse caused by cold, being dropped into the eares.

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Bloud stopping tree, *Tlapalezpatli*, *Fluentis sanguinis medicina*. T. Is cold, dry, and a little astringent. V. the barke stoppeth the belly, and the decoction thereof expelleth urine, and stoppeth the flux of bloud.

Bitter bloud sweating-tree, *Chicbi*, *Tlapalez quahuill*, *Arbor rubri sanguinis amara*, *Sanguiflua*. T. Is hot, glutinous, resinous, odoriferous and astringent. V. the barke of the stock being stamped drunk in the quantity of *ob*: 6. in water, helpeth the hæmoptysis or spitting of bloud, and helpeth the inflammation of the eies.

Bitonus. T. The root is hot and dry 30. a little bitter, odoriferous and sharpe. V. It corroborateth laxe members and the stomacke, it strengthneth the head. It is a little astringent, yet it purgeth gently.

Aire headed tree, *Tzrpilil*, *Caput aurs*. T. the kernells of the fruit are bitter, hot 30. V. They helpe the breast. the oleaginous liquor thereof is emollient, and operates like the oyle of bitter almonds, it dissolvethe tumors, helps the cough: taken into the nostrills it purgeth the head, and helps ulcers. the oyle of the fruit doth lenifie, and cleare the faces of women.

Crow-flower, *Cocaloxochitl*, *Flos corvinus*. T. Is cold and conglutinating. V. Applyed it helpeth the paines of the breast caused by heate. *Drach*: 2. of the pulpe or pith thereof being taken cleanse the stomack and intestines.

Cordiall tree, *Cocus quahuill*, *Arbor cordiaca*. T. Is

cold and dry. V. *unc. sem.* of the juice taken twice every day helps the syncope, and lassitude.

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Bearded-flower, *Tlacoxiloxochitl*, *Flos barbatus*. T. The bark of the root is sharpe, hot 30: dry, astringent, and a little glutinous. V. the flowers stamped, mixt with water and instilled, help, the griefes of the eyes. They restrain inflammations, consume superfluous flesh, and help the argemata. the decoction or infusion of the root stops the flux of bloud and dysenterie, and helpeth the decayed appetite. Some say also that it lenifieth the breast, looseth the belly, expelleth choller by vomit, and helpeth the cough.

Red haired shrub, *Tlacoxochitl*, *Capilli rubei*. T. the root is bitter, odoriferous, hot and dry 30. V. the decoction thereof helpeth the dysenterie, and griefe of the joynts.

Hoximo. T. is sharpe, hot and dry 30. V. the bark of the root powdered and *drach*: 1. taken purgeth all humours, but especially the pituitous, and dissipateth buboes.

Febrifuge-shrub, *Tiztiepatlis*, *Frutex febrifuga*. T. the bark of the root is exceeding cold. V. the root (having the bark taken off) being powdered and drunk helps feavers. so the decoction thereof, and helps all cold distempers, and exceedeth all plants of the same country herein.

Hanging water-herbe *Atlat xopillin*, *Ajusfa herba apensa*. T. the root is cold 10. moist, and salivous. V. the

meale of the root or trunk steeped in water and drunk helpeth the flux of the belly, or any other disease of a hot cause, it helpeth the heat of urine, ischury, and inflammation of the eyes.

Marvelous urine shrub, *Cocoztam atl*, *Urinaria mirabilis*. T. the root is without smell, in taste salivous, in temper a little cold and moist. V. It mightily expelleth urine, gravell, and pituitous excrements, and whatsoever stoppeth the urinarie passages, and represteth the superfluous flesh of the same, *unc. sem.* of the powder being taken in some convenient liquor.

Water serpent, *Coatl*, *Aqueus serpens*. T. is cold and moist. V. the infusion thereof in water, drunk, cleanseth the reins and bladder, and refrigerateth the same, it tempers the acrimony of urine, quencherth the heat of feavers, and helps the collick. Some say also that the gum thereof helps the inflammations of the eyes and their superfluous flesh. the wood is called by the Spaniards *Lignum nephriticum*.

Hanging flower, *Cacapipilol xochitl*, *Herbosus & pendens*. T. is cold and moist. V. *Unc. sem.* of the bark of the root taken helpeth feavers.

Brazell shrub, *Curaqua*, *Brasilium Hisp.* T. It's cold, dry and astringent. V. It helpeth feavers. the decoction is first yellow, if longer boiled it becommeth reddish, at length of a purple colour, and with alum it's changed into a red colour.

Winding shrub, *Xiuhcocolin*, *Planta contortiva*. T. the taste of the root is a little sweet, cold and astringent. V. *Drac. 2.* of the powder of the bark drunk twice a day in water stop vomiting especially in children. It helpeth the ulcers of the mouth and privities. the juice of the root and flower with milk helps the eyes.

Shamefull shrub, *Pinahuiztlis*, *Herba verecunda*. T. is cold, dry, astringent and glutinous. V. the juice of the root helpeth tertian agues, the inflammations of the eyes, and causeth sleep, the root helpeth the fluxes

the belly. Being touched it shrinketh together: it's said also to cause love.

Water-shrub, *Atlinam*, *Frutex juxtafluvios aquasus proveniens*. T. Is all hot and dry V. Apugill of the leaves stamped and taken in the morning helpeth feavers, gently purging flegme and choller both upwards and downwards. A greater quantity thereof being infused, purgeth downwards the aforesaid humors.

Wound shrub, *Izontecpatlis*, *Vulnerum medicina*. T. the milke is sharp and bitter, hot 30. and drying. V. the milke that droppeth out of the sprouts being cut, applied, glutinath green wounds, and cicatrizeth the same in a short space.

Bloud-curing shrub, *Expatli quauhnaubacensis*, *Sanguinis medicina*. T. the bark is hot, odoriferous, resinous, dry and astringent, and at length bitter, and dry 20. V. the decoction of the roots drunk helps the dysentery, so the liquor.

Spasme-curing shrub, *Huapahualizpatli*, *Convulsionis medicina*. T. is cold and dry without sapor or odour. V. the decoction of the plant drunk morning and evening for some short space, helpeth the losse of motion.

Old womans teeth, *Tlamatlantli*, *Dentes vetulae*. T. Is bitter, hot and astringent. V. A leafe thereof drunk in water, helpeth fullnesse, and feavers. It gently looseth the belly: and applied it helpeth the inflammations in the heads of children.

Temperate physick shrub, *Yamancapatlis*, *Medicina temperata*. T. it's hot, dry, odoriferous and astringent. V. The liquor thereof fastneth the teeth, and helps the paine of the gums, the burning and imdecility of the joynts the root being drunk, and helps the luxations of the back.

Lepry-curing bush, *Xiopatlis*, *Lepræ medicina*. T. is cold, dry, glutinous and a little astringent. V. The leaves bruised and applied help the leproy and tetters, together with the use of baths.

Spotted shrub, *Xalquaubitl*, *Styges punctatus*. T. is

is hot 40, and dry. V. the decoction taken doth corroborate, discusse, provoke the menses, and help fulness.

2. *Herbs sharp*. As *Herba Nunnii*. T. the root (which is chiefly used in physick) is sharp without odour, hot and dry 40. V. *Ob.* 6. taken in the morning fasting, purge all humors, but chiefly flegme and choller, both upwards and downwards, and that gently. It helpeth the drop sic and cachexie &c. The root being stamped, and dropped into the eyes with mans urine helpeth the diseases thereof.

Ycha. T. is sharp in taste and hot 40. V. The root applied helpeth the toothach, cleanseth and whiteneth the same. It helpeth paines caused by cold, especially applied with turpentine. It helpeth the paines of the eares, and head and cureth venomous wounds.

Round leaved plant, *Oliluhqui*, *Planta orbicularium fol.* T. It's hot 40. V. It helpeth the French disease and pain caused by cold: it discusseth flatulencies and tumors. the powder with rosin expells cold. It helpeth luxations and broken bones. The seed drunk causeth venery, and applied with milk helps the diseases of the eyes.

Eye painted-herbe, *Yxquicuil*, *Oculus depictus*. T. the root is dry 40, and burning. V. the infusion of the root taken helpeth the paine of the belly, purgeth flegme and evacuates choller, the quantity of *drach.* 1. being drunk.

Yellow urine-herbe, *Axixcocabuizpatlis*, *Medicina urinalutea*. T. the root is odoriferous and sharp, hot and dry 30, ofsubtile parts. V. It evacuateth urine the decoction of the leaves drunk every morning helpeth the paine of the reins.

Sharp herb, *Cocoxibuitl*, *Herba acris*. T. it's hot and dry 40, with a certain astringion. V. the branches (the bark being taken off,) applied help the white spots in the eye, and argema. the juice discusseth flatulencies, and helpeth tetters: so the fruit, and helpeth paines caused

caused by cold. The leaves stamped and applyed help old bruises and warts.

Cloud-herb, *Yauhtli*, *Herba nubilosa*. T. It's hot and dry 40, V. It provoketh urine and the courses, it causeth abortion, and extracts the dead birth, it helpeth the breast, cough, discusseth flatulencies, stoppeth the belly, sweeteneth the breath, causeth milke, resisteth poyson, causeth venery, and helpeth the headach, thirst in drop sies, and cold fits of agues: drunk it helpeth broken veines. Applied it helpeth the griefes of the eares, and dissipateth tumours. It warmeth the ventricle, and help fulness. It cleanseth the reins from thick flegme, and extenuates the humors. Applied with honey it stops vomiting, and helps ulcers and hemicrania, drunk for nine dayes in the morning. It helpeth tetters.

Stone-black rod, *Xztalex callacotl*, *Virga nigra saxorum*. T. is hot, dry and of thin parts. V. A pugill of the root stamped and drunk in water or wine causeth sweat, and helps paine.

3. *Herbs bitter*. As *Cacanaca*. T. The root is sharp and bitter. hot and dry 30. V. It discusseth flatulencies: *ob.* 3. drunk helps paines caused by cold. it expelleth wormes, and helpeth the flux of the belly: so *drach.* 2. of the powder drunk in water. Also it helpeth fulness, expells urine, helpeth feavers, and the tormina. The juice of the root helpeth the French disease, opens obstructions, and causeth agility. The down of the root helps ulcers.

Tooth-curing herb, *Coacihuizpatli*, *Dentium medicina*. T. The root is bitter, sharp, hot and dry 30. V. the root helps paines, chiefly of the teeth, and contractions of the nerves, *drach.* 2. being drunk once a day.

Stinking haire, *Texompotonic*, *Capilli foetidi*. T. The root is odoriferous and resinous, hot, and dry 30, a little astringent and bitter. V. It helpeth fulness, provoketh the courses, and causeth appetite. The decoction helpeth the itch.

Earth-feather, *Tlalquequetzal*, *Penna terra*. T. Its bitter with a certain acrimonie, odoriferous of thin parts, and

hot and dry 30. V. The juice drunk provoketh urine, evacuates the menses, strengtheneth a cold stomack, discusseth winde, and helps the diarrhoea, and ulcers, of the secrets. it helpeth tumors and obstructions, chiefly of the womb: so applyed. As a pessarie applyed it helpeth the scab, it stops the belly and helpeth the cough.

Xararo. T. The root is bitter, odoriferous, hot and dry 30. V. A small quantity thereof taken gently purge eth cold humors, and helpeth lassitude.

Bitter herbe, *Cacachichit*, *Herba amara*. T. it's very bitter, hot and dry 30. V. The juice of *unc. 1. sem.* thereof purgeth all humors, but chiefly flegme and choller by vomit: it cureth fullnesse and causeth appetite, it helpeth the itching of the eies and cough and discusseth flatulencies.

Flie-herb. *Cayolpatlis*, *Herba muscarum*. T. It's somewhat hot and bitter. V. the decoction thereof evacuate eth flegme and choller upwards and downwards, and causeth appetite: it's to be taken in the morning 4. or more days together.

Eye-curing herb, *Teixmincapatlis*, *Ictus oculi medicina*. T. it's a little bitter, hot and astringent. V. It helpeth the ulcers of the eies and privities, the powder of the leaves or root being sprinkled thereon, they being first washed with water.

Dead mans herb, *Micaxochitl*, *Mortuorum medicina*. T. the root is a little bitter, yet cold. V. Drach. 2. or 3. drunk in water help feavers, the inflammations of the duggs applyed and the epilepsie.

Woolly-herb, *Tomexihuitl*, *Herba lanuginosa*. T. the root is hot, dry and a little bitter. V. drach. 2. thereof taken evacuate all humors by vomit. It helpeth the cough and diseases of the breast, and mundifieth the reins & bladder. It helpeth putrified ulcers of the secret parts, as also the hemorrhoides and diarrhoea.

Herb of Paradise, *Herba paradisea*. T. It's exceeding bitter, hot and dry 30. V. It helpeth the breast, killeth worms

wormes, discusseth flatulencies, openeth obstructions and helps fullnesse.

Knotted-herb, *Eloquiltic*, *Herba geniculata*. T. it's a little bitter, cold and moist. V. Drunk it helpeth feavers, the plurisie and cough.

174. Herbs salt and sweet. Coughing plant, *Pacxantzin*, *Planta subsidens*. T. is hot and dry 20, of a rank smell and taste. V. The decoction of the root helpeth fullnesse, strengtheneth a weake stomack, and warmeth the breast.

Venerious herb, *Tlaquaub tilizpatli*, *Medicina venerea*. T. it's of a sweet taste, like licorice, hot and moist 20. V. Applyed and drunk it couseth venery and helpeth the diarrhoea in children drach. 2. of the powder being taken. It also purgeth the urinarie passages, and expells the stone of the reins.

Herblizards-nest, *Guiztapacollin*, *Nidus lacertarum*. T. The root tastes like licorice and is moderately hot, moist, and lenient. V. the decoction of the root drunk helpeth the swellings of the belly, and dropsie: so also being daily applyed.

Water-flower, *Axochiatl*, *Flos aqua*. T. the root is a little sweet, somewhat bitter, glutinous, cold and moist. V. A pngill of the leaves stamped and drunk or applyed helps agues, diarrhoeas, lassitude, burnings, ulcers both inward and outward, and mitigates the paine of the reins.

Alexipharmick herbe, *Acuitze huariacua*, *Herba adversa venenis*. T. the root (which is chiefly used in Physick) is somewhat cold, and moist, and of a sweet taste. V. the juice thereof drunk helpeth the heat of feavers, corroborate the heart, and resisteth poyson. Drunk and applyed it helpeth the heat of the reins, and acrimonie of urine, and causeth appetite. It helpeth the tumors of the jawes, and paines of the breast: and is a panacea.

Herb sparrowfoot, *Totoyxitl*, *Pes passerinus*. T. The root is hot and of a pleasant taste. V. Drach. 1. of the powder

powder thereof drunk in water doth gently purge all humors.

Cocentic. T. the root is sweet and cold. V. it helpeth scavers, the bark helpeth fluxes.

5. Herbs acerb and acid. River herb, *Atehuapatli*, *Herba nascens juxta rivos*. T. It's cold and moist. with a little astringent. V. the root drunk causeth fecundity, and preventeth abortion.

Lynce flower, *Coatzonte coxochitl*, *Flos lyncis*. T. It is cold and moist. V. It tempereth the heat of the ventricle, from any cause inward or outward.

Tiger flower, *Ocoloxochitl*, *Flos tigris*. T. the root is cold, V. Drach. 1. of the root drunk in water helpeth the scaver, and causeth fecundity. It's of cold and pleasant nutriment, loosening and helpfull to the breast.

Bonie flower, *Omizochitl*, *Flos Offeus*. T. the root is cold and moist, salivous and lubricous. V. the root applied repelleth tumors: drunk it helpeth the heate of scavers, and fluxes of a hot cause.

Sweet-herb, *Hoclicpatli*, *Suavis medicina*. T. the root is cold, glutinous, and astringent. V. It stoppeth the laske. Drach. 1. taken helpeth the paine of the loines and lassitude.

Old mans head, *Hochotzonte comatl*, *Caput senis*. T. the root is cold and moist, and strengthening. V. Applied it helpeth tumors. Drunk it helpeth scavers.

Fracture-plant, *Poztecpatli Mecatlanica*, *Fracturum medicina*. T. It's cold, dry and astringent, with a certaine asperity. V. the stemmes and leaves stamped and applied help tumors: drunk it helpeth luxations and broken bones.

Anodyne herb, *Coacivizpatli*, *Medicina doloris*. T. It's a little hot, and without much taste. V. the decoction thereof helps the French pox: three handfull of the leaves being boiled in lib. 3. of water, and drunk. Also it helpeth all paines, especially of the joynts, unc. 10. thereof being drunk every morning.

The Prince's herb, *Tenhuquitlic*, *Herba principis*. T. the root is cold, dry, and astringent. V. Drach. 3. drunk


in water help the heat of scavers, stop the laske, and strengthen the stomach.

The angry mans medicine, *Qualancapatlis*, *Irati hominis medicina*. T. is cold and moist, and scarce of any taste. V. The leaves stamped and drunk in water help those that are given to anger.









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


I N D E X

Of the Latine Names contained in the foregoing Herball, together with those that are Synonymous: as also such as are mentioned in the Catalogues of *John Tradescant, Bauhin's Pinax*, and of the publick Physick gardens beyond Sea (as that of *Copenhagen, Paris, Warsaw, Padua, Leyden, Groyning*, and *Blois*,) which are not in that of *Oxford*: to which are added those that are in the *Phytologia Brytanica* (or grow wild in England) which are those that have not this marke .

A.

A Balzemer Persic. i. e. Sena vulgaris. 
 Abavo i. e. Bahobab. Alp. Guanabanus 
 Abdellavi, i. e. Auguria Ægypt. 
 Abies, Firre tree.
 Abiga i. e. Chamepitys.
 Abel, i. e. populus alba.
 Abella, i. e. Musa 
 Abellicea i. e. Santalus adulterina cret. 
 Abelmofch Ægypt. Haf: i. e. Alcea Ægypt.
 Abhel, i. e. Sabina.
 Abronus, vel Abrugi i. e. pisum cordatum.
 Abrono Senap. i. e. pisum cordatum.
 Abrotonum, Southernwood.
 Abrus Gron. i. e. Pitum virulentum chin. 
 Absinthium, Wormwood.
 Abytilon Avic. i. e. Althza lutea. 
 Acacia Par. Ægyptian thorne. 
 Acacalis, vid. Erica.
 Acanophora i. e. Jacea.
 Acantha leuca i. e. Spina alba.
 Acanthium, Cotton thistle.
 Acanthus Germ: i. e. Sphondilium,

Acanth

Acanus, the Ancients thistle. 
 Acanthus, Beares breech 
 Acarna Pat. Fish thistle. 
 Acaron, & Accæron i. e. Ruscus.
 Accipitrina, i. e. Hieracium, vel Sophia.
 Acedula i. e. Acetosa.
 Acer, Maple tree.
 Acetabulum i. e. Cotyledon.
 Acetum, vid. Vinum.
 Acetosa, Sorrell.
 Acetosella (i. e.) Trifolium acetosum.
 Achæovan Abiad. Ægypt. i. e. Artemisia mar.
 Achilleos vera Plin. i. e. Centaur: lut. persol.
 Achillea i. e. Millefolium.
 Achrus i. e. pyrus sylvestris.
 Acinaria palustris, i. e. Vaccinia palustris
 Acinaria marina i. e. Lenticula mar.
 Acinus i. e. Clinopodium.
 Acidula i. e. Acetosa.
 Acinos, wild Basil.
 Acorna, i. e. Acarna. 
 Aconitum, Wolfsbane. 
 Aconitum hacciferum. Herb Christopher. 
 Acorus, Sweet smelling flag or Aromaticall reed.
 Acrocorion, i. e. Crocus vernus.
 Acrum i. e. Millefolium.
 Aste. i. e. Sambucus.
 Asta Plin. Lob. i. e. Ebulus.
 Aculeosa Gaz. i. e. Onopardon Ger.
 Aculeata, i. e. Polyacantha. 
 Acus pastoris, i. e. pesten veneris.
 Acus Muschata, i. e. Geranium.
 Acutela, i. e. Aresta bovis.
 Adar, i. e. Frumentum.
 Adarce, vid. Append 
 Adiantum, Maiden haire.
 Adiantum aureum, Goldilocks.
 Ægeceros, i. e. Fæuum græcum. 
 Ægelethron, i. e. Tota bona.
 Ægilops Haf. i. e. Festuca, Wild Oates.

Ægino-

Æginochus, Plin. i.e. Lithospermum.
 Ægipyan Cret. i.e. Anonis spinosa.
 Ægipyrus vel Ægipyrus J. Bauh. i.e. Fagetruticum.
 Ægylops arbor, i.e. Cervus mas. ✕
 Ægyra, i.e. Populus.
 Æromeli, i.e. Mel acreum Manna lig.
 Æschinamenes Apoll. i.e. Herba viva. ✕
 Æthiopis, Æthiopian Clary. ✕
 Agalochum i.e. Lignum aloes, sic Agalugin. ✕
 Agavanus Cret. Haf. i.e. Acanus. ✕
 Agaricus, vid. Larix.
 Ageratum, Maudlin. ✕
 Agem Bles. i.e. Jasminum Persicum. ✕
 Agiahalium Bauh. vid. Append. ✕
 Agileusa, i.e. Avellana.
 Aglaophoris, i.e. Pæonia.
 Agnus castus, Chast tree. ✕
 Agnus scythicus, Scythian Lamb, vid. Ap. ✕
 Agrifolium, Holly.
 Agriocardamum, i.e. Cardamine.
 Agrimonia, Agrimonia.
 Agriostari Creticum Pat. i.e. Triticum sylv. ✕
 Agrioriganum, i.e. Marjorana sylv.
 Aguacat, vid. Append. ✕
 Agut B. vid. Append. ✕
 Ahovai Thev. Indian morice bells. v. Ap. ✕
 Air, i.e. Negundo. ✕
 Ajuga, i.e. Chamæpitys.
 Aithales, i.e. Sedum minus.
 Aizoon, i.e. Sedum.
 Aies, i.e. Pappas. ✕
 Alaternus, Evergreen privet. ✕
 Albinum, i.e. Gnaphalium.
 Alad Ind. i.e. Curcum. ✕
 Albucum i.e. Asphodelus. ✕
 Alcanna Par. i.e. Phillyrea. ✕
 Alcea, Vervaine Mallow.
 Alcibiadicum, i.e. Echium.
 Alchimelica, i.e. Melilotus.

Alchymelech, Ægypt. i.e. Melilotus Æg.
 Alchymilla, Ladies mantle.
 Alektorolophos, i.e. Pedicularis.
 Alga marina Gron. Sea Wracke, vid. Muscus.
 Algodon, i.e. Gossipium. ✕
 Alhenne, i.e. Alkanna. ✕
 Alica, vid. Far. ✕
 Alisma Par. i.e. Paralysis herba.
 Alimonia, i.e. Trifolium acetosum.
 Alkakengi, Winter Chery. Solanū vesicarium.
 Alkali, vid. Kali.
 Alkermes, vid. Cockenecle. ✕
 Allcluja, i.e. Trifolium acetosum.
 Alliaria, Jack by the hedge.
 Allium, Garlick.
 Alnam, i.e. Pulegium.
 Alnus, Alder.
 Aloe, Aloes. ✕
 Alopecuros, Foxtaile Grasse.
 Alphefera Arab. i.e. Bryonio nigra.
 Alshararcia, i.e. Parthenium.
 Alschbran, i.e. Ezula.
 Alsenes, i.e. Absinthium.
 Alusen, i.e. Peucedanum.
 Alum, i.e. Consolida major.
 Alsinanthemum Thal. i.e. Pyrola alfinis fl. ✕
 Alsine, Chickweed.
 Althight Arab. i.e. Easerpitium. ✕
 Altercum and altercangenum i.e. Hyoscyamus.
 Althæa, Marsh Mallow.
 Alypum Monspeliensium, Herb Terrible. ✕
 Alyssum, Mad wort. ✕
 Amara dulcis, Bitter sweet.
 Amaranthus, Flower gentle. ✕
 Amarus, i.e. Sampfucum.
 Ambrosia Par. Oake of Cappadocia. ✕
 Ambayba, vid. Append. ✕
 Ambare Ind. B. Grisley plumb of India, vid. App. ✕
 Ambubcia Fuch. i.e. Cichorea.

Amelanchire Lob. Lugd. Bat. i. e. Vaccinia alb. *
 Amedamus, i. e. Alnus.
 Ameos, i. e. Ammi.
 Amellus, i. e. Caltha palustris.
 Ammi, *Bishop's weed*.
 Amomis, i. e. Pseudoamomum. ☞
 Amoniacum, vid. Gummi in App. ☞
 Amomum Plin. fruticosum, *Tree Night shade*.
 Amomum quorundam, *Cloveberr tree*.
 Amphybion, i. e. Aloe. ☞
 Ampeloprasum, *Vine Leekes*.
 Amurca, i. e. Sedimentum olei ☞
 Amygdalus, *Almond tree*. ☞
 Amylum, vid. Triticum.
 Amygdala peruviana, vid. Ap. ☞
 Amyrberis, i. e. Berberis.
 Anagallis, *Pimpernell*.
 Anagallis aquatica, *Brooklime*.
 Ananas Lugd. *French hony Sweet Worts*. ☞
 Anagyris, *Beane Trefoile*.
 Anacampseros, i. e. Faba Crassa Bauh. ☞
 Anacardium, vid. App. ☞
 Ananas sylv. Lugd. *Wild Indian plum*. ☞
 Anas, i. e. Prunus.
 Anblatum Par. i. e. Dentaria.
 Anchusa, *Alkanet*.
 Andrachne i. e. portulaca.
 Androsæmum, *Tutsan or Parke leaves*.
 Androsace, *Sea Navell wort*.
 Anelum tortuosum, i. e. Mavin.
 Anemone, *Anemonie*.
 Anethum, *Dill, or Anet*.
 Anctum vaccinium Fuch. i. e. Euphthalmum. ☞
 Angelica, *Angelica*.
 Archangelica, vid. Angelica.
 Anguria Haf. i. e. Citullus.
 Anil Gron. i. e. Indigo. ☞
 Anisum, *Annise*. ☞
 Anonis, *Restharrow*.
 Anserina Haf. i. e. Argentina.

Anthemis, i. e. Chamæmelum.
 Anthera, vid. Rosa.
 Anthomides Bauh. i. e. Chamæmela.
 Anthora, i. e. Antithora. ☞
 Anthos, vid. Kosmarinus.
 Anthyllis, *Kidnie Vetch*.
 Antirrhinum, *Snapdragon, or calves snout*.
 Antithora Haf. *Wholsome helmet flower*. ☞
 Antoniana, i. e. Lyfimachia siliquosa majori.
 Aparine, *Cliver, or Goose grasse*.
 Aphaca, *Small yellow Vetch*.
 Aphyllantes Dal. Par. *Silver Knapweed*. ☞
 Aphacoides i. e. Lathyrus.
 Aphace Fuch. i. e. vicia sylvestris.
 Aphedron, vid. Ephedron.
 Apios, Fuch. i. e. Raphanus sylvestris.
 Apiastrum, i. e. melissa, vel apiastellum.
 Apium saxatile, i. e. Petroselinum.
 Apium sylvestre, i. e. Hipposelinum.
 Apios vera, *Knobbed Spurge*.
 Apiastellum i. e. Bryonia.
 Apium, *Parfly*.
 Apium risus, i. e. ranunculus aq.
 Apocynum, *Dogs bane*. ☞
 Apolinaris, i. e. Hyoscyamus.
 Apronia, i. e. Brionia nigra.
 Aquifolium, vid. Agrifolium.
 Aquilina, i. e. aquilegia.
 Aquilegia, *Columbine*.
 Arabis, *Arabian Mustard*.
 Arachidna lathyr. Hisp. Haf. ☞
 Arachus, *Great wild Vetch*.
 Aranthia malus, *Orange tree*. ☞
 Aralda i. e. Digitalis.
 Arbor aquam fundens, *Garac*. vid. Ap. ☞
 Arbor Brasilica Bauh. p. *Brasil tree*. vid. Ap. ☞
 Arbor farinifera, *Bread tree*. v. Ap. ☞
 Arbor foliis ambulantibus, *Walking leaves*. vid. Ap. ☞
 Arbor lanifera, *wool bearing tree*. vid. Ap. ☞

Arbor monicongo, *vid. Ap.* ☿
 Arbor metrosideros, *Iron hearted tree of Java. v. Ap.* ☿
 Arbor venereos, *stimulos dormians, Chast making tree.*
vid. Ap. ☿
 Arbor violarum Indica, *vid. Ap.* ☿
 Arbor Gehuph. *Spleen tree.* ☿
 Arbor Judæ, *Judas tree.* ☿
 Arbor thurifera, *Frankincense tree;* ☿
 Arbor tristis, *Sorrowfull tree* ☿
 Arbor vitæ, *Tree of life.* ☿
 Archangelica. *i. e. Lamium.* ☿
 Arction, *i. e. Lappa.* ☿
 Areca, *discoloured small Indian nut, vid. Ap.* ☿
 Arbutus, *Strawberry tree.* ☿
 Aresta bovis, *Cammock.* ☿
 Argemone, *Bastard wild Poppy.* ☿
 Argentina, *i. e. Potentilla, Wild Tansy.* ☿
 Aria Theophrasti, *Wild Service tree.* ☿
 Arisarum, *Fryars cowle.* ☿
 Aristolochia, *Birthwort.* ☿
 Arizo, *i. e. Oryza.* ☿
 Armeria, *Sweet Williams.* ☿
 Armoraria, *Wild Williams.* ☿
 Armoracia Fuch. *i. e. Rhabbanus sylv.* ☿
 Arnaglossum, *i. e. Plantago.* ☿
 Aromus, *i. e. Juniperus.* ☿
 Arrenogonon, *vid. Phyllon.* ☿
 Artemisia marina, *i. e. Cincraria.* ☿
 Artemisia, *Mugwort.* ☿
 Arthanita *i. e. Cyclamen.* ☿
 Arthritica, *i. e. Primula veris.* ☿
 Arum, *Wake Robin.* ☿
 Arundo, *Cane or Reed.* ☿
 Asa sætida, *vid. Ap. & Laserpitium.* ☿
 Assarum, *Affarabacca.* ☿
 Ascalonitides, *Scallions.* ☿
 Asclepias *i. e. Vincetoxicum, Swallowwort.* ☿
 Ascyrum, *S. Peters wort, or square S Johns grass.* ☿
 Aspalathus

Aspalathus *i. e. Lignum Rhodium. Rose wood. vid.* ☿
 Rosa. ☿
 Asparagus, *Asparagus.* ☿
 Asperugo, *i. e. Aparine.* ☿
 Asperula, *Woodroose.* ☿
 Asphodelus, *Asphodell.* ☿
 Asphodelus luteus, *Kings spear.* ☿
 Asplenium sive Ceterach, *Spleenwort, or Miltwast.* ☿
 Alcatonesi *i. e. Castanea equina.* ☿
 Aster, *Starrewort.* ☿
 Astragalus, *Milke Vetch.* ☿
 Astragaloides, *Bastard milke Vetch.* ☿
 Astringia, *Masterwort.* ☿
 Asterion, *i. e. Aster atticus.* ☿
 Astorea, *i. e. Stæchas.* ☿
 Athanasia, *i. e. Tanacetum.* ☿
 Athara, *i. e. pulticula ex Zea.* ☿
 Atractylis Haf. *Wild bastard Saffron.* ☿
 Atraphaxis, *i. e. Atriplex.* ☿
 Atriplex, *Orach.* ☿
 Atriplex sylvestris, *All-seed.* ☿
 Avacari Bauh. *vid. Append.* ☿
 Avellana Ind. *vid. Append.* ☿
 Avellana. *Filberd.* ☿
 Avellana sylvestris, *Hafell-tree.* ☿
 Avena, *Oates.* ☿
 Aulitica, *i. e. Chamemalum.* ☿
 Avornus, *i. e. Alnus nigra.* ☿
 Aurelia, *vid. Helychrison.* ☿
 Aureum olus, *i. e. Atriplex.* ☿
 Auricomum, *vid. Stæchas citrina.* ☿
 Auricula urfi, *Beares eare.* ☿
 Auricula muris *i. e. Pilosella, Mousecare.* ☿
 Axi *i. e. Capsicum.* ☿
 Azedarach Avic. Haf. *i. e. Zyziphus Candida.* ☿
 Azadaracheni arbor, *vid. Ap.* ☿
 Azabaser, *i. e. Meum.* ☿
 Azcz. *vid. lichen.* ☿

B

B Aaras, i. e. Peonia.
 Baccharis offic. i. e. Afarum.
 Baccharis Monspeliensium, *Plowmans Spicknard*.
 Bahobab. *vid. Append.* ✕
 Balanus Myrepfica, *the oily Acorne*, *vid. Syringa*, ✕
 Balaustium Par. i. e. Malus punica. ✕
 Ballote i. e. Marrubium nigrum.
 Balsamina, *Balsame Apple*. ✕
 Balsamita, *Costmary*. ✕
 Balsamum, *Balsam tree*. ✕
 Bamia Ægypt. i. e. Malva Haf.
 Bammia, *vid. Append.* ✕
 Ban, *vid. Append.* ✕
 Bangué Bauh, *Indian dreamer*, *vid. Ap.* ✕
 Baptisecula i. e. Cyanus minor.
 Barba Aron i. e. Sempervivum.
 Barba hirci i. e. Tragopogon.
 Barba Jovis frutex. *Silver bush*. ✕
 Barbarea, *Bank, or Winter Cresse*.
 Bardana, *Burdock*.
 Baruce, *vid. Append.* ✕
 Basilica i. e. Gentiana.
 Basiatrahagi, i. e. Polygonum.
 Basilicum i. e. Ocymum.
 Baton, i. e. Terebinthus. ✕
 Batrachion, i. e. Lychnis hortensis. ✕
 al. Ranunculus.
 Batus, i. e. Rubus sylvestris.
 Battatas, *Potatoes*. ✕
 Baucia Par. i. e. Pastinaca.
 Bazara, cantana, i. e. Psyllium.
 Bazari chichen i. e. Linum.
 Bdelium, *vid. Append.* ✕
 Becabunga, i. e. Anagallis aq. *Brooklime*.
 Bechium i. e. Tusilago.
 Bedegnar Off. i. e. Rosa sylvestris.
 Bedarangi, i. e. Melissa.

Behen album i. e. Papaver spumeum, *Spatling*
Poppy.
 Beidelfar Ægypt. Pat. *Virginian Silke grasse*. ✕
 Beialhalalen, i. e. Aizoon.
 Beidelfar, *vid. Append.* ✕
 Bellis, *Daisy*.
 Bella donna *vid. Solanum Lethale*.
 Belvidere i. e. Scoparia Græc. *broom Toad flax*.
 Benzoin, *vid. Append.* ✕
 Berberis, *Barbery bush*.
 Beretinus, *vid. Append.* ✕
 Betulla Par. i. e. Eecabungi.
 Beta, *Beete*.
 Betonica, *Betty*.
 Betonica Pauli, *vid. veronica*.
 Betula, *Birch tree*.
 Betulus, i. e. Carpinus.
 Betre vel betete, *indian bindweed*, *vid. Ap.* ✕
 Betulla, i. e. betula.
 Bisolium, i. e. Ophris, *Tway blade*.
 Bihur, i. e. Bupthalthmon. ✕
 Bipinella, i. e. Pimpinella.
 Bisacura, i. e. Gingidium.
 Bismalva i. e. Althæa.
 Bistorta, *Snakeweed*.
 Bissinga, i. e. Hippoglossum. ✕
 Bitoncus, *vid. Append.* ✕
 Bitumen, *vid. Ap.* ✕
 Bizaria, i. e. Dracunculus. ✕
 Blattaria, *Moth mullein*.
 Blechon, i. e. Pulegium.
 Blirum, *Blite*.
 Bolbonach, v. viola lunaris vulg. *mony flower*.
 Boletus, *vid. Fungus*.
 Bombax Par. i. e. Gossipium. ✕
 Bonus Henricus, *vid. Lapathum unct. English mercury*.
 Bon arbor, *Turkey berry drink*, *vid. Ap.* ✕
 Boana, *vid. Faba hort.*
 Borrage, *Borage*.

Bor Acoſtæ, *ſmall Indian Apples. vid. Ap.* ☼
 Botonaria, *i.e. Aphyllanthos.* ☼
 Botrys, *Oake of Jeruſalem.* ☼
 Bouloman, *i.e. platanaria.*
 Branca Urſina, *i.e. Acanthus ſativus, Beares Breech.* ☼
 Braſſica, *Cabbage, Colewort, or Colliflower.*
 Braſſica canina, *i.e. Cynocrambe.*
 Braſſica capitata, *Cabbage.* ☼
 Brathyſ, *i.e. Sabina.* ☼
 Breſilium, *vid. Append.* ☼
 Brindanes Ind. Bauh. *vid. Ap.* ☼
 Britannica Par. *i.e. biſtorta quorundam.* ☼
 Briza monococcus, *S. Peters Corne.*
 Bromos. *i.e. Feſtuca, Wild Oates.*
 Brounſel Gron. ☼
 Brumaria, *i.e. Leontopetalon.* ☼
 Brunella, *vid. prunella.*
 Bruſcus, *i.e. Ruſcus.*
 Bryon, *i.e. Muſcus.*
 Bryon Laſtucæ ſol. Phyt. brit. *ſea lungwort.*
 Bryonia, *Briony.*
 Bubonium Par. *i.e. Aſter Atticus.* ☼
 Buccinum, *i.e. conſolida regalis.*
 Buceras, *i.e. Fænum græcum.* ☼
 Bucranium, *i.e. Antirrhinum.*
 Bugia, *i.e. Berberis.*
 Bugloſſum, *bugloſſe.*
 Bugula, *bugle.*
 Bugloſſa, Hiſp. *i.e. Anchufa.*
 Bulbocactanum, *Earthnut.*
 Bulbonach, *i.e. Viola lœuaris, Money flower.*
 Bulbus agreſtis, *i.e. Colchicum.*
 Bulbus ſylv. Fuch. *i.e. Cæpa ſylv.*
 Buleſ, *i.i. Salix.*
 Buna palla *i.e. Macis.* ☼
 Bunias, *i.e. Napus ſylveſtris, Navew.*
 Bunium Par. *i.e. Napus ſylveſtris.*
 Buphthalmum, *Ox eye.* ☼
 Eupleurum, *Hares eares.*

Buſſa paſtoris, *Shepherds purſe.*
 Burgiſpina, *i.e. Rhamnus.*
 Butomus Theoph. *i.e. Sparganium.*
 Buxea ſpina, *i.e. Lyceum.* ☼
 Buxus, *Box.*
 Pſaudochamæbuxus, *Sharp pointed box.* ☼
 Byſſus, *i.e. Goſſipium arboreum.* ☼

C

Caaobetinga, *vid. Append.* ☼
 Cacalia, *Colts foot, or Horſe foot.* ☼
 Cacao, *Cacao tree.* ☼
 Cachrys vera Par. *vid. Libanotis.*
 Cacavate, *vid. Cacao.* ☼
 Cachriſero, *i.e. Libanotis.* ☼
 Cachrys mar. *i.e. Crithmum.* ☼
 Caſſas Theoph. *i.e. Cinara.* ☼
 Cæciliana, *vid. Siciliana.*
 Cæliras, *i.e. Gramen mannæ.*
 Caſal, *i.e. Agrimonia.*
 Cahade, *i.e. Polium.* ☼
 Cakile Serap. Par. *i.e. Eruca marina.* ☼
 Calamintum, *i.e. Calamintha.*
 Calabrinæ, *i.e. Lanchitis.*
 Calcaris ſlos, *vid. Delphinium.*
 Calchochrum, *i.e. Fumaria.*
 Calcifraga, *vid. Saxifraga.*
 Calicularis, *i.e. Hyoſcyamus.*
 Chalitricum, *i.e. Adiantum.*
 Caltha, *i.e. Calendula.*
 Calamintha, *calamint.*
 Calamus aromaticus, *vid. Acorus.*
 Calamogroſtis, *Sheer graſſe.* ☼
 Calathiana vera, *i.e. Pneumonanthe, calathian violet.*
 Calceolus Mariæ, *Ladies ſlipper.*
 Calcatrepola vel calcitrapa, *i.e. Carduus ſtellaris.*
 Calendula, *Marigold.* ☼
 Calicimathia, *i.e. Pſendo diſtamnus.* ☼
 Caltha paluſtris, *marſh Marigold.*

- Camelina, *Treacle worme seed.*
- Campanula, *Belflower. i.e. Trachelium.*
- Camphorata Bles. *Stinking groundpine.* ☞
- Camomilla, *i. e. Chamæmelum.*
- Campanula autumnalis, *i.e. pneumonanthe.*
- Camphora, *vid. Append.*
- Camphoratum, *i.e. abrotonum magnum.*
- Caannabis, *Hemp.*
- Canella, *Cinnamon tree.* ☞
- Canna, *vid. Arundo.*
- Canabrica Par. *i.e. Gentiana.*
- Canicamum, *vid. Ap.* ☞
- Candelaria, *seu candela regis, i.e. Verbascum.*
- Capillus Ven. *vid. Adiant. & trichom.*
- Capparis Hef. *Capers.* ☞
- Caprificus, *vid. Ficus.* ☞
- Caprifolium Par. *i.e. Periclymenum.*
- Capfella, *i. e. Thlaspi.*
- Capficum, *Ginny pepper.* ☞
- Caput Gallinaceum, *vid. Onobrychis.*
- Capillaris, *i.e. Capillus veneris.*
- Capnitis *i.e. Fumaria.*
- Capnos, *i.e. Fumaria.*
- Caput aquilæ Bauh. *i.e. Nasturtium.*
- Cardamine, *Ladie smocks, or Cuckow flower.*
- Cardamomum, *Graines of Paradise.* ☞
- Cardiaca, *Mother wort.*
- Carduus, *Thistle.*
- Carlina, *Carlina thistle.*
- Carobe Par. *i.e. Ceratonia. S. Johns bread.* ☞
- Carlo Sancto, *Indian Hop like purger.* ☞
- Carpinus sive Betulus, *Horne beam tree.*
- Carthamus, *i.e. Cnicus.* ☞
- Catum, *Carraways.* ☞
- Caryophyllata, *Avens.*
- Caryophyllus, *Carnations or Pinks.*
- Caryophyllus, *Clove tree.* ☞
- Caranfull, *i.e. Caryophyllos.*
- Carandas, *vid. Append.* ☞

Card

- Cardel, *i.e. Sinapi.*
- Caranza, *i.e. Balsamina.* ☞
- Carambolas, *Furrowed tart Indian apples. vid. Ap.* ☞
- Caranna, *vid. Append.* ☞
- Cardamum, *i.e. Pseudobanium.*
- Carcapuli, *vid. Append.* ☞
- Cardapolium, *i.e. Carlina.*
- Carduus fullonum, *i. e. Dipsacus.*
- Carduus benedictus, *Blessed thistle.*
- Carduus veneris, *i.e. Dipsacus.*
- Carex Dod. *i.e. Sparganium.*
- Carica *i. e. Ficus aridus vel Apios.* ☞
- Carabadian Seth. *i.e. Carum.* ☞
- Caron vel Carcum *i. e. Carum.* ☞
- Carpesium, *i.e. Cubebæ.* ☞
- Carpobalsamum, *vid. balsamum.* ☞
- Carpentaria, *i.e. pseudobavium.*
- Carub, *vid. Carobe.* ☞
- Caryon. *i.e. Nux.*
- Cassebar, *i.e. Coriandrum.* ☞
- Cassia Solutiva, *Pudding pipe.* ☞
- Cassia lignea, *vid. Cinnamomum.* ☞
- Cassignete, *i.e. Pimpinella.*
- Cassuta, *i.e. Cuscuta.*
- Castanea, *Chestnut.*
- Castoris trifolium *i.e. Trifolium patum.*
- Castrangula, *i.e. Scrophularia.*
- Cataputia, *Spurge.*
- Catanance, *sive ervum sylv. Crimson grasse Vetch.*
- Cattaria, *i. e. Nepeta, Nep.*
- Cate, *i.e. Lycium Indicum.* ☞
- Catef, *i. e. Atriplex.*
- Cathsum, *i. e. Abrotonum.*
- Caucalis, *Hedge parfly.*
- Caucason, *i.e. Moly Indicum.* ☞
- Cauda muris, *Mouse-taile.*
- Caulorapum, *Rapecole. vid. brassica.*
- Cauda equina, *i.e. Equisetum.*
- Caucan Plin. *i. e. Equisetum.*

Caulis

Cauda vulpium, i. e. Alopecuros.
 Caulis, Colewort.
 Caulis capitulatus, i. e. brassica cap. &
 Cazavi, i. e. Jucca. &
 Cedrus, Cedar tree. &
 Celastrus Th. Staffe tree. &
 Centaurium, Centory.
 Centimorbia, i. e. Nummularia.
 Centinervia, i. e. Plantago major.
 Cenchrys, i. e. Mylium. &
 Centromyrrhine, i. e. Ruscus.
 Centrum galli, i. e. Horminum.
 Centumnodia i. e. Polygonum.
 Centunculus, i. e. Gnaphalium.
 Cepa, Onion. &
 Cepæa, Matthiulus's Orpine. &
 Cerasus, Cherry.
 Ceratonia, i. e. Carobe. &
 Ceresolium, Chervill.
 Cerinthe, Hony wort. &
 Cerrus, Great Holme Oake. &
 Cerannia, i. e. Craffula.
 Cerebrum canis, i. e. Antirrhinum.
 Cesis, i. e. Daucus.
 Cervicaria, i. e. Trachelium.
 Cerva major, i. e. Ricinus. &
 Cestron, i. e. Betonica.
 Cestrum morion, i. e. Typha.
 Ceterach, vid. Asplenium.
 Cevadilla, Indian caustick barly. vid. Ap &
 Chamæacæ, i. e. Ebulus.
 Chamæcistus, English Cistus.
 Chamædrys, Germander.
 Chamæfiliæ Phyt. Brit.
 Chamægenista Phyt. Brit.
 Chamæiris, vid. Iris.
 Chamæleon Salmantic. Clus. Haf. &
 Chamæmelum, Cammomill.
 Chamælea Germ. i. e. Mezercon. &

Chame

Chamelæa tricoceos, Widdow waile. &
 Chamælinum, dwarf flax.
 Chamæmorus Phyt. Brit. Knotberry bush.
 Chamæmespilus, dwarfe medlar. &
 Chamænerium Par. i. e. Lyfimachia siliquosa
 Chamæpitys, Ground pine.
 Chamæpuce Cret. Par. i. e. Rosmarinus syl. &
 Chamærodendros alpigena, dwarf rosebay. &
 Chamæbuxus, dwarf box.
 Chamæcissus, i. e. Hedera terrestris.
 Chamædaphne, i. e. Laureola.
 Chamæleuce, i. e. Tussilago.
 Chamæleagnus, i. e. Myrrhus Brab. &
 Chamæmalus, Wilding tree, vid. Malus.
 Chærephylum, i. e. ceresolium.
 Chamæriphes, i. e. Palmites. &
 Chamæplium, i. e. Erysimum.
 Chamomilla, i. e. Chamæmelum.
 Chæradolethron, i. e. Xanthium.
 Charameis, purging cornered besell nuts, vid. Ap. &
 Charti, i. e. Apium.
 Chastara, i. e. Betonica.
 Charta, vid. Papyrus. &
 Chache, i. e. Cucumber. &
 Chelidonium, Celandine.
 Cheiri, i. e. Leucoium luteum.
 Cherva, vid. Ricinus. &
 China radix offic. China. &
 Chiliodynamis, i. e. Ben album.
 Chironia, i. e. Brionia nigra.
 Chocholate, vid. Cacao. &
 Chitini, i. e. Althæa.
 Choph china, i. e. China rad. &
 Chondrilla, Gum succory. &
 Christophoriana, i. e. Herba Christoph.
 Chrysanthemum, Corne marigold.
 Chrysis, i. e. Coma aurea. &
 Chrysogonum, Oaken black turnep. &
 Chrysolachanon, i. e. Arriplex sativa. &

Z

Chryso-

Chrylomeleon, *vid* Malus Armen. ☞
 Chubece, *i. e.* Malva.
 Cicerbita, *i. e.* Sonchus levis.
 Cichoreum verrucharium, *i. e.* Hædipnois;
 Cici, *i. e.* Ricinus. ☞
 Cicer, *ciches.* ☞
 Cichoreum, *Succory. vid.* Endivia.
 Cicla, *i. e.* Beta.
 Cicuta, *Hemlock* ☞
 Cicutaria, *i. e.* Myrrhis.
 Cidromela, *i. e.* Maluo medica. ☞
 Ciminalis, *i. e.* Gentiana.
 Cincinallis, *i. e.* Capillus veneris.
 Cinamomum vel cinamo, *i. e.* Canella. ☞
 Cinara, *Artichock.* ☞
 Cineraria *i. e.* Jacobæa Marina.
 Circea, *Inchanters nightshade.*
 Circium, *Single headed thistle.*
 Cissampelos altera, *small black bindweed.*
 Cissus, *i. e.* Hædera.
 Cistus, *Holy Rose.* ☞
 Citrargo, *i. e.* Melissa.
 Citrullus, *citruls.* ☞
 Clavicula, *i. e.* Hædera helix.
 Clavum veneris, *i. e.* Nymphæa.
 Clavus, *i. e.* caryophyllus.
 Clematis daphnoides, *i. e.* vinca pervinca.
 Clematis peregrina, *i. e.* Flammula Jovis.
 Clematis, *Ladies or Virgins bower and Perwinkle.*
 Clinopodium Haf. *Wild basill.*
 Clymenum *vid.* Androsæmum.
 Clymenon, *water betony.*
 Cneoron, *Rock rose.* ☞
 Cnicus, *i. e.* Carthamus, *bastard saffron.* ☞
 Cnicus sylvestris, *i. e.* Attractylis. ☞
 Coagulum terræ Plin. *i. e.* Nidus avis. ☞
 Coccygia Lugd. *vid* Rhus.
 Cochlearia, *scurvigraffe.*
 Cocus, *Indian nut, vid.* Nuces var. ☞

Curcus, *White Nuts, ibid.* ☞
 Cochenele, *vid.* Ficus vel quercus. ☞
 Cocior, *i. e.* Fæniculum.
 Cocculus Ind. *vid.* Append. ☞
 Cochliophori, *vid.* Cucchiuphori.
 Coceras Ind. *Indian trasie roots, v. Ap.* ☞
 Coentic, *vid.* Append. ☞
 Colchicum, *Meadow saffron.*
 Colocynthis, *biter goard.* ☞
 Colus Jovis, *i. e.* Horminum lut. *Jupiters Distaffe.*
 Colutea, *bastard Sene.* ☞
 Columnaris, *i. e.* campana lactescens.
 Cola fructus ad sitim *vid.* Ap. ☞
 Colubrina, *i. e.* Arum ægyptium. ☞
 Coliandrum, *i. e.* Coriandrum. ☞
 Colocasia, *i. e.* Faba ægyptia. ☞
 Colophonia, *vid.* Append. ☞
 Coloquintida, *vid.* Citrullus. ☞
 Columbaris, *i. e.* Columbina.
 Combul, *i. e.* Nardus.
 Comarus, *i. e.* arbutus.
 Conicaus, *i. e.* Myrrhis.
 Concordia, *i. e.* agrimonía.
 Condifi, *i. e.* Saponaria.
 Condrilla, *i. e.* Chondrilla. ☞
 Conita, *i. e.* Myrrhis.
 Conion, *i. e.* Cicuta.
 Consecratrix, *i. e.* Iris nostra.
 Consolida minor, *i. e.* prunella.
 Consolida quinquefolia, *i. e.* pinguicula.
 Consolida sarasenica, *i. e.* Solidago sar.
 Contrayerva, *vid.* Radix drakena. ☞
 Conserva Plin. Phyt. Brit. *i. e.* Alga aquatilis capil.
 Consolida major *i. e.* Symphytum, *comfry.*
 Consolida aurea, *i. e.* Solidago Sar.
 Consolida media, *i. e.* Bugula.
 Consolida regalis, *Larkes spur.*
 Convolvulus, *bindweed.*
 Coniza *Fleabane.*

Copal, *vid.* Append. ✕
 Cophy, *Coffee.* ✕
 Corallium, *Corall.* *vid.* Muscus.
 Corall arbor Par. *Corall tree.* ✕
 Cor Indicum Par. *i.e.* Pisum cordatum. ✕
 Coriandrum, *Coriander.* ✕
 Corcoras Plin. Par. *i.e.* Anagallis.
 Coris Par. *Faire heath lowpine.* ✕
 Cornu cervinum, *bucks horne.* ✕
 Corallina, *vid.* muscus.
 Corianon & coriannum & corion, *i.e.* coriandrum. ✕
 Corona fratrum, *i.e.* carduus Eriocceph.
 Corona monachi, *i.e.* Dens Leonis.
 Corona regia, *i.e.* Pomum spinosum. ✕
 Coroneola, *i.e.* Lyfimachia.
 Corrigiala, *i.e.* Centummodia.
 Corrago, *i.e.* Borrigo.
 Cortex Winteranum, *vid.* Append. ✕
 Cornu Arbor, *vid.* curio. ✕
 Cortex antirrheumaticus, *vid.* Ap.
 Coridalium, *i.e.* Fumaria.
 Corydalis, *i.e.* Radix cava. ✕
 Corydalopodium, *i.e.* consolida Regal.
 Coronopus, *bucks horne.* ✕
 Corallina plumata, *Sea Feather.*
 Corallion herba, *i.e.* Anagallis.
 Cornus, *Cornell tree.*
 Corona Imperialis, *Crown imperiall.* ✕
 Cortusa Haf. *beares care Sanicle.* ✕
 Corylus, *i.e.* Nux Avellana. *Hastle nut tree.*
 Costus Hortorum, *vid.* Balsamita Mas. ✕
 Costa canina, *i.e.* Quinquenervia.
 Costus hortorum, *i.e.* Balsamita major. ✕
 Costus, *Costus.* ✕
 Cotinus Plin. Par. *vid.* Rhus. ✕
 Cotula, *May weed.*
 Cotyledon, *Venus Navell wort, or Penny wort.*
 Coronaria, *i.e.* Gnaphalium.

Cotonaster

Cotonaster, *wild Quince.*
 Cotum, *vid.* Xylum. ✕
 Cracca, *vid.* Aracus.
 Crassula, *Orpine.* ✕
 Crateogonum, *Cow wheat.*
 Crambe, *i.e.* Brassica. *Thalassia, i.e.*
Soldanella.
 Crepanella, *i.e.* Dentillaria. Rond. ✕
 Crespinus, *i.e.* Berberis.
 Creta marina, *i.e.* crithmum. ✕
 Crinita, *i.e.* Capillus veneris.
 Crinon, *i.e.* Lilium.
 Christa Galli, *i.e.* Pedicularis, *Loufsewort*
or Coxcomb.
 Crithmū, *sampier*, Par. *i.e.* Foeniculū mar. ✕
 Crocodilium Haf. *vid.* carlina.
 Crocus Saffron.
 Crocus Indicus, *i.e.* Curcuma. ✕
 Cropiot, *vid.* Append. ✕
 Croton *i.e.* Ricinus. ✕
 Crucialis, *i.e.* Cruciat.
 Cruciat, *Crosse wort.*
 Crupina Belg. Tradesc. *i.e.* condrilla rara purp.
 Cubebæ, *Cubibs*, *vid.* Ap. ✕
 Cucciophera, *Quince dates.* v. Ap. ✕
 Cucumis asinus, *i.e.* sylv. & anguinus.
 Cucurida, *i.e.* Dentillaria Rond. ✕
 Cucullata Par. *i.e.* Pinguicula.
 Cucumis, *Cucumber.* ✕
 Cucurbita, *Gourd.* ✕
 Cuminum, *Æthiop. & Reg. i.e.* Ammi.
 Cuminum, *Cummin.* ✕
 Cunane, *vid.* Append. ✕
 Cunegundis herba, *i.e.* Eupatorium Avic.
 Cunita Fuch. *i.e.* Thymbra. ✕
 Cunilago, *i.e.* Conyza.
 Cunaphoron, *i.e.* Nux Indica. ✕
 Cupayha, *vid.* Append. ✕
 Cupressus, *Cypresse tree.* ✕

Curcuma, *Turmeric*. ☼
 Curo, *costive tree*. ☼
 Curcus, *white nuts*. vid. Ap. ☼
 Currui Diosc. i. e. potus ex hordeo. ☼
 Cuscuta, *Dodder*.
 Culbar, i. e. Coriandrum. ☼
 Cyanus, *blow bottle*.
 Cyamos, i. e. Faba.
 Cyanus Hierosolimitana, i. e. Pharmica aust.
 Cyclaminus, *sow bread*.
 Cymbalaria Ital. *bastard navel wort or Gondeli*.
 Cyminum, i. e. cuminum. ☼
 Cyminalia, i. e. Gentiana.
 Cynanthemos, i. e. cotula foetida.
 Cynanchice, vid. Synanchica.
 Cynanthemis, i. e. cotula foetida.
 Cynara, vid. Scholymus. ☼
 Cynocrambe, *dogs mercury*.
 Cynoglossum, *hounds tongue*.
 Cynorrhodon, *Eglantine*.
 Cynosorchis, *dogs stones*.
 Cyclamen, i. e. cyclaminus.
 Cinia Fuch. i. e. Cynocrambe.
 Cyso, i. e. Hyssopus.
 Cynosbatus, vid. Rubus.
 Cynocephalus, i. e. anetum.
 Cynospastus, i. e. peonia.
 Cyperus, *cyperus or Galingal*.
 Cyparissus, i. e. cupressus, vel cypressus. ☼
 Cyprus, i. e. Lygustrum Lob.
 Cytisus, i. e. trifolium arborescens. *shrub trefoile*. ☼

D.

Datura Haf. i. e. Stramonium minus. ☼
 Daucus, i. e. Pastinaca sylv. tenuif. *wild carrot or bees nest*.
 Dactylus, vid. Palma. ☼
 Damasonium Par. vid. alisma.

Damædrios

Damædrios, i. e. chamædrys.
 Danebalchil, i. e. Equisetum.
 Daphne, i. e. Laurus. ☼
 Daruch, i. e. Palma. ☼
 Debonigi, i. e. chamomilla.
 Defta, i. e. Beta.
 Delphinium Warf. i. e. Consolida regalis.
 Dens caninus, *doggs tooth*. ☼
 Dentaria, *tooth wort, or coral wort*.
 Dentillaria Rond. i. e. Plumbago Plin. *Plinies Lead-
wort*. ☼
 Diagridium, vid. Scammonium. ☼
 Diapensia, i. e. pinguicula.
 Distamnum, *Dittany*. ☼
 Didararab. i. e. Ulmus.
 Digirus veneris, i. e. Nymphaea.
 Digitalis, *Fox glove*.
 Dili, i. e. Isatis.
 Dionysia, i. e. Hædera.
 Diospyron, i. e. Miliun folis. ☼
 Dipcadi Par. vid. Muscari. ☼
 Dipsacos, *Teasel*.
 Distichon, vid. hordeum.
 Dochon, i. e. Panicum.
 Dodecatheon, i. e. Primula veris.
 Dolichi Fuch. i. e. Phascoli.
 Doronicum, *Leopards bane*. ☼
 Doryenium Mons. Haf. *Venemous trefoile of Montp.* ☼
 Draba, *Arabian mustard*.
 Draba repens, *creeping cresse*. ☼
 Drachontium, *Dragons*. ☼
 Draco arbor, *dragon tree*. ☼
 Draco herba, *Taragon*. ☼
 Dracunculus, i. e. dracontium. ☼
 Dracontia, i. e. Dracontium. ☼
 Dracosylvestris, i. e. ptarmica.
 Drosutum, i. e. Haliabi anisum. ☼
 Drosian cordi, i. e. alchi mila.
 Drus, i. e. Qurrcus.

Dryopteris, *Oake Fern*.
Drypis, *Sperage thistle*. &
Dulb Arab. i.e. *Platanus*.
Dulcis radix, i.e. *Glycyrrhiza*. &
Dulcisida, i.e. *Pæonia*.
Dulcamara, *Bittersweet*.
Dulcisida, i.e. *Pæonia*.
Dumbebe, i. e. *Endivia*. &
Duriones Acoft. vid. *App.* &
Durtoa Bauh. vid. *App.* &

E

E *Benus Cret. Haf.* *Eben tree*, vid. *Append.* &
Ebulus, i. e. *chamæaste*, *Danewort* or *dwarf elder*.
Echium, *Vipers Bugloss*.
Elaphobosum Par. i.e. *Pastinaca sylv.*
Elæagnus cordi, vid. *Myrtus Brabantica*.
Elatine, *Fluellin*.
Elæoselinum, i.e. *Paludapium*.
Elate, vid. *Palma*. &
Elaterium, vid. *cucumis*. &
Elleborus, i.e. *Helleborus*.
Elleborastrum, i. e. *Helleboraster*.
Elelisphacus, i. e. *Salvia*.
Elemum, i.e. *Enula campana*.
Elephantis, *Pediculus*, i.e. *anacardium*. &
Eliochryson, *Golden Cudweed*. &
Elkiageber, i.e. *Rosmarinus*.
Embeguaca, vid. *Append.* &
Emblia, vid. *Myrobalanus*. &
Empetrum, i.e. *Herniaria*.
Encephalus, i.e. *chamæripphes*. &
Endivia, *Endive*. &
Eneaphyllum, i.e. *Lig na serpentis*.
Eneaphyllon, i. e. *Unifolium*.
Enula campana, *Elicampane*.
Ephemerum Par. *Quick fading flower*. vid. *Ocimum*. &
Ephæcium, i. e. *Ranunculus*.

Epilinum

Epilinum, *Dodder of Flax*.
Epimetrum, i.e. *Epimedium*. &
Epipactis Recent, i.e. *Helleborum*.
Epipactron, i.e. *Epimedium*. &
Epierica, *Dodder of Heath*.
Epigenista spinosa, *Dodder of Furze*.
Epimedium, *Barrenwort*. &
Epithymum, vid. *Thymus*. &
Epiurtica, *dodder of nettles*, vid. *cuscuta*.
Equapium, i.e. *Hipposelinum*.
Equisetum, *Horse taile*.
Eranthemum, i. e. *Flos Adonis*.
Eraway, *Bauh.* vid. *App.* &
Erebinthus, i.e. *cicer*. &
Erica, *Heath*.
Ericoides, i.e. *Euphrasia lutea* *Dod.*
Erigerum, i.e. *Senecio*, *Groundsell*.
Erinus, i.e. *caprificus*. &
Ervangina, i.e. *Orobanche*.
Eruca, *Rocket*.
Ervilia *Dod. Haf.* i.e. *Ochrus*, *Winged wild pease*. &
Eruum, i. e. *Orobis*. &
Eruumsylvestre, i. e. *catanance*.
Eryngium, *Sea Holly*.
Eryngium trifolium, *Trefoile thistle*. &
Erysimum, *Hedge mustard*.
Erysimum Theoph. i. e. *Tragopogon*.
Erysipectrum, i.e. *cyperus*.
Erythrodanum, i.e. *Rubica tinctorum*.
Esculus, i.e. *Phegus*.
Esula, *Esula* or *Spurge*.
Euonymus Theoph. *prickwood* or *spindle tree*.
Eupatorium, vid. *Agrimonia*.
Euphorbium, *Gum Thistle*. &
Euphrasia, *Eyebright*.
Euphrasia, i.e. *Euphrasia*.
Euphrosine, i.e. *Baylossum*.
Exupera, i.e. *Verbena*.
Ezula, vid. *Esula*.

Z 5

Fsalim

Faalim Thev. *Mombaza's Antidote* vid. Ap. ☞
 Faba, *bean*.
 Faba græca & veterum, vid. Faba. ☞
 Fabæ purgatrices, *purging beanes* vid. Append. ☞
 Fabaria, i.e. *Crassula*.
 Fagara, vid. Append. ☞
 Fagopyrum, vid. *Tragopyrum*.
 Fagus, *beech tree*.
 Facanum, i.e. *Tussilago*.
 Fandegem, i.e. *Origanum*.
 Faranum, *Tussilago*.
 Farfarus, i.e. *populus alba*.
 Farfrugum, i.e. *calcha palustris*.
 Farrago, i.e. *Secale*.
 Faragium, i.e. *Tussilago*.
 Farfara, i.e. *Tussilago*.
 Far, *Corne*. ☞
 Fascolus, vid. *Phaseolus*. ☞
 Faselus, i.e. *Faba*.
 Fausel, *drunken date tree*. ☞
 Febrisfuga, *Feverfew*.
 Fegopyrum, i.e. *Tragopyrum*.
 Fel terræ, i.e. *centaurium minus*.
 Feraria, i.e. *Agrimonia*.
 Ferulacoli, i.e. *Thapsia*. ☞
 Ferrum equinum, *Horshoe vetch*.
 Ferula, *Fennell gyant*. ☞
 Ferulago, Par. i.e. *Ferula minor*. ☞
 Festuca, i.e. *Bromos vel Aigilops*.
 Festuca italica, *Haver grasse*. vid. Far. ☞
 Ficaria, i.e. *chalionium minus*.
 Ficus, *Fig tree*. ☞
 Chamæficus, *dwarfe fig-tree*. ☞
 Caprificus, *wild fig tree*. ☞
 Filago Gron, vid. *Gnaphalium*. ☞
 Filipendula, *Dropwort*.
 Filicula, i.e. *Polypodium*.
 Filius ante Patrem i.e. *colchicum*.

Filix, Ferne.
 Filicastrum, i.e. *Osmunda regalis*.
 Filix florida, i.e. *Osmunda regalis*.
 Filix palustris, *Osmunda regalis*.
 Fistularia Haf. i.e. *Pedicularis*.
 Flammula, *Speare wort*.
 Flammula jovis, i.e. *clematis Peregrinat*. ☞
 Flammula Jovis, i.e. *clematis Virg. strange clematis*.
 Flos Adonis, *Adonis flower*.
 Flos Affricanus, *French Marigold*. ☞
 Flos Ambarvalis, i.e. *Polygala*.
 Flos Cardinalis, i.e. *Trachelium Amer. Cardinal flower*. ☞
 Flos crucis i.e. *Poligala*.
 Flos solis, *Sunflower*. ☞
 Flos cuculi, i.e. *Cardamine*.
 Flos frumenti, i.e. *cyanus*.
 Flos regius, i.e. *consolida regalis*.
 Flos Tigridis Bauh. *Tiger flowers*. ☞
 Fluida Gazæ, i.e. *Rhus*. ☞
 Fœnum Græcum, *Fenugreek*. ☞
 Fœnum Burgundiacum, i.e. *Medica legit*.
 Fœniculus porcinus, i.e. *Peucedanum*.
 Folium Indum, *Indian leaf*. ☞
 Fontalis, i.e. *Potamogeton*.
 Fragaria, *Strawberries*.
 Fraxinella, *Fraxinell*. ☞
 Fraxinus, *ash tree*.
 Frangula, i.e. *alnus nigra*.
 Fritillaria, *Fritillarie*. ☞
 Frumentum, *bread corne*. ☞
 Fucus, *Sea wrack*.
 Fucus herba, i.e. *anchusa*.
 Fuga dæmonum i.e. *Hypericum*.
 Fuligo, *Soot*. vid. App. ☞
 Fumariz, *corydatis*, i.e. *Radix cava*. ☞
 Fumaria, *Fumitory*.
 Fungus, *Toadstone*.
 Fungus Sambucinus, *Jews eares*.
 Fusanum, i.e. *Evonimus*.
 Fusus, i. *Attractylis*. ☞

G.

G Alanga, *Galingale*. &
 Galbanum, *vid. Ferula*.
 Galega, *i.e. Ruta capraria. Goates rue*.
 Gallæ arbor, *Gall tree*. &
 Galeopsis, *Stinking dead nettle*.
 Gallitricum, *i.e. Horminum*.
 Gallium, *Ladies bedstraw*.
 Garosmos, *i. e. Attriplex olida*.
 Garb Maurorum, *vid. Ap.* &
 Gariophyllata, *i.e. caryophyllata*.
 Garyophylum, *i. e. caryophyllus*.
 Ged-war, *i.e. Geiduar*. &
 Geminalis, *i.e. Horminum*.
 Genipat, *twining American peach. v. Ap.* &
 Genicularis, *i. e. Lychnis Sativa*. &
 Geuista, *Broome*.
 Gelseminum Indic. *i.e. Mirabile peruv.* &
 Genicularis, *i. e. phu Magnam*,
 Genista spinosa, *Purze bush*.
 Genistella, *Petty Whyn*.
 Genecanthie, *i.e. Bryonia nigra*.
 Genitura, *i.e. Aneurum*.
 Gentiana, *Gentian or Fellwort*.
 Gentianella, *bastard Fellwort*.
 Gerontopogon, *i.e. Tragopogon*.
 Geranium, *Cranes bill*.
 Geum, *i. e. caryophyllata*.
 Gingidium Haf. *tooth pick chervill*. &
 Gith, *i. e. Melanthium*. &
 Githago Trag. *i.e. pseudomelanthium*.
 Gladiolus, *Flag*.
 Glans terræ, *Earth nut*.
 Glasium, *Wood*.

Glas

Glans Sardiniana, *vid. Castanea*.
 Glans unguentaria, *i.e. Balanus myrepfica*. &
 Glaucium, *Par. i. e. Pomum Amoris*. &
 Glaux, *Milketare*.
 Glechon, *i.e. Pulegium*.
 Globricaria, *i. e. Asphyllanthes* &
 Glypicron *i.e. Dulcamara*.
 Glycyrryza, *i.e. Lyquiritia, Liquorice*. &
 Glycissida, *i.e. Pzonia*.
 Gnaphalium, *Cudweed*.
 Gordilion, *i.e. Tordylum*. &
 Gossipium, *i.e. Xylum vel Gossypium*.
 Gramen, *Grasse*.
 Gramen leucanthemum, *Stitchwort*.
 Gramen tremulum, *i.e. Phellaris Prat.*
 Grana paradisi, *i.e. Cardamomum*. &
 Gratiola, *Hedge Hyssop*.
 Grossularia, *i.e. Uva crispa, Goose berry*.
 Grossularia ulcramarina, *i.e. Ribes*. &
 Grossi, *i.e. Ficus aridi*. &
 Gruinalis, *i.e. Geranium*.
 Guanabauus Ovied. *Gron. tree melon. v. Ap.* &
 Guajacum, *Pockwood tree*. &
 Guajavas, *West Indian bay plumb. v. Ap.* &
 Guacatane, *Indian pilewort. v. Ap.* &
 Gummi Ammoniacum, *vid. Ap.* &
 Gummi Animæ: *vid. Ap.* &
 Gummi Arabicum, *vid. Acacia*, &
 Gummi copal, *vid. Append.* &
 Gummi Elemi, *v. Append.* &
 Gutta Gamandra, *vid. Append.* &

H.

H Acuph, *i.e. sylibum quorundam*.
 Halicacabum peregrinum, *i.e. Pisum cordatum* &
 Halicacabum, *i. e. Alkakengi*.
 Halimus, *i.e. Portulaca marina lat. Sea purslain*.

Hanab

Hanab Althalab. *i.e.* Solanum.
 Harmala Syr. Par. *i.e.* Ruta Syr. ☼
 Haralia, *i.e.* Cucurbita. ☼
 Harbatum, *i.e.* Peucedanum.
 Harenaria, *i.e.* Cornu cervi. ☼
 Hasce, *i.e.* Thymus.
 Hastula regia, *i.e.* Asphodelus albus.
 Harundo, *i.e.* Arundo.
 Haronigi, *i.e.* Doronicum. ☼
 Hasmisen syriacum, *i.e.* Convolvatus coerul.
 Hebene, *i.e.* Cylaloc officinarum. ☼
 Hebiscus, *i.e.* Althæa minor,
 Hedera, *Ivy*.
 Hederula aq. *Water starwort or Ivy*.
 Hedera spinosa, *i.e.* Smilax aspera.
 Hedypponis, *i.e.* cichoreum luteum.
 Hedyforum, *Hony succle*.
 Hedyasmus, *i.e.* mentha.
 Helicæ, *i.e.* Hedera helix.
 Helenium, *Elecampane*.
 Helianthemum, *English yellow cistus or Sunne flower*.
 Helichrysum Clus. Haf. *i.e.* Gnaphalium Fuch. seu.
 Germ. ☼
 Heliotropium, *Tornesole*. ☼
 Helleborus, *Hellebore*.
 Helleborine, *Wild white Hellebore*.
 Helleboraster, *bastard hellebore or bears foot*.
 Helleborastrum, *wild black hellebore*.
 Heliopus, *i.e.* Heliotropium. ☼
 Hemerocallis Clus. Haf. *i.e.* liliū quoddam. ☼
 Heman, *i.e.* Serpillum,
 Hemionitis, *Moon Ferne*.
 Hepatica, *Liverwort*.
 Helxine, *vid.* Parietaria.
 Herba Doria, *Dorias wound wort*. ☼
 Herba Gerardi, *vid.* Podagraria.
 Herba impia, *i.e.* Filago, *little cudweed*.
 Herba minosa sive sensibilis, *the sensible plant*. ☼
 Herba humilis, *humble plant*. ☼

Herba Paris, *True love or oneberry*.
 Herba casta, *i.e.* Pæonia.
 Herba benedicta, *i.e.* cariofillata.
 Herba coca, *vid.* Append. ☼
 Herba cassiana, *vid.* Append. ☼
 Herba cohobba, *vid.* Append. ☼
 Herba catti, *i.e.* mentha cattaria.
 Herba fortis, *i.e.* Solidago Saracen.
 Herba Joannis infantis, *Herb of John the infant*. v. Ap. ☼
 Herba Indica ad rupturas, *Indian rupturewort*, v. Ap. ☼
 Herba de la Rotta, *vid.* Ap. ☼
 Herba leo, *i.e.* Anticrhinum.
 Herba moluviana Acoft. B. *poor surgeon*. *vid.* Ap. ☼
 Herba paralysis, *i.e.* primula veris.
 Herba prænuncians, *Indian fortune teller*. *vid.* Ap. ☼
 Herba renitus utilis. *vid.* Ap. ☼
 Herba stella, *i.e.* coronopus. ☼
 Herba sacra, *i.e.* Tabacco.
 Herba tunica, *i.e.* caryophyllus hort. ☼
 Herba viva, B. p. *Herb of life or love*. v. Ap. ☼
 Herba venti, *i.e.* Anemone.
 Herba S. Anthonii, *i.e.* Dentillaria Rond. ☼
 Herba caustica caustica, *i.e.* Ranunculus.
 Herba cancri, *i.e.* Heliotropium. ☼
 Herba coxendicum, *i.e.* coryledon.
 Herba clavellata, *i.e.* viola tricolor.
 Herba Dineotiliæ, *i.e.* consolida Reg.
 Herba gallica Æracast. *i.e.* Galega.
 Herba hungarica Dod. *i.e.* Alcea.
 Herba lucis, *i.e.* chelidonium majus.
 Herba impetiginaria, *i.e.* chelidonium maj.
 Herba lassulata, *i.e.* Balsamita major. ☼
 Herba pinnula, *i.e.* Hyoscyamus.
 Herba scythica, *i.e.* Glycyrrhiza. ☼
 Herba scelerata, *i.e.* Ranunculus.
 Herba rutinalis, *i.e.* sphondilium.
 Herba Turca, *i.e.* Hernaria.
 Herba sardao, *i.e.* Ranunculus aquaticus.
 Herba vulcani, *i.e.* Ranunculus.

Herba sinæonis, i.e. Alcea.
 Herba ulceraria, i.e. Ranunculus.
 Herba Urbana, i.e. Acanthus. &
 Herbena, i.e. Verbena.
 Herculana, i.e. Verbena.
 Hermodactylus, vid. Crocus.
 Herniaria, Rupturewort.
 Herpacantha, i.e. Acanthus Sativus. &
 Hesperis, Single Dames violet. &
 Hieracium, Hawkweed.
 Hippago, & Hippia, i.e. Alfine.
 Hippolapathum rot. fol. bastard rhubarb. &
 Hippofelinum, i.e. Smyrniū vulg. Alexander
 Hippofelinon, i.e. Olus ortum.
 Hippoglossum bonifacia, i.e. Laurus Alex. &
 Hippoglossum, Horse tongue. &
 Hippuris, i.e. Equisetum.
 Hignerro, Ovied. vid. Append. &
 Hirculus, Urine wort, vid. Nardus. &
 Hirundinaria, i.e. Chelidoneum.
 Hispidula, i.e. Pes Cati, Catsfoot. &
 Hircia, i.e. Jucca. &
 Hobbus, vid. Append. &
 Holostium, Stichwort.
 Hordeum, Barly.
 Horminum, Clary.
 Hortus Veneris, i.e. Umbilicus veneris.
 Horminum tridantium, i.e. Colus Jovis.
 Hoximo, vid. Append. &
 Hucuviro, vid. Append. &
 Humadh, i.e. Lappathum.
 Hunen, vid. Jujubæ. &
 Huniure, i.e. Urtica.
 Hyacinthus, Jacinth.
 Hyropiper, i.e. Persicaria.
 Hydrocystis, vid. Cystus. &
 Hydrofelinum, i.e. Poladapium.
 Hyoseris, Swines Cichory.
 Hypochæris porcellia, i.e. Hyoseris.

Hyvourahe,

Hyvourahe, vid. Append. &
 Hypogeson, i.e. Sedum majus.
 Hyoscyamus, Henbane.
 Hyophthalmon, i.e. Aster atticus.
 Hyoscyamus Peruvianus, i.e. Tabacco.
 Hypecom Par. i.e. Cuminum sylv.
 Hypericum, S. Johns wort.
 Hyllopus, Hyssope. &

I.

J Aca Ind. Diamond fashioned chesnut gourd, vid. Ap. &
 Jackaiack, i.e. Anemone.
 Jacea, knap weed.
 Jacobæa, Ragwort, or S. James's wort.
 Jalappa, vid. Bryonia.
 Jambig, vid. Append. &
 Jambolains, Indian Olives. vid. Ap. &
 Jambos, Blood red and blush-peares of India. vid. Ap. &
 Jasminum, Gesemine. &
 Janatri, i.e. Nux moschata.
 Jangomas, Indian Services. vid. Ap. &
 Janipaba, vid. Append. &
 Jasin, i.e. Enula.
 Jasione, i.e. Campanula.
 Jarus, i.e. Arum.
 Iberis, i.e. Lapidium.
 Ibiga, i.e. Chamæpitys.
 Ibiscus, i.e. Althæa.
 Igpecaya, vid. Append. &
 Illecebra minor acris, i.e. Vermicularis.
 Ilex, vid. Quercus.
 Imperatoria sive Astringia, Master wort.
 Impatiens herba Dod. Warf. i.e. Balsmina lur.
 Indico, vid. Glastrum.
 Jovis barba frutex, Silver bush. &
 Jovis Faba, i.e. Hyoscyamus.
 Jovis Arbor, i.e. Quercus.
 Jovi Flos, i.e. Lychnis.

Inula,

Inula, *i.e.* Enula.
 Jon, *i.e.* Viola.
 Inturis GaZ. *i.e.* Capparis. ☿
 Intybus, *i.e.* Cichoreum.
 Inguinalis, *i.e.* Aster atticus.
 Impatiens Herba, *Shrinking shrub.* v. Ap. ☿
 Imperatrix, *i.e.* Meum.
 Iphium Theoph. *i.e.* petasites.
 Iris, *Flower de luce.*
 Chamæiris, *Dwarfe flower de luce.*
 Isatis, Warf. *i.e.* Glaſtum,
 Itca, *i.e.* Salix.
 Iva arthritica, *i.e.* Chamæpitys.
 Iva muschara, *i.e.* Chamæpitys.
 Juglans, *vid.* Nux juglans.
 Jujube, *vid.* Zizypha. ☿
 Juncus odoratus rotund. *i.e.* schænanthū.
 Junquillas, *Ruſh-daffodill.*
 Jusquiamus, *i.e.* Hyosciamus.
 Jucca, *Bread of India.* ☿
 Juniperus, *Juniper.*
 Ischæmon vulg. *Cocksfoot grasse.*
 Juncus, *Ruſh.*

K.

K Ali, *Glaſſe wort.*
 Kaper *i.e.* Capparis. ☿
 Karavata, *vid.* Ap. ☿
 Kanturian, *i.e.* Centaureum.
 KanZ, *i.e.* Amigdalus. ☿
 Kauroch, *i.e.* chelidonium majus.
 Kebikengi, *i.e.* Ranunculus.
 Kemetri, *i.e.* Pyrus.
 Kemum, *i.e.* cuminum. ☿
 Kenne, *i.e.* Ligustrum.
 Kermes, *vid.* Quercus.
 Kernagh & Kergha, *i.e.* Ricinus. ☿
 Kulb, *i.e.* milium solis.
 Kusbor, *i.e.* coriandrum. ☿

L.

L Ablab Alpin. Lugd. *i.e.* Phaseolus Ægypt. ☿
 Labrum. Veneris, *i.e.* Diplacus.
 Laburnum, *vid.* Anagyris.
 Labrusca, *Wild vine.*
 Lactaria, *i.e.* Tithymalus.
 Lactuca leoporina, *i.e.* Sonchus.
 Lactuca sylvestris pumila, *vid.* Ap. ☿
 Lactucella, *i.e.* Sonchus.
 Lacca, *Lacca tree.* ☿
 Lachrymæ Job. *Jobs teares.* ☿
 Lactuca, *Letuce.*
 Ladanum, *vid.* cistus. ☿
 Ladanum segetem. *vid.* Sideritis.
 Lagæ Lupi Haf. ☿
 Lagopus, *Hares foot.*
 Lagopyrus, *i.e.* Lagopus.
 Lampatan, *i.e.* china rad. ☿
 Lamium Archangell.
 Lampfana, *Dock cresse.*
 Lanaria, *i.e.* Radicula.
 Lancea Christi, *i.e.* Ophioglossum.
 Lanceola, *i.e.* Quinquenervia.
 Lantana, *i.e.* Viburnum.
 Lanugo, *vid.* Xylum. ☿
 Lappathum, *Dock.*
 Lappamajor, *i.e.* Bardana.
 Hippolappathum sativum, *i.e.* Lap Mon. *Monks Rubarb.* ☿
 Lappathum sativum sanguineum, *blood wort.* ☿
 Lappathum unctuosum, *i.e.* Bonus Henricus.
 Laserpitium, *Par. Laserwort.*
 Laser, *i.e.* Laserpitium.
 Larix, *Larch tree.* ☿
 Lathyrus, *Pease everlasting.*
 Lathyrus, *i.e.* Cataputia minor.
 Lavandula, *i.e.* Lavendula. ☿
 Lavendula, *Lavender.* ☿
 Laudanum, *vid.* Papaver.
 Laudata nobilium, *i.e.* Veronica.

Laudea vet. i.e. Laurus. ✱
 Laureæ, i. e. Laurus. ✱
 Laver, Lavacrum, i.e. Dipfacus.
 Laurus Alexandrina, i.e. Hippoglossum. ✱
 Laurus Rosea, i.e. Oleander. ✱
 Laurentina, i.e. Bugula.
 Laurocerasus, Cherry bay. ✱
 Laureola, Laurel.
 Laurus, Bay tree. ✱
 Laurustinus, Wild bay. ✱
 Lectipes, i.e. Clinopodium.
 Legumen Pallidum Nonii Brand. Chichling pease. ✱
 Lenticula, i.e. Lens.
 Lens, Lentils.
 Lens palustris, Ducks Meat.
 Lentiscus Bles. Mastick tree. ✱
 Leontopetalum, lions lease. ✱
 Lepidium, Dittander.
 Leptocaryon, i.e. Nux Avellana.
 Leucacantha, i.e. Carlina.
 Leucanthemis, vel leucanthemum i.e. Chamamelum.
 Leucoma B. Indian Chesnut. vid. Append. ✱
 Leucapiper, i. e. piper album. ✱
 Leucoium, wall flower or Gilloflower.
 Levisticum, i.e. Ligustum, Lovage. ✱
 Libanotis, Herb Frankincence. ✱
 Lichen, Liver wort.
 Lignum vitæ, vid. Guajacum. ✱
 Ligustrum, Privet.
 Lignum Rhodium vid. Aspalathus. ✱
 Lignum collubrinum, Snake wood. v. Ap. ✱
 Lignum moluccense, Moluccas tree. ✱
 Lignum nephriticum, vid. Ap. ✱
 Lignum Aloes, wood of Aloes. ✱
 Lilach, vid. Syringa. ✱
 Lilium, Lilly.
 Liliaphodelus, Day Lilly. ✱
 Lilium Byfantynū & Persicum, i.e. Corona imperialis ✱
 Lilionarcissus, i.e. Tulipa. ✱

Limodoron,

Limodoron, i.e. Orobanche.
 Limonium, Sea Lavender.
 Lingua cervina, Harts tongue.
 Linaria, Toade flax.
 Lingua avis, i.e. Fraxini semen.
 Lingua bovis, i.e. Buglossum.
 Lingua bubula, i.e. Lingua bovis, Lang de beef.
 Lingua pagana, i.e. Hippoglossum. ✱
 Lingua serpentis, i.e. Ophioglossum. v. Sagitarea.
 Lingua vulneraria, i. e. Ophioglossum.
 Linum, Flax.
 Liquid Ambra, vid. Append. ✱
 Liquiritia, i.e. Glycyrrhiza. ✱
 Lirion, i. e. Lilium.
 Lirionarcissus, i. e. Lilionarcissus ✱
 Liriasphodelus, i.e. Liliaphodelus.
 Lisen, i.e. Plantago.
 Lithospermum, Gromell.
 Lolium, Darnell.
 Lonchitis, Spleen wort.
 Lopima, i.e. Castanea.
 Longina, i.e. Lonchitis.
 Lotus arbor, Nettle tree. ✱
 Lotus herba, trefoile pease. ✱
 Lovan Arabum, i.e. Thus sive Olibanum. ✱
 Luciola, i.e. lingua Serpentina.
 Lunaria arthritica, i.e. auricula ursi. ✱
 Lutea, i.e. luteola vel luteum.
 Lujula, vid. Oxys, sive trifol. ocetos. fl. albo. wood sorrell.
 Lunaria, Moon wort.
 Lupinus. Lupine. ✱
 Lupulus, Hopps.
 Luteola, Dyers weed.
 Lychnis, Campion.
 Lychnis Chalcedonica, Flower of Constantinople. ✱
 Lychnis hortensis, Batchelors buttons. ✱
 Lycium, Boxthorne.
 Lybica Plin. vid. populus.
 Lycopersicum, i.e. poma amoris. ✱

Lycopis

Lycopsis, i.e. Echium alterum, wall bugloss.
Lyfimachia, willow weed or loose strife.

M.

M Achia, i.e. Palma. &
 Macis, vid. Nux moschata. &
 Macropiper, i.e. Piper longum. &
 Magopistana, i.e. Sagittaria.
 Mahaleb, i.e. Species phyllyreæ.
 Majorana, Marjerome. &
 Mala insana, Mad apples. &
 Malabathrum, i.e. Folium Indum. &
 Malacocissus, i.e. Hedera terestris.
 Malva, Mallows.
 Malagnecta, i.e. Milligela.
 Malum tertæ, i.e. Aristolochia.
 Malva arborescens, Hollihocks.
 Malane, i.e. Malva major.
 Malvaviscum, i.e. malva ibiscus.
 Malus canina Fuch. i.e. Mandragora. &
 Malus cydonia, i.e. cotonea. &
 Malus, Apple tree.
 Malus Armeniaca, Apricock tree. &
 Malus cotonea, Quince tree &
 Malus Arantia, Orange tree &
 Malus Limonia, Limon tree &
 Malus Persica, Peach tree &
 Malus Nuci persica, Nectarin &
 Malus Granata, Pomegranate tree &
 Malus Medica, Pomecitron &
 Malus punica, i.e. Granata &
 Malus sylvestris, Crab tree.
 Mambu arbor, Treelike reed, vid. Ap. &
 Mamoera, Dug tree. vid. Ap. &
 Mangas, vid. Ap. &
 Manihot, i.e. Jucca. &
 Manicongo, vid. Ap. &
 Manna, vid. Append. &

Mannobi

Mannobi, Indian Earth nut. v. Ap. &
 Manus martis, i.e. Quinquefolium. &
 Mandragora, Mandrake. &
 Maratriphyllum, palust. Par. &
 Marrubium, Horebound.
 Martagon, i.e. Lilium Mont. Martagons. &
 Marum, Mastick. &
 Marathrum, i.e. Foeniculum. &
 Marana, i.e. Stramonium. &
 Marinella, i.e. Phu magnum.
 Marmarites, i.e. Fumaria.
 Marmorella, i.e. Agrimonia.
 Manrohebræ caput, i.e. Antirrhinum.
 Mastastes, i.e. Laserpitium.
 Mastiche, vid. Lentiscus. &
 Matrefillon, i.e. Jacæa nigra.
 Matricalis, i.e. Verbena.
 Matricaria, Feverfew.
 Matrisylva, i.e. Periclymenum.
 Matrisalvia, i.e. Sclarea. &
 Matahalna, i.e. Anisum. &
 Materfilon, i.e. Jacca nigra.
 Mater herbarum, i.e. Artemisia.
 Meconium, vid. papaver.
 Meoacanna, vid. Bryonia. Bryony of mexico & Peru. &
 Medica, Claver.
 Melampyrum, vid. Crataegonum.
 Melampodium, i.e. Helleborus niger.
 Melamphyllos, smooth beanes breech. &
 Melispermum, i.e. Nigella. &
 Melanospermum, i.e. piper nigrum. &
 Meleagris flos, vid. Fritillaria. &
 Melocasta, i.e. Melocarduus Echinatus.
 Melocarduus Amer, Melon thistle of Amer. vid. Ap. &
 Melochia, vid. Ap. &
 Melopepo, Muske millon.
 Melistophyllum, & Melires, i.e. Melissa.
 Melanthium Haf. i.e. Nigelia Romana. &
 Meliandrum Plin. Par. vid. Lychnis sylv.

Melilotus,

Melilotus, *Melilote*.
 Melica, i.e. Sorghum. ✕
 Meline, i.e. Panicum. ✕
 Melissa, *Bawme*.
 Melo, *Melon*. ✕
 Memecyllon, i.e. Fructus Arbuti.
 Memithe, i.e. Glaucium. ✕
 Meniauthes Theoph. i.e. Trifolium palad. ✕
 Menogonion, i.e. Pœonia.
 Mentha felina, i.e. cattaria.
 Mentha Saracenica, i.e. Balsamita major. ✕
 Mentha cattaria, *Catmint*.
 Mentastrum, *Horsemint*.
 Mercurialis, *Mercury*.
 Merzenius, i.e. Majorana. ✕
 Mespilus, *Medlar tree*. ✕
 Mescatremfir, i.e. Distamnium. ✕
 Metel, vid. Nux metella. ✕
 Meum, *Spignell*.
 Men, i. e. meum.
 Mezereon, vid. Chamelæa Germanica. *Mezereon tree*. ✕
 Militaris, *Fresh water souldier*.
 Milium, *Millet*. ✕
 Millium solis, vid. Lichaspermum, *Gremwell*.
 Millefolium, *Tarrow or milfoile*.
 Millegrana, *All seed or Rupture wort*.
 Millemorbia, i.e. Schrophularia.
 Mimmulus, vid. Nummulus.
 Mirabile Peruvianum, *Marvell of Peru*. ✕
 Molle B. P. balsam tree of Clusius. ✕
 Molybdena, i. e. Dentillaria Ron. ✕
 Mollogo Lob. Haf. *bastard madder*.
 Moly, *Moly*. ✕
 Momordica, i.e. Balsamita mas. ✕
 Monophyllon, i.e. Unifolium.
 Morisani syr. vid. App. ✕
 Morella, vid. Solanum.
 Morion, i.e. moringa. ✕
 Morion, i.e. mandragoras. ✕

Morsus

Morsus Diaboli, *Devils bit*.
 Morsus Gallinæ, i. e. Alsine Heder.
 Morsua Ranæ, *Frog bit*.
 Morus, *Mulberry*, vid. Malus. ✕
 Mula herba Gaz. i.e. Ceterach.
 Multi radix, i.e. Centaurium minus.
 Multi bona, i.e. Petroselinum.
 Mameiz, i.e. Sycomorus. ✕
 Mungo Bauh. *Indian coriander seed*. v. Ap. ✕
 Martilla, v. Ap. ✕
 Musa, *Mose tree*, vid. Malus. ✕
 Muscari Tradesc. *Musked grape flower*. ✕
 Muscipula, *Catch-fly*. ✕
 Muscus, *Mosse*.
 Myagrum, *Gold of pleasure*.
 Myolotis, *Moufeare*.
 Myofuros, i.e. cauda muris.
 Myrtillus Haf. *Myrtle tree*. ✕
 Myrobolanus, *Myrobolane tree*. ✕
 Myrrhis, *Cicely*.
 Myrica, i.e. Tamariscus. ✕
 Myrtus, *Myrtle*. ✕
 Myacantha, i.e. Asparagus.
 Myophonon, i.e. Doronicum. ✕
 Myriophyllon, i.e. Millefolium.
 Myrrha, vid. Append. ✕
 Myrrhas, *Myrtle tree*. ✕
 Myrtus sylveris, i.e. Ruicis.
 Myrtus Erabantica sive Elæag. Cordi, *sweet Gaal*. ✕
 Myxos, *Sebesten tree*. ✕

N.

N Apellus, *Minks hood or helmet flower*. ✕
 Napus, i.e. Bunias.
 Nabasnah, i.e. Mentha.
 Nana Bauh. i.e. Strobilus peruv. & Ananas. ✕
 Nanochach, i.e. Ammi.
 Narcissus, *Daffodill*.

A a

Pseudo

Pseudonarcissus, *Bastard Daffodill.*
 Nardus, *Spicknard.*
 Nars, *i.e.* Nasturtium.
 Nargol, *i.e.* Palma. ☞
 Nardus cretica, *i.e.* Phu magnum.
 Nardus rustica, *i.e.* Asarum, *v.* caryophyllata.
 Naronica radix, *i.e.* Iris.
 Nasturtium hibernum, *i.e.* Barbarea.
 Nasturtium, *Cresse.*
 Natrix Plin Par. *i.e.* Ononis non spin. lut. ☞
 Negundo, *Wound tree.*
 Nenuphar, *i.e.* Nymphaea.
 Neotica, *i.e.* Nidus avis. ☞
 Nephriticum lignum, *vid.* Append. ☞
 Nepeta, *vid.* Cattaria.
 Nerium, *i.e.* Oleander, *Rose bay.* ☞
 Nicotiana, *Tabacco.* ☞
 Nigella, *Fennell flower.* ☞
 Nigella Romana, *S. Katharines flower.* ☞
 Nidus avis, *v.* Orchis abortiva. ☞
 Nigellastrum, *i.e.* Pseudomelanthium.
 Nilofer, *i.e.* Nymphaea.
 Nimbo, *v.* Ap. ☞
 Nola culinaria, *i.e.* Anemone.
 Nolime tangere, *i.e.* Persicaria filiquosa, *Caddis*
Arsmart,
 Nuces variae, *Nut trees.*
 Nucula terrestris, *vid.* Bulbocastanum.
 Nuccae graecae Caton. *i.e.* Amygdala. ☞
 Nummularia, *Money wort.*
 Nux juglans, *Wall nut.*
 Nux vesicaria, *Bladder nut.* ☞
 Nux moschata, *nutmeg tree.* ☞
 Nux Henden, *v.* Ap. ☞
 Nux Heracleatica, *vid.* Castanea.
 Nux Indica coccos ferens, *Cocac nut, vid.* Ap. ☞
 Nux vomica, *vomiting nut, v.* Ap. ☞
 Nuclei pinei, *i.e.* Fructus pini. ☞
 Nymphaea minima, *i.e.* Morfus ranæ,
 Nymphaea, *Water Lilly.*

O.

Cellus damascenus & Barbar, *i.e.* Caryophyllus
 hortensis. ☞
 Ochrus Lugd. *i.e.* Ervilia. ☞
 Ocymastrum Valerianthos, *Dodoneus's red Valerian.* ☞
 Ocimum, *Basill.* ☞
 Ocularia, *i.e.* Euphrasia. ☞
 Oculi Bovis, *i.e.* Buphthalmum. ☞
 Oculi Christi, *i.e.* Horminum sylv. vulg. *wild clary.*
 Odontis, *i.e.* Dentillaria Rond. ☞
 Oenochora Theoph. *i.e.* Onagra. ☞
 Oenanthe, *Dropwort.* ☞
 Oenoplia non spinosa, *Great jujube tree.* ☞
 Olea, *Olive tree.* ☞
 Oleander, *i.e.* Nerium. ☞
 Oleaster, *Wild olive tree.* ☞
 Olea Bohemica, *i.e.* Zyziphus alba. ☞
 Oleagnus, *i.e.* Chamelæa. ☞
 Olus Indiacum, *i.e.* Corcoros.
 Olusatrum, *i.e.* Hypposelynon, *Alexander.*
 Olibanum, *v.* Thus. ☞
 Olivella, *i.e.* Oleastellus. ☞
 Olvalidia, *i.e.* Chamæmælum.
 Omphacium, *vid.* Vitis. ☞
 Ombu, *vid.* Ap. ☞
 Onagra vet. *i.e.* Chamænerium. ☞
 Onocleia, *i.e.* Anchusa.
 Onobrychis Belg. *i.e.* campanula Arv.
 Onobrychis, *i.e.* Caput Gallinaceum, *Cocks head.*
 Onosma, *i.e.* Buglossum sylvestre.
 Onocordon, *i.e.* Gramen phalaroides.
 Ononis *v.* Anonis, *Rest harrow.*
 Onopordum Par. *i.e.* Acanthium.
 Onopyxos, *i.e.* Carduus aspinus.
 Ophioglossum, *Adder tongue.*
 Ophioscorodon, *Vipers Garlick.* ☞
 Ophris, *i.e.* Bisolium.
 Opium, *vid.* Papaver.
 Opobalsamum, *vid.* Balsamm.

Opopanax, *vid.* Panax. ✂
 Opſago, *i.e.* Solanum ſomniſerum. ✂
 Opuntia, Plin. *i.e.* Ficus indica. ✂
 Orbicularis, *i.e.* Cyclamen.
 Orchis, *Orchis. or Dogs ſtones &c.*
 Orchis Abortiva, *birds neſt.*
 Cynoforchis, *dogs ſtones.*
 Tragorchis, *Goats ſtones.*
 Triorchis, *Triple Ladie traces.* ✂
 Orchis Palmata, *Fenny ſtones.*
 Orchis morio, *Fools ſtones.*
 Orchis ſerapias, *Serapias ſtones.*
 Oreofelinum, *i.e.* Petroſelinum.
 Origanum, *wild marjerome.*
 Orminum, *i.e.* Herminum.
 Orneogloſſum, *v.* Fraxinus.
 Ornus, *i.e.* Fraxinus.
 Ornithogalum, *Starre of Bethlem.*
 Ornithopodium, *Birds foot.*
 Orobanche, *Broom rape.*
 Orobellon, *i.e.* Pæonia.
 Orobus, *Bitter Vetch.* ✂
 Oronticum, *i.e.* Antirrhinum.
 Orvalla, *i.e.* Horminum.
 Orucoria, *vid.* Ap. ✂
 Oryza, *Rice.* ✂
 Osteocollon, *i.e.* conſolida major.
 Os Leonis, *i.e.* Antirrhinum.
 Oſyris, *i.e.* Linaria.
 Oſtrutium, *i.e.* Imperatoria.
 Oſmunda regalis, *i.e.* Filix florida, *Flowring Ferne.*
 Orthonna Rond. par. *i.e.* Herba venti.
 Ouragaë Gron. ✂
 Oxalis, *vid.* Acetoſa.
 Oxys, *vid.* Lujula.
 Oxya, *i.e.* Fagus.
 Oxyacantha, *Hawthorne.*
 Oxymyrſine, *vid.* Ruſcus.
 Oxycedrus, *vid.* Cedrus.

Oxyacanthus

Oxyacanthus, *i.e.* Pyracantha. ✂
 Oxyſchænos, *vid.* Juncus acutus.
 Oxyphænix, *vid.* Tamarindi. ✂

P.

P Acal arbor, *Tellar tree of Weſt Ind. vid.* Ap. ✂
 Pæderota, *i.e.* Acanthus. ✂
 Pæonia, *Piony.*
 Palatia, *i.e.* Cyclamen.
 Palma, *Date tree.* ✂
 Palma Ady, *vid.* Ap. ✂
 Palma Saccifera, *Sachel date, vid.* Ap. ✂
 Palma Chriſti, *vid.* Ricinus.
 Paliurus, par. *Jews thorne.* ✂
 Panacæa Indica ſanguinalis, *Indian allheale. v.* Ap. ✂
 Paneratum, *i.e.* Squilla. ✂
 Panava, *Moluccas tree.* ✂
 Panax, *All-heale.* ✂
 Panax coloni, *Clowns all-heale.*
 Paludapium, *Smallage.*
 Panicum, *Panick.* ✂
 Panis caculi, *i.e.* Trifolium acetosum.
 Panis percinus, *i.e.* Cyclamen.
 Panthiceraton, *i.e.* pæonia.
 Pappas peruv. Haſ. *i.e.* Battatas. ✂
 Papaver, *Poppy.*
 Papaverculum, *i.e.* Leontoperalon. ✂
 Papaver ſpumeum, *Spatling Poppy.*
 Papaver Rhœas, *Corne Roſe.*
 Papillaris, *i.e.* Lamſana.
 Papyrus, *Paper reed.* ✂
 Paralytica alpina, *i.e.* Auricula urſi. ✂
 Paralyſis, *Birds eye.*
 Parietaria, *pellitory of the wall.*
 Paronychia, *Whirlow graſſe.*
 Parthenium, *i.e.* Matricaria.
 Paſtinaca lat. ſativa, *Parſnep.* ✂
 Payco herba, *Indian plantaine for the ſtone. v.* Ap. ✂
 Paſtinaca

Pastinaca sativa tenuif. Carrot. ✱
Payame, i.e. Sassafras. ✱
Pavate, vid. Curo. ✱
Pecten veneris, five Scandix, Sheapheards needle.
Pecton. i.e. Symphytum.
Pedicularis, i.e. Christa galli.
Peganon, i.e. ruta sylvestris.
Pentadactylon, i.e. Ricinus. ✱
Penoabsou, Apple bearing poisonous Almond tree. v. Ap. ✱
Pentaphyllum, Cinque foile.
Peplis marit. Haf. Small purple Sea spurge. ✱
Pepo, Pompion. ✱
Peplus Dod. i.e. Esula rotunda.
Peplos, i.e. Esula rotunda.
Percepier Angl. Lob. Parsly breake stone.
Perdicaria, i.e. Parietaria.
Perdicia, i.e. Helxine.
Perdicium, i.e. Parietaria.
Perebecenuc, vid. Ap. ✱
Perforata, i.e. Hypericon.
Peristerion, i.e. Verbena.
Perlato, i.e. Lotus arbor. ✱
Perfoliata, Thorow wax.
Periclymenum, Wood bind.
Periploca, vid. Apocynum. ✱
Perficaria, Arsmart.
Perpenfa, i.e. Asarum.
Perfolata plin. i.e. Petasites.
Personata, i.e. Lappa bardana.
Pes anserinus, Goose foot.
Pes avis, i.e. Ornithopodium.
Pes galli, i.e. Ranunculus.
Pes leonis, i.e. Alchimilla.
Pes leporinus, i.e. Lagopus.
Pes vituli, i.e. Arum.
Pestifuga, i.e. Petasites.
Petasites, Butter burre.
Petroselinum, Stone parsley.
Petromarula Lugd. i.e. Ranunculus Cret. ✱

Petroselinum

Petroselinum maceum. i.e. Hipposelinum.
Perrapium, i.e. Petroselinum. ✱
Petilius flos, i.e. Flos Aphricanus ✱
Petum, i.e. Tabacco.
Peucedanum, Sowfennell or Sulphur wort.
Phacos, i.e. Lens.
Phalangitis, i.e. Phalangium.
Pharnaceum, i.e. Costus spurius. ✱
Phasganum, i.e. Gladiolus.
Phægus, i.e. Esculus.
Phalaris prat. Quaking grasse.
Phalangium, Spider wort.
Phaseolus, Kidney beane. ✱
Pheilandrinum, i.e. Cicutaria palustris.
Phellodrys, i.e. Suber. ✱
Phellos, i.e. Suber. ✱
Philanthropos, i.e. Agrimonia, v. Aparine.
Philaterion i.e. Aparine.
Philateria, i.e. Polemonium.
Phylipendula, i.e. Filipendula.
Philomedium, i.e. Chaledonium majus.
Phoenix, v. Lolium rubrum.
Phillyrea, Mock Privet.
Phthisis, i.e. peonia.
Phthirion, i.e. pedicularis.
Phu, i.e. Valeriana.
Phyllitis, i.e. lingua cervina.
Picea, Pitch tree. ✱
Picnocamum Anquil, i.e. Rhefedo.
Pilosella, Mouseare.
Pimpinella, Burnet.
Pinastella, i.e. peucedanum.
Pinipinichi, vid. Ap. ✱
Pinus. Pine tree.
Pinguicula, i.e. Sanicula Eboracensis, butter wort.
Piper Agreste, i.e. Vitex. ✱
Piper aquaticum, i.e. Hydropiper.
Piper, Pepper. ✱

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Piperitis,

Pastinaca sativa tenuif. Carrot. ✱
 Payame, i.e. Sassafras. ✱
 Pavate, vid. Curo. ✱
 Pesten veneris, five Scandix, Sheapheards needle.
 Pecton. i.e. Symphytum.
 Pedicularis, i.e. Christa galli.
 Peganon, i.e. ruta sylvestris.
 Pentadactylon, i.e. Ricinus. ✱
 Penobabou, Apple bearing poisonous Almond tree. v. Ap. ✱
 Pentaphyllum, Cinque foile.
 Peplis marit. Haf. Small purple Sea spurge. ✱
 Pepo, Pompion. ✱
 Peplus Dod. i.e. Esula rotunda.
 Peplos, i.e. Esula rotunda.
 Percepier Angl. Lob. Parsly breake stone.
 Perdicaria, i.e. Parietaria.
 Perdicia, i.e. Helxine.
 Perdicium, i.e. Parietaria.
 Perebecenuc, vid. Ap. ✱
 Perforata, i.e. Hypericon.
 Peristerion, i.e. Verbena.
 Perlaro, i.e. Lotus arbor. ✱
 Persoliata, Thorow wax.
 Periclymenum, Wood bind.
 Periploca, vid. Apocynum. ✱
 Persicaria, Arsmart.
 Perpenfa, i.e. Asarum.
 Persolata plin. i.e. Petasites.
 Personata, i.e. Lappa bardana.
 Pes anserinus, Goose foot.
 Pes avis, i.e. Ornithopodium.
 Pes galli, i.e. Ranunculus.
 Pes leonis, i.e. Alchimilla.
 Pes leporinus, i.e. Lagopus.
 Pes vituli, i.e. Arum.
 Pestifuga, i.e. Petasites.
 Petasites, Butter burre.
 Petroselinum, Stone parsley.
 Petromarula Lugd. i.e. Rapunculus Cret. ✱

Petroselinum

Petroselinum maceum. i.e. Hipposelinum.
 Petrapium, i.e. Petroselinum. ✱
 Petilius flos, i.e. Flos Aphricanus ✱
 Petum, i.e. Tabacco.
 Peucedanum, Sowfennell or Sulphur wort.
 Phacos, i.e. Lens.
 Phalangitis, i.e. Phalangium.
 Pharnaceum, i.e. Costus spurius. ✱
 Phasganum, i.e. Gladiolus.
 Phægus, i.e. Esculus.
 Phalaris prat. Quaking grasse.
 Phalangium, Spider wort.
 Phaseolus, Kidney beane. ✱
 Pheilandrinum, i.e. Cicutaria palustris.
 Phellodrys, i.e. Suber. ✱
 Phellos, i.e. Suber. ✱
 Philanthropos, i.e. Agrimonia, v. Aparine.
 Philaterion i.e. Aparine.
 Philateria, i.e. Polemonium.
 Phylipendula, i.e. Filipendula.
 Philomedium, i.e. Chaledonium majus.
 Phoenix, v. Lolium rubrum.
 Phillyrea, Mock Privet.
 Phthifis, i.e. peonia.
 Phthirion, i.e. pedicularis.
 Phu, i.e. Valeriana.
 Phyllitis, i.e. lingua cervina.
 Picea, Pitch tree. ✱
 Picnocamum Anquil, i.e. Rhefedo.
 Pilosella, Mouseare.
 Pimpinella, Burnet.
 Pinastella, i.e. peucedanum.
 Pinipinichi, vid. Ap. ✱
 Pinus. Pine tree.
 Pinguicula, i.e. Sanicula Eboracensis, butter
 wort.
 Piper Agreste, i.e. Vitex. ✱
 Piper aquaticum, i.e. Hydropiper.
 Piper, Pepper. ✱

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Piperitis,

Piperitis, *Dittander.* ✕
 Pistachia sylv. i. e. Nux vesicaria. ✕
 Pistana, i. e. sagittaria.
 Pistolochia, i. e. Aristolochia.
 Pistolochia, vid. Aristolochia.
 Pisum, *Pease.*
 Pityusa, par. vid. Tithymalus. ✕
 Pix, vid. picca. ✕
 Plantago, *Plantaine.*
 Platanus, *Plain tree.*
 Plumbago plinii, vid. Dendrillaria. ✕
 Planta Leonis, i. e. Alchimilla.
 Plantanaria, i. e. sparganium.
 Plumbago, vid. persicaria.
 Pneumonanthe, *Calathian violet.*
 Podograria, i. e. Herba Gerardi.
 Polium, *Poley mountaine.* ✕
 Polyanthemum Dod. i. e. Ranunc. aq.
 Polemonium, *shrubby trefoile.*
 Polygonoides Diosc. i. e. Vinca pervinca.
 Polyneuros, i. e. plantago.
 Polystichon, vid. Hordeum.
 Polyspermon Cass. Bass. i. e. Attriplex sylv.
 Polytricum, i. e. Capillus veneris.
 Polyacantha par. i. e. Carduus spinosissimus, *thistle upon thistle.* ✕
 Polygala, *Milk wort.*
 Polygonatum Solomons seale.
 Polygonum, *knot grasse.*
 Polypodium, *Polipody,* vid. Filix.
 Pomum amoris, *Apple of Love.* ✕
 Pomus, i. e. Malus.
 Pomum Hierosol. i. e. Balsamina. ✕
 Polytrichum, vid. Adiantum.
 Populus, *Poplar tree or Aspens*
 Populago, i. e. Tussilago.
 Porrago, i. e. Borrago.
 Porrum, *Leek.* ✕
 Portulaca, *Purslane.*

Potamo-

Potamogeton, *Pond weed.*
 Potentilla par. i. e. Argentina.
 Poterium par. vid. Tragacantha. ✕
 Potentilla major, i. e. Ulmaria.
 Pothos Theoph. i. e. Aquilegia.
 Przecocia, i. e. Malus armen. ✕
 Prasium, i. e. Marrobium.
 Primula veris, *Cowslip or primrose.*
 Primula veris prateasis, *Oxlip.*
 Proserpina herba, i. e. Chamæmelum.
 Prosopion, vel prosopis, i. e. Personata.
 Prototomedia, i. e. pimpinella.
 Prunella, *Self heale.*
 Prunus, *Plumb tree.*
 Prunus sylvestris, *Bulleis tree.*
 Prunellus, i. e. prunus sylvestris.
 Pseudocapsicum, i. e. Strichnodendron.
 Pseudoasphodelus, i. e. Asphodelus.
 Pseudobunium, i. e. Barbara.
 Pseudorchis, i. e. Bifolium.
 Pseudodictamnus, *Bastard Dittany.*
 Pseudomelanthium, i. e. nigellastrum. *Cockle.*
 Pseudonarcissus, vid. Narcissus.
 Psitracia, i. e. pistacia. ✕
 Psyllium, *Flea-mort.*
 Ptarmica, *Sneefewort.*
 Pulicaria, i. e. Conyza.
 Puslech, i. e. Pistacia. ✕
 Pulegium, *Penny royall.*
 Pulmonaria, *Lungwort.*
 Pulsatilla, *Pasque flower.*
 Pyracantha, *Evergreen thorne.* ✕
 Pyrethrum sylv. i. e. ptarmica.
 Pyrethrum, *Pellitory of Spaine.* ✕
 Pyrola, *Winter green.*
 Pyrus, *Peare tree.*
 Pyxacantha, i. e. Lycium. ✕

A a 5

Quamo-

Quamoclit Indicum Pat. *i.e.* convolvulus pennat.
 Amer. ✱
 Quemi, *i.e.* Nigella. ✱
 Quercus, *Oake*.
 Quadrifolium, *vid.* Lotus. ✱
 Quimbaya, *Carthagina's purging root. v. Ap.* ✱
 Quinquifolium, *i.e.* pentaphyllum.
 Quinquenervia, *sive plantago minor, Ribwort.*

R

Radiolus, *i.e.* Phyllitis.
 Radix cava, *Hollow root.* ✱
 Radix dulcis, *i.e.* Glycyrrhiza. ✱
 Radix S. Helenæ, *beads of S. Hellen. vid. Zizipha.* ✱
 Radix drakena, *vid. Ap.* ✱
 Radix naronica *i.e.* Iris.
 Radix Spiritus S. *i.e.* Angelica.
 Raginigi, *i.e.* Fœniculum. ✱
 Ramel, *i.e.* Cistus. ✱
 Ranunculus sylvarum. *i.e.* Anemone.
 Ranunculus, *Crow foot.*
 Raphanus, *Radish.*
 Rapeium, *i.e.* Leontopetalon. ✱
 Rapistrum, *Charlock.*
 Rapum. *Turnep.*
 Rapum Genistæ, *vid. Orobanche.*
 Rapum terræ, *i.e.* Cyclamen.
 Rapum D. Antonei, *Double Bachelours buttons.* ✱
 Rapunculus, *Rampions, vid. Campanula.*
 Rapuntium. *i.e.* Rapunculus.
 Reseda, *Base wild Rocket.*
 Regina prati, *i.e.* Vlmaria.
 Remora aratri, *i.e.* Aresta bovis.
 Resina, *v. Pinus.*
 Resa bovis, *i.e.* Anonis.
 Rhaponticum, *vid. Rhabarbarum.*
 Rhabarbarum, *Rubarb.*

Rella

Rella bovis, *i.e.* Anonis.
 Rhamnus, *Buckthorne.*
 Rhodia radix, *Rose root. vid. Rosa.*
 Rhus, *Sumach.* ✱
 Rhoe coriaria, *i.e.* Rhus. ✱
 Rhododaphne, *i.e.* Oleander. ✱
 Rhododendron, *i.e.* Oleander.
 Ribes, *Currans.* ✱
 Ribesium, *i.e.* Ribes. ✱
 Ricinus, *i.e.* palma Christi, *Great spurge.* ✱
 Rima maria, *i.e.* Alliaria.
 Rincus marinus, *i.e.* Cricthum. ✱
 Robertiana, *i.e.* Herba Roberti.
 Roccella tinctorum B. *i.e.* Lucus marinus. ✱
 Rorastrum, *i.e.* Bryonia.
 Rorella, *Sundew.*
 Ros solis, *i.e.* Rorella.
 Rosa, *Rose.*
 Rosmarinus, *Rosemary.*
 Rosa fatuina, *i.e.* pœonia.
 Rosa Junonis, *i.e.* liliū.
 Rostrum gruinum, *Gruis, aut Ciconiæ, i.e. Geranium.*
 Rubeola, *Field madder.*
 Robia, *Madder.*
 Rubus, *Bramble bush.*
 Rubus cervinus, *i.e.* Smilax aspera.
 Rubus Idæus, *Rasberries.*
 Rubus monoccos, *i.e.* chamæmorus, *knot berry bush.*
 Rubus tricoccocos, *Dewberry.*
 Rumex, *i.e.* lapathum.
 Ruscus, *i.e.* Bruscus, *Butchers broome.*
 Ruta, *Rue.*
 Ruta capraria, *vid. Galega.*
 Ruta palustris, *i.e.* Thalictrum.
 Ruta muraria, *vid. Adiantum.*
 Rutula, *i.e.* Ruta montana ✱

Sabdariffa

S.

S Abdariffa par. *i. e.* Alcea Americana Clus. ☞
 Sabina, *Savin.* ☞
 Sabaler, *i. e.* Satureia. ☞
 Sabeteregi, *i. e.* Fumaria.
 Saccharum, *vid.* Arundo Saccharina. ☞
 Sacra herba, *i. e.* Verbena.
 Sadeb, *i. e.* Ruta.
 Saffargel, *i. e.* Malus Cydonia. ☞
 Sagarheramon, *i. e.* Sparganium. ☞
 Sagitta, *i. e.* Sagittaria.
 Sagapenum, *vid.* Ferula. ☞
 Sagina spergula, *Great spurry.*
 Sagittaria, *Arrow-head.*
 Salicastrum plin. *i. e.* Amara dulcis.
 Salicaria, *i. e.* Lyfimachia.
 Salicornia par. *i. e.* Kali majus.
 Salix amerina, *i. e.* Salix humilis.
 Salix marina, *i. e.* Agnus castus. ☞
 Salix, *willow tree.*
 Salivaris, *i. e.* pyrethrum. ☞
 Salianca, *i. e.* Nardus Celtica.
 Salvia, *Sage.*
 Salufandra, *i. e.* Nigella. ☞
 Salsi-rora, *i. e.* Ros solis.
 Salsa parilla, *i. e.* Sarsa parilla. ☞
 Silvia agrestis, *i. e.* Scordium alce. um.
 Salvia Romana, *i. e.* Balsamita major. ☞
 Salvia vitæ, *i. e.* Ruta muraria.
 Sambach, *vid.* Jasminum. ☞
 Sambusium Cresc. *i. e.* Brassica cap. ☞
 Samolum, *i. e.* Anagallis aquat.
 Sampfucum, *Sweet Marjerom.* ☞
 Sambucus, *Elder.*
 Santalum, *Saunders.* ☞
 Sanguis Herculis, *i. e.* Helleborus albus.
 Sanguis draconis, *vid.* Draco Arbor. ☞
 Sindalida Cret. par. *i. e.* Lotus quadripinatus. ☞
 Sanguis draconis herba, *i. e.* Lapathum sat. sang. ☞
 Sanguinaria

Sanguinaria, *i. e.* Cornu Cervi. ☞
 Sanicula angustifolia, *i. e.* paralyfis.
 Sanguisorba par. *i. e.* pimpinella.
 Sanamunda par. *Heath spurge.* ☞
 Sanicula, *Sanicle.*
 Sanicula Ebor. *Yorkshire sanicle, or butter wort.*
 Sanguinino Gron. ☞
 Saponaria, *Sope wort.*
 Sarcocolla, *vid.* Append. ☞
 Sarax, *i. e.* Filix.
 Sargaco, *vid.* Append. ☞
 Sarsa parilla, *vid.* Volubilis. ☞
 Sassafras, *Ague tree.* ☞
 Satureia, *savory.* ☞
 Sauch, *i. e.* Malus persica. ☞
 Savina, *vid.* sabina.
 Sityrium, *i. e.* Orchis, *Satyrian.*
 Saxifragia rubra, *i. e.* philipendula.
 Scala coeli, *i. e.* polygonatum.
 Scammonium, *purging bind weed.* ☞
 Scammonea tenuis, *i. e.* Hexinecissampelos.
 Scariola, *i. e.* Endivia. ☞
 Schehedenege, *i. e.* Cannabis.
 Scheiteregi, *i. e.* Fumaria.
 Scandix, *Shepherds needle.*
 Scabiosa, *Scabious.*
 Schoenanthum, *Camels hay.*
 Schoenoprassum, *Cives. vid.* porrum. ☞
 Scilla, *i. e.* squilla, *Sea onion or Squill.*
 Scissima, *i. e.* Fagus.
 Sclarea, *i. e.* Horminum.
 Scolymos Diosc. *i. e.* Cinera. ☞
 Scoparia, *i. e.* Olyris.
 Scopa regia, *i. e.* Ruscus.
 Scordonia, *i. e.* Scorodonia.
 Scordatis, *i. e.* scordium salviæ folium.
 Scorpio Theoph. *i. e.* Genista spinosa.
 Scuck syriaca, *i. e.* papaver rhæas.

Scolopendria

Scholopendria, *i. e.* Ceterach.
 Schordium, *Water Germander.*
 Scorodonia, *i. e.* Salvia agrestis, *Wood sage.*
 Schorodoprassum Haf. *Great mountaine Garlic.*
 Scorpioides, *Scorpien gras.* ✕
 Scorpiurum, *i. e.* Heliotropium. ✕
 Scutellaria Vorst. Haf. *i. e.* Lamium peregrinum. ✕
 Scorzoneria, *Vipers Grasse.*
 Scrophularia, *Figwort.*
 Secale, *Rie.*
 Securidica, *Hatchet vetch.* ✕
 Secacul monard. *i. e.* Sigillum Salomonis.
 Sebesten, *vid.* Myxos. ✕
 Seigar, *i. e.* Nux moscata. ✕
 Sel Scrap. B. *vid.* Append. ✕
 Selago plin. *i. e.* Savina sylvestris Trag.
 Seliam, *i. e.* Rapum.
 Seligonian, *i. e.* pæonia.
 Selanion, *i. e.* Crocus vernus.
 Seminalis, *i. e.* Equisetum.
 Semos, *i. e.* Berula.
 Sempervivum, *i. e.* Sedum, *v.* Aloe.
 Semuda Theoph. *i. e.* Betula.
 Senefigi, *i. e.* viola marria.
 Senis, *i. e.* rubus sylvestris.
 Sena, *Sene.* ✕
 Sedum, *House leek.*
 Selliga, *i. e.* Saliunca. ✕
 Selinum fii foliis, *Honewort.*
 Senecio, *i. e.* Erigerum.
 Serapias, *vid.* Orchis palmata.
 Serpillum, *Wild time.*
 Seriphium, *i. e.* Absinthium marinum.
 Serpentaria par: *Grasse plantaine.*
 Seratula, *Saw wort.*
 Serata, *i. e.* Seratula.
 Sertula campana, *i. e.* Melilotus.
 Sesban, *vid.* Append. ✕
 Sesamum, *Oily pulse.*
 Sesamoides peruv. salam. Haf. *vid.* Muscipula. ✕

Seseli,

Seseli, *Hartwort.* ✕
 Sicla, *i. e.* Beta.
 Sicala, *white beet.*
 Sida Theoph. *i. e.* Althæa palustris.
 Siger Indi. *i. e.* Palma. ✕
 Sigillum B. Mariæ, *vid.* Brionia nigra.
 Sigillum Salomonis, *vid.* Polygonatum.
 Sideritis, *Iron wort.*
 Silybum, *i. e.* Carduus Mariæ.
 Siligo, *i. e.* secale.
 Siliqua dulcis, *i. e.* Ceratia filiqua.
 Siliquastrum plin. *i. e.* Capsicum. ✕
 Silplicium, *i. e.* Lascipitium.
 Sinapi, *Mustard.*
 Sin, *i. e.* Ficus. ✕
 Sinapi persicum, *i. e.* Thlaspi.
 Sile, *i. e.* seseli.
 Silaus plin. *i. e.* Thisselium. ✕
 Sinasbarium, *i. e.* Mentha aquatica.
 Siser, *i. e.* Sifarum. ✕
 Sison syriacum, *i. e.* Ammi.
 Sifarum, *Skirrets.* ✕
 Sison, *Bastard stone parsley.*
 Sichim, *i. e.* Larix. ✕
 Sium, *Water parsnep.*
 Sifymbrium, *i. e.* Mentha aq. *Water mint.*
 Sifynrichiū Haf. *i. e.* Bulbi esculenti genus. ✕
 Smilax, *i. e.* Convolvulus.
 Smyrniū Creticum, *Candy Alexander.* ✕
 Smyrniū, *i. e.* Hippocelinum.
 Smyrrhiza, *i. e.* Myrrhis.
 Solanum halicacabum, *v.* Ceraffus.
 Solanum rubrum, *i. e.* Capsicum. ✕
 Solanum tetraphyllum, *i. e.* Herba paris.
 Solanum vesicarium, *i. e.* Alkakengi.
 Solatrum, *i. e.* solanum hortense. ✕
 Soldana, *vid.* Volubilis. ✕
 Soler, *i. e.* Miliū solis.
 Solidago, *i. e.* Consolida.
 Solidago minor, *i. e.* Bugula.

Solanum

Solanum, i.e. Solatrum, night shade.
 Soldanella par. v. Volubilis.
 Solanum lignosum, v. Dulcamara.
 Solidago saracenica, confound.
 Solsequium, i.e. Heliotropium. ✕
 Sonchus, sowthistle.
 Sophera, dangerous vetch of Ægypt. ✕
 Sophia chirurgorum, Flixweed.
 Sorbastella, i.e. Sanguisorba. ✕
 Sorbus, Service tree.
 Sorbus aucuparia & sylv. i.e. Fraxinus bubula.
 Sorghum par. Turkey millet. ✕
 Sparganum, Burrweed.
 Spartum, i.e. Genista.
 Spartum herba, Matweed.
 Spatula foetida, Stinking gladdon.
 Speculum Veneris, Venus looking glasse.
 Sparagus, i.e. Asparagus.
 Spelta, i.e. Zea ✕
 Spicata, i.e. potamogaiton.
 Spergula, i.e. Asperula.
 Sphondylium, Cow parsnep.
 Spinachia, spinage. ✕
 Spina inferiora, vid. Rhamnus.
 Spinus, i.e. prunus sylvestris.
 Spina acida, i.e. Oxyacantha.
 Spina acuta, i.e. Oxyacanthus. ✕
 Spina hirci, i.e. Tragacantha. ✕
 Spina judaica, i.e. paliurus. ✕
 Spina cervina, vid. Rhamnus.
 Spina Burgi, i.e. spina cervina. ✕
 Spina merula, i.e. Cervina.
 Spinosa herba, Indian prickly coddled tree. vid. Ap. ✕
 Spiræa Theoph. i.e. Viburnum.
 Spongia, sponge, vid. Muscus.
 Splyte, i.e. Radix cava. ✕
 Sponsa solis, i.e. Ros solis.
 Squamaria, i.e. Dentaria major.
 Squilla, i.e. scilla ✕

Squinan:

Squinanthum, i.e. schænanthum.
 Stachys palust & aquat. v. panax. ✕
 Stachys Fuch: Base horehound.
 Stache, vid. myrrha. ✕
 Statice par. Sea thrift. ✕
 Staphilodendron, vid. Nux vesicaria.
 Staphis agria, Staves acre.
 Stœbe Knapweed.
 Stœchas, French lavender. ✕
 Stella leguminosa, birds foot.
 Stellaria, starre wort.
 Stratiotes, i.e. Militaris.
 Succisa, i.e. Morfus Diaboli
 Stramonium, Thorne apple. ✕
 Stramonium, i.e. Stramonium. ✕
 Struthium, i.e. saponaria.
 Strychnodendron, i.e. Amara dulcis.
 Strychnos, i.e. solanum.
 Styax arbor, florax tree. ✕
 Suber, Cork-oake, vid. Quercus. ✕
 Sucaram, i.e. Cicuta.
 Succolata, v. Cacao. ✕
 Supercilium Ven. i.e. viola aquatilis.
 Sus, i.e. Liquiritia ✕
 Sycomorus Ital. Bel. i.e. Zizipha. ✕
 Symphoniaca, i.e. Hyoscyamus.
 Sysynrichion, i.e. sisynrichium. ✕
 Sycomorus, Sycomore tree. ✕
 Syringa, Pipe tree. ✕
 Synarchie Dod. vid. Rubia cyn.
 Symphytum, i.e. Consolida.

T.

T Abacum, i.e. Hyoscyamus lute. English Tobacco.
 Tacamahaca, vid. Append. ✕
 Tagates Indica, i.e. Flos Africanus. ✕
 Tahaleb, i.e. Lens palustris.
 Tamarindus, Tamarind tree. ✕

Tamariscus

Tamariscus, *Tamariske*. ✠
 Tame, *i.e.* Maringa. ✠
 Tanacetum, *Tansy*.
 Tapsus barbatus, *i.e.* Verbascum.
 Tarchon Avic. par. *i.e.* Dracunculus hort. ✠
 Taraxacon, *i.e.* Dens Leonis.
 Tartarus, *vid.* Vinum. ✠
 Tarfa, *i.e.* Tamariscus. ✠
 Tatula Clus. *i.e.* Stramonia ✠
 Tatoula turcis, *i.e.* pomum spinosum. ✠
 Taxus, *Yew tree*.
 Teda arbor Warf. *i.e.* Pinus sylv. altera fructif. ✠
 Telephium, *Orpine*.
 Teliphano, *i.e.* Doronicum. ✠
 Temuulum, *i.e.* Folium Indi. ✠
 Terra merita, *i.e.* curcuma. ✠
 Terpentaria, *i.e.* Beronica aquatica.
 Tertiola, *v.* panax. ✠
 Tertionaria Bauh. *i.* Lyfimachia galoriculata
 Testiculus odoratus, *Cullions*.
 Testiculus vulpinus, *Fox stones*. ✠
 Tetrahit par. *Ironwort*. ✠
 Teucrium, *Germander*.
 Tetragonia, *i.e.* Euonymus.
 Thalictrum, *bastard Rubarb, or meadow rue*
 Thapsia latif. Hisp. Haf. *great spanish scorching fennell*. ✠
 Thee, *Thee*.
 Thina, *i.e.* Larix. ✠
 Thlaspi, *Treacle mustard*.
 Thora wald. *vid.* Aconitum.
 Thryallis Fuch. *i.e.* Thyia. ✠
 Thus, *vid.* Arbor Thurifera. ✠
 Thut, *i.e.* Morus. ✠
 Thuya, Theoph. *i.e.* Arbor vitæ. ✠
 Thymamz, *i.e.* Stryax. ✠
 Thymbra Cret. Haf. *true savory of Candy*. ✠
 Thymum, *Tyme*. ✠
 Thyssellium, *i.e.* Apium sylvestre.
 Thymelæa Bauh. p. *mountaine widdow waile*.

Tilia,

Tilia, *Line tree*.
 Tithymalus Spurge.
 Tintinnabulum terræ, *i.e.* Pyrola.
 Tomentum, *i.e.* Gnaphalium.
 Vomentitia, Gnaphalium.
 Topiaria, *i.e.* Acanthus. ✠
 Tordylinm Haf. *i.e.* Sefeli Cret. ✠
 Tormentilla, *Tormentill*.
 Totocca Amer. per. *v.* Ap. ✠
 Tornsole bobo, *i.e.* Heliotropium. ✠
 Tota bona, *i.e.* Bonus Henricus.
 Tragacanthum, *v.* Tragacantha. ✠
 Tragium, *i.e.* Fraxinella.
 Tragium Germ. *i.e.* Atriplex olida.
 Trapezuntica dactylus, *i.e.* Laurocerasus. ✠
 Trachelium, *Throat wort*.
 Tragacantha, *Goats thorne*. ✠
 Tragon, *i.e.* Kali spinosum.
 Tragopogon, *Goats beard*.
 Tragopyrum, *Buck wheat*.
 Tragoriganum, *Gots marjerome*.
 Tremula, *i.e.* populus Lybica.
 Tribulus, *Caltröps*.
 Trichomanes, *i.e.* Adiantum nig.
 Trifolium, *Trefoile*.
 Trifolium, *Wood sorrell*.
 Trifolium bituminosum, *stinking trefoile* ✠
 Trifolium paludosum, *Buck beanes*.
 Trifolium purpureum, *purple wort*.
 Trifolium asphalites, *i.e.* Bituminosum. ✠
 Trifolium cochleatum, *i.e.* Medica.
 Trifolium fibrinum, *i.e.* Trif. palustre.
 Trifolium fruticans, *i.e.* Polemonium.
 Tripodium *Sea starrewort*.
 Trissago, *i.e.* chamædrys.
 Triticum, *Wheat*.
 Triticum amyleum, *v.* Far. *starch corne*.
 Triphyllon, *i.e.* Trifolium.
 Triticum vaccinum, *i.e.* crataegonum.

Tulipa

Tulipa, *Tulip.* ✕
 Turpetum, *Turbith.* ✕
 Turritis, *Tower mustard.*
 Tuber terræ, *i.e. Cyclamen.*
 Turbith, *i.e. Turpetum.* ✕
 Tussilago, *Colts foot.*
 Typha, *Cats taile, or reed mace.*
 Tynus, *vid. Laurus.*
 Typhium Theoph. *i.e. Tussilago.*
 Tyroqui, *vid. Ap.* ✕

V.

V Accaria, *Cow-basill.* ✕
 Vaccinia nig. *Whortle or bill berries.*
 Vaccinia nubis, *Cloud berries.*
 Valeriana, *Valerian.*
 Valeriana, *Valerian.*
 Venerea, *i.e. Acorus.*
 Vepres, *i.e. Rubus sylvestris.*
 Veratrum, *i.e. Helleborus.*
 Verengena, *i.e. Mala insana.* ✕
 Veratrum nig. *i.e. Aстранtia nig.*
 Verbasum, *Mullein.*
 Verbasculum, *i.e. primula veris & paralysis.*
 Verbena, *Vervaine.*
 Vermicularis, *Stonecrop.*
 Veronica, *speedwell or fluellin.*
 Veronica pauli, *Pauls Betony.*
 Verdelhel Haliah. *i.e. Ranunculus.*
 Vesicaria, *i.e. Alkakengi.*
 Vernix. *i.e. Sandaracha Arabum. vid. Juniperus.* ✕
 Vesicaria peregrina, *i.e. pisum cordatum.*
 Vetonica, *i.e. Betonica.*
 Uhebebasou Thev. *Indian hony tree. v. Ap.* ✕
 Viburnum, *Wayfaring tree.*
 Vicia, *Vetch.*
 Victorialis Mas Warf. *i.e. Allium anguinum.*
 Victoriola, *i.e. Hippoglossum.* ✕
 Vinca pervinca, *i.e. Clematis daphn. Periwinkle.*
 Vinciboscum,

Vinciboscum, *i.e. Periclymenum.*
 Vincetoxicum, *i.e. Asclepias.*
 Vinum, *vid. Vitis.* ✕
 Viola autumnalis, *i.e. plemo nanthe.*
 Viola dentaria, *i.e. Dentaria.*
 Viola, *Violets.*
 Viola flammea. *i.e. Tricolor.*
 Viola lunaris, *Satin flower.*
 Viola nigra, *i.e. Viola martia.*
 Viola Mariana, *Coventry bells.*
 Viola matronalis, *Dames violets.*
 Viola tricolor, *Hearts ease or pansies.*
 Viorna *i.e. Clematis Ang. Travellers joy.*
 Virga aurea, *Golden rod.*
 Viperaria, *i.e. scorzonera.* ✕
 Virga sanguinaria, *vid. Cornus.*
 Virga pastoris, *i.e. Dipsacus major. Venus*
bason.
 Vitcedera Virgin. *Haf.* ✕
 Vitis, *Vine.* ✕
 Viscaga par. *i.e. Gingidium.* ✕
 Vilum, *Misseltoe.*
 Viscaria Dod. *i.e. Muscipula.* ✕
 Vitis alba & vitalba. *i.e. Bryonia, & viticula.*
 Vitis Idæa, *i.e. Vaccinia.*
 Vitalis, *i.e. Crassula.* ✕
 Vitex, *i.e. Agnus Castus.* ✕
 Vititella, *i.e. Balsamina.* ✕
 Vitriola, vel Vittraria, *i.e. parietaria.*
 Vitrum, *i.e. Glustum.*
 Viurna, *i.e. Viorna.*
 Ulpicum, *i.e. Allium.*
 Ulmaria, *Meadow sweet.*
 Ulmus, *Elme tree.*
 Ulticana, *i.e. solanum somniferum.*
 Uncata Caya, *i.e. stramonium.* ✕
 Ungula cabalina, *i.e. Tussilago.*
 Unedo, *i.e. Arbutus.*
 Unifolium, *One blade.*

Umbilicus

Umbellatus veneris, v. coryledon.
 Volcanus, warden tree. v. pyrus. ✱
 Volubilis, bindweed. ✱
 Urinaria, i.e. Dens leonis.
 Urtica iners & mortua, i.e. Lamium.
 Urtica, Nettle.
 Ustilago, burnt corne, v. Far. ✱
 Usnea, i.e. Muscus.
 Uva cespina, i.e. Berberis.
 Uva lupina Marcel, i.e. cambucus aquat.
 Uva tamminia, i.e. Bryonia nigra.
 Uva marina, Sea cluster. ✱
 Uva ursi par. Spanish red whort. ✱
 Uva vulpina, seu versa & vulpis, i.e. Herba paris.
 Uvularia, i.e. Laurus Alexandrina. ✱
 Uulgago, i.e. Asarum.
 Ulvaria, i.e. Atriplex olida.

W.

Winake, i.e. Sassafras. ✱

X.

X Anthium, i.e. Bardana minor.
 Xaier, i.e. Alnirici libanotis. ✱
 Xararo, vid. Append. ✱
 Xanium, i.e. Melanthium. ✱
 Xyloaloes, i.e. Lignum aloes. ✱
 Xylocarada, i.e. Xilocerata. ✱
 Xylocerata, i.e. Fructus filiquarum.
 Xyloballamum. Balsam wood. vid. Balsamum. ✱
 Xyphium, i.e. Gladiolus.
 Xyloleum, i.e. periclymenum.
 Xyris, i.e. Spatula foetida.
 Xylum, cotton plant. ✱
 Xyphidion, i.e. Sparganium.

Ych

Y.

Y Ehi, vid. Append. ✱
 Yeber, i.e. Anetom.
 Yucca five Jucca peruviana, Indian bread. ✱

Z.

Z Acintha Pat. i.e. cichorea vetrucaria. ✱
 Zaraparilla, i.e. Sarsaparilla. ✱
 Zaiton, i.e. Olea. ✱
 Zambac, i.e. Jasminum. ✱
 Zarund, i.e. Aristolochia.
 Zaratendi herba Bauh. vid. Ap. ✱
 Zedoaria, Zedoarie. ✱
 Zea, spelt corne, v. Far. ✱
 Zerumbeth, i.e. Zedoaria. ✱
 Zinziber caninum, i.e. capsicum. ✱
 Zinziber, Ginger. ✱
 Zizania, i.e. Lolium.
 Zizipha, Bead tree. ✱
 Zizypha, Jujube tree. ✱
 Ziziphus, i.e. Zizipha. ✱

An

An Alphabetical Catalogue of the Diseases specified in this Herball, together with the appropriate remedies: And an explanation of all names thereof, mentioned in *Castellus's Lexicon Medicum*, and all other considerable approved Authors; so that this may serve also, as an universall Index of Diseases; those without remedies being to be seen in my *Anthropology*, and *Panzoology*. &c.

A Bortion causing. *Asarabacca*. *Ferne*.
 Abortion hindering, *Coffee*. *Madder*, *moſſe*. *Sage*.
tansie, *trefoile*.
 Abceſſe, see *Apoſtume*.
 Abdomens fiſtula, see *Fiſtula*.
 Abdomens convulſion. &c. as the inflammation, abceſſes, tumours, wounds, and uſions, see the ſame.
 Aches of the joynts and cold to help. *Almonds*, *arſmart*. *Beares breech*, *briony*. *Cammomill*, *catmint*. *Danewort*. *Geſſemine*, *goutwort*. *Hellebore*. *S. Jame's wort*. *Lavender*. *Marjerome*, *marvell of Peru*. *Pitch*, *primroſe*. *Sage*, *sawwort*, *ſpikenard*. *ſtorax*, *sunder*, *ſwallowwort*. *Trefoile*. *Virgins bower*. *Woodbind*.
 Aches cold to eaſe. *Dittander*. *Leadwort*. *Saffron*. *Turmerick*.
 Ache, see *paine*.
 Achores, see *Runing ulcers* in the heads of young children.
 Achlys, see *Dimneſſe of ſight*.
 Achrochordon, see *Warts*.
 Aconites poiſon to help. *Groundpine*. *Mulberries*.
Woolfs bane.
 Acouſtick, see *Deafneſſe* to help.
 Adedentes, see *phagedens*.
 Adiapneusia, see *Perſpiration Lett*.
 Adders biting to reſiſt. *Birthwort*. *Hyſſop*, see *Viper*.
 Agilops, see *Eyes fiſtula* to help.
 Affection languifluous, see *Hemorrhage*.
 Affection puerile, see *Epilepſie*.

After

After-birth to expel & ſecundine. *Alexander*, *angelica*.
Bay. *Cammomile*, *chervill*. *Dittany*, *dropwort*. *Fennell*.
Garlick. *Hartwort*, *holly roſe*, *horehound*, *horſe tongue*.
Lillie. *Madder*, *mallow*, *marigold*, *maywort*. *Penny*
royall, *poley*. *Raſiſh*, *rue*. *Time*. *Wake Robin*.
 Agncils. ſee *Nails ſkin cleaving*.
 Agrypnia, ſee *Watching*.
 Agues to help. *Betony*. *Ca'athian violet*, *colts foot*. *Indian*
coriander, *cotton plant*. *Daiſy*, *danewort*. *Felwort*,
fennel, *ſeaverfew*. *Graines of paradise*. *Harts eaſe*,
hartwort. *heath*, *hellebore*, *hops*, *horehound*, *hyſſop*.
Jujubes. *Knot graſſe*. *Larch tree*, *limmon*, *liverwort*,
lovage. *Millet*, *muſtard*. *Oranges*. *Pepper*, *plantaine*,
p'umbs. *Rubarb*. *Sorrell*, *ſtonecrop*. *Tabacco*, *time*, *tre-*
foile. *Vine*. *Yarrow*.
 Agues in the breaſt, ſee *Inflammations*.
 Agues in children to cure. *Cammomill*. *Dodder*. *Gourds*.
violet.
 Agues cold ſhiverings to help. *Angellica*. *Birthwort*,
bucks horne, *butter burre*. *Calamint*, *cammomill*, *oſas*.
Gilloflowers, *graines of Paradise*. *S. Johns wort*.
larch tree, *laſer wort*, *limmon*. *Maſter wort*, *muſe eare*.
Pellitory, *pepper*. *Rue*. *Savin*, *ſouthernwood*.
 Agues heat and thirſt to quench. *Alkanet*. *aspens tree*.
Barberries. *Cumfrey*. *Daiſie*, *ducks meat*. *Goſe-berries*,
gourds. *haſell nuts*. *houſleek*. *Millet*. *Pudding pipe*.
Rose. *Saunders*, *ſebeſten tree*, *ſorrel*. *Tamarinds*. *tansie*.
whortle berries.
 Agues long to help. *Asarabacca*. *Bryony*, *bugle*. *Centory*,
conſound. *Dodder*. *Hops*. *larch tree*. *Smallage*. *Thiſtle*.
 Agues from obſtruction to cure. *Baſſame*. *ſmallage*.
 Agues quartan to cure. *Ague tree*, *asarabacca*. *Capers*,
cinquefoile. *Dodder*. *Fumitory*. *Hellebore black*, *ſea*
holly, *hedge hyſſope*. *S. Johns wort*. *laſer wort*. *Madder*,
marjoram, *maſterwort*, *medeſweet*, *miltwaſt*, *moluccas*
tree. *periwinkle*. *Raſiſh*. *ſatyron*, *ſmallage*, *sneeze-*
wort, *ſpeare wort*. *Thiſtle*, *time*, *tornſole*, *trefoile*, *turnep*.
vervaine, *vine*, *vipers graſſe*, *virgins bower*. *Wake-*
Robin. *Wormwood*.

B b

Agues

Agues quotidian to cure. *Ague tree. Balsame, bead tree. China, sea holly. Larch tree. Maudlin, moluccas tree.*
 Agues tertian to cure. *Agrimony, ague tree, apples. Barberries. Cinquefoile. Dodder. Elder tree. Water hemp. hyssope. S. Johns wort. Liver wort. Onions. Pepper. Rubarb. Sensitive herb, smallage, Tamarinds, trefoile. Vervain, vipers grasse.*
 Aires infection to resist. *Juniper. Masterwort. Rue. storax.*
 Alopecia, or Foxes evill, see Haires falling of to stay.
 Alienation, see Cataleptic.
 Aloaras, see *Ægilops.*
 Albugo, see Pin and Web of the eye.
 Alphus, see White Morpew.
 Amblosis, see Abortion.
 Amblyopic, see Dimness of sight.
 Amaurosis, see Dimness of sight.
 Analeptick see Restorative.
 Anasarca, see Dropsie of soft flesh.
 Anabrosis, see Erosion.
 Andicam, see Fellon.
 Anchilopsi, see *Ægilops.*
 Ancylosis, see Tongue tied aesse.
 Anorexy, see Appetite wanting.
 Anciloblepharon, see Eyelids cohering.
 Anhelation, see Asthma.
 S. Anthonies fire to cure. *Adders tongue, alkanet, all seed. Brook lime, buck thorne, buglosse. Coriander, costive tree, crab tree. Dane wort, ducks meat. Egyptian thorne. Feaverfew, fleawort. Gooseberries. Hemlock, hounds tongue, housleek. Lentills. Mandrake, myrtle. Nightshade. Olive tree. Pellitory, plowmans spikenard, pondweed, poppy. Rubarb, rue. Saffron, saunders. Thistle. Wheat, woad.*
 Anthracosis, see Carbuncle.
 Antidotes, see Poyson.
 Apepsie, see want of concoction.
 Aphony, see Dumnesse.
 Aphthæ, see Mouths sores, or Thrush.
 Apnæa, see want of breathing.
 Apophthora, see Abortion,

Apophleg

Apophlegmatisme, see Head to purge.
 Apoplexie causing. *Toadstools.*
 Apoplexie or stupidity with resolution to cure. *Box, Citruls wild. Fennell. Gilloflowers. Lavender, lillie, line tree. Madder, marjerome, masterwort, melilote, Moluccas tree. Peaches, pellitory, pockwood tree. Rosewood, Sage. Thistle. Vine.*
 Apostasis, see Aposteme.
 Apostumes cold to heat. *Beares breech, Melilote, Onions. Reed, rie.*
 Apostumes hot to temper. *Adders tongue, all-seed. Chickweed. Daisy. Flax. Liverwort. Modwort. Privet. Sumach. Vervaine.*
 Appetite to whet. *Ague tree, apples. Barberries, bay, belflower, bettony, broom. Calathian violet, capers, cherries black, cowslips, crosse wort, currans. Dragons. Elder tree. Goats beard, goose berries. Horehound. Lettuce, lupines. Masterwort, mastick, mint, mirch'ans, Moluccas tree, mulberries, mustard. Olives. Pepper, pockwood tree, pomecitron, purslain. Radish, rampion. Sampire, savourie, skirrets, sorrell. Vine. Wallnuts, whortle berries, woodroof, wormewood.*
 Apsychia, see Swouning.
 Appetite exceeding, or Dog like. *Almonds.*
 Aqua vitæ, see Vine.
 Aquula, see Hydrotis.
 Arce, see Alopecia.
 Argemon, see Ulcers of the annate tunicle.
 Argema, see Eyes spots.
 Armeholes smell, see Smel of the Arme pits.
 Aridura, see Blasting.
 Armeholes cancer, and pain, and scirrhus.
 Arrowes to expell, *Dittany.*
 Arrowes invenomed to resist. *Moluccas tree. Tabacco.*
 Arrowes to poyson. *Helmet flower.*
 Arquate disease, see Jaundise.
 Aqua citrina.
 Arteries pulsation and ulcers.
 Arteries wounds,

E b 2

Arteries

Arteries stiffe to lenifie. *Flax.*
 Arthritick, see Joynts paines to ease, or Gout.
 Articular disease, see Gout.
 Asaphia, see Voice wanting.
 Ascarides, see Wormes of the fundament.
 Ascites, see Dropsie of water.
 Astonishment, see Ecstasie.
 Astriktion of the stomack, see Paine thereof.
 Asitia, see Appetite wanting.
 Aspredo, and Asperity, see Roughness.
 Asta, see Nauseousness.
 Asthma, see Wheezing.

Astringent plants. Alder black. anemonie. apple tree.
 arrow head. avens. basil. bay. beares eare. beech.
 birds eye. birds foot. bladder nut. blood wort. box.
 bramble. bucks horne. buck thorne. bucks beanes. bugle.
 bullies. burnet. cabbage. caltrops. carrawaies. chervil
 tooth pick. chesnut. cinnamon. cloud berrie. colewort.
 coralworts. cornel tree. cotton plant. crab tree. cranes
 bill. crossewort. cudweed. cummin. cypresse. date tree.
 dock. dragon tree. earth nut. egyptian thorne. elders
 endive. fearne. filberd tree. flower gentle. fluellin.
 frankincense tree. fumitory. gall tree. gooseberry bush.
 graines of paradise. hares foot. harts tongue. hawkweed.
 hawthorne tree. herb two pence. holly rose. ironwort.
 knap weed. knot grasse. ladies bedstraw. ladies mantle.
 lavender. lentils. line tree. liver wort. loose strife. lung-
 wort. madder. marjerome. marvel of Peru. meadsweet.
 medlars. melilot mercury. milkwort. mirobolans. mock-
 privet. mock wort. mosse motherwort. mouse eare. mug-
 wort. mulberrie tree. myrtle. navelwort. nettle. night-
 shade. oake. olive. orpine. panick. peares. periwinkle.
 pine. pipe tree. plantain. plowmans spikenard. plums.
 pomegranates. pondweed. primrose. quinces. rampion.
 rattle. reed. rice. rose. rosemary. rubarb. rush. saffron. sage.
 sanicle saunders. seacluster. self heale. service tree. shep-
 herds needle. shepheards purse. skirret. Solomons seal.
 southernwood. sowthistle. spiknard ston. crop. strawberrie.
 strawberry-bay. sumach. sundew. tamarisk. tansie. thee
 thorowax

thorowax. throatwort. tormentil. tornesole trefoile.
 turpentine tree. way blade. vervaine. vetch. vine.
 walnut, wayfaring tree. whortle berries. willow. win-
 ter green. wormewood. yarrow.
 Athera & Atheromata, or Papticke pusshes. Sowbread.
 Athymia, see Sadnesse.
 Attonit disease, see Apoplexie.
 Atrophie, see Tabes.
 Attenuating and rarifying. chickweed mountain. china.
 cocks head. costus. cresses. cudweed. dittany. dragons.
 dyers weed. elder tree. felwort. fennel. ferne of the wall.
 flower de lucei garlick. germander. gladdon stinking.
 heath. hemp of the water. Jewes thorne. lacca tree.
 lavender. leeks. limmon. lovage. marjerome. master-
 wort. maiden haire. mouse eare. mustard onions. parslie.
 parsnep. pasqueflower. pockwood tree. radish. savoury. sa-
 xifrage. scabious. smallage. southernwood. tamarisk.
 turmerick. woodbind. wormwood.
 Auriz pillulæ, or Golden pills, see Aloes.
 Aurigo, see Jaundise.

B.

Backs consumprion to cure *Cumfrey.*
 Back and reins to strengthen. Buglosse, burdock.
 bastard chickweed. clary. cowslips. cumfrey. lung-
 wort. ivy. knotgrasse.
 Back bones pain, and wounds. see Braine.
 Bicks wormes. *Wheat.*
 Balbuties, see Stuttering, and Stammering.
 Bldness to help. see Haire to grow.
 Balsames for green wounds & punctures. *Adders tongue.*
S. Johns wort. tabaco. wheat.
 Barrenesse causing. Aspen tree. ferne flagge. miltwaist.
 mint. vetch. woodbind.
 Barrenesse to cure. Ague tree. balme apple. barren
 wort; ciches wild. clary. S. James wart. ladies mantle.
 mercury. horse mint pockwood saffron. sage. shepheards
 needle wound tree.
 Barycoia, see Thickness of hearing.

Baths for ulcers and gouts, &c. see the same.

Beard gray.

Beard to grow & cleanse. Southernewood. Lillie.

Bearewormes, see Scolopenders. Mints.

Beades to make. Jobs teares.

Beasts, see Cattell.

Beasts venime, bitings &c. to resist. Alkanet, allheale, angellica, aniseed, asphodell, avens. Basil, bawme, bay, bezar tree, buglosse, burreed. Calathian violet, campion, carrot wild, chaff tree, cinnamon, cockle, coleworts, cudweed, cummin. Dittany. divells bit, dyers weed. Fellwort, fleawort. Garlick, goats rue, groundpine. Hares eares, herb frankincense, heath, sea holly. Larch tree, laserwort, lavender, leek, Marjerome, mastick, maiden haire, millet, mosse, myrtle. Nuts. Pimpernell, plaine tree, plowmans spiknard, poley. Rattle, rubarb, rue, Scabious, scorpion grasse, snake weed, sow bread, spatling poppy, spiderwort. Thistle, time, tornesole. Vetch, vine, vipers grasse. Zedoarie.

Beasts delivery to help. Hartwort.

Beasts four footed to kill. Bead tree. Doggs bane. Leopard's bane.

Beasts venomous to drive away. Blood wort. Fleabane, Poley.

Beasts poysonous diseases to cure. Black hellebore,

Beating, see Bruises.

Beauty lost, see Deformities to help.

Bees to feed. Hony wort. Trefoile.

Bees to kill. Toad stools.

Bees to keep together. Bawme.

Bees stinging to cure. Bawme apple. Goats rue. Mallow, mint. Tyme.

Belching to provoke. Radish.

Belching soure to repress. Anise seed. betoney. Cammille. Hares foot. Marjerome. Wormwood.

Belly to bind. beares breech, bulleis. Caltrops, morell cherries, cherry bay, chesnuts, cloves, cowslips, crabs. Danderion, dates. Eglantine. Flax. Ginger. Hasell nuts. English hyacinth. Jewes thorne. S. Johns wort. Lentils, liverwort.

liverwort. Maiden haire, medlers, millet. Nettle. Oates. Parsly, pine, plumbs, Quinces. Rice, rubarb. Services, shepheards needle, sumach. Tamarisk, Vine. Wheat, whortleberries. see Lask.

Belly gently to loosen. Almonds. basill, bay, beanes, beer, beitonny, bittersweet, blite, borrag, buck wheat, bugloss. Cabbage, cherries, ciches wild, colewort, cucumber, cumfrey. Daisie. Elder tree, elecampane. Fenugreek. Indian figs, firre tree, flax, fumitory. Ginger, gourds, groundpine, hops, hounds tongue. S. Johns wort. Laurell, lentils. Mallow, maidenhaire, mercury, mirobalane tree, mulberries, Nettle. Olives, onions, orach. palma Christi, pasque flower, peaches, peares, pariwinkle, pipe tree, plumbs, poley, pomecitron, pompion, poppy, potatoes, prickwood. Rose, rubarb. Saffron, satyrion, scabious sebesten tree sene, sorrel, sowbread, sperage, spinach, spurge, storax. Tamarinds, turneps, turpentine. Valerian veich, vine, violet, virgins bower. Wayfaring tree, widowwaile wormewood. Yarrow.

Bellies paines to help. Cammomill, celandine, centory. Danewort. Fennel, flax. Hares foot, hartwort, herb frankincense. Nutmeg. see Collick.

Bellies rumbling.

Bellies swelling. Colewort.

Belly troubling. bind weed. Vetch, vine.

Biles, see Botches.

Birds in cages to keep. Chickweed.

Birds to catch. Moluccas tree. Nuts.

Birdlime to make. Holly. Wayfaring tree.

Birth, see Childbirth, and Child.

Birth to kill. bay. Cresses. Graines of paradise. Mustard. Savin, sowbread. Widowwaile.

Biting see Beasts venomous. &c.

Bitings of raving men to cure. Walnut tree.

Black to dye. Galls. privet.

Blackness and blewness, see Bruises.

Bladders distention to help, see Emollients and Laxants.

Bladder to cleanse. Toothpick chervill, cucumber. Dodder.

Fluellin, water germander, canary grasse. Larch tree, lavender.

lavender. Sampier, samifrage, scabious shepheard's
needle southernwood, spignell. Vine.

Bladders cold to help. Nutmeg.

Bladders defluxion to stop. Cypresse.

Bladders heat to cool. Apples. Hawkweed. Lilly. P.
slaine. Violet.

Bladder hurting. Ram ciches.

Bladders paines and reins to help. Balsame. bay, bettony,
brooklime. burdock, dropwort, fennel, figs, couchgrasse.
groundsel. jujubes mallow, maiden haire, melilot, mer-
cury, panick, parsley, parsnep, piony, pockwood
tree, rhubarb, shepheard's needle, sperage. tansie,
trefoile.

Bladders palsey.

Bladders scabs. Pudding pipe.

Bladders situation changed.

Bladders fistula: Hellebore.

Bladders sphincters stupidity. see Stupidity.

Bladders things preternaturall. see the same.

Bladders wormes, see Diureticks.

Bladders wounds. Cumfrey.

Bladders ulcers and carnosity to cure. Ghina, cucum-
ber, horse taile, liquorice. mallow. mosse, pine, tur-
pentine.

Blastring to cure. Cummin. Egyptian thorne. mallow.
Purslaine.

Bleeding to stay. Aloes, archangel, balsame, barberries,
beanes, bulleis, burnet, cats taile, chesnuts, cockle,
cranes bil, cumfrey, dates dry, fennel, flaxweed, flower
gentle, gals, golden rod, gondeli of Italy, gooseberries,
silver grasse. hawes, herb two pence, henbane, holly
rose, honywort, horsetaile, Kings speare, knotgrass.
Ladies bedstraw. ladies mantle, lavender, lillie, liver-
wort, loosestrife. madder, mallow, moon wort, mosse,
mulberries, myrtle, oake, olive tree, parke leaves,
plantain, pomegranats. Rie, rose, rosemary, ruyvire
wort. sage, saunders, services, shepheard's purje, snake-
weed, sowbread, stone crop, strawberries, sunat,
tamarise, thistle tormentill, vetch, vine, wayfaring tree.
yarrow.

Bleeding

Bleeding and pissing of blood to cure. Agrimony, arrow-
head. bettony, caltrops, camels hay, darnel,
knotgrasse, lavender, mastick tree, mosse, ribwort,
trefoile, woodbind, yarrow.

Bleeding of wounds to stop. see Wounds bleeding.

Blazitas, see Liping.

Blemishes, see Face and marks.

Blindness, see Eye sight to quicken.

Blistering things to skin. Crowfoot, distander, garlick,
may weed, periwinkle, rue, spearewort, stonecrop, sun-
dew, thistle, wake Robin.

Blisters to heale. Beech, Crabs.

Blood bad causing. Apples austere, charlock, chesnuts,
citrus, dates, garlick, gooseberries, leeks. mallow, tur-
nep, vetch, vine.

Blood to cleanse. Aromaticall reed, borage, fluellin sumi-
tery, groundpine, water hemp, hops, jujubes. limmon,
pudding pipe, rhubarb, sage, scurvy grasse, sperage, thistle,
vine.

Blood congealed to dissolve. Arsmart, avens, bay, bi-
shops weed, bittersweet, briony, bugle, chervil, cresses,
clay, cudweed, drunken date tree, divels bit, felwort,
ferne, figwort, groundpine, laserwort, line tree, mad-
wort, marjerome, masterwort, miltwaft. radish, Solo-
mons seale, tansie, time, trefoile. turpentine, vine.

Blood to cool. Barberries, cullions, currans, purslaine.
sorrel, tamarinds.

Blood to encrease. Borage, galingale, rice, vine.

Blood spitting. see Spitting of blood.

Bloody flux, see Flux bloody.

Bodily diseases to help. Cinnamon, gessamine, ribwort.

Body preserving, see Putrefaction to resist.

Body watery, see Watery humours to purge.

Boiles and botches to help. Bettony, bryony, herb stan-
kincense, henbane yellow, onions, rie, starwort, tabacco,
thistle, wheat, woodroof.

Bones broken to knit. Bugle, butchers broom, elme,
flcweed, holly, mastick tree, selfe heale, Salomons
seale.

B b 5

Bones

Bones naked to cover with flesh. *All-heale, Gladden stinking. Lovage.*

Bones broken to draw out, see Splinters.

Bots in cattle to cure. *box. sawin.*

Botches, see Biles.

Borborygmus, see belly rumbling.

Bouliana, see Appetite exceeding.

Bothor, see Exanthemata.

Bothrion, see Eyes hollow ulcer.

Bowels opening. *Vine.*

Bowels griping paines to ease. *Angelica. bulleis. Carrawaies, citruls wild, coralworts. Fennell. Goats thorne, grains of paradise, couch grasse. Horsetaile. Ivy. Lovage, lupine. Marjerome, mastick, maudlin, melilote, minis, moluccas tree. Navell wort, nutmeg. parslay, pondweed, poppy, purslain. Rubarb, rue. Saint Katharines flower, saxefrage, scabious, skirrets, spiderwort, swallow wort. Thee, thistle, time, toothwort, trefoile, turbit. Wheat, wolves bane.*

Bowells ulcers to cure. *Horsetaile. Jujubes. Mallow.*

Bradypepsie, see slowness of concoction.

Braine, see Head.

Braine cold and moist to warme. *balsame, bawme, berd tree, beane. Coffee. Galingale, germander, grownd-pine. Lavender. Marjerome, mastick tree, maudlin. pellitory. Rosemary. Sage S. Katharines flower, sow-bread.*

Brains commotion. *Myrtle.*

Braine hurtfull to. *Cornwheat. Gall tree. Saffron.*

Brains diseases in figure and cavity.

Braine good for. *Mirobolane tree.*

Brains rheume to purge. *birds-eye. Danewort. dittany. mouse eare. primrose. sene. tabacco.*

Brains inflammation. *Tamarinds.*

Brains sphacelus.

Brains venomous diseases, see Poysons.

Brains figure and cavities diseases, see Openers.

Breaking out, see Itch.

Branches, see Hoarsness and distillation.

Breast and lungs to cleanse and expectorate flegme. *Aniseed. Basil, bay, beanes, betony, bryony, bucks beanes. Cammomill, colts foot, cresses, crosse wort, cumfrey. Ele-campane. Fenugreek, figs, foxgloves. Spanish galingale, garlick, germander. Horehound, hyssop, Jewes thorne, jujubes. Leeks, liquorice. Motherwort, mullein, mustard. Nettle. Oake. Pennyroyall, pine, primrose. Reed. Saffron, scabious, sene, sensitive herb. Time, tree of life. Vetch. Wake Robin.*

Breasts cold to warme. *Graines of paradise.*

Breasts that are great to lessen. *Barrenwort. Cumfrey. Ladies-mantle. Pine. Saunders. Vine.*

Breasts to fill with milke, see milke.

Breasts haire.

Breasts hidden. *Almonds.*

Breasts hurtfull to. *Walnuts.*

Breasts sore to heale. *Balme apple. Cranes bill. Ground-sell. Quinses. Swallowwort.*

Breasts inflammation to cool. *Pudding pipe. Rice. sunflower. violet.*

Breasts canker to cure. *Flagg. Hares eares, Moon-wort. Plantaine. Winter green. Woad.*

Breasts pain. *Beane.*

Breasts dropsie, see Dropsie.

Breasts fistula, and glandules swollen, see Emollients.

Breasts vessels narrow. *Fennell.*

Breasts paines and diseases to help. *Angelica, aromati-call reed. Barley, birds eye, bucks beanes. Cinnamon, costus. Fennell, fenugreek, figs. Harts ease, henbane. Juniper. Lavender, liquorice. Marjerome Pine. Rubarb, rue. Saint Katharines flower, sunflower, swallow-wort. Tabacco, trefoile turpentine. Vine. Wolfes bane.*

Breasts things strange, see the same.

Breasts ulcers, *Cresses.*

Breasts of women hard and swollen to cure. *Asphodill. beane. Cresses. Ducks meate, Figge tree. Manna Grasse, groundpine. Hemlock, henbane. Plowmans spikenard. Vetch. Wheat.*

Breasts wounds. *Myrtle tree.*

Breath

Breath short to help. *Alexander. almonds. angellica. aniseed asarabacca. balsame. barley. basill. bay. bryony. butter burre. catmint. coltsfoot. cotton plant. cucumbers wild. cummin. cypresse. dittany. elecampane. fenel. figs. flower de luce. germander. hartwort. horehound. horsetaile. hyssop. jujubes. lupines. masterwort. maiden haire. moluccas tree. mustard. oake. sassafras. savin. sensitive herb. sowthistle. tree of life.*

Breath to perfume. *Ague tree. aloes. aniseed. cacao tree. cinnamon. cloves. galingale. Indian purger. Indian leaf. mastick tree. nutmegs. pepper. reed. rosemary.*

Breath stinking to mend. *Balsame. butchers broom. hater grasse. myrtle. oates. pomecitron. rosemary. smallage. thistle. wormwood.*

Breath stinking to cause. *Oily pulse.*

Breathing upright to help. *bawm. calamint. elecampane. nettle. southernwood.*

Broken windedness to help. *Felwort.*

Bronchocele. *see Throats bunch. &c.*

Bruises to cure. *alkanet. aromaticall reed. aspen. bay. beanes. beares breech. bryony. birthwort. bitter sweet. blew bottle. bugle. calamint. cammomil. catmint. cheruill. confound. cresses. cudweed. cumfrey. daisy. devils bit. ferne. flower de luce. graines of paradise. grasse. ladies. mantle. madder. marjerome. masterwort. park leaves. pellitory. plowman. spikenard. rubarb. sage. Solomons seale. sumach. thistle. turpentine. valerian. wound tree.*

Bubo *see Groin swollen.*

Bubonocle, *see Bursting of the share.*

Bunches to help. *Wheat.*

Buring and scalding to cure. *Adders tongue. alkanet. apples. asphodill. balme apple. beares breech. burdock. catstaile. coltsfoot. cowslips. crab tree. daffodill. dane wort. dittander. dragon tree. Egyptian thorne. elder. Indian fig tree. flax. friers cowle. hemp. henbane yellow. holly rose. housleek. ivy. ladies bedstraw. lettuce. lillie. line tree. mock-privet. mulberries. mullein. nuts.*

oily

oily pulse. onions. orpine. parke leaves. pellitory. pine plane tree. plantain. purslain. quinces. shepheards needle. tabacco.

Burning of an harlot to help. *Privet. vine.*

Burning with thunder.

Bustings or Ruptures to cure. *Adders tongue. aromaticall reed. asphodill. avens. balme apple. bawme, beares breech. bettony. birds foot. birthwort. bitter sweet. briony. bugle. Cammock, capers, catmint. centory. china. cinquefoile. coralworts. cowslips. cranes bill. crosswort. cumfrey. cypresse tree. daisy. elecampane. elme. felwort. fenel. germander. gladdon stinking. golden rod. gras. hares foot. herb frankincense. horse taile horsetongue. Indian purger. S. Johns wort. ironwort. juniper. knapweed. ladies mantle. madder mallw. mastick. moonwort. mouseare. mullein. myrtle. oake. plowmans spikenard. pock wood tree. pomegranates. purslaine. rubarb. rupturewort. sage. sanicle. sawwort. snake weed. Solomons seale. sumach. swallowwort. thorow wax. time, toothwort. twayblade. valerian. wake Robin. wheat.*

C.

Cachexie to cure. *Alder. danewort. endive horehound. maudlin. sene. thistle. turmerick. vipers grasse. vine.*

Cacochymick, *see Juice evill of.*

Cacochymy *see Humours evill.*

Cadent evill, *see Epilepsie.*

Cacoeche ulcers, *see Ulcers dyssepulotick.*

Cacophania, *see Voice amisse.*

Calculos, *see Stone.*

Calenture. *Barley.*

Calvities, *see Baldnesse.*

Canities, *see Hoariness.*

Callosity, *see Skins hardnesse.*

Camera de sangre, *see Bloody flux.*

Cankers

Cankers to cure. Beet. Elecampane. Fluellin. Madwort.
Poppy Smallage. vetch.
Cankers in the mouth to cure. Caltrops. Privet. Tanfic.
Woodbind.
Cantharides to resist. Bishops weed. Oake. Orach.
Capillitium, see Trichiasis.
Capistratio, see Phimosis.
Carbo, see Carbuncle.
Cardiack passion, see Hearts passions.
Cardiack disease and cardialgy, see stomachs pain.
Carcinoma, see Cancer of the nostrils.
Caros or deep sleep. Mustard.
Caruncles, callus, and warts of the urinary passages,
China.
Cardiogmas, see Cardialgy.
Carbuncles to cure. Colewort, cypresse tree. Fennel. La-
serwort, Olive tree. Savin, Spurge. Tabacco. Vetch.
Walnut.
Cataphora, see Coma somnolent.
Catara&, see Suffusion.
Catafarca, see Anafarca.
Catagma, see Bones broken.
Catalepsie, congelation, taking, or planet striking to
cure. Lavender. Vine.
Catarrhes or thin rheumes to stay. Buglosse. calamint,
china. Filbeards, fleawort. Goats thorne. S. James's
wort. Leeks. Mastick tree, maudlin, mercury. Pockwood
tree, poppy. purslaine. S. Katharines flower, saffron,
spignell, storax. Tabacco. Zedoary.
Cathartick, see Purgings.
Catoche, see Catalepsie.
Cattell to feed and fatten. corne. Line tree. Sene. Tre-
foile. Woodroof, wormwood.
Cattels cough and broken windedness to cure. Lique-
rice, lungwort. Motherwort, mullein.
Cattell hurtfull to. Hyacinth lillie leaved. Matweed.
Navelwort. prickwood.
Caustick remedies. Leadwort, sundew, thistle, vine.
Cauda, see Tenligo.

Causos,

Causos, see Feaver burning.
Celiack passion. Laserwort. Gall tree.
Cenchrias, see Herpes miliaris.
Cephalæa, see Headach old.
Cephalagy, see Head-ach.
Cephalick, see Head.
Ceraustes biting to cure. Cedar Oily pulse.
Cerchnos, see Cough, inclination to.
Cerion, see Favus.
Chalazion, see Eyelids hailstone.
Chaps and chilblaine to cure. Butterwort. Egyptian
thorne. Herb frankincense. Juniper. Onions. Rie-
Wheat.
Chast to make, see Lust to repress.
Chamosis, see Eyelids inversion.
Chest, see Breast.
Chees runnet to make. ladies bedstraw.
Chilblaines, see Chaps. Melilote.
Children male and female to produce. Dogstones. mer-
cury. stichwort.
Childbirth to help. balme apple. basil, buglosse. cacao tree,
calamint, carrawais, carrot wild, cedar, centory, cin-
nambn, columbine. Darnell, dittander, dittany, Fennell,
ferne, figs. Gladdon stinking, gromell. Horehound, horse-
tongue. lecke, lilly. moss, motherwort, mugwort. olives.
parsly, parsnep, pine, pipe tree, plowmans spikenard.
sowbread, sowthistle, sundew. tornesole, trefoile. vine.
Woodbind.
Child preserving. saffron, zedoary.
Child or foetus to expell. Alkanet. birthwort, brooklime
bryony. calathian violet, cammomill. dittany. feverfew,
toad flax. gilliflower, glasswort, groundpine. hartwort,
horehound. lupine. mallow. pennyroyall, poley, pockwood,
tree. Rose-wood, rue. savin. saxifrage. time. vine.
Childing women good for. Almond. bittersweet. coffee
date. cotton grasse. leadwort medlars. plowmans spike-
nard, primroses. quinces. savory.
Childing women hurtfull to. birthwort, dittany, dra-
gons, mustard, sowbread, spikenard.

Childing

Childing womens symptoms, see the same.

Chilnesse.

Chincough to cure. Herb two pence. juniper. mosse. nettle.

Chion, see Cion, or Staphyre.

Chironia, see Ulcers rebellious.

Choeras, see Strumes.

Choler and flegme to purge. Alder black. aloes. bind-weed. birthwort. bryony. buglosse. campion. centory. citruls wild. cockle. cucumbers wild. dodder. elder tree. endive. fennel. wall ferne. fleawort. flower de luce. gladdon stinking. glasswort. gourds. herb terrible. hellebore black. hops. hedge hyssop. Indian purger. S. Johns wort. jujubes. lettuce. lungwort. maudlin. mercury. mezereon. milkwort. mirobalan tree. mustard. palma Christi. park leaves. periwinkle. plumbs. pom-pion. primrose. pudding pipe. quinces. rose. rubarb. rupturewort. sebesten tree. sene. spurge stonecrop. sycomore. tamarind. time. tormentil. tornefole. violet. whortle berries. widdowwaile. woad.

Choller black and burnt to purge. Barley. sene.

Choller to repress. Alkanet. earth chesnut. citruls. currans. docks. firre tree. hempseed. pomecitron. pomegranates. sorrel.

Cholerick passion, see Fellony.

Choller dry.

Choller moist.

Chorea Sancti Viti. see Vitus dance.

Chordapsus, see Iliack passion.

Choller generating. Sperage. walnuts.

Chymethila. see Kibes, or chilblaines.

Chymosis, see Chemosis.

Cicatrices.

Cyphosis, see Curmp. backtness.

Cyrtofis, see Cyphosis.

Cion, see Gargareen.

Cionis, see Staphyle.

Cirsoecle, see Cods rupture.

Cirsois, see Varices.

Citta

Citta, & Citterosa, see Womens longing.

Clavus, see Cornes.

Cleansing. Aromaticall reed. barley. beane. bettony. birthwort. broom. bryony. cabbage. capers. cats taile. celandine. centory. charlock. ciches. citruls wild. clary. colewort. dock. cresses. crosswort. cucumbers. cummin. daffodil. dandelion. dittany. docks. dodder. dropwort. elmetree. felwort. feverfew. firre tree. foxgloves. friers cowle. germander. gessemine. gillossflowers. glassewort. golden rod. herb frankincense. hops. english hyacinth. S. James's wort. ivy. larch tree. lavender. lilly. lungwort. lupine. madwort. mercury. mony flower. motherwort. mouse eare. mulberries. mullein. navelwort. nettle. nightshade. nutmeg. orpine. park leaves. parsnep. peaches. pease. pellitory. plane tree. pockwood tree. pom-pion. prickwood. radish. ries. rose. rubarb. Saint Catharines flower. sampire. sanicle. savory. saxifrage. sene. smallage. sope wort. southernwood. sperage. spurge. tabacco. tamarisk. teasel. thistle. time. tree of life. turmerick. turpentine tree. vetch. vine. woad. woodroof. wormwood. yarrow.

Clefts, see Chaps.

Cloth to dye. Woad. beane. sumach.

Cloths to preserve from moths. see Garments.

Cods wounds.

Cods tallow like matter, and rupture.

Cods, see Testicles.

Cods excoriation and itching.

Cods gangreen and ulcers.

Cods ruptures and extention.

Cœliack passion see Cœliack

Cœlomata, see Eyes deep abscesse.

Collick of wind to ease. Adonis flower. agrimony. almonds. angelica aniseed. apricock. aromaticall reed. artichock. avens. balme app'e. balsame. barley. bawm. beares eare. bettony. bezar tree. bryony. bucks horne. cabbage. cammomil. carawaies. carrot. wild. centory. cherries black. cinnamen. citruls wild. cranes bill. cummin. currans. daffodil. daisie. dancwort.

wort, dogs tooth. eglantine, elder tree. feaverfew, felwort, flag, flax, fleabane, frankincense galingall, gal tree, gaddon stinking, goats rue, groundsel. hartwort. hawkweed, hawthorne, herb true love, wholesome helmer. flower, hempseed, holly. Jack by the hedge. lavender, lawrell lupine. masterwort mastick tree, medesweet, millet, molyccia tree, mosse, mouse eare, mullein. navyw. nutmeg, nuts, oates, onions. palma Christi, parsley, peach tree, pondweed. radish, ribwort, rue. saffron, sawwort, saxifrage, sowberrad, sumach. Tabacco, tamariske, thistle, toothwort. vine, willow, wolfs bane. yarrow. zedoary.

Coitures symptomes.

Collick causing: Apples. blites. cresses. dates. Nuts;

Colliquation, see Consumption.

Cold members to refresh. Anemonie. cloves. flower gentle. lavender, palma christi, penny royall. Rue. tarragon, thistle. vine. woodbind.

Colds, coughs & hoarseness to cure, Ague tree, almonds, angelica, apricock, aromaticall reed. balsame, bean, betony, borage, bryony, bucks beane buglosse. catmint, prickly cedar, centory, chesnut, cinquefoile, clarie, coffee, colts-foot, cotton plant, coxcomb, cresses, cumfrey, currans, cypress. daffidill, danewort, dittany. elecampane. fennel, figs, flage, flax, fleawort, frankincence. Spanish galingale, germander, ginger, gladdon stinking, goates thorne, graines of paradise. hartwort, hawkweed, henbane white, holly rose. horse foot, horse tale. Jack by the hedge. Jewes thorne, jujubes, juniper. lark-spar, laserwort, liquorice. Maydenhaire, moss, mouse eare. oates, oily pulse, onions, oranges. parsley, peaches, pepper, pine tree, rocket, rue, rush. saffron, sage, sensitive herb, sandew, swallow. wort. Tabacco, time, toothwort, trefoile, turnep, turpentine. valerian, vine, violet. wurtle berries. zedoary.

Colour abating in maidens faces. Oates.

Colour good to cause. Archangell. cherries black. cinnamon. fennel. galingale. horehound. lacca tree, larch tree. maiden baire. oxeye. palma Christi. rubarb. saxifrage, swithistle. vetch, vine. Colours

Colours to fasten. Egyptian thorne.

Columella, see Uvula.

Colts evill to cure. Lettuce.

Coma or heavy sleepiness. Vine.

Combustion. see Burning.

Comitiall disease. see Epilepsie.

Conception hindering. Mint. miltwast. vetch.

Conception to cause. Cacao tree. carrot wild. catmint. cow wheat. darnell.

Concoction. see Digestion.

Condylomata. see Fundament swelling.

Congelation. see Catalepsie.

Consumptions to cure. Aniseed. arrowhead. balsame. barley. burdock, cabbage. cacao tree. china. cicely, cullions. goates beard. hellebore. larch tree. liquorice. melons, mosse. mouse eare. vine.

Contractions, convulsions and shrunk sinews to cure.

Aniseed. aromaticall reed. asphodill. balme apple. balsame. bay. beares eare. bettony. birthwort. calamint. camels hay. capers. carrot stinking. coffee. cowslips. danewort. elecampane. felwort. flower de luce. gladdon stinking. goats rue. harts ease. sea holly. S. Johns wort. mallow. marjerome. masterwort. mastick. mistletoe. motherwort. oxlips. plowmans spikennard, pock wood tree. rosemary. sage. thistle. time. valerian.

Contusion. see Bruises.

Contraction or convulsion causing. Crowfoot.

Contraction of the body backwards or opisthomonos to cure. S. Johns wort. thistle.

Cophasis. see Deafness.

Copos, see Weariness.

Corrugation of the eye, see it's Tabes.

Coryza, see Poxe.

Corpulency to hinder, see Leanness to cause.

Corns to take away. blite. housleek. laserwort. lillie. willow.

Colmeticall, see Deformities to cure.

Costiveness to help. Almonds. apples. apricock. mercury. See Belly to loosen.

Coughs old and dry to remedy. Agrimony. alexander. almonds.

almonds. aniseed. asphodil. bryony. calamint. carrots. of candy. cherries black. coffee. cummin. elecampane. elme. fennel. filberds. flower de luce. fluellin. garlic. germander. hasell tree. horehound. hyssop. juniper. larch tree. liquorice. marjerome. mullein. myrtle. pelitory. pine. plowmans spikenard. radish. scabious. spinach.

Coughs causing or hurtfull to Darnel. walnuts.

Courses of women to provoke. Alexander. almonds. aloes. anemonie. angelica. aromaticall reed. asarabacca. asphodil. basil. bay. beares eares. birthwort. bishops weed. brooklime. bryony. bulleis. butchers broom. butter burre. calamint. cammels hay. cammomil. capers. carrot wild. catmint. centory. chaste tree. chervil. cicely. ciches wild. cinnamon. citruls wild. cocks head. coleworts. costus. cresses. currans. cypresse. dane wort. darnel. dittander. dodder. dragons. endive. felwort. feaverfew. fig tree. filberds. flag. toad-flax. fleabane. flower de luce. galingale. garlic. germander. gilloflowers. gladden stinking. goose berries. groundpine. groundsell. hares eares. hasell nuts. hawes. herb frankincense. sea holly. hony wort. hops. horehound. horse taile. horse tongue. housleek. Saint James's wort. Saint Johns wort. laser wort. laurell. leeks. lettuce. louage. lupine. madder. marigold. marjerome. mock-privet. molly. mosse. motherwort. mugwort. mullein. mustard. navew. oily pulse. onions. parslly. parsnep pennyroyall. piony. plowmans spikenard. poley. radish. rose mary. rubarb. rae. saffron. sage. Saint Katharines flower. sampire. savin savory. sawwort. saxifrage. smallage. southernwood. spignel. staves acre. storax. swailow-wort. tamarisk. tanzie. thistle. time. turnsole. trefoile. turmerick. valerian. vine. wake robin. wolfs bane.

Courses to stop. Adders tongue. barberries. basil. burnet. cumfrey. darnel red. dragon tree. Egyptian. thorne. golden rod. juniper. ivy. ladies mantle. lavender. lentils. loose strife. mallow. medlars. mint.

mint. moonwort. mosse. nightshade. oake. periwinkle. plantain. pockwood tree. pomegranats. poppy. pudding pipe. purple wort. quinces. rattle. ribwort. rubarb. rush. sanicle. saunders. snakeweed. spikenard. teasell. woundwort. yarrow.

Courses flowing with pain few and ill.

Crablice to kill. Aloes.

Cramps to ease. Asphodill. basil. bay. beares breech. betony. birthwort. calamint. cammomil. carrot stinking. catmint. prickly cedar. centory. costus. dane wort. dodder. elecampane. felwort. fennel. flower de luce. garlic. gessemine. goats rue. herb frankincense. sea holly. juniper. laserwort. mallow. morjerome. masterwort. mastick. misletoe. mosse. motherwort. mullein. olives pennyroyal. parslain. rosemary. saffron. southernwood. tabacco. thistle. turpentine. vine. virgins bower. woodbind. wolfs bane.

Crapula, see Surfeiting.

Crithe, see Hordeol.

Crudities, see Digestion to help.

Cruor resolving. Vine.

Crump backtness.

Crystalli.

Crusta lactea, see Lactéal crust.

Culebras de Capillo's poyson to resist. Bezar tree.

Cuts to heale. Sopewort. tabacco. valerian.

Cynanthie, see Quinsey.

Cynical spaine, see Convulsion of the face.

Cyllosis, see Distortion.

D.

D Andriffe to cleanse. Ash. Fenugreek. garlic. juniper. laserwort. myrtle. oily pulse. periwinkle. planetree. prickwood. reed. Saint Katharines. flower. thistle. vetch. virgins bower. wheat. wolfs bane.

Dalymma, see Eyes itching.

Dalycis, see Eyelids asperity.

Deadly. Ash. bead tree. bread of India. coriander. frankincense.

Frankincense. glasswort, goosefoot. herb Christopher, helmet flower, henbane. holly. juniper. night shade. nuts vomiting. poppy. rosebay. spearwort. thistle. wolfs bane. yew tree.

Dead bodies to preserve. Cedar, citrulls wild.

Deafness to help. Angelica, bay, citrulls wild, colewort, hellebore, holly, ivy, pockwood tree. savory, sene, tabacco, thistle walnuts, wormwood.

Deafnesse causing. Poppy.

De bruën to cure. see Tongues blacknesse.

Deere &c. hurt to cure. Dittany.

Defluxions on the joynts to stop. Broom. Costive tree, coffee, eglantine, egyptian thorne, ground pine. henbane white, horehound. thistle. wheat.

Deformities to cure. Betony, birthwort, bryony, butterbur, calves snout, costus, cucumbers, fig tree, figwort, flage, toad flax, gladdon stinking, holly rose, leadwort, mustard, oily pulse, periwinkle, pompion, rampion, Salbman's scale, thistle, vine, virgins bower, wake Robin, willow, woodbind.

Delivery, see Child birth.

Demoniacs.

Delirium, see Dotage.

Deperdition, see Abortion.

Deprehension, see Cataleptic.

Detrition, see Laxation of the Cods.

Diacodium, see Poppy.

Dispendion, see Reed.

Diaphragma's diseases.

Diasporicum, see Cumin.

Diabetes, see Urine to stop.

Diaphoretick, see Sweating to cause.

Diarrhæa, see Lask without inflammation.

Diastremma, see Luxation.

Difficulty of the intestines, see Dysentery.

Dichophya, see Hairs cleaving.

Digestion easie of. buckwheat. lettuce. rubarb. skirrets. vine.

Digestion hard of. Basil, beane, chestnut. dates. pease. earthnuts.

earthnuts. flax. hazel nuts. hempseed. jujubes. lupine. melon. nuts. oake. oily pulse, pine. pomecitron. rie. saffron. vetch. vine. walnuts.

Digestion and concoction to help. Angelica. balsame. baym. cacao tree. capers. carrawaie. cinnamon. cloves. coriander. eglantine, elecampane. felwort. galingale. ginger. Jack by the hedge. Indian purger. Indian leaf. larch tree. lovage. masterwort. mint. mustard. peares. pepper. radish. rampion. rocket. rose. sampire. tarragon. vine.

Digesting. Burdock. camels hay. cammomil, charlock, chickweed. ciches wild. coffee. S. Peters corne. dragons. dyers weed. elder tree. fennel. flage. garlick. ginger. gladdon stinking. goldilocks. groundsell. herb frankincense, heath, holly rose. lilly. lions leaf. madwort. mallows. marigold. masterwort. mastick. mercury. mosse. mullein. nettle. olives. oile. oranges. parsnep. pasqueflower. pease. pepper. pine. radish. rie. rosebay. saffron. saxifrage. storax. terragon. tree of life. trefoile. turmeric. turpentine tree. vine. violets. walnuts whitlow graspe, wound tree. zedoary.

Dimnesse of the sight to cure. Daisy. ginger. horehound. ivy. lettuce. pepper. pimperl. rosemary. sowbread. stitchwort. teasel. trefoile. wormwood.

Dipsacos, see Diabete.

Diseases from cold to cure. Ague tree. all heale. balsame. bay. bindweed, bryony. catmint. cinnamon. citrulls wild. coleworts. cucumber wild. dodder. felwort. fennel. galingale. garlick. ginger. goutwort. hellebore. sea holly. hedge hyssop. juniper. knotgrasse. malow, masterwort. millet. mustard. nutmeg. palma Christi, pellitory. periwinkle. pockwood tree. rosemary. rubarb. sawwort. vine.

Diseases that are contagious to cures. birthwort. calathian violet. dittany. figge tree. fluellin. garlick. juniper. limmon. masterwort. navew. pomecitron. snakeweed. thistle. tormentil. violet. whortleberries. zedoary.

Diseases tartareous and from fixt salt. vine.

Diseases

Diseases dangerous to preserve from: Citruls wild.
goats rue. nuts. trefoile.

Diseases inveterate to cure. Fennel. goats beard. worm-wood.

Diseases putrid to cure. Cloud berry.

Diseases that are hot to temper. Fleawort. Knotgrasse.
mallow. nuts. oranges. pudding pipe. pulslain. shepheards
purse. tamarinds.

Diseases occult, and malignant. Vine.

Dislocation, see Luxation.

Dissolution, see Fainting.

Distention, see Convulsion.

Distillations that are rheumatick to cure: Arrow-head,
flower gentle. gessimine. goats thorne. henbane hirse.
taile. ironwore. juniper. ivy. Knapweed. Knotgrasse.
liquorice. mastick tree. maudlin mosse. plantain. plow-
mans spikenard. plumbs. poppy, rose. rosemary. rupture
wort. S. Katharines flower. spignel. spikenard. stonecrop.
storax. sumach. tabacco. thee. valerian. zedoary.

Diuretick, see Urine to provoke.

Dizziness, see Heads giddiness.

Dogs, wolves &c. to kill. Bead tree. dogs bane. wolfs-
bane.

Dogs mad, their bitings to cure. Almonds. bayme betta-
ny. box. burdock. calathian violet. dancwort. eglantine.
elder tree. felwort. sea dogs grasse. horehound flin-
king. hounds tongue. ironwort. madwort. mercury.
mint. onion. pimpernell. plane tree. sene. starwort.
swallowwort. thistle. vine. walnuts. wheat. yarrow.

Dorage.

Dothien, see Fellon.

Dracuncul, see Dragon.

Dragon of the sea its biting to cure. Wormwood.

Drawing plants. Broom. costus. daffodil. fennel. flag-
melilot. mistec. mustard. pease. pepper. pimpernell. rie.
shepheards needle. trefoile. wheat.

Dreames troublesome causing. Henbane. leeks. lentils
vine.

Dreames troublesome to prevent. Aniseed. bayme
calves snout, pyony.

Dreams vehement to prevent. Lilly.

Drink to season. Hops.

Drop-pissing, see Strangury.

Drop sic to cure. Agrimony, ague tree, aniseed, aroma-
ticall reed, arrow head, asarabacca. ash, barley, basil,
bay, bean, bettony, bindweed, bittersweet, brooklime,
broom, bryony, camels hay, cammomil, carrot
wild, great celandine, centory, chaff tree, china,
ramme ciches, coffee, confound, cucumber wild,
dancwort. dittany, elder tree, fennell, figs, tead flax,
flower de luce, fluellin, galingale, garlick, glasswort,
grasse, ground pine, hawkweed, hawes, hellebore,
sea holly, hedge hyssop, lacca tree. laser wort, law-
rell, lentils, lily. marjerome, master wort, maudlin,
miltwast, moluccas tree, moonwort, mosse, mouse-eare.
navel-wort, onion, orach, palma christi, parslly,
pennyoyall, pepper, pimpernell, plantaine, pock wood
tree, poley mountaine, pomegranates, rubarb, rue,
saffron, sage, savoury, sneezwort, spewort, spurge,
starwort, swallowwort, tabacco, tamarinds, tamarisk,
thistle, trefoile, turbith, turmeric, vine, vipers
grasse, virgins bower, widdow waile, and worme-
wood.

Drowsy evill, see Lethargy. Saffron.

Drunkenesse to cause. Cow wheat, daniel, gaul tree,
haver grasse, rosemary, sowbread.

Drunkenesse to preserve from. Almonds, bay, coleworts,
lettuce, myrtle, wormwood.

Dulness and heaviness to remove. see Spirits to
quicken.

Dugs, see Breasts.

Dumbness to help.

Dysentery, see Lask or bloody flux.

Dyspeptick, see Digestion.

Dysaesthesia, see Dulness of sense.

Dysphonia, see voice wanting.

Dysthymia, see Sadness.

Dystichiasis, see Hairs pricking the eye.

Dyspnœa, see Wheezing.

Dysury or difficulty of urine, see Strangury.

E.

Eares pain and noise to help. *Apricock, aspen, asphodel, basil, bay, bettony, capers, cedar, citruls wild, clivers, coriander, danewort, dittary, elder tree, fennel, gourds, hemp seed, holly rose, ivy, leeks, lungwort, marjerome, melilot, moluccas tree, oily pulse, onion, parsley, peach, pellitory, pipe, plantain, rubarb, rue, storax, tamariske, woodroof.*

Eares inflammation.

Eares obstruction.

Eares, things fallen into them.

Eares wounds.

Eares sores to cure. *Aniseed, boxthorn, cedar, hops, ivy, mint, mistletoe, oily pulse, parsnep, periwinkle, saffron.*

Eares running to cure. *Ivy, knapweed, myrtle, pitch tree, shepheards purse, sumach, wormwood.*

Eares kernels to cure. *Archangel, beane, figs, millet, mistletoe.*

Eares impostumes to cure. *Agrimony, cresses, sea holly, hops.*

Eares wormes to kill. *Arsmart, calamint, cedar, fenncel, teasel.*

Eares hurtful to, *Plane tree, poppy.*

Eczemata, see Carbuncles.

Ectropion, see Eyelids inversion.

Echymema, see Bruises.

Ectropismos, see Falling of the eye.

Echos, see Tyrismus.

Eplexia, see Feare great.

Eptisma, see Eyes falling out.

Ecstasie, or Astonishment. see Catocle.

Ectymata, see Exanthemata.

Ectoposis, see Luxation.

Efflorations, see Pushe.

Elephantiasis, see Leprosie.

Elco

Elcos, see Ulcer.

Elminthes, see Wormes.

Emetick, see Vomiting to provoke.

Empyema, or apostume of the breast.

Emphraxia, see Obstruction.

Emphisema, see Inflation of the eye lids.

Emprosthonosis, see Convulsion forwards.

Empneumatosis, see Inflation.

Entrails, see Bowels.

Enterocoele or ruptures in children to cure. *Beares ears, butterwort, cats taile, coralwort, ducks meat, flags, liver wort, maiden haire, moohwort, mouse-eare, sweet trefoile.*

Encanthis, see Knob in the corner of the eye.

Enterepinlocce, see Enterocoele &c.

Enchusiasm.

Epilepsie, see Falling sickness.

Ephialtes, see Nightmare.

Epiphora, see Eys watering.

Eparmata, see swelling behind the eares.

Ephelis, see sunburning.

Epicauma, see Eyes cloud.

Epinyclides, see Night wheals.

Epiphora, see Eyes watering. &c.

Epiplocele, see Entrails falling into the cods.

Epiplocephalon, see falling out of the caul at the navil.

Episarcidum, see Anasarea.

Epulis, see Gums flesh luxuriant.

Eruptions, see Pushe.

Eroticos furor, see Love sickness.

Erysipelas rose, holy, or S. Anthonies fire to cure. *Alkanet, ducks meat, goose berries. See Tumours hot and S. Anthonies fire.*

Esthiomenos, see Woolf.

Escars to take away. *Lentils.*

Espinlas. *Olive.*

Essere, see Epinyclis or nightwheal.

Euchymick, see Juice good of.

Eupeprica, see Digestion easie of.

Exanthemata, see Pusles.
Exarticulation, see Luxation.
Exomphalos, see Navel burstnesse.
Exuccation, see Bruises.
Exarthrema, see Luxation.
Exiture, see Impostumes.
Excoriated bowels to cure. Orpine, trefoile.
Excoriation, see Gauling.
Excrementitious. Beanes. dogs tooth. elecampane. flax.
 hazel nuts. satyrion.
Excrecencies, see Wens.
Exhilarating, see Mirth to cause.
Exulcerating things to the skin. Batchelours buttors. ce-
 landine. crowfoot. garlicke. myrtle. navelwort. pasque-
 flower. scarewort. stonecrop. sundew.
Eyesight to quicken. Angelica. aromatical reed. balsame.
 basil. bawm. box-thorne. buckwheat. carrawaies.
 celandine. centory. cherries black. cinnamon. clarie.
 cloves. coffee. coleworts. coxcomb. dodder. elecam-
 pane. eye-bright. fennel. germander. goats thorne.
 hawkweed. herb frankincense. heath lavender. lovage.
 mede-sweet. melilot. nutmeg. olive. onion. parshy.
 pennyroyal. pepper. rue. savory. saxifrage. sene. tobacco.
 tamarisk. valerian. vine. vipers grasse. wake Robin.
 zedoary.
Eye-sight depraved.
Eyes apple dilated.
Eyes aqueous humor amisse.
Eyes crystalline humor amisse.
Eyes glazen humour amisse.
Eyes dazzeling.
Eyes apple narrow.
Eyes consumption.
Eyes inflamed red, or blood shot to cure. Anemone.
 blew bottle. cherry-bay. clary. cucumber wild. cummin.
 daisy. ducks meat. Egyptian thorne. elder tree.
 endive. eye bright. felwort. toad flax. fluellin.
 gourd. hussleek. indian leaf. ivy. larke. spurte.
 lentils. leopards bane. lilly. marigold. marierome.
 medesweet.

medesweet. mosse. mullein. myrtle. oily pulse. olive tree.
 plantain. plowmans spikenard. poley. pompion. poppy.
 rosewood. southernwood. sowbread. starwort. tansie.
 teasel. trefoile. violet. wolfs hane. yarrow.
Eyes falling out.
Eyes itching.
Eyes muscles amisse.
Eyes opening hurt.
Eyes that are bleer and watering to cure. Basil. bucks
 horne. calves snout. clary daisy. draggon tree. flag.
 flax grasse. honywort. horehound. mint. mosse. pine.
 plane tree plowmans spikenard. pock wood tree. rose.
 tamarisk. thee. wheat.
Eyes paine and weakness to help. Aloes. asphodil.
 basil. citruls wild. clarie. corne. fenugreek. herb
 frankincense. herb true love. hemlock. ivy. leopards
 bane. mallow. marigold. mullein. sorrowful tree. tre-
 foile. vervain. wheat. wolves bane.
Eyes pearle, filme or web to take away. Apples. bal-
 same. beane. calves snout. centory. clarie. cloves. dates.
 dragons. germander. ginger. horehound. Indian leaf.
 ivy. liquorice. melilot. reed. sowbread. stitchwort. ta-
 bacco. thistle. trefoile.
Eys distillations into to stay. Adders tongue. ague tree.
 basil. balleis. caltrops. cummin. groundsel. herb
 frankincense. henbane white. Saint James wort.
 mosse. poley. saunders. sorrowfull tree. tobacco.
 wheat.
Eyes spots to take away. Anemone. dragons. goats
 thorne. ivy. melilot. mosse. poppy. trefoile. willow.
Eyes fretting sores in the corners to heale. Boxthorne.
 backthorne. coleworts. coffee. felwort. frankincense.
 lettuce. pimperl. pine.
Eyes fistula agilops to cure. Corne. flyers cowle. haver
 grasse. walnuts.
Eyes hurts and blows to cure. Aniseed. bean. cedar.
 eye-bright. knapweed. poppy. vipers grasse.
Eyes swollen out to help. Bramble. mullein.

Eyes to preserve from pox and measles. Saffron.
Eyes hurtfull to. Darnel, leeks, onions, plane tree, poppy, toadstoole.
Eyes, things fallen into them.
Eyes yellowness. Horehound.
Eye-lids wheales and scabs to cure. Dates, goats thorne.
Eye-brows haire to take away. Fumitory.
Eye-brows bare to help. Dates, pine.
Eye-lids ruggedness, Aloes.
Eye-lids burning and itching.
Eye-lids blackness, and blewness and blows.
Eye-lids cancer.
Eye-lids coalition.
Eye-lids motion hurt.
Eye-lids lousiness.
Eye-lids calosity and contraction, and contusion, and nodes.
Eye-lids inversion.
Eye-lids instability.
Eye lids wounds.

F.

Faces red to cure. Bettony, cucumber, lovage, strawberries, tabacco.
Face and skin to cleanse & make smooth. Almonds, apples, basil, costus, dittander, elme, glasse wort, water hemp, hops, juniper, lilly, limmons, lovage, lupine, mastick tree, mosse, oake, pellitory, pine, radish, rocket, sowbread, stonethistle, strawberries, tabacco, tamarinds, teasel, trefoile, woodbind.
Fainting, see Swouning.
Falling sicknesse to cure. Aniseed, arrowhead, aspen, bettony, birthwort, borrag, box, bryony, cammock, carnations, cherries black, cinquefoile, citruls wild, currans, dittany, dodder, dogs tooth, dropwort, fennel, fig, fleabane, foxgloves, goats rue, goldilocks, grains of paradise, ground pine, groundsel, harts ease, hartwort, haseletree, hellebore, sea holly, English hyacinth. Indian purger.

purger, juniper, larch tree, laserwort, lavender, leopard's bane, line tree, madder, marjoram, masterwort, mastick tree, misseltoe, moluccas tree, mony flower, mosse, mouseare, mustard, nuts, parslly, parsnep, pease, pellitory, pennyroyall, piony, pockwood tree, purslaine, rue, satyrion, sene, sowewort, spatling poppy, spearage, starwort, sundew, swallowwort, time, trefoile, vetch, vine violet, vipers graspe.
Falling sicknesse causing and hurtfull to. Smallage, vine.
Fat to cause. Cacao tree, fennugreek, lentils, nutmeg, oily pulse, palma christi, vine, zedoary.
Fals from on high, see Bruises.
Fascination. see witch craft.
Favus, see Achores.
Fears in sleep.
Felony, see Vomiting of choller.
Fevers to cure. Blew bottle, dandelion divels bit, dodder, Egyptian cocks foot graspe, hares foot, herb twopence, hedge hyssop, lacca tree, marigold, mercury, pine, pondweed, purslaine, rose, snakeweed, thistle, vine, willow, wormwood.
Fevers burning to cure. Adders tongue, almonds, aspen tree, barley, borrag, butter burre, costive tree, crowfoot, currans, daisie, dandelion, dates, endive, flag, hasel tree, lilly, limmon, pomecitron, pudding pipe, rose, tamarinds, violet, walnuts.
Fever continual.
Fevers pestilential to cure. Angelica, bay tree, bishops weed, burnet, butter burre, carnations, china, dragons, ducksmear, fluellin, jujubes, juniper, saffron, scabious, sorrel, walnuts, wormwood.
Fever sweating of England.
Fevers putrid to cure. Bittersweet, citruls wild, elecampane, jujubes, tamarinds.
Fevers hectick to cure. Barley, bugle, china, consound, cullions, rose, sene.
Fevers intermittent to cure. Masterwort, tamarinds, thistle, vine.

Feaver Hungarick.

Fevers to prevent. Oranges.

Fevers causing. Cherries. melon. pepper. vine. yew tree.

Feaver spotted.

Feets runing ulcers to cure. Nettle.

Fellons and venome to cure. Arsmart. asphodil. bitter sweet. buglosse. cresses. herb true love. Jews thorne. mulberries. smallage. wheat. whortle berries.

Ficus and Ficatio, see Piles.

Fire, see Burning and scalding.

Fish to catch. Blite. trasell.

Fish killing. Spurge.

Fish diseased to refresh. Parsley.

Fish prickles to defend against. Sea feather.

Fistula's, see ulcers hallow and fistulous &c.

Fissure, see Clefts or chaps.

Flatulency, see windinesse.

Flatuos disease, see Hypochondriacks.

Fleas to kill and drive away. Arsmart. caltrops. flea-bane. fleawort.

Flegme salt to purge. Cucumber. gessemine. liquorice. saffron. fowbread.

Flegme tough to expectorate. Sharp apples. figs. flax. fox glove. goldilocks. hyssop. Jack by the hedge. la ca. larch tree. lawrel. leeks. liquorice. mallow. marigold. mastick. maiden haire. me'ilot. mint. mugwort mustard. nettle. palma christi. parsnep. pasqueflower. pitch. poppy. pudding pipe. sage. sanicle. savory. scurvy grasse. sensitive herb. spatling poppy. slaves arie. tarragon. thistle. time. turbith. vetch. vine. violet. woodbind. woodrof.

Flegme to purge. Alder black. a'heale. anemone. bindweed. birthwort. bryony. butchers broom. batterwort. citruls wild. turkey cresse. daffodil. dodder. elder tree. elme. endive. fennel. ferne of the wall. feverfew. fox gloves fumitory gladdon stinking. gourds. hawkweed.

herb

herb terrible, hellebore black, henbane yellow. holly berries. hops. hyssop.

Flesh to beget. Sea holly.

Flesh proud to take away. Dates. glasse wort. oak. poppy.

Flesh loose and moist to cause. Turneps.

Flix, see Flux.

Flowers, see Courses.

Fluctuation.

Fluxion, see Astringents.

Flies, gnats wasps, &c. to drive away. Cypresse. flea-bane. loosestrife. lupine. wormwood.

Flux of the belly and humours to stop. Apples acid. bares eare. beets red. blite. blood wort. box thorne. box. bramble. buglosse. burnet. cacao tree. campion. prickly cedar. cinquefoile. cockshead. coralworts. coriander. cornel tree. costive tree. cranes bil. cudweed. dandelion. darnel dragon tree pease. earth nut. fen-ny stones. filbeards. flag. fleawort. flower de luce. fluellin. frankincense. gals. mountain germander. gladdon stinking. goats thorne. golden rod. Ethiopian gourd. bares foot. harts tongue. herb two pence. holly. holly rose honywort. horehound. Jews thorne. iron wort. knapweed. knotgrasse. ladies mantle. laserwort. milkwort. mirobalan. mosse. nightshade. nuts. orpine. peaches. periwinkle. pimpernel. plantaine. plowmans spikenard. pompion. privet. purslaine. quince. rice. rose wood. rupture wort. rush. sensitive herb. services. shepherds purse. Solomons scale. spike-nard. stonecrop. strawberry. bay. vine. wheat. willow. wintergreen. wormwood. zedoary. see Lark.

Flux bloody to stay. Adders tongue. agrimony. aloes. apples. barberries. bean. bears eare. bulleis. burnet. chesnuts. cinquefoile. cornel tree. cowslips. currans. darnel. dates dry. dock. fennel. fennugreek. fluell n. frankincense. water germander. harts tongue. hazel nuts. herb two pence. holly rose. horse taile. hous-leek. English hyacinth. lilly. line tree. loosestrife. madder. mallow. mastick tree. maudlin. mede-sweet. moon wort. mosse. mulberries. mullein. myrtle.

oake, oxlips, peares, periwinkle, plantaine, pomegranats, quinces, rattle, rosemary, rubarb, sanicle, self heale. services, shepheards purse, snakeweed, sorrel, strawberries, tansie, thistle, tormentil, trefoile, vine whortle-berrie. yarrow.

Flux bloody causing. Bindweed.

Fœtus, see Birth and child.

Folly.

Formica see Warts.

Foxes evill, see Alopecia.

Foxes to kill, Dogs bane.

Fowles to fatten. Millet.

Foreheads pain to ease. Self heale.

Forgetfulnesse to cure, see Memory to strengthen.

Fractures, see Bones broken.

Frœnum coalition.

Freckles to take away, see Spots &c.

French pox to cure. Ague tree, aloes, box tree, china, cloves, danewort, dodder, fennel, fumitory, harts ease, sea holly, hops, hounds tongue, Indian purger, miltwast, mirobalan tree, pellitory, pockwood tree, privet, sage, sopewort, southernwood, tobacco, tamariske, thistle, tormentil, turbit, vine, vipers graspe.

Frensie, or madnesse in feavers to cure. Aromaticall reed, bettony, borrag, chast tree, dodder, fenel, bellsbore. parsnep, prim rose, rubarb, saffron, sene, teasel, time.

Frensie or madnesse causing. Frankincense, nightshade. vine.

Frettings or gallings of the skin to cure. Ferne, pine, sumach, tobacco. toadstoole.

Frets in children to help. Groundsel, hartwort.

Frog under the tongue.

Fucus's for the face. Alkanet.

Fumes and vapours to repress. Coriander, garlic, thee.

Fumes causing. Cow wheat, leeks, vine.

Fundaments convulsion,

Fundaments itch.

Fundaments

Fundaments imperforation.

Fundaments discales to cure. Myrtle, saffron.

Fundaments chaps and galling to heale. Box thorne, chast tree, gillossflowers, gladdon stinking, mallow, pitch tree, teasel, wheat.

Fundaments heat and paines to allay. Balme apple, cumfrey, gals, groundsel, herb frankincense, lentils, rue, sowthistle, starwort, violet.

Fundaments palsey.

Fundaments warts and knots to cure. Bramble, horehound stinking, pitch tree, vine.

Fundaments fistulas and ulcers to cure. Fenugreek, mint, teasel.

Fundaments falling or exiture to remedy. Drunken date tree, ducks meat, gals, mastick tree, blew pimpe- nel, starwort, violet.

Fundament causing to fal. Red pimpe- nel.

Fundaments wormes.

Fundaments stupidity.

Fungi. Savin.

Fururation, see Scurfe.

Furunculus, see Fellon.

Fury, or madness of blood. Coffee. saffron.

Fury of Love.

Fury of the womb.

G.

G All to open. Asarabacca, bitter-sweet, bugle, cala- mint, celandine, centory, endive, hempseed, rubarb, saffron.

Gals overflowing, see Jaundise to cure.

Galling of the skin, see Fretting. &c.

Ganglion, see Wens.

Gangrens to cure. Cumfrey, darnel, goats rue, henbane, Jack by the hedge, lupine, nettle, sumach, turbit, vetch vine, walnuts, wheat.

Gaping,

Gaping, see Yawning.
 Garlick or onions smel to take away. *Zedoary*.
 Garments to perfume. *India leafe. oake.* See *Perfumes*.
 Garments to preserve from moths. *Gaule tree. Indian leafe. oake. plowmans spikenard. pomecitron. rosemary. trefoile. wormwood.*
 Gibbosity, see Crumpbacknesse.
 Gemursa, see Cornes.
 Genitall, see Yard.
 Glasse to make. *Glasse wort. beech.*
 Glanduls, see Kernels.
 Glans imperforated.
 Glabrities, see Eyelids hair falling off.
 Gaudium, see Thymus.
 Glaucedo, glaucosis, and glaucoma, see Eyes fiery rednesse.
 Gnawing of the belly, see Gripping and pain.
 Gnats to kil and drive away. see Flies. &c.
 Gomphos, see Cornes.
 Goats hurtful to. *Prickwood.*
 Gonorrhoea, see Reines running.
 Gout in the feet to cure. *Alseed. angelica. archangel. arsmart. aspen. bawm. beane. bears breech broom. buckthorne. burdock. china. coffee. coleworts. coriander. cowslip. daisy. danewort. dittander. elder tree. elme. endive. fennel. figs. flower de luce. germander. gilliflowers. gout wort. haver graspe. herb frankincense. heath. hellebore. hemlock. hemp. henbane. houseleek. lentils. lilly. moluccas tree. mosse. mugwort. mullein. navelwort. nettle. nightshade. onions. palma christi. pellitory penny royall. pockwod tree. pondweed. poppy. purslain. saffron. saunders. sombread. spleen tree. tansie. thistle. tornesole. trefoile. turbith. turnep. vine. wake robin.*
 Gout cold. *Saffron.*
 Gout in the hipps, see *Sciatica*.
 Grapes to preserve. *Vine.*

Gravel

Gravel, see Stone.
 Grando, see Eyelids hailstone.
 Gravedo, see Stuffing, or coryza.
 Green sicknesse to cure. *Asarabacca. broom. cacao tree. centorie. water cresses. marigold. mandlin. rubarb. turmericke. vine.*
 Green to dye. *Buckthorne. dyers weed.*
 Growth to cause. *Thistle. vine.*
 Groin swollen or inflamed to help. *Fennel. figs. flax. gladdon stinking. hares foot. lilly. misletoe. starwort.*
 Gullet, see Throat.
 Gums bleeding and wasting.
 Gums fistula, see Gums sore &c.
 Gums loose and spongie to strengthen. *Drunken date tree. Indian purger. plums, pomegranates. strawberries.*
 Gums sore and foul to help. *Beets. boxthorne. b. gle. caltrops. gals. groundsel. harts tongue. valerian.*
 Gum red in children, see Red-gum. *Groundsell.*
 Gums vesicles.
 Gunpowders burning heat to help. *Onions. apples. ground ivy.*
 Guts plague to cure, *Cacao tree.*
 Guts stoppt or the Illiack passion to cure. *Ivy. mint. Moluccas tree. pockwod tree. shepheards needle.*
 Guts fretting, see Bowels griping.
 Gutta rosacea. see Sawce flegm full.
 Gurgulio, see Uvula.

H.

Hæmoptysis, see Spitting of blood.
 Haire causing to grow. *Anemonie. aromaticall reed. asphodil. barley. elme. goldilocks. lilly. Maiden haire. onions. radish. spikenard. thistle. yarrow.*

Haires

Hæmalopa, see Strokes or blowes on the eye.

Hæmadia, see Teeth stupified.

Hæmorrhage, see Bleeding.

Haires cleaving, *Southernwood*.

Haire curling, *Yarrow*.

Haires falling off to stay, *Aloes*, *Aromaticall reed*, *asphodil*, *bead tree*, *eglantine*, *holly rose*, *hops*, *horsetoot*, *hounds tongue*, *lasewort*, *lilly*, *maiden haire*, *mustard*, *myrtle*, *nettle*, *peaches*, *pellitory*, *quinces*, *reed*, *southernwood*, *sowbread*, *thistle*, *vervaine*, *walnuts*, *yarrow*.

Haires growth to hinder, *Bean*, *hyacinth*.

Haire to beautify, *Fenugreek*, *stewort*, *prickwood*.

Haire to take away, *Beane*, *ferne of the cake*, *english hyacinth*, *ivy*, *mulberries*, *spurge*, *swallowwort*, *turmeric*, *vine*.

Haire black to make, *Danewort*, *egyptian thorne*, *elder tree*, *ivy*, *myrtle*, *cake*, *sumach*, *twayblade*, *wayfaring tree*.

Haires platting, *Bears breech*.

Haires standing up, *Dandelion*.

Haire red to make, *Mock privet*.

Haire yellow to colour, *Barberries*, *burdock*, *fennel*, *Kingspeare*, *loosestrife*, *mullein*, *nettle*.

Hands chaps and roughnesse, *Wheat*.

Hare eye.

Harelips.

Hands to defend from burning, *Mercury*.

Hare of the Sea's poyson to cure, *Beares eare*, *cedar*, *wolfes bane*.

Hawkes wormes to kill, *Celandine*.

Headach to cure, *Almonds*, *aloes*, *aromaticall reed*, *basil*, *beares eare*, *beet*, *betony*, *birdweed*, *bryony*, *bullets*, *butchers broom*, *chast tree*, *bastard chickweed*, *china*, *citruls wild*, *coffee*, *cow wheat*, *cudweed*, *cummin*, *dodder*, *ducks meat*, *fluellin*, *frankincense*, *geards*, *hellebore*, *hops*, *housleek*, *Indian purger*, *iron wort*, *larch tree*, *lavender*, *lettuce*, *lilly*, *medesweet*, *melilot*, *mint*, *mock privet*, *moluccas tree*, *messe*, *mugwort*, *myrtle*,

myrtle, *night shade*, *nutmeg*, *oily pulse*, *parsnep*, *pennyroyall*, *plowmans spikenard*, *privet*, *rie*, *rose*, *campion*, *sneefewort*, *sycomore*, *tabacco*, *thee*, *time*, *trefoile*, *vervaine*, *vine*, *violet*, *woodroof*.

Heads cold diseases to cure, *Agæe tree*, *asarabacca*, *avens*, *basil*, *bettony*, *birds eye*, *cammomil*, *capers*, *carraraies*, *catmint*, *cloves*, *dropwort*, *feverfew*, *janiper*, *lavender*, *limmons*, *line tree*, *marjerome*, *messe*, *nutmegs*, *onions*, *oxlips*, *pellitory*, *primrose*, *rosemary*, *sage*, *spikenard*, *time*.

Heads dropsie, see *Hydrocephalos*.

Heads drynesse to help

Heads giddinesse and swimings to cure, *Aniseed*, *beares eare*, *beets*, *box*, *bryony*, *catmint*, *citruls wild*, *cloves*, *fennel*, *feverfew*, *larch tree*, *lavender*, *leopards bane*, *line tree*, *may weed*, *oranges*, *pellitory*, *pennyroyall*, *saffron*, *tabacco*, *thistle*, *time*, *vine*, *vipers grasse*, *wolfes bane*.

Heads heat to help, *Aspen tree*, *saffron*.

Heads moisture to help

Head to purge, *Anemonie*, *beets*, *celandine*, *coleworts*, *dragons elder tree*, *gladdon stinking*, *grains of paradise*, *hares eares*, *Indian purger*, *ivy*, *lawrel*, *marjerome*, *masterwort*, *mastick tree*, *maudlin*, *mirobalan tree*, *onions*, *parsley*, *pimpernel*, *rosemary*, *sene*, *sneese wort*, *solomons seale*, *sowbread*, *staves acre*, *vine*.

Heads runuing sores to heale, *Beanes*, *fenugreek*, *ivy*, *lilly*, *melilote*, *mint*, *onions*, *rue*, *vetch*.

Heads dryscab and scurf to cure, *Asphodil*, *garlick*, *lilly*, *lupines*, *maiden haire*, *myrtle*, *onions*, *spurge*, *thistle*.

Heads wounds and fractures to heale, *Gladdon stinking*, *henbane yellow*, *olive tree*, *pitch tree*, *woodbind*.

Heads heaviness to cure, *Vervain*, *violet*.

Heads itching to help, *Hyssope*.

Head hurtfull to, or causing head ach, *Blites*, *bramble*, *camels hay*, *prickly cedar*, *danewort*, *dates*, *filberds*, *frankincense*, *haselnuts*, *hempseed*, *hops*, *lentils*, *onions*, *poley*,

poley. rocket. rush. saffron. spignel. strawberries. sunflower. vetch. vine. walnuts.

Heads giddiness causing. Cow wheat. henbane yellow.

Heads wormes.

Health to preserve. Cacao tree. rice. thee. vine.

Heart to comfort and strengthen against infection.

Aloes. angelica. avens. basil. bawme. borrag. buglosse. butterbur. carnations. cinnamon. coffee. cloves.

goats rue. wholesome helmet flower. Indian leaf. jujubes. lacca tree. lilly. limmon. marigold. miltwast. mirobalane. mosse. motherwort. oake onions. parsley. pomecitron. rose. rosemary. r. barb. saffron. satyrion.

sene. sorrowfull tree. tree of life. wolfs bane. zedaira.

Hearts affection from the womb, see Palpitation.

Hearts fainting, passions and tremblings to cure. Angelica. borrag. burnet. calathian violet. cinnamon.

cloves. endive. galingale. harts tongue. Indian purger. lavender. marigold. mosse. myrtle. nutmeg. oake. rose.

saffron. saunders. spikenard. strawberries. swallowwort. vine. vipers grasse willow.

Heart burning to cure. Bramble. lettuce. lungwort. nightshade. pomegranats. vine.

Heating and dissolving. Bay. cocks head. lupines. marigold. marvil of Peru. pepper. rockwood tree. rocket.

sawwort. southenwood. tobacco. turmeric. turpentine. woodbind. wormwood.

Heat of the body to cool. Gourds. larkspur. lilly. limmon. mandrake. mosse. navelwort. olive. panick.

parsley. peares. plantaine. plums. pomegranate. pondweed. privet. purslain. quinces. reed. rie. rose. rubarb.

saunders. sensitive herb. snakeweed. sorrel. Stonecrop. strawberries.

Heat and inflammation of the face, throat &c. to cool. Bastard chickweed. claver. cowslips. daisy.

Heat and inflammation of sores in the privities to temper. Beane. coltsfoot. groundsel. fowbread. straw.

berries. woodbind. yarrow.

Ke mintick, see Wormes to kil.

Heat

Heat and moisture natural to preserve. Sea holly. vine.

Hebetude of sight see Eyesight to quicken.

Helcidria, see Ulcerous pustuls in the head.

Helos, see Cornes.

Helosis, see Contortion of the eye lid.

Hemlock, henbane, and other cold poysons to resist. Nettle. storax. vine wormwood.

Hemorrhoides. see Piles.

Hemicrania. see Megrim.

Helminthes. see Elminthes.

Hemiplexie. see Eyes resolution.

Hens oviporous to make. Hemp seed.

Hens and soule to fatten. Buckwheat. goats rue yew.

Hepatick spots, see Macula hep.

Hepatick flux, see Livers flux.

Herculean disease, see Epilepsie.

Hernia, see Ruptures.

Herpes, see shingles.

Herpes excedens. see Woolf.

Herpes miliaris, see Tetter or Shingles.

Heterocrania, see Megrim.

Hidroa, see Gallings.

Hiera picra simpl. Gal. see Aloes.

Hiera Logadii & Pachii. see Citruls.

Himas. see Uvula extenuated.

Hippos, see Instability of the eyelids.

Hickock or hicket to stay. Anet. aniseed. birthwort.

fennel. harts tongue. madwort. marjoram. miltwast.

mits. ruba. b. shepheards needle. skirrets. time. vetch.

woodbind.

Hip. gout, see Sciatica.

Holy disease, see Epelepsie.

Holy fire, see Saint Anthonies fire.

Hordealum. see Swelling in the eye lids.

Hornets, see Wasps.

Horny tunicles cancer.

Hortour, see Shivering.

Hoarsnesse

Hoarsness and losse of voice to help. *Fleawort. Goats thorne. horse foot. laser wort. lavender. leeks. liquorice. pitch. reed. rosemary. saffron. sensitive herb. storax. tobacco turnep. violet.*

Hoariness of the haire to prevent. *Quinces.*

Hone to cure. *Honewort.*

Horses scabs or farcians to cure. *Brooklime, butter, burre.*

Horses chap-fallen to help. *Grasse.*

Horses staggers to cure. *S. James wort.*

Horses cough and broken windedness to remedy. *Nuts.*

Horses tired to refresh. *Arsmart.*

Horseleeches to draw away. *Laserwort.*

Hacklebones paine to ease, see *Sciatica.*

Hot bodies hurtful to. *Bawme. danewort. dittany. elecampane fennel. garlick. gessimine. graines of paradise. leeks. onions. vine.*

Humours grosse and cold to concoct and expel. *Adonis flower. aloes. anet. bay. bind weed. buckthorne. bucks beane. calamint. cammomil. capers. catmint. centory. citruls wild. daisy. fennel. fenugreek. foxgloves. fumitory. garlick. germander. gessimine. gladdon stinking. gourds wild. hartwort. hyssope. juniper. larch tree. lavender. liquorice. masterwort. mint. mistletoe. motherwort. nettle. nuts. onions. parsley. pepper. pockwood tree. radish. rue. saffron. sage. scabious. scurvigrasse. southernwood. starwort. sycamore. turbith. vine.*

Humours sharp and putrid to repress. *Cherries black, cumfrey. fumitory. goats thorne. hellebore. holly rose. lettuce. line tree. liquorice. nightshade. quinces. saffron. self beale. sowbread. throatwort. vine. violet. vipers grasse.*

Humours fluxibility to stay. *Caltrops. cockle. coffee. Ganlingale. sea dogs grasse. holly rose. knotgrass. panick. peaches. pomegranats. rice. toothwort.*

Humours tough to cut and cleanse. *Leeks. mistletoe. moss. cake*

oake. pockwood tree. pomecitron. smallage. Solomons seale. sorrel. tamarinds. violet. wake robin.

Humours slimy to purge. *Daisy. maidenhaire, navelwort. pomecitron. southernwood. trefoile. wolvesbane.*

Humours grosse causing. *Dates. peaches, purslaine.*

Hunger and thirst to stay. *Pepper. tobacco.*

Hurts and sores to cure. *Bugle. park leaves. poppy. scorpion grasse. valerian.*

Hydatis, see *Eyes watering.*

Hydenteroceles, see *Enteroccele.*

Hydrocephalos, see *Heads drop sic.*

Hydrocele, see *Rupture of water.*

Hydrophoby or fear of water.

Hydromphalon, see *Navils drop sic.*

Hydrops matellæ, see *Diabete.*

Hydragogon, see *Watery humours to purge.*

Hydrotick, see *Sweat to cause.*

Hydrocystoccele, see *Hydrocele, &c.*

Hypererisis, see *Hypercatharsis.*

Hypercarcosis, see *Thymus.*

Hypochyma and hypochysis, see *Eyes web.*

Hypophoræ, see *Fistula's deep.*

Hypophysis, see *Eyes pin and web.*

Hypopyæ and hypophthalmia, see *Eyes purulency.*

Hyposarca, see *Anasarca.*

Hyposphagma, see *Blowes and stroaks.*

Hypochelon elcos, see *ulcers hollow.*

Hypercatharsis, see *Purging violently to hinder.*

Hypocondriack passions to ease. *Vine.*

Hystericall, see *Mothers pains, &c.*

I.

J Aundise yellow to cure. *Agrimony. alk. anet. aloes. asphodil. barberries. basil. bawme. bay. beltony. bitter sweet. bryony. bugle. butchers bloom. cacao tree. calamint.*

calamint. cammomil. celandine. centory. winter
cherries. china. rain ciches. cinquefoile. citruls wild.
clivers. cockle. columbine. consuand. cresses. dande-
lion. dittany. docks. dodder. dropwort. endive. eye-
bright. fennel. toad flax. fleabane. fluellin. farzebush.
Garlick. ground pine. groundsel. harts tongue. herb
frankincense. hellebore. hempseed. sea holly. hops. hore-
hound. english hyacinth. ivy. lacca tree. larch tree.
laserwort. liverwort. madder. marigold. marjerome.
mercury. miltwaft. mouseare: onions. orach. palma
christi. parsl-y. parsnep. plantain. polcy mountaine.
pudding pipe. rose. rosemary. rubarb. rue. rupture
wort. saffron. sampier. smallage. snakeweed. sorrel.
sowbread. sperage. spikenard. strawberries. swallow-
wort. tamarinds. tamarisk. tormentil. turmerick. va-
lerian. vine. wormwood.

Jaundice black to cure. Broom.

Jawes to help. Caltrops. cudweed. divels bit. mastick
tree. oake. plums. wayfaring tree.

Ignis persicus, see

Ichores, or dreggy matter. Bay. saffron.

Icterus, see Jaundice.

Ignis sacer, see Wild-fire.

Ilina is, see Dizziness.

Illiac passion, or ileum.

Illofis, see Squintness.

Impingo, see Ringworme.

Imbecility, see Weakness.

Impostumes to cure. Caltrops. lupine. tabacco. wood

Impostumes hard to ripen and cleanse. Bryony. daffodil.
fenugreek. figs. fleawort. goats beard. gondeli of Italy.
henbane yellow. laserwort. linetree. mayweed. mistletoe.
misse. spearewort. starwort. woodroof.

Impostumes inward to help. Agrimonie. henbane yellow.
mustard. pine. rubarb.

Impotency, see Weakness.

Incubus, see Night-mare.

Infants diseases &c.

Infection

Infection to resist, see Diseases contagious &c.

Inflammations to assuage. All seed. apples. dead ar-
smart. aspen. bariey. basil. bay. beet. blite. buckthorne.
buglisse. cacao tree. caltrops. camels hay. claver.
coleworts. colts foot. coriander. costive tree.
crab tree. cranesbil. cresse. Danewort. ducks meat.
endive. flag. flax. frogbit. gooseberries. gourds. knobbed
couch grasse. hawkweed. hemlock. henbane. horsetaile.
houfleeck. Saint James's wort. ironwort. knotgrasse.
ladies mantle. leeks. lettuce. lilly. liquorice. liverwort.
madder. mandrake. marjerome. mandlin. melilot.
milkwort. miltwaft. mosse. mulberries. myrtle. ravel-
wort. nightshade. oily pulse. orach. orpine. pimperl.
plane tree. plowmans spikenard. privet. purslaine. reed.
ribwort. rose sanders. shepherds purse. Solomons seal.
sorrel. southistle. spinach. thorowax. trefoile. vervain.
violet. wheat. wood.

Inflaming. Leeks. mezereon. rocket. sebesten tree. spurge
thistle.

Inke black to make. Gals. pine. pomegranates.

Inflation, see Windiness.

Intestines, or intrals inflamed to help. Cinnamon. cloud
berries. daisy dates. ducks meat. linnen. mirobalan
tree. Pomecitron. pompion. pudding pipe. rose. rubarb.

Intrals to help. Birthwort. bullis. germander. grasse.
groundpine. hops. lavender. liquorice. madder. miro-
balan tree. rockwood tree. pudding pipe. rose. saffron.
tormentil. violet. wintergreen.

Intrals to open and cleanse. Auens. cudweed. dragons.
foxgloves. lavender. motherwort. mullein. polcy. sampier.
sene. sperage. spignel. time. verch. vine.

Inquietude, see Restlessness.

Intertrigo, see Gauling.

Intestines difficulty, see Lientery.

Intestines smoothness, see Lientery.

Intestines ulcers.

Intestines scituation changed.

Intestines wounds

Intrals

Intrals exulcerated to cure, see Bowells ulcers.

Intrals mortified.

Intrals hurtfull to, *Sebesten tree*. vine.

Intrals exulcerating. *Bindweed*. *lawrel*. *thistle*.

Jonthos, see Pimples in the face.

Joynt aches and pains to ease. *Barley*. *bindweed*. *briony*. *cumfrey*. *daffodil*. *daisy*. *dittander*. *ducks meat*. *elder tree*. *fennel*. *ferne of the wall*. *ladies bedstraw*. *leadwort*. *may weed*. *oily pulse*. *pennyroyal*. *pimpernel*. *pockwood tree*. *primrose*. *saffron*. *Solomons seale*. *spignel*. *spleen tree*. *thistle turpentine*. *wound tree*.

Joynts luxate to settle. *Agrimony*. *alkanet*. *balme apple*. *bears breech*. *bugle*. *butchers broom*. *chast tree*. *citruls wild*. *costus*. *cowslip*. *elecampane*. *ferne of the wall*. *holly*. *laservort*. *lilly*. *marjerome*. *moonwort*. *myrtle*. *plantaine*. *reed*. *Solomons seale*. *sowbread*. *turnsole*. vine.

Joynts shaking. *Sage*. *mugwort*.

Joynt swellings to cure. *Cummin*. *fleawort*. *haver grass*. *mallow*. *moluccas tree*. *saffron*.

Joynts to strengthen. *Ague tree*. *bears eare*. *china*. *clarie*. *cowslip*. *dittander*. *flower de luce*. *groundpine*. *mugwort*. *woodroof*.

Joynts cold and stiffe to help. *Butter burre*. *cinnamon*. *ladies bedstraw*. *olives*.

Joynts inflamed to help. *Daisie*.

Joynts wounds weepings *Daisie*.

Iron to make sanguine. *Dragon tree*.

Ischias, see Sciatica.

Ischury or stopping of urine to cure. *Bead tree*. *rupture wort*. *spikenard*. *yarrow*.

Issues of blood, see fluxes thereof.

Issues to keep open. *Elder*. *ivy*.

Itches to cure. *Adams apple*. *great celandine*. *cockle*. *divels bit*. *dock*. *elecampane*. *gladdon stinking*. *harts ease*. *hops*. *horehound*. *ladies bedstraw*. *madder*. *marjerome*. *mastick tree*. *mugwort*. *oates*. *olives*. *oranges*. *penyroyall*. *pondweed*. *rubarb*. *sene*. *sneese wort*. *sorrel*. *stave*.

staves acre. *tamarinds*. *tamarisk*. *tabacco*. *turmerick*. *vetch*. *vine*. *wormwood*.

Julapium Alexandrianum, julep of Alexandria, see *Roses*.

Juxtangina, see *Quincy*.

Juice good of. *Chestnut*. *figs*. *pine*. *pomegranates*. *saffron*. vine.

Juice evill of. *Artichock*. *beanes*. *cherries*. *cucumbers*. *hempsced*. *lentils*. *oake*. *plums*. *purslain*. *radish*. *services*. *toadstools*. *vetch*. vine.

Juice thick of. *Lentils*. *oily pulse*. *parsnep*. *pine*. *pomecitron*. *rice*. *toadstools*. vine.

Juice thin and watery of. *Onions*. *oranges*. *pompion*. *strawberries*. *thistle*.

Ixia's poylon to resist. *wormwood*.

Ixiæ, see *varices*.

K.

Kernels hard and knors in the flesh to consume. *Archangel*. *cinqesoile*. *cocks head*. *corne*. *figwort*. *hemp wild*. *lupine*. *mandrake*. *mugwort*. *mustard*. *olive tree*. *pitch tree*. *pondweed*. *ribwort*. *rue*. *sowbread*. *spikenard*. *storax*. *thistle*. *tormentil*. *woad*.

Kel, or *omentum's* diseases.

Ribes to cure. *Asphodil*. *beet*. *burdock*. *cats tail*. *figs*. *lentils*. *melilote*. *pitch tree*. *navelwort*. *sowbread*. *tabacco*. *toadstools*. *turnep*. *vetch*. *wheat*.

Kidnies good for. *Earthnut*. *eglantine*. *hawkweed*. *liquorice*. *parsnep*. *pimpernel*. *pudding pipe*. *purslain*. *rose*. *rubarb*. *saxifrage*. *sebesten tree*. *spikenard*. vine.

Kidnies to cleanse. *Alkanet*. *broom*. *camels hay*. *Italian*. *bank cresses*. *dodder*. *elder tree*. *fennel*. *fire tree*. *fluellin*. *furze-bush*. *water germander*. *grasse*. *groundpine*. *sea holly*. *hops*. *juniper*. *larch tree*. *madder*. *maydenhaire*. *nuts*. *parsley*. *piony*. *plantain*. *sampier*. *saxifrage*.

saxifrage, shepheards needle, southernwood, spignel, time.

Kidnies paines to ease: Bryony, fennel, mayden haire, melilot, nutmeg, parslly, piony, sensitive herb, spearewort, tabacco.

Kidnies ulcers to cure. Cumfrey, horse-tale, liquorice, navelwort, plantaine, sanicle, wintergreen.

Kidnies hurtfull to. Ram ciches. miltwast, vine.

Kidnies cold to heat Galingale.

Kines swollen dugs to help. Butterwort.

Kine to cause to give milk. Birds foot. cucks head. spiked grasse. vetch.

Kine to cause to goe to bull. Sundew.

Kings evil to cure. Archangel, barley, bawme, beane, broom, burdock, caltrops, capers, small celandine, china, coffee, coriander, danewort, endive, figs, figwort, flag, flower de luce, fox gloves, gladdon stinking, groundsel, hares eares, harts tongue, hyacinth. S. James's wort, laserwort, madder, mayden haire, mercury, miltwast, mint, myrtle, navelwort, pepper, pimpernel, pitch tree, primrose, sampier, savin, sorrel, southernwood, soubread, stonecrop, storax, tabacco, tormentil.

Knees swelling and paines. Onions.

L.

L Agochilos, see Harelips.

Lactical crust.

Lagophthalmos, see Hare eye.

Lameness in the joynts to cure. Calathian violet. dancwort. felwort. thistle.

Lasks to stay. Agrimony, alder, alkanet, almonds, aloes, anet, aniseed, Indian apple, arrowhead, ash tree, barberries, barley, basil, buckthorne, bulleis, burnet, cand, carrots, cherries black, cherry bay, chesnuts, cinquefoile, cinnamon, clivers, cornel tree, cowslips, currane, durnel, drunke

drunke date tree, dock, dragon tree, Egyptian thorne, endive, ferne, filberds, flax, fleabane, flixweed, flower gentle, fluellin, fox stones, furze bush, gals, gooseberries, knobbed couch grasse, hares foot, hartstongue, hasel nuts, haws, herb two pence, hempseed, holly rose, housleek, S. Johns wort, jujubes, ivy, knapweed, lavender, lentils, lilly, lose strife, mallow, marvel of Peru, mastick, mastick tree, maiden haire, mint, mirobalan tree, moluccas tree, moonwort, mosse, mouse-eare, mulberries, mullein, myrtle, nettle, nutmeg, oake, oates, orach, orpine, oxlips, panick, peaches, peares, periwinkle, pine, piony, pipe, plantaine, pomegranates, pondweed, poppy, parslaine, quinces, ribwort, rie, rice, rose, rubarb, rue, rupturewort, rush, sage, sea cluster, shepheards purse, skirrets, snakeweed, sorrel, sumach, tamarinds, tansie, thistle, tormentil, trefoile, vetch, vine, wayfaring tree, wheat, whortle berries, yarrow.

Lasks or loosness to cause. Herb terrible. yew tree.

Lassitude, see Weariness.

Lateral disease. see Pleuresie.

Leanness to cause. Ash. clivers. colewort, elder tree, fennel, feverfew, figs, orach, vine.

Leanness to help. Citruls wild, pine.

Lechery. see Lust.

Legs scabbed ulcers to heale. Bryony, chickweed, crab tree, ironwort, park leaves, tabacco.

Legs swollen to cure. Balsame. bay. broklime, corne. Saint James wort. plantaine.

Legs inflamed to cure. Pondweed.

Legs to deforme as some beggars do. Crowfoot.

Legs pain and manginess to help. Bryony. crab tree. S. James wort.

Lema, see Blecreydness.

Lentigines, see Freckles.

Lentils, see Freckles.

Leprosie to cure. Alkanet. anemonie. bezar tree. bryony. calamint. cedar. chast tree. China. figwort. Gladdon stinking. hellebore black. maslick tree.

pennyroiall, periwinkle, saffron, tamarinds, time, turbit, vine. virgins bower.

Lepry, melancholy to cause. Dates, lentils, potatoes.

Lethargy, or drousie evil to cure. Anemonie, basil, chast tree, coffee, garden cresses, cumfrey, fennel, Jack by the hedge, mustard, parsnep, saffron, savory, thistle, time, vine.

Leticants, see Mirth causing.

Leuce, see White Morphew.

Leucoma, see Eyes pin and web.

Leucophlegmatick, see Anasarca.

Lice and nits to kil. Bead tree, cedar, cudweed, flower gentle, henbane yellow, ivy, limmons, prickwood, slaves acre, tamarisk, wolfe bane.

Limbs withered. Rice.

Lientery, or flux of aliment not altered.

Ligaments wounds, see Dryers. Saffron.

Lichens, see Tetters.

Lips bleeding.

Lipodermus, see Glans uncovered.

Lipopsychic and Lipothymic, see Fainting.

Lips trembling.

Lippitude, see Bleeraydness.

Lips perversion, and swelling.

Lips chapped to cure. Beech, boxthorne. see Chaps.

Lips ulcers and wounds.

Lisping.

Lithiosis, see Stone.

Livers affection from the womb, see Green sickness and cachexy.

Livers hydatis.

Litharge to resist. Parsley.

Livergrown to help. Bugle, calathian violet, sea holly, parsnep, spikenard.

Liver obstructed to open and purge. Agrimonie, ague tree, almonds, angelica, asarabacca, ash, avens, bay, beet, bettony, hindweed, bittersweet, broom, cammock, capers, celandine, centory, chast tree, cloves, columbine, confound, cucumber, dodder, elder tree, felwort, flax,

flax, flax, fleabane, fluellin, foxgloves, fumitory, furze bush, germander, glasse-wort, grasse, groundpine, harts tongue, hellebore wild, water hemp, sea holly, hops, horehound, juniper, lacca tree, lavender, liquorice, lupine, madder, marjerome, mayden haire, mulberries, nuts, onions, orach, parsley, peaches, pellitory, pimpernel, piony, plantaine, pockwood tree, poppy, rose, rosemary, rupture wort, saffron, sampire, scurvy grasse, sene, shepheard's needle, sorrel, sowbread, spignel, tamarisk, thistle, tormentil, turpentine. vine.

Liver to strengthen. Agrimonie, ague tree, aloes, ash, bloodwort, bucks beane, bugle, china, cinquefoile, cloves, dates, dodder, felwort, goats beard, groundsel, holly rose, horehound, lavender, liquorice, liverwort, maple, maudlin, mirobolan tree, nutmeg, pimpernel, pine, rose, rubarb, shepheard's needle, spikenard, spleen tree, vine, woodroof.

Liver hot to cool. Barberries, barley, costive tree, endive, gooseberries, gourds, harts tongue, liverwort, lungwort, navelwort, pudding pipe, rosewood, sebesten tree, sorrel, strawberries, tamarinds, thistle, time, vervaine, violet, wormwood.

Liver cold to warme. Aromatical reed, fennel, maudlin, tormentil, turmerick, vine.

Livers pain to help.

Livers scirrhus to cure. Oily pulse, pockwood tree, radish.

Livers stone.

Livers ulcer to heale. Confound.

Livers flux to stop. Apples acid, rose.

Liver offensive. Adams apple, dates, pepper, vine.

Livers wormes.

Livers wounds.

Loathing of meat to remedy. Angelica, lupine, marjerome, mastick, madder, spikenard.

Lochia, see Childing womens purgations.

Loemos, see Bubo.

Loines paines to ease. Sea holly.

Longings of women with child to stay. Masse, pomegranate, citron, pomegranate, vine.

Looseness, see Flux.
 Lordosis, see Luxation.
 Love sickness, see Fury of Love.
 Lotions for sore mouthes. Consound. harts tongue. sav-
 ry. selfe beate. strawberries. throatwort. mayfaring
 tree.

Lousy evil to cure. Hellebore.

Lumbrici, see Worms.

Lumps, see Knots.

Lunaticks. Batchelors buttons. borragge.

Lungs to open and cleanse. Alexander. almonds. bitt-
 wort. borragge. citrals wild. cumfrey. dill. dragon
 ferne of the wail. feverfew. figs. Jews thorne. lucan-
 der. leeks. marjerome. maiden haire. saffron. sand-
 time. tormentil. tree of life. trefoile. vine. zedary.

Lungs cough. Coffee. cudweed. horehound.

Lungs distillations and contumptions to cure. Be-
 beares breech. cabbage. cacao tree. chervil. cinque-
 foile. cudweed. dates. horehound. Saint James's wort.
 liquorice. lungwort. pine. sebesten tree. spignel. garden
 toothwort.

Lungs inflammation and ulcers to cure. Apples. hor-
 dock. cedar. consound. cucumber. cumfrey. flower de
 luce. fluellin. harts ease. herb two pence. horehound.
 hyssope. liquorice. lungwort. myrtle. nettle. peach-
 pine. pudding pipe. rhubarb. sundew. vervaine. violet
 whortle berries.

Lungs cold to warme. Cummin. fennel. dropwort. gladi-
 olus stinking. liquorice. onions. parsnep. woodbind.

Lungs roughness to remove. Dates. liquorice. oil
 pulse. sebesten tree.

Lungs pain to ease. Camels hay. tobacco.

Lungs hurtful to. Lentils.

Lungs drop sic.

Lungs wounds.

Lungs growing to the side.

Lungs vessels opened.

Lungs tubercles.

Lungs wormes.

Lupia, see Ganglion.

Lupus, see Wolf.

Leucositas, see Purblindnesse.

Lust or venery to provok. Anet. aniseed. apples. artich-
 oke. ash. basil. bishops weed. bladder nut. burdock.
 cacao tree. carrot wild. chervil. china. ciches. clary.
 cloves. coriander. costus. cowwheat. cresses. cullions.
 dates. dogstones. dogs tooth. fenny-stones. Indian figs.
 flag. flax flower delace. fools stones. foxstones. Spanish
 galingale. gilostower. ginger. goats stones. Spanish
 gourds. sea holly. ladies bedstraw. lettuce. master-
 wort. mustard. nettle. nutmeg. parssly. parsnep. pine.
 potatoes. rocket. saffron. satyrion. savory. sawwort.
 shepherds needle. skirrets. southernwood. sperage-
 spignel. sunflower. thistle. wallflowers. tulip. turpentine
 tree. vine wake Robbin.

Lust to repress. Chast tree. gourds. hemlock. lettuce.
 lilly. purslaine.

Luxations, see Joynts luxate.

Lycanthropic, or Woolfishness.

M.

Macula hepatica, see Melanogogicka.

Macula, see Spots.

Madarosis, see Eyelids hair falling off.

Madnesse, see Frensie.

Malacia, see Womens longing.

Malum mortuum, see Filchy scab.

Mania, see Fury.

Macula volatica, see Erysipelas.

Manus Christi, see Reed.

Minge to cure. Chickweed. dock. elecampane. glasswort.
 laserwort. oranges. rhubarb. spurge. slaves acre. wheat.

Marasmus, see Consumption.

Mariscæ, see Hemorrhoids.

Marcor, see Mirasmus.

Marks black and blew to take away. Aloes. beane.
 bishops weed. briony. crowfoot. knap weed. laserwort.
 lead-

Leadwort, lupine, marjorome, mustard, rampion, Solomons seale, walnuts, wormwood.

Marmaryggæ, see Eyes dazzeling.

Matrix, see Mother.

Marmalad how made. Quinces.

Measles to cure. Alkanet, birthwort, fluellin, water germander.

Meat to preserve and season. Barberries, calamint, water germander.

Meats to colour. Saffron, saunders, sorrowful tree, tornesole.

Mediastinum inflamed.

Megrin to cure. Bay, birds eye, citruls wild, daisie, lavender, moluccas tree, pellitory, poppy, primrose, saunders, tabacco, vine, yarrow.

Melancholly to repress and purge. Apples, aromaticall reed, basil, bawm, bezar tree, bindweed, borage, buckwheat, cloudberry, dodder, elder tree, elecampane, fern of the wall, feverfew, frankincense, herb terrible, hellebore black, sea holly, hops, lacca tree, lavender, limmon, mandrake, mercury, miltwaft, mirobalans, Moluccas tree, mosse, oake, parsnep, pennyroyall, pimpernel, pockwood tree, pomecitron, pudding pipe, radish, saffron, scurvy grasse, sene, swallowwort, tamarisk, time, tormentil, vine.

Melancholly to breed. Co'eworts, lentils, toadstools.

Melancholy of Virgins and widdows.

Melicerides, see Scarl.

Melon, see Eyes uvea going out.

Membranes. Saffron.

Members weak to strengthen. Bead tree, cinnamon, coralworts, cranes bill, danewort, dragons, fenugreek, holly rose, oake, rush, southernwood, trefeile.

Memory to strengthen. Aromaticall reed, balsame, borage, eyebright, lilly, parsnep, pockwood tree, rosemary, sage, thistle, vine.

Mentagra, see Ringworm.

Menses, see courses.

Meerry-gals, Chast tree, tabacco, pine tree, toadstools.

Mefaraick

Mefaraick veins to open, Croßewort.

Mice to kill. Hellebore, staves acre, yew tree.

Mesentery corrupted.

Meenteries distempers, &c. Vine.

Milk to cause in womens breasts. Alder, anemonie, anet, aniseed, barley, belflower, borage, buckwheat, buglosse, cabbage, chast tree, ciches wild, fennel, herb fran- kincense, lettuce, milkwort, pine, purslane, radish, rampion, rocket, S. Katharines flower, saxifrage, sw- thistle, trefeile, turnep, vetch.

Milk to dry up in womens breasts. Asarabacca, basil, beane, rue, vine.

Milk to restraine, in womens breasts. Hemlock, lettuce.

Milks curdling in the stomach to dissolve. Fig tree, lentils, mint.

Milk to cause to curdle. Saffron, spinach.

Milphosis, see, Eyelids hair falling out.

Milt, see Spleen.

Minds diseases to cure. Piony.

Mind troubling. Nightshade.

Mirach, see Abdomen.

Mirth causing. Archangel, borage, buglosse, burnet, carnations, chervil, galingale, germander, groundsel, medea sweet, mint, oake, rice, rosemary, saffron, saunders, sene, storax, strawberries, time, vervaine, vine, vipers grasse, wood roose.

Miserere mei, see Iliack passion.

Moisture superfluous to consume. Balme apple, cypresse, eglantine, fenugreek, flags, garlick, gessamine, holly rose, oake, onions, panick, pomecitrons, rupturewort, Solomons seale, sorrel, spiknard, vetch.

Mols, mole, or mooncalf to help.

Moles to drive away. Cudweed.

Mollifying. Barley, beares-breech, blite, camels hay, cammomil, chast tree, cocks head, docks, fennel, fenugreek, figs, flax, harts ease, holly, holly rose, lupine, mallow, mandrake, maple, mosse, oily pulse, olives, palma christi, pine, pipe tree, plums, prickwood, pudding

pudding pipe. radish. ric. storax. sycomore. thistle. turpentine.

Monthly courses, see Flowers.

Moria, see Folly.

Morbili, see final pox.

Morphew to cure. Asphodil. bay. briony. catea tree. daffodil. dragons. endree. flower de luce. garlic. hellebore. hops. lilly. lupine. madwort. orpine. Solomons seal. thistle.

Mortification, see Sphacelus.

Moths to destroy. Avens. cypresse. flower gentle. gale tree. pomecitron. rosemary. trefoile. wormwood. woundwort.

Mothers itching.

Mothers paines, windines, suffocation or rising to cure.

Alkanet. anet. aromatical reed. bayme. bay. beares care. birch tree. briony. bardock. butter-burre. calves snout. cammomil. carrawaies. prickly cedar. cranes bil. cummin. currans. danewort. divels bit. Elecampane. elder. fennel. fenugreek. feverfew. flea bane. galin-gale. water germander. hartwort. holly rose. hops. horse tongue. Jack by the hedge. S. James's wort. Indian purger. juniper. laserwort. lovage. marigold. melilot. mercury. moluccas tree. mosse. motherwort mugwort. mustard. nettle. oake. orach. palma christi. parsnep. pellitory. pennyroyal. pepper. piony. plantaine. rosemary. rubarb. rue. rush. saffron. sawary. saxifrage. southernwood. spignel. tabacco. roadstoole. toothwort. trefoile. turpentine. vine. vipers grasse. walnuts. wolfs bane.

Mothers clefts.

Mothers corruption:

Mothers cold griefs to cure. Angelica. carrawaies carrot wild. catmint. dittany. galingale. groundpine S. James's wort. masterwort. mayweed. nutmegs. thistle. turmerick.

Mothers inflammation to assuage. Camels hay, chaff tree. flax. gals. purslain. spikenard.

Mothers impostumes and ulcers to cure. Fenugreek. mallow

mallow. purslane. swallow wort. and zedoary. Mother fallen to restore. Birth wort gals. mastick mirtle. oake.

Mothers hardness and tumours to lenify. Danewort. feverfew. flower de luce. holly rose. lilly. mallow. maudlin. melilot. pennyroyal. pitch tree. pockwood tree. storax.

Mouths Canker, see Canker.

Mouths opening hurt.

Mouths sores and ulcers to cure. Aloes. beech. belflower. birch tree. birthwort. bramble. bugle. calathian violet. chast tree. cinquefoile. confound. cullions. frankincense. gals. gillflowers. gold of pleasure. golden rod. holly rose. hyssetorgue. hyssop. line tree. liquorice. loose-rose. madder. medesweet. medlars. mock privet. moss. mustard. olive tree. plantain. privet. reed. rosewood. sage. savary. scurvigraffe. selfeheale. smallage. sorrel. sowbread. staves aere. tamarisk. tansie. teasel. throatwort. valerian. vervain. wayfaring tree. woodbind.

Mouths inflammations & heat to allay. Egyptian thorn. foxstones. liquorice. mock privet. mulberries. rampion. snakeweed. strawberries. vine. violet. walnut. wayfaring tree.

Mouths rheum to draw forth. Parsley. peaches pellitory wayfaring tree.

Mouths stench to cure. Felwort. limmons. scurvy grasse. Zedoary.

Mouths wryness. Saffron.

Mucronate cartilages falling.

Mumps to cure. see Jaws to help.

Murs. Gith.

Murrein among cattle to cure. Motherwort.

Muscles. Saffron.

Mushrooms to help against. Leeks. mosse. mustard. myrtle. nettle. wormwood.

Myrmecia, see Warts.

Myfis, see Pores to open.

Mydesis, see Eyelids watering.

Mydriasis, see Eyes apple dilated.

Mylpha, see Eyes hairs falling off.

Myocephalon, see Eyes going out.
Myosis, see Eyes apple contracted.
Myopia, see Purblindness.

N.

N **Alvus**, see Moles, marks, or spots.
Nailes falling off, and contusion. *Holly rose.*
**Nailes wormes.
**Nailes rugged and over grown with flesh to help.
Alseed, celandine, Egyptian thorne, flax, mistle, pitch tree, rubarb, sumach.
**Nailes loose to take away. *Vine.*
**Narcotick or stupifying. *Egyptian apples, drunken date tree, henbane yellow, nuts, tobacco.*
Narce, see Impotency or weakness.
Natta, see Struma.
Navils impostume, and inflammation, &c.
Navils vessels broken, and opened, and relaxation, and wormes.
Naucea, see Loathing of meat.
**Navils sticking out in children to remedy. *Fennel, thorum wax.*
**Necks crick to help. *Sea holly, spatling poppy.*
**Needing to provoke. *Basil, clary, flower de luce, glad-don stinking, hellebore, marjerome, mustard, pepper, Solomons seale, thistle, wolfs bane.*
Necrosis, see Gangreen.
Nebula, see Clouds or Wefts.
Nephritick, see Kidnies pains to ease.
Nerves to strengthen or Neurotick, see Sinews;
**Nerves optick amisse.
**Nettles stinging to cure. *Tabacco.*
**Nightmare, Hags, or Ephialtis to resist; *Piony, peckwood tree.*
Nightblindness.
Nightwheels to help. *Olives,*********************

Nipples

**Nipples sore to cure. *Fleawort.*
Nipples colour bad.
Nipples diseales, &c.
Nipples imperforation.
Nits to kil, see Lice.
Nodes, see Kernels.
Noli me tangere, or cancer in the face.
Nocturnal pollution.
Nomx, see Ulcers soule, spreading, &c.
**Nose bleeding to stop. *Calamint, cummin, hony wort, horsetaile, ladies bedstraw, nettle, periwinkle, rue, services, snakeweed.*
**Nose bleeding to cause. *Cocksfoot, grasse, gessamine, rue, yarrow.*
**Noses polypus and filthy ulcers to cure. *Birthwort, cypresse tree, dragons, fluellin, hauer grasse, ivy, laserwort, oates, rosewood, S. Katharines flower, snakeweed.*
**Noses red to help. *Cucumber.*
Noses stench.
Nostrils cancer, and ulcer.
Nostrils narrowness.
Nostrils wounds.
**Nourishing much. *Apples, barley, beane, chesnut, dogs tooth, S. Johns wort, lentils, lettuce, nuts, orach, peares, pine, potatoes, reed, rie, rice, saffron, sandew, tulip, turnep, vine, zedoary.*
**Nourishing little. *Apricocks, beet, blite, buckwheat, cabbage, capers, carrot, charlock, citruls, cucumbers, flax, garlic, gooseberries, gourds, cakarie grasse, hops, jujubes, mallow, miller, mulberries, navew, oates, olives, onions, oranges, panick, peares plums, pomegranates, pompion, poppy, purslaine, radish, rubarb, sebesten tree, services, sperage, spinach, strawberries, thistle, vine, walnuts, wheat.*
**Numness to remove. *Beares breech, hyssope, laven-der.*
Nyctalops, see Purblindness.****************

Obauditus

(634)

Myocephalon, see Eyes going out.
 Myosis, see Eyes apple contracted.
 Myopic, see Purblindness.

N.

N Aevus, see Moles, marks, or spots.
 Nails falling off, and confusion. *Holly rose.*
 Nails wormes.
 Nails rugged and over grown with flesh to help.
Alfeed, celandine, Egyptian thorne, flax, mistle, pitch tree, rubarb, sumach.
 Nails loose to take away. *Vine.*
 Narcotick or stupifying. *Egyptian apples, drunken date tree, henbane yellow, nuts, tobacco.*
 Narce, see Impotency or weakness.
 Natts, see Struma.
 Navils impostume, and inflammation, &c.
 Navils vessels broken, and opened, and relaxation, and wormes.
 Nausea, see Loathing of meat.
 Navils sticking out in children to remedy. *Fennel, thorowax.*
 Necks crick to help. *Sea holly, spatling poppy.*
 Needing to provoke. *Basil, clary, flower de luce, glad-don stinking, hellebore, marjerome, mustard, pepper, Solomons seale, thistle, wolfs bane.*
 Necrosis, see Gangreen.
 Nebulae, see Clouds or Wefts.
 Nephritick, see Kidnies pains to ease.
 Nerves to strengthen or Neurotick, see Sinews;
 Nerves optick amisse.
 Nettles stinging to cure. *Tabacco.*
 Nightmare, Hags, or Ephialtis to resist; *Piony, peckwood tree.*
 Nightblindness.
 Nightwheels to help. *Olives,*

Nipples

(635)

Nipples sore to cure. *Fleawort.*
 Nipples colour bad.
 Nipples discales, &c.
 Nipples imperforation.
 Nits to kil, see Lice.
 Nodes, see Kernels.
 Noli me tangere, or cancer in the face.
 Nocturnal pollution.
 Nomæ, see Ulcers soule, spreading, &c.
 Nose bleeding to stop. *Calamint, cummin, hony wort, horsetaile, ladies bedstraw, nettle, periwinkle, rue, services, snakeweed.*
 Nose bleeding to cause. *Cocksfoot, grasse, gessemine, rue, yarrow.*
 Noses polypus and filthy ulcers to cure. *Birthwort, cypresse tree, dragons, fluellin, haver grasse, ivy, laserwort, oates, rosewood, S. Katharines flower, snakeweed.*
 Noses red to help. *Cucumber.*
 Noses stench.
 Nostrils cancer, and ulcer.
 Nostrils narrowness.
 Nostrils wounds.
 Nourishing much. *Apples, barley, beane, chesnut, dogs tooth, S. Johns wort, lentils, lettuce, nuts, orach, peares, pine, potatoes, reed, rie, rice, saffion, sundew, tulip, turnep, vine, zedoary.*
 Nourishing little. *Apricocks, beet, blite, buckwheat, cabbage, capers, carrot, charlock, citruls, cucumbers, flax, garlic, gooseberries, gourds, canarie grasse, hops, jujubes, mallow, millet, mulberries, navew, oates, olives, onions, oranges, panick, peares plums, pomegranates, pompion, poppy, purslaine, radish, rubarb, sebesten tree, services, sperage, spinach, strawberries, thistle, vine, walnuts, wheat.*
 Numness to remove. *Beares breech, hyssope, lavender.*
 Nyctalops, see Purblindness.

Obaudicus

O.

O Bauditus, see Thickness of hearing.
O bstructions to remove. Aloes, angelica, bal-
 same, bay, butchers broom, cacao tree, cammomil,
 dodder, garlic, germander, grasse, harts tongue,
 hedge hyssop, S. James's wort, lacca lavender, mari-
 gold, mandlin, oake, orach, parsley, plowmans
 spikenard, rubarb, saffron, scurvy-grasse, tamarinds,
 tarragon, turmerick, vervaine, vine, vipers grasse.
O bvision, see Forgetfulness.
O daxismos, see Gums itch in toothing.
O dontalgia, see Toothach.
O dentophya, see Teeths breeding to cause.
O edemata, see Swellings soft.
O esophagus's relaxation &c.
O ile for lamps, Cornel tree.
O ldmens coldness to relieve. Coffee, gessimine, see
 belly.
O ligotrophick, see Nourishing little.
O nix, see Eyes haw.
O pening. Angelica asphedil, barley, bettony, bishops weed,
 borrag, broom, calamint, camels hay, cammamill, carrots
 wild, cinnamon, citruls wild, cucumbers, dandelion, dit-
 tany, docks, dragons, dropwort, dyers weed, felwort, fennel,
 feverfew, figtree, toad flax, foxgloves, fumitory, gera-
 mander, gourds wild, hellebore, water hemp, sea holly,
 holly rose, hops, S. Johns wort, larch tree, lovage, mar-
 rigold, peaches, radish, rose, rubarb, rue, sage, saxi-
 frage, smallage, sneesewort, tamarisk, taragon, thistles
 time, turmerick, turpentine, vetch, vine.
O phiasis, see Alopecia.
O phthalmia, see Blecreydness.
O phthalmick, see Eye sight to quicken.
O pithotonos, see Contraction of the body back-
 wards.
O pium to resist. Bears eare, feverfew, marjerome, mug-
 wort, wolfsbane.

Oppilations

Oppilations or obstructions causing. Vine, wheat.
O mphaloccle, see Navils rupture.
O rthopnea, see Breathing upright.
O sciratio, see Gaping, or Yawning.
O scedo, see scurvy.
O s sacrum excoriated.
O talgia, see Ears pains.
O utragiousness, see Madness.
O utgrowings, see Wens.
O xysaccharum simplex, see Pomegranate tree.
O xydorkick, see Eye-sight to quicken.
O xyregmia, see Belchiings acid.
O zana, or ulcers of the nostrils. Oats, Rosewood.

P.

P Ains in the body to ease. Anet, angelica, aspen,
 caltrops, cammomil, cinquefole, consound, daisy,
 drunken date tree, fenogreek, flax, goutwort,
 hazel tree, heath, henbane, holly rose, horestock, ladies,
 bedstraw, ladies mantle, lettuce, mallow, mandrake,
 myrtle, nuts, olive, pimperl, poley, poppy, rue, sene-
 snakeweed, sneesewort, sperage, spinach, tobacco, tre-
 foile, vervaine, violet, vine.
P aints for womens faces. Alkanet.
P almos, see Palpitation.
P aleness causing. Bishops weed, cummin.
P allar, see Uvula.
P allars bone corrupted.
P allar wanting.
P alsie to cure. Balsame, beares eare, birds eye, box, buck-
 thorne, capers, china, coleworts, comflops, daffodil,
 daisy, fennel, gilliflowers, juniper tree, lavender,
 mistletoe, motherwort, mustard, nuts, oxlips, parsnep,
 pellitory, pepper, pine, sage, savory, sene, spearewort,
 tobacco thistle, vine.
P andiculation, see Stretching.
P alsie of the Hands, Face, Feet, Yard, Eyebrows.
P alsie dumb to cure, see Tongues palsie.

Palsie

Palsie causing. *Endive, poppy, roadstoiles, vine.*
Paps, see *Dugs.*
Pancreas's diseases.
Panaritium, see *Fellen.*
Panus, see *Phygethlon.*
Pannus, see *Web.*
Paranza (i.e.) *Dementia.*
Paranza, see *Madness.*
Papulæ, see *Blisters.*
Paracynanche, see *Mumps.*
Paraplegia, see *Eyes half resolution.*
Paraplexy.
Paralysis, see *Dead palsie.*
Paraphrosyne, see *Dotage.*
Paresis, see *Palsey.*
Paraphymosis, see *Phymosis* contrary.
Paraphrenitis.
Paristhmia, see *Tonsils.*
Paronychia, see *Nails skin cleft.*
Parotides, see *Impostumes* behind the eares.
Parulis, see *Gums inflammation.*
Parts or members hurtful to. *Hemlock.*
Pensiveness, see *Melancholly.*
Persumes to make. *Aloes, prickly cedar, cloves, lavender, mosse, olives, oranges, pipe, Saint Katharines flower, storax.*
Pericards diseases.
Peritoneums diseases, of the bellies *ninerrim.*
Perniones, see *Chilblains* or *Kibes.*
Pecsis, see *Congelation.*
Perdition, see *Abortion.*
Peripneumonie, see *Lungs inflammations.*
Pestilence or *plague* to prevent or cure. *Angelica, avens, bawme, birthwort, bishops weed, butterbarre, carnations, great celandine, cicely, cockle, columbines, crowfoot, divels bit, dyers weed, elecampane, fig tree, friers cowle, fumitory, water germander, goates rue, wholesome helmet flower, Jack by the hedge, juniper, lilly, limmons, marigold, masterwort, one blade, onions,*

onions, pasque flower, pease, pimpernel, pomecitron, rubarb, rue, saffron, snakeweed, southernwood, straw-berrie bay, sundew, swallowwort, sycomore, taragon, thistle, valerian, vervaine, vetch, vine, violet, vipers grasse, wake Robin, walnuts, woodroos, yarrow, zedoary.
Phagedens, see *Ulcers* spreading.
Phalangium, see *Spider* of the field.
Philacrosis, see *Baldness.*
Phalangosis, see *Eyes* haires.
Phymos, and *Phymosis,* see *Glans* covered.
Phleborragia, see *Veines* broken.
Phlyæna, or *wild fire.* *Lentils.*
Phlegmasiæ, see *Phlegmons.*
Phlegosis, see *Inflammation.*
Phlegmons, or *inflammation* of blood to cure. *Aspen tree, ducks meat, figs, plane tree, pudding pipe.*
Phrensic, see *Frensic.*
Phymata. *Lupine, Christs thorne, mulberrie tree.*
Phthiriasis, see *Louse* evil.
Phthifick, see *Ptyfick.*
Phlyctides, see *Pustles* in the mouth.
Phthoe, see *Phthifick.*
Phygethlon, or *white loase,* see *Coolers.*
Phyma, see *Glanduls,* or *Kernels* phlegmon.
Physis, see *Flatulency.*
Pica, and *Picatia,* see *Longing* of women.
Piles or *hemorrhoides* to cure. *Aloes, apricock, balme apple, cammock, catmint, smal celandine, citruls wild, cumfrey, elder tree, fig tree, figwort, fleawort, frankincense, fumitory, garlick, gladden stinking, goutwort, herb frankincense, bounds tongue, juniper, lawrel, leeks, lupine, madder, medlars, mirobalan, mullein, myrtle, navelwort, onions, peach tree, pellitory, rosewood, sawwort, sowbread, southistle, stonecrop, sumach, tabacco, trefoile, vine, violet.*
Pimples, see *Spots* and *whorles.*
Pissing by drops, see *Drop-pisse.*
Pissing in bed to stay. *Bulleis,*

Pissing of blood, see Bleeding.

Pissing involuntary to help.

Pityriasis, and pityra, see Scurf.

Plethora, see Fulnes.

Plague sores to break. Bettony. crowfoot. figs. lilly. plantaine. selfe heale.

Plague sores to consume. Masterwort. scabious. thistle.

Pleuresie to cure. Almonds. aloes. angelica. barley. centory. chervil. clarie. cummin. fleawort. frankincense.

goats beard. hawkweed. hawthorne. laserwort. liquorice.

mullein. nettle. pipe. poppy. pudding pipe. rubarb. sage.

S. Katharines flower. trefoile. vine. violet.

Plica, see Haires plaiting.

Pneumatocoele, see Rupture of wind.

Pneumomphalon, see Navels inflation.

Pneumatosis, see Inflation.

Enigitation, see Nightmare.

Polypus, see Noses fleshy exorefcency.

Pose. S. Katharines flower.

Podagra, see Gout.

Porocoele, see Rupture callous.

Poromphalon, see Navil tophous.

Porrigio, see Scurf.

Porrus.

Poros, see Callus.

Pox smal to cure and expel. Albanet. birthwort. flax. fluellin. water germander. Egyptian cocks foot grasse. lupine.

Pox marks to take away. Apples sowbread.

Poyson and infection to resist. Aihale. angelica. aromaticall reed. avens. balsam basil. baym. bay. bead tree. beets. bettony. bezar tree. bindweed. bishops weed. blew bottle. bramble. buglosse. carac tree. calathian violet. camels bay. campion. carnations. candy carrots. cicely. cinquefoile. cinnamon. costus. cotton plant. cresses. croswort. cuckowflower. dittany. divels bit. dragons. elecampane. fenel. felwort. figgs. flagges. toadflax. garlick. germander. goats rue. graines

graines of paradise. groundpine. hawkweed. herb true love. hellebore. wholesome helmet flower. water hemp. holly rose. hops. horehound. Indian leaf. juniper. laserwort. lavender. leopards bane. mallow. maple. marjerome. masterwort. mastick. moluccas tree. mustard. naver. nuts. cake. olives. oneblade. onions. oranges. parsley. pepper. rockwood tree. poley mountaine. pomecitron. poppy. quinces. rocket. rese. rue. rupture wort. scuthernewood. sowbread. spiderwort. spikenard. starwort. stonecrop. storax. strawberry bay. swallow wort. tobacco. thistle. toadstoole. tormentil. turnep. turpentine. valerian. vetch vine. wake-Robin. walnuts. wolves bane. woundwort. zedoary.

Prepuces diseases.

Privy parts, see swellings thereof &c.

Priapisme, or erection of the yard without lust.

Proptosis, see Eyes falling out.

Pruna.

Prurigo, see Itching.

Psilochron. see Haires falling of to procure.

Psoa, see Manginess.

Psellotes, see Stuttering and stammering.

Psoronychia, see Nails roughness.

Psoriasis, see Psoa.

Psorophthalmic, see Scabs of the eyelids.

Psydracia, or yellow blisters in the skin.

Pterygium. see Haw in the eye.

Prillosis, see Eyelids hairs falling off.

Ptoxis, see Phalangosis.

Ptyalism, see Spitting of en.

Ptytick to cure. Bay. beares brech. chervil. cranes bil. daffodil. larch tree. liquorice. lungwort. master wort. messe. mouseare. nuts. pine. pitch. plantaine. purslain. ribwort. saffron. sundew. turpentine.

Pudends narrowness.

Puerile disease, see Epilepsie.

Pulvis Haly, see Reed.

Pulmonia, see Peripneumony.

Purgamenta, see Lochia.

Punctures or pricks to help against, Dyers weed, fern, pitch tree.

Purging the body of ill humours. Alder tree. alces. asarabacca. box. bryony. butterwort. capers. mountaine chickweed. citruls wild. danewort. endive. felfwort. fenugreek. feverfew. herb terrible. water hemp. juniper. larch tree. lawrel. lilly. marjerome. pasque-flower. poppy. rubarb. saffron. saxif-age. scabious. spinach. swallow wort. tabacco. turbitb. turpentine. vine.

Purging the belly gently, see Belly gently to loosen.

Purging the body violently. Bindweed. broom. citruls wild. plums. spurge. tabacco.

Purging violently to hinder. Mustard.

Purples or, purple Feaver to cure. Water germander. purplewort.

Purple colour to dye. Tornsole. wortleberries.

Pursines. Featherfew.

Pushes, see Pimples and Wheales.

Pustulæ, see Pushes.

Putreda, see Putrefaction.

Putrefaction to prevent and cure. Aloes. birthwort. box. Calathian violet. cedar. china. cinquefoile. currans. hyssop. jujubes. linmons. maudlin. smallage. southernwood. tamarinds. tormentil. vine. worm-wood.

Putrifying. Melons. peach tree. plums. sycamore.

Pyosis, see Eyes Haw.

Q

Quassation, see Luxation.

Quinsy to cure. Aniseed. broom. calamint. cedar. cinquefoile. coriander. danewort. figs. flax. S. James's wort. laserwort. leeks. loosestrife. lovage. madder. mulberries. orpine. pepper. pitch tree. rhubarb.

rubarb. saffron. starwort. vine. violet. walnuts. wormwood.

Quicksilver to resist. Nettle.

R

Rabies, see Outragiousnesse.

Rats to kil. Hellebore.

Ramex, see Hernia.

Ranula, see Frog under the tongue.

Rankness of the body, see Smel.

Rarifying the skin.

Ratiocination hurt, see Wit and Understanding.

Raucedo, see Hoarsness.

Red gum and flets in children, see Gum red and Frets.

Reds to cure. Lungwort, madder mulberries. rose.

Redness of the face to cure. see Faces red.

Red to dye. Privet, sumach, whortle berries.

Reduvia, see Paronychia.

Regal disease, see Jaundise.

Reines, see Kidnies.

Reines to cleanse. Aromaticall reed. grasse. jujubes. mercury. pellitory. pimperl. rubarb.

Reins heat to allay. Aspen tree. grasse. lily. pudding pipe. rose. rubarb. rue. strawberries. tamarinds. violet.

Reins bleeding.

Reins cold to help.

Reins consumption.

Reins scirrhus.

Reins secretion of serum hurt.

Reins swellings.

Reins things preternatural.

Reins vessels opened.

Reins ulcers, see Kidnies.

Reins wormes.

Reins wounds.

Reins

Reins running to cure. Apples. artichocky. aromaticall reed. bead tree. burdock. cumfrey. dandelion. dragon tree. Egyptian thorne. fir tree. flower deluce. frankincense. gladdon stinking. gromel. hares foot. sea belly. knotgrasse. larch tree. lilly. liverwort. mastick tree. miltwast pomegranate purslaine. rubarb. rupturewort. sanicle. saunders. snakeweed. tamarind. turpentine. yarrow.

Reins stone to break, see Stone.

Repandity, see Quassation.

Repelling remedies. Ducks meat. gals.

Rest or sleep to procure. Anet. barley. dandelion. endive. gladdon stinking. herb true love. henbane. lettuce. lilly. mallow. mandrake. mosse. nightshade. nutmeg. onions. plowmans spikenard. poppy. purslaine. rose. rush. saffron. sensitive herb. tobacco. vine. violet. virgins bower. wormwood.

Restorative. Pine. satyrion. vine.

Retention of meat and drinks symptoms.

Rhacosis, see Cods extension.

Rhæas and Rhyas, see Knob in the eys corner.

Rhagades, see Fissures or clefts.

Rhetidosis, see Eyes consumption.

Rheumatismus, see Rheum.

Rheumes and distillations to stay. Ague tree. aromaticall reed. barberries. bay. buckthorne. buglosse. china. coriander. crosses. cummin. frankincense. gals. hasel nuts. hounds tongue. houseleek. S. James's wort. see Distillations and Catarrhes.

Rheums falling on the teeth to stop. Laservort. mastick tree. staves acre. wayfaring tree.

Rheumatick. Cherries.

Rhexis, see Ruption.

Rhopalosis, see Hures concretion.

Rogme, see Ruption.

Rigor, see Stiffness.

Rickets to cure. Coffee.

Ringwormes to cure. Alkanet. capers. garlick. hellebore. hops. liverwort. oates. plumbs. vine.

Ripening

Ripening and suppurating. Chickweed. horse foot. me³ lilot. pine. pitch. pudding pipe. rie. trefaile.

Rose, see S. Anthonies fire.

Rossalia

Rotteneffs to help. Plantaine.

Ruptures, see Burstings.

Rugitus, see Belly rumbling.

Rubeolz.

Rust to preserve from. Dragon tree.

S.

S Adness, see Melancholy.

Sallads Wild garlick gondeli of Italy. hares eares. hops. smal houseleek. Jack by the hedge. lettuce.

Sahafati, see Heads running ulcers.

Sanguification hurt.

Sand to expel. see Gravel.

Sauce flegm face. Vine.

Sarcocoele, see Rupture of flesh.

Sarcoma, see Polypus.

Sarcomphalon, see Navils excrecence.

Sarcosis, see Mola.

Satyriasis, see Yarde pride.

Sarcotrauma, see Wounds in the flesh.

Scabies, see Scab.

Scabs and scurf to heale. Agrimonie. alder. Adams apple. bay. beech. beet. bloodwort. bryony. catmint. china. darnel. dittander. divels bit. dock. dodder. elecampane. elme. fenugreek. figwort. fumitory. glasswort. graines of Paradise. harts ease. hellebore. hops. leadwort. lupine. marjerome. olive tree. palma Christi. parsnep. pease. pondweed. poppy. rubarb. savin. scabious. sene. spurge. tobacco. tamarinds. thistle. turpentine tree. vine. walnuts.

Scabs running to cure. Birthwort. darnel. hops. Spurge.

Scaldings to cure. Aloes. balme apple. beares breech. hounds tongue. houseleek. see Burnings.

Scald

Reins running to cure. Apples. artichocks. aromatical reed. bead tree. burdock. cumfrey. dandelion. dragon tree. Egyptian thorne. fir tree. flower deluce. frankincense. gladdon stinking. gromel. hares foot. sea holly. knotgrasse. larch tree. lilly. liverwort. mastick tree. milwast pomegranate purslaine. rubarb. rupturewort. sanicle. saunders. snakeweed. tamarind. turpentine. yarrow.

Reins stone to break, see Stone.

Repandity, see Quassation.

Repelling remedies. Ducks meat. gals.

Rest or sleep to procure. Anet. barley. dandelion. endive. gladdon stinking. herb true love. henbane. lettuce. lilly. mallow. mandrake. mosse. nightshade. nutmeg. onions. plowmans spikenard. poppy. purslaine. rose. rush. saffron. sensitive herb. tobacco. vine. violet. virgins b. wer. wormwood.

Restorative. Pine. satyrion. vine.

Retention of meat and drinks symptoms.

Rhacosis, see Cods extension.

Rhæat and Rhyas, see Knob in the eys corner.

Rhagades, see Fissures or clefts.

Rhetidosis, see Eyes consumption.

Rheumatismus, see Rheum.

Rheumes and distillations to stay. Ague tree. aromatical reed. barberries. bay. buckthorne. buglosse. china. coriander. cresses. cummin. frankincense. gals. hazel nuts. hounds tongue. honsleek. S. James's wort. see Distillations and Catarrhes.

Rheums falling on the teeth to stop. Lasermort. mastick tree. staves acre. wayfaring tree.

Rheumatick. Cherries.

Rhexis, see Ruption.

Rhopalosis, see Hires concretion.

Rogme, see Ruption.

Rigor, see Stiffness.

Rickets to cure. Coffee.

Ringwormes to cure. Alkanet. capers. garlick. hellebore. hops. liverwort. oates. plumbs. vine.

Ripening

Ripening and suppurating. Chickweed. horse foot. meadow. lilot. pine. pitch. pudding pipe. rie. trefaile.

Rose, see S. Anthonies fire.

Rossalia

Rottennes to help. Plantaine.

Ruptures, see Burstings.

Rugitus, see Belly rumbling.

Rubeolæ.

Rust to preserve from. Dragon tree.

S.

Sadness, see Melancholy.

Sallads Wildgarlick. gondeli of Italy. hares eares. hops. final honsleek. Jack by the hedge. lettuce.

Sahasati, see Heads running ulcers.

Sanguification hurt.

Sand to expel. see Gravel.

Sauce flegm face. Vine.

Sarcocoe, see Rupture of flesh.

Sarcoma, see Polypus.

Sarcomphalon, see Navils excrecence.

Sarcosis, see Mola.

Satyriasis, see Yarde pride.

Sarcotrauma, see Wounds in the flesh.

Scabies, see Scab.

Scabs and scurf to heale. Agrimonie. alder. Adams apple. bay. beech. beet. bloodwort. bryony. catmint. china. darnel. dittander. divels bit. dock. dodder. elecampane. elme. fenugreek. figwort. fumitory. glasswort. graines of Paradise. harts ease. hellebore. hops. leadwort. lupine. marjerome. olive tree. palma Christi. parsnep. pease. pondweed. poppy. rubarb. savin. scabious. sene. spurge. tobacco. tamarinds. thistle. turpentine tree. vine. walnuts.

Scabs running to cure. Birthwort. darnel. hops. Spurge.

Scaldings to cure. Aloes. balme apple. beares breech. hounds tongue. honsleek. see Burnings.

Scald

Scald heads in children. *Garlick. mint. lupine.*
 Scales of bones &c. to remove. *Maydenhaire. walnut tree. birthwort. bryony.*
 Scelotyrbe, see Scurvy.
 Scars to heale. *Balme apple. basil. bryony. bugle. chervil wild. crowfoot. darnel. dittander. holly rose. loosestrife. rosemary.*
 Sciatica or hip-gout to cure. *Angetica. asarabacca. aspen. bettony. broom. burdock. calamint. capers. centory. china. clary. costus. cresses. cudweed. danewort. darnel. elecampane. fennel. fleawort. gladdon stinking. goutwort. graines of paradise. groundpine. groundsel. hellebore. Jack by the hedge. S. James wort. S. Johns wort. ivy. larkspur. laserwort. leadwort. lions leaf. madder. mallow. mullein. mustard. navelwort. palma Christi. park leaves. poppy. radish. rubarb. rue. southernwood. spatling poppy. sperage. starwort. tobacco. thistle. time. trefoile.*
 Scirrhus's or hard swellings of melancholly to cure. *China. gilloseflower. moluccas tree. woad.*
 Scleriosis, see Eyelids hardness.
 Sclerophthalmia, see Eyelids roughness.
 Scobiosis, see Cyphosis.
 Scolopenders, see Bearworms.
 Scorbute, see Scurvy.
 Scotodinos, see Scotomy or dizziness.
 Scordinema, see Stretching, and gaping.
 Scotomia, see Eyes dazzling.
 Scourings, see Flix and Laskes. *Oates.*
 Scratches, *Bugle.*
 Scrophulæ, see Kings evil.
 Sculs rottenness.
 Sculs wounds.
 Scorpions sting to cure. *Blite. hawkweed. larkspur. leopards bane. lettuce. mallow. myrtle. nettle. oranges. rose campion. saffron. scorpion grasse. southernwood. spinach. tornesole. violet.*
 Scurf to clense, see Dandrif.
 Scurvy to cure. *Broktime. cloudberrys. coffee. cresses. cuckow*

cuckow flower. danewort. fluellin. horsetaile. juniper. limmons. pockwood tree. radish. scurvy grasse. tamarinds. vine. wayfaring tree.
 Seyrrs, (i.e.) Callus.
 Scerction of urin hurt.
 Sea serpents virulent bitings to cure. *Sea feather.*
 Secundine to expel, see After-birth.
 Sedes, see Solution of unity.
 Seed to increase, see Sperme.
 Senses to quicken. *Rosemary. saffron. sage. vine.*
 Senses dulling. *Onions.*
 Serpents to drive away. *Chast tree. juniper. loose strife. marjerome. Saint Katharines flower. southernwood. starwort.*
 Serpents stings and venomous bitings to cure. *Adders tongue. agrimonie. alexander. aloes. asphodil. bettony. birthwort. bishops weed. buglosse. burdock. calamint. chast tree. winter cherry. bastard chickweed. cudweed. cummin. dittany. elecampane. fennel. flower deluce. galingale. germander. gladdon stinking. glasswort. harts tongue. sea holly. horehound. honsleek. Jewes thorne. lilly. lions leaf. madder. mint. moluccas tree. mosse. mullein. myrtle. nettle. nuts. parsnep. piony. pitch tree. rose bay. rubarb. rue. scabious. sowbread. sperage. swallowwort. sycamore. thistle. trefoile. wolves bane.*
 Serpigo, see Ringworme, or Tetter.
 Sheep to fatten. *Sene.*
 Sheep hurtful to. *Butterwort. panick grasse. prick-wood.*
 Sheep scabbed to help. *Lupine.*
 Shingles to cure. *Cinquefoile. Egyptian thorne. honsleek. lentil. olive tree. pellitory. rue.*
 Shins broken. *Park leaves.*
 Shortness of breath, see Breath short.
 Shivering, see Trembling.
 Shoulders paines.
 Shrew mouse bitings to cure. *Garlick. turnep. wolfsbane, wormwood.*

Sick?

Sickness desired in women, see Flowers.
 Sides paines and stiches to ease. Almonds, aromaticall
 reed, ash wild, asphodil, avens, barley, birthwort,
 bryony, Calathian violet, cammomil, chervil, coral-
 worts, costus, cummin, elder tree, elecampane, fennel, flax-
 germander, gessamine, gilliflowers, goats-beard, holly-
 borehound, larkspur, mallow, maple, maidenhair, melilot,
 mistletoe, oates, parsley, parsnep, plowmans spikenard,
 poppy, rue, rupture wort, sage, scabious, sebesten tree,
 stitchwort, thistle, time, trefoile, valerian, vine.

Siderate disease, see Apoplexy. Bay.

Sielismus, see Spittle abounding.

Sighing.

Sight to preserve, see Eye sight.

Sight duplicat.

Silver to colour yellow like gold. Sundew.

Sinewes diseases to cure. Ladies bedstraw, lilly, mustard
 nuts, oxlips, pipe, primrose, rosemary, sage, small-
 lage, sowbread, tansie, thistle, turpentine, wound-
 tree.

Sinewes to strengthen. Balsame, birds eye, birthwort,
 capers, centory, citruls wild, coleworts, cowslips, fen-
 nel, flower de luce, grains of paradise, ladies bed-
 straw, mint, mirobalans, mock privet, pellitory, rose-
 mary, sage.

Sinewes paines, shrinking and stiffness to cure. Bur-
 dock, camels hay, cammomil, centorie, chickweed,
 cowslip, elme, fennel, flax, laserwort, saffron,
 southernwood, tansie, thistle, turpentine, walnut
 wheat.

Sinus, see Impostume hollow.

Sinews relaxation, Citruls, colocintida.

Singult, see Hicet.

Sinews prickt or cut to help. Balme apple, daffodil,
 goats thorne, groundsel, horse-tail, S. Johns wort,
 lillie, oake, one blade, smallage.

Siriasis, see Heat of the head in infants.

Sirones, see Worms under the skin.

Sitis, see Thirst.

Sitis, see Thirst.

Skins blackness, see Sunburning.

Skins fretting and galling to help. Beech. Fenugreek.

Skin smooth to make. Almonds. ash. burnet. citruls
 wild. cowslips. cucumber.. Egyptian thorne. elder. ele-
 campane. fennel. fig-tree. flax. fumitory. gessamine.
 gold of pleasure. horsefoot. lilly. mustard. nettle. pim-
 pernel. pine. pipe. pudding pipe. sowbread. spurge. stone-
 crop. turneps. walnuts. wheat.

Skins yellowness to help. Flax.

Skins discolouring pain to ease. Dittander.

Sleep procuring, see Rest to cause.

Sleep hindering see Watching to cause.

Sleep, starting in it. Aniseeds.

Slimy humours to purge. Hellebore. hedge hyssop.

Smelling sweet. Avens. Birthwort. Indian bread. cinna-
 mon. cloves. holly rose. marjerome. mastick. rush. sca-
 bious. tree of life. woundwort.

Smelling to help. Saint Katharines flower.

Smel of the armpits to take away. Artichock, thistle.

Snakes biting to help and drive away. Birthwort. see
 Serpents.

Sneezing, see Neezing.

Soda, see Cephalæa.

Somnambulation, see Walking in sleep.

Sopor, see Coma.

Sorrow, see Sadness.

Sope to make, Gold of pleasure.

Sores, see Ulcers.

Spasme, see Convulsion and cramp.

Spasmus cynicus, see Mouth wry.

Sparganosis. see Milk increased.

Speech lost to restore. Glasswort. lavender. malder.
 peaches. piony.

Sperms generation hurt.

Sperme or seed to increase. Anet. ash. ciches. coriander.
 nuts. oily pulse. onions. pine-ricc. saffron. sprage. turnep.

Sperm to dry up, Chast tree. hempseed. lettuce. lillie. rue.

Sphincters coldness, and Resolution.

Skin

E c

Sphacelus

Sphacelus or mortification to cure. *Jack by the hedge.*

Spiders poison to resist. *Lettuce, smallage.*

Spider of the fields poison to resist. *Chervil, cliver, English hyacinth, S. Johns wort, mulberries, radish, southernwood, tamarisk, turpentine tree.*

Spitting of blood to stay. *Almonds, arrowhead, barberries, bead tree, beares breech, bettony, burdock, butchers broom, camels hay, centory, cumfey, dry dates, dragon tree, earthnut, fennel, frankincense, couch gras, hares foot, harts tongue, holly rose, horehound, S. Johns wort, juniper, knot-grasse, larch tree, leeks, line tree, liquorice, lungwort, mastick tree, mint, mosse, mouseare, myrtle, nuts, oake, peaches, periwinkle, plantane, pomegranates, poppy, purslaine, ribwort, rose-wood, rubarb, sage, sanicle, shepheards purse, trefoile, wheat, willow.*

Spittle to provoke. *Henbane yellow, liquorice, saffron, tarragon.*

Spirits animals salts.

Spirits optick amisse.

Spitting often.

Spirits to strengthen and quicken. *Archangel, bay, bead tree, cloves, coffee, Indian figs, nuts, oranges, rice, rose, sorrowful tree, strawberries, tamarind tree, zedoary.*

Spleens affections from the womb, see *Hypochondriacks.*

Spleens diseases to cure. *Ague tree, alkanet, aromaticall reed, bitter-sweet, calamint, dates, dittander, dodder, flower de luce, ivy, marjerome, miltwast, moss, poley mountaine, poppy, radish, rocket, rubarb, scurvy grass, southernwood, spleen tree, tamarinds, tamarisk, time, turpentine tree, vervaine, vine, wormwood.*

Spleens inflammation.

Spleens hardness, obstructions and swellings to cure. *Almonds, angelica, archangel, aromaticall reed, asarabacca, ash, balsame, basil, bay, beet, bettony, birthwort, broom, burdock, cammock, capers, centory, chaff tree, coffee, coleworts, cresses, danewort, dittany, dodder*

dodder, elder tree, fennel, fenugreek, fern, toad flax, Ruellia, foxglove, fumitory, furz bush, germander, gladdon stinking, glasse wort, goldilocks, ground pine, harts tongue, waterhemp, sea holly, hops, horehound, lavender, lupine, madder, marjerome, misseltoe, mouseare mulberry, nutmeg, onions, parsley, peaches, pellitory, pockwood tree, radish, rosemary, rue, S. Katharines flower, saffron, sampier, sene, southernwood, sowbread, spignel, strawberries, sycomore, tamarisk, thistle, tormentil, trefoile, turmerick, turpentine, vine, wood, woodbind.

Spleens windiness to cure. *Elecampane.*

Spleen stopping. *Dates, vine.*

Spleen wasting. *Fennel.*

Spleens ulcers.

Spleens wounds.

Spinters, thornes, broken bones &c. to extract. *Agri-mony, archangel, bettony, birthwort, bryony, clary, daffodil, darnel, dittany, fennel, flag, flax, gladdon stinking, hawthorne, sea holly, pimperl, primrose, reed, southernwood, turpentine, valerian, wheat.*

Spots, freckles, pimples, &c. in the skin to take away. *Basil, bay, bel flower, birds eye, broom, bryony, calamint, carrawaies, great celandine, cinnamon, coleworts, cucumber, cypress, daffodil, dittander, elme, endive, feverfew, figs, figwort, flax, flower de luce, gessemine, hawkweed, herb frankincense, hellebore, limmons, louage, nutmeg, oates, onions, palma christi, parsley, pease, pennyroyal, pepper, pondweed, radish, rampion, rocket, rosemary, rubarb, Saint Katharines flower, savin, saxifrage, scurvy gras, Solomons seale, strawberries, tamarinds, tansie, thistle, vervain, vetch, wheat, widow, waile.*

Spots out of garments to take. *Limmons, lions leaf,*

Spraines to help, see *Straines.*

Squats to help, see *Fals and bruises.*

Squintness.

Squinancy or squinsy, see *Quinsy.*

Starch to make, *Corne, wake Robin,*

Stingings to cure, see Bees, Scorpions, Serpents, &c.
Stammering.

Staphyloma, see Eyes uvea outgoing.

Steatocoele, see Codsfallolike rupture.

Steatoma, see Impostume with tallowlike matter.

Sternutation, see Sneezing.

Stitches to ease, see Sides paines.

Stink to help. see Putrefaction to help.

Stomacace, see Scurvy.

Stomacks affection from the womb.

Stomacks extenuation, and resolution, and narrowness &c.

Stomack to help. Bellsflower. dates dry. S. Johns wort. lentils. liquorice. lovage. marjerome. mastick tree. mint. parsley. pomecitron. pomegranates. quinces. thistle. turmerick. vine. walnuts.

Stomack cold, moist, and weak to strengthen. Ague tree. alexander. aloes. angelica. aromatical reed. avens. balsame. bawm. bay. bramble. burdock. cammomil. capers. carrawaies. catmint. charlock. chervil. China. cicely. cinquefoile. cinnamon. claric. cloves. coffee. coriander. cornel tree. cresse of Peru. dandelion. dittander. dittany. dodder. dragons. earthnut. elder tree. elecampane. felwort. galingale. garlick. water germander. ginger. goats beard. graines of paradise. hawkweed. holly rose. horehound. Jack by the hedge. Indian leaf. jujubes. larch tree. laserwort. limmons. liquorice. liverwort. lovage. marjerome. marvel of Peru. masterwort. mastick. mint. mosse. mustard. myrtle. nutmegs. oranges. parsnep. pears. pepper. pockwood tree. pomecitrons. pomegranates. rose. rubarb. rue. sage. saw-wort. saxifrage. scurvy grasse. sowthistle. spike-nard. tabacco. tansie. thee. thistle. time. turmerick. vine. wormwood. zedoary.

Stomacks dryness to help.

Stomacks heat to cool. Apples. barberries. cherries. cloudberry. crabs cucumbers. currans. drunken dates. dock. endive. fumitory. gooseberries. gourds. groundsel. harts-tongue. hawkweed. lettuce. liquorice. lungwort. medlars,

medlars. mirobalant tree. navel wort. nightshade. oranges. pompion. purslaine. sebesten tree. sorrel. spinach. starwort. strawberries. thorow-wax. vine. violet. whortleberries. wormewood.

Stomacks oedema.

Stomacks pains and gnawings to ease. Bead tree. blood-wort. calves snout. carrawaies. prickly cedar. cinnamon. cotton plant. dock. fennel. goats beard. groundsel. herb frankincense. mugwort. nutmeg. pennyroyal. rue. sowthistle. spiknard. spinach. sycomore. wormwood. zedoary.

Stomacks stupidity.

Stomacks subversion or situation changed.

Stomacks wind to break. Burdock. camels hay. cammomil. chaff tree. costus. cummin. elecampane. fennel. lovage. rubarb. rue. skirrets. smallage. spignel. vipers grasse. wormwood.

Stomack to cleanse. Dodder. jujubes. mirobalans. reed. rose. thistle. turpentine.

Stomacks flux to stay. Calamint. frankincense. milk-wort. mint. Moluccas tree. olive. pompion. spiknard. vetch. yarrow.

Stomack hurtful to. Adams apples. barley. bead tree. bindweed. bladder nut. blite. bryony. cherries. cresses. elder. flax. hazel nuts. hempseed. juniper. larch tree. lawrel. pipe tree. poley. radish. rose. saffron. sene. sowthernwood. strawberries. sycomore. turbitb. turpentine tree. walnuts. widdow-waile.

Stomacks things preternatural.

Stomacks ulcer.

Stomacks wounds.

Stone & gravel to expel. Adonis flower. almonds. apples. apricock. aromatical reed. bead tree. beane. bettony. birds eye. bladder nut. bramble. brooklime. broom. buck-horne. butchers broom. caltrops. cammock. cammomil. campion. carnations. carrot wild. black cherries. china. ciches. claver. cockle coffee. columbine. coral worts. cow-slip. cranes bil. Italian bank cresses. dittany dodder.

dropwort. eglantine. fennel. feverfew. figs. firre tree.
 toadflax. fluellin. furzebush. galingale. goats beard.
 goldilocks. golden rod. gooseberry bush. graines of para-
 dise. couch grass. gromel. groundsel. harts tongue. baws.
 heath. henbane yellow. sea holly. horse taile. Jack by the
 hedge. S. James wort. Jews thorn. Jobs teares. S. Johns
 wort. ivy. knotgrasse. lacca tree. ladies bedstraw. larch
 tree. limmon. liverwort. lovage. mallow. masterwort.
 mayden haire. medlars. melilot. mints. miltwast. moluccas
 tree. mosse. navelwort. nettle. nutmeg. ox-eye. parsley.
 parsnep. pellitory. pennyroyal. pepper. periwinkle. pim-
 pernel. piony. plums. privet. pudding pipe. purslaine.
 radish. rubarb. sampier. saxifrage. skirret. sopewort.
 sorrel. southernwood. southistle. spignel. spikenard. tan-
 sie. thistle. time. tornesole. trefoile. turpentine. vervaine.
 vine. virgins bower. woodroof. wolfs bane.

Stone in the bladder to help. Bay. birch tree. chervil.
 garlick wild. hares eares. Jobs teares. mayden haire.
 saxifrage.

Stone in the kidnies and reines to expel. Almonds. aro-
 matical reed. balsame. beech. birch tree. birds foot.
 bramble. cabbage. dane wort. golden rod. Jobs teares.
 mayden haire. parsley. pennyroyal. pine. pompion. rup-
 turewort. saxifrage. strawberries.

Stone breeding. Vine.

Stone in the head.

Stone of the liver.

Stone of the lungs.

Stone of the tongue.

Stone of the womb.

Stones, see privities.

Stool provoking to, see Belly purging.

Strabisme, see Squinting.

Straines to help. Bears breech. costus. cumfrey. gillo-
 flower.

Strangling the body. Cocks head. cornel tree.

Strangulation or strangling of the body to cure
 Valerian.

Strangling of the mother, see Mothers suffocation.

Strangury

Strangury or pissings dropmeale to help. Agrimonie.
 alexander. almonds. angelica. apples. aromatical reed.
 aspen basil. bettony. bishops weed. brooklime. burdock.
 butchers broom. Cacao tree. candy carrots. cedar. centory
 winter cherries. cocks head. winter cresses. cudweed.
 cypresse tree. dittany. dragon tree. dropwort. eglantine.
 filbeards. firre tree. toadflax. fleabane. germander.
 glaston stinking. couch grasse. gromel. groundpine.
 hartwort. hawkweed. hops. horsetaile. horse tongue.
 juniper. knot grasse. larkspur. lavender. liquorice. mar-
 jerome. mastick. mercury. mints. miltwast. Moluccas
 tree. myrtle. pellitory. piony. plowmans spike-
 nard. radish. rose wood. rupture wort. saxifrage.
 shepheards needle. southernwood. southistle. spatling
 poppy. spignel. tamarisk. tansie. thistle. time. tormentil.
 trefoile. turpentine. valerian. vetch.

Strengthening. Beech. cullions. dogs tooth. gals. holly
 rose. lavender. Mirobalans. nuts. nutmeg. orach. pota-
 toes. reed. rubarb. saffron. sanicle. saunders. services.
 southernwood. sundew. thee. vine. wormwood. zedoary.

Stretching, or Pandiculation.

Struma, see Wens.

Stultitia, see Folly.

Stupidity. Saffron.

Stutting, see Stammering.

Struma's, see The Kings evil.

Stubs to draw out, see Thorns.

Stryptick, see Astringent.

Subsultio, see Palpitation.

Suffusions Beane.

Sudamina, see Wheals red and angry.

Suffocation, see Strangulation.

Superferation.

Supinity, see Incubus, or Succubus.

Suppuration.

Surditas, see Deafnesse.

Suffusion, see Eyes web.

Sugillation, see Contusion.

Superpurgation, see Purging violent'y to hinder.

Sugar how made. Reed.
 Sunburning to cure. Birds eye. bryony. coffee. coleworts.
 daffodil. endive. madwort. oke. Solomons seale. sow-
 bread. tansie. vetch.
 Surfeiting to prevent. Coleworts. wormwood.
 Surfeits to cure. Angelica. broom. poppy. saffron.
 violet.
 Suspiritus, see Asthma.
 Swallowing hurt. Hyssipe.
 Sweating to procure. Angellica. bindweed. box. buglesse.
 butterwort. calamint. cammomil. China. cocks head.
 cresses. danewort. dyers weed. elder. fennel. goats rue.
 Egyptian cocks foot grasfe. herb frankincense. juniper
 tree. lovage. masterwort. melilot. millet. pellitory. pock-
 wood tree. sage. scabious. sneeswort. thistle. time. tor-
 mentil. vine. viol. t. walnuts. wormwood.
 Sweating to hinder. Myrtle. rose.
 Swellings to consume. Anet. angelica. apricock. arch-
 angel. aromatical reed. barley. basil. beech. Calathian
 violets. caltrops. chervil wild. chickweed. clarie.
 cocks head. corne. cranes bil. daisy. dogs bane. ducks-
 meat. elder tree. feverfew. flax. fleabane. fluellin. fox-
 gloves. gourds. groundsel. holly. water houseleek.
 mallow. mayweed. melilot. olives. palma Christi. pease.
 pipe. saffron sage. sebesten tree. tabacco. time. trefole.
 vervain. violet. wound tree. zedoary.
 Swellings hard to cure. Barley. bawm. bean. burdock.
 cammock. cammomil. capers. cresse. crowfoot. dane-
 wort. figs. flax. gladdon stinking. meadow grasfe. la-
 serwort. lentils. marigold. maiden hair. mints. mul-
 lein. oily pulse. ox eye. pepper. piteb. reed. saffron. sow-
 bread. star of Bethlem. stonecrop. swallowwort. vetch.
 vine.
 Swellings soft and oedematous to cure. Balsame. beares
 cares. China. meadow grasfe. Jews thorne. mullein.
 vine.
 Swellings hot to cure. Adders tongue. alder black.
 al seed. cresse of Peru. cullions. cedar tree. endive.
 herb

herb true love. henbane yellow. lilly. pine tree. man-
 drake. milkwort. mulberries. navelwort. olive tree.
 pellitory. pimpernel. pine. plane tree. poppy. S. Catharines
 flower. sowthistle. spurge. thistle. thorow wax. trefole.
 vervaine. vine. wheat.
 Swellings cold to help. Arsmart. cammomil. gessimine.
 herb frankincense. mallow. marigold. marjerome. mu-
 stard. parsnep. peares. pepper. sanicle. scabious. sow-
 thernwood. storax. thistle. trefole.
 Swellings hollow cancerous, see Cancers.
 Swellings from tumours, see the same.
 Swellings watry. Rue.
 Swellings Windy. see Wind to help.
 Swellings to open. Wheat.
 Swellings hard in the privy parts to cure. Archangel.
 aromatical reed. asarabacca. asphodil. bindweed. chast-
 tree. cummin. fennel. fenugreek. flag. flax. flower de luce.
 herb frankincense. lillie. melilot. rue. vetch.
 Swellings malignant and venimous, see the same.
 Swellings and inflammations in the testicles to cure.
 Herb true love. henbane.
 Swellings hot causing. Pomegranates.
 Swimming in the head, see Giddiness.
 Swine to kil. Goose foot.
 Swines appetite to help. Knotgrasse.
 Swine pox to help, see the Small.
 Swouning and fainting to cure Aromatical reed. basil.
 borage. Calathian violet. cherries. cinnamon. colum-
 bene. endive. marjerome. oake. parsnep. pennyroyal.
 pomecitron. pondweed. pudding pipe. reed. quinces.
 sundew. tabacco. vine. vipers grasfe.
 Syriasis to cure. Tornesole.
 Syntaxis, see Colliquation.
 Systrophe, see Phyma.
 Syphalis, see French pox.
 Syrisimos, see Eares noise.
 Synauche, see Quinsy.
 Synchysis, see Eys rupture.

Syncope, see Fainting.

Sycosis, see Piles.

Syderation, see Blasting.

Symptosis, see Eyes narrowness.

Syrupus de meconio, or syrup of meconium, see Poppy.

T.

TAbes to cure. *Barley. lupine. palma Christi. vetch; willow.*

Taberdilla, or Gods tokens, see Calenture.

Talpa, see Abscesse of the head.

Tasting lost.

Tarantation.

Taraxis, see Eyes perturbation.

Teeth set on edge to help. *Purslain.*

Teeths bleeding.

Teeths breeding to facilitate.

Teeths chilnesse.

Teeth falling out, see Teeth loose.

Teeths gnashing and chattering.

Teeth loose to fasten. *Barberries. birthwort. bramble. drunken date tree. dragon tree. Egyptian thorne. elecampane. golden rod. mastick tree. mosse. nuts. olives. pomegranates. purslaine. snakeweed. storax. strawberries. vervaine. wayfaring tree.*

Teeth to whiten. *Tabacco.*

Teeth to cleanse. *Birthwort. cacao tree. Indian purger.*

Teeth hollow and aking good for. *Cedar. cloves.*

Teeths wormes to draw forth. *Felwort. henbane.*

Teeths elongation.

Teeth pulling out. *Ivy. flower de luce.*

Teeth rotten. *Flowerdeluce.*

Teeth stinking and yellow. *Sage.*

Tenrigo, see Priapisme.

Telephia, see Ulcers hard to be cured.

Teredo, see Bones rottennesse.

Terminthi and therminthi, see Black pustuls.

Tooth ach to ease. *Alder. angelica. arsmart. asphodil. basil. baym. beares eares. box. byrdock. cammeck. capers.*

capers. cedar. celandine. cinquefoile. citruls wild. cloves. crowfoot. dittander. fennel. fig tree. fleabane. ginger. hellebore. henbane. ivy. laserwort. leadwort. marigold. marjerome. mastick tree. mulberries mustard. nettles. nuts. onions. parslly. pellitory. pepper. pimpernel. pine. pitch. plune tree. poppy. pockwood tree. purslaine. Rubarb. S. Katharines flower. saffron. sneesewort. spurge. staves acre. sumach. sundew. tabacco. tamarisk. tarragon. thistle. vervaine. vine. wormewood. yarrow.

Tenesmus, or desire to go to stool in vain to cure. *Cudweed. fleawort. frankincense. spignel. trefeole. vetch.*

Tenesmus causing Bindweed.

Tetters to heale. *Alkanet. almonds. beech. capers. cornel tree. cresse. darnel. fluellin. gessemine. hellebore. hops. S. James's wort. limmons. liver wort. myrtle. olive tree. pine. rubarb. swallow wort. thistle. vine.*

Temulency, see drunkennesse.

Testudo, see abscesse great and soft.

Tetanos, or cramp holding the body upright.

Tentigo, or mentula muliebris.

Termes, see Courses.

Testicles, see privy parts.

Testicles cancers, and swellings.

Testicles contusion, and paines, &c.

Testicles gangreen.

Testicles scituation changed.

Testicles wounds.

Thicknesse of hearing. see deafnesse.

Therionia, see Herpes exedens.

Tetartæos, see Quittins.

Things troublesome swallowed.

Thirst to quench. *Aniseed. apples. barley. cherries. citruls. cloudberry. currans. fleawort. heath. houseleek. lettuce. limmons. liquorice. mezereon. millet. mirobalans. mulberries. rose. shesten tree. sorrel. spleen tree. strawberrie. tamarinds. thistle. violet. whortle berries.*

Thlasma, see Contusion.

Thirst

Thirst causing. *Gold of pleasure. oily pulse.*
 Thornes to draw forth, see Splinters. &c.
 Throats almonds to help. *Boxthorne. bramble. ca'trops. cedar. cinquefoile. divels bit. elder. fumitory. mustard. oake. pellitory. pitch tree. pomegranates. primrose. rampions. smallage.*
 Throats drop sic.
 Throats kernels and swellings to wast. *Alder. boxthorn. clivers. fumitory. gal tree. herb frankincense. hyssope. S. James wort. lentils. orach. plums. rampions. rubarb. snakeweed. starwort. wayfaring tree.*
 Throats narrowness and obstruction.
 Throats palsie.
 Throats sores and diseases to cure. *Barley. bulleis. columbine. confound. elder tree. fig tree. hyssope. toadstools. woodbind.*
 Throats things therein.
 Throats roughnesse to lenify. *Barly. borage. dates. garlicke. goats thorne. horsefist. jujubes. liquorice. mullein. pudding pipe. rampions. selfeheale. spinach. sycomore. vine. violet.*
 Throats inflammation to assuage. *Strawberries. throatwort. toadstools. vine. violets. wormwood.*
 Throat inflaming and hurtfull to. *Mezercon. plane tree.*
 Thrombos, see Blood congealed.
 Thrombosis, see Milk curdled.
 Thymus see Flethy excrescens.
 Throws, see Gripping of the belly after childbirth.
 Thrush, see Aphthæ.
 Timpany to cure. *Ash. rubarb. vine.*
 Tinea, see Heads wheales. and scabs.
 Tinoso, see Scurvy.
 Toads poison to resist. *Bears eare.*
 Toadstools, see Mushrooms.
 Tongues blackness.
 Tongue great.
 Tonguetiedness.

Tongues

Tongues motion hurt.
 Tongues wounds.
 Tongues roughness to lenify. *Citruls. goats thorne. quinces. self-heale.*
 Tongue inflamed to help. *Liverwort. self heale.*
 Tongues palsie to cure. *Lilly. primrose. rocket. rosemary.*
 Tonfils ulcers.
 Tonfils inflamed to help. *Radish.* see Almonds of the throat.
 Tools to harden. *Mouse-eare.*
 Tormina, see Collick and bowels griping paines.
 Tortura oris, see Wry mouth.
 Tophus, see Callus.
 Topinaria, see Talpa.
 Torpor, see Dulness, or numbness.
 Trachæas's distempers, convulsions, roughness, narrowness, see Throat.
 Trachom, see Eyes itching.
 Traulotes, see Stammering.
 Trachires, see Eyelids roughness.
 Travaile of women, see Childbirth.
 Traumatick or vulnerary, see Wounds.
 Trembling of the sinews. *Pellitory.*
 Tremor see Quaking or shaking palsie.
 Trichiasis, see Phalangosis.
 Trismos, see Teeths gnashing.
 Tromata, see Blows.
 Tromos, see Trembling.
 Trochisci Alhandal, see Citruls.
 Turning of the head, see Dizziness.
 Tuelli, see Fundament.
 Tunicle aranea's faults.
 Tunicle retina's faults.
 Tunicle cornea's faults.
 Tumours see swellings.
 Tympanic. *Rubarb. wild ash.*
 Tyris, see Ophiasis.

Tympanias

Tympanias, see Tympanites.
 Typhomania, and Typhonia, see Lethargy.
 Tylosis, see Eyelids callus.
 Tympanites, see Dropsie of wind.

V.

V Apours, see Fumes. Zedoary.
 Varices or veines swollen with bad blood.
Lupines.
 Variolæ, see Measles.
 Veines to open. Bindweed. camels hay, crosse wort,
dodder, mullein.
 Veins broken to knit.
 Veins flegme and choler to purge. Rose.
 Venerie, see Lust.
 Venome, see Poison.
 Ventositie, see Wind.
 Vertigo, see Heads giddiness.
 Vari, see Specks in the face.
 Verruca, see Wart.
 Veterans, see Lethargie.
 Venoming. *Helmet flower, hemlock, hyacinth lilly leaved,*
rue wild, trefoile venemous.
 Vernix for pictures. Juniper.
 Vinegar see Vine.
 Virginity.
 Virgins disease, see Green sicknesse.
 Vitiligo, see Morpew.
 Vicus dance, see Tarantars.
 Vipers biting to cure. *Ash tree, bucks horne, burdock,*
caltrops, cliver, costus, fennel, juniper, scorpion grasse,
trefoile, vipers grasse, woundwort, yew.
 Viper Regulus, its poyson to resist. *Moluccas tree.*
 Ulcers and sores to heale. *Agrimony, alder black, alka-*
net, alheale, almonds, aloes, angelica, balsame,
barley, bettony, birthwort, bramble broom, bryony, bugle,
butterbur, campion, capers, centary, cicely, clarie,
clivers, cockle, coleworts, coltsfoot, columbine, winter
creffes,

creffes, cudweed, cumfrey, dandelion, darnel, dodder,
dragons, elder tree, elecampane, fennel, ferne, fig tree,
toadflax, flixweed, fluellin, fox gloves, fox stones,
germander, ginger, goats beard, gourds, groundpine,
hares eares, harts ease, herb true love, herb two pence,
hellebore, henbane yellow, holly rose, honywort, bore-
hound, hounds tongue, hyssope, S. Johns wort, juniper
tree, lentils, lillie, liquorice, masterwort, mastick tree, mi-
robalan tree, misseltoc, mullein, myrtle, nutmeg, nuts,
pease, pimperl, pine, plantaine, pomegranat, pondweed,
poppy, rose, rubarb, rupture wort, sage, savin, selfe
heale, smallage, snakeweed, southern wood, stonecrop,
torne sole, valerian, vetch, vine, wake robbin, woad,
yarrow, zedoary.
 Ulcers dyssepulotick, and painfull, see Astringents.
 Ulcers or sores eating, running, and spreading to cure,
Adders tongue, anemonie, anet, arsmart, asphodil,
camels hay, great celandine, china, cinquefoile, crosse-
wort, cypresse, darnel, dodder, dragons, Egyptian thorne,
endive, figs, figwort, fluellin, fox stones, friers cowle,
galingale, groundpine, hares eares, herb frankincense,
hemlock, holly rose, hops, horse tongue, housleek, Jack
by the hedge, ivy, knapweed, lentils, lupines, mastick
tree, medesweet, mosse, oates, oily pulse, olive tree,
parsnep, pine, pitch tree, plane tree, pondweed, rose-
wood, savin, smallage, Star of Bethlem, tabacco, ta-
marisk, thistle, vetch, vine, walnuts, woad, wolves-
dane.
 Ulcers old and soule to heale. *Ivy, lentils, lions leave,*
lovage, lungwort, madwort, mallow, mercury, missel-
toe, olive tree, pitch, poppy, rubarb, saffron, sanctle,
scurvy grasse, sene, smallage, spearewort, sycamore,
tabacco, vervaine, vetch, widdow-waile, wintergreen,
wormwood, wound tree, yarrow.
 Ulcers hollow and fistulous to cleanse. *Fox stones,*
friers cowle, hellebore, hounds tongue, S. James's wort,
juniper, ivy, knapweed, lentils, sponge, (see Mosse,)
parsnep, plantaine, poppy, rattle, reed, ribwort, spurge,
tormentil, vervaine, wintergreen, wound tree, yarrow.
 Ulcers

Ulcers hollow to fill with flesh. Frankincense. hony wort.
juniper. lentils. mastick tree. maudlin. pitch. thorow-wax.

Ulcers leprous.

Ulcers varicose, see Varices.

Ulcers verminous, see Wormes.

Ulcers inward to cure. Confound. orpine.

Ulcers burning to cool. Olives.

Ulcers in the privy parts to cure. Anet. apples. balme
apple. bead tree. bramble. bugle. china. confound.
cranesbil. cresses. danewort. ducks meat. fenugreek.
fl. g. galingale. golden rod. holly rose. knotgrasse. loose-
strife. lungwort. plantaine. privet. sage. tansie. throat-
wort. woodbind.

Uncome, see Andicome.

Vnguentum Agrippæ, see Bryony.

Vnguentum Anodynum, see Lilly.

Vnguentum refrigerans Gal. see Rose.

Vnguentum resinum, see Pine.

Vnguentum splachnicum, see Capers.

Vnguis, see Eyes haw.

Voices faults.

Volatick spots. see Maculæ vol.

Vomica, see Impostume with a hole.

Volvulus, see Iliack passion.

Voice to cleare. Coleworts. marjerome.

Vomiting to provoke. Arsmart. asarabacca. asphodil.
bay. batteny. bindweed. blite. broom. cowslips. daffo-
dil. elder. flax. flower de luce. fumitory. groundsel.
hellebore. water hemp. lawrel. mayweed. nuts. onions.
palma Christi. parsley. pipe tree. prickwood. primrose.
radish. satyrion. spatling poppy. spurge. stonecrop. tabac-
co. valerian. wolfsbane.

Vomiting to repress. Adders tongue. ague tree. anet. aro-
matical reed. ash. cinnamon. cloves. coriander. crabs.
cranesbil. currans. dates. Egyptian thorne. fennel. couch
grasse. jujubes. ladies mantle. liverwort. marjerome.
mastick tree. mint. mirobalans. Moluccas tree. moonwort.
mosse. pennyroyal. plantaine. pomegranates. purslaine.
quinces

quinces. rice. rupturewort. services. snakeweed. Solo-
mons seale. sumach. tormentil. trefoile. vine. wortle-
berries. wormwood. zedoary.

Vomiting of blood to stop. Herb two pence. knotgrasse.
sage. shepheards purse. time. wormwood.

Vreters to help. Dandelion. endive. golden rod.

Vreters obstruction. &c.

Vrines difficulty, see Hcury.

Vrines dropping, see Strangury.

Vrine to provoke. Ague tree. alexander. almonds. anet.
aniseed. apples. aromatical reed. artichock. asarabacca.
ash. asphodil. barley. basil. bay. beane. beares breech.
beet. bittersweet. bramble. bryonie. buckwheat. burdock.
butchers broom. Cacao tree. calamint. camels hay.
cammock. capers. carrawaies. carrots. cedar. chaff
tree. cherries black. chervil. ram ciches. cinnamon.
cloves. cockshead. coralworts. coriander. costus. crabs.
water cresses. dodder. dragons. dropwort. dyers weed.
earthnut. elecampane. endive. fennel. firre tree. flax.
fluellin. fumitory. furze bush. galingale. garlic.
germander. gladdon stinking. glasswort. goldilocks.
golden rod. gooseberry bush. gourds. graines of Para-
dise. grasse. gromel. hares eares. hartwort. herb fran-
kincense. herb two pence. waterhemp. sea holly. holly-
rose. hops. horse tongue. english hyacinth. Jews thorne.
Indian leaf. S. Johns wort. juniper. ivy. Kingspeare.
knotgrasse. lacca tree. larch tree. lavender. lawrel.
leeks. lentils. limmons. liver wort. lovage. lupine.
madder. marjerome. masterwort. mastick tree. maudlin.
maydenhaire. medlars. melilot. mercury. millet. mock-
privet. mory flower. mosse. motherwort. mustard.
myrtle. navelwort. navew. nettle. nightshade. nutmeg.
oake. onions. parsley. parsnep. pellitory. pennyroyal.
pepper. periwinkle. pine. plowmans spikenard. poley.
pomegranates. pompions. poppy. privet. radish. reed.
rocket. rosewood. rosemary. rubarb. rue. rush. saf-
fron. sage. Saint Katharines flower. sampler. sa-
vin. saw wort. saxifrage. scabious. shepheards needle.
skirrets. smallage. sneesewort. sopewort. southernwood.

spatling

spatling poppy, sperage, spignel, spikenard, spinach, tamarisk, taragon, thistle, time, trefoile, turnep, turpentine tree, valerian, vetch, vine, virgins bower, willow, woodbind, woundwort.
 Urine stopping. Aromaticall reed. bead tree, pockwood tree.
 Urine foul and bloody to cleare. Water houseleek, woodbind.
 Urines heat and sharpnesse to help. Almonds, bead tree, winter cherries, citruls, endive, Indian figs, Spanish galingale, goats thorne, gourds, ground pine, hares foot, knotgrasse, lettuce, pine, sebesten tree.
 Urines excretion hurt, see Urine to provoke.
 Urines flux.
 Urine, incontinency of.
 Urine bloody causing. Madder, vetch.
 Usquebah, see Vine.
 Uteraria, see Hysterick.
 Uvula, fallen to help. Columbine, dittany, harts tongue, mouse eare, mulberries, primrose, wayfaring tree.
 Uvula inflamed to help. Elder, nettle, piony, throatwort, violet.
 Uvula swollen to help. Knapweed, mustard, plumbs.

W.

Walking in sleep.
 Warts to take away. Aspen, bucks horne, endive, fig tree, mercury, oily pulse, poppy, spurge, teasel, tornesole, vine.
 Warts of the strait gut.
 Wasps, see Bees and flies.
 Wasting. Lilly, lupine, pine, vine.
 Watching after childbirth.
 Watching to cause. Masterwort, pockwood tree, saffron, thee, wormwood.
 Water at sea corrupt to mend. Pennie-royal.
 Water to turne into wine. Vine.
 Watry humours to purge. Anemonie, bind weed, broom,

broom, bryonie, cucumber wild, daffodil, danewort, flower de luce, glasswort, herb terrible, wholesome helmet flower, hedge hyssope, lacca tree, marjerome, marvel of peru, mercury, mezereon, peaches, pellitory, primrose, rose, rupturewort, saffron, spurge, starwort, thistle, widdow waile, wolves bane, woundwort.
 Watry humours to stop. Mastick tree. see Humours.
 Wax kernels, see Kernels.
 Weakness helping, see Strengthening.
 Weakness causing. Poppy.
 Weariness to help. Bay, Calathian violet, cammomil, chast tree, iron wort, ladies bedstraw, nuts, pine, thee, trefoile, vine, woodbind.
 Wenches faces to beautify. Rubarb.
 Wens and excrescencies to consume. Alexander, archangel, asarabacca, celandine, chickweed, coriander, crowfoot, daniel, endive, figwort, gessamine, laserwort, lentils, melilot, thorum-wax, tornesole, woundwort.
 Wesands passie, or Relaxation.
 Wheales and pushes to cure. Ash, aspin, colts foot, horse taile, lentils, olive tree, sowthernwood, tamarisk, wormwood.
 Wheezing to cure. Bitter sweet, bryonie, centory, china, elecampane, fennel, horehound, larch tree, liquorice, oake, onions, orach, parsnep, pine, plowmans spikenard, pockwood tree, pudding pipe, rosemary, rubarb, rue, saffron, S. Katharines flower, scabious, snakeweed, sundew, tabacco, thee, time, valerian, vine, woodbind, zedoary.
 Wheezing hurtfull to. Lettuce.
 Whites in women to stop. Adders tongue, aniseed, archangel, hawm, burdock, clarie, cornel tree, eglantine, firre tree, gondeli of Italy, herb two pence, holly rose, ladies mantle, lilly, liverwort, mastick tree, mint, moonwort, mosse, olive tree, rosemary, saunders, sea cluster, sopewort, tamarisk, trefoile, vine, wayfaring tree.

Whites

Whites and reds to stay. *Myrtle. nettle. oake. rose.*
 Whitlows to cure. *Bryony. Egyptian thorne. lungwort.*
smallage. teasel. whitlow grasse. see Fellons.
 Wind to expel. *Ague tree. alexander. anet. angelica.*
aniseed. avens. balsame. bay. birthwort. bryony. but-
chers broom. cammomil. carrawaies. carrots. catmint.
chast tree. cinnamon. coffee. cummin. dragons. drop-
wort. elder tree. fennel. galingale. garlick. ginger. grains
of Paradise. hempseed holly rose hyssope. Indian purger.
juniper. ivy. lovage. lupine. mallow. masterwort. may-
weed. melilot. mint. nettle. nutmeg. onions. oranges.
parsly. parsnep. pepper. pockwood tree. poppy. rosewood.
rosemary. rue. saffron. sage. S. Katharines flower.
savoury. sawwort. tobacco. tansie. time. toothwort.
valerian. vine. wormwood. zedoary.
 Wind ingendring. *Apples. artichock. barley. basil. buck-*
wheat. dates. dogstones. flax. Spanish galingale. hasel
nuts. leeks. onions. pease. pompions. potatoes. purslaine.
sene. skirrets. spinach. turnep. vine.
 Wine decayed to restore. *Leeks.*
 Wines smel when drunk to take away. *Zedoary.*
 Wit and understanding to help. *Frankincense. herb*
truelove.
 Wind short, see Breath short.
 Wisdome, see Wit.
 Witchcraft to resist. *Angelica.*
 Wolf or cancer in the leg. *Elecampane.*
 Wombs affections by smels.
 Wombs aversion.
 Wombs bleeding after childbirth, and vessels opened.
 Wombs cancer and corruption.
 Wombs hemorrhoids.
 Wombs mortification.
 Wombs narrowness, see Womb to open.
 Womb imperforate.
 Wombs bleeding after childbirth.
 Wombs gangreen.
 Wombs fury.
 Wombs crying.

Wombs

Wombs caudilomata.
 Wombs drop sic.
 Wombs fistula.
 Wombs pustles and roughness.
 Wombs rupture to the Anus.
 Wombs smoothness.
 Wombs worms &c.
 Wombs wideness.
 Wombs wounds.
 Wombs weakness.
 Womb, see Mother.
 Womb to open and cleanse. *Angelica. balsame. bettony.*
birch tree. birthwort. bishops weed. bryony. butchers
broom. cammomil. fennel. fenagreek. figs. flower de luce.
lavender. mandrake. mercurie. mouse eare. rue. sauin.
time.
 Womb to close. *Sage.*
 Wombs paine after childbearing to ease. *Piony. turnep.*
 Womens watery diseases to cure. *Herb Christopher.*
 Womens symptoms lying in.
 Womens symptoms after childbirth.
 Womens scaver in childbirth.
 Womens testicles diseases.
 Womens flux, see Courses.
 Womens caula and mentula.
 Wormes to kil. *Agrimony. alkanet. aloes. arrowhead.*
arsmart. barberries. basil. bawm. bettony. bindweed.
birthwort. box. butter burre. calamint. beane. capers.
cedar. centory. cherries. citruls wild. coleworts. cori-
ander. costus. cresses. danewort. darnel. ditany. divels
bit. hogs tooth. cglantine. elecampane. felwort. ferne.
figwort. flixweed. flower gentle. garlick. gaul tree.
germander. goats rue. graines of Paradise. grasse.
hasel tree. bastard bellebore. wh-lsome helmet flower.
hemp. henbane yellow. hops. horehound. hoeflack. hyssop.
juniper. ivy. lacca tree. larch tree. lavender. limmon.
lupine. maudlin. Moluccas tree. mosse. motherwort.
mulberries. mustard. nettle. onions. oranges. peaches.
pease. plantaine. pomecitrons. purslaine. radish. rocket.
rubarb.

rubarb, rupture wort. *S. Katharines flower*, *savin*,
sea feather, *sebesten tree*, *smallage* *southernwood*, *ta-*
bacco, *tamarinds*, *tansie*, *thistle*, *time*, *tornsole*, *turnep*,
vervaine, *vetches*, *walnuts*, *woolfes bane*, *wormwood*,
wound tree, *zedoary*.

Wormes round.

Wormes sharp.

Wormes small.

Wormes breeding. *Cherries*, *gooseberries*, *wheat*.

Wormes of the pericard.

Wounds to heale. *Ague tree*, *aloes*, *asarabacca*, *balme*
apple, *balsame*, *barberries*, *bawme*, *beares eares*, *bind*
weed, *birds eye*, *bittersweet*, *blewbottle*, *bugle*, *buglosse*,
burnet, *Calathian violet*, *centory*, *chast tree*, *cloves*,
confound, *coralworts*, *conslip*, *cranes bill*, *crosswort*,
cypresse, *daisy*, *dragons*, *elder tree*, *ferne*, *flixweed*,
fluellin, *golden rod*, *gondeli of Italy*, *grasse*, *ground-*
pine, *hares eares*, *herb twopence*, *hemp*, *holly rose*,
horehound wild, *horse taile*, *hounds tongue*, *S. James's*
wort, *S. Johns wort*, *ivy*, *Knapweed*, *ladies mantle*,
larch tree, *lillie*, *loosestrife*, *lungwort*, *madder*, *mad-*
wort, *mastick*, *maudlin*, *medlars*, *miltwast*, *moonwort*,
motherwort, *mouseeare*, *oake*, *one blade*, *orpine*, *pimper-*
nel, *pitch*, *plantaine*, *plums*, *po'ey*, *poppy*, *rose*, *rue*, *rup-*
ture wort, *sage*, *santicle*, *satyrion*, *saw wort*, *saxifrage*,
scabius, *sea feather*, *self heale*, *Solomons seale*, *sow-*
thernwood, *starwort*, *sundew*, *swallow wort*, *sycomore*,
tabacco, *thorow wax*, *throatwort*, *toothwort*, *tormen-*
til, *turpentine*, *twayblade*, *valerian*, *winter green*,
wood, *woodroof*, *yarrow*, *zedoary*.

Wounds green to heale. *Agrimony*, *alexander*, *alkanet*,
alheale, *aloes*, *apples*, *arsmart*, *balme apple*, *balsame*,
bawme, *broom*, *buglosse*, *butterwort*, *celandine*, *coral*,
worts, *cornel tree*, *cranes bil*, *date tree*, *dyers weed*,
elecampane, *elme*, *firre tree*, *fleabane*, *fluellin*, *fox*,
gloves, *silver grasse*, *herb true love*, *henbane*, *yellow*,
holly rose, *hyssop*, *S. James's wort*, *S. Johns wort*, *iron*,
wort, *lentils*, *liquorice*, *loose strife*, *lungwort*, *mallow*,
melilote, *mercury*, *mony flower*, *moonwort*, *mosse*, *orpine*,
parke

parke leaves, *peaches*, *pine*, *poppy*, *sea feather*, *selfe heal*,
sensitive herb, *shepheards purse*, *sopo wort*, *tabacco*,
trefoile, *tway blade*, *yarrow*.

Wounds inward to heale. *Avens*, *bettony*, *bugle*, *coral-*
worts, *cranes bil*, *crosswort*, *cumfrey*, *golden rod*,
hares eares, *herb twopence*, *waterhemp*, *horse taile*,
S. Johns wort, *ladies bedstraw*, *laserwort*, *madder*,
madwort, *mouse-eare*, *selfe-heale*, *star wort*, *tansie*,
toothwort, *winter green*.

Wounds bleeding to stop. *Cliver*, *cotton plant*, *cross-*
wort, *golden rod*, *lungwort*, *mosse*, *pomegranates*, *ser-*
vices, *shepheards purse*, *winter green*, *woodroof*.

Wounds cleansing. *Hasel tree*.

Wounds by bullets &c. *Melilote*.

Wounds of the bones.

Wounds apostumation to help. *Brooklime*.

Wounds symptomes.

Wounds and ulcers inflammation to assuage. *Adders*
tongue, *arrowhead*, *balm apple*, *bean*, *chickweed*, *daisy*,
horehound, *water housleek*, *lose strife*, *one blade*, *sopo-*
wort, *strawberries*, *vervaine*, *yarrow*.

Wounds venome to extract. *S. Johns wort*, *trefoile*.

Wound drinks to make. *Adders tongue*, *birds foot*, *daisy*,
Sanicle.

Wrenches of the ancles. *Daffodil*.

Wrinkles of the belly after childbirth.

Wrinkles to take away. *Mayden haire*. See *Skin* to
smooth.

X.

Xerophthalmia, see *Eyes blast*.

Y.

YArds fistula, and wounds.

Yards distortion.

Yards erection and ejaculation hurt.

Yards excrescencies to wast. *Fenn greek*, *savin*.

Yards

Yards swelling and ulcers to help. *Apple. yarrow.*
 Yards gangreen.
 Yards hubo.
 Yards inflammation and inflation:
 Yards itching.
 Yards imperforation and obstruction.
 Yards scirrhus.
 Yard pride, see Priapisme.
 Yawning to help. *Vine.*
 Yellow colours to dye. *Buckthorne. crab tree. dyers weed. pepper. rose. saffron. sorrowful tree.*
 Yexing, see Hicker.
 Youthfulness to preserve. *Satyrian.*

F I N I S.

Faults escaped, in the Authors Absence, in the

B O O K.

PAge 1. line 1. read Abcet. 6. l. 22. oyl & wax. 22. l. 4. milde h.
 86. l. 1. del. with. 91. l. 32. evils of. 114. l. 14. *juice of the root.*
 121. l. 8. blew Italian. 124. l. 31. *palmites.* 132. l. 20. *Λούκων.*
 134. l. 23. Edderwort. 137. l. 29. *Ελάνιον.* 139. l. 31. & veins.
 141. l. 28. *Basilica.* 147. l. 35. Sealefearn. 151. l. 10. Cudweed.
 156. l. 15. Coma aurea. 159. l. 4. *πρόθ.* 164. l. 19. *Κάπν.*
 166. l. 10. *Κύππε.* 174. l. Gith. 201. l. 19. drach 6. 212.
 1. 9. *sinking.* 218. l. 20. *Eriophorus.* 121. l. 6. inflation. 1. 12.
 falling on. 230. l. 18. Kexe. 241. l. 22. of the seed d. 255. l. 3.
 Gennoes. 1. 23. passion. 269. l. 22. *Macri.* 26. rosate. 288. l. 26.
 muscus pixidatus. 292. l. 23. seminal. 293. l. 1. 2°. 296. l. 13. at-
 tenuate. 289. l. 21. whitlow grass. 302. l. 34. circea. 312. l. 17.
 longish. 215. l. 4. 3°. 321. l. 10. inflation. 1. 11. Anglorum.
 324. l. 4. recovereth. 325. l. 9. pearl plant. 331. l. 24. inke. 354. l. 35.
 anoying. 357. l. 5. h. the cachectical. 1. 26. Raisin. 368. l. 23.
 Epiala's. 378. l. 1. double fl. 384. l. 8. *Nicol.* 424. l. 3. roses & S.
 425. l. 6. wax. 430. l. 18. Acarna. 431. l. 15. to stench. 456. l. 32.
 intense. 458. l. 22. coma. 488. l. 7. sanious. 1. 22. gamandra,
 gotte orgemau. 495. l. 17. liquor. 516. l. 14. Aglahalid. 517. l. 35.
 Amatacus. 518. l. 30. meum. 520. l. 3. domans. 1. 21. Arzi. 527.
 1. 26. palud. 535. l. 28. phaseoli. 1. 27. Tragopyrum. 541. l. 6.
 Globularia. 542. l. 10. convolvulus. 1. 11. Xylaloe. 543. l. 13.
 molucana. 554. l. 1; Simaonis. 556. l. 24. Orvata. 559. l. 1. maced.
 568. l. 24. infectoria. 569. l. 4. stacte. 570. l. 15. Tembulum.
 571. l. 26. acetosum. 578. l. 11. Albaras. 581. l. 5. paplike. 602.
 1. 30. Syrismas. 613. l. 28. face. 620. l. 24; Iliongus. 1. 27. Im-
 pertigo. 634. l. 15. Scotoma. 646. l. 23. Scotiosis.

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